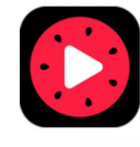


# JVET-Y0161

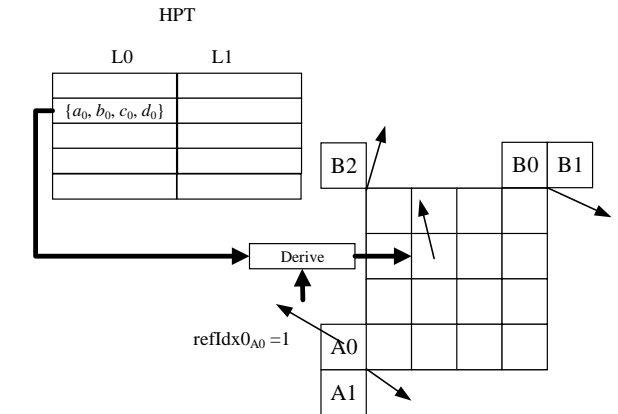
## EE2-3.12-RELATED: EXTENSIONS OF HISTORY- PARAMETER-BASED AFFINE MODEL INHERITANCE

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# Introduction

- History-parameter-based affine model inheritance (HAMI) in JVET-X0088 is tested in EE2-3.12a
- A History-Parameter Table (HPT) is established with 70 entries
  - Each entry stores a set of affine parameters:  $\{a, b, c, d\}$
  - Entries in HPT is categorized by reference list and reference index
    - $\text{HPTCat}(\text{RefList}, \text{RefIdx}) = 5 \times \text{RefList} + \min(\text{RefIdx}, 4)$
    - Seven entries in each category
  - HPT is refreshed at the beginning of each CTU row
  - HPT is updated after decoding an affine coded block
- A history-affine-parameter-based candidate (HAPC) is jointly generated from a neighbouring  $4 \times 4$  block (such as A0) and an entry in HPT
  - $\{a_0, b_0, c_0, d_0\}$  are fetched from one entry of category  $\text{HPTCat}(\text{RefList}_{A0}, \text{refIdx0}_{A0})$
  - Affine parameters from HPAC, with the center position of A0 as the base position  $(x_{\text{base}}, y_{\text{base}})$ , and the MV of block A0 as the base MV  $(mv_{\text{base}}^h, mv_{\text{base}}^v)$ , are used together to derive CPMVs



$$\begin{cases} mv^h(x, y) = a(x - x_{\text{base}}) + c(y - y_{\text{base}}) + mv_{\text{base}}^h \\ mv^v(x, y) = b(x - x_{\text{base}}) + d(y - y_{\text{base}}) + mv_{\text{base}}^v \end{cases}$$

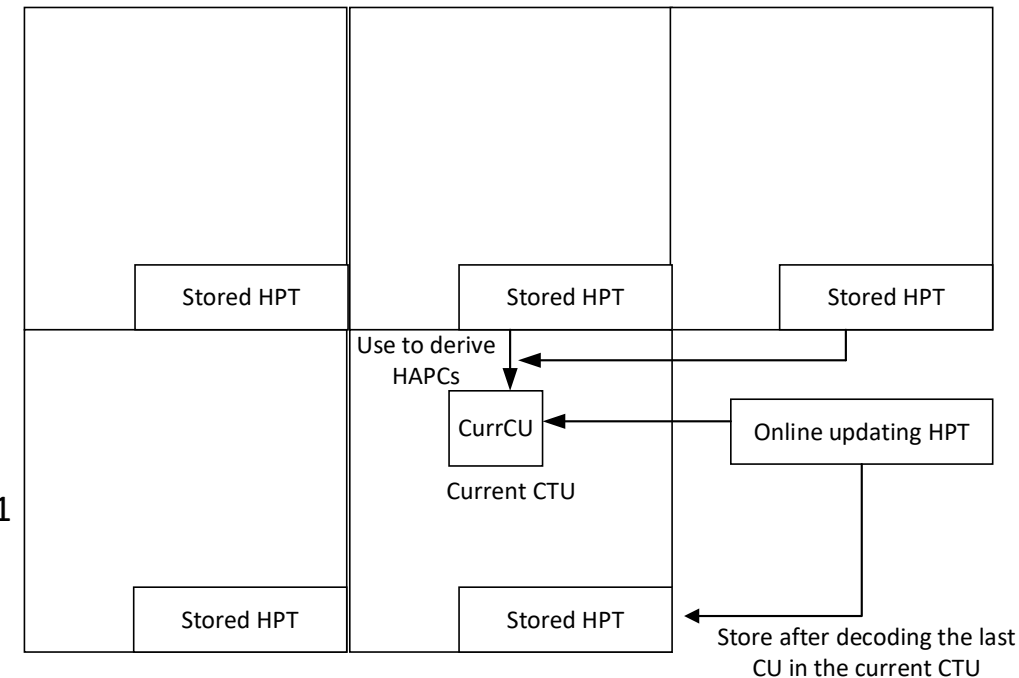
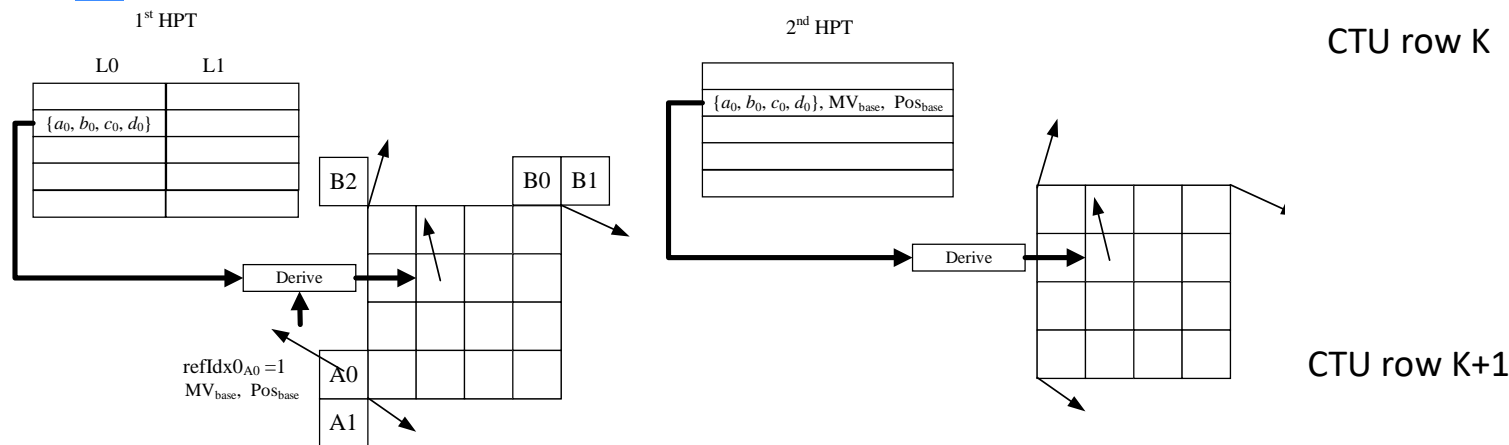
# Extensions of EE2-3.12a

B2	B3			B0	B1
A2					
A0					
A1					

- HAMI is implemented strictly following the EE description which may limit the performance
- Based on the code of EE2-3.12, some extensions are proposed
  - *Aspect #1: The size of sub-block-based merge candidate list is increased to 15, and all the affine merge candidates are involved in the adaptive reordering merge candidates (ARMC) process*
  - *Aspect #2: The number of neighboring blocks, which are used to generate affine merge candidates jointly with affine models stored in tables, are increased from 5 to 7*
  - *Aspect #3: A second history-parameter table (HPT) with base MV information is appended. And the history-parameter tables stored in the CTU above/above-right to the current CTU*
    - Nine entries in the second HPT. Each entry comprises affine parameters and base MV/base position
    - An additional HAPC can be generated with the base MV information and the affine models stored in an entry
  - *Aspect #4: Pair-wised affine merge candidates are generated by two affine merge candidates which are history-derived or not history-derived*
    - A pair-wised affine merge candidates is generated by averaging the CPMVs of two existing candidates

# Illustration of Aspect #3

- Difference between the 1<sup>st</sup> HPT and the 2<sup>nd</sup> HPT
  - 1<sup>st</sup> HPT only comprises affine models. A HAPC is jointly generated from base MV/base position of a neighbouring 4×4 block and an entry in 1<sup>st</sup> HPT
  - 2<sup>nd</sup> HPT comprises both affine models and base MV/base position. One entry in 2<sup>nd</sup> HPT can generate a HAPC independently
- After coding/decoding a CTU, the HPTs will be stored for the usage in the next CTU row



# Simulations results on ECM-3.1

Test #1: EE2-3.12 + Aspect #1

	RA					LB				
	Y	U	V	EncT	DecT	Y	U	V	EncT	DecT
Class A1	-0.25%	-0.28%	-0.28%	102%	102%					
Class A2	-0.43%	-0.23%	-0.31%	102%	103%					
Class B	-0.24%	-0.15%	-0.07%	100%	101%	-0.34%	-0.29%	-0.10%	100%	100%
Class C	-0.16%	-0.12%	-0.03%	98%	97%	-0.23%	0.09%	-0.06%	100%	100%
Class E						-0.14%	0.13%	-0.44%	100%	99%
Overall	<b>-0.26%</b>	<b>-0.19%</b>	<b>-0.15%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>-0.25%</b>	<b>-0.06%</b>	<b>-0.17%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>
Class D	-0.17%	0.03%	-0.04%	100%	96%	-0.32%	0.23%	-0.14%	101%	100%
Class F	-0.11%	-0.10%	-0.11%	99%	97%	-0.31%	-0.30%	-0.12%	100%	96%

Test #2: EE2-3.12 + Aspect #1~#4

	RA					LB				
	Y	U	V	EncT	DecT	Y	U	V	EncT	DecT
Class A1	-0.31%	-0.38%	-0.32%	99%	100%					
Class A2	-0.54%	-0.40%	-0.36%	99%	101%					
Class B	-0.33%	-0.27%	-0.19%	100%	101%	-0.42%	-0.30%	-0.44%	99%	102%
Class C	-0.20%	-0.01%	-0.14%	98%	99%	-0.27%	-0.37%	-0.06%	99%	101%
Class E						-0.19%	0.04%	-0.44%	99%	100%
Overall	<b>-0.34%</b>	<b>-0.25%</b>	<b>-0.24%</b>	<b>99%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>-0.31%</b>	<b>-0.24%</b>	<b>-0.31%</b>	<b>99%</b>	<b>101%</b>
Class D	-0.27%	-0.04%	-0.05%	99%	99%	-0.53%	0.11%	-0.87%	97%	99%
Class F	-0.22%	-0.20%	-0.28%	99%	100%	-0.52%	-0.22%	-0.23%	96%	98%

# Conclusion

- Extensions on EE of HAMI are proposed
  - *0.3%+ RA coding gain in average*
  - *Negligible complexity increase*
- Recommend to be adopted in ECM
- Thanks to KDDI for Crosschecking!