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Proposal 12

**16 CHANNEL SUBBAND BASED TV CODEC  
FOR BIT-RATES UP TO 10 MBIT/S**

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## PREFACE

This document describes the HHI proposal for MPEG II which is based on an image subband decomposition. The document is structured into four main parts: First, the features of the algorithm are listed (see summary of the proposal), second, the algorithm is described in some detail (see proposal document). Third, the hardware evaluation follows (updated version of distributed hardware evaluation paper) and, at last, tables of codes and statistics conclude the document.

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## 1. Introduction

This document describes the HHI proposal for MPEG II which is based on an image subband decomposition. The proposal is mainly intended to be used for bit-rates between 1 and 10 MBit/s, however, due to block-free signal processing different picture formats e.g. TV, EDTV, HDTV are supported. The core of the system works on progressive pictures. Only predictive coding is implemented up to now, however, an interpolative mode can be used. A progressively scanned picture source can feed the system core without any constraints. Figure 1 represents the block diagram of the proposed coder and the decoder.

## 2. General outline

The main features of the HHI subband proposal are (see also Annex 1)

- \* full CCIR 601 format
- \* hybrid subband coding
- \* frame based coding
- \* every 10th frame is coded INTRA
- \* predictive coding
- \* no interpolative coding mode
- \* frame based calculation of motion vectors
- \* full search block matching
- \* block-size 8 x 8
- \* 1/2 pel vector accuracy
- \* motion vector range +12 pixels, +-12 lines
- \* subband based intra-inter decision
- \* no macro-block concept
- \* local and global bit-rate control
- \* adaptive quantizing
- \* different VLCs for coefficient coding

## 3. Picture format

Full CCIR 601 4:2:2 is supported i.e. 720 pels, 576 lines and 25 frames. All other picture formats i.e. EDTV and HDTV and progressive picture sources are possible.

## 4. De/re-interlacing

After de-interlacing, the higher vertical correlation can be exploited in frame-based than in field-based systems. This holds only for non-moving picture areas. In moving areas additional high vertical frequencies can appear after field merging. A conversion between the initial interlaced CCIR 601 signal and the progressive input of the system core is needed. Simple field merging is used in the proposal, although more sophisticated motion compensated techniques will result in better deinterlaced pictures. After decoding the frame, two fields are generated out of one frame in the receiver.

## 16 channel subband based TV codec for bit-rates up to 10 MBit/s

..... interlaced ..... progressive .....

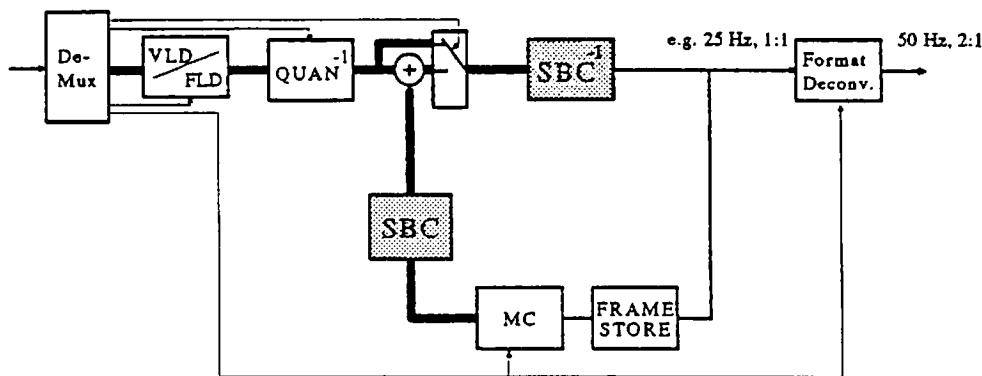
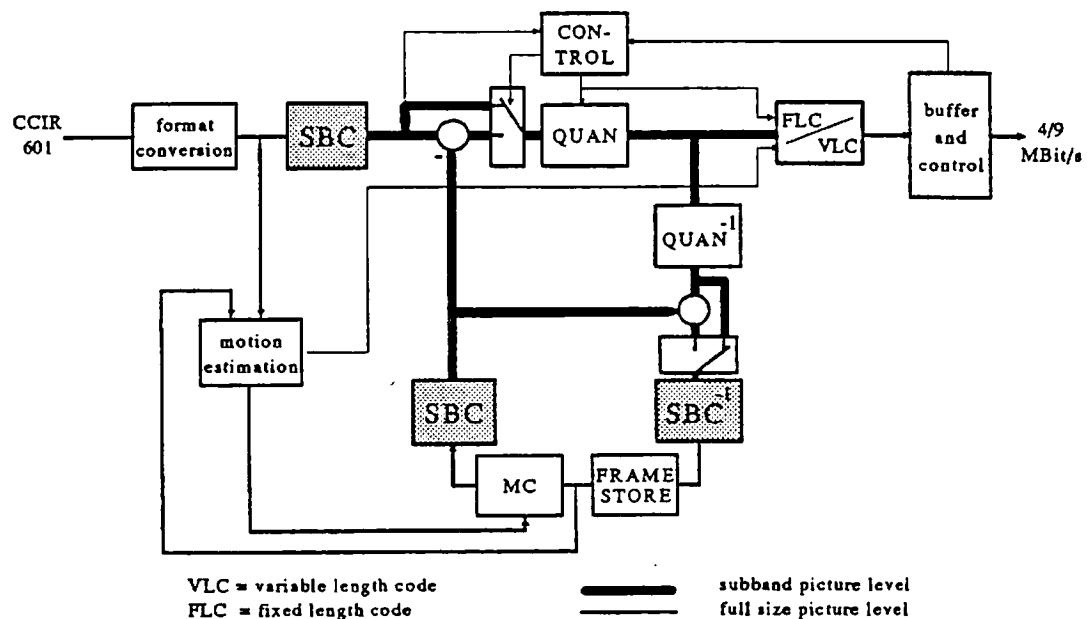


Figure 1: Block diagram of coder and decoder

## 5. Subband splitting

The core of the system is a regular tree structured subband decomposition into 16 layers or channels. Traditional quadrature-mirror-filters are used for filtering and interpolation. The number of taps used was very short (< 10) because no real advantage could be noticed by using higher order filters. For some reasons the number of 16 subbands may be sufficient. The correlation of the input image has been strongly reduced and further splitting of the higher subbands would only produce quantization errors. Different resolutions and window sizes are supported e.g. CIF, TV, HDTV. The subband clock frequency is small enough ( $1/16 \times 13.5$  MHz) to use standard technology in the subband coding part or even programmable solutions. All subbands can be processed with the same clock frequency.

The fundamental idea of subband splitting and coding is to perform some decorrelation of the signal and to apply different quantizers adapted to the statistics of the subband signals and the sensitivity of the human visual system. In the proposal a hierarchical structure with horizontal splitting at the beginning followed by vertical splitting marks the inner core of the system. Each of these channels is split again into four channels by repeating the first step of processing on the smaller sized subband pictures. Figure 2 shows the block-diagram of the core subband splitting with four subbands and the full 16 channel splitting. The inverse splitting is performed in the same way. Polyphase realizations and the symmetry of the quadrature-mirror-filters are exploited to reduce mainly the number of multiplications. Luminance and chrominance are processed with the same filters.

Annex 2 shows the filter coefficients and the frequency responses for the filters in use.

## 6. Subband prediction

The temporal correlation is reduced by motion compensated coding of all subbands. After subband quantization the full input frame format is reconstructed in the encoder. This signal is used for motion compensation. The motion vectors that point from the input image to the last decoded reconstructed image (which has been stored in the frame memory) are calculated. Then, the prediction image is decomposed into 16 subbands. The subsequent intra/inter switching is very flexible and could be adapted to each subband. With that, high frequent moving artifacts can be avoided. A trade-off between resolution and quantization errors is inherent in the system.

## 7. Motion estimation

Motion vectors are calculated on blocks of  $8 \times 8$  pixels within a frame. First, the search is done on integer pel accuracy using the absolute difference value between two blocks for optimization. Then, a half pel accuracy vector is calculated from the neighbourhood. The maximum search range is  $\pm 12.5$  pixels and  $\pm 12.5$  lines. There are no subband specific techniques used for motion estimation. However, the block nature of motion estimation does not fit well the block-overlapping subband filtering of the predicted image. There are some techniques under discussion to avoid block structures in the predicted image. They have not been implemented for the Kurihama tests.

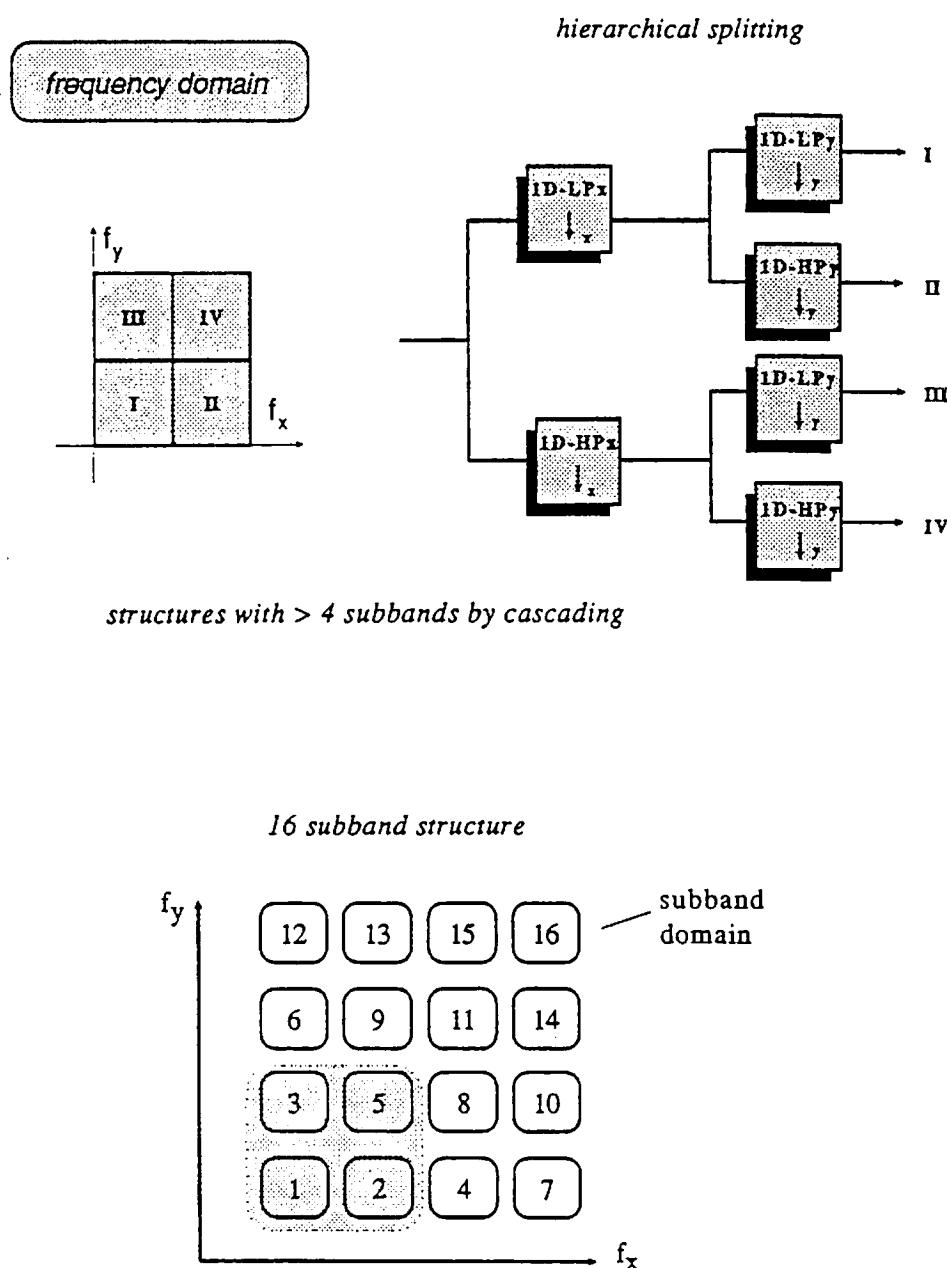


Figure 2: Core of subband splitting and full 16 channel splitting

## 8. Group of pictures (GOP)

A GOP consists of 10 pictures. A picture consists of one luminance and one chrominance field for each colour component, respectively. All even chrominance fields are skipped and not used for coding. The first picture is entirely INTRA coded. The remaining 9 inter pictures are both intra and inter coded.

## 9. Subband coding

Subbands are coded nearly individually. First,  $4 \times 4$  pels within each subband are processed in the same way. These pels are quantized using a linear quantizer from a set of 32 available quantizers. There are different parameters which control the quantizer selection:

- \* picture mode (e.g. intra, inter, luminance, chrominance)
- \* frequency weighting
- \* global buffer control
- \* local buffer control
- \* pre-analyis of the input subbands

Usually, the finest quantizer is selected at the beginning of a  $4 \times 4$  pel area in the subband. If the bit account increases more than a given threshold, coarser quantizers are taken. Threshold values of 5% (4 MBit/s) and 10% (9 MBit/s) have been implemented. All 16 subbands are processed in the same way. Then, a sequence of 256 pels ( $4 \times 4$  pels in 16 subbands) is scanned and entropy coded. The available quantizers cover the whole range of necessary step-sizes.

## 10. Scanning

Scanning is used to generate a so called string of 256 pels:

- \* pel domain scanning
- \* subband domain scanning

The scanning path for pel domain scanning depends on the spatial frequencies of the subbands. Actually, diagonal, horizontal and vertical scanning of  $4 \times 4$  pels are used (see figure 3). Diagonal scanning is used for the lowest and highest subbands. Horizontal and vertical scanning is used for subbands with vertical and horizontal frequencies, respectively.

Subband domain scanning is performed with a zig-zag like scanning pattern adapted to a  $4 \times 4$  array of 16 subbands. However, due to the field merged frame to be processed, some modifications have been included. High vertical frequencies have higher energy concentration in moving areas because of vertical aliasing. Therefore, the priority of these subbands related to scanning is increased. This procedure holds only for the luminance signal. Both chrominance signals have not been field merged and the unmodified zig-zag pattern can be used. If 4:2:2 processing is needed, luminance and chrominance become similar.

The scanning paths are given in figure 3 and figure 4.

## 11. Entropy coding

In a high-frequency subband, one can easily recognize two kinds of regions:

- \* regions with zeros                      --> low activity
- \* regions with non-zero values          --> high activity

These two kinds of regions have their proper signal statistics, and therefore, the bit rate in each region is compressed with an appropriate code. Therefore, a two-state coding algorithm is proposed, with states that reflect the two kinds of regions:

- \* zero-state for coding regions with zeros
- \* non-zero state for regions with non-zero amplitudes

The possible messages that have to be coded in each region of the states are:

- \* in the non-zero-state:  
pel amplitude = 0, +1, -1, +2, -2, ..., +255, -255
- \* in the zero-state:  
EOB (end of block), zero run length = 0, 1, 2, ..., 255

The state transitions of the entropy coding system take place under the following conditions:

- \* from zero-state to non-zero-state:  
after the transmission of a zero run length  
(i.e. a non-zero value ends a zero run)
- \* from non-zero-state to zero-state:  
after the transmission of a zero amplitude

These transitions do not require the transmission of any overhead information. This entropy coding algorithm requires two VLC codebooks:

- \* one for amplitudes in the non-zero-state
- \* one for zero run length and EOB in the zero-state

For an improved performance, both VLC-codebooks should be optimized for each subband. In the case of 16-band subband coding, a lot of subbands have similar signal statistics, so that not  $2^*16$  VLC-codebooks have to be optimized. Eight sets of VLC-codebooks are proposed (one "set" is an amplitude codebook and a run-length codebook). As the signal statistics also depends on inter-/intra-frame coding, four sets are available for intra-coding and four for inter-coding.

The subband pels are coded in strings of 256 values, composed by 16 values of each subband as follows (see figure 5). Zero runs can start among the values of one subband, and continue in the next subband of the above string. If different codebooks are foreseen for these subbands, the code word for this run length is taken from the codebook for the subband where the zero run starts. The VLC-codebooks are optimized for Laplacian (non-zero-state) and Poisson (zero-state) probability distributions, with variances measured in a training session. The VLCs have been optimized taken into account a maximum code word length.

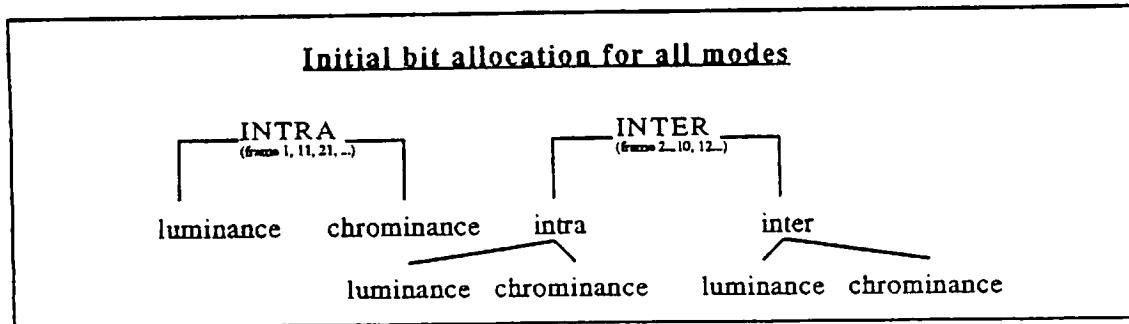
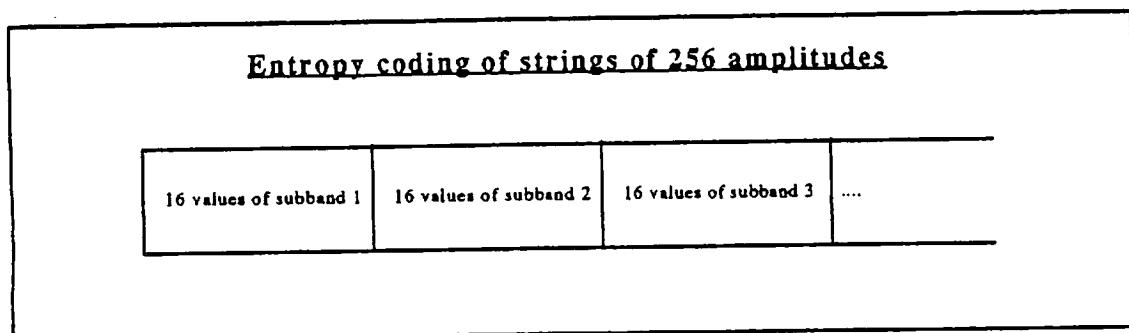
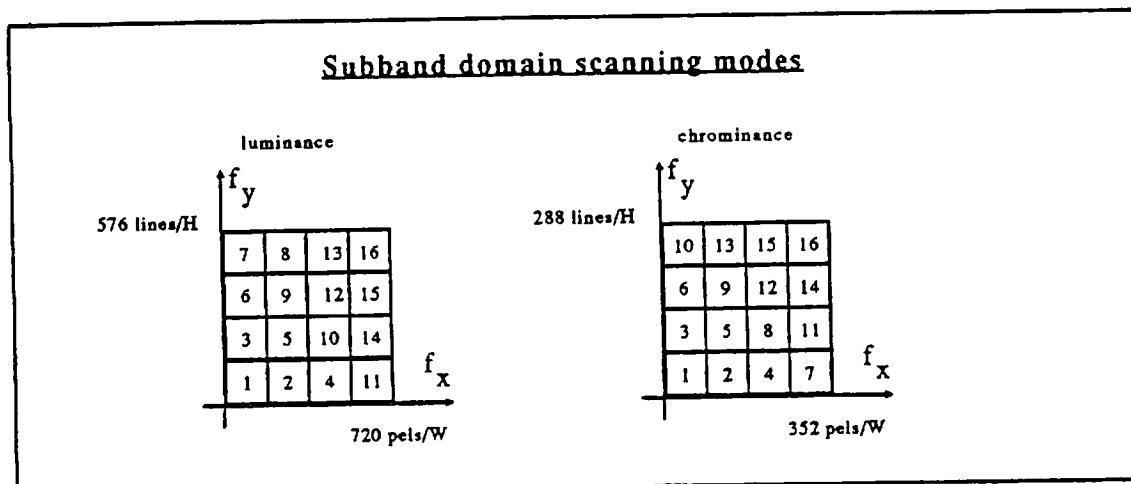
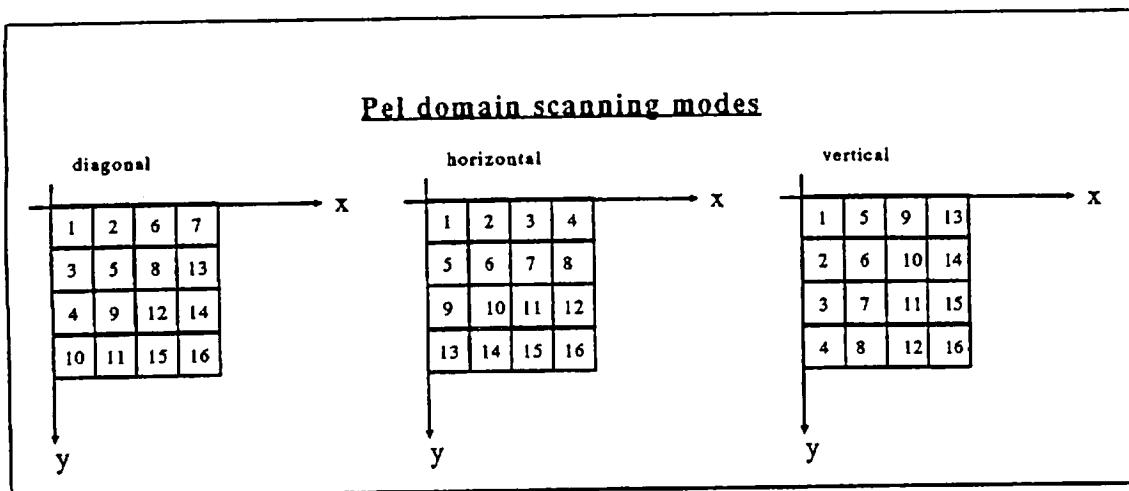


Figure 3: Pel domain scanning  
Figure 5: Entropy coding

Figure 4: Subband domain scanning  
Figure 6: Initial bit-allocation

The main advantages of this entropy coding are:

- \* easy implementation
- \* easy interpretation of its parameters
- \* adaptable to the statistics of the layers of a coding hierarchy
- \* bit rate approximates the signal entropy

Annex 3 shows the VLC tables in use. The same tables have been used for 4 and 9 MBit/s.

## 12. Local and global bit-rate control

Bit per frame control, global and local bit-rate control have been implemented. The distribution of the priorities between the three different control systems is given below:

- \* global control => highest priority
- \* bit / frame control => mean priority
- \* local control => lowest priority

In the following, the notation "local" means  $4 \times 4$  pixels of 16 subbands. Because of the GOP of 10 frames (1 intra and 9 inter images), there are different bit-rates to be processed. The main task of the buffer is to smooth these different rates. The **global bit-rate control** depends on the buffer status. For most of the time (buffer status between 10 and 90 %), the global bit-rate control does not change any coding parameters. To avoid buffer overflow, coarser quantizers are selected in the "emergency case" than they would normally be by the local bit-rate control. However, the emergency case is mostly avoided due to the local control, i.e. global control is only used if all pixels exceed a given number of bits.

The number of bits allocated to one frame and subsequent to one string of 256 amplitudes is initially calculated and recalculated from frame to frame: Gain in intra-images is given to the last three luminance images of a GOP. Gains in chrominance pictures are given to the subsequent luminance inter-pictures. Gain in inter luminance is given to the subsequent inter luminance pictures.

The **local bit-rate control** allocates bits to strings of 256 amplitudes. At the beginning, initial values of bits are calculated for the different picture modes as proposed in figure 6. These values are always recalculated after finishing the coding of the last 256 amplitudes. Gain or loss in bit-rate is spread over the neighbouring future strings of 256 amplitudes. However, loss due to too many used bits can only appear in regions where all available quantizers would not decrease the bit account and with that, of course, the quality.

### 13. Low frequency subband processing

Due to some remaining correlation in the low frequency subband, further signal processing can achieve higher compression. Both, predictive or transform algorithms can be used. However, additional quantization noise should be avoided because of the noise spreading feature of the subband reconstruction. Therefore, reversible or nearly reversible coding of the low frequency subband must be realized. In the proposal a DPCM like procedure is implemented which works in two dimensions on a  $4 \times 4$  block of pels.

### 14. Intra-inter decision

Generally, all 16 subbands are individually motion compensated, however, the prediction is done on the full size image. In all inter pictures of a GOP, there are some areas which should be coded in an intra mode. There are at least two reasons for that:

- \* due to object movements i.e. in areas where motion estimation fails and results in a bad prediction image or background of a moving object that could not be predicted
- \* motion vectors calculated on the full size image produce worse prediction of high-frequency subbands

In summary, it must be locally checked whether intra or inter gives the best coding results. The sum of all  $4 \times 4$  absolute pixel values is taken in each subband and compared to the corresponding sum of the subband prediction error. This calculation is performed 16 times starting from the highest subband and ending at the lowest subband after using a special scanning path. For the first time, the inter mode is decided for a subband, all subsequent lower frequency subbands are decided to be inter. With that, there is only one switch from inter to intra in a picture subband area of  $4 \times 4$ . One 4 bit address has to be transmitted to the decoder in fixed bit length format. Statistical evaluation of the inter-intra switching showed that most changes from intra to inter occur in the four highest subbands. In about 50% of the picture areas there is no change i.e. all subbands are processed in the inter mode. Of course, this strongly depends on the signal statistics.

### 15. Buffer sizes

Buffer sizes of 800000 bits and 1600000 bits for 4 and 9 MBit/s have been used, respectively. An initial buffer value of 25 % has been implemented.

### 16. Motion vector coding

There are  $90 \times 72$  motion vectors to be transmitted for each frame consisting of luminance and chrominance. Each vector is horizontally predicted using its preceding value. This calculation is performed for each vector component. Variable length coding of difference vectors is done.

The same VLC-code is used for all sequences and bit-rates to be considered for the Kurihama tests.

Annex 5 shows the VLC table in use.

## 17. Overhead information

Beside all synchronization bits which have not been considered so far, there is some necessary overhead to be transmitted regularly. For 256 pixels which are always taken together, 4 vectors have to be transmitted. Then, a 5 bit address is needed for the quantizer selection in the decoder. Furthermore, a 4 bit address is used to give the decoder the switching address for the inter-intra decision.

## 18. Post-processing

First, de-interlacing of the luminance frames is performed by reading two fields out of a frame memory. Second, chrominance fields have to be inserted. Simple field repetition is performed so far.

## 19. Compatibility feature

Compatibility to MPEG I was not sought for. However, as mentioned in the PPD, there are several possible implementation methods for these compatibilities.

- \* simulcast and switchable schemes are possible

The codec is mainly intended to be used for TV and higher quality transmission (EDTV, HDTV). For these applications upward and downward compatibility with different resolutions and window sizes is possible.

## 20. Random access feature

Random access is guaranteed by using the group of picture concept. One out of 10 frames (720 x 576) is entirely coded in INTRA mode. The maximum access time can be approximated as follows by taking the worst case i.e.

- \* 9 frames plus the delay of the decoder

assuming synchronization of the decoder at the beginning of the first inter-frame within a group of frames. The delay of the decoder can be calculated by summarizing all delays mentioned in the implementation study document. In our proposal a small decoder delay results because no interpolative decoding mode is used. The whole delay for random access is nearly 380 msec.

## 21. Coding/decoding delay

The coding/decoding delay is mainly determined by the buffer-size. For the 9 MBit/s coding scheme the buffer-size was 1600000 bit, thus a maximum delay of 178 msec results. Again, the whole delay can be calculated by summarizing all delays of the coder and decoder mentioned in the implementation study document. In our proposal a decoder delay of about 30 msec results. Thus, the total delay is

- \* 208 msec for 9 MBit/s
- \* 230 msec for 4 MBit/s

Low coding delay mode implies well-balanced control of the system, hopefully not by using the buffer status as criterion rather than analysing the input image. Subband based coding schemes mostly perform a spectral decomposition of the input image and are well suited to include a signal-adaptive control in order to decrease the buffer size and with that the coding/decoding delay.

## 22. Statistics

A number of different statistic values have been measured. They are listed in Annex 4. It should be mentioned that the bits for coding the vectors are included in the bit per frame value of the luminance.

## 23. Implementation of Subband Codec

This hardware evaluation document was written as a description of encoder and decoder hardware. The encoder is described in more detail. The decoder circuitry is basically the same. Only the parts that differ from the encoder are described more detailed.

Two aspects have been evaluated: Regarding the topics of the PPD the number of arithmetic operations, memory size, ... as a basis for an estimation of hardware effort was evaluated. Besides that, proposals for the hardware realization have been made and transistor counts as well as chip sizes are given. In most cases these estimates are based on chip realizations at HHI or from other companies and given as a support information. All chip size estimates are made for a 0.8 micron CMOS technology besides the motion compensating predictor (1.2 micron).

This evaluation was made with the goal of a hardware with medium flexibility and high integration scale. Nevertheless the proposal allows the realization of flexible coding systems due to the 16 subband processing scheme. The low data rates in each subband allow parallel sprocessing with more flexible processor architectures.

## 24. ENCODER

The block diagram of the encoder is shown in Figure 7. Thin lines are control signals, medium lines are pixel data and the thick black lines indicate the processing of the 16 subbands. The 16 channels are not processed with parallel hardware but in a pixelwise sequential manner like in DCT based schemes. Chrominance is processed in parallel with the luminance with the two components C1/C2 being pel-by-pel multiplexed. The processing rate of the chrominance is half the luminance clock rate according to the 4:2:0 scheme.

Each of the sixteen subband channels forms processing blocks of 4x4 pixels. For all sixteen channels the sequence of these blocks forms a so called STRING of 256 pixels.

The overall system delay can be evaluated by adding the single delays of the complete processing chain. It is found to be not critical which is mainly due to the fact that no interpolative coding is done.

### Block1: Field Merging

**Function:** The two fields of the interlaced video input signal (CCIR 601, 4:2:2) are merged to a progressive frame (4:2:0). One chrominance field is skipped and the two chrominance components are merged by pel-by-pel multiplexing. No motion compensation is performed for field merging.

**Input:** 720\*288\*50 (luminance, 13.5 MS/s)

360\*288\*50 (chrominance, 13.5 MS/s for C1+C2)

**Output:** 720\*576\*25 (luminance, 13.5 MS/s)

720\*288\*25 (chrominance, C1+C2 pel-by-pel  
multiplexed 6.75 MS/s)

**Realization:** Asynchronous field buffers with FIFO function and simultaneous Read/Write operations can be used (similar to mPD42270). No address arithmetic is needed only some control clocks for R/W operation. The control signal for this block are generated by the control block 3g as this unit keeps tracks of frames and lines.

#### **Specifications:**

Pixel rate (Lum) [MS/s]:

In 13.5; Out 13.5

Pixel rate (Chrom) [MS/s]:

In 13.5; Out 6.75

Word width [bit]:

8

Memory type:

Field buffer chip; FIFO function

" size:

3.33 Mbit for luminance and chrominance

" bandwidth:

324 MBit/s

Chip count:

2-4 memory chips. One 8bit multiplexer

DELAY:

207.936 cycles (about 20 ms)

**Advantages:** Low chip count, easy control.

**Comment:** No special features. Any other solution possible.

## Block Diagram of Subband based Encoder

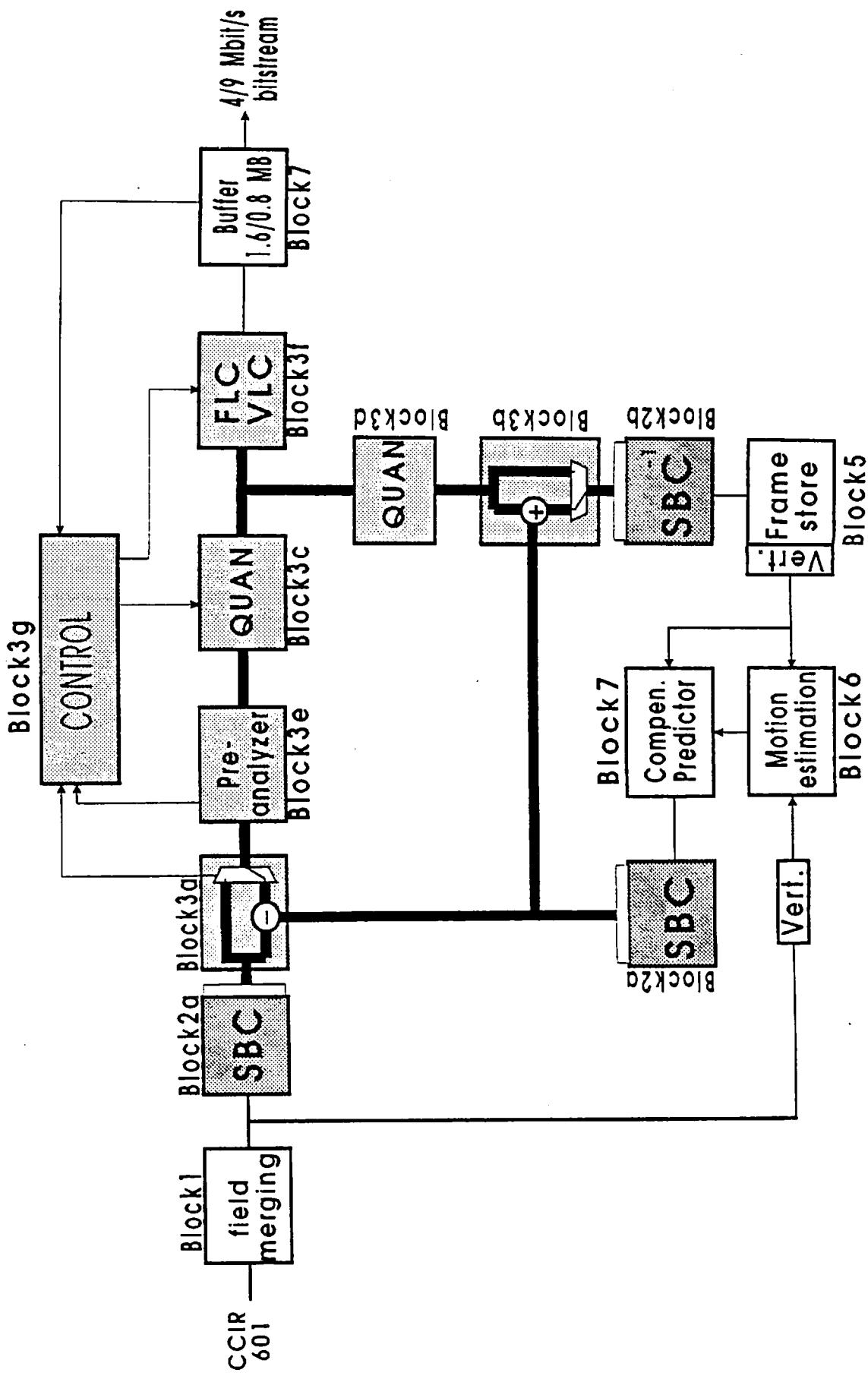


Figure 7: Block diagram of Subband Encoder

## 25. Subband Splitting Block Diagram (Fig. 8):

The functional block diagram shows the use of different filter hardware blocks in the subband splitting scheme. As the data rate in each section is different, various hardware structures are used to reduce the number of arithmetic operations (mainly multiplications) and to decrease the amount of line delays.

As the field sampling structure is 4:2:0, the chrominance filtering is processed at half of the luminance speed. C1 and C2 are multiplexed pel-by-pel so that for horizontal filtering switchable filters are used, whereas the vertical filter structures don't need to be modified compared to the luminance filter blocks. The chrominance components are processed with the same architecture. The filters for horizontal filtering are switchable for the processing of the two chrominance components.

In Section A and B of Fig. 8 filtering is done with parallel hardware. Low data rates in section C&D allow the use of sequentially operating MAC-structures for filtering.

Luminance filters (horizontal, vertical, analysis and synthesis) are 9 tap filters whereas chrominance needs only 5 tap filters normally. For the sake of regularity in chip design it is useful to process the chrominance signal with the same 9 tap filter type. With the proposed filter moduls, the number of multiplications is reduced by a factor of 4 for horizontal low and high pass filters. For vertical filtering a reduction factor of two is achieved. The coefficient word length is 14 bit (including sign). The data width is reduced to 12 bit at the output of each filter stage but the internal accuracy of the filters is high enough (12\*14 multiplication and 20 bit accumulation).

Line delays are shared in the vertical low and high pass filters. As the direct form of the FIR filter is used for vertical filtering the word width for the line delays is reduced to the input data width (12 bit).

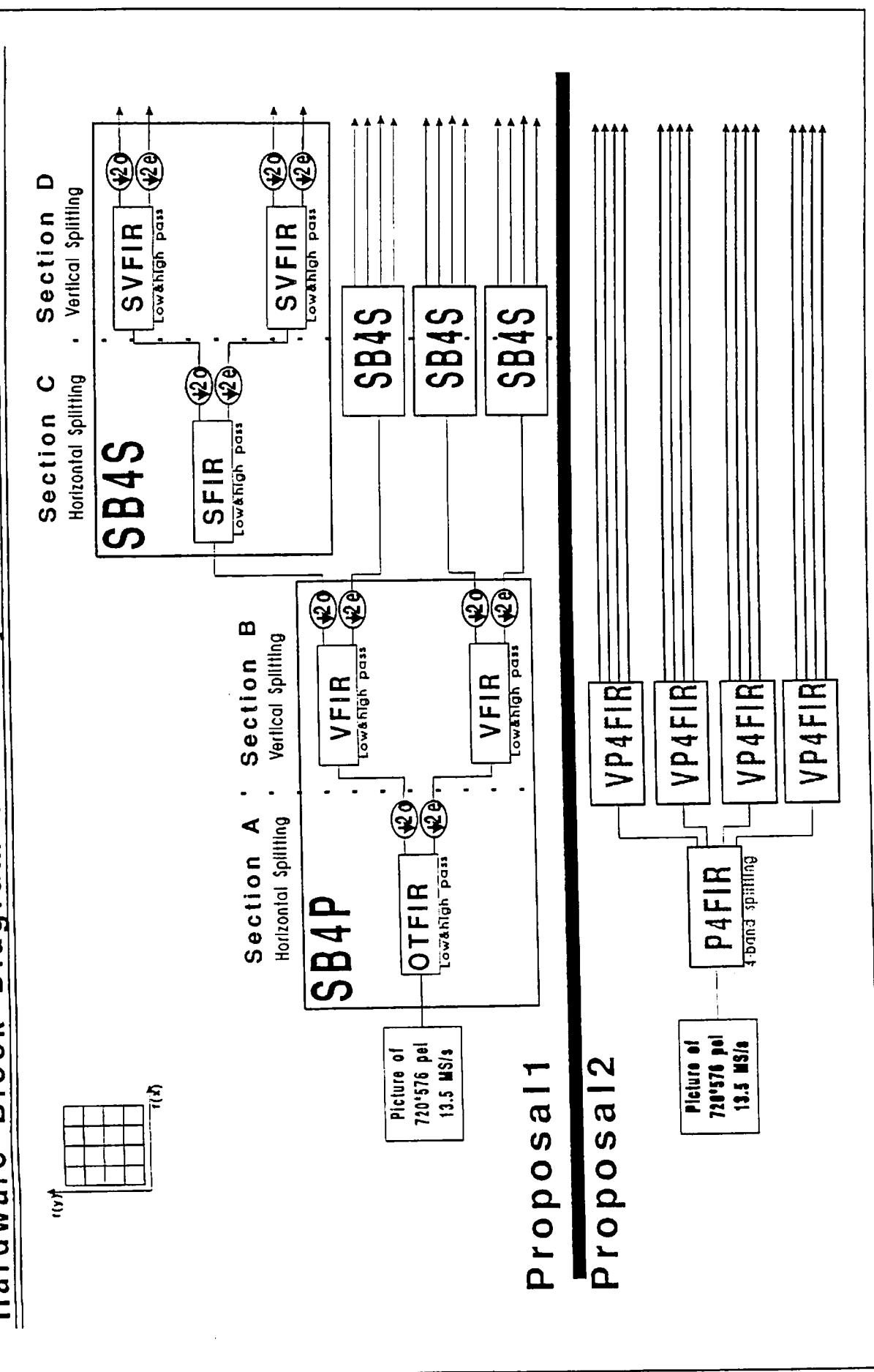
Multiplier layout is optimized according to the fact that the coefficents are fixed.

A parallel to serial data formatter and a control block is included at the output of the chip although not drawn in the diagram. This block is extremely important to build 4\*4 blocks in each channel and to perform different scanning modes for the latter processing. (4\*4 blocks are scanned horizontally, vertically or diagonally. Line delays, multiplexers and a small register set is necessary for this data sorting process.

Two different chip designs for SBC and SBC<sup>-1</sup> are necessary.

A second proposal using polyphase filters is shown in the lower half of Fig. 8. The main advantages of the polyphase approach are the reduction of processing speed because the subsampling is done before the filtering. The symmetrical splitting of the HII proposal allows direct 4band splitting. Row/Column conversion is only needed once and saves memory.

# Hardware Block Diagram for 2D symmetrical 16 Band Splitting



### Block 2a: Subband Splitting (proposal 1 of Fig. 8)

**Function:** The input signal is split into sixteen subbands (channels) by FIR filtering (see Fig.2).

**Input:** 8 bit luminance, 13.5 MS/s

8 bit chrominance, 6.75 MS/s C1/C2.

Clock, Sync, ...

**Output:** 10 bit luminance,  $16 * 0.845$  MHz, blocks of  $4*4$  pixel  
10 bit chrominance,  $16 * 0.422$  MHz, blocks of  $4*4$  pixel

**Realization:** Full-custom-design VLSI IC. Optimized structures for FIR-filtering are implemented on the chip. Optimized FIR filter structures for each step of the subband decomposition process minimizing delays, number of multiplications or processing speed are used.

In each of the 16 output channels pixels are sorted to form blocks of  $4*4$  pixel (relating to  $16*16$  block in the original frame).

The vertical, horizontal or diagonal scanning of the blocks and subbands is done by the output data formatter. 100 kbits of memory and control functions are needed for this process. All 16 subbands are output sequentially to save pins.

#### Specifications:

Pixel rate (LUM) [MS/s]:	In 13.5 down to 0.42
Pixel rate (Chrom) [MS/s]:	In 6.75 down to 0.21
Word width [bit]:	In 8, 12 bit after each filter bank
Multipl./second; width [bit]:	463 M/s (many fixed multipliers)
Additions/second; width [bit]:	1450 M/s
Memory type:	line delays and FIFOs on chip
" size:	340.000 bit
Transistors:	1.285.000
Chip area:	$121 \text{ mm}^2$
Package:	64 pins PLCC
Inputs:	8 bit data, clock, sync
Outputs:	10 bit data, sync
Delay:	5778 cycles (13.5 MHz)

Comment: 80% of chip size is memory size. For the use of tricks see the remarks on key symbols on next page.

**Advantages:** Regular splitting structure leads to only one fixed data rate for all subbands.

**Comments:** Polyphase realization of proposal two will reduce chips size due to the saving of memory but was not implemented up to now.

### Block2b: Subband synthesis

Inverse process of block 2a with similar complexity but different design.

### Comments on the key symbols for subband diagram (Fig. 9):

**Sample picture:** Serves to clarify data sequences. `A0,A1,A2` indicate horizontal scanning whereas `A0,B0,C0, A1,B1,C1 ...` is a typical sequence at the input of a vertical filter.

**Subsampling:** The downward arrow stands for subsampling, an upward arrow for upsampling. The figure behind denotes the factor for up/down sampling. A letter `e` or `o` is given to specify the phase of subsampling if necessary. Vertical subsampling makes use of FIFOs that are included in the calculations but not drawn in the block diagram.

**FIFO:** First In First Out, used for delays with asynchronous read/write operations (as necessary with vertical polyphase filters).

**DELAY:** Synchronous FIFO mostly used for line delay.

**DFIR:** Direct form FIR filter.

**TFIR:** Transposed FIR filter structure. Advantageous for longer filters because the N-1 additions are pipelined and so the additions no longer form a timing critical data path.

**OTFIR:** Optimized Transposed FIR filter structure. The symmetries of the filter coefficients halve the number of multiplications. As the high pass coefficients differ only in sign, no multiplications are needed for the high pass filter what again halves the number of multiplications. As the coefficients are fixed, the design of the multipliers can be very space efficient (half size or smaller depending on coefficient).

**SFIR:** Sequential FIR filter structure. Low data rates in the latter stages of subband splitting allow the sequential processing of the filter arithmetic. This reduces the number of hardware multipliers to one per filter. Low and high pass coefficient symmetries can be utilized (see above).

**PFIR:** Polyphase realization of FIR filter. This structure is advantageous if the input data rate is too high, as the subsampling is done before the filtering. This reduces processing speed requirements by a factor of two. The standard FIR filter is broken into two parts of half complexity plus one adder and subtractor to achieve the low and high pass results.

**VFIR:** Vertical FIR filter structure. The direct form structure is proposed for vertical filtering as the cost expensive line delays can be shared between the low pass and high pass. No additional multipliers are necessary for the high pass filter due to coefficient symmetries.

**SVFIR:** Sequential Vertical FIR filter structure. When data rates are low, the vertical filter can be implemented using a sequential MAC structure. Only one multiplier and two accumulators are needed for efficient implementation of the low and high pass. The outputs of the line delays for vertical filtering are multiplexed at the input of the multiplier. The pel-by-pel multiplexing of the two chrominance components allows the use of exactly the same structure without any additional switchings in the filter for the processing of the two chrominance components as in vertical filtering: pixel A0,B0,C0, ... belong to chrominance component C1 and pixel A1,B1,C1, ... belong to chrominance component C2.

**P4FIR, VP4FIR:** Fourband DCT-based polyphase realization of FIR filters. This structure allows further reduction of speed and memory effort but has not been implemented yet.

# Key to the Symbols of the Block Diagrams

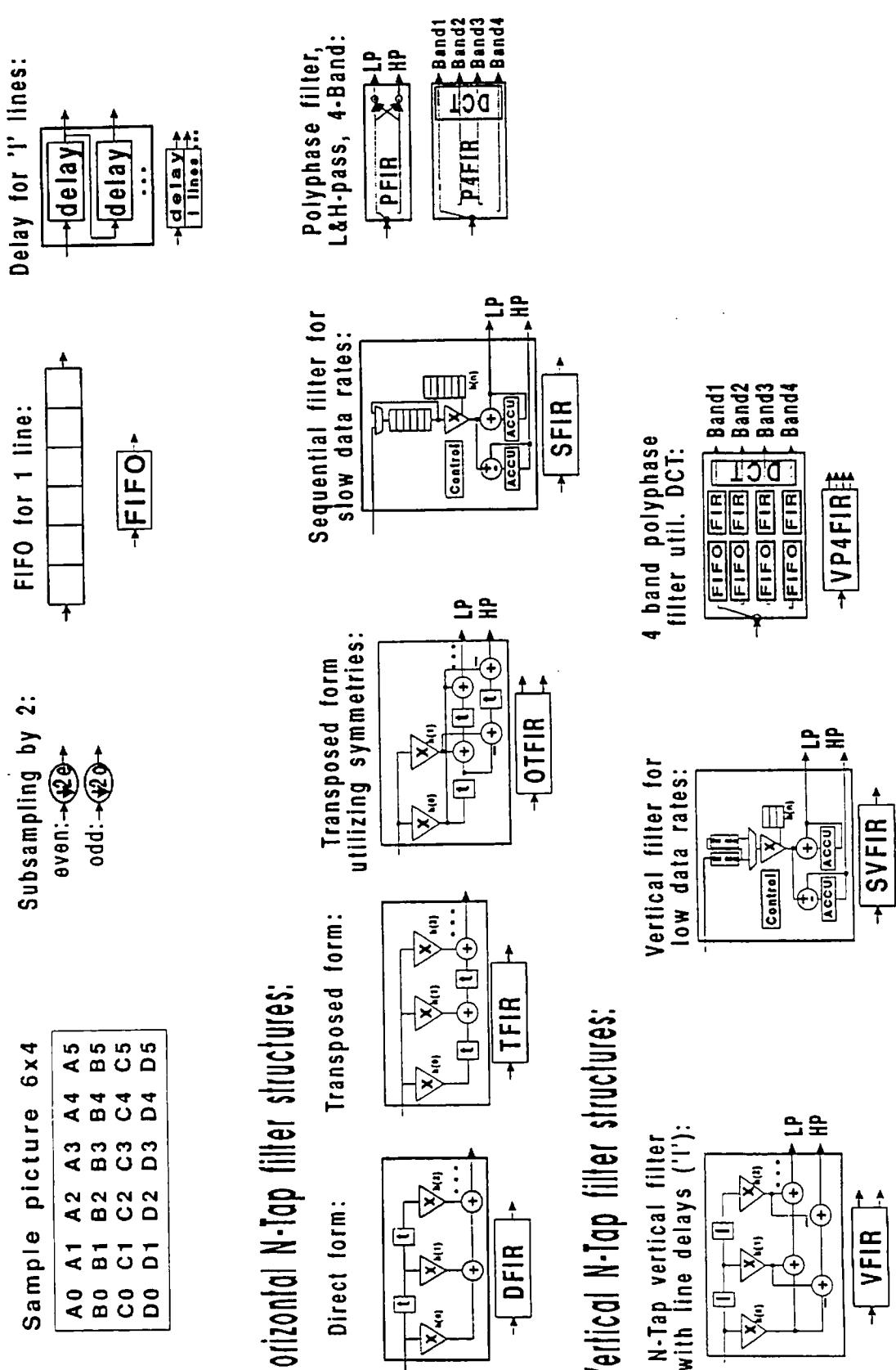


Fig.9: Key symbol table for subband block diagram

### Block 3a: Intra/inter decision and multiplexing

**Function:** Depending whether the sum of absolute values in a 4\*4 block of the original input is greater than the sum of absolute values of the pixelwise difference of original input and predicted input the inter mode or the intra mode is chosen.

Sixteen 4\*4 blocks form a so called STRING of 256 pixel in which the intra/inter switching is performed only once. Only one four bit code per string must be generated as overhead information.

The 4-Mbit mode uses weighting of the high frequency subbands. Weighting can be added at this block using a multiplier with a register set for weighting factor. Cost is about 0.6 mm<sup>2</sup>

**Input:** 10 bit luminance, 13.5 MS/s  
10 bit chrominance, 6.75 MS/s

**Output:** 11 bit luminance,  
11 bit chrominance,

**Realization:** Part of the BLOCK3 full-custom-design chip. Two adders, a comparator, a multiplexer and short FIFOs are needed.

#### Specifications:

Pixel rate (LUM) [MS/s]:	In 13.5
Pixel rate (Chrom) [MS/s]:	In 6.75
Word width [bit]:	In 10, Out 11
Additions/second; width [bit]:	40.5 M/s; 10 bit
Transistors:	2500
Chip area:	0.45 mm <sup>2</sup>
Delay:	17 cycles (13.5 MHz)

### Block 3b: Intra/Inter mode multiplexing

**Function:** This multiplexer is controlled by the block 3a intra/inter decision (via CONTROL) with the appropriate delay (related to the data). Predicted frame pixels are added in inter mode. Realization is close to block 3a and the but with half complexity.

**Input:** 11 bit luminance, 13.5 MS/s  
11 bit chrominance, 6.75 MS/s

**Output:** 12 bit luminance,  
12 bit chrominance,

**Realization:** Part of the BLOCK3 full custom design chip.

#### Specifications:

Additions/second; width [bit]:	20.25 M/s; 11 bit
Transistors:	400
Chip area:	0.1 mm <sup>2</sup>
Delay:	1 cycle (13.5 MHz)

### Block 3c: Quantization

**Function:** Adaptive linear quantization in all channels. For inter/intra coding and luminance/chrominance 96 fixed coefficient sets (each set containing 1 coefficient for each subband) are used. Easy selection of different quantization factors by inter/intra decision and buffer control. Quantization factor sets may change only for complete 4\*4 blocks within a 256 pixel string. Quantizer control is done depending on preanalyzer output and buffer level (see block Preanalyzer). Quantization factors are in the range of 1 to 1/127

**Input:** 11 bit luminance, 13.5 MS/s;      11 bit chrominance, 6.75 MS/s

**Output:**    8 bit luminance;    8 bit chrominance,

**Realization:** Part of the BLOCK3 full custom design chip. Linear quantization can easily be performed by two multipliers (lum/chrom).

**Specifications:**

Pixel rate (LUM) [MS/s]:	In 13.5
Pixel rate (Chrom) [MS/s]:	In 6.75
Word width [bit]:	In 11, Out 8
Multipl./second; width [bit]:	20.25 M/s ; 11*7
Table sizes:	$3*32*16*7 = 10.752$ bit coefficients
Table lookups:	0.1 M/s
Transistors:	70.000
Chip area:	6 mm <sup>2</sup>
Delay:	2 cycles (13.5 MHz)

**Advantages:** Linear Quantization reduces table sizes, as only some multiplication factors need to be stored.

### Block 3d: Quantization-1

**Function:** Inverse process to block 3c.

**Input:** 11 bit luminance, 13.5 MS/s;      11 bit chrominance, 6.75 MS/s

**Output:**    8 bit luminance;    8 bit chrominance,

**Realization:** All parameters similar to Quantizer.

### Block 3e: Preanalyzer

**Function:** Blocks of 4\*4 pels are analyzed to find an appropriate quantizer. Preanalysis counts the number of values above and below a threshold as an estimate of VLC and RLC output. The comparison with 32 threshold values is done in parallel. The result of this analysis together with the buffer level information determines the quantizer set used. A five bit overhead information is generated for a string of 256 bits.

**Input:** 11 bit luminance, 13.5 MS/s;      11 bit chrominance, 6.75 MS/s

**Output:**    8 bit luminance;    8 bit chrominance,

**Realization:** Part of the BLOCK3 full custom design chip. 64 parallel counters and adders are used

**Specifications:**

Pixel rate (LUM) [MS/s]:	In 13.5
Pixel rate (Chrom) [MS/s]:	In 6.75
Word width [bit]:	11
Additions/second; width [bit]:	1200 M/s ; 10
Transistors:	25.000
Chip area:	3.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Delay:	20 cycles (13.5 MHz)

**Advantages:** This block is only used in encoder.

### Block 3f: Coder (FLC, VLC, RLC)

**Function:** Entropie coding is done with an 1-dimensional Huffman code with a maximum code length of 16 bit. Entropie coding is applied to pixel data and motion vectors. The coding is done across a string (256 pixel) starting with the lowest subband. The function of FLC, VLC and RLC are quite well known and not further described. Basically 8 different "tables" (inter/intra \* 4 frequency zones) are used.

**Input:** 8 bit luminance, 13.5 MS/s; 8 bit chrominance, 6.75 MS/s C1/C2

**Output:**    bitstream

**Realization:** Part of the BLOCK3 full custom design chip. Table sizes are drastically reduced using a special structure for the Huffman code (sorted). The complexity values given below are based on the VLC/RLC codec currently under design at HHI. As this chip is a Gate-Array design, transistor complexity is based on a gate equivalent of 4. Optimization can be done with full-custom. The decoder is much less complex!

**Specifications:**

Pixel rate (LUM) [MS/s]:	In 13.5 down to 0.42
Pixel rate (Chrom) [MS/s]:	In 6.75 down to 0.21
Logic gates:	9000 gates
Table memory type:	18.592 gates registers
Table sizes:	$8 \cdot 300 + 8 \cdot 32 = 2656$ bits
Transistors:	110.000 (gate equivalent = 4)
Chip area:	10 mm <sup>2</sup>
Delay:	4 cycles (13.5 MHz)

**Advantages:** Simple decoder.

### Block 3g: Control

**Function:** CONTROL is needed for managing the overhead information (4bit subband address of intra/inter switching, 5bit address for quantizer, motion vectors ...). Overhead information is inserted to the data stream in the FLC/VLC block.

CONTROL sums the number of bits generated by the VLC per string and updates the thresholds for quantization. Gain or loss is propagated and shared for the next 16 strings and from predicted frame to predicted frame as well as from inter frame to next inter frame.

CONTROL counts frames and lines and thereby generates some sync signals (for field merging and SBC too)

Control keeps track of delays inherent to some processing units and propagates control information adequately.

Control contains FIFOs to resort the top-down string (high pass to low pass) of 256 pixels to a bottom-up string (low pass to high pass) before coding.

**Input:** several values and control signals, microprocessor interface

**Output:** control signals mainly plus some data

**Realization:** Part of the BLOCK3 full custom design chip. CONTROL was not evaluated in detail but it is arithmetically uncritical. A hard wired control hardware could be designed or a processor could be used for control operations. The microprocessor solution would lead to a more flexible implementation that could also provide downloading of quantization coefficients and VLC codes.

**Specifications:**

Transistors:	100.000
Chip area:	6.7 mm <sup>2</sup>
Delay:	---

### Block 4: Coded data buffer

**Function:** Well known.

**Input:** packed bit stream

**Output:** constant data rate 4/9Mbit/s

**Realization:** Available FIFO chips.

**Specifications:**

buffer size:	1.6 Mbit (9Mbit/s); 0.8 Mbit (4Mbit/s)
Delay:	140 ms (encoder+decoder buffer)

### Blocks 5-7: Motion estimation/compensation

**Function:** Motion estimation and motion compensated prediction. There parameters for motion estimation in our scheme are quite typical and hardware effort is not evaluated to detailed:

Motion estimation is performed between original and decoded frame. Reference block size is 8\*8, search area size is 24\*24. Full search block matching is performed to find a motion vector. A half pel accurate vector is calculated in the direct neighbourhood of pel vector.

**Realization:** The hardware effort estimated for block 6 is based on Thomson's STI3220 which can be modified for subpel calculation. Motion compensation (block 7) is based on another Thomson developement which was presented on the "Fourth International Workshop of HDTV and beyond" in Torino (Italy) in september of this year. The parameters of these chips are given on the next pages.

### Block 5: Frame store and vertical scanning block

**Function:** Delay of one frame minus the delay that occured in the processing chain. The same memories as for the field merging can be used. At the output of the the frame store (component 'Vert' in Fig. 7) 3 blocks with a delay of 8 lines are added. The first block converts from horizontal to vertical scanning and the other two blocks with 8 line delays are necessary to feed the motion compensating predictor with the search area pixel. The search area memory on that chip is thereby continuously updated

**Input:** 8 bit luminance, 13.5 MS/s

8 bit chrominance, 6.75 MS/s C1/C2

**Output:** 3\*8 bit luminance, 8 vertically scanned pixels

3\*8 bit chrominance, 8 vertically scanned pixels

**Realization:** Asynchronous field buffers (see block 1, field merging). One row column conversion module plus 2 delays for 8 lines each. This module can be build with line delays.

**Specifications:**

Pixel rate (LUM) [MS/s]:	In 13.5
Pixel rate (Chrom) [MS/s]:	In 6.75
Word width [bit]:	8
Memory type:	Field buffer chip; FIFO function
" size:	3.33 Mbit for luminance&chrominance
" bandwidth:	324 MBit/s
Chip count:	2-4 memory chips.
DELAY:	40ms minus delay of processing chain
Memory type:	Three * 8 line delay.
" size:	276.480 bit
" bandwidth:	324 MBit/s
Chip area:	55 mm <sup>2</sup> .

**Advantages:** The vertically scanned lines suite to both, the motion estimation chip and the motion compensating predictor.

**Comments:** Evaluation was based on Thomson chips. Other chips may require a different memory configuration.

## Block 6: Motion estimation

**Function:** See above description of blocks 5-7.

**Input:** 8 bit luminance, 13.5 MS/s

**Output:** subpel motion vector, block energy, vector distortions

**Realization:** 0.8 microns, 3 metal layer CMOS. Full-custom-design for the integer pixel unit; Standard cells, compiled datapaths and RAMs for the controller and the half pixel unit.

### **Specifications:**

Pixel rate (LUM) [MS/s]:

In 13.5

Inputs:

1 for ref. block, 4 for search area  
scanning column by column

Internal frequency:

27 MHz

Delay:  
the output referring to 13.5 MHz pixel rate.

64 cycles from the last pixel of reference block and

Transistors:

776.000

Chip area:

125 mm<sup>2</sup>

Power dissipation:

3 Watts

Package:

80 pins ceramic

Fig. 10: Diagram of motion estimation chip

## Block7: Motion compensation

**Function:** See above description of blocks 5-7.

**Input:** 8 bit luminance, 13.5 MS/s

8 bit chrominance, 6.75 MS/s C1/C2 pel-by-pel

**Output:** Predicted block

**Realization:** Full-custom-design (1.2 microns, Thomson HCMOS3)

**Specifications:**

Pixel rate (LUM) [MS/s]:

In 13.5

Inputs:

1 for ref. block, 4 for search area  
scanning column by column

Outputs:

Predicted data block horizontally scanned

Internal frequency:

27 MHz

Delay:

64 cycles from the last pixel of reference block and  
the output referring to 13.5 MHz pixel rate.

Transistors:

120.000

Chip area:

49 mm<sup>2</sup> (1.2 micron!)

Package:

68 PLCC

## 26. Decoder

The decoder contains mostly blocks that are known from the encoder. Only differences are pointed out in the subsequent text.

In the decoder the following blocks could be integrated on one chip: Blocks 2a, 2b, 2c, 3b, 6 and the line memories of the block called 'VERT'. SBC and the inverse process is estimated to need 2-4 chips. Frame store, coded data buffer and the re-interlacing module will be based on available memory chips.

**Block1: Buffer** Inverse and similar to encoder

**Block2a: FLD/VLD**

**Function:** Variable length and fixed length decoding.

**Input:** bitstream

**Output:** 8 bit luminance, 13.5 MS/s; 8 bit chrominance, 6.75 MS/s C1/C2 and additional information for control.

**Realization:** Part of the BLOCK2 chip of decoder. Table sizes are again drastically reduced compared to encoder. The complexity values given below are based on the VLC/RLC codec currently under design at HHI.

**Specifications:**

Logic gates:

6000 gates

Table memory type:

registers

Table sizes:

120\*8 = 960 bits (registers)

Transistors:

40.000 (gate equivalent = 4)

Chip area:

5 mm<sup>2</sup>

Delay:

9 cycles (13.5 MHz)

**Block 2b: Control**, Similar to encoder but less complex

**Block 2c: Inverse quantization**, Similar to encoder same complexity

**Block 2d: Inter/intra switch**, Similar to encoder same complexity

**Block 3a/b: Subband analysis and synthesis**, Similar to encoder same complexity.

**Block4: Re-interlacing**

**Function:** The reinterlacing and chrominance demultiplexing can be performed with field buffers like they were used for field merging. 4:2:0 to 4:2:2 is done by field repetition.

**Block 5: Frame store and vertical scanning module**: Identical with encoder.

**Block 6: Motion compensation**, The chip used for motion compensated prediction in the encoder can be used here too.

## Block Diagram of 16 Band Subband Decoder

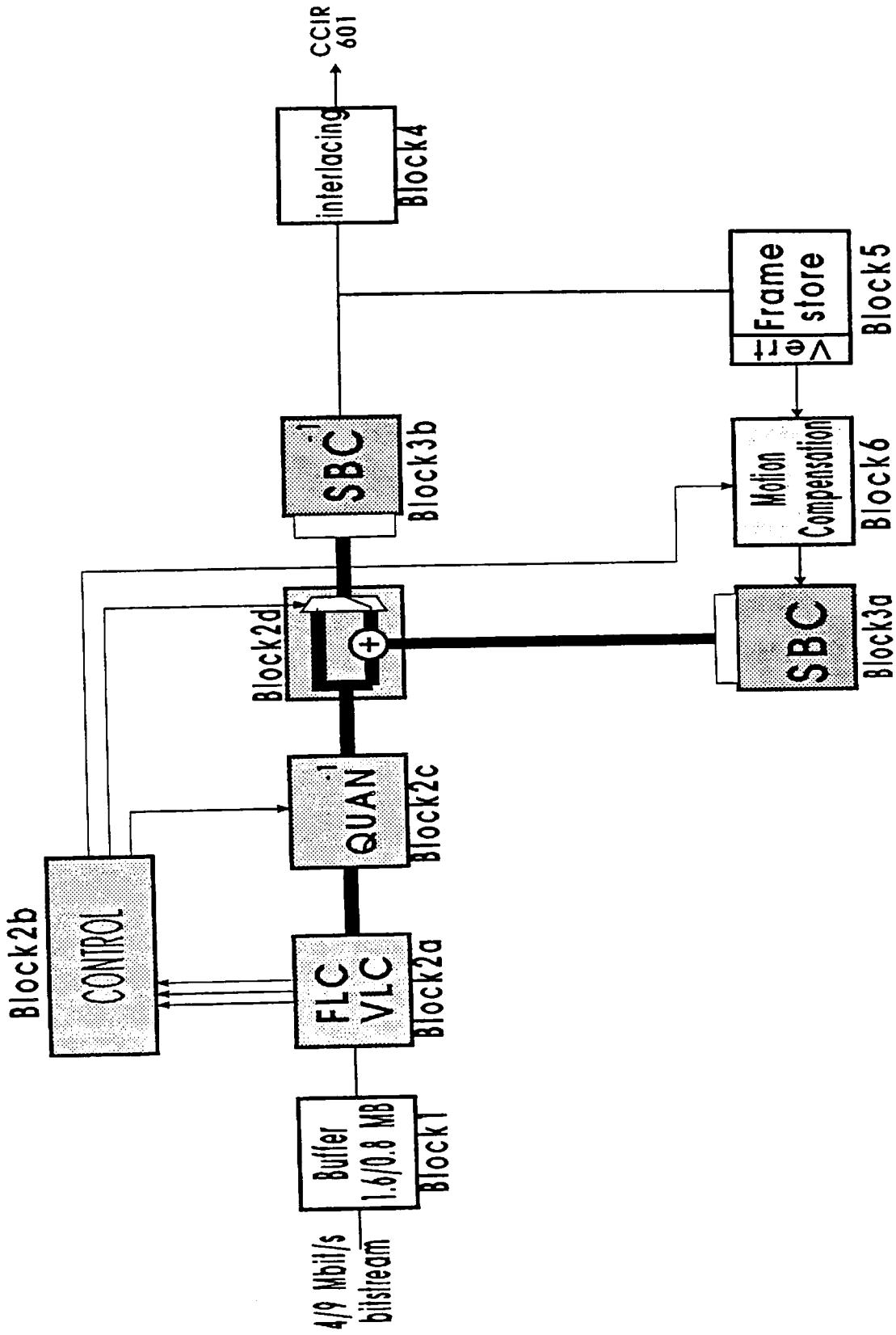


Figure 11: Decoder block diagram

## ANNEX 1

### Summary specification of 16 channel subband based TV codec for bit-rates up to 10 MBit/s

This proposal is submitted by G. Schamel, Heinrich-Hertz-Institut für Nachrichtentechnik Berlin GmbH and has been developed in the framework of the European VADIS/COST collaboration.

#### **Video input/output:**

4:2:2 level of CCIR Recommendation 601, 8 bit resolution

#### **Picture format:**

720 x 288 x 50  
352 x 288 x 50

#### **Signal preprocessing:**

deinterlacing by field merging  
4:2:2 to 4:2:0 using field skipping

#### **Coding: General features:**

flexibility to adapt to other standards  
graceful degradation possible, not implemented  
scalable bitstream possible, not implemented  
supports different picture sizes and spatial resolutions  
high flexibility in bit rates

#### **Modes:**

no interpolative coding  
only predictive coding  
frame based coding  
nearly independent coding of luminance and chrominance  
10 frames refresh cycle, i.e. intraframe coding in frame 1,  
11, 21, 31, ...  
mixed intra/inter-frame coding in all non-intra frames

#### **Subband processing:**

regular 16 channel splitting  
separable filtering and subsampling  
short (< 10 taps) tap filters for luminance and chrominance

filtering realized in polyphase structure to minimize  
memory and arithmetics  
realization of subband splitting with DCT chip is feasible

#### **Lowpass processing:**

redundancy reduction in the lowpass signal by processing a  
4x4 pixel domain

#### **Subband weighting:**

due to out-of-loop subband splitting, weighting of subband  
signals is realized in 4 MBit/s version

#### **Pixel scanning:**

blocks of 4x4 pixels are scanned  
diagonal pixel scanning in the lowpass  
vertical pixel scanning of horizontal frequencies  
horizontal pixel scanning of vertical frequencies  
diagonal scanning of remaining frequencies

#### **Subband scanning:**

zig-zag like subband scanning  
vertical motion aliasing due to field merging is considered

#### **Prediction and motion compensation:**

predictive coding similar to hybrid DCT  
subband reconstruction in the loop  
subband splitting in the loop  
prediction on full picture size  
blocks of 8x8 pixels according to interframe mode are  
processed, a reference block is taken from the position of  
the current block by application of a displacement vector

#### **Motion estimation:**

motion vector calculation between original and decoded  
image  
motion vector calculation within two field merged frames  
block size is 8x8  
search area is -12 ... +12 in both directions  
full search block matching  
half-pel vectors are calculated from the initial pel vector  
median filter postprocessing of vectors

#### **Intra/inter decision:**

one decision for 16x16 pixels of the full picture

one decision for all 16 subbands, i.e. one address has to be transmitted (4 bit fixed word length)  
 sum of 4x4 absolute pixel values is calculated within each (!) subband and compared to the corresponding value of the prediction  
 decision process starts at highest subband

#### **Quantization:**

linear quantizers  
 all subband pixels are quantized with a step size of the quantizer depending both globally on the spatial frequencies and locally on the buffer status  
 32 different quantizers to be selected for intra/inter/luminance/chrominance

#### **Variable length coding:**

VLCs and RLCs to encode both quantized subband pixel values and motion vectors  
 different code tables for intra-inter  
 different code tables for luminance and chrominance  
 4 code tables for 16 subbands  
 run lengths of zero amplitudes across subbands

#### **Buffer memory capacity:**

1600000 bits (9MBit/s)  
 800000 bits (4 MBit/s)

#### **Buffer control:**

buffer is mainly for smoothing intraframe bits  
 buffer overflow is avoided by multiplying step-size of quantizers with integer value  
 buffer underflow is avoided by selecting finer quantizers (out of the available set)

#### **Local bit rate control:**

local bit rate can change within given limits (5%-10%)  
 local gain in bit rate is spread over the future image area within an image  
 global gain (at end of an image) is given to next image  
 chrominance gain is given to next luminance image  
 global gain in intra mode is spread over last three inter-lum-images of group of frames

#### **Motion vector processing:**

horizontal prediction of each vector component and VLC coding of each component  
 subpel vectors are processed in the same way

**Overhead information:**

4 motion vectors (VLC) for 16x16 pixels within the picture  
1 x 5 bit FLC address of selected quantizer  
1 x 4 bit FLC address of subband for intra-inter switching

**Signal postprocessing:**

reinterlacing by subsequent displaying two fields from the frame store  
4:2:0 to 4:2:2 using field repetition

**Some additional features**

4:2:2 is possible  
50 Hz progressive mode is possible  
improved de- and re-interlace techniques will improve performance of coding  
different picture sizes and resolutions are easy to be implemented  
scene adaptive coding is possible  
separate predictive subband coding is possible and saves hardware

## ANNEX 2

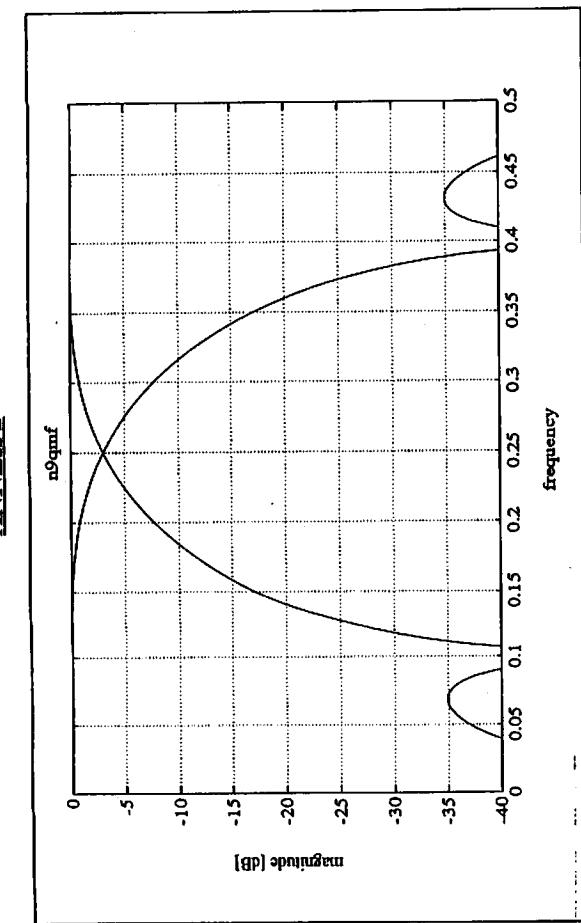


Figure 7: Frequency response of 9 tap quadratur-mirror low- and highpass filter

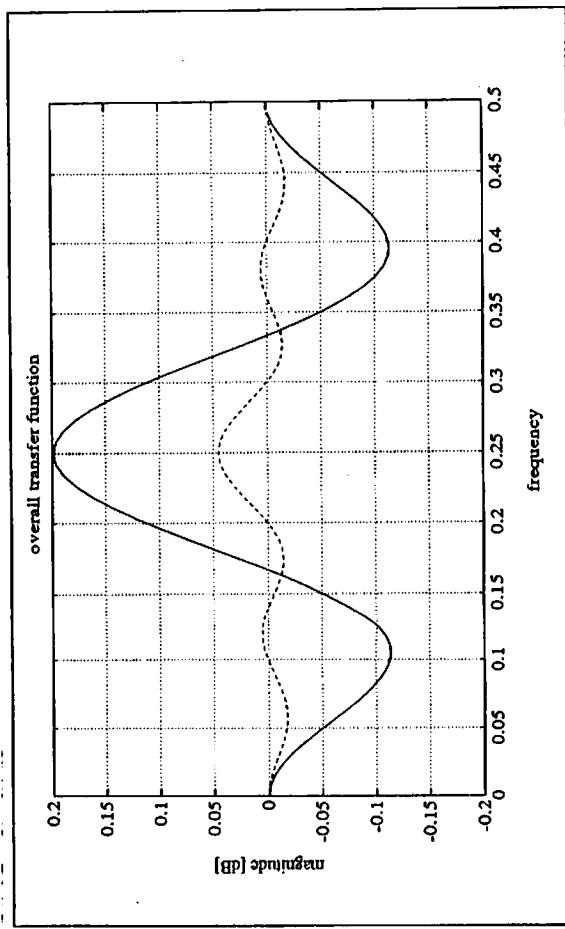


Figure 8: Overall transfer function

## Coefficients of QMF lowpass

.01995  
-.04271  
-.05224  
.29271  
.56458  
.29271  
-.05224  
-.04271  
.01995

ANNEX 3

VIC for motion vectors

MOBILE & CALENDAR A Mbit/s

ANNEX 4

Motion vector coding

TABLE TENTES 4 MB SITE / 3

卷之三

TABLE TENNIS 9 MBIT/s

frame	1	33.40 dB for L	40.66 dB for CH	38.49 dB for C2	frame	561	34.10 dB for C2	34.44 dB for C2
frame	21	29.63 dB for L	40.30 dB for CH	33.94 dB for C2	frame	971	34.92 dB for L	37.67 dB for C2
frame	31	29.17 dB for L	40.02 dB for CH	30.25 dB for C2	frame	981	35.27 dB for L	38.01 dB for C2
frame	41	30.94 dB for L	39.53 dB for CH	30.48 dB for C2	frame	991	35.43 dB for L	38.46 dB for C2
frame	51	31.32 dB for L	40.22 dB for CH	34.17 dB for C2	frame	1001	35.32 dB for L	38.43 dB for C2
frame	61	30.80 dB for L	39.38 dB for CH	30.47 dB for C2	frame	611	36.43 dB for L	39.11 dB for C2
frame	71	29.50 dB for L	39.05 dB for CH	30.34 dB for C2	frame	621	35.05 dB for L	39.38 dB for C2
frame	81	28.58 dB for L	37.49 dB for CH	31.02 dB for C2	frame	631	37.10 dB for L	39.77 dB for C2
frame	91	30.44 dB for L	38.36 dB for CH	30.14 dB for C2	frame	641	37.79 dB for L	40.02 dB for C2
frame	101	29.36 dB for L	39.32 dB for CH	30.50 dB for C2	frame	651	37.35 dB for L	40.28 dB for C2
frame	111	30.75 dB for L	41.31 dB for CH	40.72 dB for C2	frame	661	37.00 dB for L	40.23 dB for C2
frame	121	30.70 dB for L	41.76 dB for CH	40.04 dB for C2	frame	671	36.94 dB for L	40.28 dB for C2
frame	131	29.74 dB for L	41.67 dB for CH	40.04 dB for C2	frame	681	37.00 dB for L	40.41 dB for C2
frame	141	32.92 dB for L	41.50 dB for CH	40.16 dB for C2	frame	691	36.93 dB for L	40.44 dB for C2
frame	151	34.34 dB for L	41.30 dB for CH	40.14 dB for C2	frame	701	36.04 dB for L	40.44 dB for C2
frame	161	34.47 dB for L	40.44 dB for CH	39.87 dB for C2	frame	711	34.37 dB for L	39.50 dB for C2
frame	171	33.34 dB for L	35.21 dB for CH	40.11 dB for C2	frame	721	35.80 dB for L	39.71 dB for C2
frame	181	31.71 dB for L	40.22 dB for CH	40.43 dB for C2	frame	731	37.03 dB for L	39.48 dB for C2
frame	191	30.76 dB for L	39.16 dB for CH	40.21 dB for C2	frame	741	37.70 dB for L	39.48 dB for C2
frame	201	38.31 dB for L	39.89 dB for CH	40.31 dB for C2	frame	751	37.02 dB for L	39.79 dB for C2
frame	211	40.53 dB for L	43.57 dB for CH	41.19 dB for C2	frame	761	37.87 dB for L	40.09 dB for C2
frame	221	34.01 dB for L	40.25 dB for CH	40.20 dB for C2	frame	771	37.00 dB for L	40.30 dB for C2
frame	231	35.43 dB for L	40.49 dB for CH	39.32 dB for C2	frame	781	37.10 dB for L	40.49 dB for C2
frame	241	35.41 dB for L	40.14 dB for CH	39.45 dB for C2	frame	791	37.63 dB for L	40.48 dB for C2
frame	251	32.53 dB for L	39.95 dB for CH	39.78 dB for C2	frame	801	36.42 dB for L	40.12 dB for C2
frame	261	32.49 dB for L	40.01 dB for CH	40.20 dB for C2	frame	811	36.42 dB for L	40.15 dB for C2
frame	271	29.98 dB for L	39.86 dB for CH	32.83 dB for C2	frame	821	35.87 dB for L	40.24 dB for C2
frame	281	29.87 dB for L	40.62 dB for CH	34.81 dB for C2	frame	831	37.00 dB for L	40.37 dB for C2
frame	291	30.43 dB for L	40.11 dB for CH	37.93 dB for C2	frame	841	31.23 dB for L	36.49 dB for C2
frame	301	29.85 dB for L	39.41 dB for CH	37.99 dB for C2	frame	851	33.17 dB for L	37.81 dB for C2
frame	311	40.11 dB for L	39.12 dB for CH	36.90 dB for C2	frame	861	34.03 dB for L	38.24 dB for C2
frame	321	37.99 dB for L	34.59 dB for CH	38.28 dB for C2	frame	871	34.89 dB for L	38.61 dB for C2
frame	331	37.97 dB for L	33.04 dB for CH	39.01 dB for C2	frame	881	33.85 dB for L	38.97 dB for C2
frame	341	37.94 dB for L	33.04 dB for CH	38.43 dB for C2	frame	891	34.17 dB for L	39.20 dB for C2
frame	351	37.91 dB for L	37.48 dB for CH	37.77 dB for C2	frame	901	34.86 dB for L	39.41 dB for C2
frame	361	37.21 dB for L	36.48 dB for CH	37.63 dB for C2	frame	911	34.93 dB for L	39.63 dB for C2
frame	371	36.10 dB for L	36.30 dB for CH	38.35 dB for C2	frame	921	35.11 dB for L	39.43 dB for C2
frame	381	38.23 dB for L	33.09 dB for CH	38.47 dB for C2	frame	931	35.93 dB for L	40.36 dB for C2
frame	391	37.95 dB for L	36.83 dB for CH	38.40 dB for C2	frame	941	33.27 dB for L	41.22 dB for C2
frame	401	37.98 dB for L	36.84 dB for CH	38.46 dB for C2	frame	951	34.99 dB for L	37.49 dB for C2
frame	411	37.94 dB for L	37.94 dB for CH	37.76 dB for C2	frame	961	34.86 dB for L	37.40 dB for C2
frame	421	37.91 dB for L	36.01 dB for CH	36.98 dB for C2	frame	971	34.88 dB for L	37.35 dB for C2
frame	431	37.88 dB for L	36.58 dB for CH	37.63 dB for C2	frame	981	34.71 dB for L	37.31 dB for C2
frame	441	37.85 dB for L	36.30 dB for CH	36.48 dB for C2	frame	991	34.76 dB for L	37.43 dB for C2
frame	451	37.82 dB for L	34.43 dB for CH	37.09 dB for C2	frame	1001	34.35 dB for L	37.05 dB for C2
frame	461	37.79 dB for L	32.04 dB for CH	37.59 dB for C2	frame	1011	33.51 dB for L	41.21 dB for C2
frame	471	37.76 dB for L	35.70 dB for CH	37.44 dB for C2	frame	1021	33.22 dB for L	40.93 dB for C2
frame	481	37.73 dB for L	35.50 dB for CH	37.68 dB for C2	frame	1031	34.04 dB for L	40.32 dB for C2
frame	491	37.70 dB for L	35.11 dB for CH	37.76 dB for C2	frame	1041	33.91 dB for L	37.37 dB for C2
frame	501	37.67 dB for L	35.01 dB for CH	37.73 dB for C2	frame	1051	34.31 dB for L	37.35 dB for C2
frame	511	37.64 dB for L	34.98 dB for CH	37.69 dB for C2	frame	1061	34.53 dB for L	37.38 dB for C2
frame	521	37.61 dB for L	34.95 dB for CH	37.63 dB for C2	frame	1071	34.71 dB for L	37.39 dB for C2
frame	531	34.68 dB for L	34.68 dB for CH	34.68 dB for C2	frame	1081	30.82 dB for L	40.23 dB for C2
frame	541	34.65 dB for L	34.65 dB for CH	34.65 dB for C2	frame	1091	30.70 dB for L	40.10 dB for C2
frame	551	34.62 dB for L	34.62 dB for CH	34.62 dB for C2	frame	1101	30.68 dB for L	40.08 dB for C2
frame	561	34.59 dB for L	34.40 dB for CH	34.49 dB for C2	frame	1111	31.75 dB for L	36.98 dB for C2

FLOWER GARDEN 4 MBit/s

Frame	61:	29533 bits for coding vectors
Frame	64:	30407 bits for coding vectors
Frame	65:	32361 bits for coding vectors
Frame	66:	32383 bits for coding vectors
Frame	67:	39352 bits for coding vectors
Frame	68:	29469 bits for coding vectors
Frame	69:	31973 bits for coding vectors
Frame	70:	31864 bits for coding vectors
Frame	71:	0 bits for coding vectors
Frame	72:	31856 bits for coding vectors
Frame	73:	31059 bits for coding vectors
Frame	74:	31287 bits for coding vectors
Frame	75:	36438 bits for coding vectors
Frame	76:	35016 bits for coding vectors
Frame	77:	35116 bits for coding vectors
Frame	78:	31220 bits for coding vectors
Frame	79:	35938 bits for coding vectors
Frame	80:	35935 bits for coding vectors
Frame	81:	0 bits for coding vectors
Frame	82:	30710 bits for coding vectors
Frame	83:	34849 bits for coding vectors
Frame	84:	35866 bits for coding vectors
Frame	85:	34067 bits for coding vectors
Frame	86:	32137 bits for coding vectors
Frame	87:	30933 bits for coding vectors
Frame	88:	35235 bits for coding vectors
Frame	89:	35802 bits for coding vectors
Frame	90:	35007 bits for coding vectors
Frame	91:	0 bits for coding vectors
Frame	92:	34725 bits for coding vectors
Frame	93:	38282 bits for coding vectors
Frame	94:	35968 bits for coding vectors
Frame	95:	34640 bits for coding vectors
Frame	96:	33937 bits for coding vectors
Frame	97:	31092 bits for coding vectors
Frame	98:	34269 bits for coding vectors
Frame	99:	34068 bits for coding vectors
Frame	100:	32113 bits for coding vectors
Frame	101:	0 bits for coding vectors
Frame	102:	32676 bits for coding vectors
Frame	103:	34769 bits for coding vectors
Frame	104:	30580 bits for coding vectors
Frame	105:	39152 bits for coding vectors
Frame	106:	38101 bits for coding vectors
Frame	107:	33007 bits for coding vectors
Frame	108:	37194 bits for coding vectors
Frame	109:	43820 bits for coding vectors
Frame	110:	44619 bits for coding vectors
Frame	111:	32676 bits for coding vectors
Frame	112:	30580 bits for coding vectors
Frame	113:	37199 bits for coding vectors
Frame	114:	0 bits for coding vectors
Frame	115:	33007 bits for coding vectors
Frame	116:	32114 bits for coding vectors
Frame	117:	32139 bits for coding vectors
Frame	118:	31154 bits for coding vectors
Frame	119:	30734 bits for coding vectors
Frame	120:	35103 bits for coding vectors
Frame	121:	0 bits for coding vectors
Frame	122:	32599 bits for coding vectors
Frame	123:	30310 bits for coding vectors
Frame	124:	33168 bits for coding vectors

## Motion vector coding

Frame	1	0 bits for coding vectors	Frame	63	29533 bits for coding vectors
Frame	2	37834 bits for coding vectors	Frame	64	32161 bits for coding vectors
Frame	3	37834 bits for coding vectors	Frame	65	32161 bits for coding vectors
Frame	4	33813 bits for coding vectors	Frame	66	32883 bits for coding vectors
Frame	5	33874 bits for coding vectors	Frame	67	32882 bits for coding vectors
Frame	6	34281 bits for coding vectors	Frame	68	34449 bits for coding vectors
Frame	7	37123 bits for coding vectors	Frame	69	31973 bits for coding vectors
Frame	8	34278 bits for coding vectors	Frame	70	31845 bits for coding vectors
Frame	9	34431 bits for coding vectors	Frame	71	0 bits for coding vectors
Frame	10	34010 bits for coding vectors	Frame	72	32136 bits for coding vectors
Frame	11	0 bits for coding vectors	Frame	73	31009 bits for coding vectors
Frame	12	32768 bits for coding vectors	Frame	74	31847 bits for coding vectors
Frame	13	32234 bits for coding vectors	Frame	75	31849 bits for coding vectors
Frame	14	32234 bits for coding vectors	Frame	76	32011 bits for coding vectors
Frame	15	31791 bits for coding vectors	Frame	77	31224 bits for coding vectors
Frame	16	30540 bits for coding vectors	Frame	78	31224 bits for coding vectors
Frame	17	30704 bits for coding vectors	Frame	79	32958 bits for coding vectors
Frame	18	30281 bits for coding vectors	Frame	80	33983 bits for coding vectors
Frame	19	32027 bits for coding vectors	Frame	81	0 bits for coding vectors
Frame	20	30013 bits for coding vectors	Frame	82	30730 bits for coding vectors
Frame	21	0 bits for coding vectors	Frame	83	34849 bits for coding vectors
Frame	22	31044 bits for coding vectors	Frame	84	34894 bits for coding vectors
Frame	23	30644 bits for coding vectors	Frame	85	34047 bits for coding vectors
Frame	24	31050 bits for coding vectors	Frame	86	33137 bits for coding vectors
Frame	25	30511 bits for coding vectors	Frame	87	30933 bits for coding vectors
Frame	26	31610 bits for coding vectors	Frame	88	33235 bits for coding vectors
Frame	27	33874 bits for coding vectors	Frame	89	34802 bits for coding vectors
Frame	28	32893 bits for coding vectors	Frame	90	36007 bits for coding vectors
Frame	29	31143 bits for coding vectors	Frame	91	36725 bits for coding vectors
Frame	30	32030 bits for coding vectors	Frame	92	36982 bits for coding vectors
Frame	31	0 bits for coding vectors	Frame	93	36966 bits for coding vectors
Frame	32	33537 bits for coding vectors	Frame	95	36460 bits for coding vectors
Frame	33	32672 bits for coding vectors	Frame	96	33237 bits for coding vectors
Frame	34	31552 bits for coding vectors	Frame	97	36024 bits for coding vectors
Frame	35	32272 bits for coding vectors	Frame	98	36169 bits for coding vectors
Frame	36	33932 bits for coding vectors	Frame	99	36458 bits for coding vectors
Frame	37	30193 bits for coding vectors	Frame	100	32359 bits for coding vectors
Frame	38	32359 bits for coding vectors	Frame	101	0 bits for coding vectors
Frame	39	38951 bits for coding vectors	Frame	102	34747 bits for coding vectors
Frame	40	31969 bits for coding vectors	Frame	103	34749 bits for coding vectors
Frame	41	0 bits for coding vectors	Frame	104	30152 bits for coding vectors
Frame	42	33443 bits for coding vectors	Frame	105	36420 bits for coding vectors
Frame	43	33938 bits for coding vectors	Frame	106	37894 bits for coding vectors
Frame	44	34793 bits for coding vectors	Frame	107	43925 bits for coding vectors
Frame	45	35014 bits for coding vectors	Frame	108	44619 bits for coding vectors
Frame	46	32183 bits for coding vectors	Frame	109	44584 bits for coding vectors
Frame	47	41124 bits for coding vectors	Frame	110	37999 bits for coding vectors
Frame	48	34879 bits for coding vectors	Frame	111	0 bits for coding vectors
Frame	49	33093 bits for coding vectors	Frame	112	33807 bits for coding vectors
Frame	50	31180 bits for coding vectors	Frame	113	35650 bits for coding vectors
Frame	51	0 bits for coding vectors	Frame	114	36514 bits for coding vectors
Frame	52	35214 bits for coding vectors	Frame	115	31239 bits for coding vectors
Frame	53	34860 bits for coding vectors	Frame	116	31134 bits for coding vectors
Frame	54	31040 bits for coding vectors	Frame	117	10724 bits for coding vectors
Frame	55	32114 bits for coding vectors	Frame	118	35910 bits for coding vectors
Frame	56	34650 bits for coding vectors	Frame	119	36491 bits for coding vectors
Frame	57	33912 bits for coding vectors	Frame	120	23460 bits for coding vectors
Frame	58	34460 bits for coding vectors	Frame	121	0 bits for coding vectors
Frame	59	33080 bits for coding vectors	Frame	122	35995 bits for coding vectors
Frame	60	31181 bits for coding vectors	Frame	123	36910 bits for coding vectors
Frame	61	0 bits for coding vectors	Frame	124	35168 bits for coding vectors

POPPIE 9 Mbit/s

Frame	1:	24..176	cm for L
Frame	2:	33..195	cm for L
Frame	3:	33..23	cm for L
Frame	4:	33..164	cm for L
Frame	5:	33..196	cm for L
Frame	6:	33..96	cm for L
Frame	7:	33..74	cm for L
Frame	8:	33..79	cm for L
Frame	9:	32..79	cm for L
Frame	10:	33..79	cm for L
Frame	11:	34..65	cm for L
Frame	12:	33..63	cm for L
Frame	13:	33..21	cm for L
Frame	14:	33..02	cm for L
Frame	15:	33..05	cm for L
Frame	16:	33..02	cm for L
Frame	17:	33..02	cm for L
Frame	18:	33..02	cm for L
Frame	19:	33..05	cm for L
Frame	20:	33..02	cm for L
Frame	21:	34..97	cm for L
Frame	22:	33..95	cm for L
Frame	23:	33..05	cm for L
Frame	24:	33..90	cm for L
Frame	25:	33..79	cm for L
Frame	26:	33..82	cm for L
Frame	27:	33..86	cm for L
Frame	28:	33..82	cm for L
Frame	29:	33..87	cm for L
Frame	30:	33..77	cm for L
Frame	31:	33..95	cm for L
Frame	32:	33..48	cm for L
Frame	33:	33..10	cm for L
Frame	34:	33..77	cm for L
Frame	35:	33..84	cm for L
Frame	36:	33..85	cm for L
Frame	37:	33..49	cm for L
Frame	38:	33..82	cm for L

	0 bits for coding vectors
frame 1	38465 bits for coding vectors
frame 2	38483 bits for coding vectors
frame 3	38283 bits for coding vectors
frame 4	38283 bits for coding vectors
frame 5	38283 bits for coding vectors
frame 6	38283 bits for coding vectors
frame 7	38284 bits for coding vectors
frame 8	38215 bits for coding vectors
frame 9	38135 bits for coding vectors
frame 10	38023 bits for coding vectors
frame 11	0 bits for coding vectors
frame 12	38188 bits for coding vectors
frame 13	38144 bits for coding vectors
frame 14	37983 bits for coding vectors
frame 15	38285 bits for coding vectors
frame 16	38286 bits for coding vectors
frame 17	38277 bits for coding vectors
frame 18	38187 bits for coding vectors
frame 19	38289 bits for coding vectors
frame 20	38284 bits for coding vectors
frame 21	0 bits for coding vectors
frame 22	38232 bits for coding vectors
frame 23	38293 bits for coding vectors
frame 24	38281 bits for coding vectors
frame 25	38281 bits for coding vectors
frame 26	37749 bits for coding vectors
frame 27	38210 bits for coding vectors
frame 28	38274 bits for coding vectors
frame 29	38204 bits for coding vectors
frame 30	38202 bits for coding vectors
frame 31	0 bits for coding vectors
frame 32	38213 bits for coding vectors
frame 33	38259 bits for coding vectors
frame 34	38210 bits for coding vectors
frame 35	38208 bits for coding vectors
frame 36	38157 bits for coding vectors
frame 37	38241 bits for coding vectors
frame 38	38140 bits for coding vectors
frame 39	37747 bits for coding vectors
frame 40	38283 bits for coding vectors
frame 41	0 bits for coding vectors
frame 42	38269 bits for coding vectors
frame 43	38268 bits for coding vectors
frame 44	38207 bits for coding vectors
frame 45	38233 bits for coding vectors
frame 46	38173 bits for coding vectors
frame 47	38142 bits for coding vectors
frame 48	38172 bits for coding vectors
frame 49	38203 bits for coding vectors
frame 50	38051 bits for coding vectors
frame 51	0 bits for coding vectors
frame 52	38046 bits for coding vectors
frame 53	38093 bits for coding vectors
frame 54	38194 bits for coding vectors
frame 55	38293 bits for coding vectors
frame 56	38140 bits for coding vectors
frame 57	38093 bits for coding vectors
frame 58	37136 bits for coding vectors
frame 59	37135 bits for coding vectors
frame 60	37135 bits for coding vectors
frame 61	0 bits for coding vectors

CUMULATIVE BIT COUNT (CBC) AFTER 10 FRAMES OF FLOWER 9 MBIT/s		CUMULATIVE BIT COUNT (CBC) AFTER 10 FRAMES OF FLOWER 9 MBIT/s		CUMULATIVE BIT COUNT (CBC) AFTER 10 FRAMES OF FLOWER 9 MBIT/s		CUMULATIVE BIT COUNT (CBC) AFTER 10 FRAMES OF FLOWER 9 MBIT/s	
Frame 10:	1286036 bits	140140 bits	159344 bits	471175 bits	3891820 bits	471175 bits	3891820 bits
Frame 20:	6913916 bits	318697 bits	301956 bits	543005 bits	7161368 bits	543005 bits	7161368 bits
Frame 30:	9857070 bits	4159731 bits	4595472 bits	5467771 bits	1074303 bits	5467771 bits	1074303 bits
Frame 40:	13146490 bits	6044242 bits	6211379 bits	1895164 bits	15282661 bits	1895164 bits	15282661 bits
Frame 50:	14436009 bits	7044242 bits	779643 bits	2861372 bits	21513064 bits	2861372 bits	21513064 bits
Frame 60:	15711232 bits	8561895 bits	95523 bits	3425959 bits	25099809 bits	3425959 bits	25099809 bits
Frame 70:	2295912 bits	1008979 bits	1109313 bits	1795769 bits	17949432 bits	1795769 bits	17949432 bits
Frame 80:	26243221 bits	1158042 bits	1287462 bits	4526123 bits	31550320 bits	4526123 bits	31550320 bits
Frame 90:	2974673 bits	1374643 bits	1448643 bits	5089686 bits	36136851 bits	5089686 bits	36136851 bits
Frame 100:	3304570 bits	1613705 bits	1698176 bits	5899595 bits	43664682 bits	5899595 bits	43664682 bits
Frame110:	36159010 bits	1807208 bits	1826746 bits	2271446 bits	6101034 bits	1826746 bits	2271446 bits
Frame120:	393132372 bits	2179624 bits	2179624 bits	2179624 bits	2179624 bits	2179624 bits	2179624 bits
CUMULATIVE BIT COUNT (CBC) AFTER 10 FRAMES OF FLOWER 9 MBIT/s		CUMULATIVE BIT COUNT (CBC) AFTER 10 FRAMES OF FLOWER 9 MBIT/s		CUMULATIVE BIT COUNT (CBC) AFTER 10 FRAMES OF FLOWER 4 MBIT/s		CUMULATIVE BIT COUNT (CBC) AFTER 10 FRAMES OF FLOWER 4 MBIT/s	
Frame 10:	3209896 bits	164514 bits	157695 bits	328612 bits	3533010 bits	328612 bits	3533010 bits
Frame 20:	5443298 bits	327102 bits	310897 bits	6121467 bits	5891247 bits	6121467 bits	5891247 bits
Frame 30:	895190 bits	48120 bits	45313 bits	693297 bits	106364662 bits	693297 bits	106364662 bits
Frame 40:	13935672 bits	63711 bits	624769 bits	1161483 bits	11515052 bits	1161483 bits	11515052 bits
Frame 50:	16143974 bits	800043 bits	800451 bits	1798632 bits	17770036 bits	1798632 bits	17770036 bits
Frame 60:	19441487 bits	920103 bits	920103 bits	1780113 bits	17388161 bits	1780113 bits	17388161 bits
Frame 70:	21884278 bits	1101972 bits	1101972 bits	2079435 bits	2197430 bits	2079435 bits	2197430 bits
Frame 80:	2598060 bits	1249402 bits	1271897 bits	2346420 bits	23248862 bits	2346420 bits	23248862 bits
Frame 90:	29251967 bits	1438496 bits	1587837 bits	2677919 bits	26248862 bits	2677919 bits	26248862 bits
Frame100:	32057664 bits	1620363 bits	1714423 bits	2993246 bits	358621262 bits	2993246 bits	358621262 bits
Frame110:	35754491 bits	1791134 bits	1893483 bits	3423992 bits	41000984 bits	3423992 bits	41000984 bits
Frame120:	39010201 bits	1958256 bits	2121568 bits	3627246 bits	43087163 bits	3627246 bits	43087163 bits
CUMULATIVE BIT COUNT (CBC) AFTER 10 FRAMES OF FLOWER 4 MBIT/s		CUMULATIVE BIT COUNT (CBC) AFTER 10 FRAMES OF FLOWER 4 MBIT/s		CUMULATIVE BIT COUNT (CBC) AFTER 10 FRAMES OF TENNIS		CUMULATIVE BIT COUNT (CBC) AFTER 10 FRAMES OF TENNIS	
Frame 10:	1474802 bits	72161 bits	74879 bits	328612 bits	1622462 bits	328612 bits	1622462 bits
Frame 20:	2394248 bits	144994 bits	144994 bits	612599 bits	3245893 bits	612599 bits	3245893 bits
Frame 30:	4432718 bits	219593 bits	219593 bits	693462 bits	4617004 bits	693462 bits	4617004 bits
Frame 40:	5913278 bits	286211 bits	286211 bits	1151483 bits	6493996 bits	1151483 bits	6493996 bits
Frame 50:	7593585 bits	3568223 bits	3568223 bits	1686832 bits	8121284 bits	1686832 bits	8121284 bits
Frame 60:	8861604 bits	425912 bits	425912 bits	437381 bits	1798013 bits	437381 bits	1798013 bits
Frame 70:	10319272 bits	4946466 bits	4946466 bits	5071403 bits	2326328 bits	5071403 bits	2326328 bits
Frame 80:	11860769 bits	5598522 bits	5598522 bits	579437 bits	13000328 bits	579437 bits	13000328 bits
Frame 90:	13360277 bits	621437 bits	621437 bits	651151 bits	2674729 bits	651151 bits	2674729 bits
Frame100:	14844494 bits	6897348 bits	6897348 bits	705358 bits	3434992 bits	705358 bits	3434992 bits
Frame110:	16349082 bits	753584 bits	753584 bits	793167 bits	3434992 bits	793167 bits	3434992 bits
Frame120:	17932017 bits	820567 bits	820567 bits	864894 bits	3434992 bits	864894 bits	3434992 bits

CUMULATIVE BIT COUNT (CBC) AFTER 10 FRAMES OF TENNIS 4 Mbit/s					
frame 101	1462546 bits	69347 bits	7273251 bits	1604624 bits	359940 bits
frame 201	2688499 bits	168993 bits	1923251 bits	667072 bits	3109915 bits
frame 301	4309637 bits	221880 bits	1013241 bits	1013241 bits	6354693 bits
frame 401	5759231 bits	206000 bits	310643 bits	310643 bits	6354693 bits
frame 501	7159021 bits	389270 bits	390532 bits	3771459 bits	7989194 bits
frame 601	8581065 bits	490315 bits	492579 bits	2006393 bits	1013241 bits
frame 701	99727357 bits	513266 bits	516795 bits	2206439 bits	1116020 bits
frame 801	11477289 bits	639101 bits	646625 bits	17679523 bits	14395215 bits
frame 901	12923039 bits	741101 bits	747833 bits	1478014 bits	1478014 bits
frame 1001	14395215 bits	847933 bits	854662 bits	14395215 bits	14395215 bits

frame100: 143265323 bits 814809 bits 624615 bits 244390 bits 10000377 bits  
 frame101: 186197330 bits 586953 bits 902325 bits 3057483 bits 17617331 bits  
 frame102: 17230864 bits 581937 bits 988209 bits 260279 bits 19231130 bits

### CUMULATIVE BIT COUNT (CBC) AFTER 10 FRAMES OF MOB 9 Mbit/s

### ANNEX 5

#### Code Tables for VIC

-57 :	1111111110001100	22 :	111111111011100
-56 :	1111111100001110	23 :	111111111010100
-55 :	1111111100001111	24 :	1111111110001001
-54 :	1111111100001100	25 :	1111111110001010
-53 :	1111111100001111	26 :	1111111110001111
-52 :	1111111100001000	27 :	1111111110000000
-51 :	1111111100001001	28 :	1111111110000001
-50 :	1111111100001010	29 :	1111111110000010
-49 :	1111111100001011	30 :	1111111110000011
-48 :	1111111100001010	31 :	111111111011100
-47 :	1111111100001011	32 :	111111111011110
-46 :	1111111100001010	33 :	111111111011111
-45 :	1111111100001011	34 :	111111111011111
-44 :	1111111100001010	35 :	111111111011111
-43 :	1111111100001000	36 :	111111111010100
-42 :	1111111100001001	37 :	111111111010110
-41 :	1111111100001010	38 :	111111111010110
-40 :	1111111100001011	39 :	111111111010111
-39 :	1111111100001010	40 :	111111111010111
-38 :	1111111100001011	41 :	111111111010111
-37 :	1111111100001010	42 :	111111111010111
-36 :	1111111100001000	43 :	111111111010100
-35 :	1111111100001001	44 :	111111111010101
-34 :	1111111100001010	45 :	111111111010100
-33 :	1111111100001011	46 :	111111111010110
-32 :	1111111100001100	47 :	111111111010111
-31 :	1111111100001111	48 :	111111111011100
-30 :	1111111100001100	49 :	111111111011100
-29 :	1111111100001101	50 :	111111111011101
-28 :	1111111100001110	51 :	111111111011100
-27 :	1111111100000001	52 :	111111111011101
-26 :	1111111100000000	53 :	111111111011100
-25 :	1111111100000011	54 :	111111111011111
-24 :	1111111100000010	55 :	111111111011110
-23 :	1111111100000011	56 :	111111111011101
-22 :	1111111100000000	57 :	111111111011100
-21 :	1111111100000011	58 :	111111111011101
-20 :	1111111100000010	59 :	111111111011100
-19 :	1111111100000011	60 :	111111111011101
-18 :	1111111100000010	61 :	111111111011110
-17 :	1111111100000011	62 :	111111111011111
-16 :	1111111100000000	63 :	111111111011100
-15 :	1111111100000010	64 :	111111111011101
-14 :	1111111100000011	65 :	111111111011100
-13 :	1111111100000000	66 :	111111111011101
-12 :	1111111100000011	67 :	111111111011100
-11 :	1111111100000000	68 :	111111111011101
-10 :	1111111100000011	69 :	111111111011110
-9 :	1111111100000001	70 :	111111111011111
-8 :	1111111100000000	71 :	111111111011101
-7 :	1111111100000001	72 :	111111111011100
-6 :	1111111100000000	73 :	111111111011101
-5 :	1111111100000001	74 :	111111111011110
-4 :	1111111100000000	75 :	111111111011111
-3 :	1111111100000001	76 :	111111111011100
-2 :	1111111100000000	77 :	111111111011101
-1 :	1111111100000001	78 :	111111111011100
0 :	1111111100000000	79 :	111111111011101
-1 :	1111111100000001	80 :	111111111011110
-2 :	1111111100000000	81 :	111111111011111
-3 :	1111111100000001	82 :	111111111011100
-4 :	1111111100000000	83 :	111111111011101
-5 :	1111111100000001	84 :	111111111011100
-6 :	1111111100000000	85 :	111111111011101
-7 :	1111111100000001	86 :	111111111011100
-8 :	1111111100000000	87 :	111111111011101
-9 :	1111111100000001	88 :	111111111011110
-10 :	1111111100000000	89 :	111111111011111
-11 :	1111111100000001	90 :	111111111011100
-12 :	1111111100000000	91 :	111111111011101
-13 :	1111111100000001	92 :	111111111011100
-14 :	1111111100000000	93 :	111111111011101
-15 :	1111111100000001	94 :	111111111011100
-16 :	1111111100000000	95 :	111111111011101
-17 :	1111111100000001	96 :	111111111011100
-18 :	1111111100000000	97 :	111111111011101
-19 :	1111111100000001	98 :	111111111011100
-20 :	1111111100000000	99 :	111111111011101
-21 :	1111111100000001	100 :	111111111011100

### CUMULATIVE BIT COUNT (CBC) AFTER 10 FRAMES OF MOB 4 Mbit/s

Table 1

Table 1

-57 :	1111111110001100	22 :	111111111011100
-56 :	1111111100001110	23 :	111111111010100
-55 :	1111111100001111	24 :	1111111110001001
-54 :	1111111100001100	25 :	1111111110001010
-53 :	1111111100001111	26 :	1111111110001111
-52 :	1111111100000000	27 :	1111111110000000
-51 :	1111111100000001	28 :	1111111110000001
-50 :	1111111100000010	29 :	1111111110000010
-49 :	1111111100000011	30 :	1111111110000011
-48 :	1111111100000000	31 :	1111111110000000
-47 :	1111111100000001	32 :	1111111110000001
-46 :	1111111100000000	33 :	1111111110000000
-45 :	1111111100000001	34 :	1111111110000001
-44 :	1111111100000000	35 :	1111111110000000
-43 :	1111111100000001	36 :	1111111110000001
-42 :	1111111100000000	37 :	1111111110000000
-41 :	1111111100000001	38 :	1111111110000001
-40 :	1111111100000000	39 :	1111111110000000
-39 :	1111111100000001	40 :	1111111110000001
-38 :	1111111100000000	41 :	1111111110000000
-37 :	1111111100000001	42 :	1111111110000001
-36 :	1111111100000000	43 :	1111111110000000
-35 :	1111111100000001	44 :	1111111110000001
-34 :	1111111100000000	45 :	1111111110000000
-33 :	1111111100000001	46 :	1111111110000001
-32 :	1111111100000000	47 :	1111111110000000
-31 :	1111111100000001	48 :	1111111110000001
-30 :	1111111100000000	49 :	1111111110000000
-29 :	1111111100000001	50 :	1111111110000001
-28 :	1111111100000000	51 :	1111111110000000
-27 :	1111111100000001	52 :	1111111110000001
-26 :	1111111100000000	53 :	1111111110000000
-25 :	1111111100000001	54 :	1111111110000001
-24 :	1111111100000000	55 :	1111111110000000
-23 :	1111111100000001	56 :	1111111110000001
-22 :	1111111100000000	57 :	1111111110000000
-21 :	1111111100000001	58 :	1111111110000001
-20 :	1111111100000000	59 :	1111111110000000
-19 :	1111111100000001	60 :	1111111110000001
-18 :	1111111100000000	61 :	1111111110000000
-17 :	1111111100000001	62 :	1111111110000001
-16 :	1111111100000000	63 :	1111111110000000
-15 :	1111111100000001	64 :	1111111110000001
-14 :	1111111100000000	65 :	1111111110000000
-13 :	1111111100000001	66 :	1111111110000001
-12 :	1111111100000000	67 :	1111111110000000
-11 :	1111111100000001	68 :	1111111110000001
-10 :	1111111100000000	69 :	1111111110000000
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-18 : 1111111101011001	61 : 1111111111110010	9 : 110000	97 : 1111111101011001	167 : 1111111111110010	-48 : 1111111111110010
-17 : 1111111101011000	62 : 1111111111110010	10 : 11001	96 : 1111111101011000	168 : 1111111111110010	-47 : 1111111111110010
-16 : 1111111101011001	63 : 1111111111110010	11 : 11001	95 : 1111111101011001	169 : 1111111111110010	-46 : 1111111111110010
-15 : 1111111101011000	64 : 1111111111110010	12 : 11001	94 : 1111111101011000	170 : 1111111111110010	-45 : 1111111111110010
-14 : 1111111101011001	65 : 1111111111110010	13 : 11000	93 : 1111111101011001	171 : 1111111111110010	-44 : 1111111111110010
-13 : 1111111101011000	66 : 1111111111110010	14 : 11000	92 : 1111111101011000	172 : 1111111111110010	-43 : 1111111111110010
-12 : 1111111101011001	67 : 1111111111110010	15 : 11000	91 : 1111111101011001	173 : 1111111111110010	-42 : 1111111111110010
-11 : 1111111101011000	68 : 1111111111110010	16 : 11000	90 : 1111111101011000	174 : 1111111111110010	-41 : 1111111111110010
-10 : 1111111101011001	69 : 1111111111110010	17 : 11000	89 : 1111111101011001	175 : 1111111111110010	-40 : 1111111111110010
-9 : 1111111101011000	70 : 1111111111110010	18 : 11000	88 : 1111111101011000	176 : 1111111111110010	-39 : 1111111111110010
-8 : 1111111101011001	71 : 1111111111110010	19 : 11000	87 : 1111111101011001	177 : 1111111111110010	-38 : 1111111111110010
-7 : 1111111101011000	72 : 1111111111110010	20 : 11000	86 : 1111111101011000	178 : 1111111111110010	-37 : 1111111111110010
-6 : 1111111101011001	73 : 1111111111110010	21 : 11000	85 : 1111111101011001	179 : 1111111111110010	-36 : 1111111111110010
-5 : 1111111101011000	74 : 1111111111110010	22 : 11000	84 : 1111111101011000	180 : 1111111111110010	-35 : 1111111111110010
-4 : 1111111101011001	75 : 1111111111110010	23 : 11000	83 : 1111111101011001	181 : 1111111111110010	-34 : 1111111111110010
-3 : 1111111101011000	76 : 1111111111110010	24 : 11000	82 : 1111111101011000	182 : 1111111111110010	-33 : 1111111111110010
-2 : 1111111101011001	77 : 1111111111110010	25 : 11000	81 : 1111111101011001	183 : 1111111111110010	-32 : 1111111111110010
-1 : 1111111101011000	78 : 1111111111110010	26 : 11000	80 : 1111111101011000	184 : 1111111111110010	-31 : 1111111111110010
0 : 0000	79 : 1111111111110010	27 : 11000	79 : 1111111101011000	185 : 1111111111110010	-30 : 1111111111110010

Code Tables for VLC

Table 4	Table 5
167 : 1111111111110010	-48 : 1111111111110010
168 : 1111111111110010	-47 : 1111111111110010
169 : 1111111111110010	-46 : 1111111111110010
170 : 1111111111110010	-45 : 1111111111110010
171 : 1111111111110010	-44 : 1111111111110010
172 : 1111111111110010	-43 : 1111111111110010
173 : 1111111111110010	-42 : 1111111111110010
174 : 1111111111110010	-41 : 1111111111110010
175 : 1111111111110010	-40 : 1111111111110010
176 : 1111111111110010	-39 : 1111111111110010
177 : 111111111	

5

Table

171 : 11111111111111000	172 : 11111111110010110	173 : 11111111110010110	174 : 11111111110010101	175 : 010
Table 7				
-100 : 11111111110000000	-99 : 11111111110000010	-98 : 11111111110000010	-97 : 11111111110000110	-96 : 11111111110000110
-95 : 11111111110000111	-94 : 11111111110000111	-93 : 11111111110000111	-92 : 11111111110000100	-91 : 11111111110000100
-90 : 11111111110000010	-89 : 11111111110000010	-88 : 11111111110000010	-87 : 11111111110000100	-86 : 11111111110000100
-85 : 11111111110000101	-84 : 11111111110000101	-83 : 11111111110000101	-82 : 11111111110000101	-81 : 11111111110000101
-80 : 11111111110000101	-79 : 11111111110000101	-78 : 11111111110000101	-77 : 11111111110000101	-76 : 11111111110000101
-75 : 11111111110000101	-74 : 11111111110000101	-73 : 11111111110000101	-72 : 11111111110000101	-71 : 11111111110000101
-70 : 11111111110000101	-69 : 11111111110000101	-68 : 11111111110000101	-67 : 11111111110000101	-66 : 11111111110000101
-65 : 11111111110000101	-64 : 11111111110000101	-63 : 11111111110000101	-62 : 11111111110000101	-61 : 11111111110000101
-60 : 11111111110000101	-59 : 11111111110000101	-58 : 11111111110000101	-57 : 11111111110000101	-56 : 11111111110000101
-55 : 11111111110000101	-54 : 11111111110000101	-53 : 11111111110000101	-52 : 11111111110000101	-51 : 11111111110000101
-50 : 11111111110000101	-49 : 11111111110000101	-48 : 11111111110000101	-47 : 11111111110000101	-46 : 11111111110000101
-45 : 11111111110000101	-44 : 11111111110000101	-43 : 11111111110000101	-42 : 11111111110000101	-41 : 11111111110000101
-40 : 11111111110000101	-39 : 11111111110000101	-38 : 11111111110000101	-37 : 11111111110000101	-36 : 11111111110000101
-35 : 11111111110000101	-34 : 11111111110000101	-33 : 11111111110000101	-32 : 11111111110000101	-31 : 11111111110000101

Table	7
90	: 1111111111000000
91	: 1111111111011110
92	: 1111111111111100
93	: 111111111111111101
94	: 11111111111111110001
95	: 1111111111111111000101
96	: 1111111111111111000110
97	: 1111111111111111000100
98	: 1111111111111111000010
99	: 1111111111111111000001

001

-59	: 111111111101101001
-68	: 111111111101101001
-63	: 111111111101101011
-68	: 111111111101101011
-67	: 111111111101101011
-66	: 111111111101101001
-65	: 111111111101101001
-64	: 111111111101101001
-63	: 111111111101101001
-58	: 111111111101101111
-59	: 111111111101100000
-62	: 111111111101100000
-61	: 111111111101100010
-60	: 111111111101100010
-59	: 111111111101100010
-58	: 111111111101100010
-57	: 111111111101100000
-56	: 111111111101100000
-55	: 111111111101100000
-54	: 111111111101100000
-53	: 111111111101100011
-52	: 111111111101100011
-51	: 111111111101100011
-50	: 111111111101100010
-49	: 111111111101100010
-48	: 111111111101100010
-47	: 111111111101100011
-46	: 111111111101100011
-45	: 111111111101100011
-44	: 111111111101100011
-43	: 111111111101100011
-42	: 111111111101100010
-41	: 111111111101100010
-40	: 111111111101100010
-39	: 111111111101100010
-38	: 111111111101100010
-37	: 111111111101100010
-36	: 111111111101100010
-35	: 111111111101100010
-34	: 111111111101100010
-33	: 111111111101100010
-32	: 111111111101100010
-31	: 111111111101100010
-30	: 111111111101100010
-29	: 111111111101100010
-28	: 111111111101100010
-27	: 111111111101100010
-26	: 111111111101100010
-25	: 111111111101100010
-24	: 111111111101100010
-23	: 111111111101100010
-22	: 111111111101100010
-21	: 111111111101100010
-20	: 111111111101100010
-19	: 111111111101100010
-18	: 111111111101100010
-17	: 111111111101100010
-16	: 111111111101100010
-15	: 111111111101100010
-14	: 111111111101100010
-13	: 111111111101100010
-12	: 111111111101100010
-11	: 111111111101100010
-10	: 111111111101100010
-9	: 111111111101100010
-8	: 111111111101100010
-7	: 111111111101100010
-6	: 111111111101100010
-5	: 111111111101100010
-4	: 111111111101100010
-3	: 111111111101100010
-2	: 111111111101100010
-1	: 111111111101100010
0	: 111111111101100010

**Bitstream files**

-rw----- 1 schannel 2487296 Oct 13 14:29 bitstream.flow\_4mb  
-rw----- 1 schannel 5611176 Oct 11 19:17 bitstream.flow\_9mb  
-rw----- 1 schannel 2481664 Oct 14 23:54 bitstream.mob\_4mb  
-rw----- 1 schannel 5608104 Oct 13 03:21 bitstream.mob\_9mb  
-rw----- 1 schannel 2499584 Oct 12 09:43 bitstream.ten\_4mb  
-rw----- 1 schannel 5610152 Oct 14 10:33 bitstream.ten\_9mb  
-rw----- 1 schannel 5601448 Oct 14 01:04 bitstream.pop\_9mb