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| **00Joint Video Experts Team (JVET)**  **of ITU-T SG21 WP3/21 and ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 29**  39th Meeting, Daejeon, KR, 26 June – 4 July 2025 | Document: JVET-AM\_notes\_d2 |

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| *Title:* | **Meeting Report of the 39th Meeting of the Joint Video Experts Team (JVET), Daejeon, 26 June – 4 July 2025** | | |
| *Status:* | Report document from the chair of JVET | | |
| *Purpose:* | Report | | |
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| *Source:* | Chair of JVET | | |

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# Summary

The Joint Video Experts Team (JVET) of ITU-T WP3/21 and ISO/IEC JTC 1/‌SC 29 held its thirty-ninth meeting during 26 June – 4 July 2025 at Daejeon Convention Complex, Republic of Korea. The meeting was held as a hybrid meeting, where remote participation was provided on best-effort basis for experts who were unable to travel.

For ISO/IEC purposes, JVET is alternatively designated ISO/IEC JTC 1/‌SC 29/‌WG 5, and this was the twentieth meeting as WG 5. The JVET meeting was held under the chairmanship of Dr Jens-Rainer Ohm (RWTH Aachen/Germany). For rapid access to particular topics in this report, a subject categorization is found (with hyperlinks) in section 2.16 of this document. It is further noted that work items which had originally been conducted by the Joint Collaborative Team on Video Coding (JCT-VC) were continued in JVET as a single joint team, and explorations towards possible future need of standardization in the area of video coding are also conducted by JVET, as negotiated by the parent bodies.

The JVET meeting began at approximately 0910 hours KST (UTC+9) on Thursday 26 June 2025. Meeting sessions were held on all days including the weekend days of Saturday and Sunday 29 and 30 June 2025, until the meeting was closed at approximately XXXX hours KST on Friday 4 July 2025. Approximately XXX people attended the JVET meeting (XXX in person and XXX remotely), and approximately XXX input documents (not counting crosschecks, reports, and summary documents), 18 AHG reports, 2 EE summary reports, X BoG report(s), and X incoming liaison document(s) were discussed. The meeting took place in coordination with a meeting of various SC29 Working Groups and Advisory Groups – where WG 5 is representing the Joint Video Coding Team(s) and their activities from the perspective of the SC 29 parent body, under whose auspices this JVET meeting was held. The subject matter of the JVET meeting activities consisted of work on further development and maintenance of the twin-text video coding technology standards *Advanced Video Coding* (AVC), *High Efficiency Video Coding* (HEVC), *Versatile Video Coding* (VVC)*, Coding-independent Code Points (Video)* (CICP), and *Versatile Supplemental Enhancement Information Messages for Coded Video Bitstreams* (VSEI), as well as related technical reports, reference software and conformance testing packages. Further important goals were reviewing the results of the Exploration Experiment (EE) on Neural Network-based Video Coding, of the EE on Enhanced Compression beyond VVC capability, of other technical input on novel aspects of video coding technology, and to plan next steps for investigation of candidate technology towards further standard development.

As a primary goal, the JVET meeting reviewed the work that had been performed in the interim period since the thirty-eighth JVET meeting in producing the following documents:

a) JVET documents

* JVET-AL1004 Errata report items for VVC, VSEI, HEVC, AVC, and Video CICP
* JVET-AL1006 HEVC additional profiles and SEI messages (Draft 3), also issued as WG 5 DAM N 349
* JVET-AL1017 Support for additional VSEI messages in AVC (Draft 2), also issued as WG 5 CDAM N 345
* JVET-AL1018 HEVC with extensions and corrections (Draft 1)
* JVET-AL2005 Additions and corrections for VVC version 4 (Draft 12), also issued as WG 5 DAM N 351
* JVET-AL2006 Additional SEI messages for VSEI version 4 (Draft 6), also issued as WG 5 DAM N 347
* JVET-AL2010 VTM and HM common test conditions and software reference configurations for SDR 4:2:0 10 bit video
* JVET-AL2019 Description of algorithms version 1 and software version 13 in neural network-based video coding (NNVC)
* JVET-AL2020 Film grain synthesis technology for video applications ed. 2 (Draft 3)
* JVET-AL2023 Exploration experiment on neural network-based video coding (EE1)
* JVET-AL2024 Exploration experiment on enhanced compression beyond VVC capability (EE2)
* JVET-AL2025 Algorithm description of Enhanced Compression Model 17 (ECM 17
* JVET-AL2026 Draft Joint Call for Evidence on video compression with capability beyond VVC, also issued as WG 5 N 355
* JVET-AL2028 Additions and corrections for VVC conformance (draft 1)
* JVET-AL2030 Optimization of encoders and receiving systems for machine analysis of coded video content (draft 89, also issued as WG 5 DTR N 354
* JVET-AL2032 Technologies under consideration for future extensions of VSEI (version 8)

b) documents produced as WG 5 documents only:

* WG 5 N 346 Disposition of comments received on ISO/IEC 23002-7:2024/CDAM1
* WG 5 N 348 Disposition of comments received on ISO/IEC 23008-2:2025/CDAM 1
* WG 5 N 350 Disposition of comments received on ISO/IEC 23090-3:2024/CDAM1
* WG 5 N 352 Text of CD ISO/IEC 23090-15:202x (3rd ed.) Conformance testing for versatile video
* WG 5 N 353 Disposition of comments received on ISO/IEC CDTR 23888-3
* WG 5 N 356 Liaison statement to ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 29/WG 1 (JPEG) on JPEG AI and explorations on video coding

As main results, the JVET produced 16 output documents from the current meeting (update):

* JVET-AL1004 Errata report items for VVC, VSEI, HEVC, AVC, and Video CICP
* JVET-AL1006 HEVC additional profiles and SEI messages (Draft 3), also issued as WG 5 DAM N 349
* JVET-AL1017 Support for additional VSEI messages in AVC (Draft 2), also issued as WG 5 CDAM N 345
* JVET-AL1018 HEVC with extensions and corrections (Draft 1)
* JVET-AL2005 Additions and corrections for VVC version 4 (Draft 12), also issued as WG 5 DAM N 351
* JVET-AL2006 Additional SEI messages for VSEI version 4 (Draft 6), also issued as WG 5 DAM N 347
* JVET-AL2010 VTM and HM common test conditions and software reference configurations for SDR 4:2:0 10 bit video
* JVET-AL2019 Description of algorithms version 1 and software version 13 in neural network-based video coding (NNVC)
* JVET-AL2020 Film grain synthesis technology for video applications ed. 2 (Draft 3)
* JVET-AL2023 Exploration experiment on neural network-based video coding (EE1)
* JVET-AL2024 Exploration experiment on enhanced compression beyond VVC capability (EE2)
* JVET-AL2025 Algorithm description of Enhanced Compression Model 17 (ECM 17
* JVET-AL2026 Draft Joint Call for Evidence on video compression with capability beyond VVC, also issued as WG 5 N 355
* JVET-AL2028 Additions and corrections for VVC conformance (draft 1)
* JVET-AL2030 Optimization of encoders and receiving systems for machine analysis of coded video content (draft 89, also issued as WG 5 DTR N 354
* JVET-AL2032 Technologies under consideration for future extensions of VSEI (version 8)

The following 6 documents were produced as WG 5 documents only, without a corresponding JVET output document or direct repetition of their content in this meeting report (update):

* WG 5 N 346 Disposition of comments received on ISO/IEC 23002-7:2024/CDAM1
* WG 5 N 348 Disposition of comments received on ISO/IEC 23008-2:2025/CDAM 1
* WG 5 N 350 Disposition of comments received on ISO/IEC 23090-3:2024/CDAM1
* WG 5 N 352 Text of CD ISO/IEC 23090-15:202x (3rd ed.) Conformance testing for versatile video
* WG 5 N 353 Disposition of comments received on ISO/IEC CDTR 23888-3
* WG 5 N 356 Liaison statement to ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 29/WG 1 (JPEG) on JPEG AI and explorations on video coding

For the organization and planning of its future work, the JVET established XX “ad hoc groups” (AHGs) to progress the work on particular subject areas. At this meeting, X Exploration Experiments (EE) were defined. The next eight JVET meetings were planned for 3 – 12 October 2025 under ITU-T SG21 auspices in Geneva, CH; during 14 – 23 January 2026 under ISO/IEC JTC 1/‌SC 29 auspices, to be conducted as teleconference meeting; during 24 April – 1 May 2026 under ISO/IEC JTC 1/‌SC 29 auspices in Santa Eulària, ES; during 7 – 15 July 2026 under ITU-T SG21 auspices in Geneva, CH; during 14 – 23 October 2026 under ISO/IEC JTC 1/‌SC 29 auspices in Hangzhou, CN; during January 2027 under ISO/IEC JTC 1/‌SC 29 auspices, date and location t.b.d.; during April 2027 under ITU-T SG21 auspices, date and location t.b.d.; and during July 2027 under ISO/IEC JTC 1/‌SC 29, date and location t.b.d. (extend for three-year horizon?)

The document distribution site <https://jvet-experts.org/> was used for distribution of all documents. The most recent versions of JCT-VC and JCT-3V documents can now be accessed directly via the JVET site, whereas all uploaded versions are also available from <http://wftp3.itu.int/av-arch/jctvc-site/> and <http://wftp3.itu.int/av-arch/jct3v-site/>, respectively. JVET documents are also provided via <http://wftp3.itu.int/av-arch/jvet-site/>, but as this is cannot currently be maintained as a mirror with the jvet-experts.org site, documents are typically only made available with a delay of two or three meeting cycles, to avoid that late uploads of output documents would be missing.

The reflector to be used for discussions by the JVET and all its AHGs is the JVET reflector:  
[jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de](mailto:jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de) hosted at RWTH Aachen University. For subscription to this list, see <https://lists.rwth-aachen.de/postorius/lists/jvet.lists.rwth-aachen.de/>.

# Administrative topics

## Organization

The ITU-T/ISO/IEC Joint Video Experts Team (JVET) is a group of video coding experts from the ITU-T Study Group 21 Visual Coding Experts Group (VCEG) and ISO/IEC JTC 1/‌SC 29/‌WG 5. The parent bodies of the JVET are ITU-T WP3/21 and ISO/IEC JTC 1/‌SC 29.

The Joint Video Experts Team (JVET) of ITU-T WP3/21 and ISO/IEC JTC 1/‌SC 29 held its thirty-ninth meeting during 26 June – 4 July 2025 at Daejeon Convention Complex, Republic of Korea. The meeting was held as a hybrid meeting, where remote participation was provided on best-effort basis for experts who were unable to travel.

It is further noted that the unabbreviated name of JVET was formerly known as “Joint Video *Exploration* Team”, but the parent bodies modified it when entering the phase of formal development of the *Versatile Video Coding* (VVC) and *Versatile Supplemental Enhancement Information Messages for Coded Video Bitstreams* (VSEI) standards, as well as associated conformance test sets, reference software, verification testing, and non-normative guidance information. Furthermore, starting from the twentieth meeting, work items which had originally been conducted by the Joint Collaborative Team on Video Coding (JCT-VC) were continued to be conducted in JVET as a single joint team, as negotiated by the parent bodies. This particularly consists of work on:

* *High Efficiency Video Coding* (HEVC) and its extensions, the development of associated conformance test sets, reference software, verification testing, and non-normative guidance information,
* Specification of *Coding-independent Code Points (Video)* (CICP), and associated technical report(s),
* Maintenance and enhancement work on the *Advanced Video Coding* (AVC) standard, associated conformance test sets and reference software.

Furthermore, explorations towards possible future need of standardization in the area of video coding are also conducted by JVET. Currently, the following topics are under investigation:

* Exploration on Neural Network-based Video Coding
* Exploration on Enhanced Compression beyond VVC capability

As requested by the parent bodies, JVET is currently also preparing a call for evidence on video compression with capability beyond existing standards.

This report contains three important annexes, as follows:

* Annex A contains a list of the documents of the JVET meeting
* Annex B contains a list of the meeting participants, consisting of two parts, (B1) in-person attendees as recorded by a sign-in sheet circulated in meeting rooms, (B2) remote attendees as recorded by the teleconferencing tool used for the meeting
* Annex C contains the meeting recommendations of ISO/IEC JTC 1/‌SC 29/‌WG 5 for purposes of results reporting to ISO/IEC.

## Meeting logistics

Information regarding logistics arrangements for the meeting had been provided via the email reflector [jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de](mailto:jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de) and at <http://wftp3.itu.int/av-arch/jvet-site/2025_06_AM_Daejeon/>.

## Primary goals

As a primary goal, the JVET meeting reviewed the work that was performed in the interim period since the thirty-eighth JVET meeting in producing the following output documents:

a) JVET documents

* JVET-AL1004 Errata report items for VVC, VSEI, HEVC, AVC, and Video CICP
* JVET-AL1006 HEVC additional profiles and SEI messages (Draft 3), also issued as WG 5 DAM N 349
* JVET-AL1017 Support for additional VSEI messages in AVC (Draft 2), also issued as WG 5 CDAM N 345
* JVET-AL1018 HEVC with extensions and corrections (Draft 1)
* JVET-AL2005 Additions and corrections for VVC version 4 (Draft 12), also issued as WG 5 DAM N 351
* JVET-AL2006 Additional SEI messages for VSEI version 4 (Draft 6), also issued as WG 5 DAM N 347
* JVET-AL2010 VTM and HM common test conditions and software reference configurations for SDR 4:2:0 10 bit video
* JVET-AL2019 Description of algorithms version 1 and software version 13 in neural network-based video coding (NNVC)
* JVET-AL2020 Film grain synthesis technology for video applications ed. 2 (Draft 3)
* JVET-AL2023 Exploration experiment on neural network-based video coding (EE1)
* JVET-AL2024 Exploration experiment on enhanced compression beyond VVC capability (EE2)
* JVET-AL2025 Algorithm description of Enhanced Compression Model 17 (ECM 17
* JVET-AL2026 Draft Joint Call for Evidence on video compression with capability beyond VVC, also issued as WG 5 N 355
* JVET-AL2028 Additions and corrections for VVC conformance (draft 1)
* JVET-AL2030 Optimization of encoders and receiving systems for machine analysis of coded video content (draft 89, also issued as WG 5 DTR N 354
* JVET-AL2032 Technologies under consideration for future extensions of VSEI (version 8)

b) documents produced as WG 5 documents only:

* WG 5 N 346 Disposition of comments received on ISO/IEC 23002-7:2024/CDAM1
* WG 5 N 348 Disposition of comments received on ISO/IEC 23008-2:2025/CDAM 1
* WG 5 N 350 Disposition of comments received on ISO/IEC 23090-3:2024/CDAM1
* WG 5 N 352 Text of CD ISO/IEC 23090-15:202x (3rd ed.) Conformance testing for versatile video
* WG 5 N 353 Disposition of comments received on ISO/IEC CDTR 23888-3
* WG 5 N 356 Liaison statement to ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 29/WG 1 (JPEG) on JPEG AI and explorations on video coding

Further important goals were reviewing the results of the EE on Neural Network-based Video Coding, of the EE on Enhanced Compression beyond VVC capability, of other technical input on novel aspects of video coding technology, and planning next steps for investigation of candidate technology towards further standard development.

## Documents and document handling considerations

### General

The document distribution site <https://jvet-experts.org/> was used for distribution of all documents.

Document registration timestamps, initial upload timestamps, and final upload timestamps are listed in Annex A of this report.

The document registration and upload times and dates listed in Annex A and in headings for documents in this report are in Paris/Geneva time. Dates mentioned for purposes of describing events at the meeting follow the KST timezone (local time in Daejeon), except as otherwise noted.

Highlighting of recorded decisions in this report is practised as follows:

* Decisions made by the group that might affect the normative content of a future standard are identified in this report by prefixing the description of the decision with the string “Decision:”.
* Decisions that affect one of the various software packages but have no normative effect on text are marked by the string “Decision (SW):”.
* Decisions that fix a “bug” in one of the test model descriptions such as VTM, HM, etc. (an error, oversight, or messiness) or in the associated software package are marked by the string “Decision (BF):”.
* Decisions that are merely editorial without effect on the technical content of a draft standard are marked by the string "Decision (Ed.):". Such editorial decisions are merely suggestions to the editor, who has the discretion to determine the final action taken if their judgment differs.
* Other parenthetical comments may be used for describing the impact or motivation of a decision. Some decisions are recorded with the word “agreed” rather than “Decision:”, especially for work items under study, non-normative, editorial and planning matters.

This meeting report is based primarily on notes taken by the JVET chair, or other experts that were appointed to chair parallel sessions. It is indicated who took the notes in review of a given category (or individual documents în a category), and by which day and time the review was conducted. The preliminary notes were also circulated publicly by ftp and http during the meeting on a daily basis. It should be understood by the reader that 1) some notes may appear in abbreviated form, 2) summaries of the content of contributions are often based on abstracts provided by contributing proponents without an intent to imply endorsement of the views expressed therein, and 3) the depth of discussion of the content of the various contributions in this report is not uniform. Generally, the report is written to include as much information about the contributions and discussions as is feasible (in the interest of aiding study), although this approach may not result in the most polished output report. Expressions such as “X.XX%” indicate that the desired results were not available at the time the information was recorded.

### Late and incomplete document considerations

The formal deadline for registering and uploading non-administrative contributions had been announced as Thursday, 19 June 2025. Any documents uploaded after 1159 hours Paris/Geneva time on Friday 20 June 2025 were considered “officially late”, with a grace period of 12 hours (to accommodate those living in different time zones of the world). The deadline does not apply to AHG reports and other such reports which can only be produced after the availability of other input documents.

All contribution documents with registration numbers higher than JVET-AM0245 were registered after the “officially late” deadline (and therefore were also uploaded late). However, some documents in the “late” range might include break-out activity reports that were generated during the meeting, or documents which were requested to be produced for the purpose of improving specification text, and are therefore better considered as report documents rather than as late contributions.

In many cases, contributions were also revised after the initial version was uploaded. The contribution document archive website retains publicly accessible prior versions in such cases. The timing of late document availability for contributions is generally noted in the section discussing each contribution in this report.

One suggestion to assist with the issue of late submissions has been to require the submitters of late contributions and late revisions to describe the characteristics of the late or revised (or missing) material at the beginning of discussion of the contribution. This has been agreed to be a helpful approach to be followed at the meeting.

The following technical design proposal contributions were registered and/or uploaded late:

* JVET-AM0XXX (a proposal on …), uploaded 06-XX,
* … .

It may be observed that some of the above-listed contributions were submissions made in response to issues that arose in discussions during the meeting or from the study of other contributions, and thus could not have been submitted by the ordinary deadline.

The following other documents not proposing normative technical content, but with some need for consideration, were registered and/or uploaded late:

* JVET-AM0XXX (a study on …), uploaded 06-XX,
* … .

All cross-verification reports at this meeting (except for JVET-AM0137) were registered late, and/or uploaded late. In the interest of brevity, these are not specifically identified here. Initial upload times for each document are recorded in Annex A of this report.

The following contribution registrations were noted that were later cancelled, withdrawn, never provided, were cross-checks of a withdrawn contribution, or were registered in error: JVET-AM0128, JVET-AM0151, JVET-AM0197, JVET-AM0207, JVET-AM0213, JVET-AM0244, JVET-AM0246, JVET-AM0268, … .

(this did not happen at the current meeting – kept for future use) The following cross-verification reports were still missing by the end of the meeting, but were uploaded later: JVET-AM0XXX, … . The following reports had not become available yet three weeks after the end of the meeting: JVET-AM0XXX, … . These were marked as withdrawn by the JVET chair, assuming the registration had become obsolete.

“Placeholder” contribution documents that were basically empty of content, or lacking any results showing benefit for the proposed technology, and obviously uploaded with an intent to provide a more complete submission as a revision, had been agreed to be considered unacceptable and to be rejected in the document management system until a more complete version was available (which would then be counted as a late contribution if the update was after the document deadline). At the current meeting, this situation did apply to document(s) JVET-AM0XXX, being initially empty of results and flagged as late in the list above, based on the time of the first reasonable document upload.

It was remarked that documents that are substantially revised after the initial upload can also be a problem, as this becomes confusing, interferes with study, and puts an extra burden on synchronization of the discussion. This can especially be a problem in cases where the initial upload is clearly incomplete, and in cases where it is difficult to figure out what parts were changed in a revision. For document contributions, revision marking is very helpful to indicate what has been changed. Also, the “comments” field on the web site can be used to indicate what is different in a revision, although participants tend to seldom notice what is recorded there.

As a general policy, missing documents were not to be presented, and late documents (and substantial revisions) could only be presented when there was a consensus to consider them and there was sufficient time available for their review. Again, an exception is applied for AHG reports, CE and HLS topic summaries, and other such reports which can only be produced after the availability of other input documents. There were no objections raised by the group regarding presentation of late contributions, although there may have been some expression of annoyance and remarks on the difficulty of dealing with late contributions and late revisions.

A few contributions may have had some problems relating to IPR declarations in the initial uploaded versions (missing declarations, declarations saying they were from the wrong companies, etc.). Any such issues were corrected by later uploaded versions in a reasonably timely fashion in all cases (to the extent of the awareness of the responsible coordinators).

Some other errors may have also noticed in other initial document uploads (wrong document numbers or meeting dates or meeting locations in headers, etc.) which were generally sorted out in a reasonably timely fashion. The document web site contains an archive of each upload.

### Outputs of the preceding meeting

All output documents of the previous meeting, particularly the meeting report JVET-AL1000, the Errata report items for VVC, VSEI, HEVC, AVC, and Video CICP JVET-AL1004, the HEVC additional profiles and SEI messages (draft 3) JVET-AL1006, the Support for additional SEI messages in AVC (draft 2) JVET-AL1017, the HEVC with extensions and corrections (draft 1) JVET-AL1018, the Additions and corrections for VVC version 4 (Draft 12) JVET-AL2005, the Additional SEI messages for VSEI version 4 (Draft 6) JVET-AL2006, the VTM and HM common test conditions and software reference configurations for SDR 4:2:0 10 bit video JVET-AL2010, the Description of algorithms version 11 and software version 13 in neural network-based video coding (NNVC) JVET-AL2019 (not delivered yet by beginning of the 39th meeting but delivered during the meeting), the Film grain synthesis technology for video applications ed. 2 (Draft 3) JVET-AL2020 (not delivered yet by beginning of the 39th meeting but delivered during the meeting), the Description of the EE on Neural Network-based Video Coding JVET-AL2023, the Description of the EE on Enhanced Compression beyond VVC capability JVET-AL2024, the Algorithm description of Enhanced Compression Model 17 (ECM 17) JVET-AL2025, the Draft Joint Call for Evidence on video compression with capability beyond VVC JVET-AL2026, the Additions and corrections for VVC conformance (draft 1) JVET-AL2028, the Optimization of encoders and receiving systems for machine analysis of coded video content (draft 9) [JVET-AL2030](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=12584), and the Technologies under consideration for future extensions of VSEI (version 8) JVET-AL2032, had been completed and those which were available were approved. In a few cases, the corresponding WG 5 N-numbered documents had not yet been uploaded, and this was requested to be done as soon as possible. The software implementations of VTM version 23.9 and 23.10, ECM version 17.0, and NNVC version 13.0 were also approved.

It was further noted that some editorial modifications were necessary on the WG 5 versions of standard deliverables, to be compliant with the ISO/IEC rules.

It was further commented that some modifications appear necessary to JVET-AL1004, which could be implemented in a new version at the current meeting.

Only minor editorial issues were found in the meeting report JVET-AL1000; no need to produce an update was identified (see section 2.14 for details).

The available output documents of the previous meeting and the software had been made available in a reasonably timely fashion.

## Attendance

The list of participants in the JVET meeting can be found in Annexes B1 and B2 of this report.

The meeting was open to those qualified to participate either in ITU-T WP3/21 or ISO/IEC JTC 1/‌SC 29/‌WG 5 (including experts who had been personally invited as permitted by ITU-T or ISO/IEC policies).

Participants had been reminded of the need to be properly qualified to attend. Those seeking further information regarding qualifications to attend future meetings may contact the responsible coordinators.

It was further announced that it is necessary to register for the meeting through the ISO Meetings website for ISO/IEC experts, and through the Q6/21 rapporteur for ITU-T experts. The password for meeting access had been sent to registered participants via these channels. Links to the Zoom sessions (without the necessary password) were available in the posted meeting logistics information and the calendar of meeting sessions in the JVET web site.

The following rules were established for those participating remotely via Zoom teleconference meeting:

* Use the “hand-raising” function to enter yourself in the queue to speak (unless otherwise instructed by the session chair). If you are dialed in by phone, request your queue position verbally. The online queue will be interleaved with the room queue, though it may not always be guaranteed that the sequence perfectly follows the sequence by which hand raising occurred.
* Stay muted unless you have something to say. People are muted by default when they join and need to unmute themselves to speak. The chair may mute anyone who is disrupting the proceedings (e.g. by forgetting they have a live microphone while chatting with their family or by causing bad noise or echo).
* Identify who you are and your affiliation when you begin speaking. The same applies for speakers in the room to let online participants know who is speaking.
* Use your full name and company/organization and country affiliation in your joining information, since the participation list of Zoom would also be used to compile the online part of attendance records.
* Turn on the chat window and watch for chair communication and side commentary there as well as by audio.
* Generally, do not use video for the teleconferencing calls in order to avoid overloading internet connections; enable only voice and screen sharing.
* Extensive use of screen sharing is encouraged, to enable participants to view the presented material and the meeting notes. At times, multiple sources of screen sharing may be enabled, so it may be necessary for participants to understand that this is happening and to understand how to select which shared screen they want to see.

## Agenda

The agenda for the meeting, for the further development and maintenance of the twin-text video coding technology standards *Advanced Video Coding* (AVC), *High Efficiency Video Coding* (HEVC), *Versatile Video Coding* (VVC)*, Coding-independent Code Points (Video)* (CICP), and *Versatile Supplemental Enhancement Information Messages for Coded Video Bitstreams* (VSEI), as well as related technical reports, software and conformance packages, was as follows:

* Opening remarks and review of meeting logistics and communication practices
* Roll call of participants
* Approval of the agenda
* Code of conduct policy reminder
* IPR policy reminder and declarations
* Contribution document allocation
* Review of results of the previous meeting
* Review of target dates
* Reports of ad hoc group (AHG) activities
* Report of exploration experiment on neural-network-based video coding (EE1)
* Report of exploration experiment on enhanced compression beyond VVC capability (EE2)
* Consideration of contributions on high-level syntax
* Consideration of contributions and communications on project guidance
* Consideration of video coding technology contributions
* Consideration of contributions on conformance and reference software development
* Consideration of contributions on software development in exploration activities
* Consideration of contributions on coding-independent code points for video signal type identification
* Consideration of contributions on film grain synthesis technology
* Consideration of contributions on gaming content compression
* Consideration of contributions on generative face video compression
* Consideration of contributions on optimization of encoders and receiving systems for machine analysis of coded video content
* Consideration of contributions on testing video coding technology beyond common testing conditions, assessment of implementation complexity of video coding technology, and preparation of a call for evidence towards future video coding standardization
* Consideration of contributions on aspects of ultra-low latency and packet loss resilience in the context of video compression
* Consideration of contributions on errata relating to standards in the domain of JVET
* Consideration of contributions on technical reports relating to standards and exploration study activities in the domain of JVET
* Consideration of contributions providing non-normative guidance relating to standards and exploration study activities in the domain of JVET
* Consideration of information contributions
* Consideration of future work items
* Coordination of visual quality testing
* Liaisons, coordination activities with other organizations
* Review of project editor and liaison assignments
* Approval of output documents and associated editing periods
* Future planning: Determination of next steps, discussion of working methods, communication practices, establishment of coordinated experiments (if any), establishment of AHGs, future meeting planning, other planning issues
* Other business as appropriate for consideration
* Closing

The agenda was approved as suggested.

The times of meeting sessions followed the needs of the face-to-face meeting, with highest priority given to the aim of achieving the goals of the meeting. Typical meeting hours were expected to be 0900-2000. KST with coffee breaks and lunch breaks as appropriate, however some early morning or late-night sessions were anticipated to be necessary. Sessions were announced in the online JVET calendar in advance as far as possible, but it was agreed that some activities (such as breakout sessions) could be held at short notice.

## ISO and IEC Code of Conduct reminders

Participants were reminded of the ISO and IEC Codes of Conduct, found at

<https://www.iso.org/publication/PUB100011.html>.

<https://www.iec.ch/basecamp/iec-code-conduct-technical-work>

These include points relating to:

* Behave ethically
* Promote and enable all voices to be heard
* Engage constructively in ISO and IEC activities
* Respect others (in meetings, when writing, on social media)
* Declare actual and potential conflicts of interest and manage them appropriately
* Protect confidential information
* Protect ISO and IEC assets
* Avoid and prevent any form of bribery or corruption
* Uphold the consensus process
* When disputes arise, escalate, resolve and uphold agreed resolution

Participants were also reminded of the UN Codes of Conduct, applying to work under ITU-T, found at <https://www.un.org/management/sites/www.un.org.management/files/un-system-model-code-conduct.pdf>

## IPR policy reminder

Participants were reminded of the IPR policy established by the parent organizations of the JVET and were referred to the parent body websites for further information. The IPR policy was summarized for the participants.

The ITU-T/ITU-R/ISO/IEC common patent policy shall apply. Participants were particularly reminded that contributions proposing normative technical content shall contain a non-binding informal notice of whether the submitter may have patent rights that would be necessary for implementation of the resulting standard. The notice shall indicate the category of anticipated licensing terms according to the ITU-T/ITU-R/ISO/IEC patent statement and licensing declaration form.

This obligation is supplemental to, and does not replace, any existing obligations of parties to submit formal IPR declarations to ITU-T/ITU-R/ISO/IEC.

Participants were also reminded of the need to formally report patent rights to the top-level parent bodies (using the common reporting form found on the database listed below) and to make verbal and/or document IPR reports within the JVET necessary in the event that they are aware of unreported patents that are essential to implementation of a standard or of a draft standard under development.

Some relevant links for organizational and IPR policy information are provided below:

* <http://www.itu.int/ITU-T/ipr/index.html> (common patent policy for ITU-T, ITU-R, ISO, and IEC, and guidelines and forms for formal reporting to the parent bodies)
* <http://ftp3.itu.int/av-arch/jvet-site> (JVET contribution templates)
* <http://www.itu.int/ITU-T/dbase/patent/index.html> (ITU-T IPR database)

The responsible coordinators invited participants to make any necessary verbal reports of previously-unreported IPR in technology that might be considered as prospective candidate for inclusion in future standards, and opened the floor for such reports: No such verbal reports were made.

## Software copyright disclaimer header reminder

It was noted that the VTM and ECM software implementation packages use the same software copyright license header as the HEVC reference software, where the latter had been agreed at the 5th meeting of the JCT-VC and approved by both parent bodies at their collocated meetings at that time. This license header language is based on the BSD license with a preceding sentence declaring that other contributor or third party rights, including patent rights, are not granted by the license, as recorded in [N 10791](https://dms.mpeg.expert/doc_end_user/documents/89_London/wg11/w10791.zip) of the 89th meeting of ISO/IEC JTC 1/‌SC 29/‌WG 11 of June/July 2009. Both ITU and ISO/IEC will be identified in the <OWNER> and <ORGANIZATION> tags in the header. This software header is also used in the process of designing the VTM and ECM software, and for evaluating proposals for technology to be potentially included in these designs. This software or parts thereof might be published by ITU-T and ISO/IEC as an example implementation of a future video coding standard and for use as the basis of products to promote adoption of such technology.

Different copyright statements shall not be committed to the committee software repository (in the absence of subsequent review and approval of any such actions). As noted previously, it must be further understood that any initially-adopted such copyright header statement language could further change in response to new information and guidance on the subject in the future.

These considerations apply to the 360Lib video conversion software and HDRTools as well. The SADL and NNVC packages for neural network-based video coding use the same licensing terms.

Software packages that had been developed in prior work of the JVT, the JCT-VC and the JCT-3V have similar considerations and are maintained according to the past practice in that work.

## Communication practices

The documents for the meeting can be found at <https://jvet-experts.org/>. The site contains links for creating a user account for document uploading and for contacting an administrator – e.g., to update the email address associated with an account, and experts were reminded to keep this information up to date. It was reminded to send a notice to the chairs in cases of changes to document titles, authors, etc.

It was noted that also the most recent versions of JCT-VC and JCT-3V documents can be accessed directly via the JVET site. A mirror for JCT-VC, JCT-3V and JVET document access (including all versions with original upload dates) has also been provided via the ITU ftp site, providing a “documents” subfolder in the directory of each respective meeting.

JVET email lists are managed through the site <https://lists.rwth-aachen.de/postorius/lists/jvet.lists.rwth-aachen.de/>, and to send email to the reflector, the email address is [jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de](mailto:jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de). Only members of the reflector can send email to the list. However, membership of the reflector is not limited to qualified JVET participants.

It was emphasized that reflector subscriptions and email sent to the reflector must use real names when subscribing and sending messages and subscribers must respond to inquiries regarding the nature of their interest in the work. The current number of subscribers on the JVET email list was 1315 (as of 24 June 2025). All discussions (including those on AVC, HEVC, VVC, CICP, etc.) shall be conducted on the JVET reflector rather than any of the old reflectors (including JVT, JCT-VC, and JCT-3V) which are retained for archiving purposes.

It is further emphasized that the document JVET-AJ1012 gives valuable hints about communication practices as well as other IT resources used in JVET, such as software, conformance, and test materials.

## Terminology

* **ACT**: Adaptive colour transform
* **AFF**: Adaptive frame-field
* **AI**: All-intra
* **AIF**: Adaptive interpolation filtering
* **ALF**: Adaptive loop filter
* **AMP**: Asymmetric motion partitioning – a motion prediction partitioning for which the sub-regions of a region are not equal in size (in HEVC, being N/2x2N and 3N/2x2N or 2NxN/2 and 2Nx3N/2 with 2N equal to 16 or 32 for the luma component)
* **AMVP**: Adaptive motion vector prediction
* **AMT or MTS**: Adaptive multi-core transform, or multiple transform selection
* **AMVR**: (Locally) adaptive motion vector resolution
* **APS**: Adaptation parameter set
* **ARC**: Adaptive resolution conversion (synonymous with DRC, and a form of RPR)
* **ARMC**: Adaptive re-ordering of merge candidates
* **ARSS**: Adaptive reference sample smoothing
* **ATM**: AVC-based multiview and 3D test model
* **ATMVP** or “subblock-based temporal merging candidates”: Alternative temporal motion vector prediction
* **AU**: Access unit
* **AUD**: Access unit delimiter
* **AVC**: Advanced video coding – the video coding standard formally published as ITU-T Recommendation H.264 and ISO/IEC 14496-10
* **BA**: Block adaptive
* **BC**: See CPR or IBC
* **BCW**: Biprediction with CU based weighting
* **BD**: Bjøntegaard-delta – a method for measuring percentage bit rate savings at equal PSNR or decibels of PSNR benefit at equal bit rate (e.g., as described in document VCEG-M33 of April 2001)
* **BDOF**: Bi-directional optical flow (formerly known as **BIO**)
* **BDPCM**: Block-wise DPCM
* **BL**: Base layer
* **BMS**: Benchmark set (no longer used), a former preliminary compilation of coding tools on top of VTM, which provide somewhat better compression performance, but are not deemed mature for standardzation
* **BoG**: Break-out group
* **BR**: Bit rate
* **BT**: Binary tree
* **BV**: Block vector (used for intra BC prediction)
* **CABAC**: Context-adaptive binary arithmetic coding
* **CBF**: Coded block flag(s)
* **CC**: May refer to context-coded, common (test) conditions, or cross-component
* **CCALF**: Cross-component ALF
* **CCLM**: Cross-component linear model
* **CCCM**: Cross-component convolutional model
* **CCP**: Cross-component prediction
* **CCSAO**:Cross-component SAO
* **CE**: Core Experiment – a coordinated experiment conducted toward assessment of coding technology
* **CG**: Coefficient group
* **CGS**: Colour gamut scalability (historically, coarse-grained scalability)
* **CIIP**: Combined inter/intra prediction
* **CL-RAS**: Cross-layer random-access skip
* **CPB**: Coded picture buffer
* **CPMV**: Control-point motion vector
* **CPMVP**: Control-point motion vector prediction (used in affine motion model)
* **CPR**: Current-picture referencing, also known as IBC – a technique by which sample values are predicted from other samples in the same picture by means of a displacement vector called a block vector, in a manner conceptually similar to motion-compensated prediction
* **CST**: Chroma separate tree
* **CTC**: Common test conditions
* **CVS**: Coded video sequence
* **DCI**: Decoder capability information
* **DCT**: Discrete cosine transform (sometimes used loosely to refer to other transforms with conceptually similar characteristics)
* **DCTIF**: DCT-derived interpolation filter
* **DF**: Deblocking filter
* **DIMD**: Decoder intra mode derivation
* **DMVR**: Decoder motion vector refinement
* **DoCR**: Disposition of comments report
* **DPB**: Decoded picture buffer
* **DPCM**: Differential pulse-code modulation
* **DPS**: Decoding parameter sets
* **DRC**: Dynamic resolution conversion (synonymous with ARC, and a form of RPR)
* **DT**: Decoding time
* **DQ**: Dependent quantization
* **ECS**: Entropy coding synchronization (typically synonymous with WPP)
* **EMT**: Explicit multiple-core transform
* **EOTF**: Electro-optical transfer function – a function that converts a representation value to a quantity of output light (e.g., light emitted by a display
* **EPB**: Emulation prevention byte (as in the emulation\_prevention\_byte syntax element)
* **ECM**: Enhanced compression model – a software codebase for future video coding exploration
* **ECV**: Extended Colour Volume (up to WCG)
* **EIP**: Extrapolation based intra prediction
* **EL**: Enhancement layer
* **EOS**: End of (coded video) sequence
* **ET**: Encoding time
* **FRUC**: Frame rate up conversion (pattern matched motion vector derivation)
* **GCI**: General constraints information
* **GDR**: Gradual decoding refresh
* **GFV**: Generative face video
* **GLM**: Gradient linear model
* **GOP**: Group of pictures (somewhat ambiguous)
* **GPM**: Geometry partitioning mode
* **GRA**: Gradual random access
* **HBD**: High bit depth
* **HDR**: High dynamic range
* **HEVC**: High Efficiency Video Coding – the video coding standard developed and extended by the JCT-VC, formalized by ITU-T as Rec. ITU-T H.265 and by ISO/IEC as ISO/IEC 23008-2
* **HLS**: High-level syntax
* **HM**: HEVC Test Model – a video coding design containing selected coding tools that conforms to the HEVC standard design (possibly with under-development extensions) – now also used especially in reference to the (non-normative) encoder algorithms (see WD and TM)
* **HMVP**: History based motion vector prediction
* **HOP**: High-complexity operating point for neural network-based filter.
* **HRD**: Hypothetical reference decoder
* **HTM**: HEVC-based multiview and 3D test model (developed by JCT-3V)
* **HyGT**: Hyper-cube Givens transform (a type of NSST)
* **IBC** (also **Intra BC**): Intra block copy, also known as CPR – a technique by which sample values are predicted from other samples in the same picture by means of a displacement vector called a block vector, in a manner conceptually similar to motion-compensated prediction
* **IBDI**: Internal bit-depth increase – a technique by which lower bit-depth (8 bits per sample) source video is encoded using higher bit-depth signal processing, ordinarily including higher bit-depth reference picture storage (ordinarily 12 bits per sample)
* **IBF**: Intra boundary filtering
* **ILP**: Inter-layer prediction (in scalable coding)
* **ILRP**: Inter-layer reference picture
* **IPCM**: Intra pulse-code modulation (similar in spirit to IPCM in AVC and HEVC)
* **IRAP**: Intra random access picture
* **ISP**: Intra subblock partitioning
* **JCCR**: Joint coding of chroma residuals
* **JCT-3V**: Joint collaborative team on 3D video (for AVC and HEVC)
* **JCT-VC**: Joint collaborative team on video coding (for HEVC)
* **JEM**: Joint exploration model – a software codebase previously used for video coding exploration
* **JM**: Joint model – the primary software codebase that has been developed for the AVC standard
* **JSVM**: Joint scalable video model – another software codebase that has been developed for the AVC standard, which includes support for scalable video coding extensions
* **JVET**: Joint video experts team (initially for VVC, later expanded)
* **JVT**: Joint video team (for AVC)
* **KLT**: Karhunen-Loève transform
* **LB** or **LDB**: Low-delay B – the variant of the LD conditions that uses B pictures
* **LD**: Low delay – one of two sets of coding conditions designed to enable interactive real-time communication, with less emphasis on ease of random access (contrast with RA). Typically refers to LB, although also applies to LP
* **LFNST**: Low-frequency non-separable transform
* **LIC**: Local illumination compensation
* **LM**: Linear model
* **LMCS**: Luma mapping with chroma scaling (formerly sometimes called “in-loop reshaping”)
* **LOP**: Low-complexity operating point for neural network-based filter.
* **LP** or **LDP**: Low delay P – the variant of the LD conditions that uses P frames
* **LUT**: Look-up table
* **LTRP**: Long-term reference picture
* **MANE**: Media-aware network element
* **MC**: Motion compensation
* **MCP**: Motion compensated prediction
* **MCTF**: Motion compensated temporal pre-filtering
* **MDNSST**: Mode dependent non-separable secondary transform
* **MIP**: Matrix-based intra prediction
* **MMLM**: Multi-model (cross component) linear mode
* **MMVD**: Merge with MVD
* **MPEG**: Moving picture experts group (an alliance of working groups and advisory groups in ISO/IEC JTC 1/‌SC 29, one of the two parent bodies of the JVET)
* **MPM**: Most probable mode (in intra prediction)
* **MRL**: Multiple reference line intra prediction
* **MV**: Motion vector
* **MVD**: Motion vector difference
* **NAL**: Network abstraction layer
* **NNPF**: Neural network post filter
* **NNVC**: Neural network-based video coding (experimental software package)
* **NSQT**: Non-square quadtree
* **NSPT**: Non-separable primary transform
* **NSST**: Non-separable secondary transform
* **NUH**: NAL unit header
* **NUT**: NAL unit type (as in AVC and HEVC)
* **OBMC**: Overlapped block motion compensation (e.g., as in H.263 Annex F)
* **OETF**: Opto-electronic transfer function – a function that converts to input light (e.g., light input to a camera) to a representation value
* **OLS**: Output layer set
* **OOTF**: Optical-to-optical transfer function – a function that converts input light (e.g. l,ight input to a camera) to output light (e.g., light emitted by a display)
* **ONNX**: Open Neural Network Exchange – a format used to convert code from common neural network software packages into SADL code
* **operation point**: A temporal subset of an OLS
* **PDPC**: Position-dependent (intra) prediction combination
* **PERP**: Padded equirectangular projection (a 360° projection format)
* **PH**: Picture header
* **PHEC**: Padded hybrid equiangular cubemap (a 360° projection format)
* **PMMVD**: Pattern-matched motion vector derivation
* **POC**: Picture order count
* **PoR**: Plan of record
* **PROF**: Prediction refinement with optical flow
* **PPS**: Picture parameter set
* **PTL**: Profile/tier/level combination
* **QM**: Quantization matrix
* **QP**: Quantization parameter (sometimes conflated with quantization step size)
* **QT**: Quadtree
* **RA**: Random access – a set of coding conditions designed to enable relatively-frequent random access points in the coded video data, with less emphasis on minimization of delay (contrast with LD)
* **RADL**: Random-access decodable leading (type of picture)
* **RASL**: Random-access skipped leading (type of picture)
* **R-D**: Rate-distortion
* **RDO**: Rate-distortion optimization
* **RDOQ**: Rate-distortion optimized quantization
* **RDPCM**: Residual DPCM
* **ROI**: Region of interest
* **ROT**: Rotation operation for low-frequency transform coefficients
* **RPL**: Reference picture list
* **RPLM**: Reference picture list modification
* **RPR**: Reference picture resampling (e.g., as in H.263 Annex P), a special case of which is also known as ARC or DRC
* **RPS**: Reference picture set
* **RQT**: Residual quadtree
* **RRU**: Reduced-resolution update (e.g. as in H.263 Annex Q)
* **RVM**: Rate variation measure
* **SADL**: Small adhoc deep learning librar
* **SAO**: Sample-adaptive offset
* **SBT**: Subblock transform
* **SbTMVP**: Subblock based temporal motion vector prediction
* **SCIPU**: Smallest chroma intra prediction unit
* **SD**: Slice data; alternatively, standard-definition
* **SDH**: Sign data hiding
* **SDT**: Signal-dependent transform
* **SE**: Syntax element
* **SEI**: Supplemental enhancement information
* **SH**: Slice header
* **SHM**: Scalable HM
* **SHVC**: Scalable high efficiency video coding
* **SIF**: Switchable (motion) interpolation filter
* **SIMD**: Single instruction, multiple data
* **SMVD**: Symmetric MVD
* **SPO**: SEI processing order
* **SPS**: Sequence parameter set
* **SR**: Super-resolution
* **STMVP**: Spatial-temporal motion vector prediction
* **STRP**: Short-term reference picture
* **STSA**: Step-wise temporal sublayer access
* **TBA/TBD/TBP**: To be announced/determined/presented/public
* **TGM**: Text and graphics with motion – a category of content that primarily contains rendered text and graphics with motion, mixed with a relatively small amount of camera-captured content
* **TIMD**: Template-based intra mode derivation
* **TM**: Template matching
* **TMVP**: Temporal motion vector prediction
* **TS**: Transform skip
* **TSRC**: Transform skip residual coding
* **TT**: Ternary tree
* **UGC**: User-generated content
* **UWP**: Unequal weight prediction
* **VCEG**: Visual coding experts group (ITU-T Q.6/21, the relevant rapporteur group in ITU-T WP3/21, which is one of the two parent bodies of the JVET)
* **VCM**: Video coding for machines
* **VPS**: Video parameter set – a parameter set that describes the overall characteristics of a coded video sequence – conceptually sitting above the SPS in the syntax hierarchy
* **VQA**: Visual quality assessment
* **VT**: Verification testing
* **VTM**: VVC Test Model
* **VUI**: Video usability information
* **VVC**: Versatile Video Coding
* **WCG**: Wide colour gamut
* **WG**: Working group, a group of technical experts (usually used to refer to the WGs of ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 29).
* **WPP**: Wavefront parallel processing (usually synonymous with ECS)
* Block and unit names in HEVC:
  + **CTB**: Coding tree block (luma or chroma) – unless the format is monochrome, there are three CTBs per CTU.
  + **CTU**: Coding tree unit (containing both luma and chroma, synonymous with LCU), with a size of 16x16, 32x32, or 64x64 for the luma component.
  + **CB**: Coding block (luma or chroma), a luma or chroma block in a CU.
  + **CU**: Coding unit (containing both luma and chroma), the level at which the prediction mode, such as intra versus inter, is determined in HEVC, with a size of 2Nx2N for 2N equal to 8, 16, 32, or 64 for luma.
  + **PB**: Prediction block (luma or chroma), a luma or chroma block of a PU, the level at which the prediction information is conveyed or the level at which the prediction process is performed in HEVC.
  + **PU**: Prediction unit (containing both luma and chroma), the level of the prediction control syntax within a CU, with eight shape possibilities in HEVC:
    - **2Nx2N**: Having the full width and height of the CU.
    - **2NxN (or Nx2N)**: Having two areas that each have the full width and half the height of the CU (or having two areas that each have half the width and the full height of the CU).
    - **NxN**: Having four areas that each have half the width and half the height of the CU, with N equal to 4, 8, 16, or 32 for intra-predicted luma and N equal to 8, 16, or 32 for inter-predicted luma – a case only used when 2N×2N is the minimum CU size.
    - **N/2x2N** paired with **3N/2x2N** or **2NxN/2** paired with **2Nx3N/2**: Having two areas that are different in size – cases referred to as AMP, with 2N equal to 16 or 32 for the luma component.
  + **TB**: Transform block (luma or chroma), a luma or chroma block of a TU, with a size of 4x4, 8x8, 16x16, or 32x32.
  + **TU**: Transform unit (containing both luma and chroma), the level of the residual transform (or transform skip or palette coding) segmentation within a CU (which, when using inter prediction in HEVC, may sometimes span across multiple PU regions).
* Block and unit names in VVC:
  + **CTB**: Coding tree block (luma or chroma) – there are three CTBs per CTU in a P or B slice or in an I slice that uses a single tree, and one CTB per luma CTU and two CTBs per chroma CTU in an I slice that uses separate trees.
  + **CTU**: Coding tree unit (synonymous with LCU, containing both luma and chroma in a P or B slice or in an I slice that uses a single tree, containing only luma or only chroma in an I slice that uses separate trees), with a size of 16x16, 32x32, 64x64, or 128x128 for the luma component.
  + **CB**: Coding block, a luma or chroma block in a CU.
  + **CU**: Coding unit (containing both luma and chroma in P/B slice, containing only luma or chroma in I slice), a leaf node of a QTBT. It’s the level at which the prediction process and residual transform are performed in JEM. A CU can be square or rectangle shape.
  + **PB**: Prediction block, a luma or chroma block of a PU.
  + **PU**: Prediction unit, has the same size as a CU in the VVC context.
  + **TB**: Transform block, a luma or chroma block of a TU.
  + **TU**: Transform unit, has the same size as a CU in the VVC context.

## Standards, TRs, supplements and technical papers approval and publication status (update)

* MPEG-2 | H.262 (the video coding specification is common text)
  + ITU-T H.262 V3 was approved in 2012-02; Amd.1 was approved in 2013-03 and was not published separately; it was instead incorporated directly into the V3 text and published 2013-09
  + ISO/IEC 13818-2:2013 (Ed. 3) FDIS ballot closed 2012-05-08; FDAM 1 ballot closed 2013-04-12 and was not published separately; it was instead incorporated directly into the V3 text and published 2013-10
  + Conformance testing (not joint with ITU-T)
    - ISO/IEC 13818-4:2004 (Ed. 2) FDIS closed 2004-08-22, published 2004-12-12; it specifies conformance testing for Part 1 (Systems), Part 2 (Video), Part 3 (Audio), and Part 7 (AAC)
    - ISO/IEC 13818-4:2004/Amd 3:2009 Level for 1080@50p/60p conformance testing
    - Cor 1:2007, Cor 2:2009, Cor 3:2012, Cor 4:2011 may also have video relevance
  + Reference software (not joint with ITU-T)
    - ISO/IEC TR 13818-5:2005 (Ed. 2) FDIS closed 2005-07-24, published 2005-10; it specifies reference software for Part 1 (Systems), Part 2 (Video), Part 3 (Audio), Part 7 (AAC) and Part 11 (IPMP)
* AVC (twin text)
  + ITU-T H.264 V14 was Consented at 22nd meeting on 2021-04-30 (with annotated regions, shutter interval, and miscellaneous corrections), approved 2021-08-22, published 2021-10-13
  + ISO/IEC 14496-10:2020 (Ed. 9) FDIS ballot closed 2020-11-27, published 2020-12-15
  + ISO/IEC 14496-10:2022 (Ed. 10), had been forwarded from DIS directly for publication 2022-01-21 (with annotated regions, shutter interval, and miscellaneous corrections) with an editing period, submitted to ITTF in 2022-05 after consultation with ISO staff on format of graphics files, upgraded to “DIS approved for registration” in ISO Project system 2022-07-04, published 2022-11-07
  + Preliminary draft text for YCgCo-Re and YCgCo-Ro issued at 26th meeting, second draft including SMPTE ST 2128 IPT-PQ-C2 issued at 28th meeting 2022-10, third draft issued at 29th meeting 2023-01, fourth draft issued at 30th meeting 2023-04, formal project requested and CD of 11th edition issued at 31st meeting 2023-07, DIS issued at 32nd meeting 2023-10, DAM ballot closed 2024-04-15.
    - H.264 V15 Consented 2024-04-26, last call began 2024-07-16, approved 2024-08-13, published 2024-11-13
    - ISO/IEC 14496-10:202x (Ed. 11) FDIS issued at 34th meeting 2024-04, DIS approved for registration as FDIS 2024-09-17, FDIS ballot issued 2025-01-14, FDIS ballot closed 2025-03-23; pending publication
  + Amendment to support some SEI messages of VSEI v4 requested at 37th meeting 2025-01, registered to work programme 2025-01-25, ready for action to issue ISO/IEC CDAM
  + Conformance testing (twin text)
    - ITU-T H.264.1 V6 Approved 2016-02-13, published 2016-06-17
    - Various amendments of ISO/IEC 14496-4:2004, including:
      * ISO/IEC 14496-4:2004/AMD 6:2005 Advanced Video Coding conformance
      * ISO/IEC 14496-4:2004/AMD 9:2006 AVC fidelity range extensions conformance
      * ISO/IEC 14496-4:2004/AMD 30:2009 Conformance testing for new profiles for professional applications
      * ISO/IEC 14496-4:2004/AMD 31:2009 Conformance testing for SVC profiles
      * ISO/IEC 14496-4:2004/AMD 38:2010 Conformance testing for Multiview Video Coding
      * ISO/IEC 14496-4:2004/AMD 41:2014 Conformance testing of MVC plus depth extension of AVC
      * ISO/IEC 14496-4:2004/AMD 42:2014 Conformance testing of Multi-Resolution Frame Compatible Stereo Coding extension of AVC
      * ISO/IEC 14496-4:2004/AMD 43:2015 3D-AVC conformance testing
      * ISO/IEC 14496-4:2004/AMD 45:2016 Conformance Testing for the Multi-resolution Frame Compatible Stereo Coding with Depth Maps Extension of AVC
  + Reference software (twin text)
    - ITU-T H.264.2 V7 Approved 2016-02-13, published 2016-05-30
    - Various amendments of ISO/IEC 14496-5:2001 have been published, including:
      * ISO/IEC 14496-5:2001/AMD 6:2005 Advanced Video Coding (AVC) and High Efficiency Advanced Audio Coding (HE AAC) reference software
      * ISO/IEC 14496-5:2001/AMD 8:2006 AVC fidelity range extensions reference software
      * ISO/IEC 14496-5:2001/AMD 15:2010 Reference software for Multiview Video Coding
      * ISO/IEC 14496-5:2001/AMD 18:2008 Reference software for new profiles for professional applications
      * ISO/IEC 14496-5:2001/AMD 19:2009 Reference software for Scalable Video Coding
      * ISO/IEC 14496-5:2001/AMD 33:2015 Reference software for MVC plus depth extension of AVC
      * ISO/IEC 14496-5:2001/AMD 34:2014 Reference software of the multi-resolution frame compatible stereo coding of AVC
      * ISO/IEC 14496-5:2001/AMD 35:2015 3D-AVC Reference software
      * ISO/IEC 14496-5:2001/AMD 39:2016 Reference software for the Multi-resolution Frame Compatible Stereo Coding with Depth Maps of AVC
      * ISO/IEC 14496-5:2001/AMD 42:2017 Reference software for the alternative depth information SEI message extension of AVC
* HEVC (twin text)
  + ITU-T H.265 V7 approved 2019-11-29, published 2020-01-10
  + ISO/IEC 23008-2:2020 (Ed. 4) FDIS ballot closed 2020-07-16, published 2020-08-27
  + ITU-T H.265 V8 Consented at the 22nd meeting (shutter interval information SEI message and miscellaneous corrections), published 2020-10-13
  + ISO/IEC 23008-2:2020/AMD 1:2021 (shutter interval information SEI message) published 2021-07-12
  + ISO/IEC 23008-2:2023 (Ed. 5) began as CDAM 2 High-range levels output of 25th meeting of January 2022, CDAM ballot closed 2022-04-15, conversion to 5th edition with miscellaneous corrections planned at 26th meeting of 2022-04, text submitted for DIS ballot 2022-07-10, DIS ballot closed 2023-01-10, FDIS issued 29th meeting of 2023-01, FDIS ballot opened 2023-08-06, closed 2023-10-02, published 2023-10-30
  + ITU-T H.265 V9 Consented at 31st meeting 2023-07, approved 2023-09-13, and pre-published 2023-09, published 2023-11-24.
  + Preliminary draft HEVC text for YCgCo-Re and YCgCo-Ro issued at 26th meeting 2022-04, second draft including SMPTE ST 2128 issued at 28th meeting 2022-10, third draft at 29th meeting 2023-01, fourth draft at 30th meeting 2023-04, formal work item requested and CDAM1 issued 31st meeting 2023-07, DAM issued with new (multiview) profiles and SEI messages at 32nd meeting 2023-10, DAM ballot closed 2024-04-08
    - H.265 V10 Consented 2024-04-26, last call opened 2024-07-01, closed 2024-07-28, approved 2024-07-29, pre-published 2024-08-06, published 2024-10-07
    - ISO/IEC 23008-2:2025 (Ed. 6) FDIS issued from 35th meeting 2024-04, DIS approved for registration as FDIS 2024-10-03, FDIS registered for formal approval 2024-10-13, FDIS ballot issued 2024-12-30, FDIS ballot closed 2025-02-24, published 2025-03-20
  + Amendment to support additional (multiview) profiles and some SEI messages of VSEI v4, project requested at 36th meeting 2024-11, project registered in ISO/IEC work programme 2025-01-25, CDAM issued at 37th meeting, consulation began 2025-02-01, pending closure of comment period
  + Conformance testing (twin text)
    - ITU-T H.265.1 V3 approved 2018-10-14, published 2019-01-15
    - ISO/IEC 23008-8:2018 (Ed. 2) Conformance specification for HEVC, published 2018-08-06
    - ISO/IEC 23008-8:2018/AMD 1:2019 Conformance testing for HEVC screen content coding (SCC) extensions and non-intra high throughput profiles, published 2019-10-15
  + Reference software (twin text)
    - ITU-T H.265.2 V4 approved 2016-12-22, published 2017-04-10
    - ISO/IEC 23008-5:2017 (Ed. 2) Reference software for high efficiency video coding, FDIS issued from 2016-02 meeting, published 2017-03-01
    - ISO/IEC 23008-5:2017/AMD 1:2017 Reference software for screen content coding extensions, FDAM issued from 2017-04 meeting, FDAM ballot opened 2017-08-10, closed 2017-10-07, published 2017-11-09
* VVC (twin text)
  + ITU-T H.266 V1 approved 2020-08-29, published 2020-11-10
  + ISO/IEC 23090-3:2021 (Ed. 1) published 2021-02-16
  + ITU-T H.266 V2 with operation range extensions, Consented 2022-01-28, Last Call began 2022-04-01, Approved 2022-04-29, pre-published 2022-06-06, published 2022-07-12
  + ISO/IEC 23090-3:2022 (Ed. 2) with operation range extensions, approval at WG level to proceed to FDIS 2022-01-21, FDIS ballot opened 2022-06-29, closed 2022-08-24, published 2022-09-25
  + ISO/IEC 23090-3:2024 (Ed. 3), initated as (Ed. 2) / Amd.1 New level and systems-related supplemental enhancement information, CDAM 1 issued from 26th meeting, ballot closed 2022-07-14, DAM 1 issued from 27th meeting, ballot closed 2023-01-03, FDIS issued at WG level 2023-07, FDIS ballot opened 2024-05-11, closed 2024-06-26, published 2024-07-17
  + ITU-T H.266 V3 Consented 2023-07, approved 2023-09-29 and pre-published 2023-09, published 2023-11-29
  + ISO/IEC 23090-3:2024/CDAM 1 Request & CDAM issued 2024-04, consultation deferred due to meeting timing, updated text issued 2024-07, consultation initiated 2024-09-05, closed 2024-10-31, ready for action to issue ISO/IEC DAM (or DIS)
  + Conformance testing (twin text)
    - ITU-T H.266.1 V1 Consented 2022-01-28, Last Call began 2022-04-01, Approved 2022-04-29, pre-published 2022-05-17, published 2022-07-12
    - ISO/IEC 23090-15:2022 (Ed. 1) approval at WG level to proceed to FDIS 2022-10-15, upgraded to “DIS approved for registration” in ISO Projects system 2021-10-24, upgraded to “FDIS registered for formal approval” 2022-07-11, FDIS ballot closed 2022-11-04, published 2022-11-24
    - ISO/IEC 23090-15:2024 (Ed. 2) began as Amd.1 Operation range extensions – CDAM 1 issued from 24th meeting 2021-10, DAM 1 issued from 25th meeting 2022-01-21, upgraded to “CD approved for registration as DIS” status in ISO Projects system 2022-05-31, upgraded to “DIS registered” 2022-06-22, DAM ballot closed 2022-11-15, consolidated into FDIS 2nd edition issued as an output of the 29th meeting in January 2023, ballot opened 2024-04-08, closed 2024-06-03, published 2024-07-04.
    - ITU-T H.266.1 V2 Consented 2023-07, approved 2023-09-13 and pre-published 2023-09, published 2023-10-19
    - ISO/IEC 23090-15 (Ed. 3) project requested at 37th meeting, project registered in work programme 2025-01-25, ready for action to issue CD.
  + Reference software (twin text)
    - ITU-T H.266.2 V1 Consented 2022-01-28, Last Call began 2022-04-01, Approved 2022-04-29, pre-published 2022-05-17, published 2022-07-12
    - ISO/IEC 23090-16:2022 V1 approval at WG level to proceed to FDIS 2022-01-21, upgraded to “DIS approved for registration” status in ISO Projects system 2022-04-21, upgraded to “FDIS registered for formal approval” 2022-04-22, FDIS ballot initiated 2022-07-24, FDIS ballot closed 2022-09-19, published 2022-10-23
    - H.266.2 V2 Consented 2024-04-26, last call opened 2024-05-16, closed 2024-06-12, approved 2024-06-13, pre-published 2024-08-06, published 2024-10-09
    - ISO/IEC 23090-16:202x (Ed. 2) Request & CD issued 2024-04, consultation deferred due to meeting timing, consultation initiated 2024-09-06, closed 2024-11-01, DIS issued at 36th meeting 2024-11, approved for registration as DIS 2024-12-18, DIS registered 2025-01-7, DIS ballot opened 2025-03-09, no action at the current meeting (Roughly corresponding to H.266.2 V2 already approved and published in ITU-T)
* VSEI (twin text)
  + ITU-T H.274 V1 approved 2020-08-29, published 2020-11-10
  + ISO/IEC 23002-7:2021 (Ed. 1) published 2021-01-28
  + ITU-T H.274 V2 Consented 2022-01-28, Last Call began 2022-04-01, Approved 2022-05-22 (after 1 Last Call comment and Additional Review), pre-published 2022-06-17, published 2022-07-25
  + ISO/IEC 23002-7:2022 (Ed. 2) approval at WG level to proceed to FDIS 2022-01-21, upgraded to “DIS approved for registration” status in ISO Projects system 2022-05-05 and “FDIS registered for formal approval” 2022-05-08, FDIS ballot closed 2022-09-27, published 2022-10-30
  + ISO/IEC 23002-7:2024 (Ed. 3) began as (2nd Ed.) Amd.1 Request for new edition and CD for additional SEI messages issued at 27th meeting, ballot closed 2022-10-10, DAM registered 2022-11-13, DAM ballot closed 2022-04-06, FDIS 3rd edition issued 2023-07, FDIS ballot began 2024-07-25, closed 2024-09-20, published 2024-10-30
  + ITU-T H.274 V3 Consent 2023-07, approved 2023-09-29, pre-published 2023-10-11, published 2024-03-12.
  + ISO/IEC 23002-7:202x (Ed. 4) Request & CDAM 1 issued 2024-04, consultation deferred due to meeting timing, updated text issued 2024-07, CD consultation initiated 2024-09-05, closed 2024-10-31, ready for action to issue ISO/IEC DAM (or DIS)
* CICP (twin text)
  + ITU-T H.273 V2 (with 4:2:0 sampling alignment and corrections for range of values for sample aspect ratio, ICTCP equations for HLG, and transfer characteristics function for sYCC of IEC 61966-2-1) Consented on 2021-04-30, Last Call closed during the 23rd meeting with approval on 2021-07-14, published 2021-09-24
  + ISO/IEC 23091-2:2021 (Ed. 2) had been forwarded from DIS directly for publication in 2021-04 and published 2021-10-18
  + ITU-T H.273 V3 Consent 2023-07, approved 2023-09, not published due to waiting for publication of SMPTE ST 2128.
  + ITU-T H.273 V4 Consented 2024-04-26, last call opened 2024-06-16, closed 2024-07-13, approved 2024-07-14, pre-published 2024-08-06, published 2024-10-07.
  + ISO/IEC 23091-2:2025 (Ed. 3) Request for new edition and CD for new edition (including YCgCo-Re and YCoCg-Ro) issued at 27th meeting, ballot closed 2022-10-10, DIS registered 2022-11-13, DIS ballot closed 2023-04-06, preliminary draft text for including SMPTE ST 2128 issued at 28th meeting, incorporated into preliminary FDIS at 30th meeting 2023-04, FDIS issued 2024-04 (after waiting for publication of SMPTE ST 2128, then proceeding), FDIS registered for formal approval 2024-10-24, FDIS ballot issued 2024-12-03, FDIS ballot closed 2025-01-28, published 2025-02-25.
* Conversion and coding practices for HDR/WCG Y′CbCr 4:2:0 video with PQ transfer characteristics (twin text)
  + ITU-T H-Series Supplement H.Sup15 V1, approved 2017-01-27, published 2017-04-12
  + ISO/IEC TR 23008-14:2018 (Ed. 1) published 2018-08-06
* Signalling, backward compatibility and display adaptation for HDR/WCG video coding (twin text)
  + ITU-T H-Series Supplement H.Sup18 V1, approved 2017-10-27, published 2018-01-18
  + ISO/IEC TR 23008-15:2018 (Ed. 1) published 2018-08
* Usage of video signal type code points (twin text)
  + ITU-T H-Series Supplement H.Sup19 V3 approved 2021-04-30, published 2021-06-04
  + ISO/IEC TR 23091-4:2021 (Ed. 3) published 2021-05-23
* Working practices using objective metrics for evaluation of video coding efficiency experiments (twin text)
  + ITU-T H-Series Supplement HSTP-VID-WPOM V1 approved 2020-07-03, published 2020-11
  + ISO/IEC TR 23002-8:2021 (Ed. 1) published 2021-05-20
* Film grain synthesis technologies for video applications (twin text)
  + ISO/IEC TR 23002-9:2024 (Ed. 1) Request for subdivision and WD 1 issued at 25th meeting 2022-01-21, WD 2 issued at 27th meeting, WD 3 issued at 28th meeting, CDTR issued at 29th meeting 2023-01, consultation period ended 2023-07-09, DTR text was issued from the 31st meeting in July 2023, put on hold by ISO staff editors, DTR ballot opened 2024-03-05, closed 2024-04-30, NB comments handled by ISO staff editor in consultation with project editors, published 2024-07-24
  + ITU-T H-Series Supplement H.Sup21 (ex H.Sup-FGST), Agreement 2025-01-24 by ITU-T SG21, pre-publication 2025-03-26, pending final publication
  + Edition 2 planned but not yet in formal work programme of ISO/IEC
* Optimization of encoders and receiving systems for machine analysis of coded video content (twin text)
  + ISO/IEC 23888-3 (Ed. 1) Request for subdivision issued from 33rd JVET meeting 2024-01, CDTR issued from 34th meeting 2024-04, consultation deferred due to meeting timing, updated text issued from 35th meeting 2024-07, consultation further deferred due to meeting timing, further updated text issued from 36th meeting 2024-11, consultation initiated 2025-01-14, consultation period ended 2025-03-11, ready for action to issue DTR
  + ITU-T provisional name H.Sup-MACVC
* The following freely available standards are published here in ISO/IEC:  
  <https://standards.iso.org/ittf/PubliclyAvailableStandards/index.html> as of the time of the current meeting (or soon afterwards, as a temporary problem was reported and fixed around 8 May 2025):
  + ISO/IEC 13818-4:2004 Conformance testing for MPEG-2
  + ISO/IEC 13818-4:2004/Amd 3:2009 Level for 1080@50p/60p conformance testing
  + ISO/IEC TR 13818-5:2005 Software simulation for MPEG-2
  + Various amendments of ISO/IEC 14496-4:2004 Conformance for AVC
  + Various amendments of ISO/IEC 14496-5:2001 Reference software for AVC
  + ISO/IEC 14496-10:2022 (Ed. 10) AVC
  + ISO/IEC 23090-16:2022 (Ed. 1) Reference software for VVC
* The following standards that have been intended by JVET to be publicly available were not available at <https://standards.iso.org/ittf/PubliclyAvailableStandards/index.html> as of the time of the current meeting. (These should be checked for previously issued requests for free availability.)
  + ISO/IEC 23002-7:2024 (Ed. 3) – VSEI, published 2024-10-30 (public availability requested 2023-07)
  + ISO/IEC 23008-2:2025 (Ed. 6) HEVC, published 2023-10-30 (public availability requested 2024-04)
  + ISO/IEC 23008-5:2017 (Ed. 2) Reference software for HEVC, published 2017-03-01 (public availability requested 2016-02)
  + ISO/IEC 23008-5:2017/AMD 1:2017 Reference software for HEVC screen content coding extensions, published 2017-11-09 (not requested 2017-01, 2017-04, 2017-07, 2017-10, 2018-01)
  + ISO/IEC 23008-8:2018 (Ed. 2) Conformance specification for HEVC, published 2018-08-06 (public availability requested 2018-10)
  + ISO/IEC 23008-8:2018/AMD 1:2019 Conformance testing for HEVC screen content coding (SCC) extensions and non-intra high throughput profiles, published 2019-10-15
  + ISO/IEC 23090-3:2024 (Ed. 3) VVC, published 2024-07-17
  + ISO/IEC 23090-15:2024 (Ed. 2) Conformance specification for VVC, published 2024-07-04.
  + ISO/IEC 23091-2:2025 (Ed. 3) CICP, published 2025-02-25 (public availability requested 2024-04)
* The following technical reports by JVET may not have been requested to be publicly available due to a former policy interpretation by ITTF that has since been changed. (These should be checked for previously issued requests for free availability.)
  + ISO/IEC TR 23008-14:2018 (Ed. 1) Conversion and coding practices for HDR/WCG Y′CbCr 4:2:0 video with PQ transfer characteristics, published 2018-08-06
  + ISO/IEC TR 23008-15:2018 (Ed. 1) Signalling, backward compatibility and display adaptation for HDR/WCG video coding, published 2018-08
  + ISO/IEC TR 23091-4:2021 (Ed. 3) Usage of video signal type code points, published 2021-05-23
  + ISO/IEC TR 23002-8:2021 (Ed. 1) Working practices using objective metrics for evaluation of video coding efficiency experiments, published 2021-05-20
  + ISO/IEC TR 23002-9:2024 (Ed. 1) Film grain synthesis technologies for video applications, published 2024-07-24 (not requested 2024-04)
* It appears necessary to check if all older software and conformance packages are publicly available – it might be that this was never requested, e.g. for those that were produced by JCT-3V. This topic was left TBD until the next meeting – perhaps it would be best to compile a list of all relevant software and conformance parts of AVC, HEVC, MPEG-2 aka H.262, CICP, and request these in bulk.

## Draft standards progression status for active work items (update)

* AVC ISO/IEC 14496-10:202x/CDAM 1 to support some SEI messages of VSEI v4 requested at 37th meeting 2025-01, registered to work programme 2025-01-25, ready for action to issue ISO/IEC CDAM
* HEVC ISO/IEC 23008-2:2025/CDAM 1 to support additional (multiview) profiles and some SEI messages of VSEI v4, project requested at 36th meeting 2024-11, project registered in ISO/IEC work programme 2025-01-25, CDAM issued at 37th meeting, consulation began 2025-02-01, pending closure of comment period
* VVC ISO/IEC 23090-3:2024/CDAM 1, Request & CDAM issued 2024-04, consultation deferred due to meeting timing, updated text issued 2024-07, consultation initiated 2024-09-05, closed 2024-10-31, ready for action to issue ISO/IEC DAM (or DIS)
* VVC conformance ISO/IEC 23090-15 (Ed. 3) project requested at 37th meeting, project registered in work programme 2025-01-25, ready for action to issue CD.
* VVC reference software ISO/IEC 23090-16:202x (Ed. 2) Request & CD issued 2024-04, consultation deferred due to meeting timing, consultation initiated 2024-09-06, closed 2024-11-01, DIS issued at 36th meeting 2024-11, approved for registration as DIS 2024-12-18, DIS registered 2025-01-7, DIS ballot opened 2025-03-09, no action at the current meeting. (Roughly corresponding to H.266.2 V2 already approved and published in ITU-T.)
* VSEI ISO/IEC 23002-7:202x (Ed. 3) / CDAM 1 Request & CDAM issued 2024-04, consultation deferred due to meeting timing, updated text issued 2024-07, CD consultation initiated 2024-09-05, closed 2024-10-31, ready for action to issue ISO/IEC DAM (or DIS)
* Film grain synthesis technology for video applications – Edition 2 planned but not yet in formal work programme of ISO/IEC
* Optimization of encoders and receiving systems for machine analysis of coded video content – ISO/IEC 23888-3 Request for subdivision issued from 33rd JVET meeting 2024-01, CDTR issued from 34th meeting 2024-04, consultation deferred due to meeting timing, updated text issued from 35th meeting 2024-07, consultation further deferred due to meeting timing, further updated text issued from 36th meeting 2024-11, consultation initiated 2025-01-14, consultation period ended 2025-03-11, ready for action to issue DTR. ITU-T provisional name H.Sup-MACVC.
* A request for free availability in ISO/IEC has to be made for each edition, amendment and corrigendum, and the request needs to be approved in the WG 5 Recommendations. A request form also needs to be filled out (but the form does not need to be issued as a WG 5 document). A freely available URL for the ITU publication should be provided for the ongoing work items when they become finalized.

## Opening remarks

Remarks during the opening session of the meeting Thursday 26 June at XXXX-XXXX KST were as follows.

* Timing and organization of the meeting and online access and calendar posting of session plans were reviewed
  + The initial number of documents was slightly lower than for last meeting (approximately 200 vs. 215 by the time of opening the meeting) – parallel sessions were announced to be necessary.
  + Start of parallel sessions (HLS) Thursday afternoon?
  + JVET will not meet during the MPEG information exchange sessions on Monday 30 June (0900-1200 KST), Wednesday 2 July (0900-1000 KST), and Friday 4 July (1400-1600 KST). The closing session (with final approval of WG 5 recommendation) is scheduled later on Friday.
* Plans for subsequent hybrid meetings (with best-effort remote access) were reviewed: Oct. 2025 (Geneva), April 2026 (Santa Eulària), June/July 2026 (Geneva), October 2026 (Hangzhou), and likely January 2027 (Australia).
* The January 2026 meeting is currently planned to be virtual.
* Depending on the status of preparing future standardization activities, it may be necessary to extend the duration of meetings, or plan for AHG meeting days prior to the regular meeting (e.g., for analysis of CfE/CfP submissions)
* Significant workload was expected at this meeting for AHG17 activities – to make a step forward in the Call for Evidence. Before start discussion, the viewing for dry-run of CfE test cases needs to be conducted (Friday afternoon, whole day Saturday). During the last AHG telco, it was suggested to have no discussion of low-level tools (EE, etc.) during the viewing – up to 144 volunteers are needed for viewing sessions. Joint meetings with parent bodies are also expected next week.
* The meeting logistics, agenda, working practices, policies, and document allocation considerations were reviewed.
  + Access to the meeting was provided using Zoom. The meeting notes by the session chair were to be continually shared via zoom screen sharing. In the meeting room C, it is also possible to show them on a separate projection screen in parallel with another presentation.
  + Having text and software available is crucial (and not just arriving at the end of the meeting).
* The results of the previous meeting and the meeting report JVET-AL1000 were reviewed (which was finalized only shortly before the meeting, but sufficiently mature drafts had been available in the ITU ftp site). Only minor issues in the meeting report were noted and were not considered sufficient to warrant issuing a revision.
* At the current meeting, on-site attendance was recorded via the traditional sign-in sheet. Participants were asked to correct their affiliation and email in case these changed. In the previous meeting, a few cases were found (mostly for those mentioned in the previous bullet point) where the affiliation was outdated. Remote attendance (of those not present in person) will be recorded via the zoom records. It is therefore important to follow the conventions of naming as mentioned before. Participants who cannot be correctly identified will not appear in the attendance sheet.
* There were no objections voiced in the opening plenary to the consideration of late contributions.
* There were again a few documents registered where authors’ given names were not abbreviated according to the JVET custom (which helps produce shorter headings in the JVET meeting report), and/or company affiliation was missing in the authors’ list. Participants were reminded to stick to JVET’s conventions. As for now, the JVET chair took action of correcting those cases in the document registry.
* Experts were asked not to pick a specific JVET number for regular documents – this function is reserved for AHG reports, summary reports, and output docs. Reserving numbers without filling a precise title shall also be avoided – the chair may flag such documents as withdrawn, as they cannot be allocated to a certain category in the meeting notes.
* Experts were asked to always register JVET documents via the “jvet-experts.org” site, not via the MPEG DMS site, as WG 5 docs (as that feature of the DMS site has not been working properly).
* Experts were asked to inform the chair when the title of a document is changed, or if authors are added. Otherwise, that might not be correct in the meeting notes. Provisional titles such as “EEx contribution” shall be avoided.
* Still, only the newest versions of the JCT-VC and JCT-3V documents are available from the links in the JVET site, but a second source for JVET, JCT-VC and JCT-3V documents was set up in the ITU ftp directories of each meeting. This includes all versions of documents with original upload times. JVET documents can only be made available with a delay of at least one meeting cycle, as often newer versions (in particular of output documents) are still uploaded later
* The following ballot results had become available through the SC 29 secretariat:
  + CDAM AVC [m73164](https://dms.mpeg.expert/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=99765&id_meeting=203)
  + DIS on VVC software 2nd ed. [m73167](https://dms.mpeg.expert/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=99768&id_meeting=203)
  + FDIS 11th ed. AVC [m73178](https://dms.mpeg.expert/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=99779&id_meeting=203)
  + CD on VVC conformance 3rd ed. XXXX ballot closes June 29
* DAMs for HEVC, VVC and VSEI, as well as the DTR on machine optimization are currently under ballot in ISO/IEC, ballot results should be available prior to the October meeting, such that the final versions could be issued (when also submission of new editions for ITU consent is planned).
* It is planned to produce DAM on AVC and DIS on VVC conformance?. In October, submission of new editions for ITU consent is planned, whereas the ISO/IEC versions could only be issued in January or April next year (depending on editing period).
* The DIS of VVC software is currently matching the ITU edition that was issued in April. FDIS could be issued, starting work towards an amendment or a next edition could be targeted for October, considering the implementation maturity of new SEI messages. Alternatively, another ITU edition could be issued then, and the FDIS aligned with that.
* The primary goals of the meeting were:
  + AVC DAM text for ISO/IEC ballot
  + VVC conformance and software for ISO/IEC ballot?
  + Various aspects of SEI in AVC, HEVC, VVC/VSEI, and TuC
  + New software versions VTM/HM/JM – support for SEI messages?
  + Lot of activity in AHG17 – final CfE as output appears possible
  + Exploration Experiments
    - Neural network-based video coding
    - Enhanced compression beyond VVC
  + Liaison communication?
  + VSEI and VVC white papers
* Joint meetings were expected with MPEG AG 5 (on matters involving visual quality assessment), and with MPEG WG 2 Requirements and ITU-T VCEG on future video standardization (see section 7.3). Another potential joint meeting may be necessary on Gaussian splatting (SEI proposal) with WGs 4 and 7.
* As a follow-up to communication after previous meeting, parent bodies conducted discussion about future JVET management structures. It is likely that a subgroup structure will be introduced (which would allow more consistent parallelism during meetings rather than establishing BoGs), and JVET will be chaired in the future by two persons again. Both aspects are consistent with the JVET terms of reference.
* Principles of standards development were discussed.
* Scheduling of sessions was discussed – see under sections 2.6 and 2.12.

## Scheduling of discussions

The times of the meeting sessions followed the needs of the onsite meeting arrangements, with highest priority given to the aim of achieving the goals of the meeting. Typical meeting hours were in the range of 0900-2000 KST with coffee breaks and lunch breaks as appropriate, however some early morning or late-night sessions were noted to potentially be necessary. Sessions were announced in the JVET calendar as far as possible in advance, although it was acknowledged that some activities (such as breakout sessions) might be held at short notice.

Particular scheduling notes are shown below, although not necessarily 100% accurate or complete. Times are recorded in the local timezone of the meeting venue, except as otherwise noted:

Coffee breaks were regularly scheduled at 1030 and 1630.

* Thu. 26 June, 1st day
  + Morning sessions:
    - 0910–1000 Opening remarks, review of practices, agenda, IPR policy reminder
    - 1000–1320 Reports of AHGs 1-18
  + Afternoon sessions:
    - 1500–1620 Review of EE1 summary report (Rm. 201)
    - 1650–1950 Review of EE2 summary report EE2-1…EE2-3 (Rm. 201)
    - 1500–2000 HLS 6.1, 6.2 (Rm. 202, chaired by Jill Boyce)
* Fri. 27 June, 2nd day
  + Morning sessions:
    - 0800–1230 Planning CfE dry run, review of EE2 summary report EE2-4, EE2 related and non-EE (Rm. 201)
    - 0900–1300 HLS 6.1, 6.2.3, 6.2.4, 6.2.5, 6.2.6 (Rm. 202, chaired by Jill Boyce)
  + Afternoon sessions:
    - 1330–2000 Viewing for CfE dry-run (no low-level tool discussion in parallel)
    - 1400–2000 HLS 6.2.5 … 6.2.8 (Rm. 202, chaired by Jill Boyce)
* Sat. 28 June, 3rd day
  + Morning sessions:
    - 0900–1330 Viewing sessions for CfE dry-run
    - 0900–1300 HLS (Rm. 202, chaired by Jill Boyce
  + Afternoon sessions:
    - 1430–1900 Viewing sessions for CfE dry-run
    - 1400–2000 HLS 6.2.5 … 6.2.8 (Rm. 202, chaired by Jill Boyce)
    - 1500–1730 ITU-T Q6/21 VCEG (outside of JVET, Rm. 201)
* Sun. 29 June, 4th day
  + Morning sessions:
    - 0800–1230 EE1 related (5.1.3/5.1.4)
  + Afternoon sessions:
    - 1400–2000 Non-EE2 (5.2.4/5.2.5)
* Mon. 30 June, 5th day
  + 0900–1200 MPEG information sharing session
  + Morning session
    - 1200–XXXX JVET plenary: …
  + Afternoon sessions:
    - …
* Tue 1 July, 6th day
  + Morning sessions:
    - …
  + Afternoon sessions:
    - .,.
* Wed. 2 July, 7th day
  + 0900–1000 MPEG information sharing session
  + Morning sessions:
    - …
  + Afternoon sessions:
    - …
* Thu. 3 July, 8th day
  + Morning sessions:
    - …
  + Afternoon sessions:
    - …
    - JVET plenary: Remaining doc review, revisits, output doc planning, AHG planning
* Fri. 04 July, 9th day
  + XXXX–XXXX JVET wrap-up plenary:
    - EE review
    - CfE planning
    - Establishment of AHGs
    - Approval of output docs
    - Review of WG 5 meeting recommendations
    - Software timeline
    - Future planning, a.o.b.
  + 1400–XXXX MPEG information sharing session
  + XXXX–XXXX WG 5 approval of meeting recommendations, closing of meeting

## Contribution topic overview

The approximate subject categories and quantity of contributions per category for the meeting were summarized as follows (note that the noted document counts do not include crosschecks and summary reports, and may not be completely accurate; documents which are allocated to multiple sections are only counted in one of them):

* AHG reports (18) (section 3)
* Project development (section 4)
  + AHG1: Development, deployment and advertisement of standards (0)
  + AHG2: Text development and errata reporting (0)
  + AHG3: Software development (1)
  + AHG3: Test conditions (3)
  + AHG4: Subjective quality testing and verification testing (1)
  + AHG4: Test and training material (0)
  + AHG5: Conformance test development (0)
  + AHG7: ECM tool assessment (6)
  + AHG8: Optimization of encoders and receiving systems for machine analysis of coded video content (0)
  + AHG10: Encoding algorithm optimization (0)
  + AHG13: Film grain synthesis (1)
  + Implementation studies (3)
  + Profile/tier/level specification (0)
  + AHG15: Gaming content compression (0)
  + AHG16: Generative face video (1)
  + AHG17: CfE preparation (12)
  + AHG18: Ultra-low latency and error resilience (11)
  + CICP (1)
* Low-level tool technology proposals (section 5) with subtopics (number counts excluding BoG and summary reports)
  + AHG11/AHG14 and EE1: Neural network-based video coding (25) (section 5.1)
  + AHG6/AHG12 and EE2: Enhanced compression beyond VVC capability (69) (section 5.2)
* AHG9: High-level syntax (HLS) proposals (section 6) with subtopics
  + Aspects of SEI messages un VSEI, VVC, HEVC and AVC (4) (section 6.1)
  + Aspects of SEI messages in VSEI v4 (25) (section 6.2)
  + Extensions of SEI messages in VSEI (2) (section 6.3)
  + SEI messages in TuC for VSEI (30) (section 6.4)
  + SEI messages on other topics (6) (section 6.5)
  + SEI software and showcases (3) (section 6.6)
* Joint meetings, plenary discussions, BoG reports (X) liaison (X), summary of actions (section 7)
* Project planning (section 8)
* Establishment of AHGs (section 9)
* Output documents (section 10)
* Future meeting plans and concluding remarks (section 11)

The document counts above do not include cross-checks and summary reports.

# AHG reports (18)

These reports were discussed during 1000–1320 on Thursday 26 June 2025 (chaired by JRO).

[JVET-AM0001](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15895) JVET AHG report: Project Management (AHG1) [J.-R. Ohm (chair), G. J. Sullivan (vice chair)]

The reflector used for discussions by the JVET and all of its AHGs is the JVET reflector:  
[jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de](mailto:jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de). For subscription to this list, see  
<https://lists.rwth-aachen.de/postorius/lists/jvet.lists.rwth-aachen.de/>.

The number of subscribers (on the day before the beginning of the current meeting) was 1315 (compared to 1292 by the time of the previous meeting). Furthermore, the previous lists of joint teams (which were still kept open as archives) had the following number of subscribers:

* JCT-VC – 1158 subscribers
* JCT-3V – 679 subscribers
* JVT-experts – 2073 subscribers

It is likely that many subscriptions of these latter three reflectors would have become obsolete, as no emails are being sent over them any more, and therefore automatic removal of addresses causing permanent bounces by being invalid (as it happens with the main JVET reflector) cannot be executed by the reflector management system.

1. **Goals and activity**

The work of the JVET overall had proceeded well in the interim period with similar number of input documents (as compared to the previous meeting) submitted to the current meeting. Intense discussion had been carried out on the group email reflector, and most output documents from the preceding meeting had been produced as planned.

Output documents from the preceding meeting had been made initially available at the JVET web site (<https://jvet-experts.org/>) or the ITU-based JVET ftp site (<http://wftp3.itu.int/av-arch/jvet-site/2025_03_AL_Virtual/>). It is noted that the previous document sites http://phenix.int-evry.fr/jvet/, http://phenix.int-evry.fr/jct/, and http://phenix.int-evry.fr/jct3v/ were shut down, but JCT-VC and JCT-3V documents can be accessed directly via the JVET site. All documents of JCT-VC, JCT-3V and JVET are also available from the ITU-based ftp site, where sub-folders ‘./documents/’ were created in the folders of the respective meetings (it is noted that, for practicality reasons, for JVET this is only done after all meeting documents including output documents are completely available in all versions). All those files come with the original time stamps by which the original versions of documents were uploaded.

The list of output documents produced since the last meeting included the following:

* JVET-AL1004 Errata report items for VVC, VSEI, HEVC, AVC, and Video CICP [Posted 2025-05-31]
* JVET-AL1006 HEVC additional profiles and SEI messages, also issued as WG 5 CDAM N 336 [Posted 2025-04-14]
* JVET-AL1017 Support for additional VSEI messages in AVC (draft 2) [Posted 2025-04-16]
* JVET-AL1018 HEVC with extensions and corrections (draft 1) [Posted 2025-05-31]
* JVET-AL2005 Additions and corrections for VVC version 4 (Draft 12), also issued as WG 5 DAM N 351 [Posted 2025-04-26]
* JVET-AL2006 Additional SEI messages for VSEI version 4 (Draft 6), also issued as WG 5 DAM N 347 [Posted 2025-04-11, last update 2025-04-23]
* JVET-AL2010 VTM and HM common test conditions and software reference configurations for SDR 4:2:0 10 bit video [Posted 2025-06-23]
* JVET-AL2019 Description of algorithms version 11 and software version 13 in neural network-based video coding (NNVC) [Posted 2025-06-26, after beginning of meeting]
* JVET-AL2020 Film grain synthesis technology for video applications ed. 2 (Draft L) [Posted 2025-06-XX, not available yet by beginning of meeting]
* JVET-AL2023 Exploration experiment on neural network-based video coding (EE1) [Posted 2025-04-04, last update 2025-04-21]
* JVET-AL2024 Exploration experiment on enhanced compression beyond VVC capability (EE2) [Posted 2025-04-04, last update 2025-05-05]
* JVET-AL2025 Algorithm description of Enhanced Compression Model 17 (ECM 17) [Posted 2025-06-20]
* JVET-AL2026 Draft Joint Call for Evidence on video compression with capability beyond VVC [Posted 2025-04-15, last update 2025-04-30]
* JVET-AL2028 Additions and corrections for VVC conformance (draft 1) [Posted 2025-05-02]
* JVET-AL2030 Optimization of encoders and receiving systems for machine analysis of coded video content (draft 9, also issued as WG 5 DTR N 354) [Posted 2025-04-30]
* JVET-AL2032 Technologies under consideration for future extensions of VSEI (version 8) [Posted 2025-05-16]

The eighteen *ad hoc* groups had made progress, and reports from those activities had been submitted. Various teleconferences had been held by AHGs. Furthermore, two exploration experiments (EE) on neural network-based video coding and on enhanced compression beyond VVC capability were conducted.

The arrangements for the 39th meeting had been announced in the JVET reflector, in the JVET logistics document (<https://www.itu.int/wftp3/av-arch/jvet-site/2025_06_AM_Daejeon/JVET-AM_Logistics.docx>), and in the WG 5 calling notice (N 358) and agenda (N 359) for the 20th WG 5 meeting.

Software integration was finalized approximately according to the plan.

Various problem reports relating to asserted bugs in the software, draft specification text, and reference encoder description had been submitted to an informal "bug tracking" system. That system is not intended as a replacement of our ordinary contribution submission process. However, the bug tracking system was considered to have been helpful to the software coordinators and text editors. The bug tracker reports had been automatically forwarded to the group email reflector, where the issues were discussed – and this is reported to have been helpful.

Roughly 200 input contributions (not counting the AHG reports, summary reports and crosschecks) had been registered for consideration at the current meeting.

It is further noted that, starting from the twentieth JVET meeting, work items which had originally been conducted by the Joint Collaborative Team on Video Coding (JCT-VC) were continued to be conducted in JVET as a single joint team, as negotiated by the parent bodies. This particularly consists of work on

* *High Efficiency Video Coding* (HEVC) and its extensions, the development of associated conformance test sets, reference software, verification testing, maintenance, and non-normative guidance information,
* Specification of *Coding-independent Code Points (Video)* (CICP), and associated technical report(s),
* Maintenance and enhancement work on the *Advanced Video Coding* (AVC) standard, associated conformance test sets and reference software.

To retain a consistent numbering scheme, the number range of output documents starting from 1001 was reserved for the previous JCT-VC and JCT-3V topic items listed above, whereas the number range starting from 2001 was retained for VVC, VSEI and exploration activities.

A preliminary basis for the document subject allocation and meeting notes for the 38h meeting had been made publicly available on the ITU-hosted ftp site as <http://wftp3.itu.int/av-arch/jvet-site/2025_06_AM_DaejeonJVET-AM_notes_d0.docx>.

Discussion has been conducted with the parent bodies how the expected need for more parallelism during JVET meetings in future standardization activities can be better managed, beyond the current practice of appointing BoGs. In this context, the JVET chair has proposed to establish a permanent subgroup structure, as foreseen in the JVET terms of reference, but never implemented so far.

1. **Recommendations**

* The AHG recommends its continuation.

The AHG recommends establishment of a subgroup structure in JVET, such that the necessary parallelization of activities during meetings can be conducted in a more formalized fashion.

[JVET-AM0002](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15896) JVET AHG report: Draft text and test model algorithm description editing (AHG2) [B. Bross, C. Rosewarne (co-chairs), F. Bossen, A. Browne, S. Kim, S. Liu, J.-R. Ohm, G. J. Sullivan, A. Tourapis, Y.-K. Wang, Y. Ye (vice chairs)]

2.1 Output documents produced

2.1.1 JVET-AL1004 Errata report items for VVC, VSEI, HEVC, AVC, and Video CICP [Y.-K. Wang, B. Bross, I. Moccagatta, C. Rosewarne, G. J. Sullivan]

This document contains a list of reported errata items for VVC, VSEI, HEVC, AVC, and Video CICP, for tracking purposes. Some of the items have been confirmed by the JVET and have been agreed to require fixing. This document also provides publication status backgrounds of these standards.

Incorporated items at the JVET-AL meeting:

• For HEVC:

o Removed items that have been integrated into JVET-AL1006 and JVET-AL1018.

• For VVC:

o Removed items that have been integrated into JVET-AL2005.

• For AVC:

In subclauses I.7.4.1.1 and I.8.2.3, there are two instances of "view oder", which should be changed to be "view order".

2.1.2 JVET-AL1006 HEVC additional profiles and SEI messages (draft 3) [Y.-K. Wang, B. Bross, S. Deshpande, G. J. Sullivan, A. Tourapis]

This document contains the draft text for changes to the High Efficiency Video Coding (HEVC) standard (Rec. ITU T H.265 | ISO/IEC 23008 2). The changes include the support of a new profile, namely the Multiview Main 10 profile, and the support of 12 new SEI messages, namely the SEI processing order, processing order nesting, encoder optimization information, source picture timing information, modality information, digitally signed content initialization, digitally signed content selection, and digitally signed content verification, generative face video, generative face video enhancement, AI usage restrictions, and packed regions information SEI messages, through referencing the Versatile Supplemental Enhancement Information (VSEI) standard (Rec. ITU T H.274 | ISO/IEC 23002 7). The changes also include some extensions and corrections to the previous version of the HEVC standard.

Changes that have been integrated for the 38th JVET meeting in March-April 2025:

1) JVET-AL0059 AHG9: Inclusion of the packed regions information SEI message in HEVC

2) "JVET-AL0324 (incl. aspects of AL0072 AL0098 AL0120 AL0122 AL0129 AL0303)" AHG9: A summary of proposals on the PRI SEI message

3) JVET-AL0061 AHG 9: Encoder optimization information for AVC and HEVC

4) JVET-AL0123 AHG9: On the encoder optimization information (EOI) SEI message

5) JVET-AL0117 AHG9: On association of NAL units to DSC verification substreams

6) JVET-AL0148 AHG9: Generative face video and generative face video enhancement SEI messages for HEVC and AVC

7) JVET-AL0210 AHG9: On SEI processing order SEI message for HEVC and AVC

8) JVET-AL0130 AHG9: Source picture timing for interlaced video with SPTI SEI message

9) JVET-AL0062 AHG 9: AI usage restrictions SEI message for AVC and HEVC

10) JVET-AL0339 Merged text of JVET-AL0086 and JVET-AL0204 for the FGC SEI message

11) JVET-AL0223 AHG2: Corrections and clarifications for profile-related aspects of the draft text for HEVC

12) Changes per the errata document JVET-AK1004.

13) Changes per the DoCR document WG5 N0348.

2.1.3 JVET-AL1017 Support for additional SEI messages in AVC (draft 2) [B. Bross, J. Boyce, G. J. Sullivan, Y.-K. Wang]

This document contains the draft text for changes to the Advanced Video Coding (AVC) standard (Rec. ITU T H.264 | ISO/IEC 14496-10). The changes include the support of five new SEI messages, namely the source picture timing information, modality information, digitally signed content initialization, digitally signed content selection, and digitally signed content verification SEI messages, through referencing the Versatile Supplemental Enhancement Information (VSEI) standard (Rec. ITU T H.274 | ISO/IEC 23002 7).

Changes that have been integrated for the 38th JVET meeting in March 2025:

1) JVET-AL0061 AHG 9: Encoder optimization information for AVC and HEVC

2) JVET-AL0062 AHG 9: AI usage restrictions SEI message for AVC and HEVC

3) JVET-AL0148 AHG9: Generative face video and generative face video enhancement SEI messages for HEVC and AVC

4) JVET-AL0222 AHG9: On Digitally Signed Content SEI messages

5) JVET-AL0117 AHG9: On association of NAL units to DSC verification substreams

6) JVET-AL0210 AHG9: On SEI processing order SEI message for HEVC and AVC

7) JVET-AL0130 AHG9: Source picture timing for interlaced video with SPTI SEI message

2.1.4 JVET-AL1018 HEVC with extensions and corrections (draft 1) [G. J. Sullivan, Y.-K. Wang]

This document provides a draft text with all changes in JVET-AL1006 integrated to the full text of Rec. ITU T H.265 (V10) (07/2024), plus some minor editorial changes that are not included in JVET-AL1006. The draft text is provided in an attachment to this document. The draft text is intended to be used as the basis for generating the ITU-T consent text for the next version of ITU T H.265.

2.1.5 JVET-AL2005 Additions and corrections for VVC version 4 (Draft 12) [G. J. Sullivan, B. Bross, M. M. Hannuksela, Y.-K. Wang]

This document contains the draft text for changes to the Versatile Video Coding (VVC) standard (Rec. ITU-T H.266 | ISO/IEC 23090-3). The changes include the support of 15 new SEI messages, namely 1) SEI processing order, 2) processing order nesting, 3) encoder optimization information, 4) source picture timing information, 5) object mask information, 6) modality information, 7) text description information, 8) digitally signed content initialization, 9) digitally signed content selection, 10) digitally signed content verification, 11) generative face video, 12) generative face video enhancement, 13) AI usage restrictions, 14) packed regions information, and 15) image format metadata, through referencing the Versatile Supplemental Enhancement Information (VSEI) standard (Rec. ITU T H.274 | ISO/IEC 23002 7). The changes also include updates to the interface text for support of the two neural-network post-filter (NNPF) SEI messages as well as some corrections to the previous version of the VVC standard.

Changes that have been integrated for the 38th JVET meeting in March-April 2025:

1) Item 8 of JVET-AL0155 AHG9: Further fixes and cleanup on GFV and GFVE SEI messages

2) JVET-AL0117 AHG9: On association of NAL units to DSC verification substreams

3) For the PRI SEI message, make the interface variables for width, height, max width, and max height to be layer specific, in both VSEI and VVC. (JVET-AL0120 item 1, JVET-AL0129 item 10, JVET-AL0303 item 3)

4) For the PRI SEI message, add the constraint that chroma format, luma bit depth and chroma bit depth layer are all equal. (JVET-AL0324 item 1.d alternative)

5) Constraint for the value of eoi\_quant\_threshold\_delta (JVET-AL0056 item 2b / JVET-AL0123 item 12).

6) JVET-AL0339 Merged text of JVET-AL0086 and JVET-AL0204 for the FGC SEI message

7) Addition of setting of the interface variables CroppedWidth and CroppedHeight for the EOI SEI message as part of JVET-AL0123 integration

8) For the OMI SEI message, extend the interface variables CroppedWidth and CroppedHeight to CroppedWidth[ lId ] and CroppedHeight[ lId ] and impose two constraints (item 4 and 5 of JVET-AL0067)

9) Miscellaneous elements from JVET-AG1004 (errata), and bug fixes from JVET-AH0002, tickets #1609 (NoBackwardPredFlag derivation ambiguity), #1617 (Not initialized NumCtusInSlice[ 0 ] to 0), #1624 (Incorrect indexing in computation of motion vector offset), #1627 (palette mode explicit instruction to put the array of reconstructed samples into the picture array), #1628 (Derivation of ModeTypeCondition should say “one or more”), #1630 (Missing equations for applying AmvrShift), #1631 (Should “Motion vector storing process for geometric partitioning mode” store HpelIfIdx? BBross: HpekIfIdx should always be written since it might be accessed later so it is definitely missing in "Motion vector storing process for geometric partitioning mode".), #1632 (Incorrect indexing used for choosing matrix intra sample prediction), #1634 (Matrices QStateTransTable, levelScale, AlfFixFiltCoeff, AlfClassToFiltMap incorrectly transposed), #1635 (tu\_y\_coded\_flag inference when cu\_coded\_flag is equal to 0), #1644 (correcting subclause cross-reference for DpbOutputInterval[ n ]), US-007 decoding order clarification, US-012 (avoiding the expression “Y = !X”), US-033 (sn\_zero\_bit coding type should be f(1) rather than u(1)).

2.1.6 JVET-AL2006 Additional SEI messages for VSEI version 4 (Draft 6) [J. Boyce, J. Chen, S. Deshpande, M. M. Hannuksela, S. McCarthy, G. J. Sullivan, H. Tan, Y.-K. Wang]

This document contains the draft text for changes to the versatile supplemental enhancement information messages for coded video bitstreams (VSEI) standard (Rec. ITU-T H.274 | ISO/IEC 23002-7), to specify 15 additional SEI messages, namely 1) SEI processing order, 2) processing order nesting, 3) encoder optimization information, 4) source picture timing information, 5) object mask information, 6) modality information, 7) text description information, 8) digitally signed content initialization, 9) digitally signed content selection, 10) digitally signed content verification, 11) generative face video, 12) generative face video enhancement, 13) AI usage restrictions, 14) packed regions information, and 15) image format metadata. The changes also include updates to some of the existing SEI messages, including the two neural-network post-filter (NNPF) SEI messages, as well as some corrections to the previous version of the VSEI standard.

Editors’ notes and changes yet to be integrated:

• All automatically generated numbering and cross-reference fields will need to be updated after the changes are integrated into the basis text. Check the use of “pertain”; the word is not used in a similar way anywhere in the existing standard.

• payloadType values are to be specified the corresponding VVC, HEVC or AVC draft text. The use of prefix SEI NAL unit was enabled for all new SEI messages, whereas the use of suffix SEI NAL unit was enabled for encoder optimization information and object mask information SEI messages, since their content may be determined while the encoder encodes the associated picture.

Changes that have been integrated:

A description of the contributions reflected in this document relative to JVET-AK2006:

• SPO

o JVET-AL0063 AHG9: On SPO SEI message

o JVET-AL0064 AHG9: On the SPO SEI message complexity signaling

o JVET-AL0208 AHG9: On SPO root-process signaling constraint

• NNPF

o JVET-AL0075 AHG9: On nnpfa\_num\_input\_pic\_shift

o JVET-AL0096 AHG9: On signalling of extension syntax elements in NNPFA SEI message

• EOI

o JVET-AL0056 AHG0: On the encoder optimization information SEI message

o JVET-AL0123 AHG9: On the encoder optimization information (EOI) SEI message

o JVET-AL0310 On signalling of resampling type for EOI SEI message

• IFM

o JVET-AL0068 AHG9: On image format metadata (IFM) SEI

o JVET-AL0094 AHG9: On payload length of image format metadata (IFM) SEI

o JVET-AL0128 AHG9: On image format metadata SEI message

o Item 4 of JVET-AL0132 AHG9: Editorial updates for VSEI v4

• AUR

o JVET-AL0058 AHG9: On the AI usage restrictions SEI message

• TDI

o JVET-AL0077 AHG9: On the text description information SEI message

• FGC

o JVET-AL0339 AHG9: Merged text of JVET-AL0086 and JVET-AL0204 for the FGC SEI message

• GFV

o JVET-AL0155 AHG9: Further fixes and cleanup on GFV and GFVE SEI messages

• DSC

o JVET-AL0078 AHG9: On Digital Signing

o JVET-AL0103 AHG9: Editorial changes for the three DSC SEI messages

o JVET-AL0117 AHG9: On association of NAL units to DSC verification substreams

o JVET-AL0118 AHG9: Miscellaneous changes for the three DSC SEI messages

o JVET-AL0222 AHG9: On Digitally Signed Content SEI messages

o JVET-AL0327 AHG9: Handling of multiple DSC systems

• PRI

o JVET-AL0070 AHG9: On packed regions information SEI message

o "JVET-AL0324 (incl. aspects of AL0072 AL0098 AL0120 AL0122 AL0129 AL0303)" AHG9: A summary of proposals on the PRI SEI message

• OMI

o JVET-AL0066 AHG9: Lossy compression with Object mask info SEI

o JVET-AL0067 AHG9: On the OMI SEI

o JVET-AL0071 AHG9: On OMI SEI message

o Item 2 of JVET-AL0249 AHG9: Proposed modifications to VSEI to address national body comments

• Multiple

o JVET-AL0301 AHG9: VSEI specification changes to reference the 3rd edition of video CICP

o Item 1 of JVET-AL0249 AHG9: Proposed modifications to VSEI to address national body comments

o Items 2 and 3 (on AUR) of JVET-AL0131 AHG9: Proposed changes for miscellaneous aspects of SEIs in VSEI v4

• General editorial improvements

o JVET-AJ0185 Editorial updates for NNPFC, SPO and TDI SEI messages

 Item 2

o Editorial correction for SII SEI message

• SPTI

o JVET-AL0130 AHG9: Source picture timing for interlaced video with SPTI SEI message

3 Related input contributions

Input contributions were noted as relevant to the work of this ad hoc group:

• JVET-AM0048 AHG9/AHG2: Miscellaneous changes for HEVC [Y.-K. Wang, J. Xu (Bytedance)]

• JVET-AM0292 AHG9/AHG2: On the semantics of po\_num\_bits\_in\_prefix\_indication\_minus1[ i ] and po\_sei\_prefix\_data\_bit[ i ][ j ] [Y.-K. Wang (Bytedance)]

4 Remaining VVC spec tickets

Closed since JVET-AL0002 was reported:

• (none)

Carried over (strikethough means addressed in the indicated errata report and can be closed):

• #1609 NoBackwardPredFlag derivation ambiguity (Addressed in JVET-AI1004)

• #1617 Not initialized NumCtusInSlice[0] to 0. (Addressed in JVET-AI1004)

• #1624 Incorrect indexing in computation of motion vector offset. (Addressed in JVET-AI1004)

• #1627 "Decoding process for palette mode" does not say what to do with output samples. (Discussed in JVET-AI1004)

• #1628 Derivation of ModeTypeCondition should say "one or more". (Addressed in JVET-AI1004)

• #1629 mtt\_split\_cu\_vertical\_flag context uses undefined variable chType. (Discussed in JVET-AI1004)

• #1630 Missing equations for applying AmvrShift. (Discussed in JVET-AI1004)

• #1631 Should "Motion vector storing process for geometric partitioning mode" store HpelIfIdx? (addressed in JVET-AI1004)

• #1632 Incorrect indexing used for choosing matrix intra sample prediction. (Addressed in JVET-AI1004)

• #1634 Matrices QStateTransTable, levelScale, AlfFixFiltCoeff, AlfClassToFiltMap are incorrectly transposed. (Addressed in JVET-AI1004)

• #1635 Incorrect inference for tu\_y\_coded\_flag. (Discussed in JVET-AI1004)

• #1644 Correction of wrong reference on VVC Annex C.4 regarding DpbOutputInterval constraint. Applicable to and corrected in HEVC as well. (Addressed in JVET-AI1004)

• #1650 Incorrect indexing for the h location component in ALF process. (Discussed in JVET-AJ1004)

• #1651 References to various non-existent syntax elements relating to sps\_partition\_constraints\_override\_enabled\_flag.

• #1652 Incorrect heading style in JVET-S2001-v17.

New (since JVET-AK0002 was reported)

• (none)

5 Remaining HEVC spec tickets

Closed since JVET-AL0002 was reported:

• (none)

Carried over:

• #1427 (8-155) and (8-157) do not seem to be used

• #1491 Duplicate invocation of 9.3.4.3 arithmetic decoding process

• #1498 Typos in the Table 9-43

• #1500 Typo in equation (8-69),(8-70)

• #1504 Small typos in profile\_tier\_level syntax in tabular form (7.3.3)

• #1505 Misleading bitstream requirement related to EOB NAL unit

• #1507 Duplicate row entries for CU QP delta syntax elements in Table 9-48

• #1520 Some smaller errors in the multiview spec

• #1522 Offset issue in clause 8.5.4.3

• #1644 Correction of wrong reference on VVC Annex C.4 regarding DpbOutputInterval constraint. Filed as VVC ticket but applicable to and corrected in HEVC as well. (Addressed in JVET-AI1004)

New (since JVET-AL0002 was reported):

• (none)

6 Recommendations

The AHG recommends to:

• Approve JVET-AL1004, JVET-AL1006, JVET-AL1017, JVET-AL1018, JVET-AL2005, and JVET-AL2006 documents as JVET outputs,

• Compare the VVC documents with the VVC software and resolve any discrepancies that may exist, in collaboration with the software AHG,

• Encourage the use of the issue tracker to report issues with the text of both the VVC specification text and the algorithm and encoder description,

• Continue to improve the editorial consistency of VVC text specification and Test Model documents,

• Ensure that, when considering changes to VVC, properly drafted text for addition to the VVC Test Model and/or the VVC specification text is made available in a timely manner,

• Review bug tickets, and other AHG2 related inputs and act on them if found to be necessary.

[JVET-AM0003](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15897) JVET AHG report: Test model software development (AHG3) [F. Bossen, X. Li, K. Sühring (co-chairs), E. François, Y. He, K. Sharman, V. Seregin, A. Tourapis (vice chairs)]

The software model versions prior to the start of the meeting were:

* [VTM 23.10](https://vcgit.hhi.fraunhofer.de/jvet/VVCSoftware_VTM/-/releases/VTM-23.10) (May 2025)
* [VTM-22.2-TuC4.0](https://vcgit.hhi.fraunhofer.de/jvet-tuc/VVCSoftware_VTM/-/releases/VTM-22.2-TuC4.0) (Feb. 2025)
* [HM-18.0](https://vcgit.hhi.fraunhofer.de/jvet/HM/-/releases/HM-18.0) (Apr. 2023)
* [HM-16.21+SCM-8.8](https://vcgit.hhi.fraunhofer.de/jvet/HM/-/tags/HM-16.21+SCM-8.8) (Mar. 2020)
* [SHM 12.4](https://vcgit.hhi.fraunhofer.de/jvet/SHM/-/tags/SHM-12.4) (Jan. 2018)
* [HTM 16.3](https://vcgit.hhi.fraunhofer.de/jvet/HTM/-/tags/HTM-16.3) (Jul. 2018)
* [JM 19.1](https://vcgit.hhi.fraunhofer.de/jvet/JM/-/releases/JM-19.1) (Apr. 2023)
* [JSVM 9.19.15](https://vcgit.hhi.fraunhofer.de/jvet/jsvm/-/tags/JSVM_9_19_15)
* [JMVC 8.5](https://vcgit.hhi.fraunhofer.de/jvet/jmvc/-/tags/JMVC_8_5)
* [3DV ATM 15.0](https://vcgit.hhi.fraunhofer.de/jvet/3dv-atm/-/tags/3DV-ATM_v15.0) (no version history)
* [HDRTools 0.24](https://gitlab.com/standards/HDRTools/-/tags/v0.24) (March 2023)

Software for MFC and MFCD is only available as published by ITU-T and ISO/IEC. It is planned to create repositories with the latest versions available in ITU-T H.264.2 (02/2016). All development history is lost.

1. **Software development**

Development was continued on the GitLab server, which allows participants to register accounts and use a distributed development workflow based on git.

The server is located at:

<https://vcgit.hhi.fraunhofer.de>

The registration and development workflow are documented at:

<https://vcgit.hhi.fraunhofer.de/jvet/VVCSoftware_VTM/wikis/VVC-Software-Development-Workflow>

Although the development process is described in the context of the VTM software, it can be applied to all other software projects hosted on the GitLab server as well.

Between the 31st and 32nd meetings, the GitLab server was affected by a huge number of spam issues, which were generated using newly registered accounts. Administrator user account confirmation was enabled to protect the server from spam postings. Proponents should plan for some time for server admins to confirm new accounts.

Between the 37th and 38th JVET meeting extensive renewal work was performed on the build server infrastructure. To finish these works, changes to the build configurations are required for all software projects using build pipelines. The necessary information will be communicated to the software coordinators when available.

1. **VTM related activities**

The VTM software can be found at

<https://vcgit.hhi.fraunhofer.de/jvet/VVCSoftware_VTM/>

The software development continued on the GitLab server. VTM version 23.9 was tagged on Apr. 12, 2025. VTM 23.10 was tagged on May 7, 2025. VTM 23.11 is expected during the 39th JVET meeting.

VTM 23.9 was tagged on Apr. 12, 2025. Changes include:

* JVET-AJ0170: Flag to indicate the direction of the signalled source picture intervals
* JVET-AK0194 related: add VPS to list of signed non-VCL NAL units
* Add cmake option ENABLE\_SEARCH\_OPENSSL
* JVET-AK0181: Fix to remove enabling of the DMVR encoder control when GOPbasedRPR is enabled
* Check minimum required version of OpenSSL
* Update copyright header to include the year 2025
* Fix the JVET document number reference in the macro
* JVET-AK0072 items 1 and 2: nnpfc\_input\_pic\_filering flag inference and constraint
* JVET-AK0075: QP threshold for object-based optimization in EOI SEI
* JVET-AJ0048: Update SeiProcessingOrderSeiList
* fixes for multilayer
* JVET-AJ0104\_AJ0114: Implementation of input prompt and input picture shift in NNFPA SEI message
* fix memory leak
* JVET-AK0072 item 3: NNPF prompt null string constraint
* Rename "high performance" configuration folder for better reference in CTC
* JVET-AK0181: alternative configurations
* Merge and move configuration files for RA adaptive resolution
* JVET-AK0239: GFVE SEI message
* JVET-AH0174/JVET-AJ0073: Add nnpfc\_scan\_type\_idc syntax element in the NNPFC SEI message
* JVET-AK2006: Updates for SPTI SEI message
* JVET-AK0330: Fixes to OMI SEI message
* JVET-AK0333: Nested sub-chains in SPO SEI
* Work-around compile-problem with gcc 13/14
* JVET-AK0238: Bug fixes and codes cleanup for GFV SEI message
* Set DeblockingFilterOffsetInPPS to 1 for RA configs
* Modify semantics of IntraPeriod to enable autosetting based on frame rate
* JVET-AL0207: On matching target bitrate for subjective quality evaluation
* JVET-AL0055: Alternative configurations with reduced encoder runtime

VTM 23.10 was tagged on May 7, 2025. Changes only include removal of macros from previous meeting cycles.

VTM 23.11 is expected to be tagged during the 39th JVET meeting. Changes are expected to include:

* JVET-AJ0105: Complexity Info in SPO SEI message
* JVET-AK0114: Implementation of AI-Usage Restrictions SEI message
* WG03 N01464: Implementation of attenuation maps as new green metadata type
* Fix incorrect constant in ISP search
* Improved implementation of hash search
* JVET-AL0067: OMI SEI constraints
* JVET-AL0056: Constraint for quant threshold delta in EOI SEI message
* Faster CRC32C computation
* Faster temporal prefilter
* JVET-AL0117: On association of NAL units to DSC verification substreams
* JVET-AK0326 and JVET-AI0070: Updated NNPF SEI messages
* JVET-AL0075: Add nnpfa\_selected\_input\_flag to NNPFA SEI
* JVET-AL0339: Spatial Resolution for the FGC SEI message
* JVET-AL0324, AL0070: updates of PRI SEI message
* Introduce cfg parameter to remove dependency on GOP size when determining `pps\_init\_qp\_minus26`
* JVET-AJ0060: multilayer adaptation of Packed regions information SEI message
* JVET-AL0301: Specify constraints on syntax elements related to matrix\_coeffs
* JVET-AK0140: Packed Regions Info SEI
* JVET-AL0123/AL0310: Signalling changes to the EOI SEI message
* JVET-AK0287: Signal flags in DSCI SEI to indicate substream dependency
* JVET-AJ0183: Implementation of syntax element eoi\_src\_pic\_flag in Encoder Optimization Information SEI message

***CTC Performance***

VTM 23.9 shows identical performance compared to VTM 23.7 in SDR CTC for AI and LD configurations. There is a minor change in RA:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Random access Main10** | | | | |
|  | **Over [vtm][vtm][VTM-23.7][b0c3ff99][ip1s][t0]** | | | | |
|  | Y | U | V | EncT | DecT |
| Class A1 | -0.02% | -0.02% | -0.02% | 99% | 99% |
| Class A2 | -0.02% | -0.03% | -0.01% | 100% | 100% |
| Class B | -0.05% | -0.05% | -0.05% | 100% | 100% |
| Class C | -0.11% | -0.11% | -0.10% | 100% | 101% |
| Class E |  |  |  |  |  |
| **Overall** | -0.05% | -0.06% | -0.05% | 99% | 100% |
| Class D | -0.31% | -0.31% | -0.31% | 99% | 100% |
| Class F | -0.13% | -0.13% | -0.13% | 100% | 102% |

The current master branch (to be tagged as VTM 23.11) shows some improvements compared to VTM 23.9/23.10 due to MR2840, which enables DeblockingFilterOffsetInPPS, and faster code with reduced memory usage due to improvements in temporal prefilter and hash ME.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **All Intra Main10** | | | | | | | |
|  | **Over VTM 23.10** | | | | | | | |
|  | Y | U | V | VMAF | VMAF-NEG | EncT | DecT | mPeakR |
| Class A1 | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 95.9% | 98.6% | 69% |
| Class A2 | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 97.7% | 98.9% | 69% |
| Class B | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 98.3% | 97.1% | 80% |
| Class C | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 99.3% | 96.9% | 93% |
| Class E | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 97.1% | 99.3% | 87% |
| **Overall** | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 97.8% | 98.0% | 80% |
| Class D | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 97.9% | 90.6% | 98% |
| Class F | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 99.0% | 97.5% | 90% |
| Class TGM | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 98.0% | 95.5% | 96% |
| Class M | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 99.2% | 97.0% | 86% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | **Random Access Main 10** | | | | | | | |
|  | **Over VTM 23.10** | | | | | | | |
|  | Y | U | V | VMAF | VMAF-NEG | EncT | DecT | mPeakR |
| Class A1 | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 97.0% | 99.1% | 88% |
| Class A2 | -0.01% | -0.01% | -0.01% | -0.01% | -0.01% | 96.6% | 99.1% | 88% |
| Class B | -0.01% | -0.01% | -0.01% | -0.01% | -0.01% | 96.8% | 98.3% | 90% |
| Class C | -0.02% | -0.02% | -0.02% | -0.04% | -0.03% | 97.0% | 95.7% | 96% |
| Class E |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **Overall (Ref)** | -0.01% | -0.01% | -0.01% | -0.02% | -0.02% | 96.9% | 97.9% | 91% |
| Class D | -0.06% | -0.07% | -0.07% | -0.10% | -0.09% | 98.1% | 96.2% | 98% |
| Class F | -0.03% | -0.03% | -0.03% | -0.04% | -0.04% | 96.2% | 95.0% | 97% |
| Class TGM | -0.01% | -0.01% | -0.01% | -0.02% | -0.02% | 98.5% | 98.5% | 99% |
| Class M | -0.02% | -0.02% | -0.02% | -0.03% | -0.03% | 97.0% | 98.0% | 98% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | **Low delay B Main10** | | | | | | | |
|  | **Over VTM 23.10** | | | | | | | |
|  | Y | U | V | VMAF | VMAF-NEG | EncT | DecT | mPeakR |
| Class A1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Class A2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Class B | -0.01% | -0.01% | -0.01% | -0.01% | -0.01% | 97.5% | 101.8% | 76% |
| Class C | -0.02% | -0.02% | -0.02% | -0.03% | -0.02% | 97.2% | 96.1% | 94% |
| Class E | -0.11% | -0.11% | -0.10% | -0.13% | -0.13% | 94.5% | 94.5% | 90% |
| **Overall (Ref)** | -0.04% | -0.04% | -0.04% | -0.05% | -0.05% | 96.7% | 98.0% | 85% |
| Class D | -0.06% | -0.05% | -0.05% | -0.08% | -0.08% | 97.8% | 109.7% | 98% |
| Class F | -0.04% | -0.04% | -0.04% | -0.05% | -0.05% | 94.9% | 95.4% | 94% |
| Class TGM | -0.01% | -0.01% | -0.01% | -0.02% | -0.02% | 96.6% | 94.9% | 99% |
| Class M | -0.03% | -0.03% | -0.03% | -0.04% | -0.04% | 93.9% | 97.2% | 98% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | **Low delay P Main10** | | | | | | | |
|  | **Over VTM 23.10** | | | | | | | |
|  | Y | U | V | VMAF | VMAF-NEG | EncT | DecT | mPeakR |
| Class A1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Class A2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Class B | -0.01% | -0.01% | -0.01% | -0.01% | -0.01% | 96.2% | 97.3% | 79% |
| Class C | -0.01% | -0.01% | -0.01% | -0.01% | -0.01% | 96.8% | 94.5% | 93% |
| Class E | -0.09% | -0.09% | -0.08% | -0.11% | -0.10% | 94.8% | 98.2% | 90% |
| **Overall (Ref)** | -0.03% | -0.03% | -0.03% | -0.04% | -0.03% | 96.1% | 96.6% | 86% |
| Class D | -0.04% | -0.03% | -0.03% | -0.06% | -0.06% | 96.4% | 94.2% | 98% |
| Class F | -0.02% | -0.03% | -0.03% | -0.04% | -0.03% | 96.2% | 98.4% | 96% |
| Class TGM | -0.01% | -0.01% | -0.01% | -0.01% | -0.01% | 95.8% | 94.3% | 99% |
| Class M | -0.02% | -0.02% | -0.02% | -0.03% | -0.03% | 92.5% | 97.3% | 97% |

For the HDR CTCs, coding performance of VTM 23.10 compared to VTM 23.8 are reported in table below. Slight variations are observed in RA. Encoding/decoding run times are very close.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Random Access** | | | | | | | | | |
|  | **Over VTM23.8** | | | | | | | | | |
|  |  |  | **wPSNR** |  |  | **PSNR** |  |  |  |  |
|  | DE100 | PSNR-L100 | Y | U | V | Y | U | V | EncT | DecT |
| Class H1 | -0.10% | -0.10% | -0.10% | -0.10% | -0.11% | -0.10% | -0.10% | -0.11% | 100% | 102% |
| Class H2 |  |  |  |  |  | -0.03% | -0.03% | -0.03% | 100% | 100% |
| **Overall** | -0.10% | -0.10% | -0.10% | -0.10% | -0.11% | -0.07% | -0.07% | -0.08% | 100% | 102% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | **All Intra** | | | | | | | | | |
|  | **Over VTM23.8** | | | | | | | | | |
|  |  |  | **wPSNR** | | | **PSNR** | | |  |  |
|  | DE100 | PSNR-L100 | Y | U | V | Y | U | V | EncT | DecT |
| Class H1 | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 101% | 101% |
| Class H2 |  |  |  |  |  | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 100% | 99% |
| **Overall** | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 101% | 100% |

For the high bit depth CTCs, VTM 23.10 also shows no changes in coding performance compared to VTM 23.8 except for random access simulations where there is a slight improvement. This is assumed to be due to the changes introduced in MR2840.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Random Access High Bit Depth Standard QP Range** | | | | | | | | | |
|  | **Over VTM23.8** | | | | | | | | | |
|  |  |  | **wPSNR** |  |  | **PSNR** |  |  |  |  |
|  | DE100 | PSNR-L100 | Y | U | V | Y | U | V | EncT | DecT |
| Class H1 | -0.09% | -0.08% | -0.08% | -0.08% | -0.09% | -0.08% | -0.08% | -0.09% | 102% | 101% |
| Class H2 |  |  |  |  |  | -0.10% | -0.12% | -0.12% | 102% | 101% |
| **Overall** | -0.09% | -0.08% | -0.08% | -0.08% | -0.09% | -0.09% | -0.10% | -0.10% | 102% | 101% |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Random Access High Bit Depth Low QP Range** | | | | | | | |
|  | **Over VTM23.8** | | | | | | | |
|  | wPsnrY | wPsnrU | wPsnrV | psnrY | psnrU | psnrV | EncT | DecT |
| PQ444 | -0.001% | -0.001% | -0.001% | -0.001% | -0.001% | -0.001% | 99% | 99% |
| PQ422 | -0.001% | -0.001% | -0.001% | -0.001% | -0.001% | -0.001% | 100% | 100% |
| **Overall** | -0.001% | -0.001% | -0.001% | -0.001% | -0.001% | -0.001% | 99% | 100% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **Overall PQ** | 0.000% | 0.000% | 0.000% | 0.000% | 0.000% | 0.000% | 100% | 100% |

Performance of high-performance conditions is reported for VTM 23.10 as follows:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Random Access Main 10** | | | | | | | | |
|  | **Over VTM 23.10** | | | | | | | | |
|  | Y | U | V | VMAF | VMAF-NEG | EncT | DecT | mPeakR | mHWMR |
| Class A1 | -0.28% | -2.13% | -3.07% | 0.12% | -0.08% | 164.1% | 100.4% | 100% | 103% |
| Class A2 | -1.54% | -3.90% | -3.30% | -0.49% | -0.43% | 180.0% | 100.7% | 100% | 101% |
| Class B | -1.51% | -5.21% | -5.54% | -1.00% | -0.96% | 183.2% | 100.7% | 100% | 102% |
| Class C | -1.71% | -5.11% | -4.81% | -0.38% | -0.23% | 195.8% | 101.4% | 100% | 103% |
| Class E |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **Overall (Ref)** | -1.32% | -4.31% | -4.40% | -0.51% | -0.49% | 181.8% | 100.8% | 100% | 102% |
| Class D | -1.22% | -5.55% | -5.62% | -0.01% | 0.09% | 184.8% | 102.0% | 100% | 104% |
| Class F | -2.60% | -3.64% | -3.57% | -0.91% | -1.20% | 183.6% | 102.8% | 100% | 100% |
| Class TGM | -1.66% | -2.47% | -2.31% | -1.95% | -1.62% | 184.2% | 98.1% | 100% | 100% |
| Class M | -4.09% | -4.80% | -4.29% | -2.51% | -3.32% | 176.8% | 101.5% | 100% | 100% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | **Low delay B Main10** | | | | | | | | |
|  | **Over VTM 23.10** | | | | | | | | |
|  | Y | U | V | VMAF | VMAF-NEG | EncT | DecT | mPeakR | mHWMR |
| Class A1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Class A2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Class B | -1.66% | -1.62% | -1.27% | -1.41% | -1.43% | 200.5% | 96.8% | 100% | 100% |
| Class C | -1.38% | -1.15% | -1.69% | -1.44% | -1.31% | 208.0% | 101.2% | 100% | 101% |
| Class E | -1.30% | -2.15% | -1.73% | -0.38% | -1.24% | 176.2% | 106.7% | 100% | 101% |
| **Overall (Ref)** | -1.48% | -1.60% | -1.52% | -1.16% | -1.34% | 196.5% | 100.6% | 100% | 100% |
| Class D | -1.40% | -1.02% | -1.05% | -0.78% | -0.85% | 195.3% | 91.0% | 100% | 101% |
| Class F | -1.70% | -1.88% | -2.06% | -1.74% | -1.65% | 173.2% | 103.3% | 100% | 101% |
| Class TGM | -1.75% | -1.68% | -1.64% | -1.42% | -1.69% | 180.1% | 101.5% | 100% | 100% |
| Class M | -1.84% | -2.14% | -2.30% | -1.43% | -1.60% | 168.9% | 101.4% | 100% | 100% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | **Low delay P Main10** | | | | | | | | |
|  | **Over VTM 23.10** | | | | | | | | |
|  | Y | U | V | VMAF | VMAF-NEG | EncT | DecT | mPeakR | mHWMR |
| Class A1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Class A2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Class B | -1.01% | -0.49% | -0.17% | -0.86% | -0.91% | 170.5% | 100.4% | 100% | 100% |
| Class C | -0.91% | -0.40% | -0.79% | -0.95% | -0.92% | 173.5% | 102.7% | 100% | 101% |
| Class E | -1.04% | -1.59% | -0.96% | -0.58% | -1.21% | 145.3% | 101.4% | 100% | 100% |
| **Overall (Ref)** | -0.98% | -0.73% | -0.57% | -0.82% | -0.99% | 164.8% | 101.4% | 100% | 100% |
| Class D | -0.96% | -0.77% | 0.29% | -0.80% | -0.89% | 163.5% | 102.9% | 100% | 101% |
| Class F | -1.01% | -1.25% | -1.01% | -0.86% | -0.93% | 147.0% | 100.0% | 101% | 101% |
| Class TGM | -1.31% | -1.42% | -1.45% | -1.25% | -1.50% | 159.0% | 100.6% | 101% | 101% |
| Class M | -1.40% | -1.48% | -1.98% | -1.41% | -1.50% | 145.7% | 100.8% | 100% | 100% |

***Issues in VTM affecting conformance***

The following issues in VTM master branch may affect conformance:

* Missing HLS features (see sections below)

Several merge requests for proposals from the 36th or 37th JVET meeting, mostly related to SEI messages in VSEI are still pending review and/or waiting for resolution of comments and rebasing.

***Status of implementation of proposals of previous JVET meetings***

The following list contains all adoptions of the Q and R meetings that were not marked as merged (or submitted) or specification only change in the software coordinator tracking sheet:

* JVET-Q0112
* JVET-Q0154: Disallow mixing of GDR and IRAP (Disallow mixing of GDR with any non-GDR).
* JVET-Q0164
* JVET-Q0402
* JVET-R0178: Require that when no\_aps\_constraint\_flag is equal to 1, sps\_lmcs\_enabled\_flag and sps\_scaling\_list\_enabled\_flag shall be equal to 0
* JVET-R0221
* JVET-R0046: Change the description of the bitstream extraction process per the value of max\_tid\_il\_ref\_pics\_plus1[ ][ ] (aspect 1.2 per JVET-R0046-v4).
* JVET-R0065: Specify that GDR AUs shall be complete – i.e., all of the layers in the CVS shall have a picture in the AU (as with IRAP AUs).
* JVET-R0191: Update the range value for num\_ols\_hrd\_params\_minus1.
* JVET-R0222 aspect 1: Infer vps\_max\_sublayers\_minus1 to be equal to 6 when sps\_video\_parameter\_set\_id is equal to 0 (i.e. VPS is not present). The exact editorial expression is at the discretion of the editor.
* JVET-S0196 (JVET-S0144 item 17)
* JVET-S0227 (JVET-S0144 item 22)
* JVET-S0077 (JVET-S0139 item 5)
* JVET-S0174 aspect 2 (JVET-S0139 item 18.b)
* JVET-S0156 aspect 3 (JVET-S0139 item 21)
* JVET-S0139 item 26 (no source listed, text only?)
* JVET-S0188 aspect 1 (JVET-S0139 item 28)
* JVET-S0139 item 40 (item does not exist)
* JVET-S0042 (JVET-S0142 item 1.b)
* JVET-S0174 aspect 1 (JVET S0143 item 19)
* JVET-S0096 aspect 3 (JVET-S0140 item 10)
* JVET-S0096 aspect 4 (JVET-S0140 item 13)
* JVET-S0159 aspect 3 (JVET-S0140 item 16)
* JVET-S0171 (JVET-S0256)
* JVET-S0118 (JVET-S0141 item 7)
* JVET-S0102 (JVET-S0141 item 9.a)
* JVET-S0157 item 2 (JVET-S0141 item 13)
* JVET-S0157 item 4 (JVET-S0141 item 14)
* JVET-S0175 aspect 3 (JVET-S0141 item 16)
* JVET-S0175 aspect 1, 2 (JVET-S0141 item 17)
* JVET-S0175 aspects 4 and 5 (JVET-S0141 item 18)
* JVET-S0175 aspect 6 (JVET-S0141 item 19)
* JVET-S0198/ JVET-S0223 (JVET-S0141 item 24)
* JVET-S0173 aspect 2 (JVET-S0141 item 40.b)
* JVET-S0173 item 1 (JVET-S0141 item 51)
* JVET-S0173 item 3 (JVET-S0141 item 52)
* JVET-S0173 item 5 (JVET-S0141 item 53)
* JVET-S0173 item 6 (JVET-S0141 item 54)
* JVET-S0173 item 4 (JVET-S0141 item 56)
* JVET-S0176 item 4 (JVET-S0141 item 60)
* JVET-S0154 aspect 5 (JVET-S0141 item 68)
* JVET-S0154 aspect 6 (JVET-S0141 item 69)
* JVET-S0154 aspect 8 (JVET-S0141 item 71)
* JVET-S0095 aspect 5 (JVET-S0145 item 5)
* JVET-S0095 aspect 6 (JVET-S0145 item 6)
* JVET-S0100 aspect 1, depends on JVET-R0193 (JVET-S0147 item 2)
* FINB ballot comments
* Make high tier support up to 960.

***SEI TuC software***

Per the decision during the 32nd JVET meeting, an SEI TuC repository was created based on VTM-22.2. The repository is located at:

<https://vcgit.hhi.fraunhofer.de/jvet-tuc/VVCSoftware_VTM>

It should be noted that some of the technologies for which merge requests were submitted to TuC, got moved into the working draft. The merge requests were closed, when appropriate merge requests for VTM were available.

VTM-22.2-TuC-5.0 is expected to be tagged during the 39th JVET meeting.

The following changes were merged into the TuC branch:

* Fix build on macos arm
* JVET-AK0153: Photosensitive content SEI messages
* Remove Packed Regions SEI (moved to VTM)
* JVET-AJ0245: Multi-layer support for Constituent Rectangles SEI

The following merge requests were submitted and are pending:

* JVET-AK0142: "AHG9: Display Rectangles SEI"
* FGR SEI code from JVET\_AG0328
* JVET-AI0340: Implementation of AI-restrictions usage SEI message

1. **HM related activities**

There was no new HM version tagged during this meeting cycle.

The following MRs were merged:

* JVET-AE0101: implement phase indication SEI message
* Update auto-build from VTM build definition
* Update copyright headers to include 2025
* JVET-AK0107: Modality Information SEI
* JVET-AK0194: Digitally Signed Content SEI messages
* Fix building on ARM
* Enable build on macOS/arm
* Modify semantics of IntraPeriod to enable autosetting based on frame rate
* Fix yuv output when bitdepth is changed between sequence
* Add missing initialization in TComPPS and TComScalingList (fix asan/msan errors)

The following MRs are pending [with status indicated]:

* JVET-AL0059: Packed regions information SEI (pending reviewing)
* JVET-AL0148: implementation of GFV and GFVE SEI messages (pending review)
* Avoid reading SEI content when payloadSize = 0 (one issue remains)
* JVET-AL0062: AI usage restrictions SEI message (pending review)
* JVET-AK2006: Add support for SPTI SEI message (pending review/rebasing)
* JVET-AL0061: Import encoder optimization information SEI Message form VTM (pending review)
* JVET-AL0148: implementation of GFV and GFVE SEI messages (pending review)
* Port the Y4M support [one issue remains]
* Mark the current picture as short-term ref (for SCM) [need SCC expert reviewer]

A new version of HM is expected to be tagged during or after the 39th JVET meeting.

The HM SCC (SCM) branch (HM-16.21+SCM-8.8) has not been updated for the recent HM versions. Updating SCM to, for example, HM-18.0+SCM-8.8 should be considered. It may though be helpful to move SCC related functionality into separate source files. Volunteer work towards merging the branches would be appreciated.

As reported in the previous reports, further information on lambda optimisation in HM would be appreciated, including comparison of allocation of bits within the GOP structures between HM and VTM.

Otherwise the [HEVC bug tracker](https://hevc.hhi.fraunhofer.de/trac/hevc/query?status=accepted&status=assigned&status=new&status=reopened&component=HM&col=id&col=summary&col=status&col=type&col=priority&col=milestone&col=time&col=reporter&report=16&order=time) lists:

* 44 tickets for “HM”, (most of which were created before 2019; 1 created in last year),
* 1 ticket for “HM RExt” (created in 2020),
* 9 tickets for “HM SCC” (most of which were created before 2018),
* 1 ticket for “RExt Text” (created in 2015),
* 1 ticket for “SCC Text” (created in 2016),
* 8 tickets for text (6 created before 2021; 2 created in the last year),
* 2 tickets for encoder description (created in 2020 and 2014)

Help to address these tickets would be appreciated.

1. **360Lib related activities**

The latest 360Lib software can be found at <https://vcgit.hhi.fraunhofer.de/jvet/360lib/-/tags/360Lib-13.6>

The following table is for the projection formats comparison using VTM-23.0 according to 360-degree video CTC (JVET-U2012) compared to that using VTM-22.0 (VTM-22.0 as anchor).

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **End-to-end WS-PSNR** | | | **End-to-end S-PSNR-NN** | | |
|  | Y | U | V | Y | U | V |
| Class S1 | 0.00% | -0.01% | 0.05% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.05% |
| Class S2 | 0.08% | 0.16% | 0.34% | 0.08% | 0.15% | 0.34% |
| **Overall** | 0.03% | 0.06% | 0.17% | 0.03% | 0.06% | 0.16% |

The following table compares generalized cubemap (GCMP) coding and padded equi-rectangular projection (PERP) coding using VTM-23.0 (PERP as anchor).

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **End-to-end WS-PSNR** | | | **End-to-end S-PSNR-NN** | | |
|  | Y | U | V | Y | U | V |
| Class S1 | -11.52% | -5.47% | -6.09% | -11.50% | -5.41% | -6.03% |
| Class S2 | -3.65% | 0.98% | 1.48% | -3.62% | 1.08% | 1.56% |
| **Overall** | -8.37% | -2.89% | -3.06% | -8.35% | -2.82% | -3.00% |

The following tables are for PERP and GCMP coding comparison between VTM-23.0 and HM-16.22 (HM as anchor), respectively.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **End-to-end WS-PSNR** | | | **End-to-end S-PSNR-NN** | | |
|  | Y | U | V | Y | U | V |
| Class S1 | -30.91% | -38.82% | -41.24% | -30.91% | -38.88% | -41.24% |
| Class S2 | -36.84% | -37.23% | -39.43% | -36.82% | -37.27% | -39.49% |
| **Overall** | -33.28% | -38.19% | -40.51% | -33.28% | -38.23% | -40.54% |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **End-to-end WS-PSNR** | | | **End-to-end S-PSNR-NN** | | |
|  | Y | U | V | Y | U | V |
| Class S1 | -34.64% | -40.04% | -42.14% | -34.59% | -40.02% | -42.09% |
| Class S2 | -38.34% | -38.18% | -40.06% | -38.32% | -38.19% | -40.11% |
| **Overall** | -36.12% | -39.30% | -41.31% | -36.08% | -39.29% | -41.30% |

1. **SCM related activities**

There had not been any further developments to SCC’s SCM during this meeting cycle.

1. **SHM related activities**

There had not been any further developments to SHVC’s SHM during this meeting cycle.

1. **HTM related activities**

There had not been any releases of HTM of MV-HEVC and 3D-HEVC.

One merge request is was merged:

* JVET-AE0295: MV Main 10 profile support (waiting for proponent response)

The next release will also include the following changes:

* JVET-Z0209: Early termination during calculating RDcost of depth

1. **HDRTools related activities**

There had not been any further developments to HDRTools during this meeting cycle.

1. **JM, JSVM, JMVM related activities**

There had not been any further developments to JSVM or JMVM during this meeting cycle.

There was no new JM version tagged during this meeting cycle, although merge requests were submitted for SEI messages in VSEI.

The following MRs are pending [with status indicated]:

* JVET-AK0107: Modality Information SEI (pending review)
* JVET-AK2006: NNPFC and NNPFA SEI message (pending review)
* JVET-AL0062: AI usage restrictions SEI message (pending review)
* JVET-AK2006: SPTI SEI Message (pending review)
* JVET-AL0061: Encoder Optimization Information SEI Message (pending review)
* JVET-AE0101: implement phase indication SEI message (pending review)
* JVET-AL0148: Add support for Generative Face Video (GFV) and Generative Face Video Enhancement (GFVE) SEI messages(pending review)

For the previous release of JM only basic testing was performed to confirm that the code still works, but performance testing is pending. Performance changes are unlikely but may occur due to bug fixes. A possible encoder/decoder mismatch was reported privately, but needs more investigation.

1. **Bug tracking**

The bug tracker for VTM and specification text is located at:

<https://jvet.hhi.fraunhofer.de/trac/vvc>

The bug tracker uses the same accounts as the HM software bug tracker. Users may need to log in again due to the different sub-domain.

<https://hevc.hhi.fraunhofer.de/trac/hevc>

New account creation was disabled due to a large amount of spam registration. Extensive maintenance of the Trac bug tracker would be required to keep it secure. It should be considered to move bug tracking to GitLab, although no automatic conversion of existing bugs is available.

Bug tracking for HDRTools is located at:

<https://gitlab.com/standards/HDRTools/-/issues>

Please file all issues related to the VVC reference software and HDRTools into the appropriate bug tracker. Try to provide all the details, which are necessary to reproduce the issue. Patches for solving issues and improving the software are always appreciated.

1. **CTC alignment and merging**

There are currently 8 JVET CTC documents:

JVET-AL2010 VTM/HM 4:2:0 test conditions

JVET-Z2011 VTM/HM HDR test conditions

JVET-AA2018 VTM/HM high bit depth test conditions (without spreadsheet)

JVET-T2013 VTM non-4:2:0 test conditions

JVET-AA1100 HM non-4:2:0 test conditions

JVET-U2012 VTM 360 video test conditions

JVET-AC1009 SHVC test conditions

JVET-AC1015 SCM test conditions

JVET-AE1013 3DV test conditions

Further merging of HM RExt CTC into the appropriate VVC CTC was investigated (non 4:2:0 chroma formats), but proper comparable HM configuration files were not yet available by the beginning of this meeting.

The HM HDR test conditions require additional post-processing stages, due to WPSNR, deltaE100 and PSNRL100 values not being generated directly by the HM encoder. Merging of respective functions from VTM is recommended to streamline the process.

1. **Guidelines for reference software development**

Current versions of the software guidelines are:

* [JVET-AC1001](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=12566) Guidelines for HM-based software development [K. Sühring, F. Bossen, X. Li (software coordinators)]
* [JVET-AJ2003](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=14993) Guidelines for VTM-based software development [F. Bossen, X. Li, K. Sühring]

1. **Recommendations**

The AHG recommends to:

* Continue to develop reference software.
* Improve documentation, especially the software manual.
* Encourage people to test VTM and other reference software more extensively outside of common test conditions.
* Encourage people to report all (potential) bugs that they are finding.
* Encourage people to submit bitstreams/test cases that trigger bugs in VTM and other reference software.
* Encourage people to submit non-normative changes that either reduce encoder run time without significantly sacrificing compression performance or improve compression performance without significantly increasing encoder run time.
* Design and add configuration files to the VTM software for testing of HLS features.
* Review VTM-related contributions and determine whether features should be added (or removed) from the software.
* Continue to investigate the merging of branches.
* Continue to investigate merging of CTC documents.
* Verify correctness of CTC documents and issue updates as appropriate
* Keep common test conditions aligned for the different standards.

[JVET-AM0004](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15898) JVET AHG report: Test material and visual assessment (AHG4) [V. Baroncini, T. Suzuki, M. Wien (co-chairs), W. Husak, S. Iwamura, P. de Lagrange, S. Liu, X. Meng, S. Puri, A. Segall, S. Wenger (vice-chairs)]

1. **Activities**
2. ***Testing of video coding technology beyond conditions of exploration experiments***

AHG4 has supported the activities of AHG17 on test sequence collection and characterization for the purpose of assessing video coding technology beyond the CTC.

1. ***Test sequences***

The set of JVET test sequences is hosted at <https://vqa.lfb.rwth-aachen.de>. A mirror of this site is available at <https://datacloud.hhi.fraunhofer.de> with the same login credentials. The directory structure of the previous ftp server has been maintained. The test sequences used for CfP/CTC are available in directory “/ctc”.

Due to copyright restrictions, the JVET database of test sequences is only available to accredited members of JVET (i.e., members of ISO/IEC MPEG and ITU-T VCEG). Members of JVET may contact the JVET chair for login information. It is suggested to update the password for the site after each meeting with the Zoom password for that meeting.

1. **Related contributions**

(listing document directly related to AHG4 as well as documents related to testing activities and test material)

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| [JVET-AM0004](file:///D:\Sciebo\MwiMeetings\20250626_MPEG151_JVET-AM_AG5-20_Daejeon\JVET\current_document.php?id=15898) | JVET AHG report: Test material and visual assessment (AHG4) | V. Baroncini, T. Suzuki, M. Wien (co-chairs), W. Husak, S. Iwamura, P. de Lagrange, S. Liu, X. Meng, S. Puri, A. Segall, S. Wenger (vice-chairs) |
| [JVET-AM0041](file:///D:\Sciebo\MwiMeetings\20250626_MPEG151_JVET-AM_AG5-20_Daejeon\JVET\current_document.php?id=15688) | AHG17: AhG meeting notes | [M. Wien](mailto:wien@lfb.rwth-aachen.de) |
| [JVET-AM0045](file:///D:\Sciebo\MwiMeetings\20250626_MPEG151_JVET-AM_AG5-20_Daejeon\JVET\current_document.php?id=15692) | AHG17: Generated VTM anchor bitstreams using LambdaScaleTowardsNextQP | [K. Andersson](mailto:kenneth.r.andersson@ericsson.com), [P. Wennersten (Ericsson)](mailto:per.wennersten@ericsson.com) |
| [JVET-AM0049](file:///D:\Sciebo\MwiMeetings\20250626_MPEG151_JVET-AM_AG5-20_Daejeon\JVET\current_document.php?id=15696) | [AHG17] Suggested results reporting template for constrained encoder complexity category | [E. Alshina](mailto:elena.alshina@huawei.com), [J. Sauer](mailto:johannes.sauer@huawei.com), [T. Solovyev](mailto:solovyev.timofey@huawei.com), [M. Lobo (Huawei)](mailto:merlin.andriana.lobo@huawei.com) |
| [JVET-AM0078](file:///D:\Sciebo\MwiMeetings\20250626_MPEG151_JVET-AM_AG5-20_Daejeon\JVET\current_document.php?id=15725) | AHG17: Suggestion to enable DMVR encoder control for VTM anchor | [K. Andersson (Ericsson)](mailto:kenneth.r.andersson@ericsson.com) |
| [JVET-AM0142](file:///D:\Sciebo\MwiMeetings\20250626_MPEG151_JVET-AM_AG5-20_Daejeon\JVET\current_document.php?id=15789) | AHG15: Analysis of Test Sequences for Game Content in the CfE Document | X. Liang, [K. Choi (KHU)](mailto:aikiho@khu.ac.kr), C. W. Ryu (Kaon Group) |
| [JVET-AM0223](file:///D:\Sciebo\MwiMeetings\20250626_MPEG151_JVET-AM_AG5-20_Daejeon\JVET\current_document.php?id=15870) | AHG4: proposed updates for VVC multi-layer verification test plan | [P. de Lagrange (InterDigital)](mailto:philippe.delagrange@interdigital.com) |
| [JVET-AM0234](file:///D:\Sciebo\MwiMeetings\20250626_MPEG151_JVET-AM_AG5-20_Daejeon\JVET\current_document.php?id=15881) | [AHG17] Overview of the 3GPP codec testing in TR 26.955 | [R. Mekuria](mailto:rufael.mekuria@huawei.com), [E. Alshina (Huawei)](mailto:elena.alshina@huawei.com) |
| [JVET-AM0269](file:///D:\Sciebo\MwiMeetings\20250626_MPEG151_JVET-AM_AG5-20_Daejeon\JVET\current_document.php?id=15936) | AHG17 ECM/VTM performance under CfE requirement | [K. Naser](mailto:karam.naser@interdigital.com), E. François, F. LeLéannec, F. Galpin, T. Poirier (InterDigital) |

1. **Recommendations**

The AHG recommends:

* To progress the work in AHG17 towards finalizing the draft test set for a Joint Call for Evidence on video compression with capability beyond VVC.
* To conduct subjective tests assessing the proposed rate points and coding conditions in the draft CfE.
* To continue to discuss and to update the non-finalized categories of the verification test plan for multilayer VVC and the subjective quality test plan for FGC, including those which have not been addressed yet.
* To collect volunteers to conduct further verification tests and subjective quality tests.
* To collect volunteers to actively contribute to the verification test development.
* To review the set of available test sequences for the verification tests as well as subjective quality tests and potentially collect more test sequences with a variety of content.
* To continue to collect new test sequences available for JVET with licensing statement.

Review of JVET-AM0223 next week together with AG 5. It was commented that no progress so far in acquiring 10-bit stereo material for multi-view VVC/HEVC testing.

[JVET-AM0005](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15899) JVET AHG report: Conformance testing (AHG5) I. Moccagatta (chair), [F. Bossen, T. Ikai, S. Iwamura, H.-J. Jhu, K. Kawamura, P. de Lagrange, S. Paluri, K. Sühring, Y. Yu (vice chairs)]

1. **Timeline**

The progress on the Conformance testing specification is proceeding per the timeline below:

* **VVCv1 conformance:**
  + ISO/IEC FDIS 23090-15 issued from 2021-10 meeting, FDIS registered for formal approval 2022-07-11, FDIS ballot closed 2022-11-04, standard published 2022-11-24
  + H.266.1 V1 Consent 2022-01-28, Last Call began 2022-04-01, Approved 2022-04-29, pre-published 2022-05-17, standard published 2022-07-12.
* **VVCv2 conformance:**
  + ISO/IEC 23090-15/Amd.1 CDAM: 2021-10
  + ISO/IEC 23090-15/Amd.1 DAM: 2022-01
  + DAM ballot closed 2022-11-15
  + ISO/IEC FDIS 23090-15:202x 2nd edition text output of 2023-01, preparation delayed to 2023-09, FDIS ballot opened 2024-04-08, FDIS ballot closed 2024-06-03, published 2024-07-04
  + H.266.1 V2 Consent 2023-07, Last Call began 2023-08-16, Approved 2023-09-13, pre-published 2023-10-06, published 2023-10-19
* **VVCv3 conformance:**
  + CD: 2025-04-15
  + DIS: 2025-07-25
  + FDIS: 2026-02-20
  + IS: 2026-06-30

1. **Status on bitstream submission**

The status at the time of preparation of this report is as follows:

* conformance bitstreams for VVC:
  + 104 bitstream categories have been identified
  + At least one bitstream has been submitted in each identified category
  + 283 total bitstreams have been provided, checked, and made available
  + Three streams have been re-generated
  + No changes between 38th and 39th meeting.
* conformance bitstreams for VVC operation range extensions:
  + 57 bitstream categories have been identified
  + 1 bitstream of 1 identified category has been re-generated
  + 128 bitstreams of 57 identified categories have been cross-checked and uploaded.
  + 14 bitstreams have been re-generated between the 38th and 39th meeting
* additional conformance bitstreams for VVC Multilayer:
  + 3 bitstream categories have been identified
  + At least one bitstream has been submitted in each identified category
  + 7 total bitstreams have been provided, cross-checked, and made available
  + No changes between 38th and 39th meeting.
* conformance bitstreams for new HEVC Multiview profiles
  + 2 HEVC Multiview Extended 10 bitstreams have been provided, cross-checked, and made available, no changes between 38th and 39th meeting
  + 2 HEVC Multiview Extended bitstreams have been provided, cross-checked, and made available, no changes between 38th and 39th meeting
  + 2 HEVC Multiview Main 10 bitstreams have been cross-checked.

1. **Activities and Discussion**

The AHG activities are on schedule with the preliminary timeline shown in section 2.

VVC activities:

The 3 re-generated streams are available at ​[https://www.itu.int/wftp3/av-arch/jvet-site/bitstream\_exchange/VVC2ndEd\_regenerated](https://www.itu.int/wftp3/av-arch/jvet-site/bitstream_exchange/VVC2ndEd_regenerated/). No change in the other bitstreams and/or packages.

VVC operation range extensions activities:

While testing the conformance streams with the latest VTM (VTM-23.10) it has been observed that these 14 packages

16b400P16\_A\_2

16b400P16\_B\_2

16b400P16\_C\_2

16b400P16\_D\_2

16b400P16\_E\_2

16b420P16\_B\_2

16b420P16\_C\_2

16b420P16\_D\_2

16b420P16\_E\_2

16b422P16\_B\_2

16b422P16\_C\_2

16b422P16\_D\_2

16b422P16\_E\_2

16b444etsrc\_A\_2

need to be re-generated because the VTM MR <https://vcgit.hhi.fraunhofer.de/jvet/VVCSoftware_VTM/-/merge_requests/2743> has fixed an issue in the SIMD code, and such fix has caused a change in the decoded output.

The streams in these packages contain md5 checksums in SEI messages that are now incorrect, and the yuv.md5 and opl files need to be updated as well to reflect the change in decoded output.

The 14 packages have been re-generated and have been uploaded to <https://www.itu.int/wftp3/av-arch/jvet-site/bitstream_exchange/VVC2ndEd_regenerated/under_test/VTM-23.10>. No change in the remaining 2nd edition bitstreams and/or packages available at <https://www.itu.int/wftp3/av-arch/jvet-site/bitstream_exchange/VVC2ndEd/>

VVC Multilayer activities:

The streams are available at <https://www.itu.int/wftp3/av-arch/jvet-site/bitstream_exchange/VVCMultilayer/>. No change in bitstreams and/or packages.

HEVC Multiview supporting extended bit depth activities:

As far as the new HEVC Multiview Main 10 profile in JVET-AJ0213 added at the 36th meeting and in output document AJ1006, two bitstreams previously generated have been cross-checked (MVHEVC\_N\_APPLE\_1 and MVHEVC\_O\_APPLE\_1).

No change in bitstreams and/or packages for the 2 HEVC Multiview Extended 10 and the 2 HEVC Multiview Extended bitstreams. The 6 packages are available at <https://www.itu.int/wftp3/av-arch/jvet-site/bitstream_exchange/HEVCMultiview/>.

No update on the implementation of the HEVC Multiview monochrome profiles (Multiview Monochrome, Multiview Monochrome 10, Multiview Monochrome 12, and Multiview Monochrome 16 profiles, collectively referred to as the multiview format range extensions profiles) in JVET-AH1006 and in WG5 N0281. Last input report was JVET-AJ0214 from 36th meeting. No update on the generation of corresponding conformance streams either.

The regular JVET e-mail reflector was used for discussions ([jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de](mailto:jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de)).

The AHG5 chairs and JVET chairs can be reached at [jvet-conformance@lists.rwth-aachen.de](mailto:jvet-conformance@lists.rwth-aachen.de). Participants should not subscribe to this list but may send emails to it.

1. **Contributions**

No contributions.

1. **Ftp site information**

The procedure to exchange the bitstream (ftp cite, bitstream files, etc.) is specified in Sec 2 “Procedure” of [JVET-R2008](http://phenix.it-sudparis.eu/jvet/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=8861). The ftp and http sites for downloading bitstreams are

* VVC:

<ftp://ftp3.itu.int/jvet-site/bitstream_exchange/VVC>

<https://www.itu.int/wftp3/av-arch/jvet-site/bitstream_exchange/VVC/>

* VVC operation range extensions:

[ftp://ftp3.itu.int/jvet-site/bitstream\_exchange/VVCv2](ftp://ftp3.itu.int/jvet-site/bitstream_exchange/VVCv2/draft_conformance/draft)

<https://www.itu.int/wftp3/av-arch/jvet-site/bitstream_exchange/VVCv2>

The ftp site for uploading bitstream file is as follows.

<ftp://ftp3.itu.int/jvet-site/dropbox/>

(user id: avguest, passwd: Avguest201007)

If using FileZilla, the following configuration is suggested:

Graphical user interface, text, application, email

Description automatically generated

In the Filezilla Edit 🡪 Settings 🡪 Connection menu, it was previously necessary to set the minimum TLS level to 1.0. Since around January 2024, this configuration issue went away, and ITU disabled the use of TLS 1.0 and 1.1 on its servers.

1. **Recommendations**

The AHG recommends the following:

* Maintain and update the conformance bitstream database and contribute to report problems in JVET document 1004.
* Continue the generation, cross-checking, and documentation of the conformance streams for the HEVC Multiview profiles supporting extended bit depth and the new HEVC Multiview Main 10 profile, and update AL1008 to include the new 2 HEVC Multiview Main 10 streams.
* Study CD of VVC conformance 3rd edition and suggest improvements to JVET-AK2028, as appropriate.

[JVET-AM0006](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15900) JVET AHG report: ECM software development (AHG6) [V. Seregin (chair), J. Chen, R. Chernyak, F. Le Léannec, K. Zhang (vice-chairs)]

1. **Software development**

ECM software repository is located at <https://vcgit.hhi.fraunhofer.de/ecm/ECM>.

ECM software is based on VTM-10.0 with enabled MCTF including the update from JVET-V0056, and GOP32, which is very close to VTM-11.0.

VTM-11.0ecm anchor <https://vcgit.hhi.fraunhofer.de/ecm/ECM/-/tree/VTM11_ANC>is used for ECM performance evaluation.

The following changes were integrated into ECM-17.0:

JVET-AL0135: Cross-chroma input for CC-ALF (Test 5.3b) [MR 896]

JVET-AL0153: ALF-CCCM (Test 5.1) [MR 894]

JVET-AL0160: Subblock-based spatial MVP (Test 3.1) [MR 893]

JVET-AL0161: On interpolation filter for template matching (Test 3.7) [MR 899]

JVET-AL0114: On intra mode selection [MR 901]

JVET-AL0142: CCSAO with reused CTU control (Test 5.2) [MR 897]

JVET-AL0125: Improvement on MPM (Test 2.6) [MR 891]

JVET-AL0108: Block vector guided DIMD (Test 2.7) [MR 903]

JVET-AL0247: Fix for MaxTbSize [MR 905]

JVET-AL0157: Additional merge candidates (Test 3.3e) [MR 904]

JVET-AL0182: TALF reference picture extensions [MR 907]

JVET-AL0181: Advanced SBT with direction and position inference (Test 4.1) [MR 890]

JVET-AL0215: NSPT set for IntraNN and NSPT kernel retraining (Test 4.4c) [MR 902]

JVET-AL0191: CCP constraints with intra chroma encoder optimization (Test 2.2d) [MR 900]

JVET-AL0214: Mv refinement for TMVP (Test 3.6) [MR 895]

JVET-AL0206: Combination of BVEIP and EIP filter shapes (Test 2.9) [MR 909]

JVET-AL0126: CCP merge mode with adjustment (Test 2.3) [MR 910]

JVET-AL0079: Per-pixel based Affine MC regardless of OBMC flag (Test 3.5) [MR 906]

JVET-AL0228: Two NNLF interfaces (off by default) [MR 911]

JVET-AL0143: Chroma partition prediction in separate tree condition (Test 1.1c) [MR 914]

JVET-AL0081: Extended BDOF usage for MV refinement (Test 3.9) [MR 908]

JVET-AL0188: Flip-aware BV prediction in SGPM (Test 2.5) [MR 915]

JVET-AL0162: CMVP extension for constructed affine merge candidates (Test 3.8a) [MR 913]

JVET-AL0134: Joint reordering of GPM split modes and partition indices (Test 3.4a) [MR 916]

Fixes:

Fix isChromaFusion for AC0119 [MR 929]

Fix clang 19 compiling issues [MR 919]

The following changes were integrated into VTM-11.0ecm anchor:

Fix VTM11-ECM16 clang compiling issues [MR 889]

ECM-17.0 and VTM-11.0ecm17.0 were tagged on May 12, 2025.

***CTC Performance***

In this section, ECM test results following ECM CTC configuration descried in JVET-AI2017 are summarized.

ECM-17.0 performance over ECM-16.1 anchor is summarized in the tables below.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **All Intra Main 10** | | | | | | |
|  | **Over ECM-16.1** | | | | | | |
|  | Y | U | V | EncT | DecT | EncVmPeak | DecVmPeak |
| Class A1 | -0.20% | -1.15% | -1.25% | 97.2% | 101.2% | 100.8% | 99.5% |
| Class A2 | -0.18% | -1.56% | -1.21% | 94.5% | 100.8% | 100.8% | 99.4% |
| Class B | -0.21% | -1.16% | -1.12% | 100.1% | 102.6% | 100.1% | 100.1% |
| Class C | -0.20% | -0.21% | -0.14% | 98.0% | 100.8% | 102.1% | 101.4% |
| Class E | -0.29% | -0.98% | -0.95% | 100.5% | 99.9% | 104.7% | 100.7% |
| **Overall** | -0.21% | -0.99% | -0.91% | 98.3% | 101.2% | 101.5% | 100.3% |
| Class D | -0.15% | 0.04% | 0.33% | 96.7% | 102.5% | 102.4% | 101.6% |
| Class F | -0.20% | -0.59% | -0.46% | 94.7% | 94.5% | 101.6% | 100.8% |
| Class TGM | -0.19% | -0.40% | -0.44% | 88.5% | 85.0% | 101.1% | 100.2% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | **Random Access Main 10** | | | | | | |
|  | **Over ECM-16.1** | | | | | | |
|  | Y | U | V | EncT | DecT | EncVmPeak | DecVmPeak |
| Class A1 | -0.18% | -1.64% | -2.20% | 98.3% | 105.1% | 102.7% | 101.9% |
| Class A2 | -0.22% | -1.69% | -1.95% | 97.1% | 102.4% | 103.9% | 101.6% |
| Class B | -0.29% | -2.64% | -2.18% | 101.5% | 105.0% | 102.2% | 101.5% |
| Class C | -0.41% | -1.94% | -1.97% | 103.4% | 109.0% | 102.3% | 101.8% |
| Class E |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **Overall** | -0.29% | -2.06% | -2.08% | 100.4% | 105.5% | 102.7% | 101.7% |
| Class D | -0.39% | -1.17% | -0.89% | 103.0% | 108.7% | 102.2% | 101.6% |
| Class F | -0.20% | -1.28% | -1.85% | 95.8% | 100.2% | 102.4% | 101.3% |
| Class TGM | -0.33% | -1.35% | -1.47% | 92.5% | 102.1% | 101.9% | 101.0% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | **Low delay B Main 10** | | | | | | |
|  | **Over ECM-16.1** | | | | | | |
|  | Y | U | V | EncT | DecT | EncVmPeak | DecVmPeak |
| Class A1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Class A2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Class B | -0.54% | -6.85% | -5.05% | 104.2% | 111.8% | 102.9% | 101.3% |
| Class C | -0.56% | -3.85% | -4.89% | 105.1% | 112.0% | 102.7% | 101.7% |
| Class E | -1.03% | -4.86% | -3.43% | 102.7% | 111.4% | 102.7% | 101.1% |
| **Overall** | -0.67% | -5.36% | -4.59% | 104.1% | 111.8% | 102.8% | 101.4% |
| Class D | -1.01% | -4.12% | -5.71% | 105.3% | 110.4% | 102.5% | 101.7% |
| Class F | -0.37% | -3.83% | -4.67% | 101.7% | 103.0% | 102.8% | 101.7% |
| Class TGM | -0.27% | -1.87% | -1.73% | 92.1% | 106.3% | 102.0% | 101.1% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | **Low delay P Main 10** | | | | | | |
|  | **Over ECM-16.1** | | | | | | |
|  | Y | U | V | EncT | DecT | EncVmPeak | DecVmPeak |
| Class A1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Class A2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Class B | -0.59% | -6.68% | -4.02% | 104.2% | 114.8% | 102.2% | 101.4% |
| Class C | -0.71% | -4.46% | -4.63% | 103.0% | 109.3% | 102.5% | 101.7% |
| Class E | -0.59% | -4.37% | -2.83% | 101.0% | 106.2% | 102.3% | 101.6% |
| **Overall** | -0.63% | -5.36% | -3.93% | 103.0% | 110.7% | 102.3% | 101.6% |
| Class D | -0.73% | -3.87% | -4.02% | 102.8% | 107.8% | 102.5% | 101.7% |
| Class F | -0.80% | -4.08% | -4.92% | 98.6% | 106.5% | 101.4% | 101.7% |
| Class TGM | -0.53% | -1.79% | -2.16% | 91.1% | 98.3% | 101.7% | 101.1% |

The below tables show ECM-17.0 performance comparing to VTM-11.0ecm17.0 anchor.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **All Intra Main 10** | | | | | | |
|  | **Over VTM-11.0ecm17.0** | | | | | | |
|  | Y | U | V | EncT | DecT | EncVmPeak | DecVmPeak |
| Class A1 | -14.76% | -16.60% | -27.65% | 1163.7% | 533.8% | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class A2 | -21.25% | -24.93% | -29.15% | 1110.6% | 580.9% | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class B | -14.89% | -23.18% | -21.23% | 1115.9% | 639.0% | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class C | -15.02% | -11.99% | -13.11% | 1029.4% | 590.8% | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class E | -19.41% | -23.10% | -21.32% | 1038.6% | 648.7% | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| **Overall** | -16.71% | -19.87% | -21.83% | 1089.8% | 601.3% | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class D | -12.84% | -8.91% | -9.58% | 993.2% | 640.7% | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class F | -30.41% | -34.26% | -34.39% | 681.6% | 620.2% | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class TGM | -43.37% | -49.07% | -48.36% | 480.9% | 529.3% | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | **Random Access Main 10** | | | | | | |
|  | **Over VTM-11.0ecm17.0** | | | | | | |
|  | Y | U | V | EncT | DecT | EncVmPeak | DecVmPeak |
| Class A1 | -27.43% | -24.79% | -37.03% | 1184.4% | 1124.5% | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class A2 | -30.65% | -34.78% | -40.19% | 1128.9% | 1338.4% | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class B | -25.30% | -33.71% | -30.74% | 1014.4% | 1196.7% | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class C | -27.06% | -23.64% | -24.47% | 1088.8% | 1336.4% | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class E |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **Overall** | -27.27% | -29.46% | -32.22% | 1089.3% | 1244.8% | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class D | -27.79% | -23.89% | -24.71% | 1024.9% | 1459.0% | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class F | -33.30% | -36.14% | -36.98% | 880.0% | 853.5% | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class TGM | -42.78% | -48.57% | -48.43% | 686.7% | 626.8% | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | **Low delay B Main 10** | | | | | | |
|  | **Over VTM-11.0ecm17.0** | | | | | | |
|  | Y | U | V | EncT | DecT | EncVmPeak | DecVmPeak |
| Class A1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Class A2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Class B | -22.53% | -40.00% | -35.36% | 1034.3% | 1051.6% | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class C | -24.92% | -27.76% | -30.13% | 983.6% | 1102.7% | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class E | -22.55% | -30.05% | -28.45% | 978.3% | 694.5% | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| **Overall** | -23.33% | -33.43% | -31.89% | 1003.1% | 963.1% | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class D | -26.61% | -28.84% | -30.92% | 999.8% | 1258.8% | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class F | -30.88% | -41.04% | -41.18% | 861.6% | 771.2% | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class TGM | -41.07% | -51.05% | -50.93% | 679.1% | 584.7% | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | **Low delay P Main 10** | | | | | | |
|  | **Over VTM-11.0ecm17.0** | | | | | | |
|  | Y | U | V | EncT | DecT | EncVmPeak | DecVmPeak |
| Class A1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Class A2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Class B | -20.44% | -48.22% | -43.93% | 904.2% | 1048.2% | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class C | -23.06% | -36.80% | -38.35% | 841.6% | 1075.7% | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class E | -20.93% | -37.70% | -37.05% | 878.0% | 672.8% | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| **Overall** | -21.43% | -41.78% | -40.35% | 876.3% | 946.3% | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class D | -25.80% | -39.87% | -40.34% | 822.1% | 1144.5% | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class F | -29.15% | -46.07% | -46.57% | 825.9% | 787.7% | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class TGM | -39.37% | -53.58% | -53.11% | 706.8% | 589.8% | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |

1. **ECM memory consumption**

ECM encoder memory consumption (VmPeak, GiB) is provided in ECM encoder log files and is summarized in the table below as maximum class-wise consumption rounded up to GiB.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | AI | RA | LB |
| class A (A1 & A2) | 9 | 16 |  |
| class B | 4 | 6 | 5 |
| class C | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| class D | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| class E | 3 |  | 3 |
| class F | 4 | 6 | 5 |
| class TGM | 3 | 8 | 6 |

It is encouraged to care about memory allocation when developing and integrating tools into ECM. In particular, it is strongly recommended to re-use already existed memory wherever possible, rather than systematically allocating new memory, and allocate only the required amount of memory if new memory is needed.

1. **Recommendations**

The AHG recommends to:

* Continue to develop ECM software.
* Improve the software documentation.
* Encourage people to report all (potential) bugs that they are finding using GitLab Issues functionality <https://vcgit.hhi.fraunhofer.de/ecm/ECM/-/issues>.
* Encourage people to submit merge requests fixing identified bugs.
* Encourage people to continue working on ECM memory consumption reduction.
* Encourage people to continue working on speeding up ECM encoder to reduce the simulation time.

[JVET-AM0007](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15901) JVET AHG report: ECM tool assessment (AHG7) [X. Li (chair), L.-F. Chen, Z. Deng, J. Gan, E. François, R. Ishimoto, H.-J. Jhu, J. Lainema, X. Li, J. Pardo, A. Stein, H. Wang (vice chairs)]

1. **Group off tests**
2. ***Test settings and crosschecking***

The following five groups of tools were defined.

* Group 1: Inter template matching tools
* Group 2: Coding tools that interleave the (merge/skip/AMVP/subblock/IBC/etc) list derivation with the intra prediction/reconstruction process
* Group 3: Intra and IBC template matching (with search) related tools
* Group 4: Tools that require more processing on the neighboring reconstructed samples than VVC
* Group 5: Tools with large memory access

The testers and crosscheckers are planed in the table below.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Tests | Testers / Crosscheckers | Testers / Crosscheckers |
| Group 1 off | Johan Pardo ([johan.esprit.pardo1@huawei.com](mailto:johan.esprit.pardo1@huawei.com)) | Charles Salmon-Legagneur ([charles.salmon-legagneur@interdigital.com](mailto:charles.salmon-legagneur@interdigital.com)) |
| Group 2 off | Jonathan Gan  ([v-jonathan.gan@oppo.com](mailto:v-jonathan.gan@oppo.com)) | Xinwei Li  ([sid.lxw@alibaba-inc.com](mailto:sid.lxw@alibaba-inc.com)) |
| Group 3 off | Ryo Ishimoto ([ishimoto.ryo@mail.sharp](mailto:ishimoto.ryo@mail.sharp)) | Zhipin Deng ([zhipin.deng@bytedance.com](mailto:zhipin.deng@bytedance.com)) |
| Group 4 off | Hong-Jheng Jhu  ([jhuhong-jheng@kwai.com](mailto:jhuhong-jheng@kwai.com)) | Xiang Li  ([xlxiangli@google.com](mailto:alan.stein@v-nova.com)) |
| Group 5 off | Lien-Fei Chen ([lienfei.chen@global.tencent.com](mailto:lienfei.chen@global.tencent.com)) | Jani Lainema ([jani.lainema@nokia.com](mailto:jani.lainema@nokia.com)) |
| Group 1-5 off | Xiang Li  ([xlxiangli@google.com](mailto:xlxiangli@google.com)) | Hongtao Wang  ([hongtaow@qti.qualcomm.com](mailto:hongtaow@qti.qualcomm.com)) |

ECM-17.0 was used in the AHG7 tool off tests. The cfg files used are included in the ECM software package.

1. ***Group 1 off***

Group 1 includes inter template matching tools. The offgroup1.cfg was used in addition to ECM CTC settings.



1. ***Group 2 off***

Group 2 includes coding tools that interleave the (merge/skip/AMVP/subblock/IBC/etc) list derivation with the intra prediction/reconstruction process. The offgroup2.cfg was used in addition to ECM CTC settings.



1. ***Group 3 off***

Group 3 includes intra and IBC template matching (with search) related tools. The offgroup3.cfg was used in addition to ECM CTC settings.



1. ***Group 4 off***

Group 4 includes tools that require more processing on the neighboring reconstructed samples than VVC.

The offgroup4.cfg was used in addition to ECM CTC settings.



1. ***Group 5 off***

Group 5 includes tools which need large memory access.

The offgroup5.cfg was used in addition to ECM CTC settings.



1. ***Group 1-5 off***

In this test, all the tools in the group 1-5 are switched off. The offgroup1-5.cfg was used in addition to ECM CTC settings.



1. ***Summary***

The tool-off results on top of the recent ECM versions are summarized below for BD-PSNR-Y. Note that SCC results are not included.

1. **Issues**
2. ***Resolved issues***

* #109, [Current master tip (7fee7e00d) has decoding mismatch with AHG7 group1-5 off](https://vcgit.hhi.fraunhofer.de/ecm/ECM/-/issues/109)
* #107, Current master tip (06c21da0) decoding mismatch with AHG7 group2 off
* #106, Current master tip (06c21da0) fails MD5sum check at decoding with AHG7 group1 off
* #105, Current master tip (06c21da0) has encoding crash with AHG7 group1 off
* #104, Current master tip (d3a1301a) has encoding crash with AHG7 group1-5 off

1. ***Open issues***

* #91, MaxTU setting
* #87, ECM-15.0 decoder crashes when "InterLFNST=0"
* #80, Compilation Issue ECM14.0 when disabling GPM reordering
* #78, Encoder crash in RA with --LMChroma=0
* #77, Encoder crash in RA with --DepQuant=0 --NumSignPred=0
* #71, Encode/decode mismatch when using single tree
* #66, [Difference in encoding results of ECM-12.0 in AhG7 group 2 tool off test](https://vcgit.hhi.fraunhofer.de/ecm/ECM/-/issues/66)
* #65, [Different encoding results of ECM12 in AHG7 group1-4 off tests](https://vcgit.hhi.fraunhofer.de/ecm/ECM/-/issues/65)
* #64, [Encode/decode mismatch and decoder crash when inter-CCCM is disable](https://vcgit.hhi.fraunhofer.de/ecm/ECM/-/issues/64)
* #53, Decoding mismatch was observed when AMVR is off

1. **Input contributions**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| [JVET-AM0042](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15689) | m72844 | 2025-04-22 18:52:59 | 2025-04-22 19:28:04 | 2025-05-20 02:43:45 | Report of AHG7 conference call on Assessment Perspectives of Codec/Coding Tools | [X. Li](mailto:xlxiangli@google.com) |
| [JVET-AM0044](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15691) | m72866 | 2025-05-20 18:41:53 | 2025-05-20 18:45:18 | 2025-05-20 18:45:18 | AHG7: Summary on the Tool Analysis in Earlier Proposals/Reports | [X. Li (Google)](mailto:xlxiangli@google.com) |
| [JVET-AM0134](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15781) | m73044 | 2025-06-19 11:56:43 | 2025-06-19 14:19:37 | 2025-06-19 14:19:37 | AHG7: ECM tool combination | [R. Ishimoto](mailto:ishimoto.ryo@mail.sharp), [Z. Fan](mailto:fan.zheming@mail.sharp), [T. Chujoh](mailto:chujoh.takeshi@mail.sharp), [T. Ikai (Sharp)](mailto:ikai.tomohiro@mail.sharp) |
| [JVET-AM0194](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15841) | m73108 | 2025-06-19 17:50:35 | 2025-06-19 17:56:52 | 2025-06-19 17:56:52 | On Analyzing and Reporting Encoding and Decoding Complexity | [A. Stein](mailto:alan.stein@v-nova.com), [S. Ferrara (V-Nova)](mailto:simone.ferrara@v-nova.com) |
| [JVET-AM0221](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15868) | m73137 | 2025-06-19 22:17:19 | 2025-06-19 23:23:08 | 2025-06-19 23:23:08 | AHG7: TMRL Tool-Off Bug Fix | [Z. Xiang](mailto:alanzxiang@global.tencent.com), [R. Chernyak](mailto:chernyak@global.tencent.com), [B. Wang](mailto:biaowwang@global.tencent.com), [S. Liu (Tencent)](mailto:shanl@global.tencent.com) |
| [JVET-AM0227](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15874) | m73143 | 2025-06-19 22:53:02 | 2025-06-23 20:11:35 | 2025-06-23 20:11:35 | AhG7: On bin to bit ratio in ECM | [T. N. Canh](mailto:canh.nguyen@dolby.com), [P. Yin](mailto:pyin@dolby.com), S. McCarthy (Dolby), [J. N. Shingala (Ittiam)](mailto:jay.shingala@ittiam.com) |
| [JVET-AM0295](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15963) | m73624 | 2025-06-25 06:18:58 | 2025-06-25 06:25:43 | 2025-06-25 06:25:43 | [AHG7] External memory bandwidth evaluation | [Y. Kim](mailto:yearly.kim@samsung.com), [L. Li](mailto:lingl.li@samsung.com), [M. W. Park](mailto:m.w.park@samsung.com), [M. Park](mailto:mss.park@samsung.com), [M. Budagavi](mailto:m.budagavi@samsung.com), [K. P. Choi (Samsung)](mailto:kp5.choi@samsung.com) |

1. **Recommendations**

* Continue and improve tool assessment
* Resolve identified software issues related to the tool assessment
* Review all the input documents

It was commented that newly integrated tools should report a mandatory tool-off test together with the merge request (could be more relevant for future developments rather than ECM).

BoG later in the meeting on methodology for complexity assessment of tools.

It was suggested to investigate whether the case groups 1-5 off could be combined with ECM5x used in CfE dry-run, to potentially generate another lower-complexity ECM version in the CfE part on faster encoding.

[JVET-AM0008](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15902) JVET AHG report: Optimization of encoders and receiving systems for machine analysis of coded video content (AHG8) [S. Liu, J. Ström, S. Wang, M. Zhou (AHG chairs)]

***Software and Common Test Conditions***

AHG 8 related software and documents can be accessed at <https://vcgit.hhi.fraunhofer.de/jvet-ahg-ofm>. This repository contains two projects: common test conditions, reporting templates with anchor results, evaluation scripts and task networks are available in <https://vcgit.hhi.fraunhofer.de/jvet-ahg-ofm/ofm-ctc>, and software implementation examples are hosted in <https://vcgit.hhi.fraunhofer.de/jvet-ahg-ofm/vtm-ofm>. For this meeting cycle, common test conditions remain unchanged as described in output document JVET-AI2031.

***Technical Report***

The 9th draft of the technical report (TR) JVET-AL2030 “Optimization of encoders and receiving systems for machine analysis of coded video content (draft 9)” was produced and uploaded to JVET document system on 2025-04-30, including the following additions on top of draft 8:

* Updated to address comments in m72107
* Tool combination example (to Annex B) JVET-AL0152

The following combined tool examples have been included in the submitted DTR, besides single tool implementation examples.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Technology 1 | Technology 2 | Technology 3 | Technology 4 | Technology 5 |
| Adaptive QP (8.1 and A.1) | Temporal layer QP offset (8.2) |  |  |  |
| De-noising filter (7.5) | Temporal layer QP offset (8.2) |  |  |  |
| Pre-processing (7.2 and A.2) | NNPF (9.3 and A.3) |  |  |  |
| 4:4:4 coding (8) | Reduced resolution (Clauses 7.4 and 9.2) |  |  |  |
| Pre-processing (7.2 and A.2) | NNPF (9.3 and A.3) | Adaptive QP (8.1 and A.1) |  |  |
| NNPF (9.3 and A.3) | Adaptive QP (8.1 and A.1) |  |  |  |
| NNPF (9.3 and A.3) | Reduced resolution (Clauses 7.4 and 9.2) |  |  |  |
| Pre-processing (7.2 and A.2) | NNPF (9.3 and A.3) | Adaptive QP (8.1 and A.1) | Temporal layer QP offset (8.2) |  |
| Pre-processing (7.2 and A.2) | NNPF (9.3 and A.3) | Adaptive QP (8.1 and A.1) | Temporal resampling (9.1 and A.4) |  |
| Pre-processing (7.2 and A.2) | NNPF (9.3 and A.3) | Adaptive QP (8.1 and A.1) | Temporal resampling (9.1 and A.4) | Temporal layer QP offset (8.2) |

1. **Input contributions**

There is no input contributions related to AHG 8 mandates (by the time this report is uploaded) except this report.

1. **Recommendations**

The AHG recommends to:

* Continue improving the on-going TR document based on feedback.
* Discuss plan and timeline for finalization of TR (version 1).
* Continue investigating non-normative technologies and their uses for machine vision applications and machine consumptions.

[JVET-AM0009](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15903) JVET AHG report: SEI message studies (AHG9) [S. McCarthy, J. Boyce, Y.-K. Wang (co-chairs), T. Chujoh, S. Deshpande, M. M. Hannuksela, P. de Lagrange, G. J. Sullivan, H. Tan, A. Tourapis, S. Wenger, P. Wu (vice-chairs)]

1. **Related contributions**

A total of 68 contributions are identified relating to the mandates of AHG9. Some contributions relate to more than one mandate and/or SEI message. Some contributions also relate to the work of AHG13.

The following is a list of contributions related to the mandates of AHG9.

* 1. ***Study the SEI messages in VSEI, VVC, HEVC and AVC (4)***

[JVET-AM0090](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15737) AHG9: SDI SEI extension for signalling described layer of confidence layer [J. Boyce, M. M. Hannuksela (Nokia)]

[JVET-AM0100](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15747) AHG9: Shutter interval information SEI message extension for rolling shutter cameras [L. Kerofsky, Y. He, S. Zhao, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)]

[JVET-AM0162](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15809) AHG9: Software implementation of attenuation map information metadata in the Green Metadata SEI message [C-H. Demarty, F. Urban, E. François, F. Aumont (InterDigital)]

*JVET- AM0162 also relates to software for SEI messages*

[JVET-AM0189](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15836) AHG9: On semantics of persistence flag of SEI messages in VSEI v4 and v3 [J. Lee, H. Tan, C. Kim, J. Nam, J. Lim, S. Kim (LGE)]

*JVET- AM0189 also relates to the study of JVET-AL2006 VSEI*

1. ***Study JVET-AL1006 HEVC (1)***

[JVET-AM0048](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15695) AHG9/AHG2: Miscellaneous changes for HEVC [Y.-K. Wang, J. Xu (Bytedance)]

1. ***Study JVET-AL1017 AVC (0)***
2. ***Study JVET-AL2005 VVC (1)***

[JVET-AM0174](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15821) AHG9: On general SEI payload constraints [Y. Sanchez, R. Skupin, T. M. Borges, K. Suehring, C. Hellge, T. Schierl (Fraunhofer HHI)]

1. ***Study JVET-AL2006 VSEI (25)***

**Editorial *(3)***

[JVET-AM0047](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15694) AHG9: Miscellaneous changes for VSEI [Y.-K. Wang, J. Xu (Bytedance)]

*JVET- AM0047 also relates to modality information, digital signed content, and NNPFC SEI messages*

[JVET-AM0052](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15699) AHG9: Editorial changes for VSEI [Y. He, S. Zhao, L. Kerofsky, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)]

[JVET-AM0191](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15838) AHG9: Editorial updates for VSEI v4 [J. Lee, H. Tan, C. Kim, J. Nam, J. Lim, S. Kim (LGE)]

**NNPF SEI messages *(2)***

[JVET-AM0047](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15694) AHG9: Miscellaneous changes for VSEI [Y.-K. Wang, J. Xu (Bytedance)]

*JVET- AM0047 also relates to editorial changes in VSEI and the modality information and digital signed content SEI messages*

[JVET-AM0113](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15760) AHG9: Supporting pre-processing aware post processing in the NNPFC SEI message [M. Damghanian, M. Pettersson, R. Sjöberg (Ericsson)]

**SEI processing order and processing order nesting SEI messages (*6*)**

[JVET-AM0080](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15727) AHG9: On the PON SEI message [Y. He, L. Kerofsky, S. Zhao, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)]

[JVET-AM0081](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15728) AHG9: On the PON dependency constraint [Y. He, L. Kerofsky, S. Zhao, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)]

[JVET-AM0082](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15729) AHG9: On the PON nested FGC SEI message [Y. He, L. Kerofsky, S. Zhao, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)]

[JVET-AM0121](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15768) AHG9: On the SEI processing order SEI message [M. M. Hannuksela, J. Boyce, F. Cricri (Nokia)]

[JVET-AM0166](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15813) AHG9: Miscellaneous aspects in VSEI v4 [J. Nam, H. Tan, J. Lee, C. Kim, J. Lim, S. Kim (LGE)]

*JVET- AM0166 also relates to the MI and PRI SEI messages*

[JVET-AM0206](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15853) AHG9: On signalling of sei payload type in SEI processing order SEI message [H. Tan, C. Kim, J. Nam, J. Lee, J. Lim, S. Kim (LGE)]

[JVET-AM0292](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15960) AHG9/AHG2: On the semantics of po\_num\_bits\_in\_prefix\_indication\_minus1[ i ] and po\_sei\_prefix\_data\_bit[ i ][ j ] [Y.-K. Wang (Bytedance)]

**Encoder optimization information SEI message *(1)***

[JVET-AM0165](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15812) AHG9: On value range and reserved values for syntax elements in VSEI v4 [J. Nam, H. Tan, J. Lee, C. Kim, J. Lim, S. Kim (LGE)]

*JVET- AM0165 also relates to the SPTI, MI, TDI, and IFM SEI messages*

**Source picture timing information SEI message *(2)***

[JVET-AM0165](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15812) AHG9: On value range and reserved values for syntax elements in VSEI v4 [J. Nam, H. Tan, J. Lee, C. Kim, J. Lim, S. Kim (LGE)]

*JVET- AM0165 also relates to the EOI, MI, TDI, and IFM messages*

[JVET-AM0189](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15836) AHG9: On semantics of persistence flag of SEI messages in VSEI v4 and v3 [J. Lee, H. Tan, C. Kim, J. Nam, J. Lim, S. Kim (LGE)]

*JVET- AM0189 also relates to the MI, TDI, DSCV, and AUR SEI messages and to the study of SEI messages in VSEI, VCC, HEVC, and AVC*

**Modality information SEI message *(4)***

[JVET-AM0047](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15694) AHG9: Miscellaneous changes for VSEI [Y.-K. Wang, J. Xu (Bytedance)]

*JVET- AM0047 also relates to editorial changes in VSEI and the digital signed content and NNPFC SEI messages*

[JVET-AM0165](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15812) AHG9: On value range and reserved values for syntax elements in VSEI v4 [J. Nam, H. Tan, J. Lee, C. Kim, J. Lim, S. Kim (LGE)]

*JVET- AM0165 also relates to the EOI, SPTI, TDI, and IFM SEI messages*

[JVET-AM0166](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15813) AHG9: Miscellaneous aspects in VSEI v4 [J. Nam, H. Tan, J. Lee, C. Kim, J. Lim, S. Kim (LGE)]

*JVET- AM0166 also relates to the SPO and PRI SEI messages*

[JVET-AM0189](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15836) AHG9: On semantics of persistence flag of SEI messages in VSEI v4 and v3 [J. Lee, H. Tan, C. Kim, J. Nam, J. Lim, S. Kim (LGE)]

*JVET- AM0189 also relates to the SPTI, TDI, DSCV, and AUR SEI messages and to the study of SEI messages in VSEI, VCC, HEVC, and AVC*

**Text description information SEI message *(3)***

[JVET-AM0098](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15745) AHG9: On the TDI SEI message [Y. He, L. Kerofsky, S. Zhao, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)]

[JVET-AM0165](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15812) AHG9: On value range and reserved values for syntax elements in VSEI v4 [J. Nam, H. Tan, J. Lee, C. Kim, J. Lim, S. Kim (LGE)]

*JVET- AM0047 also relates to the EOI, SPTI, MI, and IFM SEI messages*

[JVET-AM0189](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15836) AHG9: On semantics of persistence flag of SEI messages in VSEI v4 and v3 [J. Lee, H. Tan, C. Kim, J. Nam, J. Lim, S. Kim (LGE)]

*JVET- AM0189 also relates to the SPTI, MI, DSCV, and AUR SEI messages and to the study of SEI messages in VSEI, VCC, HEVC, and AVC*

**Generative face video SEI messages *(1)***

[JVET-AM0091](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15738) AHG9: On GFV SEI chroma key [J. Boyce, M. M. Hannuksela (Nokia)]

**Digitally signed content messages *(8)***

[JVET-AM0047](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15694) AHG9: Miscellaneous changes for VSEI [Y.-K. Wang, J. Xu (Bytedance)]

*JVET- AAM0047 also relates to editorial changes in VSEI and the modality information and NNPFC SEI messages*

[JVET-AM0118](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15765) AHG9: Digital signing of selected SEI messages [M. M. Hannuksela, J. Boyce (Nokia)]

[JVET-AM0119](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15766) AHG9: On start and end flags of digitally signed content [M. M. Hannuksela, J. Boyce (Nokia)]

[JVET-AM0164](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15811) AHG9: On DSC SEI [K. Suehring, T. Hinz, Y. Sanchez, J. Pfaff, H. Schwarz, D. Marpe, T. Wiegand (Fraunhofer HHI)]

[JVET-AM0189](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15836) AHG9: On semantics of persistence flag of SEI messages in VSEI v4 and v3 [J. Lee, H. Tan, C. Kim, J. Nam, J. Lim, S. Kim (LGE)]

*JVET- AM0189 also relates to the SPTI, MI, TDI, and AUR SEI messages and to the study of SEI messages in VSEI, VCC, HEVC, and AVC*

[JVET-AM0190](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15837) AHG9: On implicit association mode in digitally-signed content SEI messages in VSEI v4 [J. Lee, H. Tan, C. Kim, J. Nam, J. Lim, S. Kim (LGE)]

[JVET-AM0208](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15855) AHG9: On aspects related to verification period in digitally-signed content SEI messages in VSEI v4 draft [H. Tan, J. Lee, J. Nam, C. Kim, J. Lim, S. Kim (LGE)]

[JVET-AM0210](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15857) AHG9: On miscellaneous aspects in digitally-signed content SEI messages in VSEI v4 draft [H. Tan, J. Lee, J. Nam, C. Kim, J. Lim, S. Kim (LGE)]

**AI usage restrictions SEI message *(4)***

[JVET-AM0112](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15759) AHG9: On AI usage restrictions SEI message [M. Pettersson, R. Sjöberg, M. Damghanian (Ericsson)]

[JVET-AM0117](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15764) AHG9: On the AI usage restrictions SEI message [M. M. Hannuksela, F. Cricri (Nokia)]

[JVET-AM0152](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15799) AHG9: AI usage restrictions for entities other than decoded pictures [C. Kim, H. Tan, J. Nam, J. Lee, J. Lim, S. Kim (LGE)]

[JVET-AM0189](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15836) AHG9: On semantics of persistence flag of SEI messages in VSEI v4 and v3 [J. Lee, H. Tan, C. Kim, J. Nam, J. Lim, S. Kim (LGE)]

*JVET- AM0189 also relates to the SPTI, MI, TDI, and DSCV SEI messages and to the study of SEI messages in VSEI, VCC, HEVC, and AVC*

**Packed regions information SEI message *(3)***

[JVET-AM0075](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15722) AHG9: On packed regions information SEI message [T. Chujoh, Z. Fan, R. Ishimoto, T. Ikai (Sharp)]

[JVET-AM0166](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15813) AHG9: Miscellaneous aspects in VSEI v4 [J. Nam, H. Tan, J. Lee, C. Kim, J. Lim, S. Kim (LGE)]

*JVET- AM0166 also relates to the SPO and MI SEI messages*

[JVET-AM0211](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15858) AHG9: On the packed regions information SEI message [J. Xu, Y.-K. Wang (Bytedance)]

**Image format metadata SEI message *(1)***

[JVET-AM0165](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15812) AHG9: On value range and reserved values for syntax elements in VSEI v4 [J. Nam, H. Tan, J. Lee, C. Kim, J. Lim, S. Kim (LGE)]

*JVET- AM0165 also relates to the EOI, SPTI, MI, and TDI SEI messages*

1. ***Study JVET-AL2032 TuC for VSEI (32)***

**NNPF SEI messages *(1)***

[JVET-AM0087](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15734) AHG9: Comments on VSEI TuC [S. Deshpande (Sharp)]

[JVET-AM0173](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15820) AHG9: NNPFA SEI message extension for multi-purpose NNPFs [C-H. Demarty, E. François, A. Ak (InterDigital), M. Hannuskela, F. Cricri (Nokia)]

**SEI processing order and processing order nesting SEI messages (*2*)**

[JVET-AM0079](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15726) AHG9: On the SPO SEI message [Y. He, L. Kerofsky, S. Zhao, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)]

[JVET-AM0155](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15802) AHG9: On the SPO SEI message complexity signaling [Y. Gao, P. Wu, S. Xie, Y. Bai, C. Huang (ZTE)]

**Encoder optimization information SEI message *(2)***

[JVET-AM0126](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15773) AHG9: Temporal quality indication for EOI SEI message [J. Chen, Y. Ye, B. Chen (Alibaba)]

[JVET-AM0179](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15826) AHG9: Depth-aware optimization for Encoder optimization information SEI message [G. Teniou, S. Wenger, A. Hinds (Tencent)]

**Digitally signed content messages *(4)***

[JVET-AM0156](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15803) AHG9: On Digitally Signing a SEI message [Y. Gao, P. Wu, Y. Bai, S. Xie, C. Huang (ZTE)]

[JVET-AM0160](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15807) AHG9: On including SEI messages in the digitally signed content [C. Kim, H. Tan, J. Nam, J. Lee, J. Lim, S. Kim (LGE)]

[JVET-AM0193](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15840) AHG9: On digitally-signed content SEI messages for subpicture support in TuC of VSEI [J. Lee, H. Tan, C. Kim, J. Nam, J. Lim, S. Kim (LGE)]

[JVET-AM0205](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15852) AHG9: Digitally signed content: use of Picture ID for overlay area exclusion [I. Sodagar, C. Fersch, S. McCarthy (Dolby Labs)]

**Film grain regions characteristics SEI message *(4)***

[JVET-AM0085](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15732) AHG9/AHG13: On Film Grain Regions Characteristics SEI message [S. Deshpande, J. Samuelsson-Allendes (Sharp)]

[JVET-AM0124](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15771) [AHG9/AHG13]: On typo fix and interface software contribution to the FGRC SEI message [S. Xie, W. Niu, P. Wu, Y. Gao, C. Huang (ZTE)]

*JVET- AM0124 also relates to software for SEI messages*

[JVET-AM0168](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15815) [AHG9/AHG13] Implementation in VTM TuC of the film grain regions characteristics SEI message [F. Urban, E. François, P. de Lagrange (InterDigital), G. Teniou (Tencent)]

*JVET- AM0168 also relates to software for SEI messages*

[JVET-AM0230](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15877) AHG9/AHG13: Reference picture resolution for the FGR SEI message [E. François, P. de Lagrange, F. Urban (InterDigital)]

**Constituent rectangles SEI messages (*2)***

[JVET-AM0092](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15739) AHG9: Editorial changes on the CR SEI message [Y. He, S. Zhao, L. Kerofsky, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)]

[JVET-AM0093](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15740) AHG9: On the CR SEI message [Y. He, S. Zhao, L. Kerofsky, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)]

**Quality metrics SEI message *(1)***

[JVET-AM0096](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15743) AHG9: On the QM SEI message [Y. He, L. Kerofsky, S. Zhao, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)]

**Lens optical correction SEI message *(2)***

[JVET-AM0101](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15748) AHG9: On Lens Optical Correction SEI message [L. Kerofsky, Y. He, S. Zhao, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)]

[JVET-AM0102](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15749) AHG9: Additional models for the LOC SEI message [L. Kerofsky, Y. He, S. Zhao, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)]

**Display overlays information SEI message *(3)***

[JVET-AM0094](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15741) AHG9: On the DOI SEI message [Y. He, S. Zhao, L. Kerofsky, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)]

[JVET-AM0147](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15794) AHG9: On applying display overlays on display rectangles [T. Biatek, J. Boyce, M. M. Hannuksela (Nokia)]

[JVET-AM0180](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15827) AHG9: Overlay purpose indicator for Display overlays information SEI message [G. Teniou, S. Wenger, A. Hinds (Tencent)]

**Bitdepth range information SEI message *(1)***

[JVET-AM0099](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15746) AHG9: On the BRI SEI message [Y. He, L. Kerofsky, S. Zhao, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)]

**Photosensitive content information SEI message *(1)***

[JVET-AM0086](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15733) AHG9: On Photosensitive Content Information Signaling [S. Deshpande (Sharp)]

**Display rectangles SEI message *(2)***

[JVET-AM0095](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15742) AHG9: On the DR SEI message [Y. He, S. Zhao, L. Kerofsky, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)]

[JVET-AM0146](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15793) AHG9: On display rectangles with same display aspect ratio as cropped decoded picture [T. Biatek, J. Boyce, M. M. Hannuksela (Nokia)]

**Picture segment information SEI message *(2)***

[JVET-AM0097](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15744) AHG9: On the PSI SEI message [Y. He, L. Kerofsky, S. Zhao, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)]

[JVET-AM0192](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15839) AHG9: On picture segmentation SEI message in TuC of VSEI [J. Lee, H. Tan, C. Kim, J. Nam, J. Lim, S. Kim (LGE)]

**Danmu information SEI message *(3)***

[JVET-AM0154](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15801) AHG9: On danmu information SEI message [C. Kim, H. Tan, J. Nam, J. Lee, J. Lim, S. Kim (LGE)]

[JVET-AM0161](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15808) AHG9: On display timing in the danmu information SEI message [C. Kim, H. Tan, J. Nam, J. Lee, J. Lim, S. Kim (LGE)]

[JVET-AM0182](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15829) AHG9: On the Danmu SEI message [S. Zhao, Y. He, L. Kerofsky, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)]

**Colour mapping information SEI message *(1)***

[JVET-AM0108](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15755) AHG9: On colour mapping information SEI message [J. Samuelsson-Allendes, S. Deshpande (Sharp)]

1. ***Collect software and showcase information for SEI messages (4)***

**Film grain regions characteristics SEI message *(2)***

[JVET-AM0124](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15771) [AHG9/AHG13]: On typo fix and interface software contribution to the FGRC SEI message [S. Xie, W. Niu, P. Wu, Y. Gao, C. Huang (ZTE)]

[JVET-AM0168](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15815) [AHG9/AHG13] Implementation in VTM TuC of the film grain regions characteristics SEI message [F. Urban, E. François, P. de Lagrange (InterDigital), G. Teniou (Tencent)]

*JVET- AM0124 and JVET-AM0168 also relate to the film grain regions characteristics SEI message*

**Green metadata SEI message *(1)***

[JVET-AM0162](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15809) AHG9: Software implementation of attenuation map information metadata in the Green Metadata SEI message [C-H. Demarty, F. Urban, E. François, F. Aumont (InterDigital)]

*JVET- AM0162 also relates to the study of SEI messages in VVC, HEVC, and AVC*

**Gaussian splatting information SEI message *(1)***

[JVET-AM0212](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15859) AHG9: Gaussian splatting information SEI message [D. Wang, J. Xu, L. Zhang, Y.-K. Wang, S. Jiao (Bytedance)]

*JVET- AM0212 also relates to identifying potential needs for new SEI messages*

1. ***Identify potential needs for additional SEI messages, including study of AVC and HEVC SEI messages for use in VVC (6)***

[JVET-AM0083](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15730) AHG9: Auxiliary sampling alignment and transformation information SEI [V. Zakharchenko, J. Boyce, D. Rusanovskyy, M. M. Hannuksela (Nokia)]

[JVET-AM0103](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15750) AHG9: Camera Extinsic Information SEI message [L. Kerofsky, Y. He, S. Zhao, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)]

[JVET-AM0153](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15800) AHG9: Loss recovery information SEI message [C. Kim, H. Tan, J. Nam, J. Lee, J. Lim, S. Kim (LGE)]

[JVET-AM0181](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15828) AHG9: Proposed new SEI message on 3d model reconstruction information [G. Teniou, S. Wenger, A. Hinds, J. Ricard (Tencent)]

[JVET-AM0184](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15831) AHG9: Picture Reference Degree SEI Message [S. Zhao, Y. He, L. Kerofsky, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)]

[JVET-AM0212](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15859) AHG9: Gaussian splatting information SEI message [D. Wang, J. Xu, L. Zhang, Y.-K. Wang, S. Jiao (Bytedance)]

*JVET- AM0212 also relates to software for SEI messages*

1. **Activities**

The regular JVET e-mail reflector was used for discussions ([jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de](mailto:jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de)) with [AHG9] in message headers. No emails with [AHG9] were exchanged.

1. **Recommendations**

The AHG recommends to:

* Review all related contributions; and
* Continue SEI messages studies.

[JVET-AM0010](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15904) JVET AHG report: Encoding algorithm optimization (AHG10) [K. Andersson, P. de Lagrange, A. Duenas (co-chairs), T. Ikai, T. Solovyev, A. Tourapis (vice chairs)]

1. **Related contributions**

Following contributions were identified relating to AHG10 and summarized in the following sections.

1. ***JVET-AM0045: AHG17 Generated VTM anchor bitstreams using LambdaScaleTowardsNextQP***

This document is a follow up the approach of scaling lambda to control target bitrate as suggested in JVET-AL0207 with the current approach for target bitrate matching where QP is increased by 1 at a selected frame and used for the remaining length of the video sequence. The document reports results of rate matching using VTM-23.9 where the QP closest to the target bitrate is selected and the lambda is scaled to increase or decrease the bitrate using the configuration parameter LambdaScaleTowardsNextQP. The sequences and target bitrates follow AHG17 (configurations of draft CfE).

In v2 the document added BDR comparisons with QP + 1 approach and fixed QP (QP closest to target bitrate) are included. The lambda scaling approach has more similar BDR compared to using fixed QP than to the QP + 1 rate matching approach.

1. ***JVET-AM0078: AHG17 Suggestion to enable DMVR encoder control for VTM anchor***

This document is about the configuration parameter DMVREncMvSelect in VTM which will penalize the usage of DMVR when it is a risk that the tool produces visual artifacts. This typically occurs at lower bitrates when DMVR has more troubles to find the correct motion for all subblocks. In this contribution DMVREncMvSelect has been tested on the AHG17 test sequences and target bitrate’s and it is asserted that its enabling can improve visual quality in some cases. It is therefore suggested to enable DMVREncMvSelect for the VTM anchor in the context of subjective related tests, such as in the scope of AHG17. For rate matching the configuration parameter LambdaScaleTowardsNextQP has been used.

In v2 the document added BDR in comparisons with QP +1 rate matching and lambda scaling rate matching approach as in JVET-AM0045 are included. The BDR loss per class varies between -0.2% to 1.6% in comparison to the QP + 1 rate matching approach and between 0.7% to 1.4% in comparison to the lambda scaling rate matching approach.

1. ***JVET-AM0125: AHG17 Analysis on encoding time and mode cost test for draft CfE sequences***

This document reports experimental results that show that runtime ratio of VTM high performance and ECM JVET-AL0245 are roughly 1.9x to 1.3x and 5.3x to 10.4x for R1 to R4, and encoding runtime and RDO count are correlated, and they vary greatly depending on sequences. For SDR\_RA\_HD, EncT per RDO count is 0.085, 0.080 msec/count in VTM 23.9 under default and high performance configurations respectively. On the other hand, it is 1.034 msec/count in ECM under JVET-AL0245 configuration, which is 13 times larger than that of VTM and it may reflect to 12x EncT in ECM.

1. ***JVET-AM0187: On Intra Period of Random Access Test Case for HD and below Content***

This document reports that in today’s streaming applications, intra period is reportedly much larger than 1 second used in our CTC, especially when the adaptive intra picture inserting by rate control is excluded. It is proposed to use larger intra period of 2 seconds for content with resolution at or below HD, in random access test cases of CfP and future CTC to better align with practical applications while keeping a reasonable testing runtime. The benefit for UGC content in AHG17 is about 5% with 2s intra period.

1. ***JVET-AM0200: AHG17: Getting VTM to run five times faster***

The document reports that the reduced runtime VTM encoder configuration #3 adopted at the 38th meeting doesn’t quite achieve the target of 0.2x encoder runtime under CfE test conditions. This contribution reports on software improvements that were recently made to VTM and proposes new encoder configurations to get closer to the target.

The document proposes to modify the encoder configuration variants for reduced runtime 2 (30%) and 3 (20%) present in VTM as follows:

* Reduced runtime configuration 2:

UseNonLinearAlfLuma : 0

SplitPredictAdaptMode : 2

MergeRdCandQuotaGpm : 5

ContentBasedFastQtbt : 1

AdaptBypassAffineMe : 1

MaxMTTHierarchyDepth : 2

MaxMTTHierarchyDepthISliceL : 2

MTS : 4

MTSIntraMaxCand : 3

MaxNumMergeCand : 5

AllowDisFracMMVD : 0

MaxMergeRdCandNumTotal : 5

* Reduced runtime configuration 3:

UseNonLinearAlfLuma : 0

SplitPredictAdaptMode : 2

MergeRdCandQuotaGpm : 4

MaxTTNonISlice : 32

MaxBTNonISlice : 64

ContentBasedFastQtbt : 1

AdaptBypassAffineMe : 1

CTUSize : 64

MaxMTTHierarchyDepth : 1

MaxMTTHierarchyDepthISliceL : 2

MaxMTTHierarchyDepthISliceC : 1

MTS : 4

MTSIntraMaxCand : 3

MaxNumMergeCand : 5

AllowDisFracMMVD : 0

AffineAmvr : 0

ISPFast : 1

FastMIP : 1

MaxMergeRdCandNumTotal : 4

AffineAmvrEncOpt : 0

1. ***JVET-AM0225: [AHG17] Encoder runtime for the constrained complexity configurations under the CfE draft test conditions***

This document presents simulation results with the reliable encoder runtime for the constrained complexity encoder configurations of VTM 23.9 under the test conditions from the CfE draft. The simulation results show encoder runtime 65%, 53%, 25% with luma bd-rate 0.9%, 2.8%, 17.6% for the reduced runtime 1, 2 and 3 configurations correspondingly, relatively to the default RA configuration of VTM 23.9. HM-18.0 tested under the similar test conditions, shows 42% encoder runtime with 65.6% luma bd-rate relatively to the default configuration of VTM 23.9.

1. ***JVET-AM0237: On constrained encoding and decoding experiments***

This document explores the trade-offs between coding efficiency and computational complexity for both encoder and decoder. During the previous meeting, multiple trade-off points were presented by changing ECM configurations. While certain configurations demonstrated encoder complexity levels approximately twice that of the VTM encoder, the corresponding decoder complexity failed to achieve a desired two times of VTM decoder. It was suggested that further modifications are necessary to effectively reduce decoder complexity alongside encoder complexity.

In the context of constrained encoding, specific configurations achieved encoder complexity levels approximately twice that of the VTM encoder while maintaining comparable BD-rate gains. However, the decoding time exhibited significant variations, ranging from x2, x4, to even x6 the decoding time of the VTM decoder.

This contribution emphasizes the importance of illustrating both encoding and decoding times to provide a comprehensive understanding of trade-offs within the constrained encoding category. It is suggested that decoding time information be discussed jointly with encoding time, and this is beneficial for CfE response and practical implementation of the next generation of video coding standard.

1. ***JVET-AM0238: Suggestion of GOP Size Setting of Random Access Configuration for Live-streaming Applications***

This document states that latency is critical for live streaming applications, and a larger GOP size will lead to higher delay. Therefore, the GOP size in practical live streaming applications generally is much smaller than the value of 32 as specified in the current Common Test Conditions (CTC). To better reflect the use case, it is proposed to add one additional test configuration, setting the GOP size to be 4 in random access test cases of CfP and future CTC, ensuring better alignment with practical live streaming scenarios. In addition, the intra period is also adjusted to be 2 seconds instead of 1 second to better match typical live streaming settings in real applications.

1. **Recommendation**

The AHG recommends that the related input contributions are reviewed, and to further continue the study of encoding algorithm optimizations in JVET.

[JVET-AM0011](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15905) JVET AHG report: Neural network-based video coding (AHG11) [E. Alshina, F. Galpin, S. Liu, A. Segall (co-chairs), J. Li, Y. Li, R.-L. Liao, M. Santamaria, T. Shao, M. Wien, P. Wu (vice chairs)]

1. ***Common Test Conditions***
2. **Anchor Encoding**

Anchor for the NN-based video coding activity made available though the Git repository used for the AHG activity:

https://vcgit.hhi.fraunhofer.de/jvet-ahg-nnvc/nnvc-ctc/-/blob/master/Anchor%20performance/NNVC-13-VTM\_vs\_NNVC-13.xlsm

also distributed by AhG14 in JVET-AM0014 and intermediate report JVET-AM0043

1. ***Complexity, quality metrics, training sets***

Beside AhG11 recommended training data sets (BVI-DVB, TVD, DIV2K) proponents use Vimeo 90 K triple (for training NN-Intra). For learnable Intra frame coding additionally UVG, CLIC2021, LSDIR and JPEG AI training sets were used in one contribution.

In one contribution the compression performance of models trained using MSE loss and combined MSE and MS-SSIM loss evaluated in seven quality metrics (additionally to PSNR).

One contribution studies relationship between CPU and GPU run time for different neural networks architecture, trying to improve complexity evaluation for NNVC.

Bit-exact reconstruction was discussed only via e-mails in context of EE1 tests implementation and NN model quantizing. If there is mathematical proof of no overflow 32 bits overflow during model quantization (like in JPEG AI) then bit-exact behaviour can be guaranteed. Otherwise handling of overflow shall be specified. For complex models (such as NN-Inter) drop of 0.5% was reported after float point model was converted to int 16.

1. ***Interaction with ECM***

Different NN-based in-loop filters, as they were designed in AhG11/EE1 were tested using interface available in ECM. In random access configuration NN-based in-loop filter provides roughly 1%, 2% and 5% BD-rate gain on top of ECM with moderate CPU encoding run-time increment for VLOP, LOP and HOP versions of filter correspondently. BD-rate gain NN filters show on top of ECM is roughly 5% lower than on top of VTM.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| [JVET-AM0176](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15823) | EE2-related: ECM NNLF evaluation using AhG11 trained model | [T. Poirier](mailto:tangi.poirier@interdigital.com), F. Galpin (InterDigital) |

1. ***EE Coordination***

The AHG finalized, conducted, and discussed the EE on NN based video coding. A summary report for the EE is available at this meeting as:

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| [JVET-AM0023](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15913) | EE1: Summary report of exploration experiment on neural network-based video coding | E. Alshina, R. Chang, F. Galpin, Yue Li, Yun Li, M. Santamaria, T. Shao, J. Ström, Z. Xie (EE coordinators) |

1. ***Teleconferences***

The AHG conducted two joint teleconferences with AHG14 and EE1 during the interim period. The teleconferences were held on April 25 and May 23, 2025. In those teleconferences, the following topics were discussed:

* NNVC13.0 software integration status and anchor performance.
* Hybrid plus E2E AI video codec framework development
* New VTM rebasing and NNVC SW integration status up-date
* EE1 tests final design

In particular it was agreed to re-implement NNVC to be based on VTM-23.9, remove dead code. Corresponding work was conducted by AhG14.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| [JVET-AL0043](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/documents/38_Teleconference/wg11/JVET-AL0043-v1.zip) | [AHG11] [AHG14] Teleconference on NNVC | E. Alshina, F. Galpin |

1. ***Performance Evaluation***

The performance and complexity of NN-based tools available in NNVC SW is summarized in the table below. All test data provided by AhG14. Encoding and decoding run time is very dependent on cluster used for simulation. Run time data in this table are all from InterDigital.

In NNVC-13 default configuration only LOP6 filter was modified (number of sequential convolutions decreased), but the most of speed up comes due to the speed-up of SADL.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Test vs NNVC (configured as VTM)** | **Random Access cfg** | | | | | **kMAC/pxl** | | | | **Param (Mprm)** | | | |
| **Y** | U | V | Enc | Dec | **Total** | Filter | Intra | SR | **Total** | Filter | Intra | SR |
| NN-Intra & LOP filter (2 tools) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NNVC-13.0 (LOP6) | **-8.2%** | -14.9% | -13.5% | **1.1** | **28** | **21.4** | **16.6** | **4.8** | **0** | **1.5** | **0.25** | **1.3** | **0** |
| NNVC-12.0 (LOP5) | **-8.2%** | -15.3% | -13.5% | 1.2 | 35 | **21.4** | 16.6 | 4.8 | 0 | **1.5** | 0.25 | 1.3 | 0 |
| NNVC-11.0 (LOP4) | **-7.6%** | -14.3% | -13.2% | 1.2 | 36 | **21.6** | 16.8 | 4.8 | 0 | **1.5** | 0.21 | 1.3 | 0 |
| NNVC-10.0 (LOP3) | **-7.4%** | -13.6% | -11.6% | 1.2 | 33 | **21.7** | 16.9 | 4.8 | 0 | **1.5** | 0.21 | 1.3 | 0 |
| NNVC-9.1(LOP3) | **-7.3%** | -13.1% | -11.3% | 1.2 | 81 | **24.8** | 16.9 | 7.9 | 0 | **1.7** | 0.21 | 1.5 | 0 |
| NNVC-8.0(LOP2) | **-6.9%** | -13.2% | -12.1% | 1.2 | 73 | **25.0** | 17.1 | 7.9 | 0 | **1.6** | 0.05 | 1.5 | 0 |
| NNVC-7.1(LOP2) | **-6.9%** | -13.2% | -12.1% | 1.3 | 86 | **25.0** | 17.1 | 7.9 | 0 | **1.6** | 0.05 | 1.5 | 0 |
| NNVC-9.1(LOP2CA) | **-8.2%** | -16.5% | -15.5% | 2.5 | 69 | **25.5** | 17.6 | 7.9 | 0 | **1.6** | 0.05 | 1.5 | 0 |
| NN-Intra & HOP filter (2 tools) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NNVC-10.0 (HOP5) | **-14.2%** | -19.5% | -19.9% | 2.6 | 1135 | **471** | 466 | 4.8 | 0 | **2.7** | 1.4 | 1.3 | 0 |
| NNVC-9.1(HOP4) | **-14.1%** | -19.2% | -19.6% | 2.9 | 1447 | **484** | 476 | 7.9 | 0 | **3.0** | 1.44 | 1.5 | 0 |
| NNVC-8.0(HOP3) | **-13.7%** | -13.9% | -14.5% | 2.5 | 1092 | **474** | 466 | 7.9 | 0 | **2.9** | 1.40 | 1.5 | 0 |
| NNVC-7.0(HOP2) | **-13.6%** | -12.5% | -14.2% | 4.1 | 2071 | **485** | 477 | 7.9 | 0 | **3.0** | 1.50 | 1.5 | 0 |
| NN-Intra & VLOP filter (2 tools) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NNVC-11.0 (VLOP3) | **-5.8%** | -6.6% | -5.7% | 1.2 | 7 | **9.9** | 5.10 | 4.8 | 0 | **1.3** | 0.07 | 1.3 | 0 |
| NNVC-10.0 (VLOP2) | **-5.6%** | -7.6% | -6.4% | 1.1 | 15 | **10** | 5.16 | 4.8 | 0 | **1.3** | 0.06 | 1.3 | 0 |
| NNVC-9.1(VLOP) | **-5.3%** | -5.4% | -5.2% | 1.2 | 40 | **13** | 5.12 | 7.9 | 0 | **1.5** | 0.02 | 1.5 | 0 |
| NN-Intra & LOP filter content adaptive (2 tools) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NNVC-10.0 caLOP4 | **-8.5%** | -18.0% | -17.1% | 2.3 | 36 | **21.8** | 16.9 | 4.8 | 0 | **1.5** | 0.21 | 1.3 | 0 |
| NN-Intra & LOP filter & adaptive resolution coding (3 tools) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NNVC-11.0 NNSR | **-8.5%** | -12.2% | -10.9% |  |  | **26.3** | 16.8 | 4.8 | 4.7 | **1.4** | 0.05 | 1.3 | 0.05 |
| NNVC-8.0 RPR | **-7.5%** | -10.9% | -9.7% |  |  | **25.0** | 17.1 | 7.9 | 0 | **1.6** | 0.05 | 1.5 | 0 |
| NNVC-8.0 NNSR | **-7.8%** | -11.8% | -10.5% |  |  | **45.3** | 17.1 | 7.9 | 20.3 | **1.8** | 0.21 | 1.5 | 0.1 |

More details and analysis for tools and tools combination is expected in AhG14 report.

1. ***End-to-end AI coded reference picture***

Following proposals from 36th, 37th and 38th meetings several companies propose framework for E2E AI coded reference picture insertion. Promising gain reported for this approach (4% and 1% in all intra and random-access configuration correspondingly). First attempt to integrate interface of E2E AI coded reference picture insertion for further experiments with different neural networks was done in coordination with AhG14. Partial integration in one frame test provides results similar those reported previously. More details of SW work can be given in AhG14 report. Some aspects of integration (such as harmonization with LMCS, for example) need to be discusses and agreed during JVET meeting.

1. **Input contributions**

There are 31 input contributions related to the AHG mandates. The list of input contributions is provided below.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Reporting (**2**) | | | | | | |
| [JVET-AM0023](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15913) | EE1: Summary report of exploration experiment on neural network-based video coding | | E. Alshina, R. Chang, F. Galpin, Yue Li, Yun Li, M. Santamaria, T. Shao, J. Ström, Z. Xie (EE coordinators) | | | |  |
| [JVET-AM0043](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15690) | [AHG11] [AHG14] Teleconference on NNVC | | [E. Alshina](mailto:elena.alshina@huawei.com), [F. Galpin](mailto:franck.galpin@interdigital.com) | | | |
| Combination of End-to-end AI coding and conventional codec (**3**) | | | | | | |
| [JVET-AM0050](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15697) | AHG 14: Work on NN-coded Base Layer in VTM / NNVC | | [F. Brand](mailto:fabian.brand@huawei.com), [T. Solovyev](mailto:solovyev.timofey@huawei.com), [E. Alshina (Huawei)](mailto:elena.alshina@huawei.com), F. Urban, F. Galpin (Interdigital) | | | |
| [JVET-AM0057](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15704) | AHG11: A Hybrid Framework Integrating End-to-End Learned Image Codec with Conventional Codec | | [N. Zou](mailto:nannan.zou@nokia.com), [A. Hallapuro](mailto:antti.hallapuro@nokia.com), [F. Cricri](mailto:francesco.cricri@nokia.com), [H. Zhang](mailto:honglei.1.zhang@nokia.com), [A. B. Koyuncu](mailto:burakhan.koyuncu@nokia.com), [J. Ahonen](mailto:jukka.1.ahonen@nokia.com), [M. M. Hannuksela (Nokia)](mailto:miska.hannuksela@nokia.com) | | | |
| [JVET-AM0214](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15861) | AHG 11: Motion Vector Restriction in Multi-Layer Hybrid NN-based and Conventional Coding | | F. Brand, T. Solovyev, E. Alshina (Huawei) | | | |
| NNVC complexity assessment (**1**) | | | | | | |
| [JVET-AM0073](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15720) | [AHG11] Comparison of execution time of NN on different devices | | [A. Karabutov](mailto:karabutov.alexander@huawei.com), [E. Alshina](mailto:elena.alshina@huawei.com), [F. Brand (Huawei)](mailto:fabian.brand@huawei.com) | | | |
| Interaction with ECM (**1**) | | | | | | |
| [JVET-AL0043](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/documents/38_Teleconference/wg11/JVET-AL0043-v1.zip) | [AHG11] [AHG14] Teleconference on NNVC | | E. Alshina, F. Galpin | | | |
| EE1 contributions (**7**) | | | | | | |
| [JVET-AM0053](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15700) | EE1-2.2: Conditional loop-filter | M. Santamaria, F. Cricri, N. Le (Nokia) | | | |
| [JVET-AM0114](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15761) | EE1-3.1: RA/LDB Unified Reference Frame Synthesis for VVC Inter Coding [Q. Qin, C. Jung (Xidian Univ.)] | A. Suneja, [J. N. Shingala](mailto:jay.shingala@ittiam.com), [A. Shyam](mailto:ajayshyam@ittiam.com), S. P. Badya (Ittiam), [T. Shao](mailto:tong.shao@dolby.com), [P. Yin](mailto:pyin@dolby.com), S. McCarthy (Dolby) | | | |
| [JVET-AM0120](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15767) | EE1-1.2: Over-Parameterized LOP In-Loop Filter | J. Han, C. Jung, Q. Qin (Xidian Univ.) | | | |
| [JVET-AM0122](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15769) | EE1-1.3: Backbone Block Enhancement of LOP In-Loop Filter with Over-Parameterized Training and Variable Channels | J. Han, C. Jung, Q. Qin (Xidian Univ.) | | | |
| [JVET-AM0123](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15770) | EE1-1.1: Sample-based adaptive blending weight selection for NN-based in-loop filter | H. Kwon, H. Ko (Hanyang Univ.) | | | |
| [JVET-AM0135](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15782) | EE1-2.1: Improved VLOP Attention with SIMD acceleration | Y. Li, M. Coban, M. Karczewicz, L. Kerofsky | | | |
| [JVET-AM0175](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15822) | EE1-3.2: Deep Reference Frame Generation for Inter Prediction Enhancement | X. Chen, N. Fu, W. Zhang, J. Zhang, D. Ding, W. Ma, Z. Chen (Wuhan Univ.) | | | |
| New NNVC tools in AhG11 or EE1 related contributions (**10**) | | | | | | |
| [JVET-AM0115](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15762) | EE1-related: URFS Performance Comparison on NNVC-4.0 and NNVC-9.0 Training Sets | | | Q. Qin, C. Jung (Xidian Univ.) | | |
| [JVET-AM0116](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15763) | EE1-related: Comparative Analysis of URFS in AJ0099, AK0077, and AL0105 | | | Q. Qin, C. Jung (Xidian Univ.) | | |
| [JVET-AM0131](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15778) | AHG11: LOP with Overlapped Feature Integration | | | J. Chi, A. Li, Y. Du, Ce Zhu, L. Luo, H.Guo (UESTC), Y. Huo, Y. Liu (Transsion) | | |
| [JVET-AM0143](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15790) | AHG11: Feature Fusion-Based Post-Filter for Efficient Video Enhancement | | | T. Das, K. Choi (KHU), B.-S. Kim, I. Cho, S. Hahm (KBS) | | |
| [JVET-AM0144](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15791) | AHG11: GAN-Based Post-Filter for Quality Enhancement of VVC Compressed Video | | | T. Das, K. Choi (KHU), B.-S. Kim, I. Cho, S. Hahm (KBS) | | |
| [JVET-AM0177](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15824) | AHG11: Deep Reference Frame Generation for Inter Prediction Enhancement with Structural Re-parameterization | | | W. Zhang, C. Gui, N. Fu, X. Chen, W. Ma, Z. Chen (Wuhan Univ.) | | |
| [JVET-AM0185](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15832) | AhG11: Decomposed Content-Adaptive VLOP | | | Z. Xu, J. Konieczny, A. Filippov, C. Hollmann, V. Rufitskiy, T. Dong, H. Qin (TCL) | | |
| [JVET-AM0186](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15833) | AhG11: Content-Adaptive Neural Network-based Super Resolution | | | Z. Xu, J. Konieczny, A. Filippov (TCL) | | |
| [JVET-AM0199](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15846) | AHG11: NNSR with consistent backbone block | | | H. Cho, S. Bahk, H. Y. Kim (KHU), D. Kim, S.-C. Lim (ETRI) | | |
| [JVET-AM0224](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15871) | AHG11: Multi-scale LOP backbone blocks with cross-scale interactions | | | L. Murn, M. Santamaria, F. Cricri (Nokia) | | |
| Cross-checks (**7** some not yet uploaded at the time report was prepared) | | | | | | |
| [JVET-AM0267](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15934) | Crosscheck of JVET-AM0175 (EE1-3.2: Deep Reference Frame Generation for Inter Prediction Enhancement) | | | | [N. Bhaskar (Huawei)](mailto:nisha.bhaskar@h-partners.com) | |
| [JVET-AM0272](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15939) | Crosscheck of JVET-AM0135 (EE1-2.1: Improved VLOP Attention with SIMD acceleration) | | | | [M. Santamaria (Nokia)](mailto:maria.santamaria_gomez@nokia.com) | |
| [JVET-AM0275](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15942) | Crosscheck of JVET-AM0257 (EE1-4.1: Cross-component enhanced NNSR) | | | | [J. Han](mailto:jiang16h@163.com), [C. Jung](mailto:zhengzk@xidian.edu.cn), [Q. Qin (Xidian Univ.)](mailto:kippqin@163.com) | |
| [JVET-AM0282](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15949) | Crosscheck of JVET-AM0114 (EE1-3.1: RA/LDB Unified Reference Frame Synthesis for VVC Inter Coding) | | | | N. Bhaskar (Huawei) | |
| [JVET-AM0283](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15950) | crosscheck of JVET-AM0175 (EE1-3.2: Deep Reference Frame Generation for Inter Prediction Enhancement) | | | | [Z. Xie (OPPO)](mailto:xiezhihuang@oppo.com) | |
| [JVET-AM0293](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15961) | Crosscheck of JVET-AM0120 (EE1-1.2: Over-Parameterized LOP In-Loop Filter) | | | | [T. Yang](mailto:y_tian@hust.edu.cn), [W.-X. He](mailto:wxhe@hust.edu.cn), [Y.-Q. Zhu](mailto:yiqingzhu@hust.edu.cn), [J.-D. Ye](mailto:ye_jd@hust.edu.cn), [X.-T. Xie](mailto:xiatian_xie@hust.edu.cn), [J.-S. Gong](mailto:jsgong@hust.edu.cn), [Q. Liu (HUST)](mailto:q.liu@hust.edu.cn), [Z.-Y. Lv (vivo)](mailto:zhuoyi.lv@vivo.com) | |
| [JVET-AM0294](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15962) | Crosscheck of JVET-AM0122 (EE1-1.3: Backbone Block Enhancement of LOP In-Loop Filter with Over-Parameterized Training and Variable Channels | | | | [T. Yang](mailto:y_tian@hust.edu.cn), [W.-X. He](mailto:wxhe@hust.edu.cn), [Y.-Q. Zhu](mailto:yiqingzhu@hust.edu.cn), [J.-D. Ye](mailto:ye_jd@hust.edu.cn), [X.-T. Xie](mailto:xiatian_xie@hust.edu.cn), [J.-S. Gong](mailto:jsgong@hust.edu.cn), [Q. Liu (HUST)](mailto:q.liu@hust.edu.cn), [Z.-Y. Lv (vivo)](mailto:zhuoyi.lv@vivo.com) | |

1. **Recommendations**

The AHG recommends:

* Review all input contributions.
* Continue investigating neural network-based video coding tools, including coding performance and complexity.
* Continue collecting training materials for neural network-based video coding tool development and investigate training stability.
* Discuss and agree on details of end-to-end AI coded refPicture integration (potential BoG)
* Recommend promising technologies for next EE1 round

[JVET-AM0012](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15906) JVET AHG report: Enhanced compression beyond VVC capability (AHG12) [M. Karczewicz, Y. Ye, L. Zhang (co-chairs), B. Bross, R. Chernyak, X. Li, K. Naser, Y. Yu (vice-chairs)]

The primary activity of the AHG was the “Exploration experiment on enhanced compression beyond VVC capability” (JVET-AL2024). The combined improvements of the ECM-17.1 over VTM-11.0ecm17.0 anchorfor AI, RA and LB configurations are:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | All Intra Main10 | | | | |
|  | Y | U | V | EncT | DecT |
| Class A1 | -14.76% | -16.60% | -27.65% | 1163.7% | 533.8% |
| Class A2 | -21.25% | -24.93% | -29.15% | 1110.6% | 580.9% |
| Class B | -14.89% | -23.18% | -21.23% | 1115.9% | 639.0% |
| Class C | -15.02% | -11.99% | -13.11% | 1029.4% | 590.8% |
| Class E | -19.41% | -23.10% | -21.32% | 1038.6% | 648.7% |
| Overall | -16.71% | -19.87% | -21.83% | 1089.8% | 601.3% |
| Class D | -12.84% | -8.91% | -9.58% | 993.2% | 640.7% |
| Class F | -30.41% | -34.26% | -34.39% | 681.6% | 620.2% |
| Class TGM | -43.37% | -49.07% | -48.36% | 480.9% | 529.3% |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | Random Access Main 10 | | | | |
|  | Y | U | V | EncT | DecT |
| Class A1 | -27.43% | -24.79% | -37.03% | 1184.4% | 1124.5% |
| Class A2 | -30.65% | -34.78% | -40.19% | 1128.9% | 1338.4% |
| Class B | -25.30% | -33.71% | -30.74% | 1014.4% | 1196.7% |
| Class C | -27.06% | -23.64% | -24.47% | 1088.8% | 1336.4% |
| Class E |  |  |  |  |  |
| Overall | -27.27% | -29.46% | -32.22% | 1089.3% | 1244.8% |
| Class D | -27.79% | -23.89% | -24.71% | 1024.9% | 1459.0% |
| Class F | -33.30% | -36.14% | -36.98% | 880.0% | 853.5% |
| Class TGM | -42.78% | -48.57% | -48.43% | 686.7% | 626.8% |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | Low Delay B Main 10 | | | | |
|  | Y | U | V | EncT | DecT |
| Class A1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Class A2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Class B | -22.53% | -40.00% | -35.36% | 1034.3% | 1051.6% |
| Class C | -24.92% | -27.76% | -30.13% | 983.6% | 1102.7% |
| Class E | -22.55% | -30.05% | -28.45% | 978.3% | 694.5% |
| Overall | -23.33% | -33.43% | -31.89% | 1003.1% | 963.1% |
| Class D | -26.61% | -28.84% | -30.92% | 999.8% | 1258.8% |
| Class F | -30.88% | -41.04% | -41.18% | 861.6% | 771.2% |
| Class TGM | -41.07% | -51.05% | -50.93% | 679.1% | 584.7% |

The rate reduction for natural sequences over VTM in RA configuration for {Y, U, V} increased from ECM-16.1’s {-27.06%, -28.00%, -30.80%} to ECM-17.0’s {-27.27%, -29.46%, -32.22%}. For SCC sequences (class TGM) the rate reduction for RA configuration increased from ECM-16.1’s { -42.58%, -47.84%, -47.66%} to ECM-17.0’s { -42.78%, -48.57%, -48.43%}.

1. **Contributions**

In addition to 25 EE2 contributions, 41 (comparing to 30 last meeting) EE2-related and AHG12-related contributions were received. The EE2-related and AHG12-related contributions can be subdivided as follows:

***Intra (9)***

JVET-AM0104, "EE2-related: On reference sample filtering for TIMD", V. Rufitskiy, A. Filippov, T. Dong (TCL)

JVET-AM0105, "EE2-related: Candidate replacement in MPM list", Hao Tian, Yanbo Gao, Shuai Li, Jianjun Lei, Bin Li, Fang Xing, Pengfei Han

JVET-AM0140, "Non-EE2: Modifications of the unwrapping and interpolation filtering processes for angular modes", V. Rufitskiy, A. Filippov, T. Dong (TCL)

JVET-AM0141, "Non-EE2: Adaptive Planar Weight for DIMD", J.-H. Lee, K. Choi (KHU), C. W. Ryu (Kaon Group)

JVET-AM0145, "AHG12: TMRL blend", S. Blasi, G. Kulupana, D. Bugdayci Sansli, J. Lainema (Nokia)

JVET-AM0149, "Non-EE2: On filtering for angular modes", T. Dong, V. Rufitskiy, A. Filippov (TCL)

JVET-AM0150, "Non-EE2: Extension of reconstructed area types for EIP", W. Niu, S. Xie, M. Jia, Y. Bai, C. Huang (ZTE)

JVET-AM0167, "Non-EE2: On long-tap interpolation filtering for angular modes", T. Dong, V. Rufitskiy, A. Filippov (TCL)

JVET-AM0301, "AHG12: IntraTMP with DMVR", K. Naser, F. Le Léannec, P. Bordes, P. Le Guyadec (InterDigital)

***Inter (9)***

JVET-AM0065, "Non-EE2: Joint reordering of GPM with intra prediction", Z. Sun, Y. Yu, L. Zhang, H. Yu, D. Wang (OPPO)

JVET-AM0066, "Non-EE2: Joint reordering of GPM with affine prediction", L. Zhang, Y. Yu, Z. Sun, H. Yu, D. Wang (OPPO)

JVET-AM0072, "Non-EE2: Diversity reordering for ARMC pairwise candidates", C. Wang, Y. Yu, L. Zhang, Z. Xie, H. Yu, D. Wang (OPPO)

JVET-AM0107, "AHG12: Generated Merge Candidates", D. Bugdayci Sansli, J. Lainema (Nokia)

JVET-AM0132, "AHG12: Amvp temporal candidates derived from temporal collocated picture", Z. Li, X. Zeng, M. Jia, C. Huang (ZTE)

JVET-AM0139, "EE2-related: On Chained Motion Vector Prediction", X. Zeng, M. Jia, Z. Li, C. Huang (ZTE)

JVET-AM0129, "Non-EE2: binarization improvement of GPM", X. Wang, J. Chen, Ce Zhu, L. Luo, H. Guo (UESTC), Y. Huo, Y. Liu (Transsion)

JVET-AM0217, "EE2-related: Simplification of TMVP Refinement", T.M. Bae, S.Deshpande (Sharp Corporation)

JVET-AM0247, "Non-EE2: Extension of AMVP MVP Index Range", T. M. Bae, S. Deshpende (Sharp Corporation)

***Cross Component Prediction (5)***

JVET-AM0067, "Non-EE2: Enhanced CCP merge mode with BVG-CCCM model", H. Zhang, Y. Yu, H. Yu, D. Wang (OPPO)

JVET-AM0076, "Non-EE2: Enhanced DD-CCP and CCP-Merge Fusion", P. Bordes, T. Dumas, F. Galpin, Y. Chen (InterDigital)

JVET-AM0148, "Non-EE2: Multi-template selection for inter CCP merge mode with zero luma CBF", J. Huo, J. Liu, Y. Ma, F. Yang (Xidian Univ.)

JVET-AM0169, "Non-EE2: Reducing Candidate Modes in DDCCP", Shuai Wan, Yujie Yin, Zhiwei Zhu (NWPU), Shaowei Xie, Xing Zeng, Cheng Huang (ZTE)

JVET-AM0196, "Non-EE2: Adaptive subsampling filter selection for CCLM/CCCM", Y. Kidani, H. Kato, K. Kawamura (KDDI)

***In Loop Filters (9)***

JVET-AM0064, "EE2-related: Updated multi-models' usage strategy for ALF-CCCM", N. Song, L. Xu, Z. Xie, Y. Yu, H. Yu, D. Wang (OPPO)

JVET-AM0070, "Non-EE2: On regularization of ALF-CCCM", Z. Xie, N. Song, Y. Yu, H. Yu, D. Wang (OPPO)

JVET-AM0071, "AHG12: Extensions on ALF-CCCM", L. Xu, N. Song, Y. Yu, H. Yu, D. Wang (OPPO)

JVET-AM0110, "AHG12: Weighted averaging for bi-directional samples of TALF", K. Takada, S. Deshpande (Sharp)

JVET-AM0159, "Non-EE2: On ALF coefficient coding", I. Jumakulyyev, D. Bugdayci Sansli, J. Lainema (Nokia)

JVET-AM0171, "AHG12: On ALF-CCCM Model", F. Wang, N. Song, Z. Xie, Y. Yu, H. Yu, D. Wang (OPPO)

JVET-AM0176, "EE2-related: ECM NNL evaluation using AhG11 trained models", T. Poirier, F. Galpin (Interdigital)

JVET-AM0183, "Non-EE2: Look-up table based loop filtering for ECM", Y. Du, J. Chen, A. Li, J. Liu, C. Zhu, L. Luo, H. Guo (UESTC), Y. Huo, Y. Liu (Transsion)

JVET-AM0285, "AHG12: Reuse of TALF control information", Y. Bai, M. Jia, W. Niu, S. Xie, C. Huang(ZTE)

***Transform and Transform Skip Coefficients Quantization and Coding (6)***

JVET-AM0055, "EE2-3.6 related: On Context Budget Control for Transform Skip Residual Coding", T. N. Canh, P. Yin, S. McCarthy (Dolby)

JVET-AM0068, "AHG12: On Shifting Quantization Center", Y. Yu, H. Yu, J. Gan, L. Xu, H. Huang, F. Wang, Z. Xie, D. Wang (OPPO)

JVET-AM0069, "Non-EE2: On Sign Prediction", Y. Zhang, L. Xu, Y. Yu, J. Gan, H. Yu, D. Wang (OPPO)

JVET-AM0111, "AHG12: On Residual Sign Prediction", C. Hollmann, A. Filippov (TCL)

JVET-AM0127, "EE2-3.6 related: Advanced Budget Control for TSRC", R. Xu, W. Zhang, F. Yang (Xidian Univ.), B. Li, F. Xing, P. Han, Z. Wang, W. Song (Hisense)

JVET-AM0311, "AHG12: On Shifting Quantization Center for simple quantization (DQ and RDOQ disabled) (JVET-AM0068 related)", M. Le Pendu, M. Balcilar, F. Le Léannec, K. Naser (InterDigital)

***Entropy Coding (1)***

JVET-AM0220, "AHG12: Fix on cabac\_init\_flag and Temporal Cabac Inheritance", B. Wang, R. Chernyak, Z. Xiang, S. Liu (Tencent)

***Partitioning (1)***

JVET-AM0130, "Non-EE2: On partitioning optimization", G. Wang, C. Zhou, Z. Lv (vivo)

***Other (1)***

JVET-AM0216, "AHG12: Fixes for 12-bit internal bit depth in ECM", R. Yu, V. Seregin, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)

1. Recommendations

The AHG recommends:

* To review all the related contributions.

[JVET-AM0013](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15907) JVET AHG report: Film grain technologies (AHG13) W. Husak, P. de Lagrange (co-chairs), A. Duenas, X. Meng, M. Radosavljević, A. Segall, G. Teniou, A. Tourapis (vice-chairs)]

1. **Discussion**

This period was slow with no meetings or discussions held.

From the previous meetings, the following five items should be in the second edition:

* Updated Technical Report (TR) text to fix errors and clumsy wording
* Updated tools for the TR
* Video test sequences specific to film grain to be added to the TR
* Metrics – discussion and/or survey of available techniques or metrics
* Subjective testing of Film Grain modeling methods

The following topics are worthy of discussion for the second edition:

* Conformance – this is interesting due to Film Grain modeling being associated with SEI messages
* Film Grain Analysis methods– preprocessing analysis (parameter estimation)

The following are additional topics that could also be considered and discussed at likely lower priority:

* EG/RP documents providing guidance or usage recommendations for film grain technologies– The group is still considering what could be useful information for the industry and the scope of such documents
* Future parameters and signaling – not a v2 topic

1. **Related contributions**

Five contributions related to AHG13 were identified as of 06/26/2025.

* One contribution was the AHG report:
  + JVET-AM0013 JVET AHG report: Film grain technologies (AHG13)
* Five other contributions were uploaded at the time of the report drafting:
  + JVET-AM0085 AHG9/AHG13: On Film Grain Regions Characteristics SEI message
  + JVET-AM0124 AHG9/AHG13: On typo fix and interface software contribution to the FGRC SEI message
  + JVET-AM0168 AHG9/AHG13: Implementation in VTM TuC of the film grain regions characteristics SEI message
  + JVET-AM0230 AHG9/AHG13: Reference picture resolution for the FGR SEI message
  + [JVET-AM0288](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15955) Neural network-based film grain analysis

***Contributions***

There were five contributions registered other than the AHG report. Four were uploaded as of 06/23/25.

**JVET-AM0085 AHG9/AHG13: On Film Grain Regions Characteristics SEI message**

This contribution relates to the film grain regions characteristics (FGRC) SEI message, which is included in the Technologies under consideration for future extensions of VSEI. It is proposed to signal width and height of the picture that the parameters in the FGRC SEI message apply to.

Contributions JVET-AL0086, JVET-AL0204, and JVET-AL0339 proposed adding signalling of width and height in an extension of the Film Grain Characteristics (FGC) SEI message. JVET-AL0339 was adopted in VSEI V4.

It is proposed to signal width and height of the picture that the parameters in the film grain regions characteristics (FGRC) SEI message apply to. Currently the width and height information is obtained via the variables PicWidthInLumaSamples and PicHeightInLumaSamples which are passed to the FGRC SEI. It is asserted that under certain situations, such as when reference picture resampling is used together with FGRC SEI, there may not be enough clarity regarding the width and the height that the parameters in FGRC apply to.

**JVET-AM0124 AHG9/AHG13: On typo fix and interface software contribution to the FGRC SEI message**

The document of “Technologies under consideration for future extensions of VSEI (version 7)” (JVET-AK2032) has been finalized in March 2025. In the document, the Film Grain Regions Characteristics (FGRC) SEI message design has been stabilized and the texts, relating to the FGRC SEI message, have been fully integrated. During our FGRC SEI message software implementation process, one typo in the document of JVET-AK2032 was identified. In this meeting contribution, the authors propose to correct this identified typo, and would like to request a merge process on FGRC SEI message interface software integration.

**JVET-AM0168 AHG9/AHG13: Implementation in VTM TuC of the film grain regions characteristics SEI message**

This contribution provides a status of the VTM software implementation of the Film Grain Regions Characteristics (FGRC) SEI message, defined in the VSEI TuC. It states that the single model version (one model per picture), aligned with the TuC specification JVET-AG2032, is available in a branch of the VTM TuC git repository. It also states that the interest of the FGRC SEI message, in single model version, has been demonstrated by showcases in JVET-AH0212. It is proposed to include the FGRC SEI message in the WD of the next VSEI specification version (v5), when this version is initiated.

**JVET-AM0230 AHG9/AHG13: Reference picture resolution for the FGR SEI message**

This contribution proposes to add a reference picture resolution to the FGR SEI message (included in the technologies under consideration for future extensions of VSEI), consistent with the decision to add this information to the FGC SEI message during the previous meeting.

The reasons to indicate the intended picture resolution for the interpretation of the FGC SEI message were explained and showcased in JVET-AL0288, based on a potential mismatch caused by reduced-resolution coding, and the solution adopted was to add this information as an extension to the FGC SEI message as proposed in JVET-AL0339.

The same reasons apply to the FGRC SEI message proposed in the TuC, without the need for an extension, though.

**JVET-AM0288 Neural network-based film grain analysis**

Not yet uploaded.

1. **Recommendations**

The AHG recommends:

* Continue editing the second edition for the TR;
* the related input contributions (non-AHG9) to be reviewed;
* any liaisons to be reviewed;
* to continue conformance discussion;
* to consider any newly proposed SEI message extensions;
* to discuss the possibility of creating as appropriate documents providing Engineering Guideline (EG) or recommended practices (RP) relating to film grain technologies and their applications; and
* to continue the study of film grain technologies in JVET.

JVET-AL2020 is planned to be delivered before the end of this meeting. Likely, no new version from the current meeting.

[JVET-AM0014](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15908) JVET AHG report: NNVC software development (AHG14) [F. Galpin (chair), R. Chang, Yue Li, Yun Li, M. Santamaria, J. N. Shingala, Z. Xie (vice chairs)]

1. **Software development**

***Location***

NNVC repository is located at <https://vcgit.hhi.fraunhofer.de/jvet-ahg-nnvc/VVCSoftware_VTM>

NNVC software is based on VTM-11.0 with enabled MCTF including the update from JVET-V0056, GOP32, enabling deblocking in the RDO, JVET-AH0054 with improved MCTF, JVET-AI0124 for reference picture alignment.

NNVC-13.0 anchor at https://vcgit.hhi.fraunhofer.de/jvet-ahg-nnvc/nnvc-ctc is used for NNVC performance evaluation.

***Software changes***

**Current NNVC**

Several commits were merged in the NNVC repository. The following changes were integrated:

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Contribution** | **MR** | **Description** |
| AL0084 | MR 303 | LOP6 |
| AL0169 | MR 304 | ALOP |
|  | MR 302 | Various cleaning and fixes |
| AL0265 | MR 306 | Sadl v13 |

In SADL v13, the following changes were integrated:

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Contribution** | **MR** | **description** |
|  | MR 152 | Optimization for multi-output models |
|  | MR 151 | Extend broadcasting for add layer |
| AL0100 | MR 150 | Tile feature |
| AL0100 | MR 149 | SIMD optimization for 2x2 deconvolution |

A branch allowing dataset extension has been created to ease the process of dataset creation ( see <https://vcgit.hhi.fraunhofer.de/jvet-ahg-nnvc/VVCSoftware_VTM/-/tree/NNVC-6.1_aom_dataset?ref_type=heads> )

***Software overview***

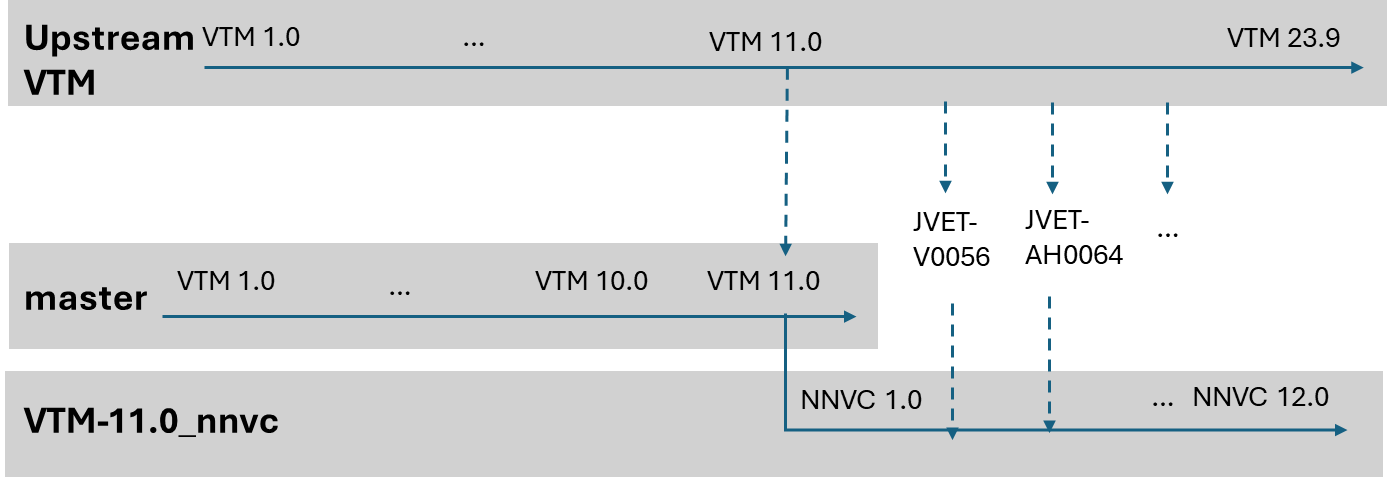
Between the 2 meetings, a joint effort was made to support new features such as hybrid end-to-end coding and also to rebase the NNVC software on the newest VTM 23.9.

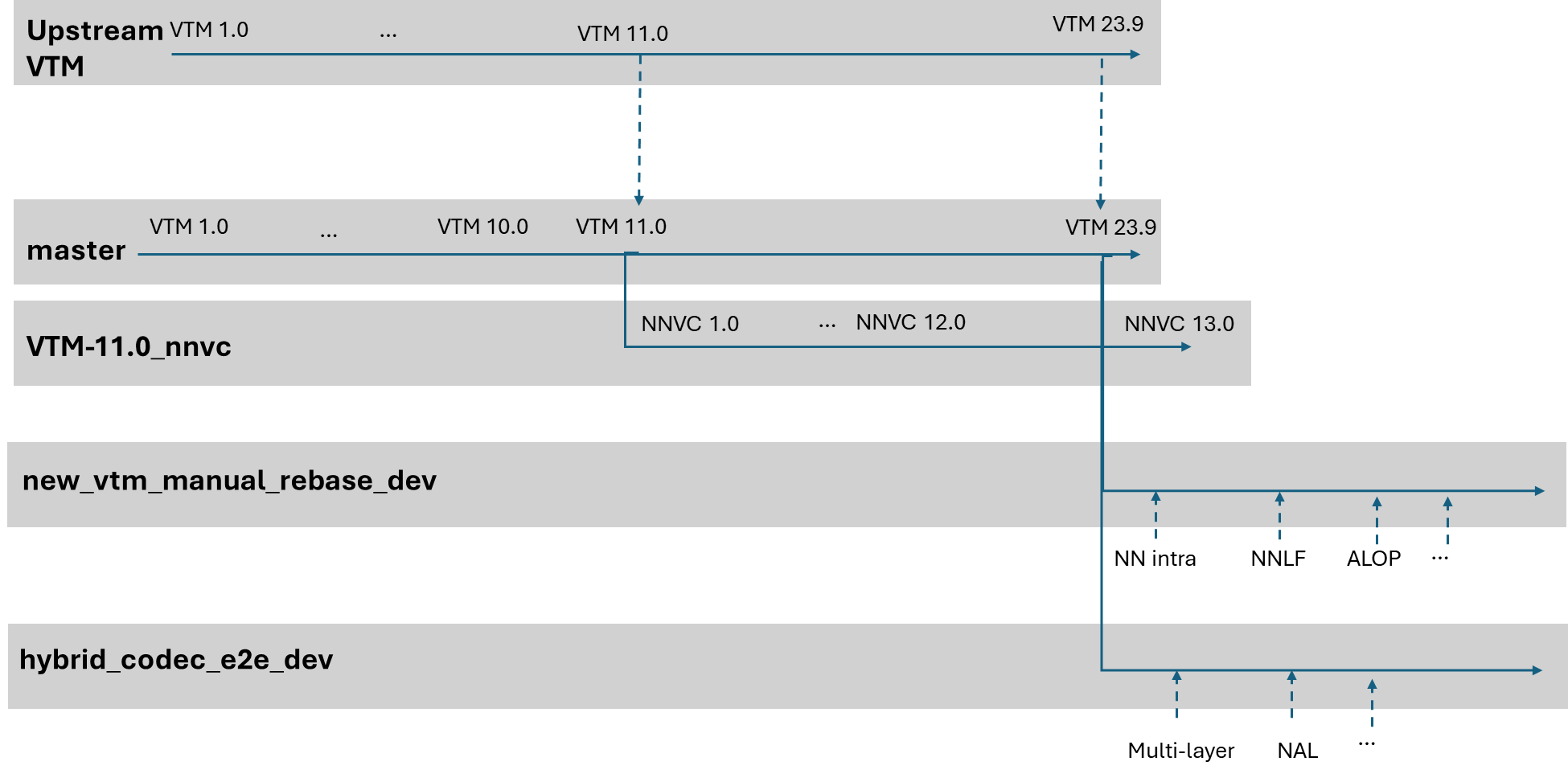
Because the divergence between NNVC basis and VTM was too large, it was decided to port NNVC tools back to the new VTM-23.9 manually.

For the development of the hybrid codec, it was decided to start directly from the VTM 23.9 version.

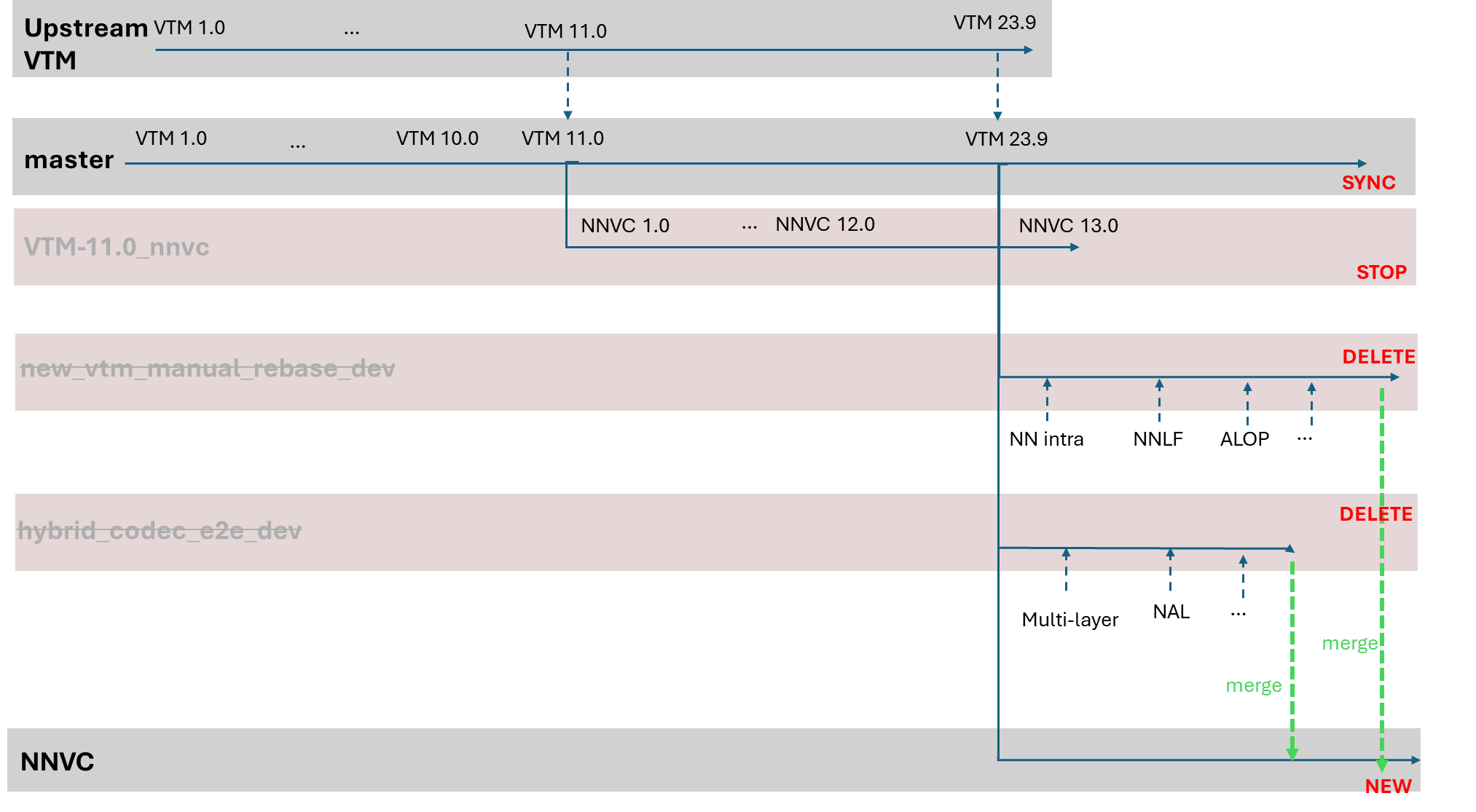
In order to keep the repository consistent with the upstream repository (VTM), the master branch is now synchronized again with the VTM repository.

**Status of the repository**

The following diagram shows the status of the repository just after the 38th meeting.

The following diagram shows the repository at the beginning of the 39th meeting:

The following diagram shows a possible output after the 39th meeting:



**Hybrid end-to-end**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **MR** | **Description** |
| MR 305/MR312 | Base structure for hybrid codec support using multi-layer |
| MR 313/MR324 | Add new NAL unit and bitstream and bitstream embedding |
| MR 327 | Extend/fix usage to external base/slice, single/multi layer |

Basic framework capabilities is complete. One open issue remains for AI configuration. Additional features are expected on top of the current basis.

The new software has the following features:

* Encoding/decoding on the fly using an external codec (via a script execution).
* Possible embedding of the external codec bitstream in the bitstream using a new NAL unit type.
* Possible use of multilayer coding where the base layer used an external codec and the enhancement layer is fully compatible with the VTM multi-layer specifications.
* Possible use of an external YUV file containing the externally coded frames and optionally additional information for debugging purposes.

**Rebased NNVC software**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **MR** | **Description** |
| MR 309 | Base structure for NNVC |
| MR 308/MR316 | NN intra |
| MR 311/MR315 | NNLF |
| MR 314 | Adaptive NNLF APS and syntax |
| MR 322 | Adaptive NNLF models |
| MR 317 | Macros and code cleaning |
| MR 323 | Adaptive NNLF inference |
| MR 319 | Deprecated code cleaning |
| MR 325/326 | | NNPF models and training scripts |

Work in progress:

* MR 321: adaptive NNLF training scripts: cleaning is in progress.
* NNSR: MR in progress
* Post-filter: MR in progress

***NNVC-13.0***

***Software version***

NNVC-13 was tagged April 28th, 2025

NNVC-12 was tagged February 6th, 2025 (containing final LOP5 model)

NNVC-12rc1 was tagged February 5th, 2025 (containing new intermediate LOP5 model)

NNVC-11.0 was tagged December 10th, 2024 (bit accurate with 11rc)

NNVC-11.0rc was tagged December 3rd, 2024

NNVC-10.0 was tagged August 9th, 2024

NNVC-9.1 was tagged May 28th, 2024

NNVC-9.0 was tagged May 13th, 2024

NNVC-8.0 was tagged February 20th, 2024

NNVC-8.0rc3 was tagged February 20th, 2024.

NNVC-7.1 was tagged November 29th, 2023.

NNVC-7.0 was tagged November 3rd, 2023.

NNVC-6.1 was tagged September 25th, 2023 (fix).

NNVC-6.0 was tagged September 6th, 2023.

NNVC-5.1 was tagged July 19th, 2023.

NNVC-5.0 was tagged May 11th, 2023.

NNVC-3.0 (a.k.a VTM-11.0\_nnvc3.0) was tagged December 1st, 2022.

NCS-1.0 (a.k.a NNVC-3.0wip2) was tagged September 4th, 2022 (first release containing the FilterSets, using NNVC 2.0 as a base).

VTM-11.0\_nnvc-2.0 was tagged August 4th, 2022 (add deblocking in RDO).

VTM-11.0\_nnvc-1.0 was tagged May 6th, 2021 (VTM-11.0 base with MCTF enabled).

1. **CTC performance**

See configurations section for naming convention.

***Comparison to VTM***

**NNVC-12.0 VTM vs NNVC-13.0 VTM**

VTM configuration of NNVC is not changed between version 10.0 and 13.0.

**NNVC-13.0 VTM vs NNVC-13.0 anchor**

The NNVC-13.0 anchor includes LOP.6 filter and Intra Prediction tools activated.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Random access Main10** | | | | | | | |
|  | **BD-rate Over NNVC-13.0 VTM** | | | | | | | |
|  | Y-PSNR | U-PSNR | V-PSNR | Y-MSIM | U-MSIM | V-MSIM | EncT | DecT CPU |
| Class A1 | -9.31% | -13.81% | -15.30% | -9.40% | -15.83% | -17.44% | 113% | 2284% |
| Class A2 | -8.39% | -14.89% | -9.43% | -8.59% | -15.43% | -9.51% | 112% | 2232% |
| Class B | -7.91% | -16.02% | -14.70% | -8.17% | -18.23% | -17.49% | 114% | 3160% |
| Class C | -7.62% | -14.33% | -13.63% | -8.08% | -14.96% | -14.98% | 112% | 3380% |
| Class E |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **Overall** | -8.21% | -14.90% | -13.48% | -8.48% | -16.32% | -15.21% | 113% | 2813% |
| Class D | -8.20% | -13.60% | -12.47% | -7.13% | -15.27% | -13.55% | 108% | 3395% |
| Class F | -4.42% | -8.60% | -7.17% | -5.43% | -11.44% | -11.10% | 119% | 1676% |
| Class H | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | **Low delay B Main10** | | | | | | | |
|  | **BD-rate Over NNVC-13.0 VTM** | | | | | | | |
|  | Y-PSNR | U-PSNR | V-PSNR | Y-MSIM | U-MSIM | V-MSIM | EncT | DecT CPU |
| Class A1 | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class A2 | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class B | -6.04% | -10.67% | -10.51% | -6.51% | -10.24% | -12.46% | 107% | 2875% |
| Class C | -6.11% | -11.98% | -10.17% | -6.99% | -10.66% | -8.35% | 102% | 3207% |
| Class E | -6.83% | -4.61% | -7.76% | -8.31% | -4.25% | -6.06% | 110% | 3059% |
| **Overall** | -6.26% | -9.59% | -9.71% | -7.12% | -8.88% | -9.49% | 106% | 3028% |
| Class D | -6.96% | -9.83% | -7.37% | -6.88% | -7.24% | -2.92% | 100% | 3076% |
| Class F | -3.69% | -6.24% | -5.48% | -5.75% | -7.37% | -9.18% | 110% | 1771% |
| Class H | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | **Low delay P Main10** | | | | | | | |
|  | **BD-rate Over NNVC-13.0 VTM** | | | | | | | |
|  | Y-PSNR | U-PSNR | V-PSNR | Y-MSIM | U-MSIM | V-MSIM | EncT | DecT CPU |
| Class A1 | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class A2 | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class B | -6.60% | -13.26% | -12.55% | -6.88% | -13.83% | -15.77% | 111% | 2870% |
| Class C | -6.50% | -14.70% | -12.48% | -7.11% | -14.27% | -12.97% | 105% | 3152% |
| Class E | -7.51% | -6.22% | -9.50% | -9.01% | -7.01% | -9.87% | 116% | 3340% |
| **Overall** | -6.80% | -11.98% | -11.76% | -7.49% | -12.27% | -13.36% | 110% | 3075% |
| Class D | -7.34% | -11.59% | -10.14% | -7.19% | -8.95% | -8.51% | 101% | 3220% |
| Class F | -3.91% | -7.84% | -6.35% | -5.90% | -10.64% | -12.73% | 114% | 1790% |
| Class H | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | **All Intra Main10** | | | | | | | |
|  | **BD-rate Over NNVC-13.0 VTM** | | | | | | | |
|  | Y-PSNR | U-PSNR | V-PSNR | Y-MSIM | U-MSIM | V-MSIM | EncT | DecT CPU |
| Class A1 | -9.92% | -16.24% | -16.92% | -9.67% | -19.53% | -19.05% | 159% | 2693% |
| Class A2 | -8.35% | -15.90% | -11.98% | -8.84% | -16.46% | -11.95% | 160% | 2252% |
| Class B | -8.36% | -15.62% | -16.31% | -8.67% | -18.08% | -18.64% | 159% | 2307% |
| Class C | -8.32% | -14.13% | -14.08% | -8.97% | -17.41% | -17.64% | 150% | 1846% |
| Class E | -11.82% | -17.08% | -18.09% | -12.34% | -17.40% | -19.52% | 157% | 2644% |
| **Overall** | -9.19% | -15.68% | -15.49% | -9.54% | -17.79% | -17.52% | 157% | 2296% |
| Class D | -8.24% | -12.33% | -12.77% | -8.31% | -16.79% | -17.22% | 144% | 1737% |
| Class F | -5.83% | -10.33% | -9.48% | -6.30% | -13.32% | -13.48% | 133% | 1970% |

Note: Results from Interdigital, crosschecked by OPPO.

**NNVC-13.0 VTM mode vs NNVC-13.0 HOP.5**

The NNVC-13.0 did not change the HOP5 model. Performance is the same as NNVC-11.0 with a slight decoding time increase.

**NNVC-13.0 VTM mode vs NNVC-13.0 VLOP**

The NNVC-13.0 did not change the VLOP3 model. Performance is the same as NNVC-11.0 with a slight decoding time decrease.

**NNVC-13.0 VTM vs NNVC-13.0 NNSR**

The NNVC-13.0 did not change the NNSR model. Performance is the same as NNVC-11.

***Comparison to NNVC-13.0 anchor***

**NNVC-12 anchor vs NNVC-13.0 anchor**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Random access Main10** | | | | | | | |
|  | **BD-rate Over NNVC-12.0 VTM** | | | | | | | |
|  | Y-PSNR | U-PSNR | V-PSNR | Y-MSIM | U-MSIM | V-MSIM | EncT | DecT CPU |
| Class A1 | 0.15% | 0.11% | -0.30% | 0.30% | 0.60% | 0.39% | 95% | 93% |
| Class A2 | 0.04% | 0.64% | 0.43% | 0.17% | 0.78% | 0.55% | 98% | 96% |
| Class B | -0.08% | 0.25% | 0.00% | -0.01% | 0.42% | -0.01% | 100% | 97% |
| Class C | 0.01% | 0.55% | -0.03% | -0.05% | 0.91% | 0.38% | 102% | 100% |
| Class E |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **Overall** | 0.01% | 0.38% | 0.02% | 0.07% | 0.66% | 0.29% | 99% | 97% |
| Class D | -0.09% | 0.19% | 0.07% | 0.25% | 0.08% | 0.17% | 100% | 101% |
| Class F | 0.02% | 0.23% | 0.42% | 0.13% | 0.92% | 0.57% | 100% | 104% |
| Class H | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | **Low delay B Main10** | | | | | | | |
|  | **BD-rate Over NNVC-12.0 VTM** | | | | | | | |
|  | Y-PSNR | U-PSNR | V-PSNR | Y-MSIM | U-MSIM | V-MSIM | EncT | DecT CPU |
| Class A1 | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class A2 | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class B | -0.04% | 1.08% | 0.25% | 0.07% | 1.39% | 0.64% | 97% | 101% |
| Class C | 0.01% | 0.90% | 0.13% | -0.01% | 1.63% | 0.33% | 99% | 96% |
| Class E | -0.22% | 3.62% | -2.16% | -0.36% | 2.65% | 0.04% | 99% | 103% |
| **Overall** | -0.07% | 1.66% | -0.39% | -0.06% | 1.78% | 0.39% | 98% | 99% |
| Class D | 0.01% | 0.34% | -0.70% | 0.30% | 1.12% | 1.83% | 97% | 94% |
| Class F | -0.12% | -0.40% | -0.31% | 0.04% | -0.77% | -0.69% | 97% | 104% |
| Class H | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | **Low delay P Main10** | | | | | | | |
|  | **BD-rate Over NNVC-12.0 VTM** | | | | | | | |
|  | Y-PSNR | U-PSNR | V-PSNR | Y-MSIM | U-MSIM | V-MSIM | EncT | DecT CPU |
| Class A1 | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class A2 | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class B | -0.01% | 0.69% | 0.23% | -0.03% | 1.15% | 0.18% | 98% | 97% |
| Class C | 0.09% | 0.47% | 0.11% | -0.05% | 0.79% | 0.36% | 95% | 94% |
| Class E | 0.12% | 3.53% | -2.50% | 0.20% | 2.64% | -0.80% | 90% | 89% |
| **Overall** | 0.06% | 1.33% | -0.49% | 0.02% | 1.40% | 0.00% | 94% | 94% |
| Class D | 0.07% | 0.18% | -0.58% | 0.37% | 1.18% | 0.35% | 98% | 96% |
| Class F | 0.08% | -0.47% | 0.32% | 0.02% | -1.16% | -0.41% | 98% | 102% |
| Class H | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | **All Intra Main10** | | | | | | | |
|  | **BD-rate Over NNVC-12.0 VTM** | | | | | | | |
|  | Y-PSNR | U-PSNR | V-PSNR | Y-MSIM | U-MSIM | V-MSIM | EncT | DecT CPU |
| Class A1 | 0.13% | -0.45% | -1.20% | 0.25% | -0.74% | -0.39% | 101% | 99% |
| Class A2 | 0.05% | 0.04% | 0.36% | 0.14% | 0.10% | 0.25% | 98% | 97% |
| Class B | -0.02% | 0.40% | 0.09% | 0.03% | 0.47% | 0.13% | 97% | 96% |
| Class C | -0.02% | 0.07% | 0.14% | 0.01% | 0.17% | 0.27% | 98% | 96% |
| Class E | 0.03% | 0.56% | 0.37% | 0.14% | 0.46% | 0.54% | 99% | 97% |
| **Overall** | 0.02% | 0.15% | -0.02% | 0.10% | 0.14% | 0.16% | 99% | 97% |
| Class D | -0.04% | -0.42% | 0.02% | 0.04% | 0.13% | 0.50% | 101% | 101% |
| Class F | -0.06% | 0.40% | 0.62% | -0.10% | 0.61% | 0.47% | 97% | 94% |

Note: Results from InterDigital, crosschecked by OPPO.

***Performance of new NNVC development branch***

The new version benefits from VTM improvement between version 11.0 and 23.9.

**NNVC-13.0 VTM vs NNVC-new VTM**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Random access Main10** | | | | | | | |
|  | **BD-rate Over NNVC-13.0 VTM** | | | | | | | |
|  | Y-PSNR | U-PSNR | V-PSNR | Y-MSIM | U-MSIM | V-MSIM | EncT | DecT CPU |
| Class A1 | -0.12% | 0.18% | 0.03% | -0.38% | 0.17% | -0.07% | 68% | 90% |
| Class A2 | 0.03% | 0.25% | 0.49% | -0.19% | 0.04% | 0.36% | 71% | 91% |
| Class B | -0.02% | 0.13% | 0.14% | -0.28% | 0.18% | 0.23% | 71% | 93% |
| Class C | -0.31% | 0.18% | 0.22% | -0.34% | 0.39% | 0.28% | 73% | 94% |
| Class E |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **Overall** | -0.10% | 0.18% | 0.21% | -0.30% | 0.21% | 0.21% | 71% | 92% |
| Class D | -0.63% | -0.19% | 0.04% | -0.26% | 0.74% | 1.24% | 78% | 100% |
| Class F | 0.42% | 0.53% | 0.88% | 0.34% | 0.47% | 0.75% | 73% | 97% |
| Class H | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | **Low delay B Main10** | | | | | | | |
|  | **BD-rate Over NNVC-13.0 VTM** | | | | | | | |
|  | Y-PSNR | U-PSNR | V-PSNR | Y-MSIM | U-MSIM | V-MSIM | EncT | DecT CPU |
| Class A1 | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class A2 | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class B | -0.02% | 0.31% | -0.26% | -0.38% | 0.32% | -0.64% | 71% | 89% |
| Class C | -0.09% | 0.02% | 0.36% | -0.25% | 0.04% | 1.67% | 74% | 92% |
| Class E | -0.30% | 0.37% | 0.73% | -0.72% | 0.77% | -0.03% | 73% | 91% |
| **Overall** | -0.11% | 0.23% | 0.19% | -0.42% | 0.34% | 0.28% | 72% | 90% |
| Class D | -0.13% | 0.20% | -0.44% | -0.30% | 0.23% | -0.41% | 79% | 94% |
| Class F | 0.40% | 0.55% | 0.45% | 0.10% | 0.96% | 0.28% | 72% | 91% |
| Class H | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | **Low delay P Main10** | | | | | | | |
|  | **BD-rate Over NNVC-13.0 VTM** | | | | | | | |
|  | Y-PSNR | U-PSNR | V-PSNR | Y-MSIM | U-MSIM | V-MSIM | EncT | DecT CPU |
| Class A1 | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class A2 | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class B | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class C | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class E | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| **Overall** | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class D | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class F | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class H | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | **All Intra Main10** | | | | | | | |
|  | **BD-rate Over NNVC-13.0 VTM** | | | | | | | |
|  | Y-PSNR | U-PSNR | V-PSNR | Y-MSIM | U-MSIM | V-MSIM | EncT | DecT CPU |
| Class A1 | -0.62% | -0.66% | 0.42% | -0.59% | -0.41% | 0.78% | 82% | 95% |
| Class A2 | -0.60% | -0.50% | -0.50% | -0.58% | -0.42% | -0.40% | 84% | 95% |
| Class B | -0.69% | -0.41% | -0.35% | -0.85% | -0.19% | -0.20% | 86% | 98% |
| Class C | -0.43% | -0.63% | -0.53% | -0.83% | -0.26% | -0.26% | 88% | 97% |
| Class E | -0.36% | 0.12% | 0.38% | -0.60% | 0.27% | 0.30% | 84% | 96% |
| **Overall** | -0.55% | -0.43% | -0.17% | -0.72% | -0.20% | 0.00% | 85% | 96% |
| Class D | -0.40% | -0.47% | -0.17% | -0.98% | -0.41% | 0.35% | 90% | 105% |
| Class F | -0.12% | -0.69% | -1.05% | -0.08% | -0.39% | -0.25% | 84% | 96% |

Note: Results from InterDigital, crosschecked by xxx.

New VTM base is both faster and has slight bdrate improvement.

**VTM 23.9 vs NNVC-new VTM**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Random access Main10** | | | | | | | |
|  | **BD-rate Over NNVC-6.0 VTM** | | | | | | | |
|  | Y-PSNR | U-PSNR | V-PSNR | Y-MSIM | U-MSIM | V-MSIM | EncT | DecT CPU |
| Class A1 | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 101% | 171% |
| Class A2 | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 101% | 173% |
| Class B | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 102% | 136% |
| Class C | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 102% | 126% |
| Class E |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **Overall** | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 101% | 146% |
| Class D | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 102% | 121% |
| Class F | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 102% | 146% |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **All Intra Main10** | |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | **BD-rate Over NNVC-6.0 VTM** | | |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Y-PSNR | U-PSNR | V-PSNR | Y-MSIM | U-MSIM | V-MSIM | EncT | DecT CPU |
| Class A1 | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 105% | 120% |
| Class A2 | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 105% | 120% |
| Class B | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 106% | 118% |
| Class C | 0.01% | 0.01% | 0.01% | 0.01% | 0.01% | 0.01% | 105% | 116% |
| Class E | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 105% | 123% |
| **Overall** | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 105% | 119% |
| Class D | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 105% | 112% |
| Class F | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 103% | 117% |

Note: Results from InterDigital, crosschecked by xxx.

Note: very small bdrate gains change can be observed due to the added signaling at SPS level.

Note: some unnecessary processing is done by default in NNVC, increasing the decoding runtime. Further investigation is needed.

**NNVC-13.0 vs NNVC-new**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Random access Main10** | | | | | | | |
|  | **BD-rate Over NNVC-13.0 VTM** | | | | | | | |
|  | Y-PSNR | U-PSNR | V-PSNR | Y-MSIM | U-MSIM | V-MSIM | EncT | DecT CPU |
| Class A1 | 0.22% | 0.15% | 0.07% | 0.22% | -0.03% | -0.15% | 71% | 97% |
| Class A2 | 0.11% | 0.19% | 0.34% | -0.04% | 0.13% | 0.29% | 73% | 97% |
| Class B | 0.16% | 0.23% | 0.10% | 0.07% | 0.30% | 0.07% | 74% | 97% |
| Class C | -0.17% | 0.12% | 0.01% | 0.08% | 0.46% | -0.09% | 74% | 98% |
| Class E |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **Overall** | 0.07% | 0.18% | 0.12% | 0.08% | 0.24% | 0.03% | 73% | 97% |
| Class D | -0.50% | -0.41% | -0.20% | -0.15% | 0.53% | 0.59% | 78% | 98% |
| Class F | 0.44% | 0.52% | 0.58% | 0.31% | 0.76% | 0.29% | 75% | 98% |
| Class H | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | **Low delay B Main10** | | | | | | | |
|  | **BD-rate Over NNVC-13.0 VTM** | | | | | | | |
|  | Y-PSNR | U-PSNR | V-PSNR | Y-MSIM | U-MSIM | V-MSIM | EncT | DecT CPU |
| Class A1 | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class A2 | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class B | 0.10% | 0.10% | 0.31% | -0.04% | -0.22% | -0.16% | 72% | 98% |
| Class C | -0.05% | 0.03% | 0.53% | -0.04% | 0.05% | 1.07% | 75% | 99% |
| Class E | -0.08% | -0.07% | -0.09% | -0.23% | 0.16% | -0.46% | 76% | 96% |
| **Overall** | 0.00% | 0.04% | 0.29% | -0.09% | -0.04% | 0.17% | 74% | 98% |
| Class D | -0.06% | -0.26% | 0.24% | 0.09% | 1.21% | -0.67% | 80% | 99% |
| Class F | 0.42% | 0.66% | 0.76% | 0.21% | 1.19% | 0.93% | 74% | 98% |
| Class H | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | **Low delay P Main10** | | | | | | | |
|  | **BD-rate Over NNVC-13.0 VTM** | | | | | | | |
|  | Y-PSNR | U-PSNR | V-PSNR | Y-MSIM | U-MSIM | V-MSIM | EncT | DecT CPU |
| Class A1 | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class A2 | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class B | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class C | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class E | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| **Overall** | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class D | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class F | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
| Class H | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #VALUE! | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | **All Intra Main10** | | | | | | | |
|  | **BD-rate Over NNVC-13.0 VTM** | | | | | | | |
|  | Y-PSNR | U-PSNR | V-PSNR | Y-MSIM | U-MSIM | V-MSIM | EncT | DecT CPU |
| Class A1 | -0.03% | -0.29% | -0.09% | 0.00% | -0.28% | -0.10% | 84% | 98% |
| Class A2 | 0.01% | -0.01% | 0.13% | 0.01% | -0.11% | 0.09% | 86% | 98% |
| Class B | 0.02% | 0.06% | 0.16% | 0.03% | 0.13% | 0.08% | 86% | 99% |
| Class C | 0.11% | 0.13% | 0.22% | 0.19% | 0.24% | 0.33% | 89% | 99% |
| Class E | 0.18% | 0.23% | 0.04% | 0.24% | 0.12% | 0.00% | 85% | 99% |
| **Overall** | 0.06% | 0.03% | 0.11% | 0.09% | 0.05% | 0.09% | 86% | 98% |
| Class D | 0.20% | 0.25% | 0.29% | 0.30% | 0.25% | 0.90% | 89% | 101% |
| Class F | 0.17% | 0.23% | 0.12% | 0.22% | 0.42% | 0.52% | 85% | 99% |

Note: Results from InterDigital, crosschecked by xxx.

**NNVC-new vs NNVC-new-VLOP**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Random access Main10** | | | | | | | |
|  | **BD-rate Over NNVC-new** | | | | | | | |
|  | Y-PSNR | U-PSNR | V-PSNR | Y-MSIM | U-MSIM | V-MSIM | EncT | DecT CPU |
| Class A1 | 2.10% | 9.95% | 11.46% | 1.54% | 11.54% | 13.77% | 97% | 49% |
| Class A2 | 2.75% | 10.71% | 5.90% | 2.26% | 10.84% | 6.09% | 97% | 46% |
| Class B | 2.66% | 10.52% | 9.71% | 1.99% | 12.90% | 12.58% | 97% | 46% |
| Class C | 2.90% | 9.40% | 9.18% | 2.18% | 9.32% | 10.55% | 99% | 46% |
| Class E |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **Overall** | 2.63% | 10.14% | 9.16% | 2.01% | 11.26% | 10.98% | 98% | 47% |
| Class D | 3.68% | 9.83% | 8.62% | 1.85% | 10.78% | 8.70% | 101% | 43% |
| Class F | 1.61% | 5.78% | 4.33% | 1.88% | 6.97% | 7.93% | 95% | 46% |

Note: Results from InterDigital, crosschecked by xxx.

**NNVC-new vs NNVC-new-HOP**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Random access Main10** | | | | | | | |
|  | **BD-rate Over NNVC-new** | | | | | | | |
|  | Y-PSNR | U-PSNR | V-PSNR | Y-MSIM | U-MSIM | V-MSIM | EncT | DecT CPU |
| Class A1 | -7.18% | -0.31% | -7.66% | -9.12% | -4.37% | -7.82% | 326% | 4591% |
| Class A2 | -7.34% | -6.68% | -19.04% | -6.42% | -5.28% | -15.93% | 301% | 4191% |
| Class B | -5.66% | -10.48% | -3.42% | -4.14% | -6.02% | 0.88% | 308% | 4232% |
| Class C | -6.77% | -4.05% | -4.08% | -4.91% | 0.06% | 1.20% | 240% | 4084% |
| Class E |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **Overall** | -6.60% | -5.97% | -7.57% | -5.80% | -3.92% | -4.14% | 290% | 4253% |
| Class D | -7.16% | -5.11% | -6.32% | -4.20% | 2.93% | 1.80% | 233% | 4102% |
| Class F | -4.89% | -3.06% | -3.57% | -4.03% | -1.03% | 0.65% | 424% | 4141% |

Note: Results from InterDigital, crosschecked by xxx.

**NNVC-new vs NNVC-new-NNPF**

xxx

**NNVC-new vs NNVC-new-NNSR**

xxx

1. **Contributions**

We have 4 contributions for AhG14 and 1 telco report.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| [JVET-AM0043](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15690) | m72847 | [AHG11] [AHG14] Teleconference on NNVC | E. Alshina, F. Galpin |
| [JVET-AM0050](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15697) | m72904 | AHG 14: Work on NN-coded Base Layer in VTM / NNVC | [F. Brand](mailto:fabian.brand@huawei.com), [T. Solovyev](mailto:solovyev.timofey@huawei.com), [E. Alshina (Huawei)](mailto:elena.alshina@huawei.com) |
| [JVET-AM0136](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15783) | m73046 | AhG14: Improvement of SIMD implementation with expanded SIMD operators in SADL for LOP with Attention | Y. Li, M. Coban, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm) |
| [JVET-AM0170](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15817) | m73081 | AhG14: SADL update | [F. Galpin (InterDigital)](mailto:franck.galpin@interdigital.com) |
| [JVET-AM0178](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15825) | m73089 | AHG14: The extension of SADL library | N. Fu, W. Ma, Z. Chen (Wuhan Univ.) |

1. **Configurations**

The following configurations are used to generate the different NNVC results.

The column “tested” is read as follow:

* Y: the configuration has been tested using the new NNVC software
* P: the results are the ones from previous NNVC software basis
* N: not tested.

The column “xcheck” is read as follow:

* Y: the test has been cross-checked
* P: no cross-checked performed but results are consistent with previous version on NNVC
* N: no cross-check available

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Name | Tools | Configuration |
| NNVC VTM mode | None | encoder\_xxx\_vtm.cfg |
| NNVC Anchor/EE1 | Intra Pred + LOP.6 | encoder\_xxx\_nnvc.cfg |
| NNVC. HOP | Intra Pred + HOP.5 | encoder\_xxx\_nnvc.cfg + nn-based/HOP5.cfg |
| NNVC. VLOP | Intra Pred + VLOP.3 | encoder\_xxx\_vtm.cfg + nn-based/vlop3.cfg |
| SR | Super-resolution | nn-based/nnsr.cfg + nn-based/nnsr\_classAx.cfg |
| PF | Adaptive post-filters | nn-based/nnpf/nnpf\_xxx.cfg |
| ALOP | Intra pred+adaptive LOP | encoder\_xxx\_vtm.cfg +nn-based/intra.cfg+xxx |

Deprecated options:

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| set0 | Loop filter set #0 | encoder\_xxx\_vtm.cfg + nn-based/NnlfOption\_1.cfg |
| set1 | Loop filter set #1 | encoder\_xxx\_vtm.cfg + nn-based/NnlfOption\_2.cfg |
| set0+rdo | Loop filter set #0 + Rdo | nn-based/NnlfOption\_1.cfg + --EncNnlfOpt=1 |
| set1+rdo+intra+temporal filter | Loop filter set #1 + Temporal filter | nn-based/NnlfOption\_2.cfg  + --NnlfSet1Multiframe=1 |

1. **Recommendations**

The AHG recommends to:

* Review all input contributions.
* Merge the different development branches into one branch and keep it in sync with upstream VTM
* Continue to port possible missing tools to the new branch.
* Continue to develop NNVC software.
* Improve the software documentation.
* Encourage people to report all (potential) bugs that they are finding using GitLab Issues functionality <https://vcgit.hhi.fraunhofer.de/jvet-ahg-nnvc/VVCSoftware_VTM/-/issues>
* Encourage people to submit merge requests fixing identified bugs.

It was commented that results could indicate that loop filters are not well optimized for the low delay configurations.

[JVET-AM0015](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15909) JVET AHG report: Gaming content compression (AHG15) [S. Puri, J. Sauer (co-chairs), R. Chernyak, A. Duenas, L. Wang, V. Zakharchenko (vice chairs)]

1. **Software repositories**

Software developed by AHG15 consists of forks of VTM/ECM that have support for reading auxiliary data that is provided for sequences of classes G1/G3. A third repository contains scripts for the verification of the auxiliary information. The repositories can be found at <https://vcgit.hhi.fraunhofer.de/jvet-ahg-gcc>.

1. **Test results**

Test results were obtained according to JVET-AJ2027. The list of sequences/classes is copied for convenience below:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Class** | **Sequence name** | **Frame count** | **Low delay frame count** | **Frame rate** | **Bit depth** | **Intra** | **Random access** | **Low-delay** |
| G1 (SDR) | Level1\_SDR | 600 | 300 | 60 | 10 | M | M | M |
| Darktree\_SDR | 600 | 300 | 60 | 10 | M | M | M |
| ARPG2\_SDR | 600 | 300 | 60 | 10 | M | M | M |
| DesertTown3\_SDR | 600 | 300 | 60 | 10 | M | M | M |
| SunTemple3\_SDR | 600 | 300 | 60 | 10 | M | M | M |
| G2 | GTAV | 600 | 300 | 60 | 8 | M | M | M |
| Minecraft | 600 | 300 | 60 | 8 | M | M | M |
| JianlingTemple | 600 | 300 | 60 | 8 | M | M | M |
| BaoleiYard | 300 | - | 60 | 8 | M | M | - |
| G3 (HDR) | Level1\_HDR | 600 | 300 | 60 | 10 | O | O | O |
| Darktree\_HDR | 600 | 300 | 60 | 10 | O | O | O |
| ARPG2\_HDR | 600 | 300 | 60 | 10 | O | O | O |
| DesertTown3\_HDR | 600 | 300 | 60 | 10 | O | O | O |
| SunTemple3\_HDR | 600 | 300 | 60 | 10 | O | O | O |

For class G3 the HDR versions of Level1 and Darktree are still missing.

***VTM-11.0ecm17.0 vs ECM-17.0***

**SDR**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **All Intra Main 10** | | | | | |
|  | **Over Anchor** | | | | | |
|  | Y | U | V | EncT | DecT | VmPeak |
| Class G1 | -11.69% | -24.88% | -19.62% | 994.06% | 634.44% | #DIV/0! |
| Class G2 | -18.48% | -23.52% | -27.75% | 1016.13% | 711.41% | #DIV/0! |
| **Overall** | -14.71% | -24.28% | -23.23% | 1003.81% | 667.57% | #DIV/0! |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Random Access Main 10** | | | | | |
|  | **Over VTM-11.0ecm17.0** | | | | | |
|  | Y | U | V | EncT | DecT | VmPeak |
| Class G1 | -27.77% | -45.28% | -36.44% | 896.57% | 1842.95% | #DIV/0! |
| Class G2 | -25.11% | -36.10% | -36.87% | 978.26% | 1785.03% | #DIV/0! |
| **Overall** | -26.63% | -43.04% | -37.69% | 932.00% | 1821.02% | #DIV/0! |

\* ECM decoder crashed for BaoleiYard in RA. Results are averaged without BaoleiYard.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Low delay B Main 10** | | | | | |
|  | **Over Anchor** | | | | | |
|  | Y | U | V | EncT | DecT | VmPeak |
| Class G1 | -21.14% | -54.38% | -43.35% | 926.25% | 1701.45% | #DIV/0! |
| Class G2 | -18.51% | -50.07% | -48.55% | 1010.12% | 1594.77% | #DIV/0! |
| **Overall** | -20.15% | -52.77% | -45.30% | 956.85% | 1660.63% | #DIV/0! |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | **Low delay P Main 10** | | | | | |
|  | **Over Anchor** | | | | | |
|  | Y | U | V | EncT | DecT | VmPeak |
| Class G1 | -19.55% | -59.97% | -50.61% | 834.63% | 1424.30% | #DIV/0! |
| Class G2 | -16.33% | -56.91% | -56.11% | 929.08% | 1459.42% | #DIV/0! |
| **Overall** | -18.34% | -58.83% | -52.67% | 868.87% | 1437.37% | #DIV/0! |

Note: A slight deviation in results from cross-check was reported for Minecraft in LDP mainly in chroma component. This is suspected to be related to the different GCC versions used by the cross-check. Further investigation is being conducted.

**HDR**

HDR results are not yet available.

1. **Input contributions**

One contribution listed below is identified relating to the mandates of AHG15.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Report** | | |
| [JVET-AM0142](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15789) | AHG15: Analysis of Test Sequences for Game Content in the CfE Document | X. Liang, [K. Choi (KHU)](mailto:aikiho@khu.ac.kr), C. W. Ryu (Kaon Group) |

1. **Recommendations**

The AHG recommends to:

* Review input documents on gaming content compression
* Identify if/how auxiliary information can be used for coding of gaming content

It was commented that the crash in Baolei Yard likely happens due to a memory overflow (4K sequence).

[JVET-AM0016](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15910) JVET AHG report: Generative face video compression (AHG16) [Y. Ye (chair), H.-B. Teo, Z. Lyu, S. McCarthy, S. Wang (vice chairs)]

1. **Activities**

Regarding the mandate on developing and maintaining the GFVC software, the AHG16 GFVC software tool and accompanying usage instructions and exemplar configurations for experimentation are maintained in the GIT repository at <https://vcgit.hhi.fraunhofer.de/jvet-ahg-gfvc>. During this AHG period, the updated parameter translators (as in JVET-AL0147) were integrated into the AHG16 software repository. Merge requests to add support for GFV and GFVE SEI messages to HEVC and AVC (as in JVET-AL0148) were submitted to HM and JM software, which are currently pending integration. At this meeting, one contribution on lightweight multi-resolution CFTE model and color calibration post-processing has been received.

Regarding coordination with AHG9 to develop the GFV and GFVE SEI messages, at this meeting, one contribution related to the chroma key feature in the GFV SEI message has been received.

1. **Related contributions**

The following input contribution to this meeting is related to the activities of AHG16:

* [JVET-AM0058](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15705), AHG16: Lightweight Multi-resolution CFTE Model and Color Calibration Post-processing Algorithm for Generative Face Video Compression [Z. Zhang, S. Yin, S. Wang (CityUHK), B. Chen, R.-L. Liao, J. Chen, Y. Ye (Alibaba)]

Additionally, the following input contribution is related to the high-level syntax aspects of the generative face video (GFV) and/or generative face video enhancement (GFVE) SEI messages:

* [JVET-AM0091](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15738), AHG9: On GFV SEI chroma key [J. Boyce, M. M. Hannuksela (Nokia)]

1. **Recommendations**

The AHG recommends to:

* Review related contributions;
* Continue AHG16 to study GFVC-related topics.

[JVET-AM0017](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15911) JVET AHG report: Testing of video coding technology beyond CTC (AHG17) [J.-R. Ohm, M. Wien (co-chairs), M. Abdoli, E. Alshina, V. Baroncini, J. Chen, R. Chernyak, Z. Deng, P. de Lagrange, L. Li, D. Rusanovskyy (vice chairs)]

1. **Activities**

The draft CfE document JVET-AL2026 was finalized and uploaded to the JVET document site. The test sequences for all categories defined in the CfE document were collected in a dedicated folder on the JVET content server.

Four online AHG calls were held on 2025-04-15, 205-05-06, 2025-06-04 and 2025-06-17, respectively. The reports of these meetings are available in JVET-AM0041.

1. ***Preparation of bitstreams according to the draft CfE conditions***

The categories of the draft CfE include:

* **SDR RA UHD/4K**: Representing the use case of distribution of standard dynamic range UHD/4K video content e.g. in a streaming scenario, using a random-access configuration.
* **SDR RA HD**: Representing the use case of distribution of standard dynamic range HD video content e.g. in a streaming scenario, using a random-access configuration.
* **SDR LB HD**: Representing the use case of conversational and other low delay applications at HD resolution, correspondingly using a low-delay configuration.
* **HDR RA 4K**: Representing the use case of distribution of high dynamic range UHD/4K video content e.g. in a streaming scenario, using a random-access configuration.
* **HDR RA Cropped 8K**: Representing the use case of distribution of high dynamic range 8K video content e.g. in a streaming scenario, using a random-access configuration. In order to reduce the encoding workload for assessment of this category and allow investigation on 4K displays, cropped regions of 3840×2160 resolution are used.
* **Gaming LB HD**: Representing the use case of online gaming with a low-delay configuration.
* **UGC RA**: Representing the use case of user generated content at 1080×1920 or 1920x1080 resolution using a random-access configuration.

For all categories, test sequences and corresponding target rates are specified in JVET-AL2026. VTM anchor bitstreams as well as ECM bitstreams matching the target bitrates for study of improved compression performance were generated. Furthermore, for the study of reduced complexity encoding, bitstreams for the following encoder configurations were generated:

* **VTM RT1:** VTM with reduced runtime setting at about 65% of the runtime of the default VTM configuration;
* **VTM RT2:** VTM with reduced runtime setting at about 50% of the runtime of the default VTM configuration;
* **VTM RT3:** VTM with reduced runtime setting at about 25% of the runtime of the default VTM configuration;
* **ECM 5x**: ECM with a reduced runtime setting at about a factor of 5 of the runtime of the default VTM configuration.

The bitrates and indicative PSNR figures are provided in the accompanying Excel sheet.

1. **Related contributions**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| [JVET-AM0017](file:///D:\Sciebo\MwiMeetings\20250626_MPEG151_JVET-AM_AG5-20_Daejeon\JVET\current_document.php?id=15911) | JVET AHG report: Testing of video coding technology beyond CTC (AHG17) | J.-R. Ohm, M. Wien (co-chairs), M. Abdoli, E. Alshina, V. Baroncini, J. Chen, R. Chernyak, Z. Deng, P. de Lagrange, L. Li, D. Rusanovskyy (vice chairs) |
| [JVET-AM0041](file:///D:\Sciebo\MwiMeetings\20250626_MPEG151_JVET-AM_AG5-20_Daejeon\JVET\current_document.php?id=15688) | AHG17: AhG meeting notes | [M. Wien](mailto:wien@lfb.rwth-aachen.de) |
| [JVET-AM0045](file:///D:\Sciebo\MwiMeetings\20250626_MPEG151_JVET-AM_AG5-20_Daejeon\JVET\current_document.php?id=15692) | AHG17: Generated VTM anchor bitstreams using LambdaScaleTowardsNextQP | [K. Andersson](mailto:kenneth.r.andersson@ericsson.com), [P. Wennersten (Ericsson)](mailto:per.wennersten@ericsson.com) |
| [JVET-AM0049](file:///D:\Sciebo\MwiMeetings\20250626_MPEG151_JVET-AM_AG5-20_Daejeon\JVET\current_document.php?id=15696) | [AHG17] Suggested results reporting template for constrained encoder complexity category | [E. Alshina](mailto:elena.alshina@huawei.com), [J. Sauer](mailto:johannes.sauer@huawei.com), [T. Solovyev](mailto:solovyev.timofey@huawei.com), [M. Lobo (Huawei)](mailto:merlin.andriana.lobo@huawei.com) |
| [JVET-AM0078](file:///D:\Sciebo\MwiMeetings\20250626_MPEG151_JVET-AM_AG5-20_Daejeon\JVET\current_document.php?id=15725) | AHG17: Suggestion to enable DMVR encoder control for VTM anchor | [K. Andersson (Ericsson)](mailto:kenneth.r.andersson@ericsson.com) |
| [JVET-AM0125](file:///D:\Sciebo\MwiMeetings\20250626_MPEG151_JVET-AM_AG5-20_Daejeon\JVET\current_document.php?id=15772) | AHG17: Analysis on encoding time and mode cost test for draft CfE sequences | [Y. Tokumo](mailto:tokumo.yasuaki@mail.sharp), [S. Hong](mailto:hong.sujun@mail.sharp), [T. Ikai (Sharp)](mailto:ikai.tomohiro@mail.sharp) |
| [JVET-AM0187](file:///D:\Sciebo\MwiMeetings\20250626_MPEG151_JVET-AM_AG5-20_Daejeon\JVET\current_document.php?id=15834) | On Intra Period of Random Access Test Case for HD and below Content | [X. Li (Google)](mailto:xlxiangli@google.com), [L. Zhang (ByteDance)](mailto:lizhang.idm@bytedance.com), [X. Wang (Kwai)](mailto:xianglinwang@kwai.com), [S. Liu (Tencent)](mailto:shanl@global.tencent.com), [A. Duenas (Warner Bros. Discovery)](mailto:alberto.duenas@wbd.com), [A. Norkin (Netflix)](mailto:anorkin@netflix.com), [W. Zhang (Disney)](mailto:Wenhao.Zhang2@disney.com), [Y. Ye (Alibaba)](mailto:yan.ye@alibaba-inc.com), [A. Segall (Amazon)](mailto:asegall@amazon.com) |
| [JVET-AM0194](file:///D:\Sciebo\MwiMeetings\20250626_MPEG151_JVET-AM_AG5-20_Daejeon\JVET\current_document.php?id=15841) | On Analyzing and Reporting Encoding and Decoding Complexity | [A. Stein](mailto:alan.stein@v-nova.com), [S. Ferrara (V-Nova)](mailto:simone.ferrara@v-nova.com) |
| [JVET-AM0200](file:///D:\Sciebo\MwiMeetings\20250626_MPEG151_JVET-AM_AG5-20_Daejeon\JVET\current_document.php?id=15847) | AHG17: Getting VTM to run five times faster | [F. Bossen](mailto:frank@bossentech.com) |
| [JVET-AM0225](file:///D:\Sciebo\MwiMeetings\20250626_MPEG151_JVET-AM_AG5-20_Daejeon\JVET\current_document.php?id=15872) | [AHG17] Encoder runtime for the constrained complexity configurations under the CfE draft test conditions | [T. Solovyev](mailto:solovyev.timofey@huawei.com), [J. Sauer](mailto:johannes.sauer@huawei.com), [M. A. Lobo](mailto:merlin.andriana.lobo@huawei.com), [E. Alshina (Huawei)](mailto:elena.alshina@huawei.com) |
| [JVET-AM0234](file:///D:\Sciebo\MwiMeetings\20250626_MPEG151_JVET-AM_AG5-20_Daejeon\JVET\current_document.php?id=15881) | [AHG17] Overview of the 3GPP codec testing in TR 26.955 | [R. Mekuria](mailto:rufael.mekuria@huawei.com), [E. Alshina (Huawei)](mailto:elena.alshina@huawei.com) |
| [JVET-AM0237](file:///D:\Sciebo\MwiMeetings\20250626_MPEG151_JVET-AM_AG5-20_Daejeon\JVET\current_document.php?id=15884) | On constrained encoding and decoding experiments | [L. Li](mailto:lingl.li@samsung.com), [M. W. Park](mailto:m.w.park@samsung.com), [M. Park](mailto:mss.park@samsung.com), [Y. Kim](mailto:yearly.kim@samsung.com), [M. Budagavi](mailto:m.budagavi@samsung.com), [K. P. Choi (Samsung)](mailto:kp5.choi@samsung.com) |
| [JVET-AM0238](file:///D:\Sciebo\MwiMeetings\20250626_MPEG151_JVET-AM_AG5-20_Daejeon\JVET\current_document.php?id=15885) | Suggestions on GOP Size Setting of Random Access Configuration for Live-streaming Applications | Y. Wu, [Y. He](mailto:yuwen.he@bytedance.com), K. Zhang, [L. Zhang (Bytedance)](mailto:lizhang.idm@bytedance.com), [X. Li (Google)](mailto:Xiang%20Li%20), [S. Liu (Tencent)](mailto:Shan%20Liu%20), [W. Zhang (Disney)](mailto:) |
| [JVET-AM0269](file:///D:\Sciebo\MwiMeetings\20250626_MPEG151_JVET-AM_AG5-20_Daejeon\JVET\current_document.php?id=15936) | AHG17 ECM/VTM performance under CfE requirement | [K. Naser](mailto:karam.naser@interdigital.com), E. François, F. LeLéannec, F. Galpin, T. Poirier (InterDigital) |
| [JVET-AM0287](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15954) | [AHG17] On HDR coding and metrics | Dmytro Rusanovskyy (Nokia), Edouard Francois (InterDigital) |

1. **Recommendations**

The AHG recommends:

* To progress the work in AHG4 towards finalizing the draft test set for a Joint Call for Evidence on video compression with capability beyond VVC.
* To conduct subjective tests assessing the proposed rate points and coding conditions in the draft CfE.
* To consider inclusion of bitstreams of JVET-AM0045 and potentially also JVET-AM0078 in the subjective evaluation.
* To review the remaining input contributions related to AHG17 during the meeting.
* To finalize and publish the CfE document.

Potentially more ACR test cases possible from JVET-AM0045, JVET-AM0078 and JVET-AM0200. Mathias to clarify offline with proponents, and present plans Friday 0900 (first item 2nd day)

[JVET-AM0018](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15912) JVET AHG report: Ultra-low latency and packet loss resilience (AHG18) [S. Ikonin, S. Wenger, V. Zakharchenko (co-chairs), S. Deshpande, S. Fößel, C. Kim, X. Ma, S. Puri, J. Ström (vice-chairs)]

***Simulation software***

Adoptions of last JVET meeting (JVET-AL0201) were merged to ‘*ull-master*’ branch: <https://vcgit.hhi.fraunhofer.de/jvet-ahg-ull/VVCSoftware_VTM/-/tree/ull-master>.

***Teleconferences***

Two teleconferences were held on May 20th and June 11h, with 24 and 17 participants correspondingly.

The following topics were discussed:

* GDR and Temporal scalability transmission simulations.
* Comments and suggestions on ULL test conditions
* Dry-run of visual tests discussion
* Software modifications of JVET-AL0201 adopted last JVET meeting

The meeting minutes, presented materials and video demonstrations are available in [JVET-AM0046](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15693) and [JVET-AM0051](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15698).

1. **Related contributions**

A total of 16 contributions are identified relating to the mandates of AHG18. They are listed below. Some contributions also relate to the work of AHG9.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Report** | | |
| [JVET-AM0018](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15912) | JVET AHG report: Ultra-low latency and packet loss resilience (AHG18) | S. Ikonin, S. Wenger, V. Zakharchenko (co-chairs), S. Deshpande, S. Fößel, C. Kim, X. Ma, S. Puri, J. Ström (vice-chairs) |
| [JVET-AM0046](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15693) | AHG18: Teleconference on ultra-low latency and packet loss resilience | [S. Ikonin](mailto:sergey.ikonin@huawei.com), [S. Wenger](mailto:swenger@global.tencent.com), V. Zakharchenko (co-chairs), S. Deshpande, J. Ström, X. Ma, C. Kim, S. Puri, S. Fößel (vice-chairs) |
| [JVET-AM0051](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15698) | AHG18: 2nd teleconference on ultra-low latency and packet loss resilience | [S. Ikonin](mailto:sergey.ikonin@huawei.com), [S. Wenger](mailto:swenger@global.tencent.com), V. Zakharchenko (co-chairs), S. Deshpande, J. Ström, X. Ma, C. Kim, S. Puri, S. Fößel (vice-chairs) |
| **Test condition and evaluation methodology** | | |
| [JVET-AM0109](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15756) | AHG18: On Test Conditions for Ultra-Low Latency and Error Resilience | [S. Deshpande (Sharp)](mailto:sdeshpande@sharplabs.com) |
| [JVET-AM0204](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15851) | AhG18: Multilayer coding with spatial scalability under ultra low latency test scenario | [V. Zakharchenko (Nokia)](mailto:vlad.zakharchenko@nokia.com) |
| [JVET-AM0222](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15869) | AHG18: On test conditions for ultra-low latency and packet loss resilience | [S. Ikonin](mailto:sergey.ikonin@huawei.com), [I. Gribushin](mailto:gribushin.ivan@huawei.com), [M. Sychev](mailto:Sychev.Maxim@huawei.com), [E. Alshina (Huawei)](mailto:elena.alshina@huawei.com) |
| **Proposals** | | |
| [JVET-AM0153](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15800) | AHG9: Loss recovery information SEI message | [C. Kim](mailto:chulkeun.kim@lge.com), [H. Tan](mailto:dr.hendry@lge.com), [J. Nam](mailto:junghak.nam@lge.com), [J. Lee](mailto:jangw.lee@lge.com), [J. Lim](mailto:jaehyun.lim@lge.com), [S. Kim (LGE)](mailto:seunghwan3.kim@lge.com) |
| [JVET-AM0184](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15831) | AHG9: Picture Reference Degree SEI Message | [S. Zhao](mailto:shzhao@qti.qualcomm.com), [Y. He](mailto:yonghe@qti.qualcomm.com), [L. Kerofsky](mailto:kerofsky@qti.qualcomm.com), [M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)](mailto:martak@qti.qualcomm.com) |
| [JVET-AM0195](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15842) | AhG18: Gradual Decoding Refresh (GDR) under ultra low latency test scenario | [M. Sychev](mailto:%20Sychev.Maxim@huawei.com), [A. Dzugaev](mailto:dzugaev.akhsarbek@h-partners.com), [S. Ikonin (Huawei)](mailto:Sergey.Ikonin@huawei.com), [E. Alshina (Huawei)](mailto:Elena.Alshina@huawei.com) |
| [JVET-AM0198](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15845) | AhG18: Temporal Scalability under ultra low latency test scenario | [Maxim Sychev](mailto:%20Sychev.Maxim@huawei.com), [Kirill Malyshev](mailto:Malyshev.Kirill@huawei-partners.com), [Sergey Ikonin](mailto:Sergey.Ikonin@huawei.com), [Elena Alshina (Huawei)](mailto:Elena.Alshina@huawei.com) |
| [JVET-AM0202](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15849) | AhG18: On ultra low latency and packet loss resilience coding tools integration | [V. Zakharchenko (Nokia)](mailto:vlad.zakharchenko@nokia.com) |
| [JVET-AM0203](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15850) | AHG18: Full VTM tool set in ultra-low latency test scenario | [V. Khamidullin](mailto:vyacheslav.khamidullin1@huawei.com), [I. Gribushin](mailto:gribushin.ivan@huawei.com), [S. Ikonin](mailto:sergey.ikonin@huawei.com), [E. Alshina (Huawei)](mailto:elena.alshina@huawei.com) |
| [JVET-AM0235](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15882) | Implementation of error resilient transmission system for scalable services | [S. Iwamura](mailto:iwamura.s-gc@nhk.or.jp), S. Nemoto, Y. Kondo, A. Ichigaya (NHK) |
| **Informational** | | |
| [JVET-AM0188](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15835) | AHG18: An introduction to the next generation media transport protocol—Media over QUIC(MoQ) | [W. Ding](mailto:dingweihang1@huawei.com), [X. Ma](mailto:maxiang6@huawei.com), [S. Ikonin](mailto:Sergey.Ikonin@huawei.com), [E. Alshina (Huawei)](mailto:elena.alshina@huawei.com) |
| [JVET-AM0201](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15848) | AHG18: Overview of 3GPP features for Extended Reality (XR) and related high quality conversational services and related implications for ultra-low latency (ULL) coding | [R. Mekuria](mailto:rufael.mekuria@huawei.com), [Q. Pan](mailto:panqi8@huawei.com), [X. Ma](mailto:maxiang6@huawei.com), [S. Ikonin](mailto:Sergey.Ikonin@huawei.com), [E. Alshina (Huawei)](mailto:elena.alshina@huawei.com) |
| [JVET-AM0218](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15865) | AHG18: Solution beyond scalable coding for ultra-low latency and packet loss resilience | [S. Ikonin](mailto:sergey.ikonin@huawei.com),  [V. Khamidullin](mailto:vyacheslav.khamidullin1@huawei.com),   [I. Gribushin](mailto:gribushin.ivan@huawei.com), [M. Sychev](mailto:Sychev.Maxim@huawei.com), [X. Ma](mailto:maxiang6@huawei.com),  [E. Alshina (Huawei)](mailto:elena.alshina@huawei.com) |

1. **Recommendations**

The AHG recommends:

* Review all input contributions.
* Discuss test conditions and evaluation methodology.
* Consider bypassing key important information over transmission channel as reasonable setup for dry-run subjective evaluation to avoid too much video stall
* Collect test cases and specific requirements.
* Continue development of simulation software.
* Continue the study of ultra-low latency and packet loss resilience technologies in JVET.

# Project development (34)

## AHG1: Development, deployment and advertisement of standards (0)

This section is kept as a template for future use.

## AHG2: Text development and errata reporting (0)

This section is kept as a template for future use.

See also 6.1 and 6.2.1.

## AHG3: Software development (1+1)

Contributions in this area were discussed during XXXX–XXXX on XXday XX June 2025 (chaired by XXX).

[JVET-AM0158](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15805) [AHG3][AHG6] ECM software code quantity progress [T. Ikai (Sharp)]

See also 5.2.5

[JVET-AM0280](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15947) AHG3: VTM decoder memory print [C. Hollmann, V. Rufitskiy, A. Filippov (TCL)] [late]

## AHG3: Test conditions (3)

Contributions in this area were discussed during XXXX–XXXX on XXday XX June 2025 (chaired by XXX).

[JVET-AM0187](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15834) On Intra Period of Random Access Test Case for HD and below Content [X. Li (Google), L. Zhang (ByteDance), X. Wang (Kwai), S. Liu (Tencent), A. Duenas (Warner Bros. Discovery), A. Norkin (Netflix), W. Zhang (Disney), Y. Ye (Alibaba), A. Segall (Amazon)]

[JVET-AM0238](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15885) Suggestions on GOP Size Setting of Random Access Configuration for Live-streaming Applications [Y. Wu, Y. He, K. Zhang, L. Zhang (Bytedance), X. Li (Google), S. Liu (Tencent), W. Zhang (Disney)] [late]

[JVET-AM0226](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15873) Separate Luma and Chroma Plane Coding [X. Li (Google)]

## AHG4: Subjective quality testing and verification testing (1)

Contributions in this area were discussed during XXXX–XXXX on XXday XX June 2025 (chaired by XXX).

[JVET-AM0223](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15870) AHG4: proposed updates for VVC multi-layer verification test plan [P. de Lagrange (InterDigital)]

## AHG4: Test and training material (0)

This section is kept as a template for future use.

## AHG5: Conformance test development (0)

This section is kept as a template for future use.

## AHG7: ECM tool assessment (6)

Contributions in this area were discussed during XXXX–XXXX on XXday XX June 2025 (chaired by XXX).

[JVET-AM0042](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15689) Report of AHG7 conference call on Assessment Perspectives of Codec/Coding Tools [X. Li]

[JVET-AM0044](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15691) AHG7: Summary on the Tool Analysis in Earlier Proposals/Reports [X. Li (Google)]

[JVET-AM0134](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15781) AHG7: ECM tool combination [R. Ishimoto, Z. Fan, T. Chujoh, T. Ikai (Sharp)]

[JVET-AM0221](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15868) AHG7: TMRL Tool-Off Bug Fix [Z. Xiang, R. Chernyak, B. Wang, S. Liu (Tencent)]

[JVET-AM0227](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15874) AhG7: On bin to bit ratio in ECM [T. N. Canh, P. Yin, S. McCarthy (Dolby), J. N. Shingala (Ittiam)] [late]

[JVET-AM0295](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15963) [AHG7] External memory bandwidth evaluation [Y. Kim, L. Li, M. W. Park, M. Park, M. Budagavi, K. P. Choi (Samsung)] [late]

## AHG8: Optimization of encoders and receiving systems for machine analysis of coded video content (0)

This section is kept as a template for future use.

## AHG10: Encoding algorithm optimization (0)

This section is kept as a template for future use.

## AHG13: Film grain synthesis (1+4)

Contributions in this area were discussed during XXXX–XXXX on XXday XX June 2025 (chaired by XXX).

[JVET-AM0085](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15732) AHG9/AHG13: On Film Grain Regions Characteristics SEI message [S. Deshpande, J. Samuelsson-Allendes (Sharp)]

See 6.4.7

[JVET-AM0124](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15771) [AHG9/AHG13]: On typo fix and interface software contribution to the FGRC SEI message [S. Xie, W. Niu, P. Wu, Y. Gao, C. Huang (ZTE)]

See 6.4.7

[JVET-AM0168](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15815) [AHG9/AHG13] Implementation in VTM TuC of the film grain regions characteristics SEI message [F. Urban, E. François, P. de Lagrange (InterDigital), G. Teniou (Tencent)]

See 6.4.7

[JVET-AM0230](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15877) AHG9/AHG13: Reference picture resolution for the FGR SEI message [E. François, P. de Lagrange, F. Urban (InterDigital)]

See 6.4.7

[JVET-AM0288](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15955) Neural network-based film grain analysis [Z. Ameur, F. Lefevbre, P. De Lagrange, M. Radosavljević (InterDigital)] [late]

## Implementation studies (3)

Contributions in this area were discussed during XXXX–XXXX on XXday XX June 2025 (chaired by XXX).

[JVET-AM0239](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15886) VVdeC with multi-layer decoding capability [S. Iwamura, S. Nemoto, Y. Kondo, A. Ichigaya (NHK)]

[JVET-AM0242](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15889) VVC playback on Chromium browser [S. Iwamura, S. Nemoto, Y. Kondo, A. Ichigaya (NHK)] [late] [miss]

[JVET-AM0298](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15966) Ultra-low latency demo: Ressource constraint VVC and HEVC software encoding up to 4K [M. Alvarez Mesa, B. Bross (HHI), C. C. Chi (Spin Digital Labs)] [late] [miss]

## Profile/tier/level specification (0)

This section is kept as a template for future use.

## AHG15: Gaming content compression (0+1)

Contributions in this area were discussed during XXXX–XXXX on XXday XX June 2025 (chaired by XXX).

[JVET-AM0142](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15789) AHG15: Analysis of Test Sequences for Game Content in the CfE Document [X. Liang, K. Choi (KHU), C. W. Ryu (Kaon Group)]

See also 4.16

## AHG16: Generative face video (1)

Contributions in this area were discussed during XXXX–XXXX on XXday XX June 2025 (chaired by XXX).

Also refer to section 6.1.4.

[JVET-AM0058](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15705) AHG16: Lightweight Multi-resolution CFTE Model and Color Calibration Post-processing Algorithm for Generative Face Video Compression [Z. Zhang, S. Yin, S. Wang (CityUHK), B. Chen, R.-L. Liao, J. Chen, Y. Ye (Alibaba)]

## AHG17: CfE preparation (12)

Contributions in this area were discussed during XXXX–XXXX on XXday XX June 2025 (chaired by XXX).

Some aspects discussed under section 4.4 could also be relevant here.

[JVET-AM0041](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15688) AHG17: AhG meeting notes [M. Wien]

[JVET-AM0045](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15692) AHG17: Generated VTM anchor bitstreams using LambdaScaleTowardsNextQP [K. Andersson, P. Wennersten (Ericsson)]

[JVET-AM0314](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15982) Cross-check of JVET-AM0045 (AHG17: Generated VTM anchor bitstreams using LambdaScaleTowardsNextQP) [C. Bartnik, A. Wieckowski (HHI)] [late]

[JVET-AM0049](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15696) [AHG17] Suggested results reporting template for constrained encoder complexity category [E. Alshina, J. Sauer, T. Solovyev, M. Lobo (Huawei)]

[JVET-AM0078](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15725) AHG17: Suggestion to enable DMVR encoder control for VTM anchor [K. Andersson (Ericsson)]

[JVET-AM0315](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15983) Cross-check of JVET-AM0078 (AHG17: Suggestion to enable DMVR encoder control for VTM anchor) [C. Bartnik, A. Wieckowski (HHI)] [late]

[JVET-AM0125](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15772) AHG17: Analysis on encoding time and mode cost test for draft CfE sequences [Y. Tokumo, S. Hong, T. Ikai (Sharp)]

[JVET-AM0142](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15789) AHG15: Analysis of Test Sequences for Game Content in the CfE Document [X. Liang, K. Choi (KHU), C. W. Ryu (Kaon Group)]

[JVET-AM0194](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15841) On Analyzing and Reporting Encoding and Decoding Complexity [A. Stein, S. Ferrara (V-Nova)]

[JVET-AM0200](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15847) AHG17: Getting VTM to run five times faster [F. Bossen]

[JVET-AM0289](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15956) Cross-check of JVET-AM0200 "AHG17: Getting VTM to run five times faster" [F. Le Léannec (InterDigital)] [late]

[JVET-AM0225](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15872) [AHG17] Encoder runtime for the constrained complexity configurations under the CfE draft test conditions [T. Solovyev, J. Sauer, M. A. Lobo, E. Alshina (Huawei)]

[JVET-AM0234](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15881) [AHG17] Overview of the 3GPP codec testing in TR 26.955 [R. Mekuria, E. Alshina (Huawei), J. Lemotheux (Orange)]

[JVET-AM0237](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15884) On constrained encoding and decoding experiments [L. Li, M. W. Park, M. Park, Y. Kim, M. Budagavi, K. P. Choi (Samsung)]

[JVET-AM0269](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15936) AHG17 ECM/VTM performance under CfE requirement [K. Naser, E. François, F. Le Léannec, F. Galpin, T. Poirier (InterDigital)] [late]

[JVET-AM0287](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15954) [AHG17] On HDR coding and metrics [D. Rusanovskyy (Nokia), E. François (InterDigital)] [late]

[JVET-AM0323](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15991) AHG17: Report on CfE dryrun testing [M. Wien, Ch. Lehmann, P. de Lagrange]

## AHG18 Ultra-low latency and packet loss resilience (11)

Contributions in this area were discussed during XXXX–XXXX on XXday XX June 2025 (chaired by XXX).

[JVET-AM0046](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15693) AHG18: Teleconference on ultra-low latency and packet loss resilience [S. Ikonin, S. Wenger, V. Zakharchenko (co-chairs), S. Deshpande, J. Ström, X. Ma, C. Kim, S. Puri, S. Fößel (vice-chairs)]

[JVET-AM0051](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15698) AHG18: 2nd teleconference on ultra-low latency and packet loss resilience [S. Ikonin, S. Wenger, V. Zakharchenko (co-chairs), S. Deshpande, J. Ström, X. Ma, C. Kim, S. Puri, S. Fößel (vice-chairs)]

[JVET-AM0109](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15756) AHG18: On Test Conditions for Ultra-Low Latency and Error Resilience [S. Deshpande (Sharp)]

[JVET-AM0188](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15835) AHG18: An introduction to the next generation media transport protocol – Media over QUIC (MoQ) [W. Ding, X. Ma, S. Ikonin, E. Alshina (Huawei)]

[JVET-AM0195](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15842) AhG18: Gradual Decoding Refresh (GDR) under ultra low latency test scenario [M. Sychev, A. Dzugaev, S. Ikonin, E. Alshina (Huawei)]

[JVET-AM0198](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15845) AhG18: Temporal Scalability under ultra low latency test scenario [M. Sychev, K. Malyshev, S. Ikonin, E. Alshina (Huawei)]

[JVET-AM0201](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15848) AHG18: Overview of 3GPP features for Extended Reality (XR) and related high quality conversational services and related implications for ultra-low latency (ULL) coding [R. Mekuria, Q. Pan, X. Ma, S. Ikonin, E. Alshina (Huawei)]

[JVET-AM0202](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15849) AhG18: On ultra low latency and packet loss resilience coding tools integration [V. Zakharchenko (Nokia)]

[JVET-AM0203](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15850) AHG18: Full VTM tool set in ultra-low latency test scenario [V. Khamidullin, I. Gribushin, S. Ikonin, E. Alshina (Huawei)]

[JVET-AM0204](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15851) AhG18: Multilayer coding with spatial scalability under ultra low latency test scenario [V. Zakharchenko (Nokia)]

[JVET-AM0218](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15865) AHG18: Solution beyond scalable coding for ultra-low latency and packet loss resilience [S. Ikonin, V. Khamidullin, I. Gribushin, M. Sychev, X. Ma, E. Alshina (Huawei)]

[JVET-AM0222](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15869) AHG18: On test conditions for ultra-low latency and packet loss resilience [S. Ikonin, I. Gribushin, M. Sychev, E. Alshina (Huawei)]

[JVET-AM0235](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15882) Implementation of error resilient transmission system for scalable services [S. Iwamura, S. Nemoto, Y. Kondo, A. Ichigaya (NHK)]

## CICP (1)

Contributions in this area were discussed during XXXX–XXXX on XXday XX June 2025 (chaired by XXX).

[JVET-AM0089](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15736) On CICP TuC for monochrome content [J. Boyce, M. M. Hannuksela (Nokia), A. Tourapis, D. Podborski (Apple)]

# Low-level tool technology proposals (94)

## AHG11/AHG14: Neural network-based video coding (25)

### Summary and BoG reports (2)

Contributions in this area were discussed during 1500–1620 on Thursday 26 June 2025 (chaired by JRO).

[JVET-AM0023](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15913) EE1: Summary report of exploration experiment on neural network-based video coding [E. Alshina, R. Chang, F. Galpin, Yue Li, Yun Li, M. Santamaria, T. Shao, J. Ström, Z. Xie (EE coordinators)]

Code base for the EE1 tests was NNVC13.0, anchor is default configuration of **NNVC-13.0** (NN-Intra and **LOP6** filter enabled). NNVC common test conditions [1], results and complexity reporting template were be used.

For proposals in all categories, proponents used **AhG11 training set**, which consists of DIV2K, BVI-DVC, TVD was used. NN-based Inter tools were trained using Vimeo 90K triplet. Comparison is done between tests which use the same sub-set of training data.

For tests competing with technologies in NNVC it was agreed to configure the proposed solution targeting close to existing NNVC tool complexity, but not exceeding it**:**

1. kMAC/pxl of EE1 test ≤ kMAC/pxl NNVC (*must*),
2. the number of channels (both input and output) in neural network modules which are modified **must be keep multiple of 16**,
3. Number of Parameters EE1 test ≤ Number of Parameters NNVC (*if possible*).

If it is not possible to respect both constrains 1) and 2) at the same time then two sub tests need to be performed: first test respecting the constrain 1) only – in order to prove the value of the proposed change, and the second test respecting constrain 2) with minor violation of 1) - in order to provide software and hardware friendly design.

Only tests with results provided to quantized (int 16) model are considered for adoption to NNVC, float point model results are provided just for information.

Exact parameters settings were announced by proponents by 2nd AhG11/14 teleconference on May 23 [3].

Inference cross-check is required for all EE1 tests. Candidates for adoption to NNVC are required to undergo training cross-check, implementation must be compatible with SADL.

**List of tests**

This round of EE1 tests includes:

* *EE1-1: LOP in-loop filter* 
  + EE1-1.1 – Sample-based adaptive blending weight selection for LOP [JVET-AM0123](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15770)
  + EE1-1.2 – Over-Parameterized LOP In-Loop Filter [JVET-AM0120](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15767)
  + EE1-1.3 – Backbone Block Enhancement of LOP In-Loop Filter with Over-Parameterized Training and Variable Channels [JVET-AM0122](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15769)
  + EE1-1.4 – Conditional loop-filter (withdrawn)
* *EE1-2: VLOP in-loop filter* 
  + EE1-2.1 – Improved VLOP with Attention [JVET-AM0135](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15782)
  + EE1-2.2 – Conditional loop-filter [JVET-AM0053](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15700)
* *EE1-3: NN-inter prediction*
  + EE1-3.1 – RA/LDB Unified Reference Frame Synthesis for VVC Inter Coding [JVET-AM0114](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15761)
  + EE1-3.2 – Deep Reference Frame Generation for Inter Prediction Enhancement [JVET-AM0175](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15822)
* *EE1-4: NN-based super-resolution*
  + EE1-4.1 – Cross-component enhanced NNSR [JVET-AM0257](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15924)

**Test results summary**

Details of each test can be found in attached presentation.

***EE1.1- LOP in-loop filter***

The complexity for LOP filter is 16.6 kMAC/pxl (including MaxPool and HardSigmoid), 247 K parameters.

Results of tests in this category are summarized in the

*Table 1* ***EE1 LOP in-loop filter modifications***

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | Random Access | | | | | Low-delay-B | | | | | kMAC/pxl | | | Num Param, M | | |
| Y | U | V | EncT | DecT | Y | U | V | EncT | DecT | Total | Filter | Intra | Total | Filter | Intra |
| NNVC-LOP6 | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 100% | 100% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 100% | 100% | 21.4 | 16.6 | 4.8 | 1.5 | 0.247 | 1.3 |
| EE1-1.1.1 | -0.1% | -0.2% | -0.2% | 100% | 103% | -0.1% | -0.7% | -0.8% | 102% | 101% | 21.4 | 16.6 | 4.8 | 1.5 | 0.247 | 1.3 |
| EE1-1.1.2 | -0.1% | -0.2% | -0.2% | 99% | 103% | -0.1% | -0.8% | -0.9% | 100% | 102% | 21.4 | 16.6 | 4.8 | 1.5 | 0.247 | 1.3 |
| EE1-1.1.3 | -0.1% | -0.2% | -0.2% | 99% | 103% | -0.1% | -1.0% | -1.3% | 101% | 102% | 21.4 | 16.6 | 4.8 | 1.5 | 0.247 | 1.3 |

Tests EE1-1.1 do not require training. Only filter use has been changed, by modifying blending weights at sample level.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | Random Access | | | | | All Intra | | | | | kMAC/pxl | | | Num Param, M | | |
| Y | U | V | EncT | DecT | Y | U | V | EncT | DecT | Total | Filter | Intra | Total | Filter | Intra |
| NNVC-LOP6 | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 100% | 100% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 100% | 100% | 21.4 | 16.6 | 4.8 | 1.5 | 0.247 | 1.3 |
| EE1-1.2 |  |  |  |  |  | 0.0% | -0.2% | -0.2% |  |  | 21.4 | 16.6 | 4.8 | 1.5 | 0.247 | 1.3 |
| EE1-1.3 |  |  |  |  |  | -0.1% | -0.6% | -0.2% |  |  | 21.4 | 16.6 | 4.8 | 1.5 | 0.247 | 1.3 |

Tests EE1-1.2 and 1.3 require change of training. Due to the over-parametrization training time increases from 170 to 180 (EE1-1.2) and 190 (EE1-1.3) hours. Run time is not reported.

*Table 2* ***EE1 VLOP in-loop filter modifications***

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | Random Access | | | | | Low-delay-B | | | | | kMAC/pxl | | | Num Param, M | | |
| Y | U | V | EncT | DecT | Y | U | V | EncT | DecT | Total | Filter | Intra | Total | Filter | Intra |
| NNVC-VLOP3 | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 100% | 100% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 100% | 100% | 9.9 | 5.1 | 4.8 | 1.4 | 0.067 | 1.3 |
| EE1-1.2.1 | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 99% | 101% | -0.1% | -0.5% | -1.0% | 100% | 102% | 9.9 | 5.1 | 4.8 | 1.4 | 0.067 | 1.3 |
| EE1-1.2.2 | 0.0% | 0.1% | 0.1% | 100% | 101% | -0.1% | -0.3% | -1.2% | 100% | 102% | 9.9 | 5.1 | 4.8 | 1.4 | 0.067 | 1.3 |
| EE1-2.1 | -0.5% | -1.1% | -0.4% | 99% | 110% | -0.3% | -1.9% | 0.0% | 102% | 113% | 9.9 | 5.1 | 4.8 | 1.4 | 0.073 | 1.3 |
| EE1-2.2.1 | 0.0% | -0.2% | -0.1% | 100% | 113% | 0.0% | -0.8% | -2.0% | 100% | 109% | 10.7 | 5.9 | 4.8 | 1.4 | 0.073 | 1.3 |
| EE1-2.2.2 | 0.1% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 101% | 100% | 0.1% | -1.1% | -2.1% | 101% | 103% | 9.9 | 5.1 | 4.8 | 1.4 | 0.073 | 1.3 |

Tests EE1-1.1 and EE1-2.2 do not require training. Only filter use has been modified. N the worst case some operations (head and fusion blocks) in EE1-2.2.1 design will be executed twice, additional complexity is 0.8 kMAC/pxl so total complexity of filter is 5.9 kMAC/pxl.

In test EE1-2.1 attention module (similar to one in LOP) has been added to VLOP. Training time reported to be 240 hours. In variant of EE1-2.1 with improved SIMD code, decoding run time increase is lower (not 110%, but 103% in RA test).

*Table 3* ***EE1 NN-Inter tests***

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | Random Access | | | | | Low-delay-B | | | | | kMAC/pxl | | Num Param, M | |
| Y | U | V | EncT | DecT | Y | U | V | EncT | DecT | Total | NN-Inter | Total | NN-Inter |
| NNVC-LOP6 | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 100% | 100% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 100% | 100% | 21.4 | 0 | 1.5 | 0 |
| EE1-3.1 | -4.2% | -4.8% | -5.4% | 101% | ??? | -3.3% | -4.9% | -4.1% | 102% | ??? | 508 | 487 | 7 | 5.5 |
| EE1-3.2 | -1.9% | -1.0% | -1.0% | 133% | 2188% |  |  |  |  |  | 525 | 504 | 5.3 | 3.8 |

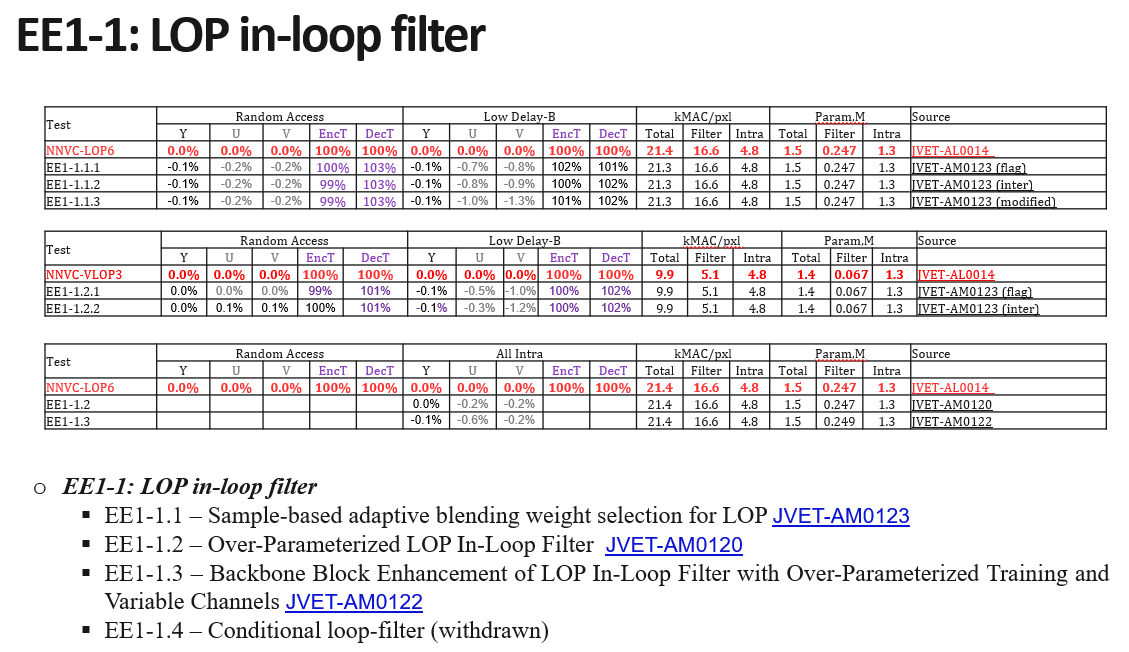
No decoding run time reported for EE1-3.1. Increases of computational complexity is significant.

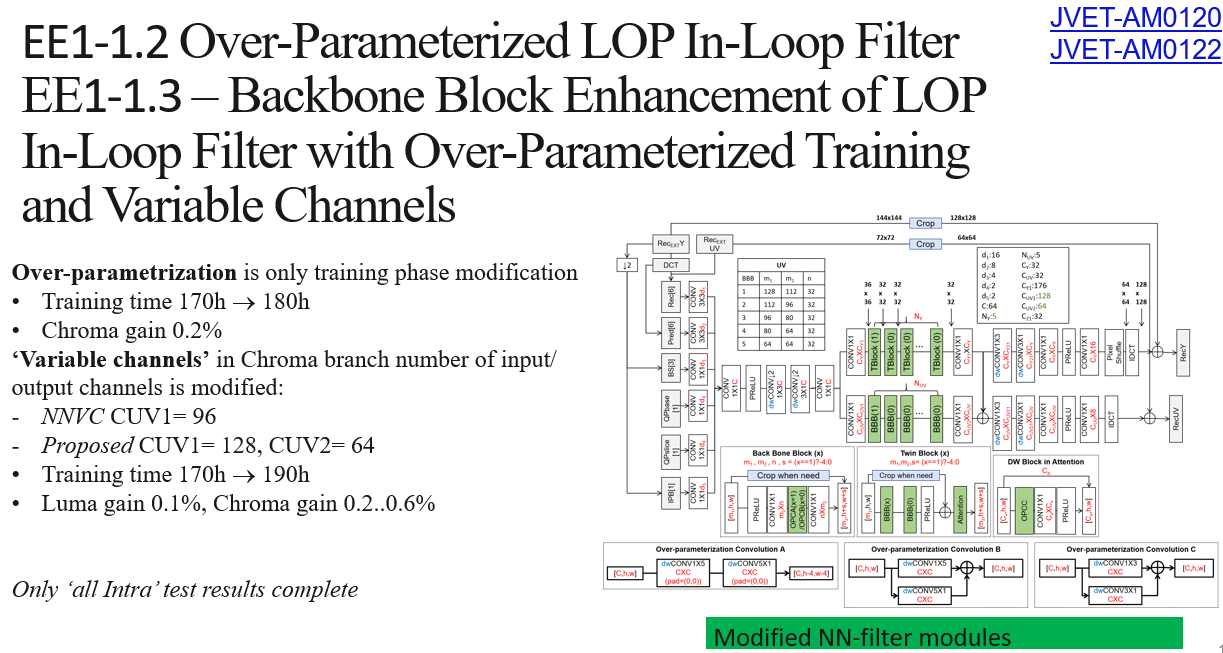
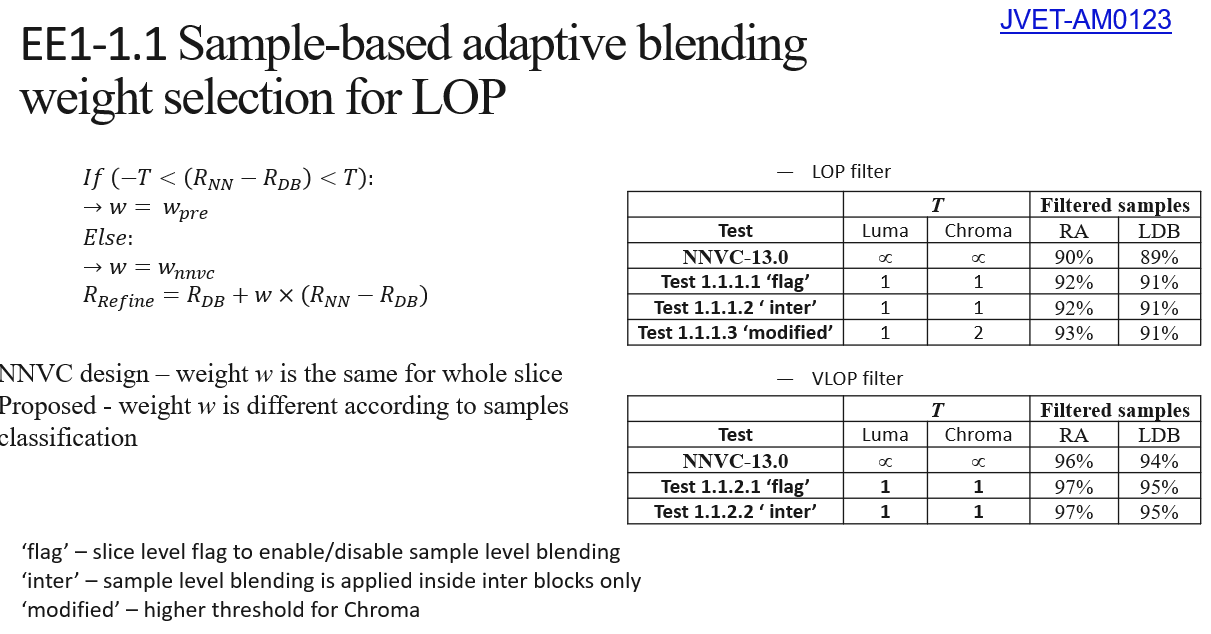
Code for EE1-3.2 made available after deadline, no LD-B results provided.

*Table 4* ***EE1 NN-super resolution test***

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | Random Access | | | | | All-Intra | | | | | kMAC/pxl | | Num Param, M | |
| Y | U | V | EncT | DecT | Y | U | V | EncT | DecT | Total | NN-SR | Total | NN-SR |
| NNVC-LOP6 | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 100% | 100% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 100% | 100% | 26.1 | 4.7 | 21.1 | 0.020 |
| EE1-4.1 |  |  |  |  |  | -0.2% | -1.2% | .0.9% | 105% | ??? | 26.6 | 5.2 | 29.0 | 0.027 |

Dec Run time is not reported, only all-intra test conducted. BD-rate is very content dependent, varies in a range -3%...1%.



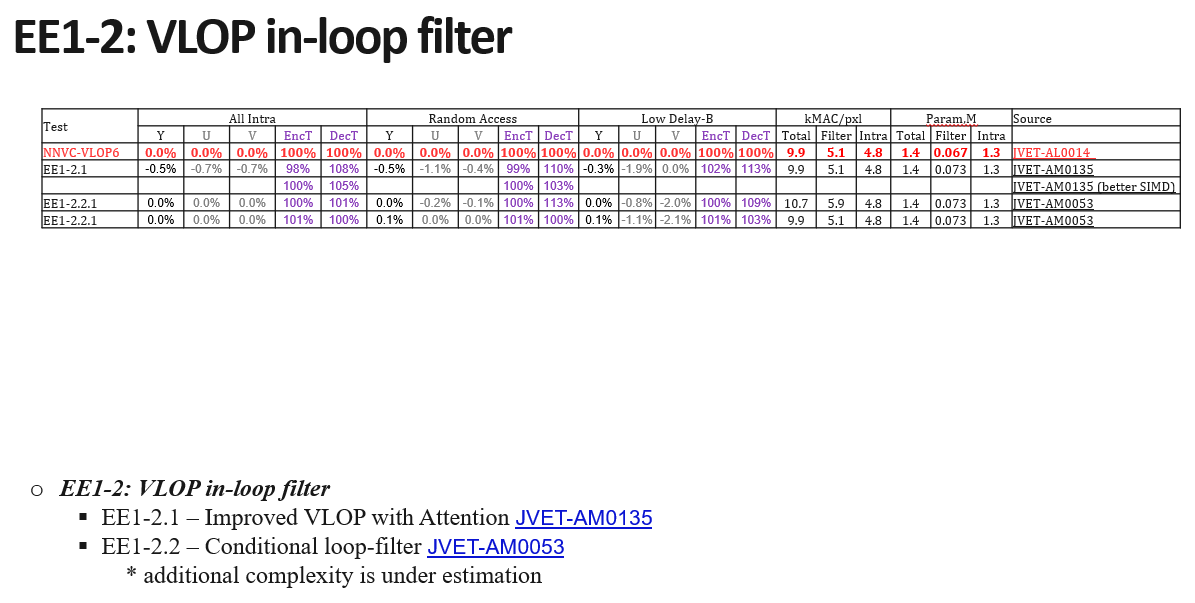


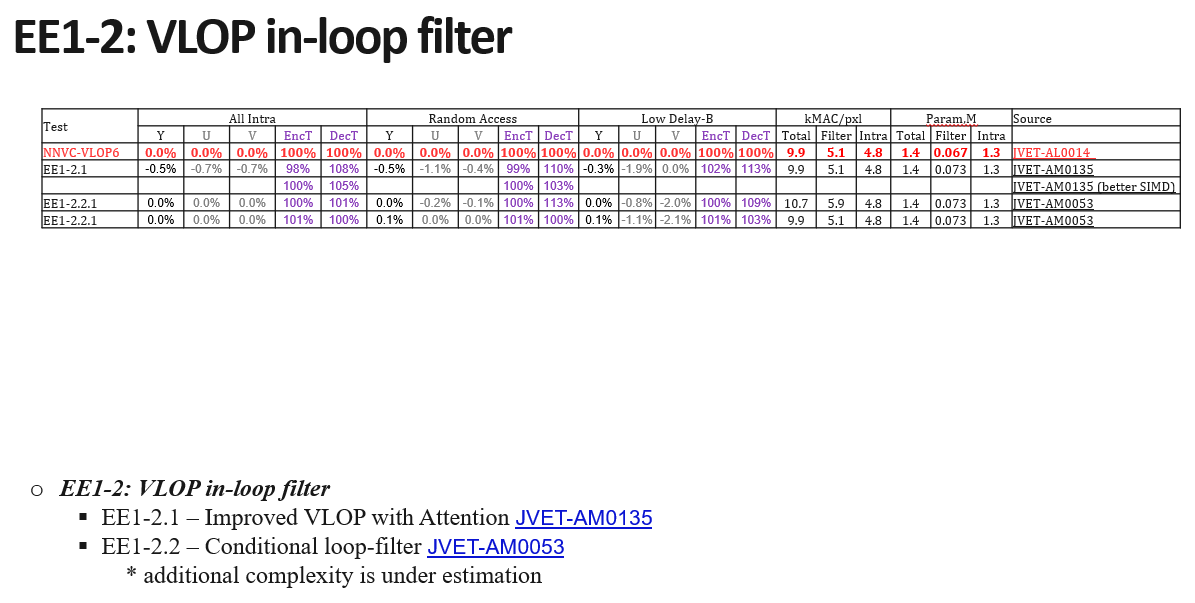
Test 1.1 inference crosscheck still running (results matching so far). However, the adaptive blending requires some additional processing that is reflected by increased decoder runtime, also an additional pass at the encoder to determine samples used to calculate the weights, and gain is relatively low. It is noted that this additional processing is not reflected in kMAC/pix numbers.

Not enough benefit to justify adoption.

For tests 1.2 and 1.3, training crosscheck was not performed yet. It was also commented that it is still floating-point implementation.

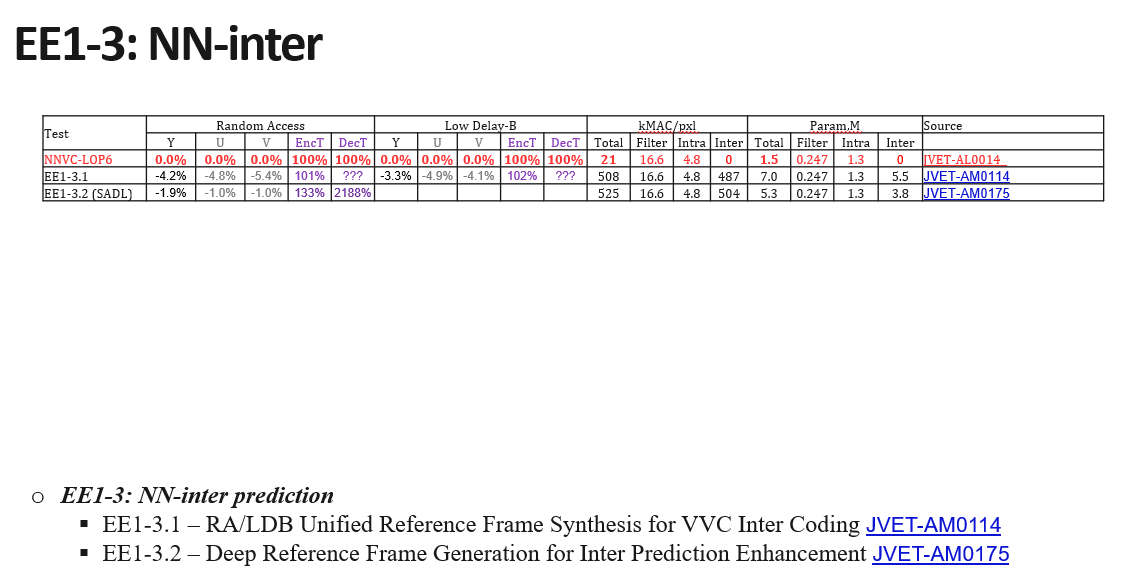
Not mature yet.

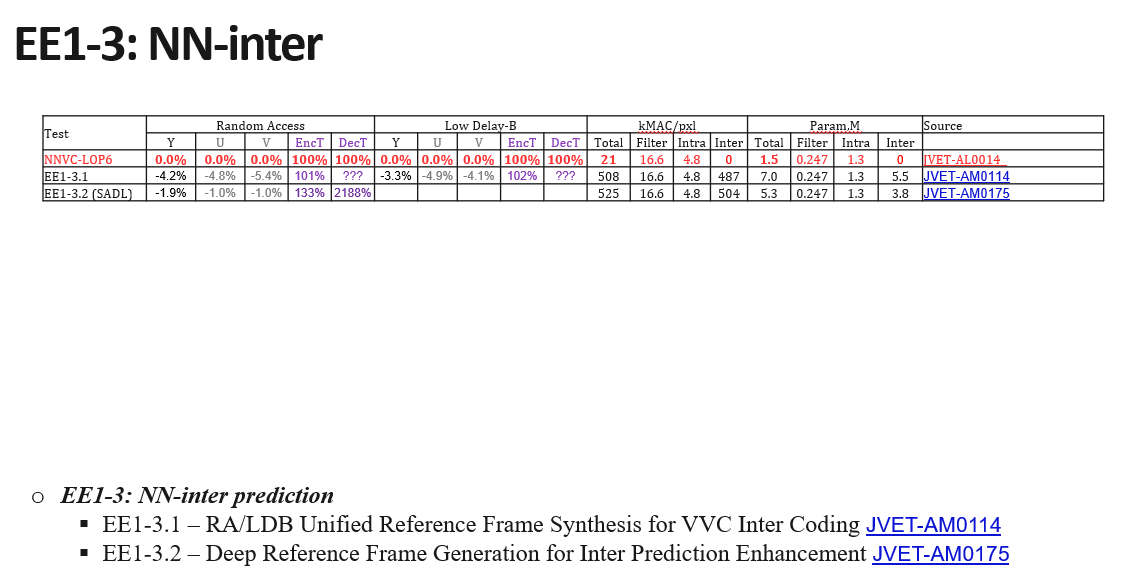




2.1 uses an equivalent attention mechanism in VLOP as already included in LOP (which in previous experiments had produced loss in VLOP). Gain of 0.5% is attractive, but decoder runtime is significantly increased. The SIMD implementation has a much better tradeoff, but it was asked if a similar optimization could not also implemented in the VLOP anchor. Candidate for adoption. Revisit after further investigation that the SIMD optimization is specific for the faster implementation of the attention mechanism. It is also noted that the attention mechanism had also dec runtime impact for LOP, and SIMD implementation could be beneficial for LOP as well.

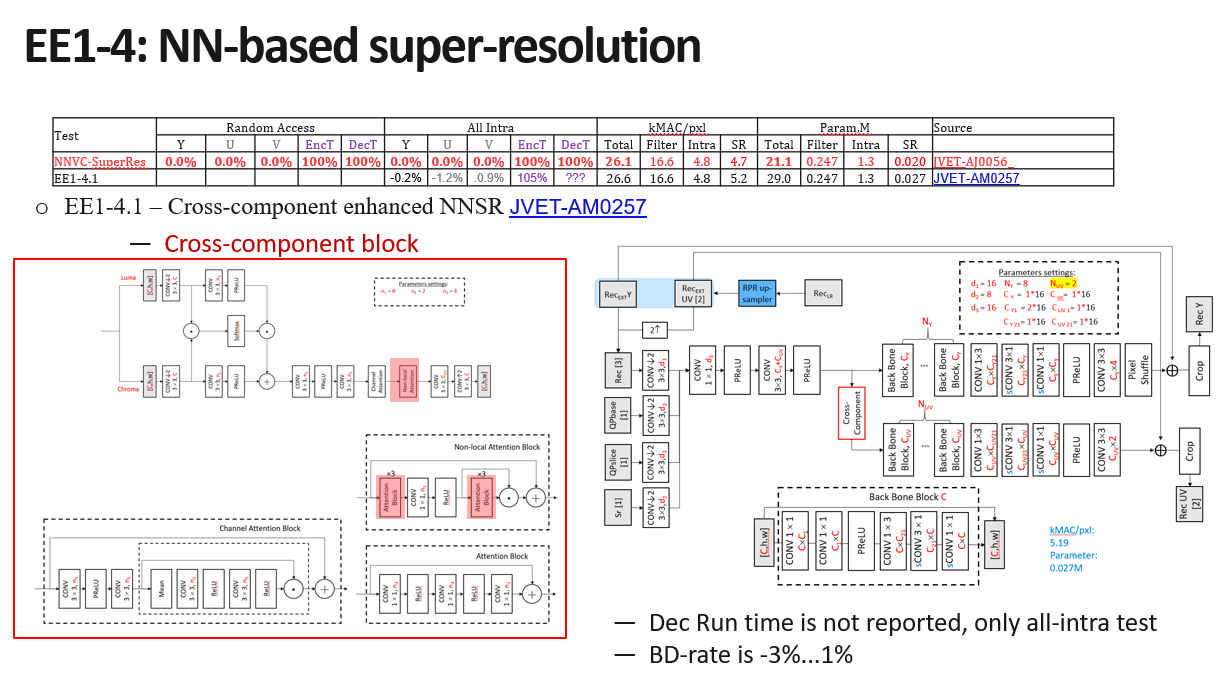
2.2 has compression benefit only for chroma in LB, but decoder runtime increase is significant. Not fully crosschecked yet – further study in EE for better tradeoff.





3.1 (though giving higher gain) does not fulfill requirements for adoption yet (not integerized, decoding runtime unknown, training crosscheck not finished).

3.2 is fully integerized and cross-checked (including training using Vimeo90K, also training script is available). Though the runtime tradeoff is not good, it is a new element not available in NNVC so far, and including it in the software is beneficial as starting point for further study. Decision: Adopt JVET-AM0175 (non CTC, also provide training script).



4.1 is not fully cross-checked yet. Results also indicate high dependency on sequence (loss in several cases). It was commented that potentially the switched-resolution processing has disadvantages for some sequences. Further study in EE.

[JVET-AM0043](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15690) [AHG11] [AHG14] Teleconference on NNVC [E. Alshina, F. Galpin]

### EE1 contributions: Neural network-based video coding (8)

Contributions in this area were discussed in the context of the EE summary report JVET-AM0023.

[JVET-AM0053](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15700) EE1-2.2: Conditional loop-filter [M. Santamaria, F. Cricri, N. Le (Nokia)]

[JVET-AM0114](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15761) EE1-3.1: RA/LDB Unified Reference Frame Synthesis for VVC Inter Coding [Q. Qin, C. Jung (Xidian Univ.)]

[JVET-AM0282](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15949) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0114 (EE1-3.1: RA/LDB Unified Reference Frame Synthesis for VVC Inter Coding) [N. Bhaskar (Huawei)] [late] [miss]

[JVET-AM0120](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15767) EE1-1.2: Over-Parameterized LOP In-Loop Filter [J. Han, C. Jung, Q. Qin (Xidian Univ.)]

[JVET-AM0293](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15961) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0120 (EE1-1.2: Over-Parameterized LOP In-Loop Filter) [T. Yang, W.-X. He, Y.-Q. Zhu, J.-D. Ye, X.-T. Xie, J.-S. Gong, Q. Liu (HUST), Z.-Y. Lv (vivo)] [late] [miss]

[JVET-AM0122](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15769) EE1-1.3: Backbone Block Enhancement of LOP In-Loop Filter with Over-Parameterized Training and Variable Channels [J. Han, C. Jung, Q. Qin (Xidian Univ.)]

[JVET-AM0294](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15962) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0122 (EE1-1.3: Backbone Block Enhancement of LOP In-Loop Filter with Over-Parameterized Training and Variable Channels) [[T. Yang](mailto:y_tian@hust.edu.cn), W.-X. He, Y.-Q. Zhu, J.-D. Ye, X.-T. Xie, J.-S. Gong, Q. Liu (HUST), Z. -Y. Lv (vivo)] [late] [miss]

[JVET-AM0123](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15770) EE1-1.1: Sample-based adaptive blending weight selection for NN-based in-loop filter [H. Kwon, H. Ko (Hanyang Univ.)]

[JVET-AM0318](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15986) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0123 (EE1-1.1: Sample-based adaptive blending weight selection for NN-based in-loop filter) [J. Yoon, J. Lim (LGE)] [late]

[JVET-AM0135](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15782) EE1-2.1: Improved VLOP Attention with SIMD acceleration [Y. Li, M. Coban, M. Karczewicz, L. Kerofsky (Qualcomm)]

[JVET-AM0272](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15939) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0135 (EE1-2.1: Improved VLOP Attention with SIMD acceleration) [M. Santamaria (Nokia)] [late]

[JVET-AM0175](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15822) EE1-3.2: Deep Reference Frame Generation for Inter Prediction Enhancement [X. Chen, N. Fu, W. Zhang, J. Zhang, D. Ding, W. Ma, Z. Chen (Wuhan Univ.)]

[JVET-AM0267](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15934) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0175 (EE1-3.2: Deep Reference Frame Generation for Inter Prediction Enhancement) [N. Bhaskar (Huawei?)] [late]

[JVET-AM0283](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15950) crosscheck of JVET-AM0175 (EE1-3.2: Deep Reference Frame Generation for Inter Prediction Enhancement) [Z. Xie (OPPO)] [late] [miss]

[JVET-AM0257](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15924) EE1-4.1: Cross-component enhanced NNSR [T. Yang, W.-X. He, Y.-Q. Zhu, J.-D. Ye, X.-T. Xie, J.-S. Gong, Q. Liu (HUST), Z.-Y. Lv (vivo)] [late]

[JVET-AM0275](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15942) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0257 (EE1-4.1: Cross-component enhanced NNSR) [J. Han, C. Jung, Q. Qin (Xidian Univ.)] [late]

### EE1 related and beyond-EE contributions: Neural network-based video coding (13)

Contributions in this area were discussed during XXXX–XXXX on XXday XX June 2025 (chaired by XXX).

[JVET-AM0050](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15697) AHG 14: Work on NN-coded Base Layer in VTM / NNVC [F. Brand, T. Solovyev, E. Alshina Huawei), F. Urban, F. Galpin (InterDigital)]

[JVET-AM0057](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15704) AHG11: A Hybrid Framework Integrating End-to-End Learned Image Codec with Conventional Codec [N. Zou, A. Hallapuro, F. Cricri, H. Zhang, A. B. Koyuncu, J. Ahonen, M. M. Hannuksela (Nokia)]

[JVET-AM0115](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15762) EE1-related: URFS Performance Comparison on NNVC-4.0 and NNVC-9.0 Training Sets [Q. Qin, C. Jung (Xidian Univ.)]

[JVET-AM0116](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15763) EE1-related: Comparative Analysis of URFS in AJ0099, AK0077, and AL0105 [Q. Qin, C. Jung (Xidian Univ.)]

[JVET-AM0131](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15778) AHG11: LOP with Overlapped Feature Integration [J. Chi, A. Li, Y. Du, Ce Zhu, L. Luo, H.Guo (UESTC), Y. Huo, Y. Liu (Transsion)]

[JVET-AM0143](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15790) AHG11: Feature Fusion-Based Post-Filter for Efficient Video Enhancement [T. Das, K. Choi (KHU), B.-S. Kim, I. Cho, S. Hahm (KBS)]

[JVET-AM0144](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15791) AHG11: GAN-Based Post-Filter for Quality Enhancement of VVC Compressed Video [T. Das, K. Choi (KHU), B.-S. Kim, I. Cho, S. Hahm (KBS)]

[JVET-AM0177](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15824) AHG11: Deep Reference Frame Generation for Inter Prediction Enhancement with Structural Re-parameterization [W. Zhang, C. Gui, N. Fu, X. Chen, W. Ma, Z. Chen (Wuhan Univ.)]

[JVET-AM0300](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15968) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0177 (AHG11: Deep Reference Frame Generation for Inter Prediction Enhancement with Structural Re-parameterization) [Y. Wang (Tencent)] [late]

[JVET-AM0185](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15832) AhG11: Decomposed Content-Adaptive VLOP [Z. Xu, J. Konieczny, A. Filippov, C. Hollmann, V. Rufitskiy, T. Dong, H. Qin (TCL)]

[JVET-AM0186](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15833) AhG11: Content-Adaptive Neural Network-based Super Resolution [Z. Xu, J. Konieczny, A. Filippov (TCL)]

[JVET-AM0199](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15846) AHG11: NNSR with consistent backbone block [H. Cho, S. Bahk, H. Y. Kim (KHU), D. Kim, S.-C. Lim (ETRI)]

[JVET-AM0214](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15861) AHG 11: Motion Vector Restriction in Multi-Layer Hybrid NN-based and Conventional Coding [F. Brand, T. Solovyev, E. Alshina (Huawei)]

[JVET-AM0224](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15871) AHG11: Multi-scale LOP backbone blocks with cross-scale interactions [L. Murn, M. Santamaria, F. Cricri (Nokia)]

### SADL and NNVC implementation, CTC (4)

Contributions in this area were discussed during XXXX–XXXX on XXday XX June 2025 (chaired by XXX).

[JVET-AM0073](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15720) [AHG11] Comparison of execution time of NN on different devices [A. Karabutov, E. Alshina, F. Brand (Huawei)]

[JVET-AM0136](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15783) AhG14: Improvement of SIMD implementation with expanded SIMD operators in SADL for LOP with Attention [Y. Li, M. Coban, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)]

[JVET-AM0170](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15817) AhG14: SADL update [F. Galpin (InterDigital)] [late]

[JVET-AM0178](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15825) AHG14: The extension of SADL library [N. Fu, W. Ma, Z. Chen (Wuhan Univ.)]

## AHG6/AHG12: Enhanced compression beyond VVC capability (69)

### Summary and BoG reports (1)

Contributions in this area were discussed during 1650–1950 on Thursday 26 June 2025, and during 0825–1000 on Friday 26 June 2025 (chaired by JRO).

[JVET-AM0024](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15914) EE2: Summary report of exploration experiment on enhanced compression beyond VVC capability [V. Seregin, D. Bugdayci Sansli, J. Chen, R. Chernyak, K. Naser, J. Ström, F. Wang, M. Winken, X. Xiu, K. Zhang (EE coordinators)]

1. **List of tests**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Tests** | **Tester** | **Cross-checker** |
| **1 Intra prediction** | | | |
| 1.1 | TIMD fusion with neural network based intra prediction | Y.-H. Lin (Sharp)  K. Naser (InterDigital) | N. Zouidi (Ofinno) |
| 1.2a | TIMD fusion with block vector based prediction | J. Fu (PKU)  K. Naser (InterDigital)  D. Ruiz Coll (Ofinno) |  |
| 1.2b | BV merge list improvement | D. Ruiz Coll (Ofinno)  K. Naser (InterDigital) J. Fu (PKU) |  |
| 1.2c | Test 1.2a + Test 1.2b | J. Fu (PKU)  K. Naser (InterDigital)  D. Ruiz Coll (Ofinno) |  |
| 1.3 | IntraTMP template type adaptation | T. Dumas (InterDigital) |  |
| 1.4 | Test 1.2c + Test 1.3 | J. Fu (PKU)  K. Naser (InterDigital)  D. Ruiz Coll (Ofinno) |  |
| 1.5 | Test 1.1 + Test 1.4 | J. Fu (PKU)  K. Naser (InterDigital)  D. Ruiz Coll (Ofinno) Y.-H. Lin (Sharp) |  |
| 1.6a | Intra merge mode | M. Blestel  (Ofinno)  Y.-J. Chang (Qualcomm)  J. Fu (PKU) |  |
| 1.6b | Intra merge mode using another adjacency map. | M. Blestel  (Ofinno)  Y.-J. Chang (Qualcomm)  J. Fu (PKU) |  |
| 1.7a | Block prediction with cubic interpolation filter in TIMD | Yang Wang  (Bytedance) | L. Xu  (OPPO) |
| 1.7b | Template prediction with 6-tap interpolation filter in TIMD | Yang Wang  (Bytedance) | L. Xu  (OPPO) |
| 1.7c | Test 1.7a + Test 1.7b | Yang Wang  (Bytedance) | L. Xu  (OPPO) |
| 1.8 | Harmonization of SGPM-BV and LIC | J. Huo, Y. Fei  (Xidian Univ) |  |
| 1.9 | Block vector-based intra mode derivation | J.-K. Lee  (Ofinno) |  |
| 1.10a | Matrix-based position dependent intra prediction for GPM | Z. Sun  (OPPO) |  |
| 1.10b | Matrix-based position dependent intra prediction for CIIP | Z. Sun  (OPPO) |  |
| 1.10c | Matrix-based position dependent intra prediction for GPM/CIIP | Z. Sun  (OPPO) |  |
| 1.10d | Extension to regression GPM | Z. Sun  (OPPO) |  |
| **2 Inter prediction** | | | |
| 2.1a | Chained candidates in AMVP list | D. Bugdayci Sansli (Nokia) | Y. Kidani (KDDI) |
| 2.1b | Chained candidates in AMVP and merge lists | D. Bugdayci Sansli (Nokia) | Y. Kidani (KDDI) |
| 2.2a | Regression-based GPM intra-inter blending weights derivation in original domain | R. Yu  (Qualcomm) | K. Jia  (Alibaba) |
| 2.2b | Regression-based GPM intra-inter blending weights derivation in LMCS domain | R. Yu  (Qualcomm) | K. Jia  (Alibaba) |
| 2.3 | Affine bilateral matching merge mode | H. Huang  (Qualcomm) |  |
| **3 Transform and coefficients coding** | | | |
| 3.1a | Predictive transform coefficient coding | Thuong Nguyen Canh (Dolby) |  |
| 3.1b | Test 3.1a on very high bitrate (QP 2, 7, 12, 17) | Thuong Nguyen Canh (Dolby) |  |
| 3.2 | Directional sign prediction | L. Xu (OPPO) | P. Onno (Canon) |
| 3.3 | Third transform set selection for IntraNN | Z. Xie  (OPPO) |  |
| 3.4a | Reduced zero-out for NSPT kernels | G. Verba  (Qualcomm) |  |
| 3.4b | Decreased number of NSPT kernels | G. Verba  (Qualcomm) |  |
| 3.4c | Test 3.4a + Test 3.4b | G. Verba  (Qualcomm) |  |
| 3.5 | Test 3.3 + Test 3.4 | Z. Xie  (OPPO)  G. Verba  (Qualcomm) |  |
| 3.6a | Modified binarization of bypass-coded TSRC | Y. Yu  (OPPO)  M. Abdoli  (Xiaomi) |  |
| 3.6b | Modified priority of sig\_coeff\_flag context coding in TSRC | Y. Yu  (OPPO)  M. Abdoli  (Xiaomi) |  |
| 3.6c | Test 3.6b with relaxed budget constraint | M. Abdoli  (Xiaomi)  Y. Yu  (OPPO) |  |
| 3.6d | ECM anchor with no budget restraint | M. Abdoli  (Xiaomi)  Y. Yu  (OPPO) |  |
| **4 In-loop filtering** | | | |
| 4.1 | TALF with reconstructed samples | C. Ma  (Kwai) |  |
| 4.2 | Reuse of ALF control information | N. Hu  (Qualcomm) |  |
| 4.3 | On ALF-CCCM | N. Song  (OPPO) |  |
| 4.4 | NN-ILF integration with ALF | D. Rusanovskyy (Nokia) |  |
| 4.5 | Improvement of the NN ILF in ALF | Y. Li  (Qualcomm) |  |

1. **Description of tests**
   1. ***Intra prediction***

**Test 1.1: TIMD fusion with neural network based intra prediction (**[**JVET-AM0077**](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15724)**)**

The TIMD process selects two intra prediction modes and one non-angular intra prediction mode to conditionally generate a fusion prediction.

In the test, non-angular intra prediction mode is conditionally replaced by the neural network-based intra prediction mode in the TIMD fusion process as follows:

* Applied only when the block size is less than or equal to 64.
* Only applied to default TIMD and TIMD merge, but not to TIMD SAD.
* PDPC is not applied to the neural network-based intra prediction samples within the TIMD fusion process.

Test 1.1: TIMD fusion with neural network based intra prediction.

**Test 1.2: TIMD-BV extension with enhanced IntraTMP merge list (**[**JVET-AM0138**](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15785)**)**

In Test 1.2a, one of the three intra predictors in TIMD or TIMD SAD modes is replaced by a predictor derived by BV if the cost is smaller. BV may come from IntraTMP merge list and ARBVP list.

In Test 1.2b, to derive intra merge BVs and AR-BVs, the method collects not only the BVs utilized by IntraTMP and IBC but also those employed by DIMD, OBIC, SGPM, TIMD, and TIMD-SAD when block vector prediction is applied. Additionally, each CU coded by IntraTMP now preserves up to 5 fusion BVs for the IntraTMP merge and ARBVP lists.

To alleviate complexity increase in constructing merge list, the refinement window is dynamically reduced based on its template cost if the cost is less than a threshold (set to 32 in the test). Furthermore, when two BV candidates within the IntraTMP list overlap, the refinement window is further resized according to their disparity in template costs. Finally, for the search regions R4 and R5, if the top-left position within these regions is invalid, an early termination is applied to these areas. Conversely, if the bottom-right position of those regions is valid, the entire validation process is bypassed.

Test 1.2a: TIMD fusion with block vector based prediction

Test 1.2b: BV merge list improvement

Test 1.2c: Test 1.2a + Test 1.2b

**Test 1.3: IntraTMP sub-modes depending on the template type information (**[**JVET-AM0229**](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15876)**)**

In the test, the process of each IntraTMP sub-mode is adapted to the template type (“top-only”, “left-only”, “full”) of the involved candidate reconstructed block(s), the modifications can be described as follows:

1. **Local illumination compensation**

The same template type (“top-only”, “left-only”, “full”), which is specified by the IntraTMP index is used for deriving the LIC parameters instead of using the full template.

1. **Filter linear model**

The same template type (“top-only”, “left-only”, “full”), which is specified by the IntraTMP index is used for deriving the FLM parameters instead of using the full template.

1. **Sub-pel**

The same template type (“top-only”, “left-only”, “full”), which is specified by the IntraTMP index is used, during the search for the fractional parameters, to compute template matching SAD/MR-SADs instead of using the full template.

1. **Fusion**

For the current luma block predicted with IntraTMP fusion with IntraTMP index equal to 2, if at least one candidate reconstructed block from the IntraTMP search has either “top-only” template type or “left-only” template type, the prediction of the current luma block is further position-dependent blended with this candidate reconstructed block.

In IntraTMP fusion, one sub-mode is added, which derives the prediction of the current luma block by position-dependent blending of at most four candidate reconstructed blocks associated with the last four positions inside the IntraTMP list.

Test 1.3: IntraTMP template type adaptation.

**Test 1.4: Combination of Test 1.2c and Test 1.3 (**[**JVET-AM0232**](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15879)**)**

Test 1.4: Test 1.2a + Test 1.2b + Test 1.3

**Test 1.5: Combination of Test 1.1 and Test 1.4 (**[**JVET-AM0233**](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15880)**)**

Test 1.5: Test 1.1 + Test 1.2a + Test 1.2b + Test 1.3

**Test 1.6: Intra merge mode (**[**JVET-AM0074**](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15721)**)**

In the test, a list of intra-mode candidates is derived from the intra modes of adjacent and non-adjacent blocks coded as DIMD, OBIC, Intra Merge, TIMD, TIMD SAD, TIMD Merge, MPM-based, or IntraTMP. Up to 5 neighbouring blocks' information is used to derive intra merge candidates. Redundancy checks (pruning stage) are applied to prevent duplicate candidates.

The completed list is sorted based on the candidate's TIMD cost, which is a weighted sum of the template matching cost of each IPM included in the intra merge candidate.

The final step consists of applying a BV prediction mode replacement for all intra modes of the intra merge candidate. The BVs are derived using the IntraTMP merge BV derivation process. Each BV’s cost is computed and replaces an intra-prediction mode from a candidate list when its cost is lower than the intra-prediction’s template cost.

A flag is signalled after DIMD flag to indicate the usage of the mode followed by the candidate index.

There are two non-adjacent blocks patterns: as in inter mode (tested in Test 1.6a) and as in OBIC mode (tested in Test 1.6b).

Test 1.6a: Intra merge mode with inter non-adjacent pattern.

Test 1.6b: Intra merge mode with OBIC non-adjacent pattern.

**Test 1.11: Combination of Test 1.2c and Test 1.6a (**[**JVET-AM0299**](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15967)**)**

Test 1.11: Test 1.2a + Test 1.2b + Test 1.6a.

**Test 1.12: Combination of Test 1.2c, Test 1.3, and Test 1.6a (**[**JVET-AM0307**](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15967)**)**

Test 1.12: Test 1.2a + Test 1.2b + Test 1.3 + Test 1.6a.

**Test 1.7: On interpolation filter for TIMD (**[**JVET-AM0163**](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15810)**)**

In the test, two changes applied to interpolation filter for TIMD are tested.

In Test 1.7a, a cubic interpolation filter is used in block prediction for TIMD, instead of selection between the cubic filter and the Gaussian filter.

In Test 1.7b, a 6-tap cubic interpolation filter is used to replace the 4-tap cubic interpolation filter in template prediction for TIMD.

Test 1.7a: Block prediction with cubic interpolation filter in TIMD.

Test 1.7b: Template prediction with 6-tap interpolation filter in TIMD.

Test 1.7c: Test 1.7a + Test 1.7b.

**Test 1.8: Harmonization of SGPM-BV and LIC (**[**JVET-AM0157**](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15804)**)**

In ECM, LIC flag can be inherited from a merge candidate in IBC merge mode. However, in the current SGPM, LIC flag is not inherited when the BV information from a merge candidate is inherited.

In the test, LIC flag and model parameters from a neighbouring block are inherited in addition to BV when constructing merge candidates list in SGPM mode.

Test 1.8: LIC flag and model parameters inheritance for SGPM.

**Test 1.9: Block vector based intra mode derivation (**[**JVET-AM0084**](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15731)**)**

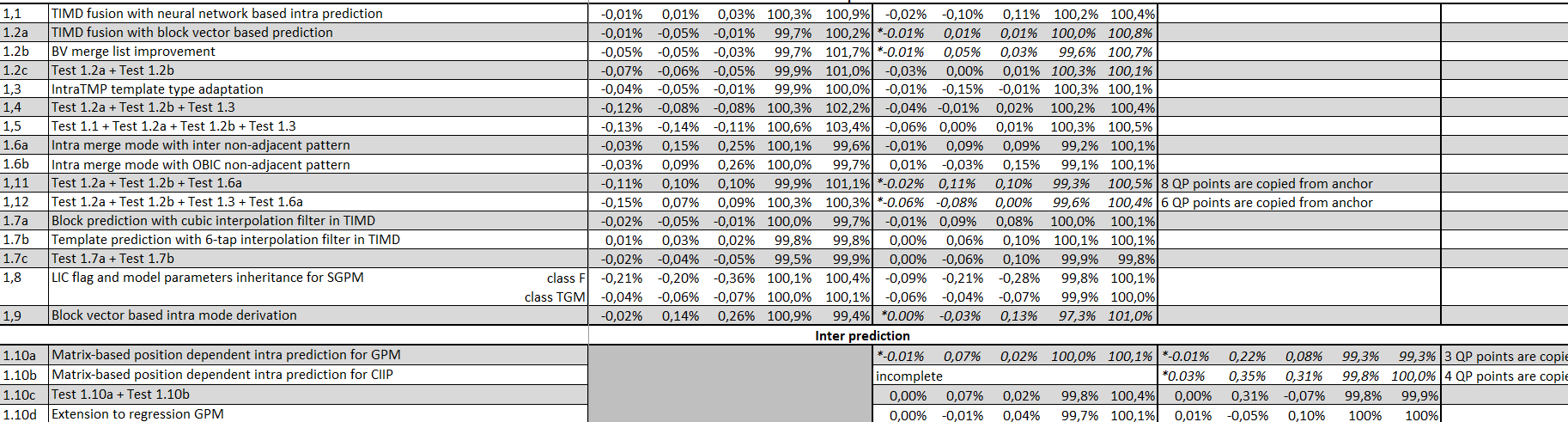
In this test, a block vector-based intra mode derivation is evaluated, which derives an intra prediction mode that minimizes the block-shaped template cost between the reference block from the block vector and the predicted blocks generated using the candidate intra mode.

This method utilizes a block vector associated with the IntraTMP BV candidates, and the first BV candidate is selected from the list.

A list of candidate IPMs is constructed to include intra modes from four corners and center of the reference block and the most probable modes of the current block excluding the default modes. Then, the intra modes candidates are reordered based on block-shaped template costs to compute the similarity between the reference block, pointed to by the block vector, and each of the predicted blocks derived by intra mode candidates.

Two modes with the smallest cost are selected and blended with the weights based on the similarity cost to perform the prediction.

Test 1.9: Block vector based intra mode derivation.



Combination 1.12 has best tradeoff, gains of 1.2a/b, 1.3 and 1.6a are somewhat additive, whereas the other combinations including also 1.1 are not competitive.

Decision: Adopt JVET-AM0307 test 1.12.

Test 1.7a avoids switching between interpolation filters and has a small gain. This is supported to be advantageous by several experts.

Test 1.7b does not provide benefit, neither standalone, nor in the combination with 1.7a.

Decision: Adopt JVET-AM0163 test 1.7a.

Test 1.8 has some benefit for screen content, and according to proponents has no impact on camera-captured content (not documented in the contribution). Proponents are asked to provide results for other classes. Revisit.

Test 1.9 provides small/no gain in luma for AI/RA, but losses in chroma, whereas encoder/decoder run time is changing. Overall, no benefit.

* 1. ***Inter prediction***

**Test 1.10: Matrix-based position dependent intra prediction for GPM/CIIP (**[**JVET-AM0059**](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15706)**)**

In the GPM mode using both inter and intra predictions, the final prediction samples are generated by weighting inter prediction samples and intra prediction samples for each GPM-separated region. As shown in next figure, for example, the available IPM candidates are the parallel angular mode along the direction of the GPM partition boundary (Parallel mode), the perpendicular angular mode perpendicular to the GPM partition boundary (Perpendicular mode), and the Planar mode, respectively

A diagram of a sample

AI-generated content may be incorrect.

In ECM, there are 3 intra prediction mode candidates in the GPM-IPM list. Among these three candidate modes in the GPM-IPM list, some may not be MPDIP modes. In general, if a block is eligible for MPDIP prediction, there may be a better chance to select an MPDIP mode because this mode may provide a better prediction.

In the CIIP mode, the prediction samples are generated by weighting inter predicted samples and intra predicted samples, where a TIMD derived intra prediction mode or CIIP PDPC is used to generate the intra prediction. The ciipPDPC flag indicates the intra prediction method used in CIIP.

In the test, if the current block is eligible for MPDIP, i.e., the decoded left and the above reference samples are available and the current block size supports MPDIP, some of the non-MPDIP modes in the GPM-IPM list are substituted by the adjacent MPDIP modes as shown in formula. The processes for constructing the GPM-IPM list are kept unchanged.

where is the initial non-MPDIP mode in the GPM-IPM list, and is the MPDIP mode that replaces the initial non-MPDIP mode.

It is further modified in the test that the MPDIP prediction is used in the calculation of the template cost, instead of using the conventional angular prediction for the MPDIP modes in sorting the GPM candidate list as well as in the TIMD mode derivation for CIIP coded blocks.

Furthermore, when the current block is coded with the CIIP mode and is eligible for MPDIP prediction, the intra prediction samples are always generated by using the derived intra prediction mode from TIMD. As a result, the ciipPDPC flag is no longer coded in the bitstream.

Test 1.10a: Matrix-based position dependent intra prediction for GPM.

Test 1.10b: Matrix-based position dependent intra prediction for CIIP.

Test 1.10c: Test 1.10a + Test 1.10b.

Test 1.10d: Extension to regression GPM.

**Test 2.1: Chained candidates in AMVP and merge lists (**[**JVET-AM0106**](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15753)**)**

In ECM, during AMVP list construction, when the motion information of a spatially located source block does not point to the given reference picture, this candidate is skipped.

In the test, AMVP list derivation process for spatial candidates is modified to allow one-step tracing of spatial candidates in AMVP to create chained MV candidates. The same change is applied to existing chained MV candidates in merge list so that tracing is allowed to start from a position in the block from which the motion information is fetched, in addition to the existing starting positions.

Figure below illustrates the chained motion vector predictor generation from a left neighbor of the current block. Motion vector of left neighbor (purple) points to a position in P1 and the motion vector obtained from that position (green arrow) points to another position in P0. The accumulation of the motion vectors results in the chained motion vector predictor (black dashed arrow) candidate obtained from left neighbor for P0.

A diagram of a diagram

AI-generated content may be incorrect.

Test 2.1a: Chained candidates in AMVP list.

Test 2.1b-a: Chained candidates in merge list.

Test 2.1b: Test 2.1a + Test 2.1b

**Test 2.2: Regression-based GPM intra-inter prediction modification (**[**JVET-AM0215**](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15862)**)**

GPM intra-inter prediction combines intra and inter predictors, while the blending weights derivation utilizes intra and inter prediction samples of the template from different domain when LMCS is enabled as shown in the next figure.

During the blending weights derivation, intra prediction samples of the template are kept in the LMCS domain, inter prediction samples of the template are kept in the original domain while the reconstructed samples of the template are mapped back to the original domain.

The derived blending weights are used for blending the current intra and inter prediction samples, however, before blending, the current inter prediction samples are mapped to the LMCS domain. Thus, the prediction sample blending occurs in different domains than the domain where the blending weights were derived.

A diagram of a diagram

AI-generated content may be incorrect.

In Test 2.2a, blending weights derivation and prediction sample blending are carried out in the original domain.

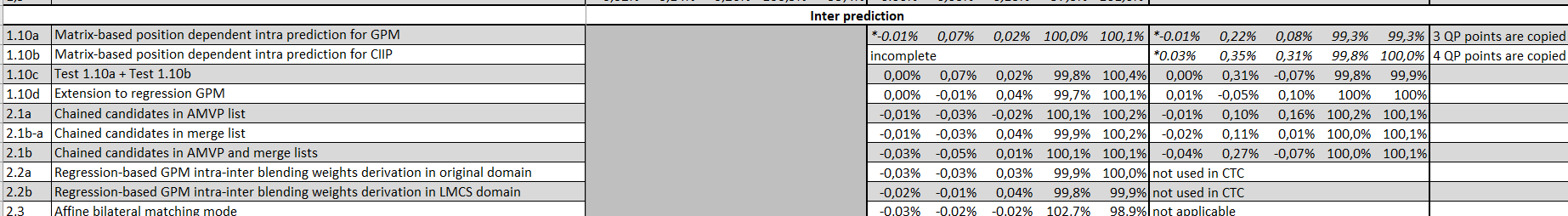
In Test 2.2b, blending weights derivation and prediction sample blending are carried out in the LMCS domain.

**Test 2.3: Affine bilateral matching mode (**[**JVET-AM0088**](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15735)**)**

In current ECM, when an affine coded block meets the BDOF condition, BDOF is applied to the subblocks. Otherwise, regular MC is performed with adaptive subblock size. If an affine merge candidate meets the affine DMVR condition, it also meets the affine BDOF condition. Therefore, affine BDOF is always performed for motion compensation for such candidate.

In the test, an affine bilateral matching merge mode is introduced to ECM, wherein all the merge candidates that meet the affine DMVR condition, per-pixel based affine compensation is performed instead of affine BDOF. In the test, the maximum number of candidates in the new mode is set to 6.

Test 2.3: Affine bilateral matching merge mode.



1.10x does not show benefit, no gain or small loss, but more processing necessary.

2.1b has small gain in luma, but some loss in chroma for LB (which according to proponents is coming mainly from class E, whereas gains are more consistent for other classes). Number of candidates is not increased, the change is minor according to cross-checkers.

Decision: Adopt JVET-AM0106 test 2.1b.

2.2 tries to resolve an inconsistency that the blending weights in intra/inter GPM are derived in different domains (intra in LMCS, inter in original), whereas the blending itself is performed in the LMCS domain. The two tests resolve this by translating one of them such that either both determination of weights and blending are in original (2.2a), or both in LMCS (test 2.2b). Both variants give small gain, where the gain of 2.2a is slightly higher, even though one more step of domain mapping is necessary, but the complexity difference should be minor.

Decision: Adopt JVET-AM02.15 test 2.2a.

Test 2.3 has encoding runtime increase of 2.7% while giving only relatively small gain (0.03% luma), likely due to the need of additional mode checks. No reasonable tradeoff.

* 1. ***Transform and coefficient coding***

**Test 3.1: Predictive transform coefficient coding (**[**JVET-AM0056**](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15703)**)**

In residual coding of ECM, each coefficient’s magnitude (abs\_coeff\_level) is binarized into a series including a significant flag (sig\_flag), a set of greater-than-1 values (gt\_1 through gt\_N), parity (par) value; and the remaining value (remLevel), following the equation:

abs\_coeff\_level = sig\_flag +gt\_1+ gt\_2 +gt\_3 +… + gt\_N + par + 2\*remLevel.

In the test, a coefficient level predictor gt\_x ranges from 0 to N+1 is introduced, and an entry flag is signalled to indicate whether levels go above or below the predictor.

entry\_flag = coeff > clip(predictor – 1, [0, N]) ? 1 : 0

If it is above, then all subsequent gt\_n flags are signalled and the flags corresponding to lower than gt\_x are skipped. If it is below, then gt\_n flags larger than the predictor are skipped and only lower level gt\_n flags are signalled.

In the test, the gt\_x is set to gt\_1 and the predictor value is derived from the CABAC context probability of significant flag. The gt\_1 flag is predicted to be 1 when the probability of significant flag exceeds a predefined threshold , i.e. . The predictor value equal to 0 corresponds to the conventional coefficients coding.

This method is applied only for luma transform unit with the probability threshold set to 31000 (equivalent to 94.61%) for 15-bit precision CABAC.

Test 3.1a: Predictive transform coefficient coding.

Test 3.1b: Test 3.1a on very high bitrate (QP 2, 7, 12, 17).

**Test 3.2: Directional sign prediction (**[**JVET-AM0060**](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15707)**)**

In ECM, sign prediction derives discontinuity cost across a transform block to predict the signs.

A picture containing text

Description automatically generated

where *R* is reconstructed neighbors, *P* is the prediction of the current block, and *r* is the residual hypothesis.

In the test, a direction is derived for sign prediction as illustrated in the next figure.

A screenshot of a game

AI-generated content may be incorrect.

The directions are derived using HoG for every 4-sample sub-boundary on the top row and left column of the transform block. The directions for the top boundary are restricted to the directions between intra prediction mode 34 and intra prediction mode 66. The directions for the left boundary are restricted to the directions between intra prediction mode 2 and intra prediction mode 34.

The boundary discontinuity is still measured by the sum of absolute derivatives in the residual domain. However, the samples along the derived directions are used.

A white and yellow circle on a black background

AI-generated content may be incorrect.

The samples at fractional positions are generated by interpolation. The 4-tap interpolation filters included in ECM for intra prediction are reused in the method.

The directional sign prediction is not applied to IntraNN, MIP, EIP, ISP and all the chroma blocks. Four new context models are introduced for coding the sign residual of the directional sign prediction. The context model index is selected based on the absolute level of the transform coefficient.

**Test 3.3: Third transform set selection for IntraNN (**[**JVET-AM0061**](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15708)**)**

In ECM, multiple transform set selection for LFNST/NSPT is applied to IntraNN for luma blocks large than 64 samples. In addition to the 1st DIMD IPM, PLANAR is used as the additional IPM candidate. A flag indicating the IPM index is signalled for luma blocks larger than or equal to 64 luma samples.

In the test, a third transform set selection for IntraNN is introduces, where in addition to the 1st DIMD IPM and PLANAR, the 2nd DIMD IPM is used as the third candidate to select a LFNST/NSPT transform set for luma blocks larger than or equal to 128 luma samples. A CU-level flag indicating the 2nd DIMD IPM is signalled.

Test 4.3: Third transform set selection for IntraNN.

**Test 3.4: Reduced zero-out for NSPT kernels (**[**JVET-AM0228**](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15875)**)**

In EMC, the amounts of NSPT output coefficients (left) and the amount of NSPT kernels (right) for each block size WxH are summarized below:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| H \W | 4 | 8 | 16 | 32 |  | H \W | 4 | 8 | 16 | 32 |
| 4 | 16 | 20 | 24 | 20 | 4 | 245 | 221 | 183 | 113 |
| 8 | 20 | 32 | 40 | 24 | 8 | 245 | 245 | 194 | 127 |
| 16 | 24 | 40 | - | - | 16 | 213 | 213 | - | - |
| 32 | 20 | 24 | - | - | 32 | 149 | 149 | - | - |

The worst-case operation count per TB is for block size 8x32/32x8: 24x256 = 6144 MACs.  
The worst-case operation count per sample is for block size 8x16/16x8: 40 MACs/sample.

In Test 3.4a, the amounts of output non-zero coefficients for NSPT are increased for block sizes 4x8, 4x16, 8x32 and corresponding transposed block shapes. The proposed NSPT output coefficient amounts for each block size WxH are summarized below:

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| H \W | 4 | 8 | 16 | 32 |
| 4 | 16 | **24** | **32** | 20 |
| 8 | **24** | 32 | 40 | **32** |
| 16 | **32** | 40 | - | - |
| 32 | 20 | **32** | - | - |

In Test 3.4b, kernel amounts are reduced for several block sizes. The reduction is achieved by sharing a retrained NSPT kernel between a larger number of modes. The number of NSPT kernels in for each block size WxH is summarized below:

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| H \W | 4 | 8 | 16 | 32 |
| 4 | **243** | **206** | **156** | **93** |
| 8 | 245 | 245 | **152** | **110** |
| 16 | **208** | **181** | - | - |
| 32 | **102** | **146** | - | - |

Test 3.4c is a combination of Test 3.4a and Test 3.4b.

The worst-case operation count per TB for Test 3.4c is for block size 8x32/32x8: 32x256 = 8192 MACs.  
The worst-case operation count per sample for Test 3.4c is for block size 8x16/16x8: 40 MACs/sample, which corresponds to ECM-17.0.

**Test 3.5: Combination of Test 3.3 and Test 3.4 (**[**JVET-AM0172**](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15819)**)**

Test 3.3 and Test 3.4c are combined, where Test 3.3 is enabled only in the all-intra configuration of the combination tests.

**Test 3.6: On binarization of a coefficient level in TSRC (3.6ab -** [**JVET-AL0153**](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15478)**, 3.6cd** [**JVET-AM0054**](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15701)**)**

In ECM, a truncated Rice-Golomb binarization method with Rice parameter 1 is used to binarize the coefficient levels directly when the CABAC bin budget is exhausted in the TSRC. The binarized bins are coded in the bypass mode. For coefficient level 0, two bins are needed.

In the tests, a significant flag is used to indicate if the current coefficient level is zero or not when the CABAC bin budget is exhausted in the TSRC. In addition, Rice parameter is set to 0 to binarize the remaining levels in the TSRC. The binarized bins for remaining levels are coded with the bypass-mode.

In Test 3.6a, the significant flag is coded in the bypass-mode.

In Test 3.6b, the significant flag is coded with a context bin. To comply with the pre-defined CABAC bin budget constraint, Test 3.6b reserves as many context bins as the total number of positions of all non-zero subblocks so that the significant flag for each position is always coded with context bin. The pre-defined CABAC bin budget is updated by subtracting the number of reserved context bins. The updated CABAC bin budget is then used to control the coding of other context coded syntax in the TSRC.

Both Test 3.6a and Test 3.6b follow and comply with the current constraint of the CABAC bin budget and there is no excessive usage of the context coded bins.

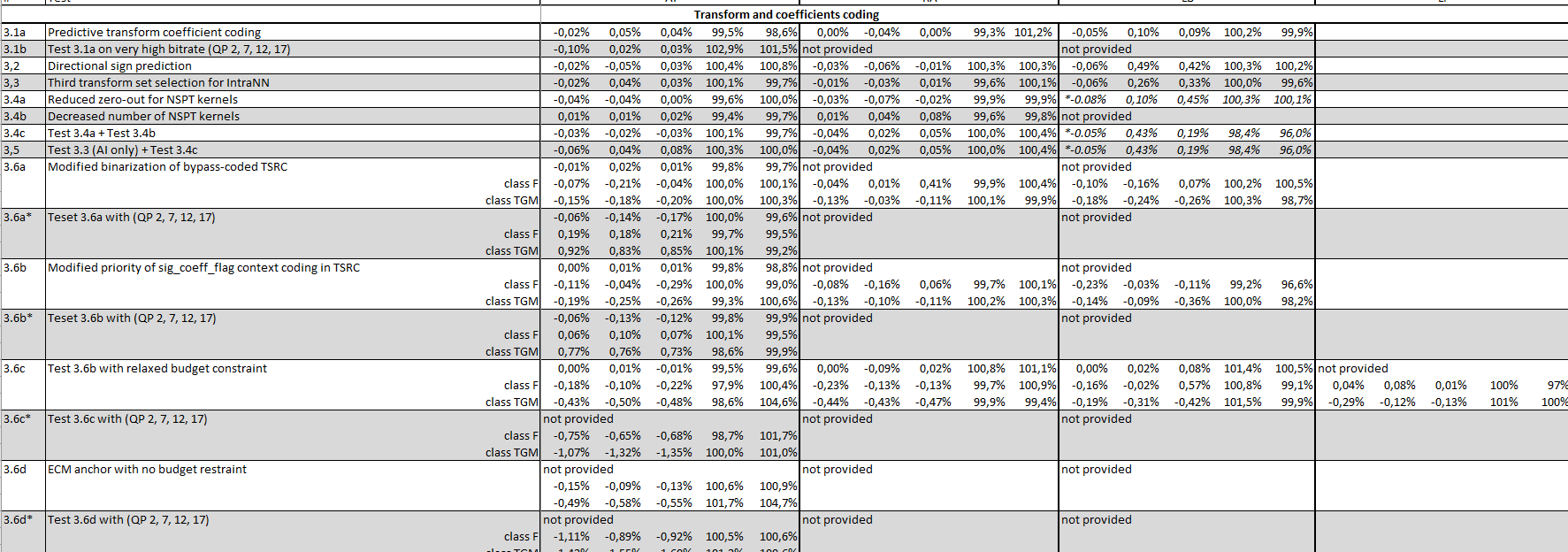
For low QP setting, both tests have gains for camera captured content, but loss for SCC. Similar to VVC v2, a slice level adaptive Rice parameter probably is needed for low QP applications while a fixed Rice parameter is good for CTC.

Additional tests for EE2-3.6b with Rice 1, 2, 3 show that a bigger Rice parameter may provide additional gains for low QP cases.

In Test 3.6c, Test 3.6b is tested with the relaxed budget constraint, where the significant flags are always context coded after the context budget is exhausted for the CG.

In test 3.6d, ECM anchor without budget constraint is tested.

Tests with asterisk (\*) indicate the low QP 2, 7, 12, 17 setting.



Test 3.1 provides some gain in particular for high rates. According to cross-checker, the impact on processing complexity should be small (some additional checking necessary in CABAC). Gain is better at high rate (3.1b), also the encoder/decoder runtime is further increased. Though the tradeoff runtime vs. compression benefit is not good, several experts expressed support, as it may also reduce the number of context coded bins.

Decision: Adopt JVET-AM0056

For test 3.2, for the proposed modification of sign prediction, additional processing is necessary for HoG computation applied at subblock basis. This reflected by increase of encoding and decoding run times (even though these were decreased relative to the previous proposal). For LB, a higher loss in chroma occurs than in the previous proposal. Some concern was raised about the tradeoff. No action.

Test 3.3 is allowing to use another (already existing) NSPT set for certain cases in intraNN. Benefit in compression is small, but impact on encoder/decoder runtime is only minor due to the selection rules that are used. Gain is mostly in classes A and B according to cross-checkers.

This was also tested in combination with 3.4 (test 3.5)

In test 3.4, the reduction of zero-out increases the necessary memory size for kernels by approximately 10%, whereas 3.4b standalone reduces it relative to the current ECM by additional merging of kernels, and the combination 3.4c requires approximately the same memory as current ECM.

It is commented that it is questionable which additional insight fine-tuning of existing tools is providing in the context of this exploration. No action on 3.3-3.5.

Test 3.6x investigates proposed methods for alternative budget constraint (where test 3.6d is an additional reference without any constraint). Tests 3.6a and 3.6b are actually sticking to a maximum budget of context coded bins, where 3.6b gives some preference to code significance context-based. Whereas some gain to the current method is observed for screen content under CTC, in the low-QP case more significant losses occur. Furthermore, it was commented that in case of mixed content, applications may coded regions with screen content with lower QP, therefore it is relevant to look at the low-QP case, where the case of invoking the constraint occurs more frequently. It would also not be desirable to impose different constraint mechanisms for low and high QP cases.

It was commented that it might be interesting to investigate method 3.6b with different configurations of Rice parameters.

It was further commented that enforcing the context coding of significance flags as in method 3.6b might introduce throughput problems.

No action on 3.6.

* 1. ***In-loop filtering***

**Test 4.1: TALF with reconstructed samples ([JVET-AM0133](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15780))**

In ECM, temporal adaptive loop filter (TALF) uses the reconstructed samples of the reference pictures as shown in the figure below. It generates offsets to the luma ALF’s output and the filter coefficients are carried in TALF APS. The usage of TALF for each CTB is signaled by a CTB-level flag.

A black background with white squares and black text

AI-generated content may be incorrect.

TALF has two filter shapes with 13 coefficients each.

A crossword puzzle with numbers

AI-generated content may be incorrect.

In the test, reconstructed samples right before ALF of the current picture are used as additional TALF filter inputs, where besides the existing inputs, 4 additional taps in a 5x5 cross-shape are applied to the neighborhood of one current sample. The figure below illustrates the specific filter shapes that are applied in the proposed TALF scheme: shape 0 (above) and shape1 (below).

A crossword puzzle with different symbols

AI-generated content may be incorrect.

Test 4.1: TALF with reconstructed samples.

**Test 4.2: Reuse of ALF control information ([JVET-AM0209](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15856))**

In ECM, ALF and CCALF coefficients are derived for each picture and signalled in APSs, which can be re-used by future encoded pictures.

In the test, CTB-level information of chroma ALF and CCALF of the current picture is stored and can be reused by future coded pictures. For each chroma component, two flags are signalled to indicate whether the current picture reuses ALF and CCALF CTB-level information from a previously coded picture. Encoder makes the decision for each picture individually such that no latency is introduced.

Test 4.2: Reuse of ALF control information.

**Test 4.3: On ALF-CCCM ([JVET-AM0063](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15710))**

In ALF-CCCM method, the output samples of luma SAO are used as inputs to the CCCM filtering. To obtain a correction signal, the SAO chroma samples are subtracted from the CCCM output samples. The correction is weighted by 0.5 and added to the ALF chroma output to improve chroma reconstruction samples.

For each CTU, the encoder’s RDO decides the best cross-component model from eight possible models, they differ in the number of samples, non-linear term, and biases. When applying multi-models, if any sample’s correction exceeds the threshold with either model, the entire block will not use the CCCM to do the filtering.

A diagram of a block diagram

AI-generated content may be incorrect.

In the test, the impact of applying an adaptive factor for ALF-CCCM and the updated usage of multi-models is investigated.

In Test 4.3a, an adaptive factor is selected from the candidate set of {1/4, 3/8, 5/8, 3/4} for ALF-CCCM. Each picture evaluated these factor candidates (including the fixed factor 0.5) to get the corresponding filtered results, then the corresponding distortion and bit cost for each factor are calculated. The factor corresponding to the minimum RD cost is selected as the best factor for the current frame. A flag indicating whether using the adaptive method or the fixed factor will be signaled in the bitstream. When using the adaptive method, two additional bits indicating the factor index will be also signaled in the bitstream.

In Test 4.3b, the multi-model’s usage is updated. When a block tries multi-models, if there is a sample whose correction exceeds the threshold, only the samples that are using the same model as this sample in the block will not be filtered by CCCM, rather than all the samples in the block will not be filtered.

Test 4.3a: Adaptive factor for ALF-CCCM.

Test 4.3b: Updated multi-models usage strategy

Test 4.3c: Test 4.3a + Test 4.3b.

**Test 4.4: On In-Loop filtering in ECM ([JVET-AM0219](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15866))**

In ECM, there are two interfaces to support NN ILF testing. Interface 1 is NNVC interface with NN loop filter applied in parallel to Deblocking Filter and before SAO, BIF, and ALF. NN filter includes all colour components.

Interface 2 has chroma channel removed in addition to placing the NN filter in parallel to the existing Fixed, Residual, and Gaussian filters.

Complexity-aware RDO to control the NN filter usage, and hence to control the decode runtime, is included in both interfaces, where NN filter can be switched off on a 128x128 or 256x256 block level if provided distortion reduction is found to be below a threshold, a flag is signalled to indicate the choice.

In 4.4 tests, alternative use of NN-ILF and fixed filters processing of ECM ALF for YCbCr filtering is tested with interface 1 for NNVC VLOP3 and VLOP from EE1-2.1. Alternative use of NN-ILF/Fixed Filters is being controlled by complexity-aware RDO and signalled in the bitstream.

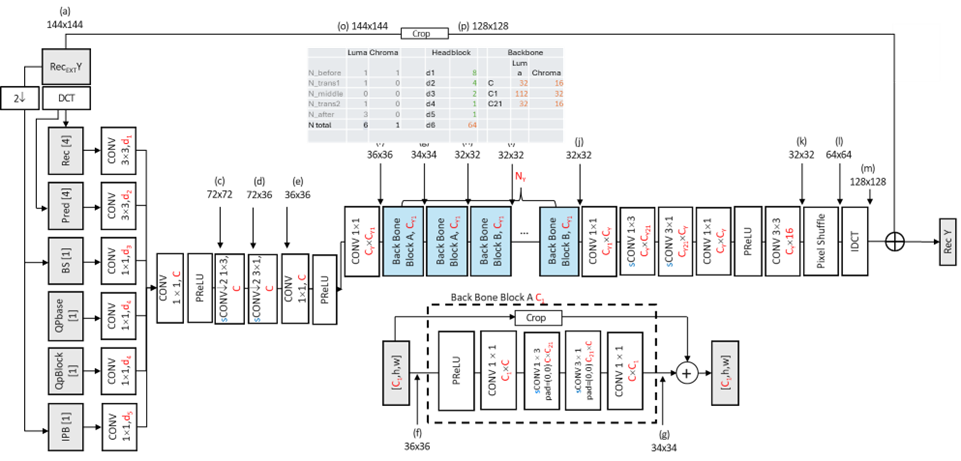
Test 4.4a: Alternative usage of VLOP3 filter with interface 1.

Test 4.4b: Alternative usage of VLOP filter from EE1-2.1 with interface 1.

**Test 4.5: On performance improvement of NN-ILF in ALF ([JVET-AM0231](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15878))**

In the test, luma only versions of VLOP3 and VLOP EE1-2.1 NN filters were evaluated with interface 2. The EE1-2.1 filter was trained as described in JVET-AM0135/AL0166. Luma only VLOP3 training follows the process of VLOP3 training.

The luma-only version of VLOP3 filter as shown in the next figure has 63904 parameters and 40 convolution layers with 4.78 kMAC/pixel.



The luma only version of EE1-2.1 VLOP filter as shown in the next figure has 67603 parameters and 45 convolution layers with 4.66 kMAC/pixel complexity.

A screenshot of a computer

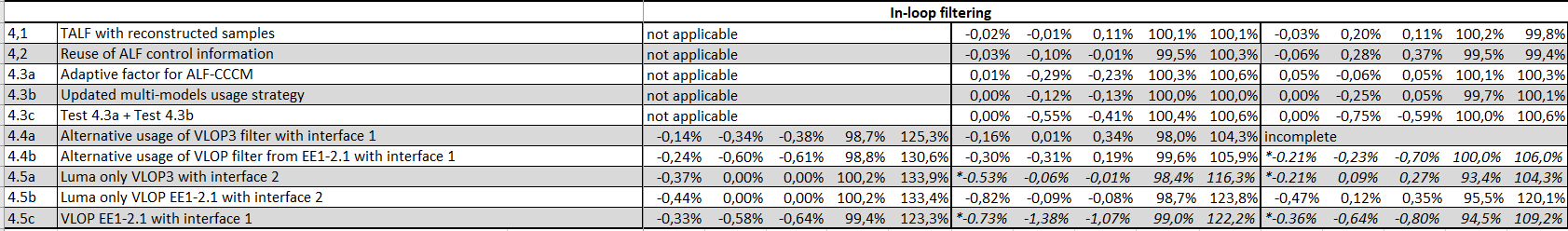
AI-generated content may be incorrect.

Complexity-aware RDO was used that NN filtering is disabled for blocks, if provided distortion reduction is found to be below a threshold. A flag is signalled to indicate whether NN-ILF or Gaussian filter is used when ALF is enabled.

Test 4.5a: Luma only VLOP3 with interface 2.

Test 4.5b: Luma only VLOP EE1-2.1 with interface 2.

Test 4.5c: VLOP EE1-2.1 with interface 1.



4.1 has very small gain in luma, some loss in chroma in LB, and requires additional processing using neighbored spatial samples. This is not attractive.

4.2 is re-using ALF/CCALF control information from the closest picture in coding order. This requires only low amount of memory (9 bits per CTB) and provides a small coding gain, should have no impact on runtime.

Decision: Adopt JVET-AM0209 test 4.2

4.3a and 4.3b target improvement of ALF-CCCM which results in chroma gain. Combination 4.3c shows that gains are additive (or more than additive in LB, where 4.3a shows loss, and also gain of 4.3b is small). Slight increase in encoder runtime due to 4.3a by determining the optimum weighting factor. Though the standalone proposals a/b would not be attractive, the gain of the combination (which is significantly higher than the addition of the two separate gains) gives a reasonable tradeoff.

Decision: Adopt JVET-AM0063 test 4.3c

4.4 and 4.5 use VLOP (two versions, VLOP3 and VLOP with attention from EE1-2.1), where 4.4 filters luma and chroma, 4.5 filters only luma (except 4.5c). 4.4 uses a “complexity aware RDO” to reduce decoder runtime by switching off.

It was asked why 4.5 gives significant reduction of encoding time in LB. A possible reason could be that ALF is less frequently used? Later in the discussion, the crosschecker reports that he did not observe such a decrease in encoder runtime.

Results are not complete yet, also crosscheck is not finished yet.

For the cases which filter only luma, no true training crosscheck had been performed in EE1, as EE1 always investigated processing of luma and chroma, and here the chroma branch was disabled.

The difference between 4.4b and 4.5c (which are both using the EE1-2.1 filter on both luma and chroma) is the encoder optimization, which switches off the NNLF based on the amount of gain using a threshold parameter. It would even be possible to get more gain than 4.5c, but then the decoder runtime would further increase.

The method used in 4.4b and 4.5c is a candidate for adoption in ECM (non-CTC, for further investigations). This should also include the threshold parameter for decoder runtime control. Revisit after complete results and crosscheck are available, and also after the revisit on EE1-2.1. Also some more clarification about the reason for reduced encoder runtime in tests 4.5 LB/RA is requested, and information about the interdependency of optimization between ALF and NNLF that is used (e.g., disabling fixed filters?).

### EE2 contributions: Enhanced compression beyond VVC capability (26)

There was no presentation or discussion about specific proposals in this category.

For actions decided to be taken, see section 5.2.1, unless otherwise noted.

[JVET-AM0054](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15701) EE2-3.6cd: On coefficient level binarization in Transform Skip [M. Abdoli, R. G. Youvalari, A. Tissier, F. Plowman (Xiaomi)]

[JVET-AM0251](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15918) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0054 (EE2-3.6cd: On coefficient level binarization in Transform Skip) [Y. Yu, J. Gan (OPPO)] [late]

[JVET-AM0056](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15703) EE2-3.1: Predictive transform coefficient coding [T. N. Canh, F. Pu, P. Yin, S. McCarthy (Dolby)]

[JVET-AM0243](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15890) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0056 (EE2-3.1: Predictive transform coefficient coding) [P. Nikitin (Qualcomm)] [late] [miss]

[JVET-AM0059](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15706) EE2-1.10: Matrix-based position dependent intra prediction for GPM/CIIP [Z. Sun, Y. Yu, L. Xu, H. Yu, D. Wang (OPPO)]

[JVET-AM0256](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15923) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0059 (EE2-1.10: Matrix-based position dependent intra prediction for GPM/CIIP) [X. Li (Alibaba)] [late]

[JVET-AM0060](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15707) EE2-3.2: Directional sign prediction [L. Xu, Y. Yu, Z. Sun, L. Zhang, H. Yu, D. Wang (OPPO)]

[JVET-AM0261](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15928) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0060 (Test EE2-3.2 on directional sign prediction) [P. Onno (Canon)] [late]

[JVET-AM0061](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15708) EE2-3.3: Third transform set selection for intraNN [Z. Xie, F. Wang, Y. Yu, H. Yu, D. Wang (OPPO)]

[JVET-AM0266](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15933) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0061 (EE2-3.3: Third transform set selection for intraNN) [[G. Verba (Qualcomm)](mailto:gverba@qti.qualcomm.com)] [late]

[JVET-AM0062](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15709) EE2-3.6ab: On binarization of a coefficient level in TSRC [Y. Yu, L. Xu, J. Gan, H. Yu, D. Wang (OPPO), M. Abdoli, R. G. Youvalari, F. Plowman, A. Tissier (Xiaomi)]

[JVET-AM0245](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15892) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0062 (EE2-3.6ab: On binarization of a coefficient level in TSRC) [P. Nikitin (Qualcomm)] [late] [miss]

[JVET-AM0252](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15919) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0062 (EE2-3.6ab: On binarization of a coefficient level in TSRC) [T. N. Canh (Dolby)] [late]

[JVET-AM0286](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15953) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0062 (EE2-3.6ab: On binarization of a coefficient level in TSRC) [Z. Deng (Bytedance)] [late]

[JVET-AM0063](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15710) EE2-4.3: On ALF-CCCM [N. Song, L. Xu, Y. Yu, H. Yu, D. Wang (OPPO)]

[JVET-AM0276](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15943) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0063 (EE2-4.3: On ALF-CCCM) [C. Ma (Kwai)] [late] [miss]

[JVET-AM0291](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15958) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0063 (EE2-4.3: On ALF-CCCM) [N. Hu (Qualcomm)] [late]

[JVET-AM0074](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15721) EE2-1.6: Intra Merge Mode [M.Blestel, P. Andrivon, K. Suverov, N. Zouidi (Ofinno), Y. Chang, V. Seregin, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm Inc.), J. Fu, J. Zhang, S. Ma (Peking University)]

[JVET-AM0290](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15957) Cross-check of JVET-AM0074 "EE2-1.6: Intra Merge Mode" [F. Le Léannec (InterDigital)] [late]

[JVET-AM0077](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15724) EE2-1.1: TIMD fusion with neural network based intra prediction [Y.-H. Lin, C.-Y. Teng, K.-W. Liang, Y.-C. Yang (Sharp), K. Naser, T. Dumas, E. François, F. Le Léannec (InterDigital)]

[JVET-AM0137](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15784) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0077 (EE2-1.1: TIMD fusion with neural network based intra prediction) [N. Zouidi (Ofinno)]

[JVET-AM0084](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15731) EE2-1.9: Block Vector-based Intra Mode Derivation [J.-K. Lee, D. Ruiz Coll, M. Blestel (Offinno)] [late]

[JVET-AM0304](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15972) crosscheck of JVET-AM0084: EE2-1.9: Block Vector-based Intra Mode Derivation [K. Naser (InterDigital)] [late]

[JVET-AM0088](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15735) EE2-2.3: Affine bilateral matching mode [H. Huang, V. Seregin, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)]

[JVET-AM0106](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15753) EE2-2.1a/b: Chained candidates in AMVP and merge lists [D. Bugdayci Sansli, J. Lainema (Nokia)]

[JVET-AM0271](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15938) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0106 (EE2-2.1a/b: Chained candidates in AMVP and merge lists) [Y. Kidani (KDDI)] [late]

[JVET-AM0133](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15780) EE2-4.1: TALF with reconstructed samples [C. Ma, X. Xiu, X. Wang (Kwai)]

[JVET-AM0305](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15973) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0133 (EE2-4.1: TALF with reconstructed samples) [N. Song (OPPO)] [late] [miss]

[JVET-AM0138](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15785) EE2-1.2a/b/c: TIMD-BV extension with enhanced IntraTMP merge list [J. Fu, J. Zhang, Y. Zhao, S. Ma (PKU), Y. Gao, C. Huang (ZTE), K. Naser, M. Radosavljević, S. Puri, T. Dumas (InterDigital), D. Ruiz Coll, J.-K Lee (Ofinno)]

[JVET-AM0255](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15922) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0138 (EE2-1.2a/b/c: TIMD-BV extension with enhanced IntraTMP merge list) [X. Li (Alibaba)] [late]

[JVET-AM0157](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15804) EE2-1.8: Harmonization of SGPM-BV and LIC [J. Huo, Y. Fei, L. Wang, Y. Ma, F. Yang (Xidian Univ.)]

[JVET-AM0253](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15920) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0157 (EE2-1.8: Harmonization of SGPM-BV and LIC) [X. Li (Alibaba)] [late]

[JVET-AM0163](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15810) EE2-1.7: On interpolation filter for TIMD [Y. Wang, W. Yin, K. Zhang, Z. Deng, N. Zhang, L. Zhao, M. Salehifar, L. Zhang (Bytedance)]

[JVET-AM0236](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15883) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0163 (EE2-1.7: On interpolation filter for TIMD) [L. Xu, Y. Yu (OPPO)] [late]

[JVET-AM0172](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15819) EE2-3.5: a combination of EE2-3.3 and EE2-3.4 [Z. Xie, F. Wang, Y. Yu, H. Yu, D. Wang (OPPO), G. Verba, M. Coban, V. Seregin, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)]

[JVET-AM0310](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15978) Cross-check of JVET-AM0172 (EE2-3.5: a combination of EE2-3.3 and EE2-3.4) [T. Dumas (InterDigital)] [late]

[JVET-AM0209](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15856) EE2-4.2: Reuse of ALF control information [N. Hu, H. Wang, M. Karczewicz, V. Seregin (Qualcomm)]

[JVET-AM0306](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15974) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0209 (EE2-4.2: Reuse of ALF control information) [N. Song (OPPO)] [late]

[JVET-AM0215](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15862) EE2-2.2: Regression-based GPM intra-inter prediction modification [R. Yu, V. Seregin, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)]

[JVET-AM0258](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15925) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0215 (EE2-2.2: Regression-based GPM intra-inter prediction modification) [K. Jia (Alibaba)] [late]

[JVET-AM0219](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15866) EE2-4.4: On In-Loop filtering in ECM [D. Rusanovskyy, S. Hong, K. Panusopone, L. Wang, J. Lainema (Nokia), N. Hu, M. Karczewicz, M. Coban, H. Wang, Y. Shao, J. Wang, Y. Li, V. Seregin (Qualcomm)]

[JVET-AM0241](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15888) crosscheck of JVET-AM0219 (EE2-4.4) [T. Poirier, F. Galpin (InterDigital)] [late]

[JVET-AM0228](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15875) EE2-3.4: Reduced zero-out for NSPT kernels [G. Verba, M. Coban, V. Seregin, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)]

[JVET-AM0262](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15929) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0228 (EE2-3.4: Reduced zero-out for NSPT kernels) [M. Abdoli (Xiaomi)] [late]

[JVET-AM0229](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15876) EE2-1.3: Intra TMP sub-modes depending on the template type information [T. Dumas, K. Naser, M. Radosavljević, F. Le Léannec (InterDigital)]

[JVET-AM0248](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15915) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0229 (EE2-1.3: Intra TMP sub-modes depending on the template type information) [H. Qin, V. Rufitskiy, A. Filippov (TCL)] [late]

[JVET-AM0320](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15988) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0229 Test1.3 (EE2-1.3: Intra TMP sub-modes depending on the template type information) [Z. Sun (OPPO)] [late] [miss]

[JVET-AM0231](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15878) EE2-4.5: On performance improvement of NN-ILF in ALF [N. Hu, M. Karczewicz, M. Coban, H. Wang, Y. Shao, J. Wang, Y. Li, V. Seregin (Qualcomm), D. Rusanovskyy, S. Hong, K. Panusopone, L. Wang, J. Lainema (Nokia)]

[JVET-AM0240](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15887) crosscheck of JVET-AM0231 (EE2-4.5) [F. Galpin, T. Poirier (InterDigital)] [late]

[JVET-AM0232](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15879) EE2-1.4: combination of EE2-1.2c and EE2-1.3 [J. Fu, Y. Zhao, J. Zhang, S. Ma (PKU), Y. Gao, C. Huang (ZTE), T. Dumas, K. Naser, M. Radosavljević, S. Puri (InterDigital), D. Ruiz Coll, J.-K. Lee (Ofinno)]

[JVET-AM0249](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15916) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0232 (EE2-1.4: combination of EE2-1.2c and EE2-1.3) [H. Qin, V. Rufitskiy, A. Filippov (TCL)] [late]

[JVET-AM0233](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15880) EE2-1.5: combination of EE2-1.1 and EE2-1.4 [Y.-H. Lin, C.-Y. Teng, K,-W. Liang, Y.-C. Yang (Sharp), J. Fu, Y. Zhao, J. Zhang, S. Ma (PKU), Y. Gao, C. Huang (ZTE), T. Dumas, K. Naser, M. Radosavljević, S. Puri (InterDigital), D. Ruiz Coll, J.-K. Lee (Ofinno)]

[JVET-AM0250](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15917) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0233 (EE2-1.5: combination of EE2-1.1 and EE2-1.4) [H. Qin, V. Rufitskiy, A. Filippov (TCL)] [late]

[JVET-AM0299](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15967) EE2-1.11: a combination of EE2-1.2c and EE2-1.6a [J. Fu, J. Zhang, S. Ma (Peking University), Y. Gao, C. Huang (ZTE), T. Dumas, K. Naser, M. Radosavljević, S. Puri (InterDigital), M.Blestel, P. Andrivon, K. Suverov, N. Zouidi, D. Ruiz Coll, J.-K. Lee (Ofinno), Y. Chang, V. Seregin, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm Inc.)] [late]

[JVET-AM0302](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15970) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0299 (EE2-1.11: a combination of EE2-1.2c and EE2-1.6a) [X. Li (Alibaba)] [late]

[JVET-AM0307](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15975) EE2-1.12: a combination of EE2-1.2c, EE2-1.6a and EE2-1.3 [J. Fu, J. Zhang, S. Ma (Peking University), Y. Gao, C. Huang (ZTE), T. Dumas, K. Naser, M. Radosavljević, S. Puri (InterDigital), M.Blestel, P. Andrivon, K. Suverov, N. Zouidi, D. Ruiz Coll, J.-K. Lee (Ofinno), Y. Chang, V. Seregin, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)] [late]

[JVET-AM0308](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15976) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0307 (EE2-1.12: a combination of EE2-1.2c, EE2-1.6a and EE2-1.3) [S. Blasi (Nokia)] [late]

### EE2 related contributions (8)

Contributions in this area were discussed during 1000–1205 on Friday 17 June 2025 (chaired by JRO).

[JVET-AM0055](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15702) EE2-3.6 related: On Context Budget Control for Transform Skip Residual Coding [T. N. Canh, P. Yin, S. McCarthy (Dolby)]

This contribution proposes two methods to control context budget in transform skip residual coding (TSRC) in ECM. The first method is named significant first budget control (SigFirst) which guarantees to always encode significant flag in context mode. The second method, named two tiers (TwoTiers) budget control, defines an additional significant flag budget. Both methods are designed to retain the improvement of EE2-3.6c while without excessive context budget increase. The current implementations are based on EE2-3.6c version 1 in ECM-17.0 which itself already increased the context budget beyond the significant flags. As a result, the proposed SigFirst and TwoTiers utilize a smaller context budget than EE2-3.6c-v1 but a higher context budget than EE2-3.6b.

The BD-rates of sigFirst overs ECM-17.0 at CTC condition are as follows (2 copied rate points of ParkRunning3 in RA from anchor):

AI (Y/ Cb/ Cr): Natural { 0.00%, -0.01%, 0.00%, 97.0%, 98.4%}

F {-0.10%, -0.16%, -0.03%, 98.1%, 100.5%}

TGM {-0.34%, -0.39%, -0.45%, 100.1%, 100.3%}

RA (Y/ Cb/ Cr): Natural { 0.00%, -0.05%, -0.01%, 100.0%, xxx.x%}

F {-0.15%, -0.10%, -0,19%, 98.7%, xxx.x%}

TGM {-0.37%, -0.38%, -0.39%, 96.5%, xxx.x%}

The BD-rates of TwoTiers overs ECM-17.0 at CTC condition are as follows (2 copied rate points of ParkRunning3 in RA from anchor):

AI (Y/ Cb/ Cr): Natural { 0.00%, 0.00%, 0.01%, 97.8%, 98.3%}

F {-0.13%, -0.26%, -0.14%, 99.0%, 99.8%}

TGM {-0.37%, -0.47%, -0.49%, 99.9%, 100.9%}

RA (Y/ Cb/ Cr): Natural {0.00%, -0.01%, -0.02%, 98.7%, xxx.x%}

F {-0.14%, -0.14%, 0,16%, 100.8%, xxx.x%}

TGM {-0.38%, -0.46%, -0.42%, 98.1%, xxx.x%}

Runtime results might not be reliable.

EE2-3.6 which was discontinued – no need for presentation according to proponents.

[JVET-AM0319](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15987) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0055 (EE2-3.6 related: On context budget control for transform skip residual coding) Y. Yu, L. Xu, J. Gan (OPPO) [late]

[JVET-AM0064](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15711) EE2-related: Updated multi-models’ usage strategy for ALF-CCCM [N. Song, L. Xu, Z. Xie, Y. Yu, H. Yu, D. Wang (OPPO)]

In the current EE2-TEST-4.3, when ALF-CCCM is applied to a block, if there is a pixel whose correction exceeds the threshold, this pixel among with other pixels that use the same model with this pixel will not be filtered by CCCM. In this contribution, multi-models usage strategy is further updated. Instead of first calculating a single model and then checking whether to use multi-models, the proposed method directly applies multi-models to a block. On top of EE2-TEST-4.3C, the test results are summarized as follows:

AI: {not applicable}

RA\*: 0.01%(Y), -0.39%(U), -0.45%(V), 99.9%(EncT), 100.3% (DecT))

LDB: 0.03%(Y), -1.44%(U), -1.40%(V), 100.2%(EncT), 100.7% (DecT))Investigate in EE.

[JVET-AM0278](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15945) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0064 (EE2-related: Updated multi-models’ usage strategy for ALF-CCCM) [C. Ma (Kwai)] [late] [miss]

[JVET-AM0104](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15751) EE2-related: On reference sample filtering for TIMD [V. Rufitskiy, A. Filippov, T. Dong (TCL)]

This contribution relates to the EE2-1.7 in which always non-smoothing 8-tap interpolation filter is used to obtain TIMD prediction. In this contribution it is proposed to disable usage of {1, 2, 1}-filtered reference samples when a TIMD intra prediction mode (no matter primary or secondary) is integer slope. It is reported that on top of ECM-17.0, the overall coding performance for {Y, U, V, EncT, DecT} is: {-0.03%, -0.04%, -0.06%, 99.8%, 99.8%} for AI configuration.

Benefit on top of EE2-1.7a is 0.01%. Some more simplification by removing the 3-tap filter.

According to cross-checker, 1 line of code change on top of 1.7a. Cross-checker would support immediate adoption, as it is very simple. Cross-check matching so far, but not complete for classes A.

Contributors were requested to provide a software attachment and detailed Excel sheet. Revisit.

[JVET-AM0309](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15977) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0104 (EE2-related: On reference sample filtering for TIMD) [G. Kulupana, S. Blasi (Nokia)] [late]

[JVET-AM0105](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15752) EE2-related: Candidate replacement in MPM list [H. Tian, Y. Gao, S. Li, J. Lei (Shandong Univ.), B. Li, F. Xing, P. Han (Hisense)] [late]

In EE2, the MPM list is constructed based on the best RD mode of neighbors. In MPM list, it already has an advantage of bitrate saving. Thus the candidates in MPM list should be the mode of neighbors with the lowest distortion. In this proposal, a candidate replacement in MPM list is presented based on the mode of neighbors with the lowest distortion.

On top of ECM-13.0, results of the proposed method are:

AI: %, %, %, EncT: % , DecT: %.

Table 1. experimental results

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **All Intra Main 10** | | | | | | |
|  | **Over ECM-13.0** | | | | | | |
|  | Y | U | V | EncT | DecT | EncVmPeak | DecVmPeak |
| Class A1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Class A2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Class B | -0.02% | -0.06% | 0.00% | 111% |  |  |  |
| Class C | -0.01% | 0.02% | 0.03% | 107% |  |  |  |
| Class E | -0.09% | -0.14% | 0.03% | 124% |  |  |  |
| **Overall** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Class D | -0.01% | -0.20% | -0.12% | 113% |  |  |  |
| Class F | 0.01% | 0.10% | 0.05% | 123% |  |  |  |

According to current results, the tradeoff of compression vs. encoder runtime is not acceptable. This happens likely due to increased number of mode checks. Further study to demonstrate if compression benefit with better tradeoff can be achieved.

It is also noted that the results are compared to an outdated version of ECM.

[JVET-AM0127](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15774) EE2-3.6 related: Advanced Budget Control for TSRC [R. Xu, W. Zhang, F. Yang (Xidian Univ.), B. Li, F. Xing, P. Han, Z. Wang, W. Song (Hisense)]

In TSRC, allocating the context budget with higher priority to syntax elements that have high coding efficiency can yield performance gains, as demonstrated in EE2-3.6b [1][2]. Following this principle, this contribution proposes to increase the priority of coeff\_sign\_flag, which also possesses a relatively high coding efficiency.

On top of ECM-17.0, simulation results of the proposed method + EE2-3.6b are reported as below:

The proposed method + EE2-3.6b over ECM-17.0 :

All-Intra:

Class F: {-0.12%, -0.01%, -0.10%, xx.x%, xx.x%}

Class TGM: {-0.23%, -0.29%, -0.28%, xx.x%, xx.x%}

The proposed method + EE2-3.6b over EE2-3.6b :

All-Intra:

Class F: {-0.01%, 0.03%, 0.19%, xx.x%, xx.x%}

Class TGM: {-0.04%, -0.03%, -0.02%, xx.x%, xx.x%}

Further study to demonstrate that the loss that EE2-3.6b has in the low QP range can be avoided by this method (not in EE).

[JVET-AM0139](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15786) EE2-related: On Chained Motion Vector Prediction [X. Zeng, M. Jia, Z. Li, C. Huang (ZTE)]

This contribution proposes changes to the chained MV candidate derivation process in merge mode. In addition to the five positions in the current block, other positions derived from spatial neighbor blocks and their MVs are used for motion trace.

Compared to ECM-17.0, performance under the Common Test Conditions is reported to be:

RA : -0.00%, -0.00%, 0.04% for Y, U, V respectively, EncT 100.3% DecT 98.6%

LDB : -0.04%, 0.20%, 0.13%, for Y, U, V respectively, EncT 100.3% DecT 98.2%

Compared to EE2-Test2.1b, performance under the Common Test Conditions is reported to be:

RA : -0.xx%, -0.xx%, -0.xx% for Y, U, V respectively, EncT xx% DecT xx%

LDB : -0.03%, -0.08%, 0.32%, for Y, U, V respectively, EncT xx% DecT xx%

Maximum number of merge candidates unchanged, but more effort to construct the list.

Results incomplete, and benefit over EE2-2.1b from the available results is only for class E in LB. Revisit if more complete results are available (inclusion in EE only possible if more consistent gain is demonstrated over various classes on top of the adopted method from EE2-2.1b).

[JVET-AM0284](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15951) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0139 (EE2-related: On Chained Motion Vector Prediction) [Z. Xie (OPPO)] [late] [miss]

[JVET-AM0176](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15823) EE2-related: ECM NNLF evaluation using AhG11 trained models [T. Poirier, F. Galpin (InterDigital)]

This contribution reports the performance of the models trained and cross checked in AhG11 using NNVC software using the interface similar to the one used in NNVC software. The results on top of ECM 17.0 are as follow:

VLOP3:

* AI configuration {-0.79%,-1.81%, -1.72%} bdrate gains for Y,U,V with {100.1%, 223.0%} Encoding and decoding time
* RA configuration {-1.16%, -1.51%, -1.25%} bdrate gains for Y,U,V with {101.1%,205.1%} Encoding and decoding time

VLOP3 with TDO:

* RA configuration {-0.94%, -1.40%, -1.16%} bdrate gains for Y,U,V with {101.1%,150.9%} Encoding and decoding time

VLOP3 with TDO alternative lambdas:

* RA configuration {-X.XX%, -X.XX%, -X.XX%} bdrate gains for Y,U,V with {XXX.X%, XXX.X%} Encoding and decoding time

LOP5:

* AI configuration {-1.86%, -5.81%, -5.85%} bdrate gains for Y,U,V with {100.3%, 404.2%} Encoding and decoding time
* RA configuration {-2.54%, -5.13%, -4.70%} bdrate gains for Y,U,V with {101.2%, 337.6%} Encoding and decoding time

LOP5 with TDO:

* RA configuration {-2.35%, -5.05%, -4.70%} bdrate gains for Y,U,V with {101.2%, 241.5%} Encoding and decoding time

HOP5:

* AI configuration {-4.88%, -0.65%, -1.94%} bdrate gains for Y,U,V with {115.7%, 13928.2%} Encoding and decoding time
* RA configuration {-7.01%, -1.49%, -2.65%} bdrate gains for Y,U,V with {114.0%, 9890.9%} Encoding and decoding time

Contribution for information, no specific action required. The results indicate that for LOP without using TDO, the coding gain could be increased compared to EE2-4.5, but also the decoder runtime increase further. It is noted that the method used in TDO/alternative are different from those in 4.4/4.5.

It is noted that with some TDO settings, LOP may have a better tradeoff compression vs. decoder run time than VLOP.

It is commented that from the perspective of decoder manufacturers, TDO would not have impact on worst case decoder runtime and implementation cost.

[JVET-AM0217](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15864) EE2-related: Simplification of TMVP Refinement [T. M. Bae, S. Deshpande (Sharp)]

This contribution proposes a simplification of motion vector (MV) refinement for TMVP in AMVP mode. In AMVP mode, TMVP is first refined using the collocated block as a template [1], and then refined again using the templates of the current and reference blocks if the TMVP is selected as MVP. The proposed method disables the second refinement stage to avoid redundant refinement. The test results are summarized as follows:

LDB: -0.01% (Y), -0.02% (U), 0.38% (V), 97.2% (EncT), 98.5% (DecT)

RA:

It is asserted that the encoder, decoder complexity can be reduced at the same time achieving some gain using the proposed approach.

From the preliminary results, the benefit in RA is less obvious: No decrease in encoding/decoding time, losses in classes D and F.

It would not be useful to use a different approach for LB and RA, and it is questionable whether the benefit for LB is significant enough to take action. No other experts expressed interest for investigation in EE.

### ECM modifications and software improvements beyond EE2 (31)

#### Intra and CIIP (11)

Contributions in this area were discussed during 1205–1235 on Friday 27 June 2025 and during XXXX–XXXX on Sunday 29 June 2025 (chaired by JRO).

[JVET-AM0067](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15714) Non-EE2: Enhanced CCP merge mode with BVG-CCCM model [H. Zhang, Y. Yu, H. Yu, D. Wang (OPPO)]

This contribution proposes to store the current CU’s coded BVG-CCCM parameters for the following coding of subsequent chroma intra and inter blocks. If the current block is coded by the BVG-CCCM mode, the CCP model type and parameters will be stored and inherited for the following coding of subsequent chroma intra and inter blocks. On top of ECM-17.0, the average results are presented as follows (Y, U, V, Enc time, Dec time):

RA: -0.01%, 0.04%, 0.06%; EncT 99.7% DecT 100.2%

LB: -0.07%, 0.07%, 0.51%; EncT 99.9% DecT 100.0%

Minor benefit for RA.

Luma gain and chroma loss in LB mainly from class E, inhomogeneous for remaining classes. Overall benefit not clear.

[JVET-AM0313](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15981) Cross-check of JVET-AM0067 (Non-EE2: Enhanced CCP merge mode with BVG-CCCM model) [R. G. Youvalari (Xiaomi)] [late]

[JVET-AM0076](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15723) Non-EE2: Enhanced DD-CCP and CCP-Merge Fusion [P. Bordes, T. Dumas, F. Galpin, Y. Chen (InterDigital)]

This contribution presents a DD-CCP and CCP-Merge fusion method based on RGPM. The experimental results over ECM-17.0 are summarized as follows:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | BD-rate Y | BD-rate U | BD-rate V | EncT | DecT | VmPeakE | VmPeakD |
| All intra | -0,03% | 0,06% | 0,17% | 99,6% | 100,2% | 100,4% | 100,0% |
| Random access | -0,01% | 0,00% | 0,05% | 100,1% | 99,9% | 100,0% | 99,8% |

Small gain in AI, no impact on runtime. One expert expressed interest to investigate in EE.

[JVET-AM0140](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15787) Non-EE2: Modifications of the unwrapping and interpolation filtering processes for angular modes [V. Rufitskiy, A. Filippov, T. Dong (TCL)]

TBP

[JVET-AM0141](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15788) Non-EE2: Adaptive Planar Weight for DIMD [J.-H. Lee, K. Choi (KHU), C. W. Ryu (Kaon Group)]

This contribution proposes an improvement to the blending process in Decoder-side Intra Mode Derivation (DIMD). In the original DIMD method, a fixed weight is always assigned to the Planar mode during blending, limiting its ability to adapt to the characteristics of each prediction block. To address this limitation, an adaptive planar weighting strategy is proposed, which dynamically adjusts the contribution of the Planar mode based on the directional characteristics of the prediction block. Specifically, the proposed method analyzes whether the top-1, top-2, and top-3 modes involved in blending fall within the same directional range. Based on the number of directionally consistent modes, the weight of the Planar mode is adjusted accordingly. On top of ECM-15.0, the reported PSNR-Y, Cb, and Cr BD-rate results are -0.00%, -0.02%, and -0.01%, respectively, in the AI configuration.

Very small gain for AI, and only on top of an outdated ECM version. Further study if still relevant gain is possible on top of newest ECM.

[JVET-AM0145](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15792) AHG12: TMRL blend [S. Blasi, G. Kulupana, D. Bugdayci Sansli, J. Lainema (Nokia)]

In this contribution, a new mode is proposed based on blending TMRL predictors. A template search is performed to determine pairs of intra mode and MRL index. Corresponding predictors are then blended together to compute a prediction for the current block. Blending weights are computed based on the template costs.

The impact on coding efficiency and runtimes of the proposed method over ECM-17.0 are reportedly {for Y, U, V, EncT, DecT, EncVmPeak, DecVmPeak}:

AI {-0.06%, -0.01%, -0.01%, 101.7%, 100.3%, 99.6%, 100.1%}

Encoding time increases by additional RD check.

It was asked how much gain is due to the non-directional mode.

No replacement of TMRL, rather an addition on top.

Interest was expressed to investigate in EE. Options should be investigated to reduce encoding time, and also investigate the aspect of non-directional mode.

[JVET-AM0149](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15796) Non-EE2: On filtering for angular modes [T. Dong, V. Rufitskiy, A. Filippov (TCL)]

[JVET-AM0150](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15797) Non-EE2: Extension of reconstructed area types for EIP [W. Niu, S. Xie, M. Jia, Y. Bai, C. Huang (ZTE)]

[JVET-AM0274](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15941) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0150 (Non-EE2: Extension of reconstructed area types for EIP) [C. Zhou (vivo)] [late]

[JVET-AM0167](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15814) Non-EE2: On long-tap interpolation filtering for angular modes [T. Dong, V. Rufitskiy, A. Filippov (TCL)]

[JVET-AM0169](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15816) Non-EE2: Reducing Candidate Modes in DDCCP [S. Wan, Y. Yin, Z. Zhu (NWPU), S. Xie, X. Zeng, C. Huang (ZTE)]

[JVET-AM0316](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15984) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0169 (Non-EE2: Reducing Candidate Modes in DDCCP) [C. Zhou (vivo)] [late]

[JVET-AM0196](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15843) Non-EE2: Adaptive subsampling filter selection for CCLM/CCCM [Y. Kidani, H. Kato, K. Kawamura (KDDI)]

[JVET-AM0312](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15980) Cross-check of JVET-AM0196 (Non-EE2: Adaptive subsampling filter selection for CCLM/CCCM) [D. Bugdayci Sansli (Nokia)] [late]

[JVET-AM0301](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15969) AHG12: IntraTMP with DMVR [K. Naser, F. Le Léannec, P. Bordes, P. Le Guyadec (InterDigital)] [late]

#### Inter (5)

Contributions in this area were discussed during XXXX–XXXX on XXday XX June 2025 (chaired by XXX).

[JVET-AM0072](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15719) Non-EE2: Diversity reordering for ARMC pairwise candidates [C. Wang, Y. Yu, L. Zhang, Z. Xie, H. Yu, D. Wang (OPPO)]

[JVET-AM0281](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15948) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0072 (Non-EE2: Diversity reordering for ARMC pairwise candidates) [N. Zhang (Bytedance)] [late] [miss]

[JVET-AM0107](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15754) AHG12: Generated Merge Candidates [D. Bugdayci Sansli, J. Lainema (Nokia)]

[JVET-AM0132](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15779) AHG12: Amvp temporal candidates derived from temporal collocated picture [Z. Li, X. Zeng, M. Jia, C. Huang (ZTE)]

[JVET-AM0259](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15926) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0132 (AHG12: Amvp temporal candidates derived from temporal collocated picture) [K. Jia (Alibaba)] [late]

[JVET-AM0148](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15795) Non-EE2: Multi-template selection for inter CCP merge mode with zero luma CBF [J. Huo, J. Liu, Y. Ma, F. Yang (Xidian Univ.)]

[JVET-AM0254](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15921) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0148 (Non-EE2: Multi-template selection for inter CCP merge mode with zero luma CBF) [X. Li (Alibaba)] [late]

[JVET-AM0247](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15894) Non-EE2: Extension of AMVP MVP Index Range [T. M. Bae, S. Deshpande (Sharp)] [late]

#### GPM (3)

Contributions in this area were discussed during XXXX–XXXX on XXday XX June 2025 (chaired by XXX).

[JVET-AM0065](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15712) Non-EE2: Joint reordering of GPM with intra prediction [Z. Sun, Y. Yu, L. Zhang, H. Yu, D. Wang (OPPO)]

[JVET-AM0303](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15971) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0065 (Non-EE2: Joint reordering of GPM with intra prediction) [X. Li (Alibaba)] [late]

[JVET-AM0066](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15713) Non-EE2: Joint reordering of GPM with affine prediction [L. Zhang, Y. Yu, Z. Sun, H. Yu, D. Wang (OPPO)]

[JVET-AM0277](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15944) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0066 (Non-EE2: Joint reordering of GPM with affine prediction) [C. Ma (Kwai)] [late] [miss]

[JVET-AM0129](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15776) Non-EE2: binarization improvement of GPM [X. Wang, J. Chen, Ce Zhu, L. Luo, H. Guo (UESTC), Y. Huo, Y. Liu (Transsion)]

#### In-Loop Filters (7)

Contributions in this area were discussed during XXXX–XXXX on XXday XX June 2025 (chaired by XXX).

[JVET-AM0070](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15717) Non-EE2: On regularization of ALF-CCCM [Z. Xie, N. Song, Y. Yu, H. Yu, D. Wang (OPPO)]

[JVET-AM0270](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15937) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0070 (Non-EE2: On regularization of ALF-CCCM) [H. Qin, A. Filippov, J. Konieczny (TCL)] [late] [miss]

[JVET-AM0071](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15718) AHG12: Extensions on ALF-CCCM [L. Xu, N. Song, Y. Yu, H. Yu, D. Wang (OPPO)]

[JVET-AM0297](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15965) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0071 (AHG12: Extensions on ALF-CCCM) [W. Yin (Bytedance)] [late] [miss]

[JVET-AM0110](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15757) AHG12: Weighted averaging for bi-directional samples of TALF [K. Takada, S. Deshpande (Sharp)]

[JVET-AM0159](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15806) Non-EE2: On ALF coefficient coding [I. Jumakulyyev, D. Bugdayci Sansli, J. Lainema (Nokia)]

[JVET-AM0264](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15931) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0159 (Non-EE2: On ALF coefficient coding) [V. Shchukin (Ericsson)] [late] [miss]

[JVET-AM0171](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15818) AHG12: On ALF-CCCM Model [F. Wang, N. Song, Z. Xie, Y. Yu, H. Yu, D. Wang (OPPO)]

[JVET-AM0279](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15946) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0171 (AHG12: On ALF-CCCM Model) [C. Ma (Kwai)] [late] [miss]

[JVET-AM0183](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15830) Non-EE2: Look-up table based loop filtering for ECM [Y. Du, J. Chen, A. Li, J. Liu, C. Zhu, L. Luo, H. Guo (UESTC), Y. Huo, Y. Liu (Transsion)]

[JVET-AM0285](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15952) AHG12: Reuse of TALF control information [Y. Bai, M. Jia, W. Niu, S. Xie, C. Huang (ZTE)] [late]

#### Entropy coding, transforms, quantization, and transform coefficient coding (4)

Contributions in this area were discussed during XXXX–XXXX on XXday XX June 2025 (chaired by XXX).

[JVET-AM0068](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15715) AHG12: On Shifting Quantization Center [Y. Yu, H. Yu, J. Gan, L. Xu, H. Huang, F. Wang, Z. Xie, D. Wang (OPPO)]

[JVET-AM0263](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15930) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0068 (AHG12: On Shifting Quantization Center) [P. Nikitin (Qualcomm)] [late] [miss]

[JVET-AM0265](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15932) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0068 (AHG12: On Shifting Quantization Center) [[M. Balcilar](mailto:muhammet.balcilar@interdigital.com), [F. Le Léannec (InterDigital)](mailto:fabrice.Leleannec@interdigital.com)] [late] [miss]

[JVET-AM0069](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15716) Non-EE2: On Sign Prediction [Y. Zhang, L. Xu, Y. Yu, J. Gan, H. Yu, D. Wang (OPPO)]

[JVET-AM0260](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15927) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0069 (Non-EE2: On Sign Prediction) [K. Jia (Alibaba)] [late]

[JVET-AM0111](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15758) AHG12: On Residual Sign Prediction [C. Hollmann, A. Filippov (TCL)]

[JVET-AM0317](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15985) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0111 (AHG12: On Residual Sign Prediction) [Y. Zhang (OPPO)] [late] [miss]

[JVET-AM0311](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15979) AHG12: On Shifting Quantization Center for simple quantization (DQ and RDOQ disabled) (JVET-AM0068 related) [M. Le Pendu, M. Balcilar, F. Le Léannec, K. Naser (InterDigital)] [late]

#### Other (1)

Contributions in this area were discussed during XXXX–XXXX on XXday XX June 2025 (chaired by XXX).

[JVET-AM0130](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15777) Non-EE2: On partitioning optimization [G. Wang, C. Zhou, Z. Lv (vivo)]

[JVET-AM0296](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15964) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0130 (Non-EE2: On partitioning optimization) [Z. Deng (Bytedance)] [late] [miss]

### CTC for EE2/ECM and general ECM improvements (3)

Section kept for future use.

See also the discussion under section 4.4.

[JVET-AM0158](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15805) [AHG3][AHG6] ECM software code quantity progress [T. Ikai (Sharp)]

See also in 4.3

[JVET-AM0216](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15863) AHG12: Fixes for 12-bit internal bit depth in ECM [R. Yu, V. Seregin, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)]

[JVET-AM0273](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15940) Crosscheck of JVET-AM0216 (AHG12: Fixes for 12-bit internal bit depth in ECM) [Y. Wang (Bytedance)] [late] [miss]

[JVET-AM0220](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15867) AHG12: Fix on cabac\_init\_flag and Temporal Cabac Inheritance [B. Wang, R. Chernyak, Z. Xiang, S. Liu (Tencent)]

[JVET-AM0322](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15990) Cross-check of JVET-AM0220 (AHG12: Fix on cabac\_init\_flag and Temporal Cabac Inheritance) [E. Ye (Qualcomm)] [late] [miss]

# High-level syntax (HLS) and related proposals (70)

## AHG9: Aspects of SEI messages in VSEI, VVC, HEVC and AVC (0)

Contributions in this area were discussed during 1500–1600 on Thursday 26 June 2025 and 1230–1300 on Friday 27 June 2025 (chaired by J. Boyce).

[JVET-AM0189](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15836) AHG9: On semantics of persistence flag of SEI messages in VSEI v4 and v3 [J. Lee, H. Tan, C. Kim, J. Nam, J. Lim, S. Kim (LGE)]

*JVET-AM0189 also relates to the study of JVET-AL2006 VSEI*

This contribution proposes a modification of the semantics of a persistence flag in several SEI messages in VSEI v4 and VSEI v3 draft. The proposed modification applies to the following SEI messages:

(In VSEI v4)

1 Source picture timing information SEI message

2 Modality information SEI message

3 Text description information SEI message

4 AI usage restrictions SEI message

(In VSEI v3)

5 Image format metadata SEI message

6 Frame packing arrangement SEI message

7 Content colour volume SEI message

8 Equirectangular projection SEI message

9 Generalized cubemap projection SEI message

10 Sphere rotation SEI message

11 Region-wise packing SEI message

12 Omnidirectional viewport SEI message

13 Sample aspect ratio information SEI message

14 Display orientation SEI message

15 Colour transform information SEI message

A question is raised about making the proposed changes also in HEVC.

**Decision: Adopt** to VSEI and HEVC.

[JVET-AM0048](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15695) AHG9/AHG2: Miscellaneous changes for HEVC [Y.-K. Wang, J. Xu (Bytedance)]

This contribution proposes the following changes for HEVC:

1. Changed the value range of pri\_region\_layer\_id[ i ] in bitstreams conforming to "this version of this Specification" from 0..55 to 0..62, as the value range 0..55 is good for VVC but not good for HEVC as in HEVC the corresponding value range of nuh\_layer\_id is 0..62.an asserted bug fix, in subclause G.11.1.3 (Multiview format range extensions profiles) in JVET-AL1006-v1, change the following (thanks to Alexis M. Tourapis for spotting the error):

* Otherwise (OpTid of the output operation point is less than vps\_max\_sub\_layer\_minus1), the conformance is indicated by sub\_layer\_profile\_idc[ OpTid ] being equal to 10 or sub\_layer\_profile\_**‌**compatibility\_flag[ OpTid ][ 10 ] being equal to 1, with the additional indications specified in Table H.4 for the flags associated with the index OpTid.

to the following (change the two instances of "10" to "14"):

* Otherwise (OpTid of the output operation point is less than vps\_max\_sub\_layer\_minus1), the conformance is indicated by sub\_layer\_profile\_idc[ OpTid ] being equal to 14 or sub\_layer\_profile\_**‌**compatibility\_flag[ OpTid ][ 14 ] being equal to 1, with the additional indications specified in Table H.4 for the flags associated with the index OpTid.

The detailed proposed text changes, marked relative to JVET-AL1006-v1, are included in an attachment to this contribution.

Decision: Adopt item 1 and item 2.

[JVET-AM0174](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15821) AHG9: On general SEI payload constraints [Y. Sanchez, R. Skupin, T. M. Borges, K. Sühring, C. Hellge, T. Schierl (Fraunhofer HHI)]

Presented 1230 Friday 27 June 2025.

This contribution proposes to update the excluded payloadTypes from the constraint in section D.2.2 in VVC v4, which disallows multiple SEI messages with the same payloadType within an AU.

It was suggested that the text description SEI message should also be added to the list. In general, it seems like any SEI messages with an ID should be added to the list.

Decision: Adopt with addition of text description SEI (219).

## AHG9: Aspects related to VSEI version 4 (24)

General discussion during 1600–1615 on Thursday 26 June 2025 (chaired by J. Boyce).

VSEI v4 is intended for FDIS in October. There is a preference for design stability. Bug fixes and editorial improvements are OK. We intend to be cautious about adoptions that change the design. Small items with clear benefits may be considered.

### Editorial updates (0)

Contributions in this area were discussed during 1530–1600 on Thursday 26 June 2025 (chaired by J. Boyce). Further discussion 1930 – 1945 on Friday 27 June 2025.

[JVET-AM0047](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15694) AHG9: Miscellaneous changes for VSEI [Y.-K. Wang, J. Xu (Bytedance)]

*JVET-AM0047 also relates to modality information, digital signed content, and NNPFC SEI messages*

This contribution proposes the following changes for VSEI:

1. Since SEI messages in the VSEI spec already have an extension mechanism to add extension data to the end of any SEI message syntax, for the modality information SEI message the extension mechanism through the syntax elements mi\_modality\_type\_extension\_bits and mi\_reserved\_modality\_type\_extension is asserted to be redundant and is thus proposed to be removed.
2. When dsci\_vss\_implicit\_association\_mode\_flag is equal to 1, dscs\_verification\_substream\_id is inferred to be equal to MaxNumSubLrs \* LayerId + SubLrId. However, currently dscs\_verification\_substream\_id is coded as u(8), while it is asserted that a reasonably inferred value of dscs\_verification\_substream\_id can easily be greater than 255. Therefore, it is proposed to
   1. Change the value range of dsci\_num\_verification\_substreams\_minus1 from 0..255 to 0..65 535.
   2. Change the coding of dscs\_verification\_substream\_id and dscv\_verification\_substream\_id from u(8) to u(16).
   3. Add the following constraint: The value of dscv\_verification\_substream\_id shall be in the range of 0 to dsci\_num\_verification\_substreams\_minus1, inclusive. Note that such a constraint already exists for dscs\_verification\_substream\_id.
3. Since the semantics of the value 2 for nnpfc\_scan\_type\_idc is specified, as an asserted bug fix, change "The value of nnpfc\_scan\_type\_idc shall not be equal to 2." to be "The value of nnpfc\_scan\_type\_idc shall not be equal to 3."
4. Some asserted minor, purely editorial changes.

The detailed proposed text changes, marked relative to JVET-AL2006-v4, are included in an attachment to this contribution.

For aspect 1, it is noted that the modality information SEI message is new for VSEI v4.

Decision: Adopt item 1, item 3. Refer item 4 to editors.

Further discussion requested on item 2.

Further discussed 27 June 2025.

Side activity included discussion on items 2a and 2b. It was noted that JVET-AM0210 item 5 is related.

Decision: Adopt item 2c, constraint on value of dscv\_verification\_substream\_id

[JVET-AM0052](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15699) AHG9: Editorial changes for VSEI [Y. He, S. Zhao, L. Kerofsky, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)]

This contribution proposes the following changes for VSEI.

1. Define Log2() function
2. Specify semantics of po\_num\_bits\_in\_prefix\_indication\_minus1[ i ] and po\_sei\_prefix\_data\_bit[ i ][ j ] without referencing SEI prefix indication SEI message

Decision (Ed): Adopt item 1.

Further discussion requested on Item 2.

See notes for JVET-AM0292.

[JVET-AM0292](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15960) AHG9/AHG2: On the semantics of po\_num\_bits\_in\_prefix\_indication\_minus1[ i ] and po\_sei\_prefix\_data\_bit[ i ][ j ] [Y.-K. Wang (Bytedance), Y. He (Qualcomm)] [late]

JVET-AM0052 item 2 proposes to specify the semantics of po\_num\_bits\_in\_prefix\_indication\_minus1[ i ] and po\_sei\_prefix\_data\_bit[ i ][ j ] without referencing the SEI prefix indication SEI message. It is asserted that the direction suggested by JVET-AM0052 item 2 is good (since the SPO SEI message has been moved from the VVC text to the VSEI text) while the concrete suggested changes are not (due to the wording difference between "the prefix indication for the i-th SEI message type" vs "i-th SEI prefix indication"). This contribution proposes to change the semantics of the two syntax elements as follows:

**~~po\_num\_bits\_in\_prefix\_indication\_minus1~~**~~[ i ] and~~ **~~po\_sei\_prefix\_data\_bit~~**~~[ i ][ j ], when present, have the same semantics as the num\_bits\_in\_prefix\_indication\_minus1[ i ] and sei\_prefix\_data\_bit[ i ][ j ] syntax elements of the SEI prefix indication SEI message, with prefix\_sei\_payload\_type replaced by po\_sei\_payload\_type[ i ].~~

**po\_num\_bits\_in\_prefix\_indication\_minus1**[ i ] plus 1 specifies the number of bits in the prefix indication for the i-th type of SEI message.

**po\_sei\_prefix\_data\_bit**[ i ][ j ] specifies the j-th bit of the the prefix indication for the i-th type of SEI message.

Decision (bug fix): Adopt.

[JVET-AM0191](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15838) AHG9: Editorial updates for VSEI v4 [J. Lee, H. Tan, C. Kim, J. Nam, J. Lim, S. Kim (LGE)]

This contribution proposes several editorial modifications for VSEI v4 draft. The proposed modifications are as follows:

(Related to MI SEI messages)

1 Clarify the semantics related to MinWavelength and MaxWavelength.

(Related to PRI SEI messages)

2 Clarify the semantics of pri\_cancel\_flag.

3 Clarify the semantics of pri\_resampling\_width\_num\_minus1[ i ] and pri\_resampling\_width\_denom\_minus1[ i ].

(Related to DSCV SEI messages)

4 Move some constraints in the semantics of DSCV SEI message from VSEI v4 to AVC interface document.

Agreed on item 1, item 2, item 3.

For item 4, it was considered that it was better to keep the constraints in VSEI.

### SEI processing order and processing order nesting SEI messages (0)

Contributions in this area were discussed during 1600–1955 on Thursday 26 June 2025 (chaired by J. Boyce).

[JVET-AM0080](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15727) AHG9: On the PON SEI message [Y. He, L. Kerofsky, S. Zhao, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)]

This contribution proposes the following changes to the PON SEI message.

* Propose a constraint requiring that all PON-nested SEI messages indicated by a SPO SEI message be encapsulated within the same PON SEI message to simplify the parsing process
* Propose two options to ensure the uniqueness of the PON-nested SEI message type
  + Option 1: constrain the pon\_processing\_order value of a PON-nested SEI message type
  + Option 2: redefine and constrain the PON-nested SEI message type

It was remarked that in the current design, it is the encoder’s choice to include within a single SEI message or separate into multiple SEI messages. The encoder may prefer to separate them to avoid having a PON SEI message being too large.

The proponent remarked that the proposal is intended for TuC rather than VSEI v4. It was noted that it is not usual practice to impose additional constraints in an extension of an existing SEI message.

It was suggested that there may be use cases where the lack of a constraint may be useful.

[JVET-AM0081](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15728) AHG9: On the PON dependency constraint [Y. He, L. Kerofsky, S. Zhao, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)]

This contribution proposes the following constraint changes to the PON SEI message.

* Propose additional dependency constraints on the generalized cubemap projection, object mask information, modality information and AI usage restriction SEI messages.

Propose modifications on the existing dependency constraints.was remarked that the GCMP constraint is in the VVC interface text, because they do not apply to HEVC and AVC.The other 3 SEI messages are all new to VSEI v4.

Decision: Add the proposed constraints for object mask info, modality info, and AU usage restriction SEI messages.

It is proposed to modify the wording of constraints for consistency.

It was remarked that cancel flags have different characteristics for different SEI messages, especially for those using IDs.

Decision: Add the suggested wording for display orientation SEI.

[JVET-AM0082](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15729) AHG9: On the PON nested FGC SEI message [Y. He, L. Kerofsky, S. Zhao, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)]

1. This contribution proposes the following 2 changes on PON-nested FGC SEI message to support both traditional and picture resolution adaptive film grain processing in a bitstream.Restrict the dependency constraint between the PON-nested FGC SEI message and non-PON-nested FGC SEI message to within a single processing chain.
2. Generalize the proposed restriction to apply to other PON SEI messages.
3. Constrain the processing order of FGC SEI messages to be the same within a SPO SEI message.

For item 1, it was remarked that “an associated SEI message” is not clear. Some clarification may be beneficial. Revisit about associated language.

It was suggested that a PON-nested thing shouldn’t affect a non-PON-nested thing.

For item 3, it was suggested to not be needed, as the wrapping flag can be used. It is encoder’s choice.

[JVET-AM0121](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15768) AHG9: On the SEI processing order SEI message [M. M. Hannuksela, J. Boyce, F. Cricri (Nokia)]

Discussed during 1700–1855 on 26 June 2025 (chaired by S. Deshpande).

This contribution proposes the following items that are related to the SEI processing order (SPO) SEI message:

1. It is proposed to enable the packed regions information (PRI) SEI message in a processing chain defined by an SPO SEI message with the following changes:
   1. It is proposed to include the SEI message payload type of the PRI SEI message in SeiProcessingOrderSeiList and SpoProcessSeiList in HEVC and VVC.

Decision: Agreed

* 1. When a PRI SEI message is associated with a processing chain defined by an SPO SEI message, it is proposed that pri\_target\_pic\_params\_present\_flag shall be equal to 1. In other words, when a PRI SEI message is included in a processing chain, it is proposed that the PRI SEI message can only be used as a process.

Specification text option A includes the constraint in the semantics of the SPO SEI message, whereas specification text option B includes the constraint in the semantics of the PRI SEI message.

It was asserted by the proponents that the text changes would be less if it is required that pri\_target\_pic\_params\_present\_flag shall be equal to 1.

A use case where the pri\_target\_pic\_params\_present\_flag may be 0 in case of a stand-alone PRI SEI was described (ROI processing).

Decision: Agreed on Option A.

1. It is proposed to allow processing chains of a single entry by replacing po\_num\_sei\_messages\_minus2 with po\_num\_sei\_messages\_minus1.

The motivation is to enable the use of the processing order nesting (PON) SEI message for carrying SEI messages that are alternatives to each other and/or extend the SEI message payload relative to an earlier VSEI version. For example, with this change, film grain characteristics (FGC) SEI messages of different target resolutions can be included into different processing chains.

It was commented that the motivation for the current minus2 coding is that previous thinking was that SPOs with 2 or more SEIs only are meaningful, but the new use case modifies that previous understanding.

1. Decision: Agreed asserted clarifications relating to associating SEI messages with SEI message types are proposed:
   1. Conditions that specify when an SEI message is associated with the i-th SEI message type of an SPO SEI message are proposed.

It was asked if the list of changes to define this condition, as proposed are really necessary.

Revisit after offline discussion.

* 1. As an editorial change, it is proposed to use the phrase "an SEI message associated with the i-th SEI message type" consistently.

Decision: Agreed on item b (editorial).

1. It is proposed to disallow bitstreams with more than one SEI message associated with the same SEI message type for the same picture.

It was commented that there was a discussion of this at the previous meeting. It was commented that the proposed green highlighted text may be unnecessarily too restrictive. It was clarified by the proponent that the green highlight text change should be considered together with the yellow highlight association text.

1. Revisit after offline discussion together with item 3a above. changes related to the concept of the types of SEI messages are proposed:
   1. The concept of the "types of SEI messages" is proposed to be described to refer to entries of the SPO SEI message rather than SEI messages.
   2. It is proposed that types of SEI messages are different when processing order nesting is used for both and their processing order values differ. Specification text option A uses plain English, and option B refers to syntax elements.
   3. It is proposed that types of SEI messages are different when processing order nesting is used for one but not the other one. Specification text option A uses plain English, and option B refers to syntax elements.

Revisit

1. It is proposed not to include byte alignment after the last SEI prefix.

It was commented that this breaks the aspect of carrying strings of “bytes” - only for the last prefix, and then it should also be considered to completely remove the byte alignment in the for loop.SEI prefix indication SEI message has similar alignment as in current VSEI v4 draft. Thus there was a preference to leave the current design as it is.

No action.

1. The following constraints related to po\_complexity\_info\_present\_flag are proposed:
   1. It is proposed that when no NNPFs are present in a processing chain, po\_complexity\_info\_present\_flag shall be equal to 0 in bitstreams conforming to this version of VSEI. Consequently, complexity could be indicated for any future neural-network-related SEI messages included in a processing chain.
   2. It is proposed that when no NNPFs are present in a processing chain and po\_complexity\_info\_present\_flag is equal to 1, decoders of this version of VSEI allow and ignore the complexity syntax elements.

Decision: Agreed to add the following constraint: When po\_sei\_payload\_type[ i ] is not equal to the payload type value of the NNPFA SEI message for any value of i in the range of 0 to po\_num\_sei\_messages\_minus2 + 1, inclusive, po\_complexity\_info\_present\_flag shall be equal to 0.

1. As an asserted clarification, it is proposed that po\_num\_parameters\_idc, po\_num\_kmac\_operations\_idc, and po\_total\_kilobyte\_size indicate the cumulative values of all the NNPFs that are included in the processing chain and activated by NNPFA SEI messages for any picture.

It was discussed whether it is intended/ better to indicate the property of the network or the bitstream.

Different people had different preferences regarding whether i) or ii) below should be the design intent.

1. the cumulative values of all the NNPFs that are included in the processing chain, or
2. the cumulative values of all the NNPFs that are included in the processing chain and activated by NNPFA SEI messages for any picture.
3. Revisit editorial proposals are proposed:
   1. It is proposed to rename po\_num\_sei\_messages\_minus1 or po\_num\_sei\_messages\_minus2 (depending on the outcome of item 2) to po\_num\_sei\_msg\_types\_minus1 or po\_num\_sei\_msg\_types\_minus2, since it counts SEI message types rather than SEI messages.
   2. Both "type of SEI message" and "SEI message type" have been used in the text in their singular and plural forms. It is proposed to use only "SEI message type" consistently.

Delegated to the editors.

[JVET-AM0166](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15813) AHG9: Miscellaneous aspects in VSEI v4 [J. Nam, H. Tan, J. Lee, C. Kim, J. Lim, S. Kim (LGE)]

*JVET-AM0166 also relates to the MI and PRI SEI messages*

This contribution proposes miscellaneous modifications that are asserted to provide improvement to some aspects of SEI messages in VSEI v4 draft. The proposed modifications are as follows:

(Related to SPO/PON SEI messages)

4. On prefix and suffix SEI messages in PON SEI

5. On prefix and suffix SEI messages in SPO SEI

Item 4 proposes that the following two constraints to be added into the current spec text:

1. A PON SEI message that is present the bistream as a prefix SEI message shall not contain a PON-nested SEI message that can be present in a bistream as suffix SEI message only.
2. A PON SEI message that is present the bistream as a suffix SEI message shall not contain a PON-nested SEI message that can be present in a bistream as prefix SEI message only.

It was suggested that the specific wording should mention NAL units, and that the constraint should be in the coding specification interfaces rather than VSEI.

Conditionally adopt subject to review of text, with constraint in the coding spec interface text.

Item 5 proposes to add the constraint such that an SEI message that can be a suffix SEI message only and is included in a processing chain shall not have processing order that is lower than another SEI message that can be a prefix SEI message only.the SEI message included in prefix vs. suffix only affects the coding order and doesn’t necessarily affect the processing order.

No action on item 5.

[JVET-AM0206](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15853) AHG9: On signalling of sei payload type in SEI processing order SEI message [H. Tan, C. Kim, J. Nam, J. Lee, J. Lim, S. Kim (LGE)]

In the current design of SEI processing order (SPO) SEI message, payload type of SEI messages included in the processing chain is signalled using fixed length coding, that is, u(12). It is asserted that while it is currently enough to cover existing SEI messages included in VSEI and SEI messages that are included in the codecs that may use VSEI (e.g., AVC, HEVC, and VVC), it is asserted that the signalling design may not be future proof considering the number of bits for signalling payload type is not fixed in the codecs that currently may use VSEI and in the future codecs that may use the VSEI.

This contribution proposes to modify the signalling of payload type in SPO as follows:

**Option 1:** Modify the signalling of payload type of SEI included in SPO SEI message by using ue(v) and move it to the last syntax element in the for loop.

**Option 2:** Do the following modifications:

* Modify the signalling of payload type of SEI included in SPO SEI message from u(12) to u(11) and use the extra bit as a new flag to specify whether or not additional value to supplement the value of payload type.
* The flag is constrained to be equal to 0 for VSEI version 4.

It was noted that the number of SEI payload types allocated so far is less than 256, but more than 200.

It was suggested that 12 bits is sufficient for future generation codecs.

No action.

[JVET-AM0321](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15989) AHG9: On SEI message types indicated by an SPO SEI message [Y.-K. Wang (Bytedance), M. M. Hannuksela (Nokia), Y. He (Qualcomm)] [late]

TBP

### NNPF SEI extensions (0)

Contributions in this area were discussed during 0900–1000 on Friday 27 June 2025 (chaired by J. Boyce).

[JVET-AM0113](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15760) AHG9: Supporting pre-processing aware post processing in the NNPFC SEI message [M. Damghanian, M. Pettersson, R. Sjöberg (Ericsson)]

This contribution proposes to add support for pre-processing aware post-processing to the NNPFC SEI message. The proponents claim that this addition supports usage of the sandwiched codec architecture presented in JVET-AL0060. The followings are proposed for VSEI v4:

Proposal 1

* 1. To add a new nnpfc\_purpose entry in Table 20 for pre-processing aware post-processing, with the interpretation that the post-processing corresponds to an applied pre-processing.
  2. To add a new nnpfc\_purpose entry in Table 20 to indicate that the NNPF process is improving visual quality towards a quality metric.
  3. To add a new syntax element nnpfc\_quality\_metric\_idc where the values of the syntax element describe the type of quality metric the video resulting from the NNPF process is enhanced towards.

Proposal 2

* To add a new syntax element nnpfc\_decoded\_video\_distortion\_idc where the value of the syntax element specifies the level of distortion expected due to a pre-processing.

Is being proposed for VSEI v4.

It was suggested that there is not a backwards compatibility issue with making the proposed changes in a future version of VSEI.

It was noted that the EOI SEI message describes the decoded picture. It was suggested that the EOI could communicate that the decoded pictures was not suitable for human viewing, and use the existing NNPF SEI to indicate the post-filter operation.

It was commented that there may be advantages in having a single SEI message address the sandwich codec use case.

It was noted that NNPF already has a nnpfc\_for\_human\_viewing\_idc, but it describes the output of the NNPF process rather than the decoded picture.

The proposed wording for the purpose regarding pre-processing has been applied doesn’t seem specific to a sandwich codec, and could apply to other types of pre- and post-processing, e.g. downsampling and upsampling.

It was questioned if the proposal is adding signalling in the most appropriate location to address the described use case.

The sandwich coding use case is seen to be interesting.

Further study is encouraged.

### AI usage restrictions SEI message *(*0)

Contributions in this area were discussed during 1000–XXXX on Friday 27 June 2025 (chaired by J. Boyce).

[JVET-AM0112](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15759) AHG9: On AI usage restrictions SEI message [M. Pettersson, R. Sjöberg, M. Damghanian (Ericsson)]

Chaired by S. Deshpande on 27 June 2025 during 10:00-11:00

The following changes are proposed to the AI usage restrictions SEI message in VSEI v4:

1. Add a value range for ue(v)-coded aur\_num\_restrictions\_minus1 from 0 to 255.

Decision: agreed

1. Add a restriction that the value of each aur\_restriction[ i ] shall be unique.

Decision: agreed

Add text that if aur\_restriction[ i ] is in the range of 4 to 255 not only aur\_restriction[ i ] shall be ignored but also aur\_context[ i ], if present.

proposal 1 of JVET-AM0117. See notes there.

1. Remove the text “when the value of aur\_context[ i ] is greater than 15, decoders conforming to this version of this document shall ignore aur\_context[ i ]” and add a note saying that “Decoders conforming to this version of this document should only use the four least significant bits of aur\_context[ i ] and ignore bits of higher significance”.

Related to proposal 2 of JVET-AM0117. See notes there.

[JVET-AM0117](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15764) AHG9: On the AI usage restrictions SEI message [M. M. Hannuksela, F. Cricri (Nokia)]

Chaired by S. Deshpande on 27 June 2025 during 10:15-11:40

The following items related to the AI usage restrictions (AUR) SEI message are proposed:

1. It is proposed that when aur\_restriction[ i ] is equal to a reserved value, decoders conforming to VSEI version 4 shall interpret the i-th loop entry as if aur\_restriction[ i ] indicated "unusable for any AI application". Consequently, VSEI version 4 decoders interpret the AI usage restriction more strictly than, and hence comply with, what the semantics of a future VSEI version imply.

Related to proposal 3 of JVET-AM0112.

Decision: Agreed with proposal 1 (as the more safe approach compared to proposal 3 of JVET-AM0112).

1. It is proposed that when aur\_context[ i ] is equal to a reserved value, decoders conforming to VSEI version 4 shall ignore aur\_context[ i ] and interpret the i-th loop entry as if aur\_context\_present\_flag[ i ] were equal to 0 (indicating that aur\_restriction[ i ] applies regardless of the context).

Related to proposal 4 of JVET-AM0112.

It was commented that SEI message should not impose any requirements. It can express what an encoder wants but should not want decoder to do anything. There should be no concept of conforming to an SEI message by doing/ not doing something. SEI messages are preferences expressed by encoders. A new VSEI SEI should NOT define requirements on an existing standards decoder.

It was commented that in VSEI v1, v2 etc. some language regarding decoder behaviour has been used. It was suggested to avoid use of “decoder shall or shall not xxx” in VSEI.

Decision: Agreed with proposal 2 (as the more safe approach compared to proposal 4 of JVET-AM0112).

1. When an AUR SEI message type is included in an SPO SEI message, it is proposed to only allow the AUR SEI message at the end of the processing chain.

Decision: Agreed as a sensibility constraint.

1. In addition to already existing constraints that an AUR SEI message shall not contradict with processing chains specified by SEI processing order (SPO) SEI messages, it is proposed to require that an AUR SEI message shall not contradict with NNPF, GFV, and GFVE SEI messages that are not included in processing chains defined by SPO SEI messages.

It was suggested to add a definition of what “contradiction” means.

It was suggested to actually remove the constraint as we don’t usually specify encoder not to do “crazy” things.

Decision: agreed to remove the constraint.

1. It is proposed to add aur\_sei\_exclusion\_flag in the AUR SEI message. When aur\_sei\_exclusion\_flag is equal to 1, it specifies that the AUR SEI message does not constrain SEI messages that imply AI processing. When equal to 0, the indicated AI usage restrictions also apply to AI processing implied by SEI messages (e.g., NNPF and GFV SEI messages), as specified in JVET-AL2006.

It was asked why this is proposed for VSEI v4. The answer was it is relaxing something which we should not do in a future version.

There was a support expressed to add this functionality in v4 including the proposed flag.

It was commented that “things that imply AI processing” is not clear.

It was asked to consider including the proposed flag inside the for loop instead of outside.

It was suggested not to signal the flag and specify a behavior similar to flag being always equal to 1. And specify a language like: If an NNPF SEI message is present the usage restriction flag does not prevent it from being applied.

Revisit after offline discussion.

[JVET-AM0152](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15799) AHG9: AI usage restrictions for entities other than decoded pictures [C. Kim, H. Tan, J. Nam, J. Lee, J. Lim, S. Kim (LGE)]

The current AI-usage restrictions (AUR) SEI message specifies AI usage restrictions for decoded pictures but not necessarily other data in the picture unit (PU) associated with the AUR SEI message. It is asserted that limiting AUR SEI to provide AI usage restriction only for decoded picture means it would miss the chance to also provide AI usage restriction to other data in the PU that actually also usable for AI applications.

This contribution proposes the following modifications to the AUR SEI message:

1. Extend the scope of restriction information from decoded pictures to picture unit(s).
2. Define a flag to indicate whether the restriction applies only to decoded pictures or to picture unit(s).

A suggestion was made to revise the proposed language to refer to both picture unit and decoded picture.

There was support to make clear that the coded picture syntax elements are also subject to the usage restrictions.

It was questioned if the additional flexibility of the proposed flag is useful.

Decision: adopt proposal 1, with revision of the language to include both decoded pictures and picture units.

### Digitally signed content SEI messages (3)

Contributions in this area were discussed during 1630–1900 on Friday 27 June 2025 (chaired by J. Boyce).

[JVET-AM0118](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15765) AHG9: Digital signing of selected SEI messages [M. M. Hannuksela, J. Boyce (Nokia)]

Chaired by S. Deshpande on 27 June 2025 during 15:00-:16:20

This contribution asserts that the capability to include selected SEI messages in the message digest together with VCL NAL units is desirable, since then both the content of the SEI messages as well as their association with the VCL NAL units can be verified.

The contribution proposes including the following aspects in VSEI version 4:

1. It is proposed to add SEI NAL units that include a DSCS SEI message with dscs\_id equal to dscIdVal and dscs\_verification\_substream\_id equal to dscSubstreamId in the verification substream for dsci\_id equal to dscIdVal and verification substream ID equal to dscIdVal.
2. It is proposed to allow signing of SEI messages that are carried in suffix SEI NAL units together with a DSCS SEI message.

if this functionality is desirable: Yes, there is support for such a functionality from multiple participants.

Regarding if this functionality should be added in VSEI V4 or in a future version of VSEI: There was support to add the functionality to VSEI V4, if possible.

Joint discussion regarding JVET-AM0118 and JVET-AM0160 Option 2:

A non-proponent preferred JVET-AM0118 solution. It was commented by another non-proponent that the JVET-AM0118 solution has more flexibility and JVET-AM0160 option 2 does not provide full specification text.

It was asked why a flag is needed for JVET-AM0118 if it needs to be included together with DSCS SEI. It was commented that because in majority of the cases SEI messages will not be signed and so the flag is useful.

Decision: Adopt JVET-AM0118 in VSEI V4.

[JVET-AM0119](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15766) AHG9: On start and end flags of digitally signed content [M. M. Hannuksela, J. Boyce (Nokia)]

Chaired by S. Deshpande on 27 June 2025 during 16:20-:16:50

It is asserted that the specification text related to dsci\_signed\_content\_start\_flag and dscv\_signed\_content\_end\_flag has the following problems:

1. The following issues are caused by the fact that dscv\_signed\_content\_flag is present only when dscv\_verification\_substream\_id is equal to 0:
   1. Signed content cannot end with an AU that has substream ID greater than 0. For example, if substreams correspond to temporal sublayers, signed content cannot end with an AU that has sublayer identifier greater than 0.
   2. It is unclear how to derive the variable signingStatus, which uses dscv\_signed\_content\_end\_flag when dscv\_signed\_content\_end\_flag is not present in the DSCV SEI message.
2. The integrity of the original content across a splice point is not protected or detectable by the DSC SEI messages:
   1. An attack can remove the signed content that follows the verification period with dscv\_signed\_content\_end\_flag equal to 1.
   2. An attack can reorder pieces of signed content starting with dsci\_signed\_content\_start\_flag equal to 1 and ending with dscv\_signed\_content\_end\_flag equal to 1.

The proposal introduces the following terms:

* A verification unit is a sequence of verification periods within which splicing would cause a failure of digital signature verification, while splicing can be done at the boundaries of a verification unit.
* A verification chain is a sequence of verification units from which no verification unit can be removed or reordered without causing a failure of digital signature verification. However, a verification chain may be intervened at a verification unit boundary by verification unit(s) of other verification chain(s).

The proposal extends the start and end signalling of verification periods so that verification units and verification chains are identified as follows:

1. dsci\_signed\_content\_start\_flag is replaced by the 2-bit dsci\_start\_idc, with the following values:

0: the beginning of a verification period that does not start a verification unit or a verification chain

1: the beginning of a verification period and the beginning of a verification unit that does not start of a verification chain

2: the beginning of a verification period, a verification unit, and a verification chain

1. dscv\_signed\_content\_end\_flag is replaced by the 2-bit dscv\_end\_idc, which is present without any gating condition and has the following values:

0: the end of a verification substream of a verification period that does not end a verification unit or a verification chain

1: the end of a verification substream of a verification period that ends of a verification unit and does not end a verification chain

2: the end of a verification substream of a verification period that ends of a verification unit and a verification chain

It was commented that this is more of an extension of functionality rather than a bug-fix.

It was commented that there are some open questions.

1. Can it be specified how much content can be added in between chains (number of chains, length of video)
2. How is the interaction of different dsc\_ids that are used in a same time in one chain vs. using dsc\_id to distinguish chains?
3. How is the removal of entire chain handled?

No support was expressed by anyone for the aspect of changing flags to idcs (mainly due to the lateness of adding functionality at this stage)

The “Limited Alternative” in section 4 was discussed as a possible solution for asserted bug-fix for the point #1 above.

JVET-AM0208 item 7 is related/ similar.

Decision: Adopt the Limited Alterative proposed in section 4 of JVET-AM0119.

[JVET-AM0164](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15811) AHG9: On DSC SEI [K. Sühring, T. Hinz, Y. Sanchez, J. Pfaff, H. Schwarz, D. Marpe, T. Wiegand (Fraunhofer HHI)]

This contribution proposes several small corrections for DSC SEI messages:

1. increase the maximum allowed signature size for possible long signatures in post-quantum cryptography
2. add a constraint to better support sub-picture extraction based on scalable nesting SEI
3. move the dsci\_key\_source\_uri syntax element to the end of the DSCI SEI message for improved handling with trust manifeststs
4. allow DSC SEIs with different content within the same AU in VVC (this aspect to be discussed with JVET-AM0174)

item 2, it is noted that there are other contributions for subpicture signing for the TuC.

It was noted that the proposal places a constraint on external means.

Some additional study may be needed to confirm that the recommended constraint is sufficient.

Proponent may request a revisit of item 2 after review of the related TuC contributions.

For item 4, see notes for JVET-AM0174.

Decision: Adopt item 1 to increase signature length, item 3 to move the dsci\_key\_source\_uri syntax element

[JVET-AM0190](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15837) AHG9: On implicit association mode in digitally-signed content SEI messages in VSEI v4 [J. Lee, H. Tan, C. Kim, J. Nam, J. Lim, S. Kim (LGE)]

TBP

[JVET-AM0208](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15855) AHG9: On aspects related to verification period in digitally-signed content SEI messages in VSEI v4 draft [H. Tan, J. Lee, J. Nam, C. Kim, J. Lim, S. Kim (LGE)]

See notes regarding TBP

item 7 under JVET-AM0119.

[JVET-AM0210](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15857) AHG9: On miscellaneous aspects in digitally-signed content SEI messages in VSEI v4 draft [H. Tan, J. Lee, J. Nam, C. Kim, J. Lim, S. Kim (LGE)]

TBP

Item 4 doesn’t need to be discussed

### Packed regions information SEI message *(*2+1)

Contributions in this area were discussed during 1230–1530 on Friday 27 June 2025 (chaired by J. Boyce).

[JVET-AM0075](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15722) AHG9: On packed regions information SEI message [T. Chujoh, Z. Fan, R. Ishimoto, T. Ikai (Sharp)]

VSEI version 4 has reached the DAM stage on the ISO/IEC standardization process. This contribution reports the following editorial and technical problems for the packed regions information SEI message, which has been revised to draft 6 of VSEI version 4 at the March/April online meeting and proposes their solutions.

1. Two variable names BtDepthY and BtDepthC should be improved to BitDepthY and BitDepthC.
2. The interface variables for the PRI SEI message are defined using the syntax elements pri\_region\_layer\_id[ i ] and pri\_num\_regions\_minus1 before their definition. They should be specified without the SEI syntax element.
3. The syntax element pri\_use\_max\_dimensions\_flag does not explain its semantics. It should be explained why these arrays are used in calculations for the region parameters.

For item 1, these changes would make the interface text awkward (by having something like "The variable X is set equal to X").

For item 2, the first sentence was awkward “using each layer identifier value, layer\_Id, in AU, applied to this SEI message”. It would be possible to avoid the name of the specific syntax element. Item 2 is delegated to the editors.

It was noted that other locations in the spec refer to a syntax element before the syntax element is defined.

Agreed to item 3, which is editorial.

[JVET-AM0166](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15813) AHG9: Miscellaneous aspects in VSEI v4 [J. Nam, H. Tan, J. Lee, C. Kim, J. Lim, S. Kim (LGE)]

*JVET-AM0166 also relates to the SPO and MI SEI messages*

*(Related to PRI SEI message)*

3. On handling of persistence for PRI SEI

It is asserted that there is an issue with the the 3rd bullet in the PRI persistence semantics. This text is proposed for the 3rd bullet:

: – A picture in an AU associated with a ~~Another~~ packed regions information SEI message is output ~~present in an AU~~ that follows the current picture ~~AU~~ in output order.

It was suggested that the proposed text may have issues in a multi-layer case. This text was suggested to replace all 3 bullets:

pri\_persistence\_flag equal to 1 specifies that the packed regions information SEI message applies to the current AU and persists for all subsequent AUs in output order in the current CVS until the next AU, when present, that follows the current AU in output order and contains a packed regions information SEI message.

Agreed to modify the persistence language. Exact text delegated to the editors.

[JVET-AM0211](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15858) AHG9: On the packed regions information SEI message [J. Xu, Y.-K. Wang (Bytedance)]

The following modifications for the packed regions information (PRI) SEI message are proposed in this contribution

1) Address a mismatch between the VSEI and VVC text on the interface of the PRI SEI message.

2) When pri\_target\_pic\_params\_present\_flag is equal to 0, do not signal resampling ratio related syntax elements, including pri\_num\_resampling\_ratios\_minus1, pri\_resampling\_width\_num\_minus1, pri\_resampling\_width\_denom\_minus1, pri\_fixed\_aspect\_ratio\_flag, pri\_resampling\_height\_num\_minus1, pri\_resampling\_height\_denom\_minus1 and pri\_resampling\_ratio\_idx.

3) Allow different chroma formats and bit depth values for different regions and add syntax elements to specify chroma format and bit depth values for the target picture.

Decision: Adopt item 1, option b.

Regarding item 2, it was remarked that the original design intent of the PRI SEI messages was to have the resampling information available as it indicates the size of a region in the source picture.

It was suggested that a note could added to clarify that.

Revisit after text of a note is available.

Regarding item 3, allowing different chroma formats and bit depths for different regions was previous proposed, but use cases weren’t that required that flexibility weren’t clear. A particular use case is described with mixed screen content and natural content.

It was suggested that even mixed content can be coded as 4:4:4.

It was questioned if there is a constraint on consistent colour space.

This is proposed for VSEI v4. It was questioned whether it could be done as an extension in a future version.

Not sufficient support to do this for VSEI v4. Revisit to consider if it could be structured as an extension and included in the TuC.

### Source picture timing information SEI message (0)

Contributions in this area were discussed during 1–1710–XXXX on Friday 27 June 2025 (chaired by J. Boyce).

[JVET-AM0165](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15812) AHG9: On value range and reserved values for syntax elements in VSEI v4 [J. Nam, H. Tan, J. Lee, C. Kim, J. Lim, S. Kim (LGE)]

*JVET-AM0165 also relates to the EOI, MI, TDI, and IFM messages*

(Related to SPTI SEI message)

1. On value range of spti\_source\_type in SPTI SEI

(Related to MI SEI message)

2. On value range of mi\_modality\_type in MI SEI

3. On reserved value of mi\_modality\_type in MI SEI

(Related to EOI SEI message)

4. On reserved value of eoi\_type in EOI SEI

5. On reserved value of eoi\_object\_based\_idc in EOI SEI

6. On reserved value of eoi\_privacy\_protection\_method\_idc in EOI SEI

7. On reserved value of eoi\_privacy\_info\_type in EOI SEI

(Related to IFM SEI message)

8. On reserved value of ifm\_type\_id[ i ] in IFM SEI

(Related to TDI SEI message)

9. On reserved value of tdi\_descr\_purpose in TDI SEI

10. On reserved value of tdi\_descr\_id in TDI SEI

Regarding item 1, in the current design of source picture timing information (SPTI) SEI message, the syntax element spti\_source\_type is defined using bitmask operations in the range of 0x01 to 0x80, which means there are 8 bits out of the 16 bits allocated for this signalling have been specified. However, the current semantics of spti\_source\_type specify that its value range is from 0 to 127, and the decoder is designed to ignore spti\_source\_type values from 128 to 255.

Item 2 is related to JVET-AM0047 item 1. No action.

Item 3 proposes typical language regarding reserve values, which was missing.

Item 4 clarifies the behavior of decoders regarding reserved values of eoi\_type.

Item 5 clarifies the behavior of decoders regarding reserved values of eoi\_object\_based\_idc.

Item 6 fixes a bug in the reserved range of values of eoi\_privacy\_protection\_method\_idc to be 65535 rather than 255, since the syntax element is u(16), and also clarifies the behavior of decoders regarding reserved values.

Item 7 clarifies the behavior of decoders regarding reserved values of eoi\_privacy\_info\_type

Item 8 proposes the following for ifm\_type\_id[ i ]:

When the value of ifm\_type\_id[ i ] is in the range of 7 to 255, inclusive, decoders conforming to this version of this document shall ignore all information for the i-th loop of the image format metadata~~ifm\_type\_id[ i ]~~.

It was suggested that the “i-th loop” language is imprecise.

The spirit of the proposal is to ignore the i-th entry, which is agreed. It was suggested to use “i-th image format metadata payload” .

Item 9 proposes the following text for tdi\_descr\_purpose : When the value of tdi\_descr\_purpose is in the range of 7 to 255, inclusive, d~~D~~ecoders conforming to this version of this document shall ignore the text description information SEI message.~~allow any value of text\_descr\_purpose in the range of 0 to 255, inclusive.~~

Item 10 proposes to reserve some values of tdi\_descr\_id.

It was suggested to remove the “with the tdi\_descr\_id” in the proposed text.

Decision (Bug fix): Adopt item 1 for SPTI, item 3 for modality reserved value, item 4 for eoi\_type, item 5 for eoi\_object\_based\_idc, item 6 for eoi\_privacy\_protection\_method\_idc, item 7 for eoi\_privacy\_info\_type, item 8 with replacing “i-th loop” with “i-th image format metadata payload”, item 9 or tdi\_descr\_purpose., item 10 with removing “with the tdi\_descr\_id” wording.

### Modality information SEI message (0+4)

Contributions in this area were discussed during XXXX–XXXX and XXXX–XXXX on XXday XX March 2025 (chaired by XXX).

[JVET-AM0166](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15813) AHG9: Miscellaneous aspects in VSEI v4 [J. Nam, H. Tan, J. Lee, C. Kim, J. Lim, S. Kim (LGE)]

*JVET-AM0166 also relates to the SPO and PRI SEI messages*

This contribution proposes miscellaneous modifications that are asserted to provide improvement to some aspects of SEI messages in VSEI v4 draft. The proposed modifications are as follows:

(Related to MI SEI message)

1. On signaling of min and max wavelengths in MI SEI

2. On constraint for wavelength in MI SEI

Item 1 proposes modified semantics for min and max wavelength parameters. “when present” is added to semantics. It is suggested to remove the inference values when the syntax elements are not present.

It is noted that JVET-AM0191 also has modifications to the semantics.

Revisit item 1 after proposal with suggestions above is combined with JVET-AM0191.

Item 2 proposes that the max value is constrained to be larger than the min value.

Decision: adopt item 2.

### Text description information SEI message (1+2)

Contributions in this area were discussed during 1830–1745 on Friday 27 June 2025 (chaired by J. Boyce).

[JVET-AM0098](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15745) AHG9: On the TDI SEI message [Y. He, L. Kerofsky, S. Zhao, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)]

This contribution proposes to add VSEI description to tdi\_descr\_purpose in text description information SEI message.

An example use case would be to indicate if an FGC SEI with resolution extension is present in the bitstream.

The existing manifest SEI message doesn’t include version numbers, but has a prefix.

It was noted that the FGC resolution is at the end of the SEI message, and would require the entire message to be in a prefix.

The usefulness for the use case for FGC SEI was questioned because the decoder wouldn’t know how to interpret the text, and the information is available within the FGC SEI message itself.

No action.

### Other (2+1)

Contributions in this area were discussed during 1–XXXX and XXXX–XXXX on XXday XX March 2025 (chaired by XXX).

[JVET-AM0091](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15738) AHG9: On GFV SEI chroma key [J. Boyce, M. M. Hannuksela (Nokia)]

TBP

## *TBP*AHG9: Extensions of SEI messages in VSEI (2)

Contributions in this area were discussed during XXXX–XXXX on XXday XX June 2025 (chaired by XXX).

[JVET-AM0090](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15737) AHG9: SDI SEI extension for signalling described layer of confidence layer [J. Boyce, M. M. Hannuksela (Nokia)]

[JVET-AM0100](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15747) AHG9: Shutter interval information SEI message extension for rolling shutter cameras [L. Kerofsky, Y. He, S. Zhao, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)]

## AHG9: Aspects on SEI messages in TuC for VSEI (30)

### NNPF SEI messages *(*2)

Contributions in this area were discussed during XXXX–XXXX on XXday XX June 2025 (chaired by XXX).

[JVET-AM0087](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15734) AHG9: Comments on VSEI TuC [S. Deshpande (Sharp)]

[JVET-AM0173](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15820) AHG9: NNPFA SEI message extension for multi-purpose NNPFs [C.-H. Demarty, E. François, A. Ak (InterDigital), M. Hannuskela, F. Cricri (Nokia)]

### Constituent rectangles SEI (2)

Contributions in this area were discussed during XXXX–XXXX on XXday XX June 2025 (chaired by XXX).

[JVET-AM0092](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15739) AHG9: Editorial changes on the CR SEI message [Y. He, S. Zhao, L. Kerofsky, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)]

[JVET-AM0093](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15740) AHG9: On the CR SEI message [Y. He, S. Zhao, L. Kerofsky, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)]

### Display rectangles SEI (2)

Contributions in this area were discussed during XXXX–XXXX on XXday XX June 2025 (chaired by XXX).

[JVET-AM0095](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15742) AHG9: On the DR SEI message [Y. He, S. Zhao, L. Kerofsky, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)]

[JVET-AM0146](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15793) AHG9: On display rectangles with same display aspect ratio as cropped decoded picture [T. Biatek, J. Boyce, M. M. Hannuksela (Nokia)]

### SEI processing order and processing order nesting SEI messages (2)

Contributions in this area were discussed during XXXX–XXXX on XXday XX June 2025 (chaired by XXX).

[JVET-AM0079](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15726) AHG9: On the SPO SEI message [Y. He, L. Kerofsky, S. Zhao, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)]

[JVET-AM0155](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15802) AHG9: On the SPO SEI message complexity signaling [Y. Gao, P. Wu, S. Xie, Y. Bai, C. Huang (ZTE)]

### Encoder optimization information SEI message (2)

Contributions in this area were discussed during XXXX–XXXX on XXday XX June 2025 (chaired by XXX).

[JVET-AM0179](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15826) AHG9: Depth-aware optimization for Encoder optimization information SEI message [G. Teniou, S. Wenger, A. Hinds (Tencent)]

### Digitally signed content messages (4)

Contributions in this area were discussed during XXXX–XXXX on XXday XX June 2025 (chaired by XXX).

[JVET-AM0156](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15803) AHG9: On Digitally Signing a SEI message [Y. Gao, P. Wu, Y. Bai, S. Xie, C. Huang (ZTE)]

[JVET-AM0160](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15807) AHG9: On including SEI messages in the digitally signed content [C. Kim, H. Tan, J. Nam, J. Lee, J. Lim, S. Kim (LGE)]

Chaired by S. Deshpande on 27 June 2025 during 15:50-16:20

This contribution proposes modification to the digitally signed content (DSC) SEI messages to enable inclusion of NAL units containing SEI messages in the content signing. Two options are presented and proposed to be included in the VSEI TuC:

Option 1: optionally include SEI NAL units in the authentication process.

Option 2: signal a list of payloadtype of SEI messages that are included for content signing and specify constraints to handle cases of multiple SEI messages in one SEI RBSP, SEI messages in nesting SEI messages (e.g., scalable nesting SEI message, processing order nesting SEI message).

Regarding option 1 it was pointed out that signing all SEI NAL units will have the problem that it will also include DSCV SEI. The discussion was thus focused on Option 2.

It was commented that in Option 2 the specification text regarding how the message digest is created is not provided.

Option 2 was discussed together with JVET-AM0118. See notes under JVET-AM0118.[JVET-AM0193](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15840) AHG9: On digitally-signed content SEI messages for subpicture support in TuC of VSEI [J. Lee, H. Tan, C. Kim, J. Nam, J. Lim, S. Kim (LGE)]

[JVET-AM0205](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15852) AHG9: Digitally signed content: use of Picture ID for overlay area exclusion [I. Sodagar, C. Fersch, S. McCarthy (Dolby Labs)]

### Film grain regions characteristics SEI message (2+2)

Contributions in this area were discussed during XXXX–XXXX on XXday XX June 2025 (chaired by XXX).

[JVET-AM0085](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15732) AHG9/AHG13: On Film Grain Regions Characteristics SEI message [S. Deshpande, J. Samuelsson-Allendes (Sharp)]

[JVET-AM0124](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15771) [AHG9/AHG13]: On typo fix and interface software contribution to the FGRC SEI message [S. Xie, W. Niu, P. Wu, Y. Gao, C. Huang (ZTE)]

*JVET-AM0124 also relates to software for SEI messages*

[JVET-AM0168](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15815) [AHG9/AHG13] Implementation in VTM TuC of the film grain regions characteristics SEI message [F. Urban, E. François, P. de Lagrange (InterDigital), G. Teniou (Tencent)]

*JVET-AM0168 also relates to software for SEI messages*

[JVET-AM0230](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15877) AHG9/AHG13: Reference picture resolution for the FGR SEI message [E. François, P. de Lagrange, F. Urban (InterDigital)]

### Lens optical correction SEI message (2)

Contributions in this area were discussed during XXXX–XXXX on XXday XX June 2025 (chaired by XXX).

[JVET-AM0101](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15748) AHG9: On Lens Optical Correction SEI message [L. Kerofsky, Y. He, S. Zhao, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)]

[JVET-AM0102](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15749) AHG9: Additional models for the LOC SEI message [L. Kerofsky, Y. He, S. Zhao, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)]

### Display overlays information SEI message (3)

Contributions in this area were discussed during XXXX–XXXX on XXday XX June 2025 (chaired by XXX).

[JVET-AM0094](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15741) AHG9: On the DOI SEI message [Y. He, S. Zhao, L. Kerofsky, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)]

[JVET-AM0147](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15794) AHG9: On applying display overlays on display rectangles [T. Biatek, J. Boyce, M. M. Hannuksela (Nokia)]

[JVET-AM0180](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15827) AHG9: Overlay purpose indicator for Display overlays information SEI message [G. Teniou, S. Wenger, A. Hinds (Tencent)]

### Picture segment information SEI message (2)

Contributions in this area were discussed during XXXX–XXXX on XXday XX June 2025 (chaired by XXX).

[JVET-AM0097](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15744) AHG9: On the PSI SEI message [Y. He, L. Kerofsky, S. Zhao, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)]

[JVET-AM0192](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15839) AHG9: On picture segmentation SEI message in TuC of VSEI [J. Lee, H. Tan, C. Kim, J. Nam, J. Lim, S. Kim (LGE)]

### Danmu information SEI message (3)

Contributions in this area were discussed during XXXX–XXXX on XXday XX June 2025 (chaired by XXX).

[JVET-AM0154](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15801) AHG9: On danmu information SEI message [C. Kim, H. Tan, J. Nam, J. Lee, J. Lim, S. Kim (LGE)]

[JVET-AM0161](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15808) AHG9: On display timing in the danmu information SEI message [C. Kim, H. Tan, J. Nam, J. Lee, J. Lim, S. Kim (LGE)]

[JVET-AM0182](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15829) AHG9: On the Danmu SEI message [S. Zhao, Y. He, L. Kerofsky, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)]

### Other (4)

Contributions in this area were discussed during XXXX–XXXX on XXday XX June 2025 (chaired by XXX).

[JVET-AM0086](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15733) AHG9: On Photosensitive Content Information Signaling [S. Deshpande (Sharp)]

[JVET-AM0096](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15743) AHG9: On the QM SEI message [Y. He, L. Kerofsky, S. Zhao, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)]

[JVET-AM0099](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15746) AHG9: On the BRI SEI message [Y. He, L. Kerofsky, S. Zhao, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)]

[JVET-AM0108](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15755) AHG9: On colour mapping information SEI message [J. Samuelsson-Allendes, S. Deshpande (Sharp)]

## Additional SEI message aspects (6)

Contributions in this area were discussed during XXXX–XXXX on XXday XX June 2025 (chaired by XXX).

[JVET-AM0083](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15730) AHG9: Auxiliary sampling alignment and transformation information SEI [V. Zakharchenko, J. Boyce, D. Rusanovskyy, M. M. Hannuksela (Nokia)]

[JVET-AM0103](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15750) AHG9: Camera Extrinsic Information SEI message [L. Kerofsky, Y. He, S. Zhao, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)]

[JVET-AM0153](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15800) AHG9: Loss recovery information SEI message [C. Kim, H. Tan, J. Nam, J. Lee, J. Lim, S. Kim (LGE)]

[JVET-AM0181](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15828) AHG9: Proposed new SEI message on 3d model reconstruction information [G. Teniou, S. Wenger, A. Hinds, J. Ricard (Tencent)]

[JVET-AM0184](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15831) AHG9: Picture Reference Degree SEI Message [S. Zhao, Y. He, L. Kerofsky, M. Karczewicz (Qualcomm)]

[JVET-AM0212](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15859) AHG9: Gaussian splatting information SEI message D. Wang, J. Xu, L. Zhang, Y.-K. Wang, S. Jiao (Bytedance)

*JVET-AM0212 also relates to software for SEI messages*

## SEI Software and showcases (3+1)

Contributions in this area were discussed during XXXX–XXXX on XXday XX June 2025 (chaired by XXX).

[JVET-AM0124](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15771) [AHG9/AHG13]: On typo fix and interface software contribution to the FGRC SEI message [S. Xie, W. Niu, P. Wu, Y. Gao, C. Huang (ZTE)]

[JVET-AM0168](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15815) [AHG9/AHG13] Implementation in VTM TuC of the film grain regions characteristics SEI message [F. Urban, E. François, P. de Lagrange (InterDigital), G. Teniou (Tencent)]

*JVET-AM0124 and JVET-AM0168 also relate to the film grain regions characteristics SEI message*

[JVET-AM0162](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15809) AHG9: Software implementation of attenuation map information metadata in the Green Metadata SEI message [C.-H. Demarty, F. Urban, E. François, F. Aumont (InterDigital)]

*JVET-AM0162 also relates to the study of SEI messages in VVC, HEVC, and AVC*

[JVET-AM0212](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15859) AHG9: Gaussian splatting information SEI message D. Wang, J. Xu, L. Zhang, Y.-K. Wang, S. Jiao (Bytedance)

*JVET- AM0212 also relates to identifying potential needs for new SEI messages*

## Non-SEI HLS aspects (0)

Kept as template for future use.

# Plenary meetings, joint meetings, BoG reports, and liaison communications (update)

## General

The following topics were discussed in JVET plenary Monday 30 June XXXX–XXXX:

* Status of last meeting’s output documents
* Liaison communication –
  + Response to m72555 should be handled at SC29 level
  + to JPEG, regarding information on investigations of AI based I picture coding, mention relevance of bit-exact reconstruction investigations. E. Alshina will prepare a draft, review on Thursday morning
* Scheduling for the remaining week (further detail on scheduling is recorded in section 2.12).
* Review status from tracks and discussion on potential open issues
  + It was agreed to review documents with highest priority first.
* Review of documents at plenary level

Specific discussion on some general issues related to HLS was as follows:

…

## MPEG information sharing meetings

Information sharing sessions with other WGs and AGs of the MPEG community were held on Monday 31 March 0500–0800, Wednesday 2 April 0500–0600, and Friday 4 April 2100–2300.

The status and plans for the work in the MPEG WGs and AGs was reviewed at these information sharing sessions.

## Joint meetings

### Joint sessions 1530-1730 Monday 31 March and 0500-0700 Thursday 03 April on next generation video standardization: MPEG WG 2 / Requirements, MPEG WG 5 / JVET and VCEG (ITU-T Q6/21)

## BoGs (1)

## Liaison communications (1)

The following liaison statements were received at this meeting (section retained as a template for future use).

The liaison document WG 5 N 356 was reviewed in JVET on Thursday 03 April at 1300-1320. The draft reply was also presented in the MPEG AG 3 Communication meeting Thursday 03 April during 1300-1500.

# Project planning

## Software timeline (update)

ECM 17.0 software (including all adoptions) was planned to be available 3 weeks after the meeting (25 April).

The NNVC 13.0 codebase software was planned to be available 3 weeks after the meeting (25 April).

VTM23.9 software will be released 1 week after the meeting. Additional versions will be released as appropriate (e.g. for integration and updates of SEI messages included in JVET-AL2006 by the current meeting).

Updates on top of HM18.0 and JM19.1 software will be released as appropriate (e.g., integration and updates of SEI messages included in JVET-AL1006 and JVET-AL1017 by the current meeting).

As a general rule in software development, a person who is executing a merge shall not be from the same company as the person who submitted that merge request.

## Core experiment and exploration experiment planning

An EE on neural network-based video coding was established, as recorded in output document JVET-AM2023.

An EE on enhanced compression technology beyond VVC capability using techniques other than neural-network technology was also established, as recorded in output document JVET-AM2024.

Initial versions of these documents were presented and approved.

## Drafting of specification text, encoder algorithm descriptions, and software

The following agreement has been established: the editorial team has the discretion to not integrate recorded adoptions for which the available text is grossly inadequate (and cannot be fixed with a reasonable degree of effort), if such a situation hypothetically arises. In such an event, the text would record the intent expressed by the committee without including a full integration of the available inadequate text.

## Plans for improved efficiency and contribution consideration

The group considered it important to have the full design of proposals documented to enable proper study.

Adoptions need to be based on properly drafted working draft text (on normative elements) and HM/VTM encoder algorithm descriptions – relative to the existing drafts. Proposal contributions should also provide a software implementation (or at least such software should be made available for study and testing by other participants at the meeting, and software must be made available to cross-checkers in EEs).

Suggestions for future meetings included the following generally-supported principles:

* Normative contributions (relating to changes in bitstream/decoder) shall include draft specification text
* Proposals shall contain all details relevant for understanding and be self-contained. In cases where the document is a follow-up of a previous contribution, the overall concept and the novelties should be highlighted at minimum
* Coding tool and encoder optimization proposals shall contain Excel sheets that allow assessment on a per-sequence basis
* Algorithm description text is strongly encouraged for non-normative contributions that are intended to be included in model description documents (VTM, ECM, etc.), and that is required for inclusion in TR drafts.
* Early upload deadline to enable substantial study prior to the meeting
* Using a clock timer to ensure efficient proposal presentations (5 min) and discussions (not exercised currently)

As general guidance, it was suggested to avoid usage of company names in document titles, software modules etc., and not to describe a technology by using a company name.

## General issues for experiments

It was emphasized that those rules which had been set up or refined during the 12th JVET meeting should be observed. In particular, for some CEs of some previous meetings, results were available late, and some changes in the experimental setup had not been sufficiently discussed on the JVET reflector.

Group coordinated experiments have been planned as follows:

* “Core experiments” (CEs) are the coordinated experiments on coding tools which are deemed to be interesting but require more investigation and could potentially become part of a draft standard by the next meeting or in the near future.
* “Exploration experiments” (EEs) are also coordinated experiments. These are conducted on technology which is not foreseen to become part of a draft standard in the near future. The investigating methodology for assessment of such technology can also be an important part of an EE. (Further general rules for EEs, as far as deviating from the CE rules below, should be discussed in a future meeting. For the current meeting, procedures as described in the EE description document are deemed to be sufficient.)
* A CE is a test of a specific fully described technology in a specific agreed way. It is not a forum for thinking of new ideas (like an AHG). The CE coordinators are responsible for making sure that the CE description is complete and correct and has adequate detail. Reflector discussions about CE description clarity and other aspects of CE plans are encouraged.
* A description of each experiment is to be approved at the meeting at which the experiment plan is established. This should include the issues that were raised by other experts when the tool was presented, e.g., interference with other tools, contribution of different elements that are part of a package, etc. The experiment description document should provide the names of individual people, not just company names.
* Software for tools investigated in a CE will be provided in one or more separate branches of the software repository. Each CE will have a “fork” of the software, and within the CE there may be multiple branches established by the CE coordinator. The software coordinator will help coordinate the creation of these forks and branches and their naming. All JVET members will have read access to the CE software branches (using shared read-only credentials as described below).
* During the experiment, revisions of the experiment plans can be made, but not substantial changes to the proposed technology. Withdrawing parts of experiments that were intended to show the individual benefits of a tool or parts of a tool is strongly discouraged. Combination tests may not be considered in such cases. Any changes made to individual tools in a combination shall be documented.
* The CE description must match the CE testing that is done. The CE description needs to be revised if there has been some change of plans.
* The CE summary report must describe any changes that were made in the process of finalizing the CE.
* By the next meeting it is expected that at least one independent cross-checker will report a detailed analysis of each proposed feature that has been tested and confirm that the implementation is correct. Commentary on the potential benefits and disadvantages of the proposed technology in cross-checking reports is highly encouraged. Having multiple cross-checking reports is also highly encouraged (especially if the cross-checking involves more than confirmation of correct test results). The reports of cross-checking activities may (and generally should) be integrated into the CE report rather than submitted as separate documents.
* It is mandatory to report encoder optimizations made for the benefit of a tool, and if an equivalent optimization could be applied on the anchor, a comparison against the improved anchor shall be provided.
* A new proposal can be included in a CE based on group decision, regardless if an independent party has already performed a cross-check in the meeting when it was first proposed.

It is possible to define sub-experiments within particular CEs, for example designated as CEX.a, CEX.b, etc., where X is the basic CE number.

As a general rule, it was agreed that each CE should be run under the same testing conditions using one software codebase, which should be based on the group test model software codebase. An experiment is not to be established as a CE unless there is access given to the participants in (any part of) the CE to the software used to perform the experiments.

The general agreed common conditions for single-layer coding efficiency experiments for SDR video are described in the prior output document JVET-T2010.

Experiment descriptions should be written in a way such that it is understood as a JVET output document (written from an objective “third party perspective”, not a proponent perspective – e.g., not referring to methods as “improved”, “optimized”, “enhanced”, etc.). The experiment descriptions should generally not express opinions or suggest conclusions – rather, they should just describe what technology will be tested, how it will be tested, who will participate, etc. Responsibilities for contributions to CE work should identify individuals in addition to company names.

CE descriptions contain a basic description of the technology under test, but should not contain excessively verbose descriptions of a technology (at least not unless the technology is not adequately documented elsewhere). Instead, the CE descriptions should refer to the relevant proposal contributions for any necessary further detail. However, the complete detail of what technology will be tested must be available – either in the CE description itself or in documents that are referenced in the CE description that are also available in the JVET document archive.

Any technology must have at least one cross-check partner to establish a CE – a single proponent is not enough. It is highly desirable have more than just one proponent and one cross-checker.

The CE development workflow was previously described at:

<https://vcgit.hhi.fraunhofer.de/jvet/VVCSoftware_VTM/wikis/Core-experiment-development-workflow>

However, it was noted that the link doesn’t seem to exist anymore.

CE read access is available using shared accounts: One account exists for MPEG members, which uses the usual MPEG account data. A second account exists for VCEG members with account information available in the TIES informal ftp area (IFA) system at:

<https://www.itu.int/ifa/t/2017/sg16/exchange/wp3/q06/vceg_account.txt>

Some agreements relating to CE activities were established as follows:

* Only qualified JVET members can participate in a CE.
* Participation in a CE is possible without a commitment of submitting an input document to the next meeting. Participation was requested by contacting the CE coordinator.
* All software, results, and documents produced in the CE should be announced and made available to JVET in a timely manner.
* A JVET CE reflector will be established and announced on the main JVET reflector. Discussion of logistics arrangements, exchange of data, minor refinement of the test plans, and preparation of documents shall be conducted on the JVET CE reflector, with subject lines prefixed by “[CEx: ]”, where “x” is the number of the CE. All substantial communications about a CE other than such details shall take place on main JVET reflector. In the case that large amounts of data are to be distributed, it is recommended to send a link to the data rather than the data itself, or upload the data as an input contribution to the next meeting.

General timeline for CEs

T1= 3 weeks after the JVET meeting: To revise the CE description and refine questions to be answered. Questions should be discussed and agreed on JVET reflector. Any changes of planned tests after this time need to be announced and discussed on the JVET reflector. Initially assigned description numbers shall not be changed later. If a test is skipped, it is to be marked as “withdrawn”.

T2 = Test model software release + 2 weeks: Integration of all tools into a separate CE branch of the VTM is completed and announced to JVET reflector.

* Initial study by cross-checkers can begin.
* Proponents may continue to modify the software in this branch until T3.
* 3rd parties are encouraged to study and make contributions to the next meeting with proposed changes

T3: 3 weeks before the next JVET meeting or T2 + 1 week, whichever is later: Any changes to the CE test branches of the software must be frozen, so the cross-checkers can know exactly what they are cross-checking. A software version tag should be created at this time. The name of the cross-checkers and list of specific tests for each tool under study in the CE plan description shall be documented in an updated CE description by this time.

T4: Regular document deadline minus 1 week: CE contribution documents including specification text and complete test results shall be uploaded to the JVET document repository (particularly for proposals targeting to be promoted to the draft standard at the next meeting).

The CE summary reports shall be available by the regular contribution deadline. This shall include documentation about crosscheck of software, matching of CE description and confirmation of the appropriateness of the text change, as well as sufficient crosscheck results to create evidence about correctness (crosscheckers must send this information to the CE coordinator at least 3 days ahead of the document deadline). Furthermore, any deviations from the timelines above shall be documented. The numbers used in the summary report shall not be changed relative to the description document.

CE reports may contain additional information about tests of straightforward combinations of the identified technologies. Such supplemental testing needs to be clearly identified in the report if it was not part of the CE plan.

New branches may be created which combine two or more tools included in the CE document or the VTM (as applicable).

It is not necessary to formally name cross-checkers in the initial version of the CE description document. To adopt a proposed feature at the next meeting, JVET would like to see comprehensive cross-checking done, with analysis of whether the description matches the software, and a recommendation of the value of the tool and given tradeoffs.

The establishment of a CE does not indicate that a proposed technology is mature for adoption or that the testing conducted in the CE is fully adequate for assessing the merits of the technology, and a favourable outcome of CE does not indicate a need for adoption of the technology into a standard or test model.

Availability of specification text is important to have a detailed understanding of the technology and also to judge what its impact on the complexity of the specification will be. There must also be sufficient time to study this in detail. CE contributions without sufficiently mature draft specification text in the CE input document should not be considered for adoption.

Lists of participants in CE documents should be pruned to include only the active participants. Read access to software will be available to all members.

# Establishment of ad hoc groups

The ad hoc groups established to progress work on particular subject areas until the next meeting are described in the table below. The discussion list for all of these ad hoc groups was agreed to be the main JVET reflector ([jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de](mailto:jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de)).

Chairs of AHGs were asked to send draft mandates to JRO before 1200 on 4 Apr., preferably copy from the table below and sending with changemarks or yellow highlight of changes.

Review of AHG plans was conducted during the plenary on XXday X July 2025 at XXXX–XXXX.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Title and Email Reflector** | **Chairs** | **Mtg** |
| **Project Management (AHG1)**  ([jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de](mailto:jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de))   * Coordinate overall JVET interim efforts. * Supervise AHG and experiment studies. * Report on project status to JVET reflector. * Provide a report to the next meeting on project coordination status. * Supervise processing and delivery of output documents | J.-R. Ohm (chair), G. J. Sullivan (vice‑chair) | N |
| **Draft text and test model algorithm description editing (AHG2)**  ([jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de](mailto:jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de))   * Produce and finalize draft text outputs of the meeting (JVET-AL1006, JVET-AL1017, JVET-AL2005 and JVET-AL2006). * Collect reports of errata for the VVC, VSEI, HEVC, AVC, CICP, and the published related technical reports and produce the JVET-AL1004 errata output collection. * Coordinate with the test model software development AhG to address issues relating to mismatches between software and text. * Collect and consider errata reports on the texts. | B. Bross, C. Rosewarne (co-chairs), F. Bossen, A. Browne, S. Kim, S. Liu, J.‑R. Ohm, G. J. Sullivan, A. Tourapis, Y.-K. Wang, Y. Ye (vice‑chairs) | N |
| **Test model software development (AHG3)**  ([jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de](mailto:jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de))   * Coordinate development of test models (VTM, HM, SCM, SHM, HTM, MFC, MFCD, JM, JSVM, JMVM, 3DV-ATM, 360Lib, and HDRTools) software and associated configuration files. * Produce documentation of software usage for distribution with the software. * Enable software support for recently standardized additional SEI messages (for both VTM and HM), and SEI messages in TuC (the latter in a separate branch of VTM). * Discuss and make recommendations on the software development process. * Perform comparative tests of test model behaviour using common test conditions, including HDR, high bit depth and high bit rate. * Suggest configuration files for additional testing of tools. * Investigate how to minimize the number of separate codebases maintained for group reference software. * Coordinate with AHG on Draft text and test model algorithm description editing (AHG2) to identify any mismatches between software and text, and make further updates and cleanups to the software as appropriate. * Prepare drafts of merged and updated CTC documents for HM and VTM, as applicable. | F. Bossen, X. Li, K. Sühring (co-chairs), E. François, Y. He, K. Sharman, V. Seregin, A. Tourapis (vice‑chairs) | N |
| **Test material and visual assessment (AHG4)**  ([jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de](mailto:jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de))   * Consider plans for additional verification testing of VVC capability, particularly target conducting tests for VVC multi-layer features, and update the test plan accordingly. * Maintain the video sequence test material database for testing the VVC and HEVC standards and potential future extensions, as well as exploration activities. * Study coding performance and characteristics of available and proposed video test material. * Identify and recommend appropriate test material for testing the VVC standard and potential future extensions, as well as exploration activities. * Identify and characterize missing types of video material, solicit contributions, collect, and make available a variety of video sequence test material, in coordination with other AHGs, as appropriate. * Maintain and update the directory structure for the test sequence repository, as necessary. * Collect information about test sequences that have been made available by other organizations. * Prepare and conduct expert viewing for purposes of subjective quality evaluation. * Coordinate with AG 5 in studying and developing further methods of subjective quality evaluation, e.g. based on crowd sourcing, as well as studying objective metrics in that context. * Coordinate with AHG17 on investigating sequences and making arrangements for viewing at the next meeting. * Coordinate with AHG18 on investigating visual impact of data losses. * Prepare availability of viewing equipment and facilities arrangements for future meetings. | V. Baroncini, T. Suzuki, M. Wien (co-chairs), W. Husak, S. Iwamura, P. de Lagrange, S. Liu, X. Meng, S. Puri, A. Segall, S. Wenger (vice-chairs) | Y (tel., 2 weeks notice) on multi-layer testing |
| **Conformance testing (AHG5)**  ([jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de](mailto:jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de))   * Study CD of VVC conformance 3rd edition and suggest improvements to JVET-AK2028, as appropriate. * Study the draft conformance bitstreams for new HEVC multiview profiles in JVET-AI1008, and further develop related conformance bitstreams. * Coordinate with AHG3 on implementation of the new HEVC multiview profiles. * Study the requirements of VVC, HEVC, and AVC conformance testing to ensure interoperability. * Maintain and update the conformance bitstream database, and contribute to report problems, and suggest actions to resolve these. * Study additional testing methodologies to fulfil the needs for VVC conformance testing. | I. Moccagatta (chair), F. Bossen, T. Ikai, S. Iwamura, H.-J. Jhu, K. Kawamura, P. de Lagrange, S. Paluri, K. Sühring, Y. Yu (vice‑chairs) | N |
| **ECM software development (AHG6)**  ([jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de](mailto:jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de))   * Coordinate development of the ECM software and associated configuration files. * Produce documentation of software usage for distribution with the software. * Prepare and deliver ECM-17.0 software version (and potential updates), corresponding VTM anchor, and the reference configuration encodings according to the ECM common test conditions. * Investigate encoder speedup and other software optimization such as reduction of memory consumption. * Coordinate with ECM algorithm description editors to identify any mismatches between software and text, make further updates and cleanups to the software as appropriate. | V. Seregin (chair), J. Chen, R. Chernyak, F. Le Léannec, K. Zhang (vice-chairs) | N |
| **ECM tool assessment (AHG7)**  ([jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de](mailto:jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de))   * Investigate methodology of tool assessment, such as the aspects of memory access and bandwidth, number of maximum processing cycles, block decoding dependencies, number of context coded bins, pipeline and parallelization. * Coordinate with AHG6 on resolving tool-off test related software issues (missing tool controls and software bugs). * Prepare configuration files and generate bitstreams and results of tool-on/tool-off testing. * Prepare reporting of tool assessment results. * Coordinate with AHG17 to collect simulation results on non-CTC sequences (e.g., those used in previous verification tests), and identify a set of non-CTC sequences that would be appropriate for additional testing. * Develop methodology of more reliable runtime measurement. | X. Li (chair), L.-F. Chen, Z. Deng, J. Gan, E. François, R. Ishimoto, H.-J. Jhu, J. Lainema, X. Li, J. Pardo, A. Stein, H. Wang (vice‑chairs) | Y (tel., 2 weeks notice) |
| **Optimization of encoders and receiving systems for machine analysis of coded video content (AHG8)**  ([jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de](mailto:jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de))   * Solicit and study non-normative encoder and receiving systems technologies that enhance performance of machine analysis tasks on coded video content. * Identify and collect test materials that are suitable to be used by JVET for machine analysis tasks. * Discuss improvements on the evaluation framework, including evaluation procedures and methodologies. * Coordinate software development and experiments on optimization of encoders and receiving systems for machine analysis of coded video content, including combinations of proposed technologies. * Maintain the software implementation examples and develop tool combination examples in the repository, including sufficient documentation in terms of operation and performance. * Evaluate proposed technologies and their suitability for machine analysis applications. * Propose improvements to JVET-AL2030 on optimization of encoders and receiving systems for machine analysis of coded video content. * Study the potential of using SEI messages for the purpose of machine analysis in coordination with AHG9. * Investigate the impact of using different machine task models in the evaluation of the compression performance of tools optimized for machine analysis tasks. | S. Liu, J. Ström, S. Wang, M. Zhou (AHG chairs) | N |
| **SEI message studies (AHG9)**  ([jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de](mailto:jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de))   * Study the SEI messages in VSEI, VVC, HEVC and AVC. * Study JVET-AL1006, JVET-AL1017, JVET-AL2005, and JVET-AL2006, identify any issues and propose solutions as appropriate. * Study JVET-AL2032, and propose improvements. * Collect software and showcase information for SEI messages, including encoder and decoder implementations and bitstreams for demonstration and testing. * Identify potential needs for additional SEI messages. * Study SEI messages specified in HEVC and AVC for potential use in the VVC context and SEI messages in VSEI for potential use in the HEVC or AVC context. * Study the alignment of the same SEI messages in different standards. * Coordinate with AHG3 for software support of SEI messages for JM, HM, and VTM. | S. McCarthy, J. Boyce, Y.-K. Wang (co-chairs), T. Chujoh, S. Deshpande, M. M. Hannuksela, P. de Lagrange, G. J. Sullivan, H. Tan, A. Tourapis, S. Wenger, P. Wu (vice-chairs) | N |
| **Encoding algorithm optimization (AHG10)**  ([jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de](mailto:jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de))   * Study the impact of using techniques such as tool adaptation and configuration, and perceptually optimized adaptive quantization for encoder optimization. * Study the impact of non-normative techniques of preprocessing for the benefit of encoder optimization. * Study encoding techniques of optimization for objective quality metrics and their relationship to subjective quality. * Study optimized encoding for reference picture resampling and scalability modes in VTM, and coordinate with AHG4 on improving encoders and test settings for multi-layer verification testing. * Study optimized encoding and suitable test settings for noisy materials, such as sequences containing film grain. * Study optimized encoding and tool combinations for low latency and for low complexity. * Consider neural network-based encoding optimization technologies for video coding standards. * Investigate other methods of improving objective and/or subjective quality, including adaptive coding structures and multi-pass encoding. * Study methods of rate control and rate-distortion optimization and their impact on performance, subjective and objective quality. * Study the potential of defining default or alternate software configuration settings and test conditions optimized for either subjective quality, higher objective quality, or encoding with improved complexity/performance tradeoff, and coordinate such efforts with AHG3, AHG6, and AHG17. * Study the effect of varying configuration parameters depending on temporal layer, such as those related to deblocking, partitioning, chroma QP. | K. Andersson, P. de Lagrange, A. Duenas (co-chairs), T. Ikai, T. Solovyev, A. Tourapis (vice chairs) | N |
| **Neural network-based video coding (AHG11)**  ([jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de](mailto:jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de))   * Evaluate and quantify the performance improvement potential of NN-based video coding technologies compared to existing video coding standards such as VVC, including both individual coding tools, architectures and content adaptation with NN parameters overfitting. * Establish logistics of training data sets, including list, location and md5sums. Generate and distribute anchor encoding, and develop supporting software as needed. * Study potential improvements of the NNVC CTC document JVET-AJ2016. * Study the impact of training (including the impact of loss functions) on the performance of candidate technologies and identify suitable material for testing and training. * Analyse complexity characteristics for technologies under study, including transformers, perform complexity analysis, and develop complexity reductions of candidate technology. * Discuss and propose improved metrics to perform complexity analysis of NN architectures, in particular also investigate bit-exact reproducibility of NN-based methods on various platforms. * Finalize and discuss the EE on neural network-based video coding. * Promote the call for training materials, distribute it, and actively communicate with content owners. * Coordinate with other groups, including SC 29/AG 5 on the evaluation and assessment of visual quality, and AHG12 on the interaction with ECM coding tools. If possible, prepare encodings with combinations of tools included in the NNVC software for visual quality assessment at the next meeting. * Coordinate with AHG14 on items related to NNVC software development and development of an interface to NNVC software branch allowing to perform evaluation tests for end-to-end optimized AI coded reference pictures. | E. Alshina, F. Galpin, S. Liu, A. Segall (co-chairs), J. Li, Y. Li, R.-L. Liao, M. Santamaria, T. Shao, M. Wien, P. Wu (vice chairs) | Y (tel., 2 weeks notice), first on April 25, second on May 23 |
| **Enhanced compression beyond VVC capability (AHG12)**  ([jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de](mailto:jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de))   * Solicit and study non-neural-network video coding tools with enhanced compression capabilities beyond VVC. * Discuss and propose refinements to the ECM17 algorithm description JVET-AL2025. * Coordinate with AHG7 to study the performance and complexity tradeoff of these video coding tools. * Coordinate with AHG6 on ECM software development. * Support AHG6 in generating anchors according to the test conditions in JVET-AI2017. * Analyse the results of exploration experiments described in JVET-AL2024 in coordination with the EE coordinators. * Coordinate with AHG11 to study the interaction with neural network-based coding tools. | M. Karczewicz, Y. Ye, L. Zhang (co-chairs), B. Bross, R. Chernyak, X. Li, K. Naser, Y. Yu (vice-chairs) | N |
| **Film grain technologies (AHG13)**  ([jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de](mailto:jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de))   * Study the benefits and characteristics of film grain technologies, including autoregressive and frequency-filtering technologies. * Discuss and propose refinements to the draft of the TR 2nd ed. JVET-AL2020. * Study alternative film grain models and their associated documentation. * Discuss and enumerate updates, improvements, and additions for the second edition of the technical report. * In consultation with AHG4, study and define content characteristics and test conditions that are desirable for the study and testing of film grain technologies, and perform an assessment of newly available test materials in that regard. * Investigate metrics for measuring film grain fidelity in itself, or as present in a video. * Discuss the potential need for film grain conformance guidelines. * Given the study of desirable content characteristics, solicit or create new test material for further determining the operational characteristics of, testing, and developing any related technologies. * Study preprocessing and encoder technologies for determining values for FGC (Film Grain Characteristics) SEI message syntax elements. * Identify potential need for additional film grain technology and signalling, if needed. * Coordinate development of film grain technology software and configuration files. * Coordinate with AG 5 on improving the plan for subjective quality testing of the FGC SEI message JVET-AJ2022, and conduct preparations for such testing. * Coordinate with AHG3 for software support of the FGC SEI message. | W. Husak, P. de Lagrange (co-chairs), A. Duenas, X. Meng, M. Radosavljević, A. Segall, G. Teniou, A. Tourapis (vice-chairs) | Y (tel., 2 weeks notice) |
| **NNVC software development (AHG14)**  ([jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de](mailto:jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de))   * Coordinate development of the NNVC software and associated configuration files. * Prepare and deliver NNVC-13.0 software version (and potential updates), and provide reference configuration encodings according to the NNVC common test conditions as described in JVET-AJ2016. Study the impact of the addition of new dataset on the already integrated models. * Investigate and bridge coding performance of NNVC VTM anchor compared to the latest VTM version and/or VTM anchor in ECM software. * Investigate combinations of tools included in the NNVC software, prepare and release anchor data for all configurations of the software, including anchors for High and Low Operation Point (HOP/LOP) and Very Low Operation Point (VLOP) configurations. * Study and maintain the SADL (Small Adhoc Deep-Learning Library). Identify gaps in functionality and develop improvements as needed. * Coordinate with NNVC algorithm and software description (JVET-AL2019) editors to identify any mismatches between software and description document, suggest further updates to the description document as appropriate. * Coordinate with AHG11 on items related to NNVC software development, and development of an interface to NNVC software branch allowing to perform evaluation tests for end-to-end optimized AI coded reference pictures. | F. Galpin (chair), R. Chang, Yue Li, Yun Li, M. Santamaria, J. N. Shingala, Z. Xie (vice chairs) | Y (tel., 2 weeks notice), first on April 25, second on May 23 |
| **Gaming content compression (AHG15)**  ([jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de](mailto:jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de))   * Identify gaming content application scenarios and their requirements for codec operation. * Identify and characterize required types of content; solicit contributions, collect, and make a variety of gaming content available, in coordination with AHG4 and AG 5. * Produce VTM and ECM anchor encodings according to CTC JVET-AJ2027, and provide test results at the next meeting. * Develop and maintain interfaces for supporting use cases of camera parameters and depth maps in gaming applications, including mechanisms for efficient transporting these elements in the coded video bitstream. * Evaluate JVET test models (such as ECM, VTM, NNVC, etc.) under the proposed test conditions. * Investigate possibilities to enhance compression capability for gaming content. * Study conversion of depth maps using integer representation, and identifying efficient bit-depth resolution of depth maps to support identified use-cases that will be an input to compression. * Solicit contributions from industry on typical bitrate/quality/resolution used for gaming content compression. | S. Puri, J. Sauer (co-chairs), R. Chernyak, A. Duenas, L. Wang, V. Zakharchenko (vice chairs) | N |
| **Generative face video compression (AHG16)**  ([jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de](mailto:jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de))   * Maintain GFVC software tools, associated configuration files, and software usage documentation. * Study the extension of GFVC software capability to handle video content with higher resolutions. * Identify and study additional test content, including content with higher resolutions, suitable for use in GFVC performance evaluation. * Study GFVC performance under test conditions defined in JVET-AJ2035, as well as performance on additional test content, and wider bitrate ranges. * Coordinate with AHG9 on further development of the GFV and GFVE SEI messages in JVET-AL2006. | Y. Ye (chair), H.-B. Teo, Z. Lyu, S. McCarthy, S. Wang (vice chairs) | N |
| **Testing of video coding technology beyond CTC (AHG17)**  ([jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de](mailto:jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de))   * Finalize the draft CfE JVET-AL2026. * Prepare encoded bitstreams for the test sequences and encoder configurations defined in the draft CfE . * Make preparations for subjective viewing in dry-run of CfE at the next meeting. | J.-R. Ohm, M. Wien (co-chairs), M. Abdoli, E. Alshina, V. Baroncini, J. Chen, R. Chernyak, Z. Deng, P. de Lagrange, L. Li, D. Rusanovskyy (vice chairs) | Y   * tel., 2 weeks notice, first on April 15, 14 UTC |
| **Ultra-low latency and packet loss resilience (AHG18)**  ([jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de](mailto:jvet@lists.rwth-aachen.de))   * Investigate and identify test conditions, evaluation criteria and evaluation methodology, supporting a set of end-to-end latency targets in a range of 25-100 ms. * Investigate creation of practical simulation software based on VTM, including network transmission aspects, and conduct performance evaluation. * Identify potential requirements and feasibility of standard based technologies to support ultra-low delay requirements, including packet loss resilient decoding. * Investigate packet loss resilient technologies beyond VVC supporting ultra-low delay coding for interactive and live broadcasting scenarios. * Coordinate with AHG4 on investigating visual impact of data losses. | S. Ikonin, S. Wenger, V. Zakharchenko (co-chairs), S. Deshpande, S. Fößel, C. Kim, X. Ma, S. Puri, J. Ström (vice-chairs) | Y (tel., 2 weeks notice) |

It was confirmed that the rules which can be found in document ISO/IEC JTC 1/‌SC 29/‌AG 2 [N 046](https://www.mpegstandards.org/wp-content/uploads/2022/01/ISO-IECJTC1-SC29-AG2_N0046_AhG.pdf) “Ad hoc group rules for MPEG AGs and WGs” (available at <https://www.mpegstandards.org/adhoc/>), are consistent with the operation mode of JVET AHGs. It is pointed out that JVET does not maintain separate AHG reflectors, such that any JVET member is implicitly a member of any AHG. This shall be mentioned in the related WG Recommendations. The list above was also issued as a separate WG 5 document (ISO/IEC JTC 1/‌SC 29/‌WG 5 N 357) in order to make it easy to reference.

# Output documents (update)

The following documents were agreed to be produced or endorsed as outputs of the meeting. Names recorded below indicate the editors responsible for the document production. Where applicable, dates of planned finalization and corresponding parent-body document numbers are also noted.

It was reminded that in cases where the JVET document is also made available as a WG 5 output document, a separate version under the WG 5 document header should be generated. This version should be sent to GJS and JRO for upload.

The list of JVET ad hoc groups was also issued as a WG 5 output document WG 5 N 357, as noted in section 9.

[JVET-AL1000](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15673) Meeting Report of the 38th JVET Meeting [J.-R. Ohm] [WG 5 N 344] (2025-05-02)

Initial versions of the meeting notes (d0 … d9) were made available on a daily basis during the meeting.

Remains valid – not updated: [JVET-AC1001](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=12566) Guidelines for HM-based software development [K. Sühring, F. Bossen, X. Li (software coordinators)]

Remains valid – not updated: [JVET-Y1002](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=11463) High Efficiency Video Coding (HEVC) Test Model 16 (HM 16) Encoder Description Update 16 [C. Rosewarne (primary editor), K. Sharman, R. Sjöberg, G. J. Sullivan (co-editors)] [WG 5 [N 103](https://dms.mpeg.expert/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=82085&id_meeting=189)]

Remains valid – not updated: [JVET-AH1003](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=14259) Coding-independent code points for video signal type identification (Draft 3) [G. J. Sullivan, A. Tourapis]

Primary editor: G. J. Sullivan.

[JVET-AL1004](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15674) Errata report items for VVC, VSEI, HEVC, AVC, and Video CICP [Y.-K. Wang, B. Bross, I. Moccagatta, C. Rosewarne, G. J. Sullivan] (2025-05-31, near next meeting)

Primary editor: Y.-K. Wang.

This includes changes from new bug tickets, some items removed that are resolved and include elements from JVET-AL0317.

Remains valid – not updated: [JVET-AH1005](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=14261) Technology under consideration for future editions of CICP [E. Thomas, A. Tourapis] [WG 5 N 289)]

From new activities and contributions kept for further study, updates expected in future meetings.

[JVET-AL1006](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15675) HEVC additional profiles and SEI messages (Draft 3) [Y.-K. Wang, B. Bross, S. Deshpande, G. J. Sullivan, A. Tourapis] [WG 5 DAM N 349)] (2025-04-18)

Primary editor: Y.-K. Wang.

A DoC WG 5 N 348 on the CDAM was reviewed and approved on Friday 04 April at 0550-0600.

Changes agreed at this meeting:

* JVET-AL0059 AHG9: Inclusion of the packed regions information SEI message in HEVC
* JVET-AL0061 AHG 9: Encoder optimization information for AVC and HEVC
* JVET-AL0062 AHG 9: AI usage restrictions SEI message for AVC and HEVC
* JVET-AL0148 AHG9: Generative face video and generative face video enhancement SEI messages for HEVC and AVC
* JVET-AL0210 AHG9: On SEI processing order SEI message for HEVC and AVC
* JVET-AL0223 Corrections and clarifications for profile-related aspects of the draft text of HEVC
* JVET-AL0339 Merged text of JVET-AL0086 and JVET-AL0204 for the FGC SEI message

It is noted that the list above may not be complete; if some adoption is missing that is recorded somewhere else in the meeting notes it shall also be considered included.

Remains valid – not updated: [JCTVC-V1007](https://mpeg.expert/jct/files/JCTVC-V1007-v1.zip) SHVC Test Model 11 (SHM 11) Introduction and Encoder Description [G. Barroux, J. Boyce, J. Chen, M. M. Hannuksela, Y. Ye] [WG 11 N 15778]

Remains valid – not updated: [JVET-AI1008](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=14609) Conformance testing for HEVC multiview extended and monochrome profiles [I. Moccagatta, S. Paluri, A. Tourapis, Y.-K. Wang]

Y.-K. Wang to be replaced by T. Fu in the next version.

Remains valid – not updated: [JVET-AC1009](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=12569) Common test conditions for SHVC [K. Sühring]

Links to test sequences need to be updated due to the change of the content server.

Remains valid – not updated: [JCTVC-O1010](https://mpeg.expert/jct/files/JCTVC-O1010-v1.zip) Guidelines for Conformance Testing Bitstream Preparation [T. Suzuki, W. Wan]

Remains valid – not updated: [JVET-AJ1011](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=14991) White paper on HEVC [B. Bross, J.-R. Ohm, G. J. Sullivan, Y.-K. Wang] [AG 3 N 174]

Remains valid – not updated: JVET-[AJ1012](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=14992) Overview of IT systems used in JVET [J.-R. Ohm, I. Moccagatta, K. Sühring, M. Wien]

Update of bug tracking system description expected in next meeting.

Remains valid – not updated: [JCT3V-G1003](https://mpeg.expert/jct3v/files/JCT3V-G1003-v2.zip) 3D-AVC Test Model 9 [D. Rusanovskyy, F. C. Chen, L. Zhang, T. Suzuki] [WG 11 N 14239]

Remains valid – not updated: [JCT3V-K1003](https://mpeg.expert/jct3v/files/JCT3V-K1003-v1.zip) Test Model 11 of 3D-HEVC and MV-HEVC [Y. Chen, G. Tech, K. Wegner, S. Yea] [WG 11 N 15141]

Remains valid – not updated: [JVET-AE1013](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=13268) Common test conditions of 3DV experiments [K. Sühring, M. Wien]

Links to test sequences need to be updated due to the change of the content server.

Remains valid – not updated [JCTVC-V1014](https://mpeg.expert/jct/files/JCTVC-V1014-v1.zip) Screen Content Coding Test Model 7 Encoder Description (SCM 7) [R. Joshi, J. Xu, R. Cohen, S. Liu, Y. Ye] [WG 11 N 16049]

Remains valid – not updated: [JVET-AC1015](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=12571) Common test conditions for SCM-based screen content coding [K. Sühring]

Links to test sequences need to be updated due to the change of the content server.

Remains valid – not updated: [JVET-AH1016](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=14264) AVC with extensions and corrections (draft 3) [B. Bross, T. Ikai, G. J. Sullivan, A. Tourapis, Y.-K. Wang]

Primary editor: B. Bross.

[JVET-AL1017](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15676) Support for additional SEI messages in AVC (Draft 2) [B. Bross, J. Boyce, G. J. Sullivan, Y.-K. Wang] [WG 5 CDAM N 345] (2025-04-18)

Primary editor: B. Bross

Changes agreed at this meeting:

* JVET-AL0061 AHG 9: Encoder optimization information for AVC and HEVC
* JVET-AL0062 AHG 9: AI usage restrictions SEI message for AVC and HEVC
* JVET-AL0148 AHG9: Generative face video and generative face video enhancement SEI messages for HEVC and AVC
* JVET-AL0210 AHG9: On SEI processing order SEI message for HEVC and AVC

Resolved bug fixes carried over from JVET-AK1004 were also to be included.

It is noted that the list above may not be complete; if some adoption is missing that is recorded somewhere else in the meeting notes it shall also be considered included.

[JVET-AM1018](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15677) HEVC with extensions and corrections (Draft 1) [G. J. Sullivan, Y.-K. Wang] (2025-06-15)

Primary editor: Y.-K. Wang.

To prepare the next edition of H.265 – developed from JVET-AL0223, in particular regarding the editorial updates on profiles. Other changes made in the differential text JVET-AL1006 (e.g., new SEI messages) not yet included. (include them in draft 2)

No output: JVET-Axx1019 through JVET-Axx1099

Remains valid – not updated [JVET-AA1100](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=11944) Common Test Conditions for HM Video Coding Experiments [K. Sühring, K. Sharman]

This specifies only the CTC for non-4:2:0 colour formats. The corresponding document for VVC is JVET-T2013, with no unification yet.

Links to test sequences need to be updated due to the change of the content server.

No output: JVET-Axx2001

Remains valid – not updated: [JVET-AH2002](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=14265) Algorithm description for Versatile Video Coding and Test Model 22 (VTM 22) [Y. Ye, A. Browne, S. Kim] [WG 5 N 284]

Primary editor: Y. Ye.

New elements from notes elsewhere in this report (kept for future use):

* …

It is noted that the list above may not be complete; if some adoption is missing that is recorded somewhere else in the meeting notes it shall also be considered included.

It was suggested that editorial improvements submitted as input to the next meeting would be welcome.

Remains valid – not updated: [JVET-AJ2003](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=14993) Guidelines for VTM-based software development [F. Bossen, X. Li, K. Sühring]

Remains valid – not updated: [JVET-T2004](http://phenix.it-sudparis.eu/jvet/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=10542) Algorithm descriptions of projection format conversion and video quality metrics in 360Lib (Version 12) [Y. Ye, J. Boyce]

[JVET-AL2005](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15678) Additions and corrections for VVC version 4 (Draft 12) [G. J. Sullivan, B. Bross, M. M. Hannuksela, Y.-K. Wang] [WG 5 DAM N 351)] (2025-04-18)

A DoC WG 5 N 350 on the CDAM was reviewed and approved on Friday 04 April at 0505-0520.

Changes agreed at this meeting:

* JVET-AL0056 AHG9: On the encoder optimization information SEI message
* JVET-AL0123 AHG9: On the encoder optimization information (EOI) SEI message
* JVET-AL0117 AHG9: On association of NAL units to DSC verification substreams
* JVET-AL0324 (incl. aspects of JVET-AL0072, JVET-AL0098, JVET-AL0120, JVET-AL0122, JVET-AL0129, JVET-AL0303) AHG9: A summary of proposals on the PRI SEI message
* JVET-AL0130 AHG9: Source picture timing for interlaced video with SPTI SEI message
* JVET-AL0339 Merged text of JVET-AL0086 and JVET-AL0204 for the FGC SEI message

It is noted that the list above may not be complete; if some adoption is missing that is recorded somewhere else in the meeting notes it shall also be considered included.

Primary editor: G. J. Sullivan.

[JVET-AL2006](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15679) Additional SEI messages for VSEI version 4 (Draft 6) [J. Boyce, J. Chen, S. Deshpande, M. M. Hannuksela, S. McCarthy, G. J. Sullivan, H. Tan, Y.-K. Wang] [WG 5 DAM N 347)] (2025-04-18)

A DoC WG 5 N 346 on the CDAM was reviewed and approved on Friday 04 April at 0520-0550.

Changes agreed at this meeting:

* SPO
  + JVET-AL0063 AHG9: On SPO SEI message
  + JVET-AL0064 AHG9: On the SPO SEI message complexity signalling
  + JVET-AL0208 AHG9: On SPO root-process signalling constraint
* NNPF
  + JVET-AL0075 AHG9: On nnpfa\_num\_input\_pic\_shift
  + JVET-AL0096 AHG9: On signalling of extension syntax elements in NNPFA SEI message
* EOI
  + JVET-AL0056 AHG0: On the encoder optimization information SEI message
  + JVET-AL0123 AHG9: On the encoder optimization information (EOI) SEI message
  + JVET-AL0310 On signalling of resampling type for EOI SEI message
* OMI
  + JVET-AL0066 AHG9: Lossy compression with Object mask info SEI
  + JVET-AL0067 AHG9: On the OMI SEI
  + JVET-AL0071 AHG9: On OMI SEI message
* GFV
  + JVET-AL0155 AHG9: Further fixes and cleanup on GFV and GFVE SEI messages
* DSC
  + JVET-AL0078 AHG9: On Digital Signing
  + JVET-AL0103 AHG9: Editorial changes for the three DSC SEI messages
  + JVET-AL0117 AHG9: On association of NAL units to DSC verification substreams
  + JVET-AL0118 AHG9: Miscellaneous changes for the three DSC SEI messages
  + JVET-AL0222 AHG9: On Digitally Signed Content SEI messages
  + JVET-AL0327 AHG9: Handling of multiple DSC systems
* PRI
  + JVET-AL0070 AHG9: On packed regions information SEI message
  + JVET-AL0324 (incl. aspects of JVET-AL0072, JVET-AL0098, JVET-AL0120, JVET-AL0122, JVET-AL0129, JVET-AL0303) AHG9: A summary of proposals on the PRI SEI message
* IFM
  + JVET-AL0068 AHG9: On image format metadata (IFM) SEI
  + JVET-AL0094 AHG9: On payload length of image format metadata (IFM) SEI
  + JVET-AL0128 AHG9: On image format metadata SEI message
* AUR
  + JVET-AL0058 AHG9: On the AI usage restrictions SEI message
* TDI
  + JVET-AL0077 AHG9: On the text description information SEI message
* SPTI
  + JVET-AL0130 AHG9: Source picture timing for interlaced video with SPTI SEI message
* FGC
  + JVET-AL0339 AHG9: Merged text of JVET-AL0086 and JVET-AL0204 for the FGC SEI message
* Multiple
  + JVET-AL0132 AHG9: Editorial updates for VSEI v4
  + JVET-AL0131 AHG9: Proposed changes for miscellaneous aspects of SEIs in VSEI v4
  + JVET-AL0249 AHG9: Proposed modifications to VSEI to address national body comments
  + JVET-AL0301 AHG9: VSEI specification changes to reference the 3rd edition of video CICP

It is noted that the list above may not be complete; if some adoption is missing that is recorded somewhere else in the meeting notes it shall also be considered included.

Primary editor: J. Boyce.

Remains valid – not updated: [JVET-AJ2007](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=14996) Guidelines for NNVC software development [F. Galpin, S. Eadie, L. Wang, Z. Xie, Y. Li]

Remains valid – not updated: [JVET-X2008](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=11228) Conformance testing for versatile video coding (Draft 7) [J. Boyce, F. Bossen, K. Kawamura, I. Moccagatta, W. Wan]

The document number was planned to be re-used for a 3rd edition in ITU , once that is submitted to ITU-T (could be in October 2025).

Remains valid – not updated: [JVET-AJ2009](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=14997) Reference software for versatile video coding 2nd edition (Draft 2) [F. Bossen, K. Sühring, X. Li] [WG 5 DIS N 322)]

Software relating to H.266.2 and ISO/IEC 23090-16 can be found at <https://vcgit.hhi.fraunhofer.de/jvet/VVCSoftware_VTM/-/tree/2nd-edition>.

Primary editor: F. Bossen.

[JVET-AL2010](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15680) VTM and HM common test conditions and software reference configurations for SDR 4:2:0 10 bit video [F. Bossen, X. Li, V. Seregin, K. Sharman, K. Sühring] (2025-04-18)

Add alternative configuration from JVET-AL0055 and clarification about intra picture period (see discussion under JVET-AL0114). Also links to test sequences are updated due to the change of the content server.

Remains valid – not updated: [JVET-AC2011](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=12575) VTM and HM common test conditions and evaluation procedures for HDR/WCG video [A. Segall, E. François, W. Husak, S. Iwamura, D. Rusanovskyy]

Links to test sequences need to be updated due to the change of the content server.

Remains valid – not updated: [JVET-U2012](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=10681) JVET common test conditions and evaluation procedures for 360° video [Y. He, J. Boyce, K. Choi, J.-L. Lin]

Links to test sequences need to be updated due to the change of the content server.

Remains valid – not updated: [JVET-T2013](http://phenix.it-sudparis.eu/jvet/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=10546) VTM common test conditions and software reference configurations for non-4:2:0 colour formats [Y.-H. Chao, Y.-C. Sun, J. Xu, X. Xu]

Links to test sequences need to be updated due to the change of the content server.

Remains valid – not updated: [JVET-Q2014](http://phenix.it-sudparis.eu/jvet/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=9683) JVET common test conditions and software reference configurations for lossless, near lossless, and mixed lossy/lossless coding [T.-C. Ma, A. Nalci, T. Nguyen]

Links to test sequences need to be updated due to the change of the content server.

Remains valid – not updated: [JVET-Q2015](http://phenix.it-sudparis.eu/jvet/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=9684) JVET functionality confirmation test conditions for reference picture resampling [J. Luo, V. Seregin]

Links to test sequences need to be updated due to the change of the content server.

Remains valid – not updated: [JVET-AJ2016](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=14998) Common test conditions and evaluation procedures for neural network-based video coding technology [E. Alshina, F. Galpin, R.-L. Liao, S. Liu, A. Segall]

Remains valid – not updated: [JVET-AI2017](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=14615) Common test conditions and evaluation procedures for enhanced compression tool testing [M. Karczewicz, Y. Ye]

Links to test sequences need to be updated due to the change of the content server.

Remains valid – not updated: [JVET-AA2018](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=11949) Common test conditions for high bit depth and high bit rate video coding [A. Browne, T. Ikai, D. Rusanovskyy, X. Xiu, Y. Yu]

Links to test sequences need to be updated due to the change of the content server.

[JVET-AL2019](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15681) Description of algorithms version 11 and software version 13 in neural network-based video coding (NNVC) [F. Galpin, Yue Li, Yun Li, D. Rusanovskyy, T. Shao, J. Ström, L. Wang] (2025-06-15)

New elements in text and software from notes elsewhere in this report:

* Decision: Adopt the architecture from JVET-AL0084, using the model parameters from cross-check JVET-AL0246. It was also requested to double-check the correctness of the LOP diagram to be used in JVET-AL2019.
* Decision: Adopt JVET-AL0169. Training script also should be submitted with the merge request.

It is noted that the list above may not be complete; if some adoption is missing that is recorded somewhere else in the meeting notes it shall also be considered included.

[JVET-AL2020](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15682) Film grain synthesis technology for video applications ed. 2 (Draft 3) [W. Husak, P. de Lagrange, A. Norkin, A. Tourapis] (2025-06-15)

Draft 1 (the output of the last meeting) was submitted for ITU approval, only containing necessary bug fixes and clarifications on top of the TR already approved in ISO/IEC. This means that currently the ITU and ISO versions are slightly diverging. JVET-AK2020 contains some paragraphs only relevant for v2 of ISO (as those are already included in v1 of ITU), and other paragraphs adding additional aspects that would be relevant for v2 of both ISO and ITU. It is expected that by the time of finalization of v2, alignment of the twin text can be reached.

New elements from JVET-AL0282.

Remains valid – not updated: [JVET-AJ2021](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15001) Verification test plan for VVC multilayer coding (update 5) [O. Chubach, P. de Lagrange, M. Wien]

Remains valid – not updated: [JVET-AJ2022](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15002) Plan for subjective quality testing of the FGC SEI message (update 4) [P. de Lagrange, W. Husak, M. Radosavljević, M. Wien]

[JVET-AL2023](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15671) Exploration experiment on neural network-based video coding (EE1) [E. Alshina, R. Chang, F. Galpin, Yue Li, Yun Li, M. Santamaria, T. Shao, J. Ström, Z. Xie (EE coordinators)] (2025-04-18)

An initial draft of this document was reviewed and approved at 0855-0910 on Friday 04 Apr.

This round of EE1 tests includes:

* *EE1-1: LOP in-loop filter* 
  + EE1-1.1 – Sample-based adaptive blending weight selection for LOP
  + EE1-1.2 – Over-Parameterized LOP In-Loop Filter
  + EE1-1.3 – Backbone Block Enhancement of LOP In-Loop Filter with Over-Parameterized Training and Variable Channels
  + EE1-1.4 – Conditional loop-filter
* *EE1-2: VLOP in-loop filter* 
  + EE1-2.1 – Improved VLOP with Attention
  + EE1-2.2 – Conditional loop-filter
* *EE1-3: NN-inter prediction*
  + EE1-3.1 – RA/LDB Unified Reference Frame Synthesis for VVC Inter Coding
  + EE1-3.2 – Deep Reference Frame Generation for Inter Prediction Enhancement
* *EE1-4: NN-based super-resolution*
  + EE1-4.1 – Cross-component enhanced NNSR

[JVET-AL2024](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15672) Exploration experiment on enhanced compression beyond VVC capability (EE2) [V. Seregin, D. Bugdayci Sansli, J. Chen, R. Chernyak, K. Naser, J. Ström, F. Wang, M. Winken, X. Xiu, K. Zhang (EE coordinators)] (2025-05-02)

An initial draft of this document was reviewed and approved at 1300-1310 on Friday 04 Apr.

This round of EE2 tests will include:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **1 Intra prediction** | |
| 1.1 | TIMD fusion with neural network based intra prediction |
| 1.2a | TIMD fusion with block vector based prediction |
| 1.2b | BV merge list improvement |
| 1.2c | Test 1.2a + Test 1.2b |
| 1.3 | IntraTMP template type adaptation |
| 1.4 | Test 1.2c + Test 1.3 |
| 1.5 | Test 1.1 + Test 1.4 |
| 1.6a | Intra merge mode |
| 1.6b | Intra merge mode using another adjacency map. |
| 1.7a | Block prediction with cubic interpolation filter in TIMD |
| 1.7b | Template prediction with 6-tap interpolation filter in TIMD |
| 1.7c | Test 1.7a + Test 1.7b |
| 1.8 | Harmonization of SGPM-BV and LIC |
| 1.9 | Block vector-based intra mode derivation |
| 1.10a | Matrix-based position dependent intra prediction for GPM |
| 1.10b | Matrix-based position dependent intra prediction for CIIP |
| 1.10c | Matrix-based position dependent intra prediction for GPM/CIIP |
| 1.10d | Extension to regression GPM |
| **2 Inter prediction** | |
| 2.1a | Chained candidates in AMVP list |
| 2.1b | Chained candidates in AMVP and merge lists |
| 2.2a | Regression-based GPM intra-inter blending weights derivation in original domain |
| 2.2b | Regression-based GPM intra-inter blending weights derivation in LMCS domain |
| 2.3 | Affine bilateral matching merge mode |
| **3 Transform and coefficients coding** | |
| 3.1a | Predictive transform coefficient coding |
| 3.1b | Test 3.1a on very high bitrate (QP 2, 7, 12, 17) |
| 3.2 | Directional sign prediction |
| 3.3 | Third transform set selection for IntraNN |
| 3.4a | Reduced zero-out for NSPT kernels |
| 3.4b | Decreased number of NSPT kernels |
| 3.4c | Test 3.4a + Test 3.4b |
| 3.5 | Test 3.3 + Test 3.4 |
| 3.6a | Modified binarization of bypass-coded TSRC |
| 3.6b | Modified priority of sig\_coeff\_flag context coding in TSRC |
| 3.6c | Test 3.6b with relaxed budget constraint |
| 3.6d | ECM anchor with no budget restraint |
| **4 In-loop filtering** | |
| 4.1 | TALF with reconstructed samples |
| 4.2 | Reuse of ALF control information |
| 4.3 | On ALF-CCCM |
| 4.4 | NN-ILF integration with ALF |
| 4.5 | Improvement of the NN ILF in ALF |

[JVET-AL2025](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15683) Algorithm description of Enhanced Compression Model 17 (ECM 17) [M. Coban, R.-L. Liao, K. Naser, J. Ström, L. Zhang] (2025-06-15)

New elements from notes elsewhere in this report:

*Partitioning*

* Decision: Adopt JVET-AL0143 test 1.1.c

*Intra prediction*

* Decision: Adopt JVET-AL0206 test 2.9
* Decision: Adopt JVET-AL0191 test 2.2d
* Decision: Adopt JVET-AL0126 test 2.3
* Decision: Adopt JVET-AL0188 test 2.5
* Decision: Adopt JVET-AL0125 Test 2.6c
* Decision: Adopt JVET-AL0108 Test 2.7

*Inter prediction*

* Decision: Adopt JVET-AL0160 test 3.1
* Decision: Adopt JVET-AL0157 test 3.3e
* Decision: Adopt JVET-AL0134 test 3.4a
* Decision: Adopt JVET-AL0079 test 3.5
* Decision: Adopt JVET-AL0214 test 3.6
* Decision: Adopt JVET-AL0161 test 3.7b
* Decision: Adopt JVET-AL0162 test 3.8a
* Decision: Adopt JVET-AL0081 test 3.9

*Transform and coefficient coding*

* Decision: Adopt JVET-AL0181 test 4.1
* Decision: Adopt JVET-AL0215 test 4.4c

*In-loop filtering*

* Decision: Adopt JVET-AL0153 test 5.1
* Decision: Adopt JVET-AL0142 test 5.2
* Decision: Adopt JVET-AL0135 test 5.3b
* Decision: Adopt JVET-AL0182 (TALF reference picture extensions)
* Decision(SW): Adopt JVET-AL0228 (NNLF interface) to ECM. Shall be disabled by default (via macro, or establishing a separate branch). Also include description of interface in JVET-AL2025.

It is noted that the list above may not be complete; if some adoption is missing that is recorded somewhere else in the meeting notes it shall also be considered included.

[**JVET-AL2026**](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15684)**Draft Joint Call for Evidence on video compression with capability beyond VVC [J.-R. Ohm, M. Wien] [WG 5 N 355] (2025-04-15)**

Developed from JVET-AL0047v5 and JVET-AL0338, to be finalized in AHG17 telco (April 15).

Remains valid – not updated: [JVET-AJ2027](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15005) Common test conditions for gaming applications [J. Sauer, R. Chernyak, S. Puri, S. Thiebaud]

Remains valid: [JVET-AL2028](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15685) Additions and corrections for VVC conformance (draft 1) [S. Iwamura, P. de Lagrange, I. Moccagatta] (2025-05-02)

This is a delta change document, some aspects related to bitstream corrections and editorial notes to be removed. For CD, WG 5 N 352 to be issued integrating these new bitstreams in ISO style, and deliver the corrected and bitstreams together with the valid old bitstreams as an attachment (preferentially mid to end of June to have CD ballot results in October). The ISO secretariat needs to be informed to create a URL for the conformance bitstreams. This is formally not necessary for the CD ballot which could point to the ftp site that is used for conformance development, but might be useful to be requested as early as possible to later speed up the delivery of the DIS.

WG 5 DIS and DoCR

Remains valid – not updated: [JVET-AH2029](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=14274) Visual quality comparison of ECM/VTM encoding [V. Baroncini, J.-R. Ohm, M. Wien] [AG 5 N 118]

[JVET-AL2030](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15686) Optimization of encoders and receiving systems for machine analysis of coded video content (Draft 9) [S. Liu, J. Chen, J. Ström] [WG 5 DTR N 354] (2025-05-02)

Primary editor: S. Liu.

A DoC WG 5 N 353 on the CDTR was reviewed and approved on Friday 04 April at 0600-0615.

Request for public availability to be done when ITU-T version is submitted.

The ISO secretariat needs to be informed to create a URL for the software, and the software attachment needs to be prepared and submitted. This shall include software supporting all combinations that are indicated as relevant in the list.

New elements from notes elsewhere in this report:

* Updates in table for tool combinations, see notes under JVET-AL0152

It is noted that the list above may not be complete; if some adoption is missing that is recorded somewhere else in the meeting notes it shall also be considered included.

Remains valid – not updated: [JVET-AI2031](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=14623) Common test conditions for optimization of encoders and receiving systems for machine analysis of coded video content [S. Liu, C. Hollmann]

[JVET-AL2032](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15687) Technologies under consideration for future extensions of VSEI (version 8) [S. McCarthy, J. Boyce, J. Chen, S. Deshpande, M. M. Hannuksela, H. Tan, Y.-K. Wang] (2025-05-16)

New elements from notes elsewhere in this report:

* FGC
  + JVET-AL0211 AHG9: Resolution nesting for FGC SEI message
* SPO
  + JVET-AL0064 AHG9: On the SPO SEI message complexity signalling
* EOI
  + JVET-AL0221 AHG9: EOI SEI message with luma range adaptation for machine analysis
* DSC
  + JVET-AL0186 AHG9: Subpicture support for digitally signed content SEI messages
* Multiple
  + JVET-AL0308 AHG9: On layer ID syntax elements in VSEI TuC
  + JVET-AL0093 AHG 9: On value range for syntax elements coded as u(v)
* NNPF
  + JVET-AL0175 AHG9: On Target Mastering Colour Volume Information in the NNPFC SEI message for Tone Mapping
  + JVET-AL0209 AHG9: On providing robustness against layer dropping in multi-layer NNPF
* CR
  + JVET-AL0095 AHG 9: On constituent rectangles SEI message
  + JVET-AL0139 AHG9: On multilayer support for CR SEI
* DR
  + JVET-AL0097 AHG 9: Gaussian blur filling method in display rectangles SEI message
  + JVET-AL0099 AHG9: On design of display rectangles SEI message
  + JVET-AL0138 VVC interface for Display Rectangles SEI
  + JVET-AL0141 AHG9: Showcase on the implementation of display rectangles SEI
* MPI
  + JVET-AL0091 AHG9: On the multiplane image information (MPII) SEI message
* LOC
  + JVET-AL0216 [AHG9] Lens Optical Correction SEI – floating point parameters representation
* ECFI
  + JVET-AL0302 Updates of the enhanced colour format information SEI message
* New
  + JVET-AL0127 AHG9: Danmu information SEI message
  + JVET-AL0219 AHG9: Colour mapping information SEI

It is noted that the list above may not be complete; if some adoption is missing that is recorded somewhere else in the meeting notes it shall also be considered included.

It was agreed that MPI is not further changed, and will be removed upon completion of a corresponding MIV profile.

Remains valid – not updated: [JVET-AF2033](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=13593) Report of verification test on VVC multi-layer coding: Content layering [S. Iwamura, P. de Lagrange, M. Wien] [AG 5 N 105)]

Remains valid – not updated: [JVET-AI2034](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=14624) Call for new HDR materials for future video coding development [E. François, W. Husak, S. Iwamura, D. Rusanovskyy, A. Segall, M. Wien] [WG 5 N 312)]

Remains valid – not updated: [JVET-AJ2035](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15008) Test conditions and evaluation procedures for generative face video coding [S. McCarthy, B. Chen]

Remains valid – not updated: [JVET-AG2036](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=13921) Call for training materials for neural network-based video coding tool development [E. Alshina, F. Galpin, S. Liu, M. Wien] [WG 5 N 266)]

Remains valid – not updated: [JVET-AJ2037](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15009) Report on subjective quality testing of the FGC SEI message (AG 5 N 140) [P. de Lagrange, W. Husak, M. Wien] [AG 5 N 140)] (2024-12-31)

Remains valid – not updated: [JVET-AK2038](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=15344) Draft white paper on VSEI [J. Boyce, S. McCarthy, S. Deshpande, G. J. Sullivan, Y. Sanchez, Y.-K. Wang] (2025-03-21)

Planned to be presented to AG 3 in the next meeting (with possible editorial improvements), and target to release the final version by October.

# Future meeting plans, expressions of thanks, a.o.b., and closing of the meeting

The draft of the WG 5 recommendations (see Annex C) was reviewed and approved in JVET at XXXX-XXXX on Friday 4 July.

Future meeting plans were established with the following general guidelines (assuming face-to-face meetings):

* Meeting under ITU-T SG21 auspices when it meets (ordinarily starting meetings on the Tuesday or Wednesday of the first week and closing it on the Wednesday of the second week of the SG21 meeting – a total of 8-9 meeting days), and
* Otherwise meeting under ISO/IEC JTC 1/‌SC 29 auspices when its MPEG WGs meet (ordinarily starting meetings on the Thursday or Friday prior to the main week of such meetings and closing it on the same day as other MPEG WGs – a total of 8–9 meeting days).

In cases where an exceptionally high workload is expected for a meeting, an earlier starting date may be defined, or AHG meetings might be scheduled prior to the meeting. In cases of online meetings, no sessions should be held on weekend days, such that meetings would typically start two days earlier.

Some specific future meeting plans (to be confirmed) were established as follows:

* During 3 – 12 October 2025, 40th meeting under ITU-T SG21 auspices in Geneva, CH, to be conducted as hybrid meeting (starting Friday 3 Oct. afternoon for opening and AHG reports only; an AHG meeting might start 1-2 days earlier to prepare CfE viewing),
* During 14 – 23 January 2026, 41st meeting under ISO/IEC JTC 1/‌SC 29 auspices, to be conducted as teleconference meeting,
* During 24 April – 1 May 2026, 42nd meeting under ISO/IEC JTC 1/‌SC 29 auspices in Santa Eulària, ES, to be conducted as hybrid meeting,
* During 7 – 15 July 2026, 43rd meeting under ITU-T SG21 auspices in Geneva, CH, to be conducted as hybrid meeting,
* During 14 – 23 October 2026, 44th meeting under ISO/IEC JTC 1/‌SC 29 auspices in Hangzhou, CN, to be conducted as hybrid meeting,
* During January 2027, 45th meeting under ISO/IEC JTC 1/‌SC 29 auspices, date and location t.b.d.
* During April 2027, 46th meeting under ITU-T SG21 auspices, date and location t.b.d.
* During July 2027, 47th meeting under ISO/IEC JTC 1/‌SC 29 auspices, date and location t.b.d.

The agreed document deadline for the 40th JVET meeting was planned to be Friday 26 Sept. 2025.

Huawei, NERC-DTV, TCL, vivo, and Xiaomi were thanked for offering test material that could be used in the development of video coding standards.

Marius Preda was thanked for the service of managing and assistance in maintaining the document site jvet-experts.org. Institut Mines-Télécom was thanked for hosting the site.

It was remarked by the chair that the meeting time of this teleconference meeting was not sufficient to review all contributions in sufficient detail (e.g., in categories 4.17, 4.18, and 5.2.4 some categories could not be reviewed and discussed in the detail they might have deserved). Also, priorities needed to be set, and 4 contributions (JVET-AL0333, JVET-AL0334, JVET-AL0335, and JVET-AL0341) which were submitted very late as new proposals could not be reviewed. These were deferred to the next meeting.

The 39th JVET meeting was closed at approximately XXXX hours KST on Friday 04 July 2025.

# Annex A to JVET report: List of documents

Dates and times in the table below are in Paris/Geneva time (1 hr. ahead of UTC before 30 March, 2 hrs. afterwards). It is noted that, if title or authorship of a document deviates from the title or author list in the body of the report, the list of documents in this annex contains the correct title and authors.

# Annex B1 to JVET report: List of meeting participants attending in person

The participants who were personally present at the meeting site of the thirty-ninth meeting of the JVET, according to a sign-in sheet circulated in the JVET meeting rooms (approximately XXX people in total), were as follows:

1. xx

# Annex B2 to JVET report: List of meeting participants attending remotely

The remote participants of the thirty-ninth meeting of the JVET, according to the participation records from the Zoom teleconferencing tool used for the meeting sessions (approximately XXX people in total, not including those who had attended the meeting in person at least part-time (see annex B1), and not including those who attended only the joint sessions with other groups), were as follows:

1. xx

# Annex C to JVET report: Recommendations of the 20th meeting of ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 29/WG 5 MPEG Joint Video Experts Team with ITU-T SG21

**ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 29/WG 5 N XXX**