



GE84 optimization in eTools

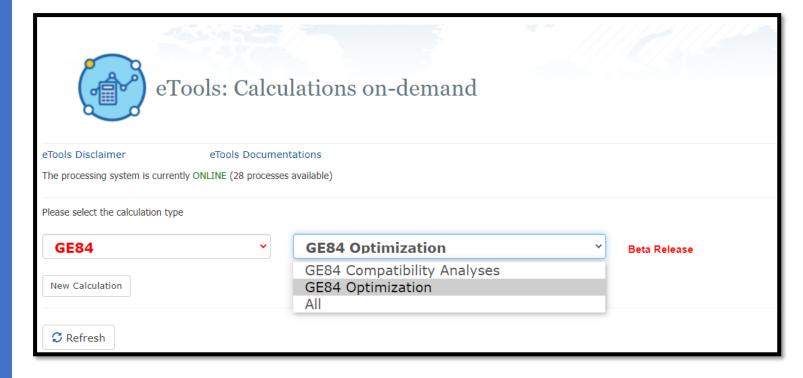
https://www.itu.int/ITU-R/eTerrestrial/eBroadcasting

2nd frequency coordination meeting on the GE84 Plan Optimization for Africa Deuxième réunion de coordination des fréquences sur l'optimisation du Plan GE84 pour l'Afrique 28 June - 2 July 2021

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GE84 tools





Notice types – CAUTION: fragment=GE84!

Notices accepted: T01 and TB5

The notices submitted to the iterations are simulations

Date of notification ID 1/ Unique identification code given by the Administration to the as:	ignment		
12 \$ 10 \$ 2010	ng man		T01
Fragment Notification intended for			12A/ Operating 2C/ Date of bringing into agency
O Article 11 Addition			▼ A A
● GE84			12B/ Address 10B/ Regular hours of
○ ST61			code operation (UTC) From : To :
Assignment characteristics Antenna characteristics			
Station information 4A/ Antenna site name	4C/ _{Longitude}	9EA/ Altitude of site above sea level	3A1/ Call sign
AAZANEN	3° ♦ 7 ♦ 3° ♦ W ▼	184 m	
4B/ Geographic area MRC ▼	Latitude 35° ♦ 15' ♦ 7" ♦ N ▼		3A2/ Station identification
PIRC	<u>ital</u> <u>ital</u> · <u>ital</u> ·		
Emission characteristics			
1A/ Assigned frequency	70/	Transmission system	8BH/ Horizontal e.r.p.
87.7 MHz	4	▼ ②	dBW
7AB/ Bandwidth		/ Polarization	8BV/ Vertical e.r.p.
300.000 kHz	v	•	35.000 dBW
Antenna characteristics			
9/ Antenna directivity	9EB/ Maximum Effective Antenna Height		9E/ Height of Antenna Above Ground Level
D •	209	m	25 m
Coordination successfully completed with the following administrations 13C/ Notified remarks			
Available administrations Selected administrations AFG ^ Add > ALG			
AFS E			
AGL < Remove			
ALB AND			



- This tool has been primarily developed to achieve an efficient use of the 87.5-108 MHz (FM) band for analogue sound broadcasting and to allocate new frequencies to FM broadcasting to meet the increasing need for additional frequencies in African countries.
- This tool can also be used by all the administrations party to the GE84 Agreement.



Goal

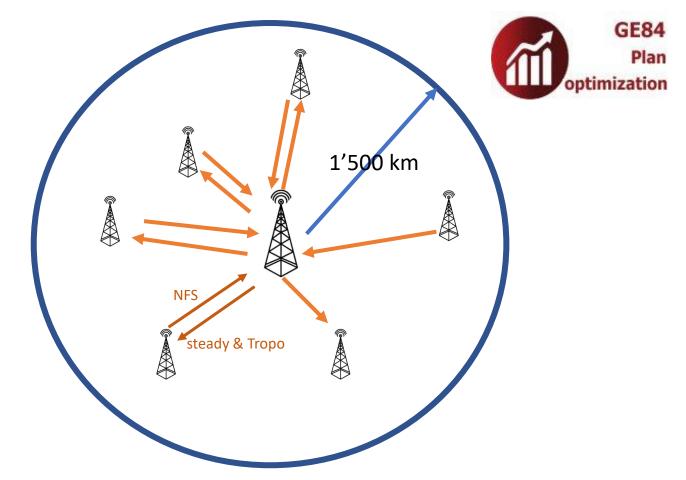
• to allocate new frequencies to FM broadcasting to meet the growing need for additional frequencies

Results

 Nuisance Field strength (NFS) generated and received by a proposed requirement in view to identify additional frequencies

Analysis of the results

Search for an assignable frequency based on predefined criteria

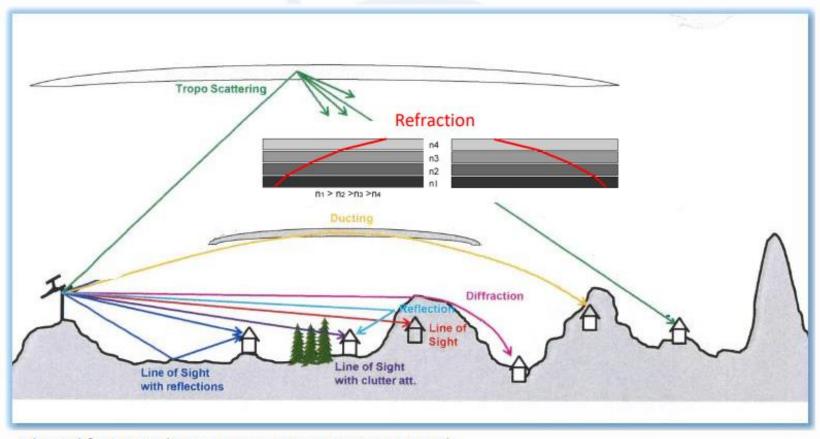


Based on the coordinates of a station, the tool assesses all identified interference sources within a radius of **1′500 km** for a **given frequency and adjacent frequencies** up to ± 400 kHz.



Rec. ITU-R P. 1812

Propagation mechanisms in the VHF/UHF band



Adapted from LS Telecom Propagation training material



- Compatibility between the requirements submitted to the calculations considered
- Introduction of the notion of requirements with a flexible frequency.
- For flexible frequency requirements, the entire FM band (87.6 to 107.9 MHz) is analysed in steps of 100 kHz.
- The objective is/was, as a first step, to submit flexible frequency requirements in order to identify the most suitable frequencies. In the following steps, the user can begin to fix/set frequencies until all requirements are assigned an appropriate fixed frequency.
- IMPORTANT: Flexible frequency requirements should be removed for the submissions to the iterations

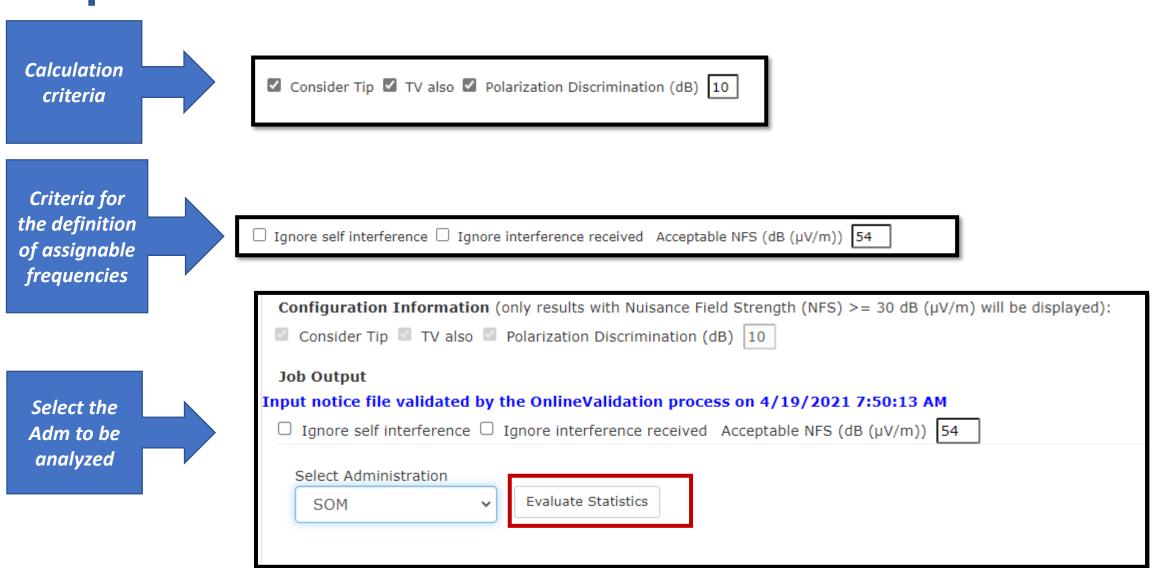
FLEX channels are no longer accepted since Iteration 9, Thursday, 13 May 2021. No drastic changes to requirements since Iteration 12, Thursday, 24 June 2021.



Flexible Frequency Requirement

Date of notification	ID1/ Unique identification code given by the	Administration to the assignment		T01
Article 11	ddition odification s Antenna characteristics			2C/ Date of bringing into use 12B/ Address 10B/ Regular hours of operation (UTC) From: To:
Station information 4A/ Antenna site name KIBWEZI 4B/ Geographic area KEN	Latitu	\$ 55' \$ 0" \$ E ▼	9EA / Altitude of site above sea level 1087 m	3A1/ Call sign 3A2/ Station identification FLEX
Emission characteristics 1A/ Assigned frequency 87.7 7AB/ Bandwidth 300.000	MHz kHz	7D/ Transmission sys 4 ▼ 9D/ Polarization H	stem •	88H/ Horizontal e.r.p. 47.800 dBW 88♥/ Vertical e.r.p. dBW
Antenna characteristics 9/ Antenna directivity D Coordination successfully	completed with the following administrations	9EB/ Maximum Effective Antenna Height 342 13C/ Notified remarks	m	9E/ Height of Antenna Above Ground Level 100 m
Available administrations AFG AFS AGL ALB AI G	Selected administrations Add >	ace, nounce tentions		





Introduction of Coordination

ONLY applied to Reqts with a FIXED frequency!!!!



The coordination info of the Plan Entries is <u>not</u> <u>taken into account</u>

Date of nouncation		iven by the Administration to the assignment			T01
÷ ÷	Example				T01
○ Artide 11	odification				12A/ Operating use 2C/ Date of bringing into use 12B/ Address code 10B/ Regular hours of operation (UTC) From : To :
Assignment characteristics	Antenna characteristics				
Station information 4A/ Antenna site name AUGRABIES 4B/ Geographic area AFS	•	4C/ _{Longitude} 20° \$ \$ 24 \$ 0° \$ \$ Lattude 28° \$ 34' \$ 0° \$ \$		9EA/ Altitude of site above sea level 755 m	3A1/ Call sign 3A2/ Station identification FLEX
Emission characteristics 1A/ Assigned frequency 104	J	MHz	7D/ Transmission system 4 9D/ Polarization		88H/ Horizontal e.r.p. BBV/ Vertical e.r.p.
7AB/ Bandwidth 300.000		kHz	y ▼		37 dBW
Antenna characteristics 9/ Antenna directivity ND V		9EB/ Maximum Effective An	tenna Height m		9E/ Height of Antenna Above Ground Level 220 m

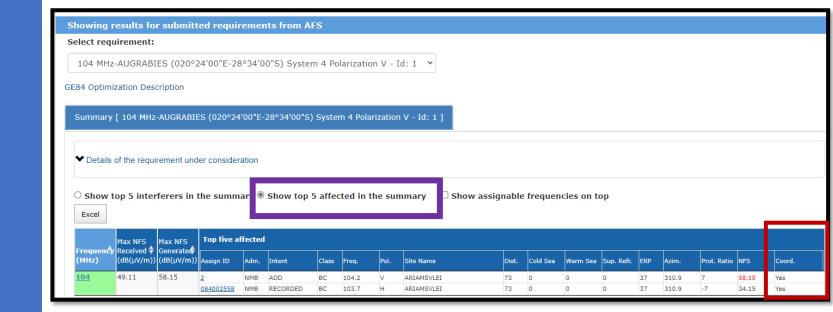
AFS Augrabies – Agreement from NMB



Optimization Tool

Introduction of Coordination

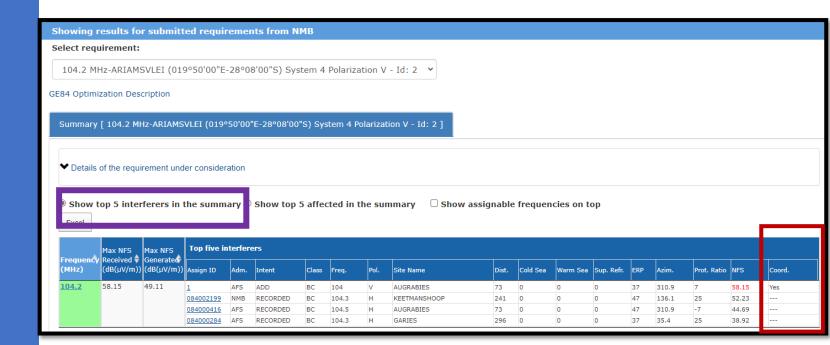
□ Ignore self interference □ Ignore interference received Acceptable NFS (dB (µV/m)) 54





Introduction of Coordination

AFS AUGRABIES (Assign ID 1) – Agreement from NMB – Impact on interference received by NMB ARIAMSVLEI

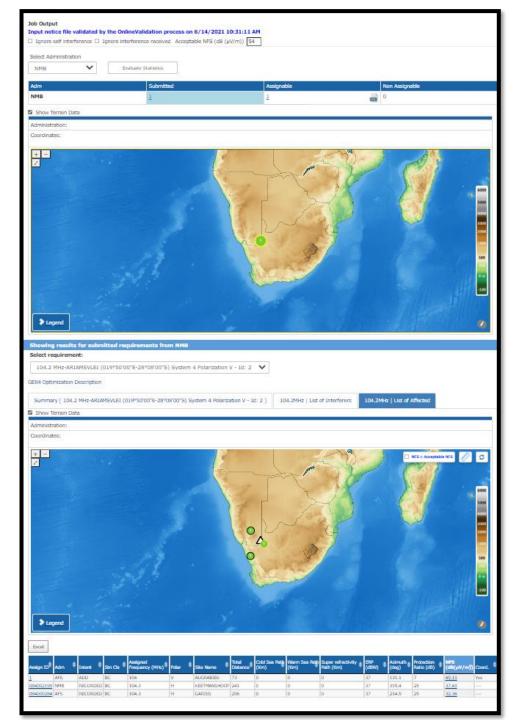




Online demo

https://www.itu.int/ITU-R/eTerrestrial/eBroadcasting

Introduction of mapsand much more!!!







Thank you for your attention Questions?