

INTERNATIONAL ORGANISATION FOR STANDARDIZATION
 ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION
 ISO-IEC/JTC1/SC29/WG11
 CODING OF MOVING PICTURES AND ASSOCIATED AUDIO

ISO-IEC/JTC1/SC29/WG11
 MPEG 93/620

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Title: Cleanup of AC-Leak Syntax and Specification
Purpose: Proposal

1. AC-Leak Extension Syntax

The syntax elements needed for AC-leak are packaged into a separate extension with its own unique identifier "1110":

```
ac_leak_extension() {
    extension_start_code           32          bsbf
    extension_start_code_identifier 4          "1110"
    leak_factor_code               3          uimsbf
    dc_refresh_flag                1          uimsbf
    next_start_code()
}
```

2. Semantics for the AC-Leak Extension

The conditions for transmitting the AC-leak extension are proposed as follows:

- The AC-leak extension is *not* transmitted when the picture-type (as indicated by the picture-header) is "001" (I) or "011" (B). In I-pictures and B-pictures the **dc_refresh_flag** is set to "0".
- The AC-leak extension is *always* transmitted when the picture-type is "010" (P), immediately following the picture-coding extension.
- A **leak_factor_code** of "000" is *not* allowed, while a "111" signifies perfect prediction (leak-factor $LF=1$). Otherwise, $LF = 1 - \frac{1}{2^n}$, where n is the **leak_factor_code**. The LF is constant inside a picture.
- A **dc_refresh_flag** of "1" indicates a DC-refresh-picture while a "0" indicates no DC-refresh. DC-refresh is also allowed with perfect prediction.

3. Syntax Modifications in the Macroblock Layer

Minor syntax modifications are proposed for the macroblock layer, mostly to deal with DC-refresh pictures where **dc_refresh_flag** = "1".

- In DC-refresh pictures, every DC-coefficient is differentially encoded as in I-pictures.
- We propose to set the (derived) flag **macroblock_pattern** to "0" when **dc_refresh_flag** = "1", i.e. *not* to transmit the coded block pattern in DC-refresh pictures.
- Skipped macroblocks are *not* allowed in DC-refresh pictures.

3.1 Marker Bit Syntax

To avoid the possibility of start-code emulation, the marker bit "1" that terminates a concealment motion vector of an intra MB also needs to be transmitted in DC-refresh pictures. Accordingly, the following syntax is proposed to be inserted in place of the current conditional construct for this **marker_bit**:

```
if (dc_refresh_flag ||  
    (macroblock_intra && concealment_motion_vectors))  
    marker_bit                1                "1"
```

To keep the conditional syntax simple, we propose that the marker bit be sent for every macroblock in DC-refresh pictures (even though a motion vector may not be transmitted for some macroblocks).

4. Syntax modifications in the Block Layer

To reflect the differential encoding of DC-coefficients in DC-refresh pictures,

```
if (macroblock_intra) {  
is changed to  
    if (macroblock_intra || dc_refresh_flag) {
```

5. Use of MPEG-1 VLC for nonintra DCT-coefficients

We propose that the MPEG-1 VLC be used for all nonintra-coded blocks for all leak-factors. The Intra-VLC is restricted to intra-MB, when **intra_vlc_format** is set to 1.

6. Use of the Nonintra Quantizer for Leaked AC-coefficients

We clarify that the intra-MB quantizer is *only* used in intra-MB. The nonintra-MB quantizer is used for all nonintra AC-coefficients, even in DC-refresh pictures, for all leak-factors. The intra-DC quantizer is used for all DC-coefficients in DC-refresh pictures and for the DC-coefficients in intra-MB.

7. Computation of DC-value

The DC-value of an 8x8 block is defined as the average of its pixels. We propose that this average be computed as $\sum // 64$ where \sum is the sum of the pixels. In other words, we propose to perform division with *rounding*.