Recommendation

ITU-T G.8151 (08/2024)

SERIES G: Transmission systems and media, digital systems and networks

Packet over Transport aspects – MPLS over Transport aspects

Management aspects of the MPLS-TP network element

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Recommendation ITU-T G.8151

Management aspects of the MPLS-TP network element

Summary

Recommendation ITU-T G.8151 addresses management aspects of the multi-protocol label switching (MPLS) transport profile (MPLS-TP) capable network element containing transport functions of one or more of the layer networks of the MPLS-TP network. The management of the MPLS-TP layer networks is separable from that of its client layer networks so that the same means of management can be used regardless of the client. The management functions for fault management, configuration management, performance monitoring and security management are specified.

This Recommendation aligns with the MPLS-TP architecture and requirements jointly developed by IETF and ITU-T and provides the specification for managing MPLS-TP network elements (NEs) that support the operations, administration, maintenance (OAM) protocol neutral equipment functionality as defined in Recommendations ITU-T G.8121/Y.1381, G.8121.1/Y.1381.1 and G.8121.2/Y.1381.2.

ITU-T G.8151/Y.1374 Amendment 1 updated the Administrative state requirements and Table 7-2.

The 2024 revision of this Recommendation has updated LM related MIs in Table 8-1; OAM-related CoS MIs (or Priority MIs) in Table 8-1, Table 8-2 and Table 8-3.2; addressed MIs that were 'For Further Study' in Tables 8-2 and 8-3.

Keywords

Configuration, equipment management, fault, MPLS-TP, performance monitoring, transport resource.

FOREWORD

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1   Scope

This Recommendation addresses management aspects of the multi-protocol label switching (MPLS) transport profile (MPLS-TP) capable network element containing transport functions of one or more of the layer networks of the MPLS-TP network. The management of the MPLS-TP layer networks is separable from that of its client layer networks so that the same means of management can be used regardless of the client. In this version of the Recommendation, fault management, configuration management, performance management and security management are specified.

The generic requirements for managing transport network elements (NEs) are specified in [ITU-T G.7710] and the requirements for the management of equipment used in networks supporting an MPLS-TP are specified in [b-IETF RFC 5951]. This Recommendation specifies the requirements for managing the following MPLS-TP specific equipment functional blocks, which are defined in [ITU-T G.8121]:

–   MPLS-TP layer connection function;

–   MPLS-TP layer trail termination functions;

–   MPLS-TP server to MPLS-TP client adaptation functions;

–   MPLS-TP server to Ethernet client adaptation functions;

–   synchronous digital hierarchy (SDH) server to MPLS-TP client adaptation functions;

–   plesiochronous digital hierarchy (PDH) server to MPLS-TP client adaptation functions;

–   optical transport network (OTN) sever to MPLS-TP client adaptation functions;

–   Ethernet MAC layer (ETH) sever to MPLS-TP client adaptation functions.

This Recommendation also describes the management network organizational model for communication between an element management layer (EML) operations system and the MPLS-TP equipment management function within an MPLS-TP network element.

The architecture described in this Recommendation for the management of MPLS-TP transport networks is based on the following considerations:

–   the management view of network element functional elements should be uniform whether those elements form part of an inter-domain interface or part of an intra-domain interface. Those properties necessary to form such a uniform management view are to be included in this Recommendation;

–   MPLS-TP layer network entities (MTLNEs) refer to trail termination, adaptation and connection functions as described in [ITU-T G.8110.1];

–   a network element may only contain MPLS-TP layer network entities;

–   a network element may contain both MTLNEs and client layer network entities (CLNEs);

–   client layer entities are managed as part of their own logical domain (e.g., Ethernet management network);

–   CLNE and MTLNE may or may not share a common message communication function (MCF) and management application function (MAF) depending on the application;

–   CLNE and MTLNE may or may not share the same agent;

–   server layer network entities (SLNEs) and MTLNEs may or may not share the same agent.

This Recommendation provides a representation of the MPLS-TP technology using the methodologies that have been used for other transport technologies (e.g., SDH, OTN and Ethernet).

2 References

The following ITU-T Recommendations and other references contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this Recommendation. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All Recommendations and other references are subject to revision; users of this Recommendation are therefore encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent edition of the Recommendations and other references listed below. A list of the currently valid ITU-T Recommendations is regularly published. The reference to a document within this Recommendation does not give it, as a stand-alone document, the status of a Recommendation.

[ITU-T G.707]   Recommendation ITU-T G.707/Y.1322 (2007), *Network node interface for the synchronous digital hierarchy (SDH).*

[ITU-T G.709]   Recommendation ITU-T G.709/Y.1331 (2020), *Interfaces for the optical transport network.*

[ITU-T G.806]   Recommendation ITU-T G.806 (2012), *Characteristics of transport equipment – Description methodology and generic functionality.*

[ITU-T G.7041]   Recommendation ITU-T G.7041/Y.1303 (2016), *Generic framing procedure (GFP).*

[ITU-T G.7044]   Recommendation ITU-T G.7044/Y.1347 (2011), *Hitless adjustment of ODUflex (GFP).*

[ITU-T G.7710]   Recommendation ITU-T G.7710/Y.1701 (2020), *Common equipment management function requirements.*

[ITU-T G.7712]   Recommendation ITU-T G.7712/Y.1703 (2019), *Architecture and specification of data communication network,*

[ITU-T G.8051]   Recommendation ITU-T G.8051 (2024), *Management aspects of the Ethernet Transport (ET) capable network element.*

[ITU-T G.8110.1]   Recommendation ITU-T G.8110.1/Y.1370.1 (2011), *Architecture of MPLS Transport Profile (MPLS-TP) layer network.*

[ITU-T G.8113.1]   Recommendation ITU-T G.8113.1/Y.1372.1 (2016), *Operations, administration and maintenance mechanism for MPLS-TP in packet transport networks.*

[ITU-T G.8113.2]   Recommendation ITU-T G.8113.2/Y.1372.2 (2015), *Operations, administration and maintenance mechanisms for MPLS-TP networks using the tools defined for MPLS.*

[ITU-T G.8112]   ITU-T Recommendation G.8112/Y.1371 (2020), *Interfaces for the MPLS transport profile layer network*

[ITU-T G.8121]   Recommendation ITU-T G.8121/Y.1381 (2018), *Characteristics of MPLS-TP equipment functional blocks.*

[ITU-T G.8121.1]   Recommendation ITU-T G.8121.1/Y.1381.1 (2018), *Characteristics of MPLS-TP equipment functional blocks supporting ITU-T G.8113.1/Y.1372.1 OAM mechanisms.*

[ITU-T G.8121.2]   Recommendation ITU-T G.8121.2/Y.1381.2 (2018), *Characteristics of MPLS--TP equipment functional blocks supporting ITU-T G.8113.2/Y.1372.2 OAM mechanisms.*

[ITU-T G.8131]   Recommendation ITU-T G.8131/Y.1382 (2014), *Linear protection switching for MPLS transport profile.*

[ITU-T G.8132]   Recommendation ITU-T G.8132/Y.1383 (2017), *MPLS-TP shared ring protection.*

[ITU-T M.3010]   Recommendation ITU-T M.3010 (2000), *Principles for a telecommunications management network.*

[ITU-T M.3013]   Recommendation ITU-T M.3013 (2000), *Considerations for a telecommunications management network.*

[ITU-T M.3100]   Recommendation ITU-T M.3100 (2005), *Generic network information model.*

[ITU-T X.700]   Recommendation ITU-T X.700 (1992), *Management framework for Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) For CCITT Applications.*

[ITU-T X.701]   Recommendation ITU-T X.701 (1997) | ISO/IEC 10040:1998, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Systems management overview.*

[ITU-T Y.1563]   Recommendation ITU-T Y.1563 (2009), *Ethernet frame transfer and availability performance.*

3   Definitions

3.1   Terms defined elsewhere

This Recommendation uses the following terms defined elsewhere:

3.1.1   agent: [ITU-T X.701]

3.1.2   alarm reporting: [ITU-T M.3100]

3.1.3   alarm reporting control (ARC): [ITU-T M.3100]

3.1.4   atomic function (AF): [ITU-T G.806]

3.1.5   data communication network (DCN): [ITU-T G.7712]

3.1.6   local craft terminal: [ITU-T G.7710]

3.1.7   managed entity: [ITU-T M.3100]

3.1.8   managed object (MO): [ITU-T X.700]

3.1.9   managed object class (MOC): [ITU-T X.701]

3.1.10   management application function (MAF): [ITU-T G.7710]

3.1.11   management interface: [ITU-T M.3100]

3.1.12   management point (MP): [ITU-T G.806]

3.1.13   manager: [ITU-T X.701]

3.1.14   message communication function (MCF): [ITU-T M.3013]

3.1.15   network element (NE): [ITU-T M.3010]

3.1.16   network element function (NEF): [ITU-T M.3010]

3.1.17   operations system: [ITU-T M.3010]

3.1.18   operations system function: [ITU-T M.3100]

3.1.19   persistence interval: [ITU-T M.3100]

3.1.20   Q-interface: [ITU-T M.3010]

3.1.21   qualified problem: [ITU-T M.3100]

3.1.22   timed interval: [ITU-T M.3100]

3.1.23   workstation function (WF): [ITU-T M.3010]

3.2   Terms defined in this Recommendation

This Recommendation defines the following terms:

3.2.1   MPLS-TP management network (MT.MN): An MPLS-TP management network is a subset of a telecommunication management network (TMN) that is responsible for managing the parts of a network element that contain MPLS-TP layer network entities. A MT.MN may be subdivided into a set of MPLS-TP management subnetworks.

3.2.2   MPLS-TP management subnetwork (MT.MSN): An MPLS-TP management subnetwork (MT.MSN) consists of a set of separate embedded control channels (ECCs) and associated intra-site data communication links which are interconnected to form a data communication network (DCN) within any given MPLS-TP transport topology. For MPLS-TP, the physical channel supporting the ECC is the MPLS-TP management communication channel (MCC) as defined in [ITU-T G.7712]. A MT.MSN represents a MPLS-TP specific local communication network (LCN) portion of a network operator's overall DCN or telecommunication management network (TMN).

3.2.3   MPLS-TP network element (MT.NE): The part of a network element that contains entities from one or more MPLS-TP layer networks. A MT.NE may therefore be a standalone physical entity or a subset of a network element. It supports at least network element functions (NEFs) and may also support an operations system function (OSF). It contains managed objects (MOs), a message communication function (MCF) and a management application function (MAF). The functions of a MT.NE may be contained within a network element (NE) that also supports other layer networks. These layer network entities are considered to be managed separately from MPLS-TP entities. As such they are not part of the MPLS-TP management network (MT.MN) or MPLS-TP management subnetwork (MT.MSN).

4   Abbreviations and acronyms

This Recommendation uses the following abbreviations and acronyms:

1SL	One-Way Synthetic Loss
AcSL	Accepted Signal Label
AF	Atomic Function
AIS	Alarm Indication Signal
ALM	ALarM reporting
ARC	Alarm Reporting Control
CC	Continuity Check
CLNE	Client Layer Network Entity
CoS	Class of Service
CP	Connection Point
CSF	Client Signal Fail
CTP	Connection Termination Point
CtrlP	Control Plane
DCN	Data Communication Network

DEG	Degraded
DLM	Direct Loss Measurement
DM	Delay Measurement
ECC	Embedded Communication Channel
E-LSP	Explicitly TC-encoded-PSC LSP
EMF	Equipment Management Function
EML	Element Management Layer
EMS	Element Management System
ETH	Ethernet MAC layer
FCAPS	Fault management, Configuration management, Account management, Performance management and Security management
FLR	Frame Loss Ratio
GNE	Gateway Network Element
ILM	Inferred Loss Measurement
IP	Internet Protocol
LAN	Local Area Network
LCK	Locked
LCN	Local Communication Network
LCT	Local Craft Terminal
L-LSP	Label-only-inferred PSC LSP
LM	Loss Measurement
LSP	Label Switched Path
MAC	Media Access Control
MAF	Management Application Function
MCC	Management Communication Channel
MCF	Message Communication Function
MD	Mediation Device
MEP	Maintenance entity group End Point
MF	Mediation Function
MgmtP	Management Plane
MI	Management Information
MIB	Management Information Base
MIP	Maintenance entity group Intermediate Point
MN	Management Network
MO	Managed Object
MOC	Managed Object Class
MP	Management Point

MPLS	Multi-Protocol Label Switching
MPLS-TP	MPLS Transport Profile
MSN	Management SubNetwork
MSRP	MPLS-TP Shared Ring Protection
MT.C	MPLS-TP Channel layer (Note – Equivalent to MPLS-TP transport service layer)
MT.MN	MPLS-TP MN
MT.MSN	MPLS-TP MSN
MT.NE	MPLS-TP NE
MT.P	MPLS-TP Path layer
MT.S	MPLS-TP Section layer
MTLNE	MPLS-TP Layer Network Entity
MTM-n	MPLS-TP Transport Module layer n
NALM	No ALaRm reporting
NALM-CD	No ALaRm reporting, Count Down
NALM-NR	No ALaRm reporting, Not Ready
NALM-QI	No ALaRm reporting, Qualified Inhibit
NALM-TI	No ALaRm reporting, Timed Inhibit
NE	Network Element
NEF	Network Element Function
NEL	Network Element Layer
OAM	Operations, Administration and Maintenance
OAMP	Operations, Administration, Maintenance and Provisioning
OS	Operations System
OSF	Operations System Function
OSI	Open Systems Interconnection
OTN	Optical Transport Network
PDH	Plesiochronous Digital Hierarchy
PHB	Per Hop Behaviour
PMC	Performance Monitoring Clock
PSC	PHB Scheduling Class
PW	Pseudowire
QoS	Quality of Service
RTC	Real Time Clock
RTR	Reset Threshold Report
SCC	Signalling Communication Channel
SDH	Synchronous Digital Hierarchy
SES	Severely Errored Seconds

SLNE	Server Layer Network Entity
TCM	Tandem Connection Monitoring
TLV	Type Length Value
TMN	Telecommunication Management Network
TR	Threshold Report
TTL	Time-To-Live
TTP	Trail Termination Point
WAN	Wide Area Network
WS	WorkStation
WTR	Wait To Restore

5 Conventions

In this Recommendation, MT.MN stands for MPLS-TP management network, MT.MSN for MPLS-TP management subnetwork, MT.NE for MPLS-TP NE, MT.C for MPLS-TP channel layer, MT.P for MPLS-TP path layer and MT.S for MPLS-TP section layer.

6 MPLS-TP management architecture

See clause 6 of [ITU-T G.7710] for the generic architecture for managing transport equipment. MPLS-TP specific management architecture is described below.

The transport layer networks of MPLS-TP are described in [ITU-T G.8110.1], [ITU-T G.8112], [ITU-T G.8121], [ITU-T G.8121.1] and [ITU-T G.8121.2]. The management of the MPLS-TP layer networks is separable from that of its client layer networks so that the same means of management can be used regardless of the client.

6.1 MPLS-TP management network architecture

6.1.1 Relationship between TMN, MT.MN and MT.MSN

The inter-relationship between a management network, its subnetworks and a telecommunication management network (TMN) as generically described in clause 6.1.1 of [ITU-T G.7710] is applicable to MPLS-TP.

This Recommendation defines the MPLS-TP management network (MT.MN) and subnetworks (MT.MSNs).

6.1.2 Access to the MT.MSN

See clause 6.1.2 of [ITU-T G.7710] for the generic requirements.

6.1.3 MT.MSN requirements

See clause 6.1.3 of [ITU-T G.7710] for the generic requirements.

In addition, all MT.NEs must support message communication functions (MCFs). The MCF of an MT.NE initiates/terminates (in the sense of the lower protocol layers), forwards, or otherwise processes management messages over management communication channels (MCCs), or over other DCN interfaces. In addition:

− all MT.NEs are required to terminate the MT.S-MCCs. In OSI terms, this means that each NE must be able to perform the functions of an end system;

–   MT.NEs may also be required to forward management messages between ports according to routing control information held in the MT.NE. In OSI terms, this means that some MT.NEs may be required to perform the functions of an intermediate system;

–   in addition to supporting interfaces for the MT.S-MCC, a MT.NE may also be required to support other DCN interfaces, which may include MT.P-MCCs, or MT.C-MCCs or an Ethernet DCN interface.

The use of the MT.P-MCCs and MT.C-MCCs for management communications is within the scope of this Recommendation, see clause 6.1.7.

6.1.4   MT.MSN data communication network

Refer to clause 6.1.4 of [ITU-T G.7710] for the generic requirements.

6.1.4.1   Management communication channel

The MT.MN supports three MCCs:

1)   MT.S-MCC (MCC_S)

2)   MT.P-MCC (MCC_P)

3)   MT.C-MCC (MCC_C)

The general MT.S-, MT.P- and MT.C-MCCs are described in [ITU-T G.7712].

Figure 6-1 illustrates a network scenario consisting of two operators. Operator B provides an MT.P Service to Operator A (i.e., Operator B transports the MT.P signal that begins and ends Operator A's domain). According to [ITU-T G.8110.1], the MCC_P and the MCC_C signals passed transparently through Operator B's network.
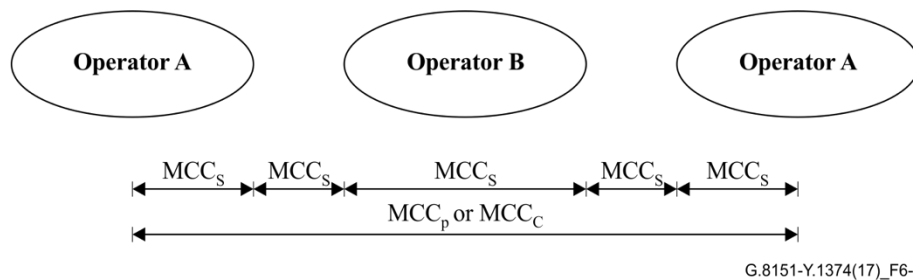
Figure 6-1 – MCC scenarios

The physical layer is terminated in every network element and its related adaptation function provides the MT.S signals as well as the MCC_S. Hence, the MCC_S cannot cross administrative domains. In Figure 6-1, Figure 6-2 and Figure 6-3 illustrate scenarios where the MCC_P and MCC_C are transported transparently though Operator B's domain (the Operator B network elements are not shown in Figure 6-2 and Figure 6-3). In these scenarios, it is possible that Operator B may use the MCC_S within its own domain for the management of its domain.
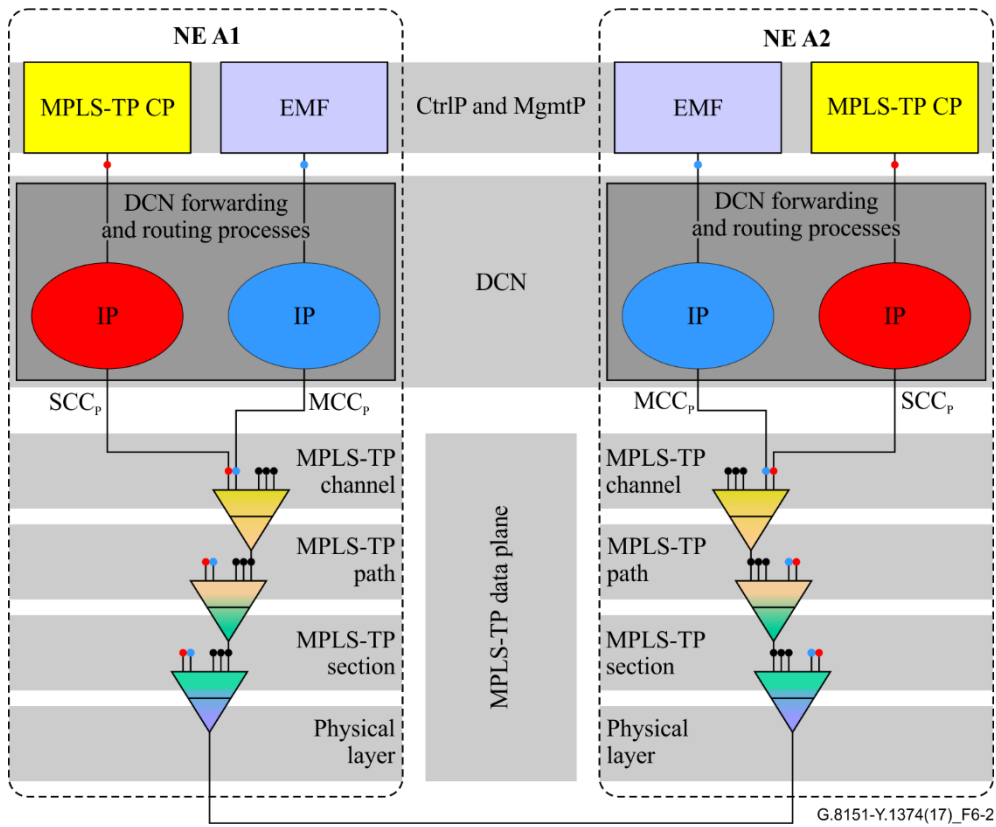
Figure 6-2 − MCC_P scenario example 1
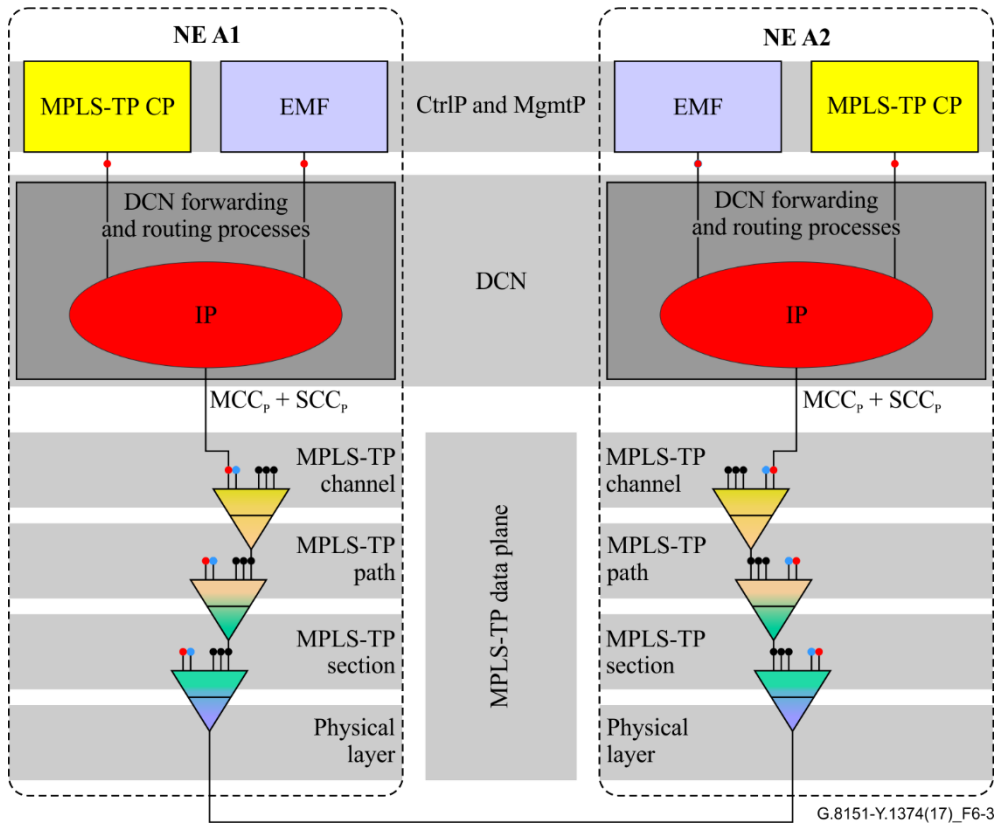
Figure 6-3 − MCC_P scenario example 2

6.1.4.2 MCC physical characteristics

The MT.S-, MT.C- and MT.P-MCCs are logical elements within the MPLS-TP transport module layer n (MTM-n). The MCC provides general management communications between two MPLS-TP network elements with access to the MT.S, MT.P and MT.C characteristic information respectively. The MT.S-, MT.P-, or MT.C-MCC is provided by the MPLS-TP operations, administration and maintenance (OAM) function at section, path, or channel layer as described in [ITU-T G.7712] or by any other embedded communication channel (ECC) of the MPLS-TP transport network.

The MT.S management communication channel (MCC_S) shall operate as a single message channel between MT.S termination points. The bit rate of the MCC_S shall be configurable.

The MT.P management communication channel (MCC_P) shall operate as a single message channel between any network elements that terminate the MT.P layer. The MCC_P is transported transparently through MT.NEs that only terminates the MT.S layer and forwards the MT.P signal. The bit rate of the MCC_P shall be configurable.

The MT.C management communication channel (MCC_C) shall operate as a single message channel between any network elements that terminate the MT.C layer. The MCC_C is transported transparently through MT.NEs that only terminates the MT.S layer or the MT.S and MT.P layers and forwards the MT.C signal. The bit rate of the MCC_C shall be configurable.

6.1.4.3 MCC data link layer protocol

The MCC data link protocols for management applications are under study for [ITU-T G.7712].

6.1.5 Management of DCN

See clause 6.1.5 of [ITU-T G.7710] for the generic requirements.

6.1.6 Remote log-in

See clause 6.1.6 of [ITU-T G.7710] for the generic requirements.

6.1.7 Relationship between technology domains

See clause 6.1.7 of [ITU-T G.7710] for the generic requirements.

6.2 MPLS-TP equipment management architecture

See clause 6.2 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a generic description of the equipment management architecture.

Figure 6-4, taken from Figure 5 of [ITU-T G.7710], shows the functions inside the MT NE.
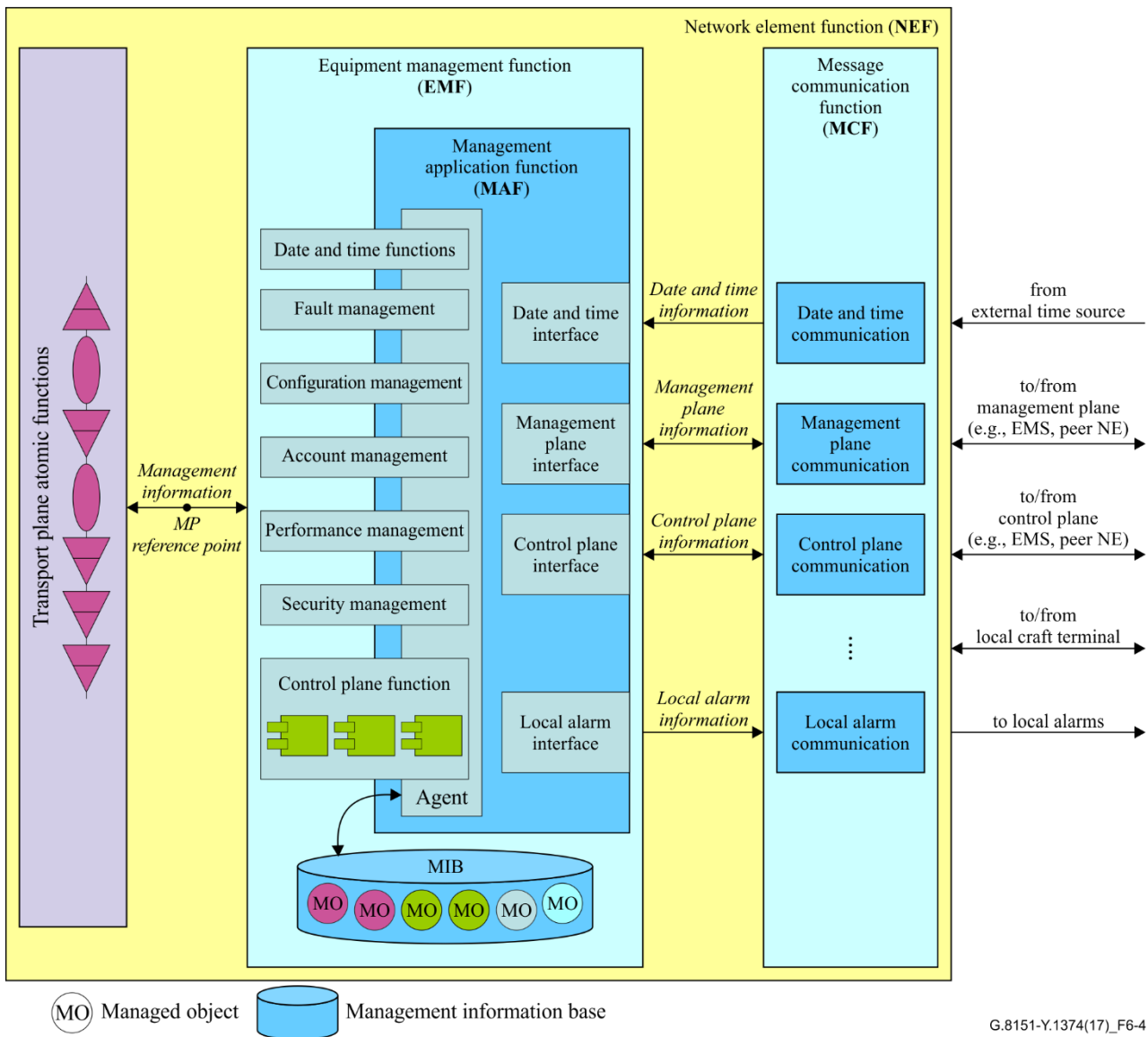
**Figure 6-4 – MPLS-TP equipment management function
(taken from Figure 5 of [ITU-T G.7710])**

6.3 Information flows over management points

See clause 6.3 of [ITU-T G.7710] for the generic description of the information flows over management points (MPs).

The information flow over the MP reference points is described in specific detail for each atomic function in [ITU-T G.8121], [ITU-T G.8121.1] and [ITU-T G.8121.2]. Note that these information flows and associated functions apply equally to both the client and supervisory channel due to the independent nature of these signals. This implies neither that the supervisory channel shall provide all the functions described, nor that [ITU-T G.8121], [ITU-T G.8121.1] and [ITU-T G.8121.2] will provide the details of which functions are available.

7 Fault (maintenance) management

See clause 7 of [ITU-T G.7710] for the generic requirements for fault management. MT-specific specifications, if needed, are explicitly described.

7.1 Fault management applications

See clause 7.1 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of the basic fault management applications.

7.1.1 Supervision

See clause 7.1.1 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a generic description of the supervision applications.

7.1.1.1 Transmission supervision

See clause 7.1.1.1 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of transmission supervision.

For MT.NE, the defects that must be monitored for the purpose of transmission supervision are defined in clause 6.1 of [ITU-T G.8121].

The atomic function associated failure conditions are listed in clause 7.2.1.

7.1.1.2 Quality of service supervision

See clause 7.1.1.2 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of quality of service supervision.

7.1.1.3 Processing supervision

See clause 7.1.1.3 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of processing supervision.

7.1.1.4 Hardware supervision

See clause 7.1.1.4 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of equipment supervision.

7.1.1.5 Environment supervision

See clause 7.1.1.5 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of environmental supervision.

7.1.2 Validation

See clause 7.1.2 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of fault cause validation.

7.1.3 Alarm handling

7.1.3.1 Severity assignment

See clause 7.1.3.1 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of severity categories.

7.1.3.2 Alarm reporting control

See clause 7.1.3.2 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of alarm reporting control (ARC).

ARC provides an automatic in-service provisioning capability.

7.1.3.3 Reportable failures

See clause 7.1.3.3 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of reportable failures.

7.1.3.4 Alarm reporting

See clause 7.1.3.4 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of alarm surveillance.

7.1.3.4.1 Local reporting

See clause 7.1.3.4.1 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of local reporting.

7.1.3.4.2 TMN reporting

See clause 7.1.3.4.2 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of TMN reporting.

7.2 Fault management functions

Figure 7-1 below is from Figure 7-1 of [ITU-T G.7710] that shows the functional model of fault management inside the MPLS-TP EMF.
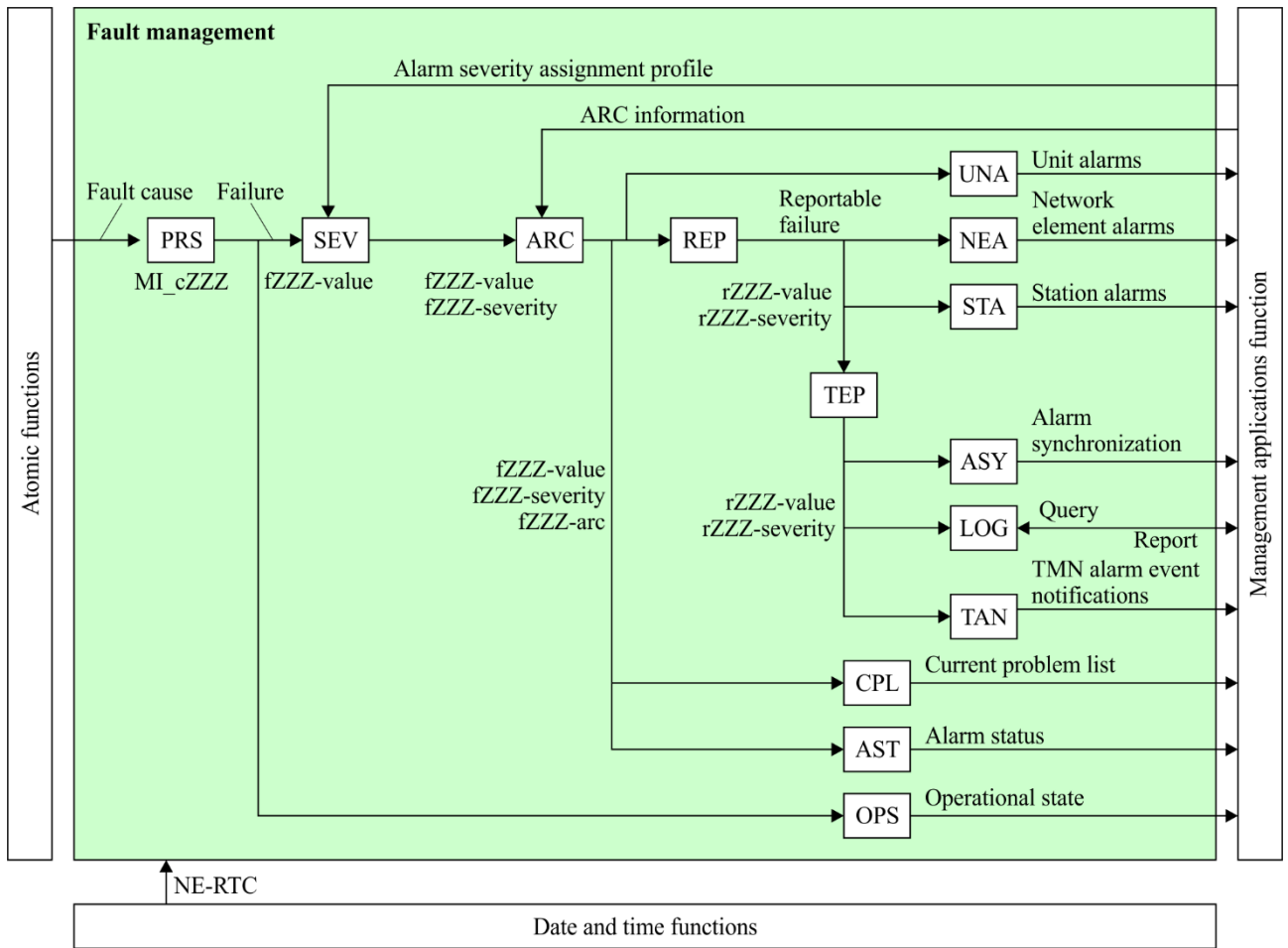
**Figure 7-1 – Fault management within the MPLS-TP NEF
(taken from Figure 7-1 of [ITU-T G.7710])**

7.2.1 Fault cause persistency function – PRS

See clause 7.2.1 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of PRS.

For MT.NE that supports the following functions specified in [ITU-T G.8121], the EMF PRS process shall support the persistency check for the fault causes listed in Table 7-1.

Inputs and outputs

<p align="center">Table 7-1 – Inputs/outputs for the fault cause persistency function</p>

Atomic function ([ITU-T G.8121])	Input	Output
MT_C	cFOP-PMb cFOP-PMc cFOP-CM cFOP-NR cFOP-TO	fFOP-PMb fFOP-PMc fFOP-CM fFOP-NR fFOP-TO
MTp_C	cFOP-PMb cFOP-PMc cFOP-CM cFOP-NR cFOP-TO	fFOP-PMb fFOP-PMc fFOP-CM fFOP-NR fFOP-TO
MT_TT_Sk	cSSF cLCK cLOC cMMG cUNM cUNP cUNC cDEG cRDI	fSSF fLCK fLOC fMMG fUNM fUNP fUNC fDEG fRDI
MT/ETH_A_Sk	cCSF	fCSF
Sn/MT_A_Sk	cPLM cLFD cEXM cUPM	fPLM fLFD fEXM fUPM
Sn-X-L/MT_A_Sk	cPLM cLFD cEXM cUPM	fPLM fLFD fEXM fUPM
Sm/MT_A_Sk	cPLM cLFD cEXM cUPM	fPLM fLFD fEXM fUPM
Sm-X-L/MT_A_Sk	cPLM cLFD cEXM cUPM	fPLM fLFD fEXM fUPM
Pq/MT_A_Sk	cPLM cLFD cEXM cUPM	fPLM fLFD fEXM fUPM

Table 7-1 – Inputs/outputs for the fault cause persistency function

Atomic function ([ITU-T G.8121])	Input	Output
Pq-X-L/MT_A_Sk	cPLM cLFD cEXM cUPM	fPLM fLFD fEXM fUPM
ODUkP/MT_A_Sk	cPLM cLFD cEXM cUPM	fPLM fLFD fEXM fUPM
ODUkP-h/MT_A_Sk	cPLM cLFD cEXM cUPM	fPLM fLFD fEXM fUPM

See [ITU-T G.7710] for the mapping of failure (fXXX) to the generic probable cause to be used in alarm reporting.

7.2.2 Severity assignment function – SEV

See clause 7.2.2 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of the severity assignment function.

7.2.3 Alarm reporting control function – ARC

See clause 7.2.3 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of the severity reporting control function (ARC).

The alarms that can be controlled with this function are defined for each atomic function in [ITU-T G.8121].

For MT.NE that supports the atomic functions specified in [ITU-T G.8121], the EMF ARC process shall support the ARC function for the failures listed in Table 7-2.

Table 7-2 – ARC specifications for MPLS-TP

Atomic function	Qualified problems	Default state value
MT_C	fFOP-PMb fFOP-PMc fFOP-CM fFOP-NR fFOP-TO	ALM
MTp_C	fFOP-PMb fFOP-PMc fFOP-CM fFOP-NR fFOP-TO	ALM
MT_TT_Sk	fSSF fLCK fLOC fMMG fUNM	ALM

Table 7-2 – ARC specifications for MPLS-TP

Atomic function	Qualified problems	Default state value
	fUNP fUNC fDEG fRDI	
MT/ETH_A_Sk	fCSF	ALM
Sn/MT_A_Sk	fPLM fLFD fEXM fUPM	ALM
Sn-X-L/MT_A_Sk	fPLM fLFD fEXM fUPM	ALM
Sm/MT_A_Sk	fPLM fLFD fEXM fUPM	ALM
Sm-X-L/MT_A_Sk	fPLM fLFD fEXM fUPM	ALM
Pq/MT_A_Sk	fPLM fLFD fEXM fUPM	ALM
Pq-X-L/MT_A_Sk	fPLM fLFD fEXM fUPM	ALM
ODUkP/MT_A_Sk	fPLM fLFD fEXM fUPM	ALM
ODUkP-h/MT_A_Sk	fPLM fLFD fEXM fUPM	ALM

7.2.4 Reportable failure function – REP

See clause 7.2.4 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of the reportable failure function.

7.2.5 Unit alarms function – UNA

See clause 7.2.5 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of the unit alarms function.

7.2.6 Network element alarms function – NEA

See clause 7.2.6 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of the network element alarms function.

7.2.7 Station alarms function – STA

See clause 7.2.7 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of the station alarms function.

7.2.8 TMN event pre-processing function – TEP

See clause 7.2.8 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of the TMN event pre-processing function.

7.2.9 Alarm synchronization function – ASY

See clause 7.2.9 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of the alarm synchronization function.

7.2.10 Logging function – LOG

See clause 7.2.10 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of the logging function.

7.2.11 TMN alarm event notification function – TAN

See clause 7.2.11 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of the TMN alarm event notification function.

7.2.12 Current problem list function – CPL

See clause 7.2.12 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of the current problem list function.

7.2.13 Alarm status function – AST

See clause 7.2.13 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of the alarm status function.

7.2.14 Operational state function – OPS

See clause 7.2.14 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of the operational state function.

For MT.NE that supports the following functions specified in [ITU-T G.8121], the EMF OPS process shall support the failures listed in Table 7-3, which lists the failures that could influence the operational state of the related objects.

Table 7-3 – Operational state function input and output signals for MPLS-TP

Atomic function	Failure input (fZZZ-value)	Operational state output (enabled/disabled)
MT_C	fFOP-PMb fFOP-PMc fFOP-CM fFOP-NR fFOP-TO	Enabled Enabled Enabled Enabled Enabled
MTp_C	fFOP-PMb fFOP-PMc fFOP-CM fFOP-NR fFOP-TO	Enabled Enabled Enabled Enabled Enabled

Table 7-3 – Operational state function input and output signals for MPLS-TP

Atomic function	Failure input (fZZZ-value)	Operational state output (enabled/disabled)
MT_TT_Sk	fSSF	Enabled
	fLCK	Enabled
	fLOC	Enabled
	fMMG	Enabled
	fUNM	Enabled
	fUNP	Enabled
	fUNC	Enabled
	fDEG	Enabled
	fRDI	Enabled
Sn/MT_A_Sk	fPLM	Enabled
	fLFD	Enabled
	fEXM	Enabled
	fUPM	Enabled
Sn-X-L/MT_A_Sk	fPLM	Enabled
	fLFD	Enabled
	fEXM	Enabled
	fUPM	Enabled
Sm/MT_A_Sk	fPLM	Enabled
	fLFD	Enabled
	fEXM	Enabled
	fUPM	Enabled
Sm-X-L/MT_A_Sk	fPLM	Enabled
	fLFD	Enabled
	fEXM	Enabled
	fUPM	Enabled
Pq/MT_A_Sk	fPLM	Enabled
	fLFD	Enabled
	fEXM	Enabled
	fUPM	Enabled
Pq-X-L/MT_A_Sk	fPLM	Enabled
	fLFD	Enabled
	fEXM	Enabled
	fUPM	Enabled
ODUkP/MT_A_Sk	fPLM	Disabled
	fLFD	DisabledDisabledDisabled
	fEXM	
	fUPM	
ODUkP-h/MT_A_Sk	fPLM	DisabledDisabledDisabledDisabled
	fLFD	
	fEXM	
	fUPM	

8 Configuration management

See clause 8 of [ITU-T G.7710] for the generic requirements for configuration management. MPLS-TP detailed specifications, if needed, are explicitly described.

8.1 Hardware

See clause 8.1 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of hardware management.

8.2 Software

See clause 8.2 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of software management.

8.3 Protection switching

See clause 8.3 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of the generic management requirements for protection switching.

This function allows a user to provision and monitor the operation of protection processes deployed in an MT connection process defined in clause 9.1 of [ITU-T G.8121].

MI signals concerning the protection processes are listed in Table 8-4 and communicated between the EMF and the protection process through the management point. According to these MI signals, the EMF generates a corresponding event notification and state report signals to the MAF.

For the protection processes supported by an MT.NE, the MT.NE EMF shall support the following management functions:

– provisioning the protection switching management information;
– retrieving the protection switching management information;
– notifying the changes of the protection switching management information;
– receiving the monitored protection switching management information.

8.4 Trail termination

See clause 8.4 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of trail termination management.

This function allows a user to provision and monitor the operation of the MPLS-TP Trail Termination process.

The management information (MI) signals listed in the table(s) of this clause are communicated between the EMF and the MPLS-TP trail termination process across the MP within the MT.NE.

For MT.NE that supports the MT_TT function specified in [ITU-T G.8121], the EMF shall support the following management functions for the MI listed in Table 8-1:

– provisioning the trail termination management information;
– retrieving the trail termination management information;
– notifying the changes of the trail termination management information;
– receiving the monitored trail termination management information.

Table 8-1 – Provisioning and reporting for termination functions

MI signal	Value range	Default value
MT_TT_So Provisioning		
MT_TT_SO_MI_GAL_ENABLE	True, false	(Note 3)
MT_TT_So_MI_TTLVALUE	0 to 255	255
MT_TT_So_MI_MEG_ID	String; values are OAM protocol-specific	(Note 1)
MT_TT_So_MI_MEP_ID	String; values are OAM protocol-specific	(Note 1)
MT_TT_So_MI_CC_OAM_Tool	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
MT_TT_So_MI_RDI_OAM_Tool	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
MT_TT_So_MI_CC_Enable	True, false	False
MT_TT_So_MI_CVp_Enable	True, false The combination of MT_TT_So_MI_CC_Enable= false and MT_TT_So_MI_CVp_Enable =true is not allowed.	False
MT_TT_So_MI_CC_CoS	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	7
MT_TT_So_MI_CC_Period	3.33 ms, 10 ms, 100 ms, 1 s, 10 s, 1 min, 10 min	100 ms
MT_TT_So_MI_1LMp_Enable	True, false	False
MT_TT_So_MI_LMp_OAM_Tool[1... M_{LMp}]	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
MT_TT_So_MI_LMp_Enable[1... M_{LMp}]	True, false	False
MT_TT_So_MI_LMp_Period[1... M_{LMp}]	100 ms, 1 s, 10 s	100 ms
MT_TT_So_MI_LMp_CoS[1... M_{LMp}]	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	(Note 5)
MT_TT_So_MI_DMp_OAM_Tool[1... M_{DMp}]	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
MT_TT_So_MI_DMp_Enable[1... M_{DMp}]	True, false	False
MT_TT_So_MI_DMp_Period[1... M_{DMp}]	100 ms, 1 s, 10 s	100 ms
MT_TT_So_MI_DMp_Test_ID[1... M_{DMp}]	(Note 2)	–
MT_TT_So_MI_DMp_CoS[1... M_{DMp}]	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	(Note 5)
MT_TT_So_MI_DMp_Length[1... M_{DMp}]	Non-negative integer representing number of bytes for the length of the padding type length value (TLV)	0
MT_TT_So_MI_1DMp_OAM_Tool[1... M_{1DMp}]	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
MT_TT_So_MI_1DMp_Enable[1... M_{1DMp}]	True, false	False
MT_TT_So_MI_1DMp_Period[1... M_{1DMp}]	100 ms, 1 s, 10 s	100 ms
MT_TT_So_MI_1DMp_Test_ID[1... M_{1DMp}]	(Note 2)	–

Table 8-1 – Provisioning and reporting for termination functions

MI signal	Value range	Default value
MT_TT_So_MI_1DMp_CoS[1... M$_{1DMp}$]	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	(Note 5)
MT_TT_So_MI_1DMp_Length[1... M$_{1DMp}$]	Non-negative integer representing number of bytes for the length of the padding TLV	0
MT_TT_So_MI_SLp_OAM_Tool[1... M$_{SLp}$]	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
MT_TT_So_MI_SLp_Enable[1... M$_{SLp}$]	True, false	False
MT_TT_So_MI_SLp_Period[1... M$_{SLp}$]	100 ms, 1 s, 10 s	100 ms
MT_TT_So_MI_SLp_Test_ID[1... M$_{SLp}$]	(Note 2)	–
MT_TT_So_MI_SLp_CoS[1... M$_{SLp}$]	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	(Note 5)
MT_TT_So_MI_SLp_Length[1... M$_{SLp}$]	Non-negative integer representing number of bytes for the length of the padding TLV	0
MT_TT_So_MI_1SLp_OAM_Tool[1...M$_{1SLp}$]	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
MT_TT_So_MI_1SLp_Enable[1...M$_{1SLp}$]	True, false	False
MT_TT_So_MI_1SLp_Period[1...M$_{1SLp}$]	100 ms, 1 s, 10 s	100 ms
MT_TT_So_MI_1SLp_CoS[1...M1$_{1SLp}$]	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	(Note 5)
MT_TT_So_MI_1SLp_Test_ID[1...M$_{1SLp}$]	(Note 2)	–
MT_TT_So_MI_1SLp_Length[1...M$_{1SLp}$]	Non-negative integer representing number of bytes for the length of the padding TLV	0
MT_TT_Sk Provisioning		
MT_TT_Sk_MI_GAL_Enable	True, false	(Note 3)
MT_TT_Sk_MI_MEG_ID	String; values are OAM protocol-specific	(Note 2)
MT_TT_Sk_MI_ PeerMEP_ID	String; values are OAM protocol-specific	Empty list
MT_TT_Sk_MI_CC_OAM_Tool	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
MT_TT_Sk_MI_RDI_OAM_Tool	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
MT_TT_Sk_MI_CC_Enable	True, false	False
MT_TT_Sk_MI_CVp_Enable	True, false The combination of MT_TT_Sk_MI_CC_Enable= false and MT_TT_Sk_MI_CVp_Enable =true is not allowed	False
MT_TT_Sk_MI_CC_Period	3.33 ms, 10 ms, 100 ms, 1 s, 10 s, 1 min, 10 min	100 ms

Table 8-1 – Provisioning and reporting for termination functions

MI signal	Value range	Default value
MT_TT_Sk_MI_CC_CoS	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	7
MT_TT_Sk_MI_1LMp_Enable	True, false	False
MT_TT_Sk_MI_Get_SvdCC	Last received continuity check (CC) frame(s) that caused defect	–
MT_TT_Sk_MI_LMp_OAM_Tool[1... MLMp]	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
MT_TT_Sk_MI_LMp_Enable[1... MLMp]	True, false	False
MT_TT_Sk_MI_LMp_CoS[1... MLMp]	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	(Note 5)
MT_TT_Sk_MI_LM_DEGM	2-10; See Table 7-1 of [ITU-T G.806]	7 (Note 4)
MT_TT_Sk_MI_LM_M	2-10	7 (Note 4)
MT_TT_Sk_MI_LM_DEGTHR	0% to 100%; See Table 7-1 of [ITU-T G.806]	Near-end SES threshold (Note 4
MT_TT_Sk_MI_LM_TFMIN	$0..(2^{32}-1)$	
MT_TT_Sk_MI_1second	–	–
MT_TT_Sk_MI_DMp_OAM_Tool[1... M_{DMp}]	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
MT_TT_Sk_MI_DMp_Enable[1… MDMp]	True, false	False
MT_TT_Sk_MI_DMp_CoS[1… MDMp]	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	(Note 5)
MT_TT_Sk_MI_1DMp_OAM_Tool[1... M1DMp]	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
MT_TT_Sk_MI_1DMp_Enable[1...M1DMp]	True, false	False
MT_TT_Sk_MI_1DMp_Test_ID[1...M_{1DMp}]	(Note 2)	–
MT_TT_Sk_MI_SLp_OAM_Tool[1… M_{SLp}]	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
MT_TT_Sk_MI_SLp_Enable[1… M_{SLp}]	True, false	False
MT_TT_Sk_MI_SLp_CoS[1… M_{SLp}]	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	(Note 5)
MT_TT_Sk_MI_1SLp_OAM_Tool	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
MT_TT_Sk_MI_1SLp_Enable[1… M_{1SLp}]	True, false	False
MT_TT_Sk_MI_1SLp_Test_ID[1… M_{1SLp}]	(Note 2)	–
MT_TT_Sk_MI_AIS_OAM_Tool	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
MT_TT_Sk_MI_LCK_OAM_Tool	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
MT_TT_Sk Reporting		
MT_TT_Sk_MI_SvdCC	Last received CC packet(s) that causes the defect	–
NOTE 1 – A value must be provided at provisioning. NOTE 2 – The Test ID field is optional when this proactive measurement tool is used.		

Table 8-1 – Provisioning and reporting for termination functions

MI signal	Value range	Default value
NOTE 3 – MI_GAL_Enable must be set to true on label switched paths (LSPs) and sections, and to false on pseudowires (PWs).		
NOTE 4 – Equipment designed prior to the 2024 version of ITU-T G.8151 may use a default value 30% for MI_LM_DEGTHR, 10% for MI_LM_DEGM, and 10% for MI_LM_M.		
NOTE 5 – The default value is the MI_CC_CoS in the same atomic function.		

8.4.1 Trail termination – ITU-T G.8121.1 specific

For MT.NE that supports the MT_TT function specified in [ITU-T G.8121.1], there is no additional MI to be managed beyond those listed in Table 8-1.

NOTE – In [ITU-T G.8121.1], MI_LMC_Enable and MI_LML_Enable are used to mean MI_1LMp_Enable and MI_LMp_Enable as described in [ITU-T G.8121].

8.4.2 Trail termination – ITU-T G.8121.2 specific

For MT.NE that supports the MT_TT function specified in [ITU-T G.8121.2], the EMF shall in addition support the management of the MIs listed in Table 8-1.1:

Table 8-1.1 – Provisioning and reporting for termination functions

MI signal	Value range	Default value
MT_TT_So Provisioning		
MT_TT_So_MI_CCCV_Mode[]	Coord, Src, Sink	Coord
MT_TT_So_MI_Local_Discr[]	32-bit value	0
MT_TT_So Reporting		
MT_TT_So_MI_DMp_PeriodChanged[1...MDMp]	True, false	False
MT_TT_So_MI_LMp_PeriodChanged[1...MLMp]	True, false	False
MT_TT_Sk Provisioning		
MT_TT_Sk_MI_CCCV_Mode[]	Coord, Src, Sink	Coord
MT_TT_Sk_MI_Remote_Discr[]	32-bit value	0
MT_TT_Sk_MI_PeerMEPID[]		
MT_TT_Sk_MI_DMp_CopyPad[1...MDMp]	0,128	0
MT_TT_Sk_MI_LMp_LMType[1...MLMp]	Inferred loss measurement (ILM), direct loss measurement (DLM)	
MT_TT_Sk_MI_LMp_CountBytes[1...MLMp]	True, false	True
MT_TT_Sk_MI_PM_ClearError	–	–
MT_TT_Sk_MI_PM_Responder_Enable	True, false	True
MT_TT_Sk Reporting		
MT_TT_Sk_MI_DMp_ReportError(Error)[1...MDMp]	True, false	False
MT_TT_Sk_MI_LMp_ReportError(Error)[1...MLMp]	True, false	False

8.5 Adaptation

See clause 8.5 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of adaptation management.

An access point that has multiple adaptation functions connected to it, thereby allowing different clients to be transported via the server signal, requires a mechanism for the selection of the active client.

This function allows a user to provision and monitor the operation of the MPLS-TP adaptation processes.

The MI signals listed in the following table are communicated between the EMF and the adaptation processes across the management point within the MPLS-TP NE.

For MT.NE that supports the adaptation functions specified in [ITU-T G.8121], the EMF shall support the following management functions for the MI listed in Table 8-2:

– provisioning the flow forwarding management information;
– retrieving the flow forwarding management information;
– notifying the changes of the flow forwarding management information.

Table 8-2 – Provisioning and reporting for adaptation functions

MI signal	Value range	Default value
MT/MT_A_So Provisioning		
MT/MT_A_So_MI_Admin_State (Note 6)	Locked (LCK), Normal	Normal
MT/MT_A_So_MI_Label [1…M]	16 to 2^{20}-1	(Note 2)
MT/MT_A_So_MI_LSPType[1…M]	Explicitly TC-encoded-PSC LSP (E-LSP), label-only-inferred PSC LSP (L-LSP)	(Note 1)
MT/MT_A_So_MI_CoS[1…M]	0 to 7	–
MT/MT_A_So_MI_PHB2EXPMapping[1…M]	(Note 1)	(Note 1)
MT/MT_A_So_MI_QoSEncodingMode[1…M]	A, B (Note 5)	(Note 2)
MT/MT_A_So_MI_Mode	Mode 1, Mode 2	Mode 1
MT/MT_A_So_MI_LCK_OAM_Tool[1...M]	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
MT/MT_A_So_MI_LCK_Period[1…M]	1 s, 1 min	1 s
MT/MT_A_So_MI_LCK_CoS[1…M]	0 to 7	(Note 7)
MT/MT_A_So_MI_APS_OAM_Tool[1...M]	[ITU-T G.8131]	[ITU-T G.8131]
MT/MT_A_So_MI_APS_CoS[1…M]	0 to 7	(Note 7)
MT/MT_A_So_MI_GAL_Enable[1...M]	True, false	(Note 4)
MT/MT_A_Sk Provisioning		
MT/MT_A_Sk_MI_Admin_State (Note 6)	LCK, Normal	Normal
MT/MT_A_Sk_MI_Label [1…M]	16 to 2^{20}-1	(Note 2)
MT/MT_A_Sk_MI_LSPType[1…M]	E-LSP, L-LSP	(Note 1)
MT/MT_A_Sk_MI_CoS[1…M]	1 to 7	–
MT/MT_A_Sk_MI_TC2PHBMapping[1…M]	(Note 1)	(Note 1)

Table 8-2 – Provisioning and reporting for adaptation functions

MI signal	Value range	Default value
MT/MT_A_Sk_MI_QoSDecodingMode[1…M]	A, B (Note 5)	(Note 2)
MT/MT_A_Sk_MI_Mode	Mode 1, Mode 2	Mode 1
MT/MT_A_Sk_MI_AIS_OAM_Tool[1...M]	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
MT/MT_A_Sk_MI_AIS_Period[1...M]	1 s, 1 min	1 s
MT/MT_A_Sk_MI_AIS_CoS[1...M]	0 to 7	(Note 7)
MT/MT_A_Sk_MI_LCK_OAM_Tool[1...M]	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
MT/MT_A_Sk_MI_LCK_Period[1...M]	1 s, 1 min	1 s
MT/MT_A_Sk_MI_LCK_CoS[1...M]	0 to 7	(Note 7)
MT/MT_A_Sk_MI_APS_OAM_Tool[1...M]	[ITU-T G.8131]	[ITU-T G.8131]
MT/MT_A_Sk_MI_GAL_Enable [1...M]	True, false	(Note 4)
MT/MSRP_A_So Provisioning		
MT/MSRP_A_So_MI_GAL_Enable	True, false	True
MT/MSRP_A_So_MI_APS_CoS	0…7	(Note 7)
MT/MSRP_A_So_MI_APS_OAM_Tool	MSRP (see [ITU-T G.8121])	MSRP
MT/MSRP_A_Sk Provisioning		
MT/MSRP_A_Sk_MI_GAL_Enable	True, false	True
MT/MSRP_A_Sk_MI_APS_OAM_Tool	MSRP (see [ITU-T G.8121])	MSRP
MSRP/MT_A_Sk Provisioning		
MSRP/MT_MI_DestNode_ID[1…m]	(Note 8)	N/A
MTDi/MT_A_Sk Provisioning		
MTDi/MT_A_Sk_MI_DS_MP_Type NOTE – This MI should be properly configured by the EMF on the basis of the MPLS-TP connection configuration within the node but not exposed to the Operator as a configuration parameter in the NE/EMS management interface. See clause 9.4.2.2.2 of [ITU-T G.8121] and its Appendix I for examples of configuration of this MI.	Maintenance entity group end point (MEP), Maintenance entity group Intermediate Point (MIP)	–
MT/ETH_A_So Provisioning		
MT/ETH_A_So_MI_Admin_State (Note 6)	LCK, Normal	Normal
MT/ETH_A_So_MI_FCSEnable	True, false	True
MT/ETH_A_So_MI_CWEnable	True, false	True
MT/ETH_A_So_MI_SQUse	True, false	False
MT/ETH_A_So_MI_PRI2CoSMapping	(Note 1)	(Note 1)
MT/ETH_A_So_MI_MEP_MAC* (Note 3)	6-byte unicast MAC address	–
MT/ETH_A_So_MI_Client_MEL* (Note 3)	0 to 7	(Note 7)

Table 8-2 – Provisioning and reporting for adaptation functions

MI signal	Value range	Default value
MT/ETH_A_So_MI_LCK_Period* (Note 3)	1 s, 1 min	1 s
MT/ETH_A_So_MI_LCK_Pri* (Note 3)	0 to 7	7
MT/ETH_A_So_MI_MEL* (Note 3)	0 to 7	7
MT/ETH_A_Sk_MI_GAL_Enable	True, false	(Note 4)
MT/ETH_A_Sk_MI_CSF_OAM_Tool	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
MT/ETH_A_So_MI_CSF_Period	(Note 1)	(Note 1)
MT/ETH_A_So_MI_CSF_CoS	0 to 7	(Note 7)
MT/ETH_A_So_MI_CSF_Enable	True, false	False
MT/ETH_A_So_MI_CSFrdifdiEnable	True, false	False
MT/ETH_A_Sk Provisioning		
MT/ETH_A_Sk_MI_FCSEnable	True, false	True
MT/ETH_A_Sk_MI_CWEnable	True, false	False
MT/ETH_A_Sk_MI_SQUse	True, false	False
MT/ETH_A_Sk_MI_GAL_Enable	True, false	(Note 4)
MT/ETH_A_Sk_MI_CoS2PRIMapping	(Note 1)	(Note 1)
MT/ETH_A_Sk_MI_MEL* (Note 3)	0 to 7	7
MT/ETH_A_Sk_MI_Admin_State (Note 6)	LCK, Normal	Normal
MT/ETH_A_Sk_MI_LCK_Period * (Note 3)	1 s, 1 min	1 s
MT/ETH_A_Sk_MI_LCK_Pri * (Note 3)	0 to 7	(Note 7)
MT/ETH_A_Sk_MI_Client_MEL * (Note 3)	0 to 7	7
MT/ETH_A_Sk_MI_MEP_MAC * (Note 3)	6-byte unicast MAC address	–
MT/ETH_A_Sk_MI_AIS_Pri * (Note 3)	0 to 7	(Note 7)
MT/ETH_A_Sk_MI_AIS_Period * (Note 3)	1 s, 1 min	1 s
MT/ETH_A_Sk_MI_GAL_Enable	True, false	(Note 4)
MT/ETH_A_Sk_MI_CSF_OAM_Tool	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
MT/ETH_A_Sk_MI_CSF_Reported	True, false	False
MT/ETH_A_Sk_MI_CSFrdifdiEnable	True, false	False
MT/SCC_A_So Provisioning		
MT/SCC_A_So_MI_Active	True, false	True
MT/SCC_A_So_MI_ECC_CoS	0 to 7	(Note 7)
MT/SCC_A_So_MI_GAL_Enable	True, false	(Note 4)
MT/SCC_A_Sk Provisioning		
MT/SCC_A_Sk_MI_Active	True, false	True
MT/SCC_A_Sk_GAL_Enable	True, false	(Note 4)
MT/MCC_A_So Provisioning		
MT/MCC_A_So_MI_Active	True, false	True

Table 8-2 – Provisioning and reporting for adaptation functions

MI signal	Value range	Default value
MT/MCC_A_So_MI_ECC_CoS	0 to 7	(Note 7)
MT/MCC_A_So_MI_GAL_enable	True, false	(Note 4)
MT/MCC_A_Sk Provisioning		
MT/MCC_A_Sk_MI_Active	True, false	True
MT/MCC_A_Sk_MI_GAL_Enable	True, false	(Note 4)
Sn/MT_A_So Provisioning		
Sn/MT_A_So_MI_SCCType	0 to 255	32
Sn/MT_A_So_MI_Label[1…M]	16 to 2^{20}-1	(Note 2)
Sn/MT_A_So_MI_LSPType[1…M]	E-LSP, L-LSP	–
Sn/MT_A_So_MI_CoS[1…M]	0 to 7	
Sn/MT_A_So_PHB2TCMapping[1…M]	(Note 1)	–
Sn/MT_A_So_MI_QoSEncodingMode[1…M]	A, B (Note 5)	–
Sn/MT_A_So_MI_Mode[1…M]	Mode 1, Mode 2	Mode 1
Sn/MT_A_Sk Provisioning		
Sn/MT_A_Sk_MI_SCCType	0 to 255	32
Sn/MT_A_Sk_MI_Label[1…M]	16 to 2^{20}-1	(Note 2)
Sn/MT_A_Sk_MI_LSPType[1…M]	E-LSP, L-LSP	(Note 1)
Sn/MT_A_Sk_MI_CoS[1…M]	0 to 7	–
Sn/MT_A_Sk_MI_TC2PHBMapping[1…M]	(Note 1)	(Note 1)
Sn/MT_A_Sk_MI_QoSDecodingMode[1…M]	A, B (Note 5)	(Note 1)
Sn/MT_A_Sk_MI_Mode[1…M]	Mode 1, Mode 2	Mode 1
Sn/MT_A_Sk_MI_LCK_Period[1…M]	1 s, 1 min	1 s
Sn/MT_A_Sk_MI_LCK_CoS[1…M]	0 to 7	7
Sn/MT_A_Sk_MI_LCK_OAM_Tool [1…M]	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
Sn/MT_A_Sk_MI_Admin_State (Note 6)	LCK, Normal	Normal
Sn/MT_A_Sk_MI_AIS_Period[1…M]	1 s, 1 min	1 s
Sn/MT_A_Sk_MI_AIS_CoS[1…M]	0 to 7	7
Sn/MT_A_Sk_MI_AIS_OAM_Tool[1…M]	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
Sn/MT_A_Sk_MI_GAL_enable[1…M]	True, false	(Note 4)
Sn/MT_A_Sk Reporting		
Sn/MT_A_Sk_MI_AcSL	0 to 255 (see Table 9-11 of [ITU-T G.707])	–
Sn/MT_A_Sk_MI_AcEXI	0 to 15 (see Table 6-2 of [ITU-T G.7041])	–
Sn/MT_A_Sk_MI_LastValidUPI	0 to 255 (see Table 6-3 of [ITU-T G.7041])	–

Table 8-2 – Provisioning and reporting for adaptation functions

MI signal	Value range	Default value
Sn-X-L/MT_A_So Provisioning		
Sn-X-L/MT_A_So_MI_SCCType	0 to 255 (see Table 6-3 of [ITU-T G.7041])	32
Sn-X-L/MT_A_So_MI_Label[1…M]	16 to 2^{20}-1	(Note 2)
Sn-X-L/MT_A_So_MI_LSPType[1…M]	E-LSP, L-LSP	–
Sn-X-L/MT_A_So_MI_CoS[1…M]	0 to 7	–
Sn-X-L/MT_A_So_PHB2TCMapping[1…M]	(Note 1)	(Note 1)
Sn-X-L/MT_A_So_MI_QoSEncodingMode[1…M]	A, B (Note 5)	(Note 1)
Sn-X-L/MT_A_So_MI_Mode[1…M]	Mode 1, Mode 2	Mode 1
Sn-X-L/MT_A_Sk Provisioning		
Sn-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_SCCType	0 to 255 (see Table 6-3 of [ITU-T G.7041])	32
Sn-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_Label[1…M]	16 to 2^{20}-1	(Note 2)
Sn-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_LSPType[1…M]	E-LSP, L-LSP	–
Sn-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_CoS[1…M]	0 to 7	–
Sn-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_TC2PHBMapping[1…M]	(Note 1)	(Note 1)
Sn-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_QoSDecodingMode[1…M]	A, B (Note 5)	(Note 1)
Sn-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_Mode[1…M]	Mode 1, Mode 2	Mode 1
Sn-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_LCK_Period[1…M]	1 s, 1 min	1 s
Sn-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_LCK_CoS[1…M]	0 to 7	7
Sn-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_LCK_OAM_Tool [1…M]	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
Sn-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_Admin_State (Note 6)	LCK, Normal	Normal
Sn-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_AIS_Period[1…M]	1 s, 1 min	1 s
Sn-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_AIS_CoS[1…M]	0 to 7	7
Sn-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_AIS_OAM_Tool [1…M]	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
Sn-X-L /MT_A_Sk_MI_GAL_Enable [1…M]	True, false	(Note 4)
Sn-X-L/MT_A_Sk Reporting		
Sn-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_AcSL	0 to 255 (see Table 9-11 of [ITU-T G.707])	–
Sn-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_AcEXI	0 to 15 (see Table 6-2 of [ITU-T G.7041])	–
Sn-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_LastValidUPI	0 to 255 (see Table 6 3 of [ITU-T G.7041])	–
Sm/MT_A_So Provisioning		
Sm/MT_A_So_MI_SCCType	0 to 255	32

Table 8-2 – Provisioning and reporting for adaptation functions

MI signal	Value range	Default value
Sm/MT_A_So_MI_Label[1…M]	16 to 2^{20}-1	(Note 2)
Sm/MT_A_So_MI_LSPType[1…M]	E-LSP, L-LSP	–
Sm/MT_A_So_MI_CoS[1…M]	0 to 7	
Sm/MT_A_So_PHB2TCMapping[1…M]	(Note 1)	(Note 1)
Sm/MT_A_So_MI_QoSEncodingMode[1…M]	A, B (Note 5)	(Note 1)
Sm/MT_A_So_MI_Mode[1…M]	Mode 1, Mode 2	Mode 1
Sm/MT_A_Sk Provisioning		
Sm/MT_A_Sk_MI_SCCType	0 to 255	32
Sm/MT_A_Sk_MI_Label[1…M]	16 to 2^{20}-1	(Note 2)
Sm/MT_A_Sk_MI_LSPType[1…M]	E-LSP, L-LSP	–
Sm/MT_A_Sk_MI_CoS[1…M]	0 to 7	
Sm/MT_A_Sk_MI_TC2PHBMapping[1…M]	(Note 1)	(Note 1)
Sm/MT_A_Sk_MI_QoSDecodingMode[1…M]	A, B (Note 5)	(Note 1)
Sm/MT_A_Sk_MI_Mode[1…M]	Mode 1, Mode 2	Mode 1
Sm/MT_A_Sk_MI_LCK_Period[1…M]	1 s, 1 min	1 s
Sm/MT_A_Sk_MI_LCK_CoS[1…M]	0 to 7	7
Sm/MT_A_Sk_MI_LCK_OAM_Tool [1…M]	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
Sm/MT_A_Sk_MI_Admin_State (Note 6)	LCK, Normal	Normal
Sm/MT_A_Sk_MI_AIS_Period[1…M]	1 s, 1 min	1 s
Sm/MT_A_Sk_MI_AIS_CoS[1…M]	0 to 7	7
Sm/MT_A_Sk_MI_AIS_OAM_Tool[1…M]	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
Sm/MT_A_Sk_MI_GAL_Enable[1…M]	True, false	(Note 4)
Sm/MT_A_Sk Reporting		
Sm/MT_A_Sk_MI_AcSL	0 to 255 (see Tables 9-12 and 9-13 of [ITU-T G.707])	–
Sm/MT_A_Sk_MI_AcEXI	0 to 15 (see Table 6-2 of [ITU-T G.7041])	–
Sm/MT_A_Sk_MI_LastValidUPI	0 to 255 (see Table 6-3 of [ITU-T G.7041])	–
Sm-X-L/MT_A_So Provisioning		
Sm-X-L/MT_A_So_MI_SCCType	0 to 255	32
Sm-X-L/MT_A_So_MI_Label[1…M]	16 to 2^{20}-1	(Note 2)
Sm-X-L/MT_A_So_MI_LSPType[1…M]	E-LSP, L-LSP	–
Sm-X-L/MT_A_So_MI_CoS[1…M]	0 to 7	
Sm-X-L/MT_A_So_PHB2TCMapping[1…M]	(Note 1)	(Note 1)

Table 8-2 – Provisioning and reporting for adaptation functions

MI signal	Value range	Default value
Sm-X-L/MT_A_So_MI_QoSEncodingMode[1…M]	A, B (Note 5)	(Note 1)
Sm-X-L/MT_A_So_MI_Mode[1…M]	Mode 1, Mode 2	Mode 1
Sm-X-L/MT_A_Sk Provisioning		
Sm-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_SCCType	0 to 255	32
Sm-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_Label[1…M]	16 to 2^{20}-1	(Note 2)
Sm-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_LSPType[1…M]	E-LSP, L-LSP	–
Sm-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_CoS[1…M]	0 to 7	
Sm-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_TC2PHBMapping[1…M]	(Note 1)	(Note 1)
Sm-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_QoSDecodingMode[1…M]	A, B (Note 5)	(Note 1)
Sm-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_Mode[1…M]	Mode 1, Mode 2	Mode 1
Sm-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_LCK_Period[1…M]	1 s, 1 min	1 s
Sm-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_LCK_CoS[1…M]	0 to 7	7
Sm-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_LCK_OAM_Tool [1…M]	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
Sm-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_Admin_State (Note 6)	LCK, Normal	Normal
Sm-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_AIS_Period[1…M]	1 s, 1 min	1 s
Sn-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_AIS_CoS[1…M]	0 to 7	7
Sm-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_AIS_OAM_Tool [1…M]	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
Sm-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_GAL_Enable[1…M]	True, false	(Note 4)
Sm-X-L/MT_A_Sk Reporting		
Sm-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_AcSL	0 to 255	–
Sm-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_AcEXI	0 to 15	–
Sm-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_LastValidUPI	0 to 255	–
Pq/MT_A_So Provisioning		
Pq/MT_A_So_MI_SCCType	0 to 255	32
Pq/MT_A_So_MI_Label[1…M]	16 to 2^{20}-1	(Note 2)
Pq/MT_A_So_MI_LSPType[1…M]	E-LSP, L-LSP	–
Pq/MT_A_So_MI_CoS[1…M]	0 to 7	7
Pq/MT_A_So_PHB2TCMapping[1…M]	(Note 1)	(Note 1)
Pq/MT_A_So_MI_QoSEncodingMode[1…M]	A, B (Note 5)	(Note 1)
Pq/MT_A_So_MI_Mode[1…M]	Mode 1, Mode 2	Mode 1
Pq/MT_A_Sk Provisioning		
Pq/MT_A_Sk_MI_SCCType	0 to 255	32
Pq/MT_A_Sk_MI_Label[1…M]	16 to 2^{20}-1	(Note 2)
Pq/MT_A_Sk_MI_LSPType[1…M]	E-LSP, L-LSP	–
Pq/MT_A_Sk_MI_CoS[1…M]	0 to 7	7
Pq/MT_A_Sk_MI_TC2PHBMapping[1…M]	(Note 1)	(Note 1)
Pq/MT_A_Sk_MI_QoSDecodingMode[1…M]	A, B (Note 5)	(Note 1)

Table 8-2 – Provisioning and reporting for adaptation functions

MI signal	Value range	Default value
Pq/MT_A_Sk_MI_Mode[1…M]	Mode 1, Mode 2	Mode 1
Pq/MT_A_Sk_MI_LCK_Period[1…M]	1 s, 1 min	1 s
Pq/MT_A_Sk_MI_LCK_CoS[1…M]	0 to 7	7
Pq/MT _A_Sk_MI_LCK_Tool[1…M]	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
Pq/MT_A_Sk_MI_Admin_State (Note 6)	LCK, Normal	Normal
Pq/MT_A_Sk_MI_AIS_Period[1…M]	1 s, 1 min	1 s
Pq/MT_A_Sk_MI_AIS_CoS[1…M]	0 to 7	7
Pq/MT_A_Sk_MI_AIS_Tool[1…M]	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
Pq/MT_A_Sk_MI_GAL_Enable [1…M]	True, false	(Note 4)
Pq/MT_A_Sk Reporting		
Pq/MT_A_Sk_MI_AcSL	0 to 7 (see clause 2.1.2 of [ITU-T G.832])	–
Pq/MT_A_Sk_MI_AcEXI	0 to 15 (see Table 6-2 of [ITU-T G.7041])	–
Pq/MT_A_Sk_MI_LastValidUPI	0 to 255 (see Table 6-3 of [ITU-T G.7041])	–
Pq-X-L/MT_A_So Provisioning		
Pq-X-L/MT_A_So_MI_SCCType	0 to 255	32
Pq-X-L/MT_A_So_MI_Label[1…M]	16 to 2^{20}-1	(Note 2)
Pq-X-L/MT_A_So_MI_LSPType[1…M]	E-LSP, L-LSP	–
Pq-X-L/MT_A_So_MI_CoS[1…M]	0 to 7	7
Pq-X-L/MT_A_So_PHB2TCMapping[1…M]	(Note 1)	(Note 1)
Pq-X-L/MT_A_So_MI_QoSEncodingMode[1…M]	A, B (Note 5)	(Note 1)
Pq-X-L /MT_A_So_MI_Mode[1…M]	Mode 1, Mode 2	Mode 1
Pq-X-L/MT_A_Sk Provisioning		
Pq-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_SCCType	0 to 255	32
Pq-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_Label[1…M]	16 to 2^{20}-1	(Note 2)
Pq-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_LSPType[1…M]	E-LSP, L-LSP	–
Pq-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_CoS[1…M]	0 to 7	
Pq-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_TC2PHBMapping[1…M]	(Note 1)	(Note 1)
Pq-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_QoSDecodingMode[1…M]	A, B (Note 5)	(Note 1)
Pq-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_Mode[1…M]	Mode 1, Mode 2	Mode 1
Pq-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_LCK_Period[1…M]	1 s, 1 min	1 s
Pq-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_LCK_CoS[1…M]	0 to 7	7
Pq-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_LCK_Tool[1…M]	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
Pq-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_Admin_State (Note 6)	LCK, Normal	Normal

Table 8-2 – Provisioning and reporting for adaptation functions

MI signal	Value range	Default value
Pq-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_AIS_Period[1…M]	1 s, 1 min	1 s
Pq-X-LMT_A_Sk_MI_AIS_CoS[1…M]	0 to 7	7
Pq-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_AIS_Tool[1…M]	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
Pq-X-L//MT_A_Sk_MI_GAL_Enable[1…M]	True, false	(Note 4)
Pq-X-L/MT_A_Sk Reporting		
Pq-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_AcSL	0 to 7	–
Pq-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_AcEXI	0 to 15	–
Pq-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_LastValidUPI	0 to 255	–
ODUkP/MT_A_So Provisioning		
ODUkP/MT_A_So_MI_Active	True, false	False
ODUkP/MT_A_So_MI_SCCType	0 to 255	32
ODUkP/MT_A_So_MI_Label[1…M]	16 to 2^{20}-1	(Note 2)
ODUkP/MT_A_So_MI_LSPType[1…M]	E-LSP, L-LSP	–
ODUkP/MT_A_So_MI_CoS[1…M]	0 to 7	
ODUkP/MT_A_So_PHB2TCMapping[1…M]	(Note 1)	(Note 1)
ODUkP/MT_A_So_MI_QoSEncodingMode[1…M]	A, B (Note 5)	(Note 1)
ODUkP/MT_A_So_MI_Mode[1…M]	Mode 1, Mode 2	Mode 1
ODUkP/MT_A_Sk Provisioning		
ODUkP/MT_A_Sk_MI_Active	True, false	False
ODUkP/MT_A_Sk_MI_SCCType	0 to 255	32
ODUkP/MT_A_Sk_MI_Label[1…M]	16 to 2^{20}-1	(Note 2)
ODUkP/MT_A_Sk_MI_LSPType[1…M]	E-LSP, L-LSP	–
ODUkP/MT_A_Sk_MI_CoS[1…M]	0 to 7	
ODUkP/MT_A_Sk_MI_TC2PHBMapping[1…M]	(Note 1)	(Note 1)
ODUkP/MT_A_Sk_MI_QoSDecodingMode[1…M]	A, B (Note 5)	(Note 1)
ODUkP/MT_A_So_MI_Mode[1…M]	Mode 1, Mode 2	Mode 1
ODUkP/MT_A_Sk_MI_LCK_Period[1…M]	1 s, 1 min	1 s
ODUkP/MT_A_Sk_MI_LCK_CoS[1…M]	0 to 7	7
ODUkP/MT_A_Sk_MI_LCK_Tool[1…M]	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
ODUkP/MT_A_Sk_MI_Admin_State (Note 6)	LCK, Normal	Normal
ODUkP/MT_A_Sk_MI_AIS_Period[1…M]	1 s, 1 min	1 s
ODUkP/MT_A_Sk_MI_AIS_CoS[1…M]	0 to 7	7
ODUkP/MT_A_Sk_MI_AIS_Tool[1…M]	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
ODUkP/MT_A_Sk_MI_GAL_Enable[1…M]	True, false	(Note 4)

Table 8-2 – Provisioning and reporting for adaptation functions

MI signal	Value range	Default value
ODUkP/MT_A_Sk Reporting		
ODUkP/MT_A_Sk_MI_AcPT	0 to 255 (see Table 15-8 of [ITU-T G.709])	Not Applicable
ODUkP/MT_A_Sk_MI_AcEXI	0 to 15 (see Table 6-2 of [ITU-T G.7041])	Not Applicable
ODUkP-h/MT_A_Sk_MI_LastInvalidUPI	0 to 255 (see Table 6-3 of [ITU T G.7041])	Not Applicable
ODUkP-h/MT_A_So provisioning		
ODUkP-h/MT_A_So_MI_Active	True, false	False
ODUkP-h/MT_A_So_MI_SCCType	0 to 255	32
ODUkP-h/MT_A_So_MI_Label[1…M]	16 to 2^{20}-1	(Note 2)
ODUkP-h/MT_A_So_MI_LSPType[1…M]	E-LSP, L-LSP	–
ODUkP-h/MT_A_So_MI_CoS[1…M]	0 to 7	
ODUkP-h/MT_A_So_PHB2TCMapping[1…M]	(Note 1)	–
ODUkP-h/MT_A_So_MI_QoSEncodingMode[1…M]	A, B (Note 5)	–
ODUkP-h/MT_A_So_MI_Mode[1…M]	Mode 1, Mode 2	Mode 1
ODUkP-h/MT_A_So_MI _GAL_Enable[1…M]	True, False	(Note 4)
ODUkP-h/MT_A_So_MI_INCREASE	True, false	False
ODUkP-h/MT_A_So_MI_DECREASE	True, false	False
ODUkP-h/MT_A_So_MI_TSNUM	According to [ITU-T G.7044]	N/A
ODUkP-h/MT_A_So_MI_ODUflexRate	FlexCBR, FlexGFP	N/A
ODUkP-h/MT_A_So reporting		
ODUkP-h/MT_A_So_MI_ADJSTATE	According to [ITU-T G.7044]	N/A
ODUkP-h/MT_A_Sk provisioning		
ODUkP-h/MT_A_Sk_MI_Active	True, false	False
ODUkP-h/MT_A_Sk_MI_SCCType	0 to 255	32
ODUkP-h/MT_A_Sk_MI_Label[1…M]	16 to 2^{20}-1	(Note 2)
ODUkP-h/MT_A_Sk_MI_LSPType[1…M]	E-LSP, L-LSP	–
ODUkP-h/MT_A_Sk_MI_CoS[1…M]	0 to 7	
ODUkP-h/MT_A_Sk_MI_TC2PHBMapping[1…M]	(Note 1)	–
ODUkP-h/MT_A_Sk_MI_QoSDecodingMode[1…M]	A, B (Note 5)	–
ODUkP/MT_A_Sk_MI_Mode[1…M]	Mode 1, Mode 2	Mode 1
ODUkP-h/MT_A_Sk_MI_LCK_Period[1…M]	1 s, 1 min	1 s
ODUkP-h/MT_A_Sk_MI_LCK_CoS[1…M]	0 to 7	7
ODUkP-h/MT_A_Sk_MI_LCK_Tool[1…M]	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A

Table 8-2 – Provisioning and reporting for adaptation functions

MI signal	Value range	Default value
ODUkP-h/MT_A_Sk_MI_Admin_State (Note 6)	LCK, Normal	Normal
ODUkP-h/MT_A_Sk_MI_AIS_Period[1…M]	1 s, 1 min	1 s
ODUkP-h/MT_A_Sk_MI_AIS_CoS[1…M]	0 to 7	7
ODUkP-h/MT_A_Sk_MI_AIS_Tool[1…M]	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
ODUkP-h/MT_A_Sk_MI_GAL_Enable[1…M]	True, false	(Note 4)
ODUkP-h/MT_A_Sk_MI_INCREASE	True, false	False
ODUkP-h/MT_A_Sk_MI_DECREASE	True, false	False
ODUkP-h/MT_A_Sk reporting		
ODUkP-h/MT_A_Sk_MI_AcPT	0 to 255 (see Table 15-8 of [ITU T G.709])	Not applicable
ODUkP-h/MT_A_Sk_MI_AcEXI	0 to 255 (see Table 6-2 of [ITU-T G.7041])	Not applicable
ODUkP-h/MT_A_Sk_MI_LastInvalidUPI	0 to 255 (see Table 6-3 of [ITU-T G.7041])	Not applicable
ETH/MT_A_So Provisioning		
ETH/MT_A_So_MI_Label[1…M]	16 to 2^{20}-1	(Note 2)
ETH/MT_A_So_MI_LSPType[1…M]	E-LSP, L-LSP	(Note 1)
ETH/MT_A_So_MI_CoS[1…M]	0 to 7	–
ETH/MT_A_So_PHB2TCMapping[1…M]	(Note 1)	(Note 1)
ETH/MT_A_So_MI_QoSEncodingMode[1…M]	A, B (Note 5)	(Note 2)
ETH/MT_A_So_MI_Mode[1…M]	Mode 1, Mode 2	Mode 1
ETH/MT_A_So_MI_Etype		
ETH/MT_A_Sk Provisioning		
ETH/MT_A_Sk_MI_Label[1…M]	16 to 2^{20}-1	(Note 2)
ETH/MT_A_Sk_MI_LSPType[1…M]	E-LSP, L-LSP	–
ETH/MT_A_Sk_MI_CoS[1…M]	0 to 7	
ETH/MT_A_Sk_MI_TC2PHBMapping[1…M]	(Note 1)	(Note 1)
ETH/MT_A_Sk_MI_QoSDecodingMode[1…M]	A, B (Note 5)	(Note 1)
ETH/MT_A_Sk_MI_Mode[1…M]	Mode 1, Mode 2	Mode 1
ETH/MT_A_Sk_MI_LCK_Enable[1…M]	True, false	True
ETH/MT_A_Sk_MI_LCK_Period[1…M]	1 s, 1 min	1 s
ETH/MT_A_Sk_MI_LCK_CoS[1…M]	0 to 7	(Note 7)
ETH/MT_A_Sk_MI_LCK_OAM_Tool[1…M]	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
ETH/MT_A_Sk_MI_Admin_State (Note 6)	LCK, Normal	Normal
ETH/MT_A_Sk_MI_AIS_Enable[1…M]	True, false	True
ETH/MT_A_Sk_MI_AIS_Period[1…M]	1 s, 1 min	1 s

Table 8-2 – Provisioning and reporting for adaptation functions

MI signal	Value range	Default value
ETH/MT_A_Sk_MI_AIS_CoS[1…M]	0 to 7	(Note 7)
ETH/MT_A_Sk_MI_AIS_OAM_Tool[1…M]	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
NOTE 1 – According to [ITU-T G.8121]. NOTE 2 – A value must be provided at provisioning. NOTE 3 – Indicates ETH OAM related. NOTE 4 – MI_GAL_Enable must be set to true on LSPs and sections and to false on PWs. NOTE 5 – See clause 8.2.1 of [ITU-T G.8121] for the semantic of A and B. NOTE 6 – See clause 8.13 for Administrative state management. NOTE 7 – The default value is the MI_CC_CoS of the sever MT_TT or MI_CC_Pri of the server ETHx_FT. NOTE 8 – According to clause 14.2 in [ITU-T G.8132].		

8.5.1 Adaptation – ITU-T G.8121.1 specific

For MT.NE that supports the adaptation functions specified in [ITU-T G.8121.1], the EMF shall in addition support the management of the MIs listed in Table 8-2.1.

Table 8-2.1 – Provisioning and reporting for adaptation functions

MI signal	Value range	Default value
MT/ETH_A_So Provisioning		
MT/ETH_A_So_MI_CSFdciEnable	True, false	False

8.5.2 Adaptation – ITU-T G.8121.2 specific

For MT.NE that supports the adaptation functions specified in [ITU-T G.8121.2], the EMF shall in addition support the management of the MIs listed in Table 8-2.2.

Table 8-2.2 – Provisioning and reporting for adaptation functions

MI signal	Value range	Default value
MT/MT_A_Sk Provisioning		
MT/MT_A_Sk_MI_Local_Defect	True, false	False
Sn/MT_A_Sk Provisioning		
Sn/MT_A_Sk_MI_Local_Defect	True, false	False
Sn-X-L/MT_A_Sk Provisioning		
Sn-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_Local_Defect	True, false	False
Sm/MT_A_Sk Provisioning		
Sm/MT_A_Sk_MI_Local_Defect	True, false	False
Sm-X-L/MT_A_Sk Provisioning		
Sm-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_Local_Defect	True, false	False
Pq/MT_A_Sk Provisioning		
Pq/MT_A_Sk_MI_Local_Defect	True, false	False

Table 8-2.2 – Provisioning and reporting for adaptation functions

MI signal	Value range	Default value
Pq-X-L/MT_A_Sk Provisioning		
Pq-X-L/MT_A_Sk_MI_Local_Defect	True, false	False
ODUkP/MT_A_Sk Provisioning		
ODUkP/MT_A_Sk_MI_Local_Defect	True, false	False
ODUkP-h/MT_A_Sk provisioning		
ODUkP-h/MT_A_Sk_MI_Local_Defect	True, false	False
ETH/MT_A_Sk Provisioning		
ETH/MT_A_Sk_MI_Local_Defect	True, false	False

8.6 Diagnostic

This clause provides the requirements for the management of the MT diagnostic trail termination functions (MTDe_TT)

For MT.NE that supports the MTDe_TT function specified in [ITU-T G.8121], the EMF shall support the following management functions for the MIs listed in Table 8-3:

– provisioning the trail termination management information;

– retrieving the trail termination management information;

– notifying the changes of the trail termination management information;

– receiving the monitored trail termination management information.

Table 8-3 – Provisioning and reporting for diagnostic trail termination function

MI signal	Value range	Default value
MTDe_TT_So Provisioning		
MTDe_TT_So_MI_GAL_Enable	True, false	(Note 3)
MTDe_TT_So_MI_TTLVALUE	0 to 255	255
MTDe_TT_So_MI_CV_OAM_Tool	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
MTDe_TT_So_MI_CV_Series ()	See Tables 8-3.1 and 8-3.2 for the respective parameters and values	See Tables 8-3.1 and 8-3.2 for the respective parameters and values
MTDe_TT_So_MI_1TH_OAM_Tool	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
MTDe_TT_So_MI_1TH_Start(CoS, Pattern, Length, Period) NOTE – Pattern is ITU-T G.8121.1 specific	Class of service (CoS): 0 to 7 Length: 0 to L The value of L depends on implementation, e.g., may be 2^{32}. Patterns, period: (Note 5)	Default value of Length: 0
MTDe_TT_So_MI_1TH_Terminate	–	–
MTDe_TT_So_MI_LMo_OAM_Tool	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
MTDe_TT_So_MI_LMo_Start(CoS,Period) $[1...M_{LMo}]$	CoS: 0 to 7 Period: 100 ms, 1 s, 10 s	

Table 8-3 – Provisioning and reporting for diagnostic trail termination function

MI signal	Value range	Default value
MTDe_TT_So_MI_LMo_Intermediate_Request [1...M_{LMo}]	–	–
MTDe_TT_So_MI_LMo_Terminate[1...M_{LMo}]	–	–
MTDe_TT_So_MI_DMo_OAM_Tool	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
MTDe_TT_So_MI_DMo_Start(CoS,Test_ID, Length,Period)[1...M_{DMo}]	CoS: 0 to 7 Test_ID: (Note 2) Length: 0 to L. The value of L depends on implementation, e.g., may be 2^{32}. Period: 1 s, 10 s, 1 min	Default value of Length: 0 Default value of Period: 1 min
MTDe_TT_So_MI_DMo_Terminate[1...M_{DMo}]	–	–
MTDe_TT_So_MI_1DMo_OAM_Tool	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
MTDe_TT_So_MI_1DMo_Start(CoS,Test_ID, Length,Period)[1...M_{1DMo}]	CoS: 0 to 7 Test_ID: (Note 2) Length: 0 to L. The value of L depends on implementation, e.g., may be 2^{32}. Period: 100 ms, 1 s, 10 s	Default value of Length: 0
MTDe_TT_So_MI_DMo_Intermediate_Request[1...M_{LMo}]	–	–
MTDe_TT_So_MI_1DMo_Terminate [1...M_{1DMo}]	–	–
MTDe_TT_So_MI_SLo_OAM_Tool	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
MTDe_TT_So_MI_SLo_Start(CoS,Test_ID, Length,Period)[1...M_{SLo}]	CoS: 0 to 7 Test_ID: (Note 2) Length: 0 to L. The value of L depends on implementation, e.g., may be 2^{32}. Period: 0.1 ms, 0.5 ms, 1 ms, 3.3 ms, 10 ms, 100 ms	Default value of Length: 0 Default value of Period: 10 ms
MTDe_TT_So_MI_SLo_Intermediate_Request [1...M_{LMo}]	–	–
MTDe_TT_So_MI_SLo_Terminate[1...M_{SLo}]	–	
MTDe_TT_So_MI_Admin_State (Note 4)	LCK, Normal	Normal
MTDe_TT_So_MI_Lock_Instruct_Enable	True, false	True
MTDe_TT_So_MI_DP_Loopback_Enable	True, false	False
MTDe_TT_So Reporting		
MTDe_TT_So_MI_CV_Series_Result()	See Tables 8-3.1 and 8-3.2 for the respective parameters and values	See Tables 8-3.1 and 8-3.2 for the respective parameters and values
MTDe_TT_So_MI_1TH_Result(Sent)	–	–
MTDe_TT_So_MI_LMo_Result(N_TF,N_LF,F_TF,F_LF)[1...M_{LMo}]	–	–
MTDe_TT_So_MI_DMo_Result(count, B_FD[],F_FD[],N_FD[])[1...M_{DMo}]	–	–
MTDe_TT_So_MI_SLo_Result(N_TF,N_LF, F_TF,F_LF)[1...M_{SLo}]	–	–

Table 8-3 – Provisioning and reporting for diagnostic trail termination function

MI signal	Value range	Default value
MTDe_TT_Sk Provisioning		
MTDe_TT_Sk_MI_GAL_Enable	True, false	(Note 3)
MTDe_TT_Sk_MI_CV_OAM_Tool	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
MTDe_TT_Sk_MI_1TH_OAM_Tool	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
MTDe_TT_Sk_MI_1TH_Start(Pattern) NOTE – Pattern is ITU-T G.8121.1 specific	(Note 5)	
MTDe_TT_Sk_MI_1TH_Terminate	–	–
MTDe_TT_Sk_MI_LMo_OAM_Tool	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
MTDe_TT_Sk_MI_DMo_OAM_Tool	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
MTDe_TT_Sk_MI_1DMo_OAM_Tool	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
MTDe_TT_Sk_MI_1DMo_Start(Cos, Test_ID)[1...M_{1DMo}]	(Note 2)	–
MTDe_TT_Sk_MI_1DMo_Terminate [1...M_{1DMo}]	–	–
MTDe_TT_Sk_MI_SLo_OAM_Tool	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
MTDe_TT_Sk_MI_DP_Loopback_Enable	True, false	False
MTDe_TT_Sk Reporting		
MTDe_TT_Sk_MI_1TH_Result(REC,CRC,BER,OO)	–	–
MTDe_TT_Sk_MI_1DMo_Intermediate_Request[1...M_{LMo}]	–	–
MTDe_TT_Sk_MI_1DMo_Result(count,N_FD [])[1...M_{DMo}]]	–	–
MTDe_TT_Sk_MI_Admin_State_Request	Trigger to LCK, Trigger to Normal	–
MTDi_TT_So Provisioning		
MTDi_TT_So_MI_GAL_Enable	True, false	(Note 3)
MTDi_TT_So_MI_TTLVALUE	0 to 255	255
MTDi_TT_So_MI_MIP_ID	String; values are OAM protocol-specific	(Note 1)
MTDi_TT_So_MI_CV_OAM_Tool	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
MTDi_TT_So_MI_DP_Loopback_Enable	True, false	False
MTDi_TT_Sk Provisioning		
MTDi_TT_Sk_MI_GAL_Enable	True, false	(Note 3)
MTDi_TT_Sk_MI_MIP_ID	String; values are OAM protocol-specific	(Note 1)

Table 8-3 – Provisioning and reporting for diagnostic trail termination function

MI signal	Value range	Default value
MTDi_TT_Sk_MI_CV_OAM_Tool	[ITU-T G.8113.1], [ITU-T G.8113.2]	N/A
MTDi_TT_Sk_MI_DP_Loopback_Enable	True, false	False
NOTE 1 – A value must be provided at provisioning. NOTE 2 – The Test ID field is optional when this proactive measurement tool is used. NOTE 3 – MI_GAL_Enable must be set to true on LSPs and sections and to false on PWs. NOTE 4 – See clause 8.13 for Administrative state management. NOTE 5 – Pattern: According to clause 8.8.8.2 of [ITU-T G.8121.1]; Period: Implementation specific.		

8.6.1 Diagnostic – ITU-T G.8121.1 specific

For MT.NE that supports the MTDe_TT function specified in [ITU-T G.8121.1], the EMF shall in addition support the management of the MIs listed in Table 8-3.1.

Table 8-3.1 – Provisioning and reporting for termination functions

MI signal	Value range	Default value
MTDe_TT_So Provisioning		
MTDe_TT_So_MI_CV_Series(CoS, N, Length,Period)	Time-to-live (TTL): 0 to 255 CoS: 0 to 7 N: 1 to n. The value of n depends on implemenation, e.g., may be 2^{32}. Length: 0 to L. The value of L depends on implementation, e.g., may be 2^{32}. Period: 5 to 10 s.	Default value of N: 3 Default value of length: 0 Default value of period: 5 s
MTDe_TT_So_MI_CV_Test(CoS, Pattern, Length,Period)	See [ITU-T G.8121.1]	
MTDe_TT_So Reporting		
MTDe_TT_So_MI_CV_Test_Result(Sent, REC, REC,ERR,OO)	See [ITU-T G.8121.1]	
MTDe_TT_So_MI_CV_Series_Result(REC, ERR,OO)	For further study	
MTDe_TT_Sk Provisioning		
MTDe_TT_Sk_MI_MEP_ID	See [ITU-T G.8121.1]	

8.6.2   Diagnostic – ITU-T G.8121.2 specific

For MT.NE that supports the MT_TT function specified in [ITU-T G.8121.2], the EMF shall in addition support the management of the MIs listed in Table 8-3.2.

Table 8-3.2 – Provisioning and reporting for termination functions

MI signal	Value range	Default value
MTDe_TT_So Provisioning		
MTDe_TT_So_MI_Target_FEC	See [ITU-T G.8121.2]	–
MTDe_TT_So_MI_CV_Series (Session_ID, Counter, Period, CoS, Size, ValidateFEC, ValidateReverse, TargetFECStack)	CoS: 0 to 7 To be defined for other parameters	CoS: 7 To be defined for other parameters
MTDe_TT_So_MI_CV_Trace(Session_ID, CoS, ValidateFEC, ValidateReverse, TargetFECStack)	CoS: 0 to 7 To be defined for other parameters	CoS: 7 To be defined for other parameters
MTDe_TT_So_MI_FEC_Checking	True, false	True
MTDe_TT_So_MI_DMo_Start(CoS, Test_ID, Length, Period, CopyPad)[1...M$_{DMo}$] (Note 1)	CoS: 0 to 7 Length: 0 to L. The value of L depends on implementation, e.g., may be 2^{32}. Period: 1 s, 10 s, 1 min CopyPad: True, false Test_ID: non-negative integer	
MTDe_TT_So_MI_LMo_Start(CoS, Test_ID, Period, LMType, CountBytes)[1...M$_{LMo}$] (Note 1)	CoS: 0 to 7 Period: 1 s, 10 s, 1 min LMType: ILM, DLM CountBytes: True, false Test_ID: non-negative integer	
MTDe_TT_So_MI_LMDMo_Start(CoS, Test_ID, Length, Period, LMType, CountBytes, CopyPad)[1...M$_{LMDMo}$]	CoS: 0 to 7 Length: 0 to L. Period: 1 s, 10 s, 1 min LMType: ILM, DLM CountBytes: True, false CopyPad: True, false Test_ID: non-negative integer	
MTDe_TT_So_MI_LMDMo_Terminate [1...M$_{LMDMo}$]	–	
MTDe_TT_So_MI_LI_Period	1, 255	1
MTDe_TT_So_MI_LI_MEPID	0 to 255	255
MTDe_TT_So_MI_LI_CoS	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	(Note 2)
MTDe_TT_So Reporting		
MTDe_TT_So_MI_CV_Series_Result(Session_ID, Rev, CoS, OOO, FWErr, BWErr)	To be defined	–

Table 8-3.2 – Provisioning and reporting for termination functions

MI signal	Value range	Default value
MTDe_TT_So_MI_CV_Trace_Result (Session_ID, Result)	To be defined	–
MTDe_TT_So_MI_CV_BWErr(Session_ID, Seq, RC, SubRC, ErrTLV)	To be defined	–
MTDe_TT_So_MI_CV_BWErr(Session_ID, Seq, RC, SubRC, ErrTLV)	To be defined	–
MTDe_TT_So_MI_DMo_ReportError(Error) $[1...M_{DMo}]$	True, false	
MTDe_TT_So_MI_DMo_PeriodChanged $[1...M_{DMo}]$	True, false	
MTDe_TT_So_MI_LMo_ReportError(Error) $[1...M_{LMo}]$	True, false	
MTDe_TT_So_MI_LMo_PeriodChanged $[1...M_{LMo}]$	True, false	
MTDe_TT_Sk Provisioning		
MTDe_TT_Sk_MI_PM_Responder_Enable	True, false	False
MTDe_TT_Sk_MI_FEC_Checking	True, false	True
MTDe_TT_Sk Reporting		
MTDi_TT_So Provisioning		
MTDi_TT_So_MI_Target_FEC	See [ITU-T G.8121.2]	–
MTDi_TT_So_MI_Ifnum	See [ITU-T G.8121.2]	–
MTDi_TT_So_MI_MTU	See [ITU-T G.8121.2]	–
MTDi_TT_Sk Provisioning		
MTDi_TT_Sk_MI_FEC_Checking	See [ITU-T G.8121.2]	–
NOTE 1 – These MI signals are defined in MTDe_TT_So in [ITU-T G.8121] and [ITU-T G.8121.2] does not use these MI signals as defined in Table 8-3. NOTE 2 – The default value is the MI_CC_CoS of the MT_TT in the same MEP. Note that the MTDe_TT is used together with the MT_TT within a MEP compound function.		

8.7 Connection

See clause 8.6 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of connection management.

This function allows a user to provision the operation of a MPLS-TP connection process.

The MI signals, listed in this clause, are communicated from the EMF to the connection process through the management point.

For MT.NE that supports the MT_C and MTp_C functions specified in [ITU-T G.8121], the EMF shall support the following management functions for the MIs listed in Table 8-4:

– provisioning the trail termination management information;

– retrieving the trail termination management information;

– notifying the changes of the trail termination management information.

Table 8-4 – Provisioning and reporting for connection functions

MI signal	Value range	Default value
MT_C Provisioning (per matrix connection)		
MT_C_MI_ConnectionType	Protected, unprotected	Unprotected
MT_C_MI_Return_CP_ID	NULL (for unidirectional), or the connection point (CP) identifier (for bidirectional)	–
MT_C_MI_ConnectionPortIds	Set of CP identifiers	–
MT_C Provisioning		
MT_C_MI_MatrixControl	Connect, disconnect	N/A
MT_C Provisioning (per protection process)		
MT_C_MI_PS_WorkingPortId	(Note)	(Note)
MT_C_MI_PS_ProtectionPortId	(Note)	(Note)
MT_C_MI_PS_ProtType	(Note)	(Note)
MT_C_MI_PS_OperType	(Note)	(Note)
MT_C_MI_PS_HoTime	0 and 10 s in steps of 100 ms (Note)	0 ms
MT_C_MI_PS_WTR	1-minute steps between 5 and 12 minutes (Note)	5 minutes
MT_C_MI_PS_ExtCMD	(Note)	(Note)
MT_C_MI_PS_SD_Protection	Disabled, enabled	Disabled
MTp_C Provisioning (per protection process)		
MT_C_MI_PS_WorkingPortId	(Note)	(Note)
MT_C_MI_PS_ProtectionPortId	(Note)	(Note)
MT_C_MI_PS_ProtType	(Note)	(Note)
MT_C_MI_PS_OperType	(Note)	(Note)
MT_C_MI_PS_HoTime	0 and 10 s in steps of 100 ms (Note)	0 ms
MT_C_MI_PS_WTR	1-minute steps between 5 and 12 minutes (Note)	5 minutes
MT_C_MI_PS_ExtCMD	(Note)	(Note)
MT_C_MI_PS_SD_Protection	Disabled, enabled	Disabled
MSRP_C Provisioning (per ring protection process)		
MI_MSRP_EastPort	(Note)	(Note)
MI_MSRP_WestPort	(Note)	(Note)
MI_MSRP_ProtType	(Note)	(Note)
MI_MSRP_HoTime	(Note)	(Note)
MI_MSRP_WTR	(Note)	(Note)
MI_MSRP_ExtCMD	(Note)	(Note)
NOTE – According to [ITU-T G.8121].		

8.7.1 Connection – ITU-T G.8121.1 specific

For MT.NE that supports the MT_C functions specified in [ITU-T G.8121.1], there is no additional MI to be managed beyond those listed in Table 8-4.

8.7.2 Connection – ITU-T G.8121.2 specific

For MT.NE that supports the MT_C functions specified in [ITU-T G.8121.2], there is no additional MI to be managed beyond those listed in Table 8-2.

8.8 Degraded (DEG) thresholds

DEG is not defined in this version of the Recommendation.

8.9 ZZZ_Reported

See clause 8.8 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of ZZZ_Reported management.

8.10 Alarm severity

See clause 8.9 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of alarm severity.

8.11 Alarm reporting control

See clause 8.10 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of alarm report control.

8.12 Date and time

The date and time functions within the MPLS-TP EMF comprise the local real time clock (RTC) function and the performance monitoring clock (PMC) function. The message communication function within the MPLS-TP NEF shall be capable of setting the local RTC function.

The date and time values are incremented by a free-running local clock, or by an external timing source. The fault management, configuration management, account management, performance management and security management (FCAPS) functions need date and time information, e.g., to time stamp event reports. They obtain this information from the date and time function.

8.12.1 Date and time applications

Clause 8.13.1 of [ITU-T G.7710] identifies three date and time applications. These are:

1) time-stamping;
2) performance monitoring clock signals;
3) activity scheduling.

The MPLS-TP NEF functional requirements for these applications are specified in the following clauses.

8.12.1.1 Time-stamping

See clause 8.13.1.1 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of the time-stamping application.

8.12.1.2 Performance monitoring clock signals

See clause 8.13.1.2 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of the PMC signals.

8.12.1.3 Activity scheduling

See clause 8.13.1.3 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of the activity scheduling.

8.12.2 Date and time functions

See clause 8.13.2 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of the date and time application.

8.12.2.1 Local RTC function

The local RTC function is specified in clause 8.13.2.1 of [ITU-T G.7710].

8.12.2.2 Local RTC alignment function with external time reference

The local RTC alignment function with external time reference is specified in clause 8.13.2.2 of [ITU-T G.7710].

8.12.2.3 Performance monitoring clock function

The performance monitoring clock function is specified in clause 8.13.2.3 of [ITU-T G.7710].

8.13 Administrative state

See clause 8.15 of [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of Administrative state configuration functions.

The MPLS-TP atomic functions supporting the Administrative state are listed in Tables 8-2 and 8-3, i.e., those atomic functions that are appended with _MI_Admin_State.

NOTE – In this Recommendation the state values LCK and Normal are used in place of LOCKED and UNLOCKED respectively.

9 Accounting management

Accounting management is not defined in this version of the Recommendation.

10 Performance management

See clause 10 of [ITU-T G.7710] for the generic requirements for performance management. MPLS-TP specific management requirements are described below.

10.1 Performance management applications

See clause 10.1 of [ITU-T G.7710] for the generic description for performance management applications.

10.2 Performance monitoring functions

See clause 10.2 of [ITU-T G.7710] for generic requirements of performance monitoring functions.

The following are MPLS-TP specific performance management requirements:

1) PM measurements are managed at trail termination points (TTPs) and connection termination points (CTPs) (i.e., MEPs/MIPs are created and deleted).

2) One MEP has to be created per TTP if that has to be supervised.

3) Two types of measurement jobs have to be supported (proactive, on-demand).

4) Proactive measurement jobs are managed at MEPs (establish, disable, enable, terminate).

5) On-demand measurement jobs are managed at MEPs (establish, modify, abort).

6) On-demand measurements can be done using four different OAM PDU generation mechanisms: single instance, repetitive instance, single series and repetitive series. To describe these mechanisms, the following terms are used:

   – OAM PDU generation type:

     generation pattern of the on-demand OAM message

     valid types are: single instance, repetitive instance, single series and repetitive series.

   – Message period (x)

     frequency of the OAM message generation within a series

note that a value of zero (i.e., x = 0) means that only one OAM message per measurement interval is generated.

– Measurement interval (y)

defines discrete non-overlapping periods of time during which measurements are performed (i.e., OAM messages are generated) and reports are gathered at the end of the measurement intervals

note that a value of zero means a degenerated measurement interval with a single OAM message and the report is sent as immediately as possible.

– Repetition period (z)

defines the time between the start of two measurement intervals

this IS applicable for the repetitive instance type and MAY be applicable for the repetitive series type

note that a value of zero means not applicable (N/A). This is for the cases of single instance, single series, or repetitive series without extra gap in between the measurement intervals (i.e., also as known as continuous series).

– Start time

defines the start of the on-demand session.

– Stop time

defines the stop of the on-demand session.

– Session duration

stop time – start time

note that session duration is not a configuration parameter. That is, it is not needed in the configuration.

The four on-demand measurements are illustrative in Figure 10-1 of [ITU-T G.8051].

Note that in the repetitive series case, if the repetition period z = y + x, or the value is not provisioned, then there is no extra gap between the end of the measurement interval and the start of the new measurement interval. This pattern is also known as the continuous series cases. The repetition period (z) is needed if there is extra gap between the measurement intervals.

7) It shall be possible to configure the following on-demand measurement parameters (including the default values):

a) OAM PDU generation type; default = repetitive instance

b) Start time; default = current time

c) Stop time; default = current time + 1 hour

d) OAM message period; default = 0

e) Measurement interval; default = 0

e) Repetition period; default = 0.

8) Parallel measurement jobs, one per priority, can be established.

9) Performance data is stored in registers associated to the measurement job.

10) On-demand measurement jobs are automatically terminated after (last) report is sent.

11) Threshold profiles are managed at the managed element (create, modify, delete).

12) It shall be possible to retrieve the following configuration information:

a) All existing MEPs/MIPs within a TP (TTP or CTP)

b) All existing measurement jobs within a MEP

c)   All existing threshold profiles within a network element

d)   All threshold settings within a proactive PM measurement job.

13)   It shall be possible to retrieve all proactive PM measurement current and history performance data within a MEP.

14)   It shall be possible to request intermediate reports on an on-demand PM measurement job of "single series" and "repetitive series" types.

15)   It shall be possible to request an autonomous continuous reporting of performance data from all proactive PM measurement jobs within a MEP (i.e., automatic "push" of the measured PM data).

16)   On-demand loss measurement can be measured by directly counting the data traffic or can be inferred by counting the synthetic traffic. If on-demand loss measurement is supported, for each measurement interval, the MPLS-TP NE should:

– Receive from the transport plane the measurements (i.e., N_TF, N_LF, F_TF, F_LF) at the end of each measurement interval.

According to the definition of near-end and far-end frame loss in clause 8.1 of [ITU-T G.8013], for a MEP, N_TF and N_LF refer to the transmitted and lost ingress frames while F_TF and F_LF refer to the transmitted and lost egress frames.

Note that one-way synthetic loss (1SL) can provide only near-end measurement (i.e., N_TF, N_LF).

– Store the measurements (TN_TF, TN_LF, TF_TF, TF_LF) and calculate the frame loss ratios (FLRs) (TN_FLR=TN_LF/TN_TF, TF_FLR=TF_LF/TF_TF). The measurements and FLRs shall be reported to the management system.

– At the instruction of the management system, the NE shall be able to request from the transport plane the intermediate (i.e., before the end of the Measurement Interval) measurements, calculate the intermediate FLRs, and report the intermediate results (TN_TF, TN_LF, TN_FLR, TF_TF, TF_LF, TF_FLR) to the management system.

NOTE – An on-demand loss measurement (LM) or delay measurement (DM) session could be a single series of OAM messages or a single instance of OAM message. A single instance OAM could be considered as a special case of a single series OAM.

17)   Proactive loss measurement can be measured by directly counting the data traffic or can be inferred by counting the synthetic traffic. If proactive loss measurement is supported, for each loss measurement session the MPLS-TP NE should:

– Receive from the transport plane the measurements (i.e., pN_TF, pN_LF, pF_TF, pF_LF) for each OAM period.

Note that 1SL can support only near-end measurement (i.e., N_TF, N_LF).

– Calculate the FLRs (N_FLR=pN_LF/pN_TF, F_FLR=pF-LF/pF_TF) for each OAM period; store the temporal minimum, average and maximum statistics (mN_FLR, aN_FLR, xN_FLR, mF_FLR, aF_FLR, xF_FLR) in the current 15-minute and 24-hour registers. The stored statistics shall be available for retrieval by the management system.

– The FLR measurements of a monitored entity measured during severely errored seconds (SES) shall be included in the computation of its FLR statistics, unless the SES is part of the unavailable time period.

NOTE – This is in line with the definition made in Note 1 of clause 1 in [ITU-T Y.1563].

– At the maturity of the current 15-minute and 24-hour periods, the statistics in the current registers shall move to the history registers and then reset the current registers to zeros. See detailed requirements in [ITU-T G.7710].

18) If on-demand 1-way DM is supported, for each on-demand 1-way DM measurement interval, the MPLS-TP NE should:

– Receive from the transport plane the array of near-end measurements (count, N_FD[]) at the end of each measurement interval.

– Store the measurements, compute the corresponding array of N_FDV[] and report the near-end measurements (count, N_FD[], N_FDV[]) to the management system.

– At the instruction of the management system, the NE shall be able to request from the transport plane the intermediate measurements, calculate the intermediate N_FDV[], and report the intermediate results (count, N_FD[], N_FDV[]) to the management system.

19) If proactive 1-way DM is supported, for each proactive 1-way DM session the MPLS-TP NE should:

– Receive from the transport plane the near-end measurements (pN_FD, pN_FDV) for each OAM period.

– Store the temporal minimum, average and maximum (N_FD, N_FDV) in the current 15-minute and 24-hour registers. The stored statistics shall be available for retrieval by the management system.

– At the maturity of the current 15-minute and 24-hour periods, the statistics in the current registers shall move to the history registers and then reset the current registers to zeros. See detailed requirements in [ITU-T G.7710].

20) If on-demand 2-way DM is supported, for each on-demand 2-way DM measurement interval, the MPLS-TP NE should:

– Receive from the transport plane the array of near-end, far-end and bidirectional measurements (count, N_FD[], F_FD[], B_FD[]) at the end of each measurement interval.

– Store the measurements, compute the corresponding array of FDV[], and report the near-end, far-end, and bidirectional (2-way) measurements (count, N_FD[], F_FD[], B_FD[]; N_FDV[], F_FDV[], B_FDV[]) to the management system.

– At the instruction of the management system, the NE shall be able to request from the transport plane the intermediate measurements, calculate the intermediate FDV[], and report the intermediate results (count, N_FD[], F_FD[], B_FD[]; N_FDV[], F_FDV[], B_FDV[]) to the management system.

21) If proactive 2-way DM is supported, for each proactive 2-way DM session the MPLS-TP NE should:

– Receive from the transport plane the near-end, far-end and bidirectional measurements (N_FD, F_FD, B_FD; N_FDV, F_FDV, B_FDV) for each OAM period.

– Store the temporal minimum, average and maximum for each type of the measurements (N_FD, F_FD, B_FD; N_FDV, F_FDV, B_FDV) for the current 15-minute and 24-hour registers. The stored statistics shall be available for retrieval by the management system.

– At the maturity of the current 15-minute and 24-hour periods, the statistics in the current registers shall move to the history registers and then reset current registers to zeros. See detailed requirements in [ITU-T G.7710].

22) The MPLS-TP NE should support the ability to configure for the start and stop at the respondent-end MEP of a single-ended measurement session.

MPLS-TP NE shall provide the following PM management information (see Table 10-1).

Table 10-1 – PM management information

PM management information	ITU-T G.8121 function
MT_TT_Sk_MI_pN_LF MT_TT_Sk_MI_pN_TF MT_TT_Sk_MI_pF_LF MT_TT_Sk_MI_pF_TF MT_TT_Sk_MI_pF_DS MT_TT_Sk_MI_pN_DS MT_TT_Sk_MI_pB_FD MT_TT_Sk_MI_pB_FDV MT_TT_Sk_MI_pN_FD MT_TT_Sk_MI_pN_FDV MT_TT_Sk_MI_pF_FD MT_TT_Sk_MI_pF_FDV	MT_TT_Sk
MT/ETH_A_Sk_MI_pFCSErrors	MT/ETH_A_Sk

The EMF shall support the following functions:

–   notifying of the PM management information.

11   Security management

See [ITU-T G.7710] for a description of security management.

Bibliography

[b-IETF RFC 5951]   IETF RFC 5951 (2010), *Network Management Requirements for MPLS-based Transport Networks*.

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