ITU-T and Climate Change

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ITU-T SG 15 Tutorials on Energy-Efficiency

13 February 2008





ICTs and Climate Change

- ICTs contribute towards global warming
 - > ICTs generate around 2.5 per cent of Greenhouse Gases
- But ... are used in environmental monitoring
 - > e.g. WMO's Global Telecommunications System
- .. can help in adapting to the effects of climate change
 - ➤ e.g. Common Alert Protocol for emergency telecoms (ITU-T Rec. X1303, Sept 2007)
- .. can be used more efficiently
 - > e.g. NGNs are 40% more energy efficient
- .. can reduce carbon emissions in other sectors
 - > e.g., use of video-conferencing to reduce travel



ITU-T and Climate Change

- Technology Watch Briefing Paper on ICTs and climate change, published Dec 2007
- TSAG LS 30: Assessment of ITU-T Recs in light of CC
- ITU-T work on NGNs should reduce carbon emissions because:
 - > Fewer switching centres required;
 - > More tolerant air conditioning requirements;
 - Multiple power modes (e.g., sleep, standby, full-power)
- Other relevant technologies include RFID/USN and intelligent transport systems (e.g., fully networked car)
- Other study group activities include:
 - > SG2 on telecoms for disaster relief
 - > SG6 on recycling and safe disposal of eWaste
 - > SG15 on reduced power requirements for telecoms equipment
 - > SG16 on videoconferencing etc
 - SG 17 on common alerting protocol



ITU Symposia on ICTs and Climate Change

- Agreed by TSAG at Dec 2007 meeting
 - Kyoto, April 15-16, hosted by MIC Japan
 - London, June 17-18, hosted by BT
- Call for papers/speakers (by 29 Feb):
 - 1. Climate change and the impact of ICTs
 - 2. Use of ICTs in monitoring climate change
 - 3. ICTs for mitigating local effects of climate change
 - 4. ICTs and concerted action against global warming
 - 5. ICT standardization in the field of climate change



See: http://www.itu.int/ITU-T/worksem/climatechange

Strategic issues for ITU-T

- Assessment of existing and new ITU-T Recommendations in the light of climate change (TSAG LS 30)
- Identifying requirements for further ICT standardization work and gaps in current portfolio of Recommendations
- Draft Resolution on ICTs and climate change for WTSA-08
- Setting target for reductions of greenhouse gases that can be achieved by using ICTs, including through implementation of ITU-T Recs.



Strategic objectives for ITU

- Demonstrate that ICTs are a clean technology for promoting sustainable development
- Promote a global understanding of the relation between ICTs and climate change through global fora and agreements
- Position ITU as a partner in the combat against Climate Change and a strategic leader in the use of ICTs
- UN (including ITU) has committed to achieving climate-neutral status within three years



Thank You

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For information, see: www.itu.int/ITU-T/climatechange