

Forum on "Smart sustainable cities: a rising priority for decision-makers"
Reading, United Kingdom, 3 March 2015

How can we assess if a smart city is a sustainable city? The ITU-T methodology for the assessment of the environmental impact of ICT at city level.

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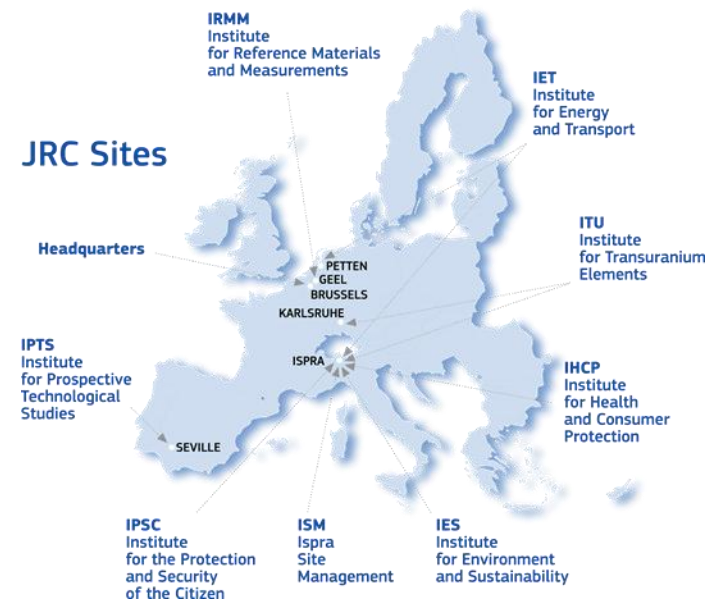
JRC experience in Energy Efficiency in ICT and Sustainability in Cities

EU Codes of Conduct for energy efficiency in ICT

- Data centres
- Digital TV service
- Broadband equipment
- External power supplies
- Uninterruptible power systems

Sustainable energy in cities:

- the Covenant of Mayors initiative
- energy mapping in urban areas



How can we assess the environmental impact of ICT at city level ?

- ICT Goods? Networks? Services?
- ICT in organizations? in households? in the Public Administration?
- Environmental impact of the use phase of ICT?
Overall (embedded) environmental impact of ICT?
- How does ICT contribute to reduce the environmental impact of the city?

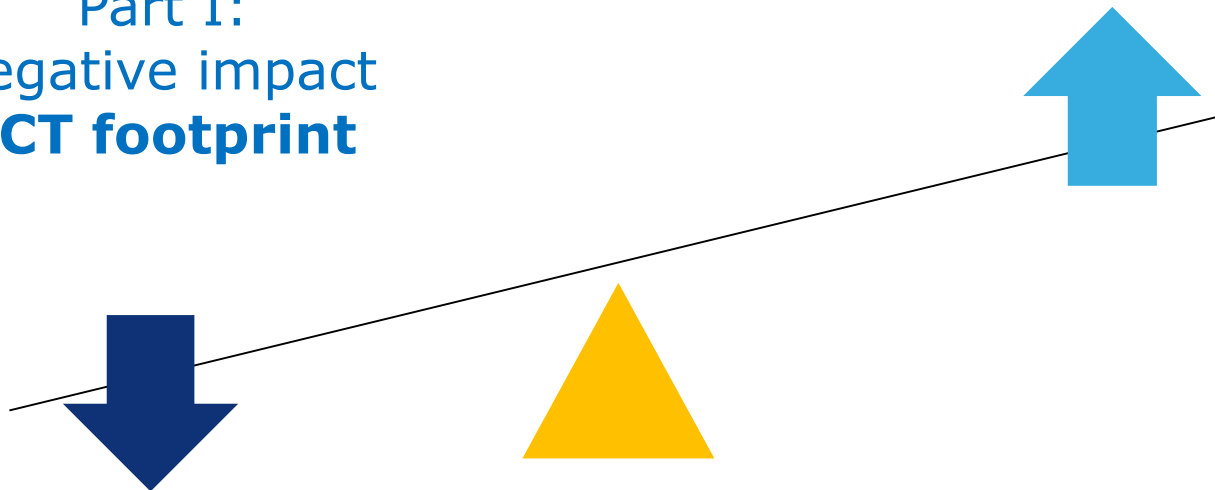
ITU-T Methodology for the assessment of the environmental impact of ICT at city level

- ITU L1400 series: methodologies for the assessment of the environmental impact of ICT:
 - ✓ **L1410: Goods Networks and Services**
 - ✓ **L1420: Organizations**
 - ✓ **L1430: Projects**
 - ☐ ***L1440: Cities**
- The Editors
- Timeframe

The ICT contributions to the environmental impact of a city

Part I:
negative impact
ICT footprint

Part II:
positive impact
ICT projects



Part I - Assessment of ICT footprint at city level

- Set city **boundaries**
- **Inventory** of ICT goods within city boundaries
 - households,
 - public administration,
 - other organisations
- **Use** patterns (modes and time) of ICT goods
- **Energy** consumption of ICT goods (only energy consumption in simplified approach or LCA in complete approach)
- **Emission factors**

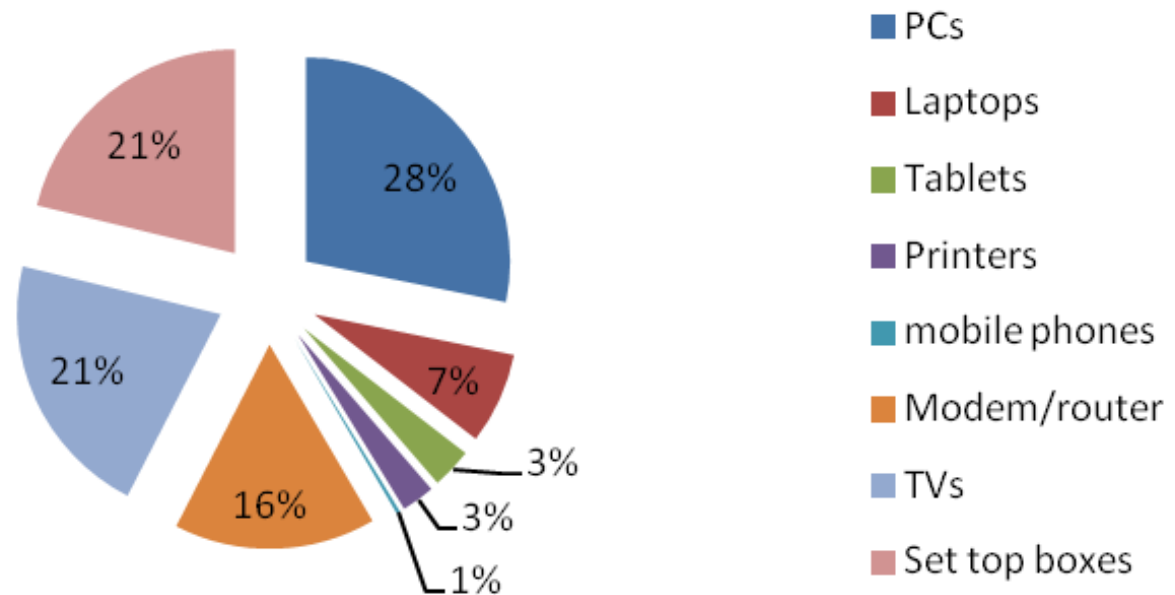


tonnes of CO₂ emissions by ICT in city

Hypothetical assessment of ICT footprint in households in a city (25'000 households, Italy)

	Number of ICT items per household	Hours per day in ON mode	Power need in ON mode (W)	Hours per day in standby mode	Power need in standby mode (W)	Energy consumption per year per household (kWh/y)	Emissions per year per household (kg CO _{2eq})	Total emissions by ICT per year (t CO _{2eq})
PCs	1.2	2	100	22	3	97	68	1717
Laptops	1.3	5	10	19	1	25	18	442
Tablets	0.2	3	10	21	0	11	8	195
Printers	1	0.5	4	23.5	1	9	6	160
mobile phones	2.5	2	1	22	0	1	1	18
Modem/router	1	14	10	10	1	55	39	974
TVs	1.2	3	60	21	1	73	52	1292
Set top boxes	1	4	30	20	4	73	52	1292
total						344	244	6089

CO₂ eq emissions by ICT in households per year



Part II - Assessment of the impact of an ICT project at city level

- Set project **boundaries**
 - Identify project **activities**
 - Identify **ICT goods**
- Assess emissions of **baseline** scenario
- Assess environmental impact after **project**



**reduction in tonnes of CO₂ emissions
by ICT project**

Some European Commission initiatives

- DG CONNECT **published: "ICT footprint - Pilot testing on methodologies for energy consumption and carbon footprint of the ICT-sector"**
- DG RTD: **Open call for research projects under H2020: Supporting the community in deploying a common framework for measuring the energy and environmental efficiency of the ICT-sector, deadline 5 May 2015**
- DG JRC **is looking for data from cities to develop energy mapping at city level**



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