

INTERNATIONAL TELECOMMUNICATION UNION



R.55 (11/1988)

THE INTERNATIONAL TELEGRAPH AND TELEPHONE CONSULTATIVE COMMITTEE

SERIES R: TELEGRAPH TRANSMISSION Telegraph distortion

CONVENTIONAL DEGREE OF DISTORTION

Reedition of CCITT Recommendation R.55 published in the Blue Book, Fascicle VII.1 (1988)

NOTES

1 CCITT Recommendation R.55 was published in Fascicle VII.1 of the *Blue Book*. This file is an extract from the *Blue Book*. While the presentation and layout of the text might be slightly different from the *Blue Book* version, the contents of the file are identical to the *Blue Book* version and copyright conditions remain unchanged (see below).

2 In this Recommendation, the expression "Administration" is used for conciseness to indicate both a telecommunication administration and a recognized operating agency.

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CONVENTIONAL DEGREE OF DISTORTION

(Geneva, 1964)

The CCITT,

considering

(a) that the conventional degree of distortion is (Definition 33.14, Recommendation R.140) the degree of distortion the probability of exceeding which, during a prolonged observation, equals a very small assigned value.

Note – The assigned value should be specified for each case of utilization.

(b) that for standardized start-stop 50-baud systems, the assigned value is 1 per 100 000 (Recommendation R.54);

(c) that to facilitate the use of the conventional degree of distortion and the comparison of studies and plans that have been established with the aid of the conventional degree, it is useful for the probability of being exceeded assigned to the conventional degree to be the same for all telegraph systems (including data transmissions), unless another probability of being exceeded has been assigned to the conventional degree of distortion for special studies.

unanimously declares the view

(1) that, unless otherwise specified by the Administrations and recognized private operating agencies concerned, the conventional degree of distortion is the degree of distortion whose probability of being exceeded is 1 in 100 000;

(2) that the conventional degree of distortion applies to individual distortion.

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