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Title: Comments on Variable Thresholding

Source : FRANCE (CNET)

The Variable Thresholding technique as depicted in Doc 392 has been more studied at CNET labs. From our analysis , it appears that:

- In many cases , the technique consists in discarding medium and high frequency coefficients. Of course , if high frequency coefficients are present with sufficient values , they are encoded.
- The discarded coefficients of the current frame are very often coded at the following frame.
- A certain number of discarded coefficients whose value is ±1 are never encoded: they are no present anymore in the following frames. It seems that they stem from additional noise which can be either:
 - * input noise
 - * quantization noise
 - * DCT noise

CSELT did similar work and came to similar conclusions.

Several attempts to improve the technique have shown that :

- There is little improvement when applying twice the process:
 - * First time as in RM6.
 - * Second time starting from the last non-zeroe coefficient and stopping two coefficients before the DC component.
- There is little improvement when adapting the quantizer to the threshold. However, as this improvement is not very significant, it is not suggested to adopt it because it implies to modify the standard.
- There is a loss of effectiveness when the threshold is maintained at 1.5*g after an encoded coefficient.