

INTERNATIONAL TELECOMMUNICATION UNION



THE INTERNATIONAL TELEGRAPH AND TELEPHONE CONSULTATIVE COMMITTEE



SERIES U: TELEGRAPH SWITCHING Interworking between new information services and telex

AUTOMATIC CALLED TELEX ANSWERBACK CHECK

Reedition of CCITT Recommendation U.75 published in the Blue Book, Fascicle VII.2 (1988)

NOTES

1 CCITT Recommendation U.75 was published in Fascicle VII.2 of the *Blue Book*. This file is an extract from the *Blue Book*. While the presentation and layout of the text might be slightly different from the *Blue Book* version, the contents of the file are identical to the *Blue Book* version and copyright conditions remain unchanged (see below).

2 In this Recommendation, the expression "Administration" is used for conciseness to indicate both a telecommunication administration and a recognized operating agency.

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AUTOMATIC CALLED TELEX ANSWERBACK CHECK

(Malaga-Torremolinos, 1984; amended at Melbourne, 1988)

The CCITT,

considering

(a) that there is a need to check the answerback of the called telex number [e.g. delivery from a telex-Teletex conversion facility (CF)/ or store and forward unit (SFU)];

- (b) that Recommendation F.60 defines a preferred structure for the telex answerback;
- (c) that different forms of answerback exist,

(d) that Recommendation F.60 *bis* defines a structure for a telex answerback associated with an intermediate document storage device;

unanimously declares

that the following requirements are recommended for automatic answerback check of a called telex terminal by an administration's equipment:

1 Case 1: reference information for the check is provided by the calling subscriber

This information can be in total or part of the called subscriber answerback (contiguous printable characters and space). There is no restriction on the number of characters supplied.

In this case, the called party answerback check consists of verifying the presence of the provided character string. Considering the information provided in the directories and terminal identifications, allowance is to be made for the following differences:

- one character mismatch in the letter part;
- one hyphen or one space is ignored in the national call number.

2 Case 2: no information on the answerback of the called terminal is provided by the calling subscriber

The reference information for the answerback check is the selection information provided by the calling subscriber.

In this case, the called party answerback check consists of:

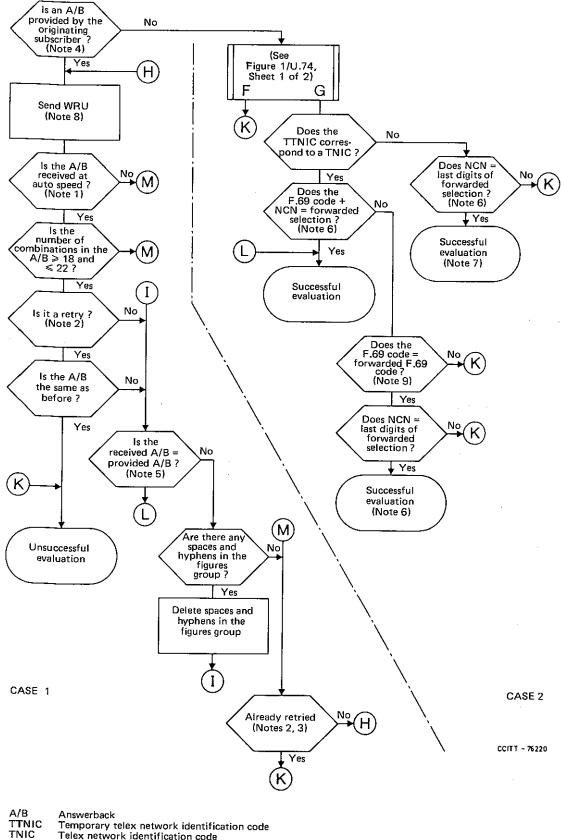
- extracting the national call number and F.69 code from the answerback;
- comparing the obtained national call number and F.69 code with the supplied selection information code. Allowance is made for the following cases of mismatch:
 - a) a positive national call number match without a valid telex national identification code (TNIC) match,
 - b) a match between the least significant part of the supplied selection information and the national call number obtained from the called party answerback, considered to be positive if the difference in field length is limited to two characters.

3 An algorithm which meets the preceding criteria for cases 1 and 2 is shown in Figure 1/U.75

In some circumstances, it may be necessary to compare the answerback of the called subscriber with the answerback received and recognized at the beginning of the call.

In such cases, if the received string consists of more characters than the previously recognized answerback, then a check should be made as to whether the recognized answerback is part of the received string.

1



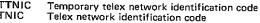


FIGURE 1/U.75

Evaluation of called telex answerback

Note 1 – Check the automatic emitting speed and wait for the end of the answerback. The answerback is considered to have ended after detection of a 300 ms period of idle.

Note 2 – "Retry" refers to another attempt to trigger the answerback.

Note 3 – If unsuccessful, perform one retry if allowed in the protocol.

Note 4 – The answerback provided could be a contiguous part of the expected answerback or all of it.

In case of a return call to the calling subscriber (e.g. PDN (positive delivery notification) or NDN (negative delivery notification) delivery) the stored calling telex answerback is considered as a "provided" one.

Note 5 – This comparison is to verify the presence of the provided character string in the received answerback, allowing one character mismatch in the letter part.

Note 6 - A zero in the selection, but not in the answerback in front of the national number is to be ignored. If the received figure group is shorter than the selected one, consider it as match, but make a note in the call record "received figure group is not complete". It is possible that the received figure group includes the F.69 code.

Note 7 - Forward message, but make a note "area code-check was not possible" into the call record.

Note 8 – If called A/B is not available from previous procedures.

Note 9 – If a digit "0" appears at this stage between the F.69 code and the "NCN" it should be ignored.

ITU-T RECOMMENDATIONS SERIES Series A Organization of the work of the ITU-T Series B Means of expression: definitions, symbols, classification Series C General telecommunication statistics Series D General tariff principles Series E Overall network operation, telephone service, service operation and human factors Series F Non-telephone telecommunication services Series G Transmission systems and media, digital systems and networks Series H Audiovisual and multimedia systems Series I Integrated services digital network Series J Transmission of television, sound programme and other multimedia signals Series K Protection against interference Series L Construction, installation and protection of cables and other elements of outside plant Series M TMN and network maintenance: international transmission systems, telephone circuits, telegraphy, facsimile and leased circuits Series N Maintenance: international sound programme and television transmission circuits Series O Specifications of measuring equipment Series P Telephone transmission quality, telephone installations, local line networks Series Q Switching and signalling Series R Telegraph transmission Series S Telegraph services terminal equipment Series T Terminals for telematic services Series U **Telegraph switching** Series V Data communication over the telephone network Series X Data networks and open system communications Series Y Global information infrastructure and Internet protocol aspects Series Z Languages and general software aspects for telecommunication systems