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SERIES G: TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS AND MEDIA,
DIGITAL SYSTEMS AND NETWORKS

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aspects

SERIES Y: GLOBAL INFORMATION
INFRASTRUCTURE, INTERNET PROTOCOL ASPECTS
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Internet protocol aspects – Transport

Terms and definitions for MPLS Transport Profile

Recommendation ITU-T G.8101/Y.1355



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Recommendation ITU-T G.8101/Y.1355

Terms and definitions for MPLS Transport Profile

Summary

Recommendation ITU-T G.8101/Y.1355 is a compilation of terms and abbreviations used in multi-protocol label switching Transport Profile (MPLS-TP) Recommendations.

History

Edition	Recommendation	Approval	Study Group
1.0	ITU-T G.8101/Y.1355	2006-12-14	15
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Recommendation ITU-T G.8101/Y.1355

Terms and definitions for MPLS Transport Profile

1 Scope

This Recommendation contains a complete listing of the definitions and abbreviations used in the Recommendations associated with multi-protocol label switching Transport Profile (MPLS-TP) listed in Appendix I.

This Recommendation provides a representation of the MPLS-TP technology using the methodologies that have been used for other transport technologies (e.g., synchronous digital hierarchy (SDH), optical transport network (OTN) and Ethernet).¹

2 References

The following ITU-T Recommendations and other references contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this Recommendation. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All Recommendations and other references are subject to revision; users of this Recommendation are therefore encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent edition of the Recommendations and other references listed below. A list of the currently valid ITU-T Recommendations is regularly published. The reference to a document within this Recommendation does not give it, as a stand-alone document, the status of a Recommendation.

- [ITU-T G.805] Recommendation ITU-T G.805 (2000), *Generic functional architecture of transport networks*.
- [ITU-T G.806] Recommendation ITU-T G.806 (2009), *Characteristics of transport equipment – Description methodology and generic functionality*.
- [ITU-T G.870] Recommendation ITU-T G.870/Y.1352 (2012) *Terms and definitions for optical transport networks*.
- [ITU-T G.7710] Recommendation ITU-T G.7710/Y.1701 (2007), *Common equipment management function requirements*, plus Corrigendum 1 (2009).
- [ITU-T G.7712] Recommendation ITU-T G.7712/Y.1703 (2010), *Architecture and specification of data communication network*.
- [ITU-T G.8001] Recommendation ITU-T G.8001/Y.1354 (2012), *Terms and definitions for Ethernet frames over transport*.
- [ITU-T G.8110.1] Recommendation ITU-T G.8110.1/Y.1370.1 (2011), *Architecture of the Multi-Protocol Label Switching transport profile layer network*.
- [ITU-T G.8112] Recommendation ITU-T G.8112/Y.1371 (2012), *Interfaces for the MPLS Transport Profile (MPLS-TP) layer network*.
- [ITU-T G.8121] Recommendation ITU-T G.8121/Y.1381 (2012), *Characteristics of MPLS-TP equipment functional blocks*, plus Amendment 1 (2012).
- [ITU-T G.8151] Recommendation ITU-T G.8151/Y.1374 (2012), *Management aspects of the MPLS-TP network element*, plus Amendment 1 (2012).

¹ This ITU-T Recommendation is intended to be aligned with the IETF MPLS RFCs normatively referenced by this Recommendation.

- [ITU-T M.3010] Recommendation ITU-T M.3010 (2000) and Amendments, *Principles for a telecommunications management network*.
- [ITU-T M.3013] Recommendation ITU-T M.3013 (2000), *Considerations for a telecommunications management network*.
- [ITU-T M.3100] Recommendation ITU-T M.3100 (2005), *Generic network information model*.
- [ITU-T X.700] Recommendation ITU-T X.700 (1992), *Management framework for Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) For CCITT Applications*.
- [ITU-T X.701] Recommendation ITU-T X.701 (1997), *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Systems management overview*.
- [ITU-T X.731] Recommendation ITU-T X.731 (1992) | ISO/IEC 10164-2:1993, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Systems management: State management function*.
- [IETF RFC 3031] IETF RFC 3031 (2001), *Multiprotocol Label Switching Architecture*.
- [IETF RFC 3032] IETF RFC 3032 (2001), *MPLS Label Stack Encoding*.
- [IETF RFC 3270] IETF RFC 3270 (2002), *Multi-Protocol Label Switching (MPLS) Support of Differentiated Services*.
- [IETF RFC 5462] IETF RFC 5462 (2009), *Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) Label Stack Entry: "EXP" Field Renamed to "Traffic Class" Field*.
- [IETF RFC 5586] IETF RFC 5586 (2009), *MPLS Generic Associated Channel*.
- [IETF RFC 5921] IETF RFC 5921 (2010), *A Framework for MPLS in Transport Networks*.

3 Definitions

3.1 Terms defined elsewhere

The following terms are defined in [ITU-T G.805]:

3.1.1 access point.

NOTE – Access point is referred to in [ITU-T G.8121] and [ITU-T G.8110.1].

3.1.2 adapted information.

NOTE – Adapted information is referred to in [ITU-T G.8121] and [ITU-T G.8110.1].

3.1.3 administrative domain.

NOTE – Administrative domain is referred to in [ITU-T G.8110.1].

3.1.4 characteristic information.

NOTE – Characteristic information is referred to in [ITU-T G.8121] and [ITU-T G.8110.1].

3.1.5 client/server relationship.

NOTE – Client/server relationship is referred to in [ITU-T G.8121] and [ITU-T G.8110.1].

3.1.6 connection.

NOTE – Connection is referred to in [ITU-T G.8121] and [ITU-T G.8110.1].

3.1.7 connection point.

NOTE – Connection point is referred to in [ITU-T G.8121] and [ITU-T G.8110.1].

3.1.8 connection supervision.

NOTE – Connection supervision is referred to in [ITU-T G.8110.1].

3.1.9 layer network.

NOTE – Layer network is referred to in [ITU-T G.8121] and [ITU-T G.8110.1].

3.1.10 link.

NOTE – Link is referred to in [ITU-T G.8110.1].

3.1.11 link connection.

NOTE – Link connection is referred to in [ITU-T G.8110.1].

3.1.12 matrix.

NOTE – Matrix is referred to in [ITU-T G.8121].

3.1.13 network.

NOTE – Network is referred to in [ITU-T G.8121] and [ITU-T G.8110.1].

3.1.14 network connection.

NOTE – Network connection is referred to in [ITU-T G.8121] and [ITU-T G.8110.1].

3.1.15 reference point.

NOTE – Reference point is referred to in [ITU-T G.8121] and [ITU-T G.8110.1].

3.1.16 sublayer.

NOTE – Sublayer is referred to in [ITU-T G.8110.1].

3.1.17 subnetwork.

NOTE – Subnetwork is referred to in [ITU-T G.8121] and [ITU-T G.8110.1].

3.1.18 subnetwork connection.

NOTE – Subnetwork connection is referred to in [ITU-T G.8121] and [ITU-T G.8110.1].

3.1.19 tandem connection.

NOTE – Tandem connection is referred to in [ITU-T G.8110.1].

3.1.20 termination connection point.

NOTE – Termination connection point is referred to in [ITU-T G.8121] and [ITU-T G.8110.1].

3.1.21 trail.

NOTE – Trail is referred to in [ITU-T G.8121] and [ITU-T G.8110.1].

3.1.22 trail termination.

NOTE – Trail termination is referred to in [ITU-T G.8121] and [ITU-T G.8110.1].

3.1.23 transport.

NOTE – Transport is referred to in [ITU-T G.8121] and [ITU-T G.8110.1].

3.1.24 transport entity.

NOTE – Transport entity is referred to in [ITU-T G.8121] and [ITU-T G.8110.1].

3.1.25 transport processing function.

NOTE – Transport processing function is referred to in [ITU-T G.8121] and [ITU-T G.8110.1].

3.1.26 unidirectional connection.

NOTE – Unidirectional connection is referred to in [ITU-T G.8121] and [ITU-T G.8110.1].

3.1.27 unidirectional trail.

NOTE – Unidirectional trail is referred to in [ITU-T G.8121].

The following terms are defined in [ITU-T G.806]:

3.1.28 atomic function (AF).

NOTE – Atomic function (AF) is referred to in [ITU-T G.8151].

3.1.29 management point (MP).

NOTE – Management point (MP) is referred to in [ITU-T G.8151].

The following terms are defined in [ITU-T G.7710]:

3.1.30 local craft terminal.

NOTE – Local craft terminal is referred to in [ITU-T G.8151].

3.1.31 management application function (MAF).

NOTE – Management application function (MAF) is referred to in [ITU-T G.8151].

The following term is defined in [ITU-T G.7712]:

3.1.32 data communication network (DCN).

NOTE – Data communication network (DCN) is referred to in [ITU-T G.8151].

The following terms are defined in [ITU-T M.3010]:

3.1.33 network element (NE).

NOTE – Network element (NE) is referred to in [ITU-T G.8151].

3.1.34 network element function (NEF).

NOTE – Network element function (NEF) is referred to in [ITU-T G.8151].

3.1.35 Q-Interface.

NOTE – Q-Interface is referred to in [ITU-T G.8151].

3.1.36 workstation function (WF).

NOTE – Workstation function (WF) is referred to in [ITU-T G.8151].

The following term is defined in [ITU-T M.3013]:

3.1.37 message communication function (MCF).

NOTE – Message communication function (MCF) is referred to in [ITU-T G.8151].

The following terms are defined in [ITU-T M.3100]:

3.1.38 alarm reporting.

NOTE – Alarm reporting is referred to in [ITU-T G.8151].

3.1.39 alarm reporting control (ARC).

NOTE – Alarm reporting control (ARC) is referred to in [ITU-T G.8151].

3.1.40 managed entity.

NOTE – Managed entity is referred to in [ITU-T G.8151].

3.1.41 management interface.

NOTE – Management interface is referred to in [ITU-T G.8151].

3.1.42 persistence interval.

NOTE – Persistence interval is referred to in [ITU-T G.8151].

3.1.43 operations system (OS).

NOTE – Operations System (OS) is referred to in [ITU-T G.8151].

3.1.44 operations system function (OSF).

NOTE – Operations system function (OSF) is referred to in [ITU-T G.8151].

3.1.45 qualified problem.

NOTE – Qualified problem is referred to in [ITU-T G.8151].

3.1.46 reset threshold report.

NOTE – Reset threshold report is referred to in [ITU-T G.8151].

3.1.47 threshold report.

NOTE – Threshold report is referred to in [ITU-T G.8151].

3.1.48 timed interval.

NOTE – Timed interval is referred to in [ITU-T G.8151].

The following term is defined in [ITU-T X.700]:

3.1.49 managed object (MO).

NOTE – Managed object (MO) is referred to in [ITU-T G.8151].

The following terms are defined in [ITU-T X.701]:

3.1.50 agent.

NOTE – Agent is referred to in [ITU-T G.8151].

3.1.51 manager.

NOTE – Manager is referred to in [ITU-T G.8151].

3.1.52 managed object class (MOC).

NOTE – Managed object class (MOC) is referred to in [ITU-T G.8151].

The following term is defined in [ITU-T X.731]:

3.1.53 administrative state.

NOTE – Administrative state is referred to in [ITU-T G.8110.1].

The following terms are defined in [ITU-T G.870]:

3.1.54 network survivability.

NOTE – Network survivability state is referred to in [ITU-T G.8110.1]

3.1.55 protection.

NOTE – Protection is referred to in [ITU-T G.8110.1]

3.1.56 restoration.

NOTE – Restoration is referred to in [ITU-T G.8110.1]

The following terms are defined in [ITU-T G.8001]:

3.1.57 maintenance entity.

NOTE – Maintenance entity is referred to in [ITU-T G.8110.1].

3.1.58 maintenance entity group.

NOTE – Maintenance entity group is referred to in [ITU-T G.8110.1].

3.1.59 maintenance entity group intermediate point compound function.

NOTE – Maintenance entity group intermediate point compound function is referred to in [ITU-T G.8110.1].

3.1.60 on-demand monitoring.

NOTE – On-demand monitoring is referred to in [ITU-T G.8110.1].

3.1.61 pro-active monitoring.

NOTE – Pro-active monitoring is referred to in [ITU-T G.8110.1].

The following terms are defined in [ITU-T G.8112]:

3.1.62 MPLS-TP_CI traffic unit.

NOTE –MPLS-TP_CI traffic unit is referred to in [ITU-T G.8112].

3.1.63 MTH-NNI.

NOTE – MTH-NNI is referred to in [ITU-T G.8112].

3.1.64 NNI.

NOTE – NNI is referred to in [ITU-T G.8112].

The following terms are defined in [IETF RFC 3031]:

3.1.65 label.

NOTE – Label is referred to in [ITU-T G.8121] and [ITU-T G.8110.1].

3.1.66 label stack.

NOTE – Label stack is referred to in [ITU-T G.8121] and [ITU-T G.8110.1].

3.1.67 label switched path.

NOTE – Label switched path (LSP) is referred to in [ITU-T G.8121] and [ITU-T G.8110.1].

3.1.68 MPLS label stack.

NOTE – MPLS label stack is referred to in [ITU-T G.8121] and [ITU-T G.8110.1].

The following terms are defined in [IETF RFC 3032]:

3.1.69 bottom of stack.

NOTE – Bottom of stack is referred to in [ITU-T G.8121] and [ITU-T G.8110.1].

3.1.70 label value.

NOTE – Label value is referred to in [ITU-T G.8121] and [ITU-T G.8110.1].

3.1.71 time to live.

NOTE – Time to live is referred to in [ITU-T G.8121] and [ITU-T G.8110.1].

The following terms are defined in [IETF RFC 3270]:

3.1.72 label inferred PHB scheduling class LSP.

NOTE – Label inferred PHB scheduling class LSP is referred to in [ITU-T G.8121] and [ITU-T G.8110.1].

3.1.73 per-hop behaviour.

NOTE – Per-hop behaviour is referred to in [ITU-T G.8121] and [ITU-T G.8110.1].

The following terms are defined in [IETF RFC 5462]:

3.1.74 explicitly TC-encoded-PSC LSP.

NOTE – Explicitly TC-encoded-PSC LSP is referred to in [ITU-T G.8121] and [ITU-T G.8110.1].

3.1.75 traffic class.

NOTE – Traffic class is referred to in [ITU-T G.8121] and [ITU-T G.8110.1].

The following terms are defined in [IETF RFC 5586]:

3.1.76 associated channel header.

NOTE – Associated channel header is referred to in [ITU-T G.8121] and [ITU-T G.8110.1].

3.1.77 generic associated channel.

NOTE – Generic associated channel is referred to in [ITU-T G.8121] and [ITU-T G.8110.1].

3.1.78 G-Ach Label.

NOTE – G-Ach label is referred to in [ITU-T G.8121].

3.1.79 G-Ach packet.

NOTE – G-Ach packet is referred to in [ITU-T G.8110.1].

3.1.80 G-Ach packet payload.

NOTE – G-Ach packet payload is referred to in [ITU-T G.8110.1].

The following terms are defined in [IETF RFC 5921]:

3.1.81 MPLS Transport Profile (MPLS-TP).

NOTE – MPLS Transport Profile (MPLS-TP) is referred to in [ITU-T G.8110.1].

3.1.82 MPLS-TP LSP.

NOTE – MPLS-TP LSP is referred to in [ITU-T G.8110.1].

3.1.83 pseudowire.

NOTE – Pseudowire is referred to in [ITU-T G.8110.1].

3.2 Terms defined in this Recommendation

This Recommendation defines the following terms:

3.2.1 MPLS-TP Management Network (MT.MN): An MPLS-TP Management Network is a subset of a TMN that is responsible for managing those parts of a network element that contain MPLS-TP layer network entities. An MT.MN may be subdivided into a set of MPLS-TP Management SubNetworks (MT.MSNs).

NOTE – MPLS-TP Management Network (MT.MN) is referred to in [ITU-T G.8151].

3.2.2 MPLS-TP Management SubNetwork (MT.MSN): An MPLS-TP Management SubNetwork (MT.MSN) consists of a set of separate Embedded Control Channels (ECC) and associated intra-site data communication links which are interconnected to form a Data Communications Network (DCN) within any given MPLS-TP transport topology. For an MPLS-TP, the physical channel supporting the ECC is the MPLS-TP Management Communication Channel (MCC) as defined in [ITU-T G.7712]. An MT.MSN represents an MPLS-TP specific Local Communication Network (LCN) portion of a network operator's overall Data Communication Network or TMN.

NOTE – MPLS-TP Management SubNetwork (MT.MSN) is referred to in [ITU-T G.8151].

3.2.3 MPLS-TP Network Element (MT.NE): That part of a network element that contains entities from one or more MPLS-TP layer networks. An MT.NE may therefore be a standalone physical entity or a subset of a network element. It supports at least Network Element Functions (NEFs) and may also support an Operations System Function (OSF). It contains Managed Objects (MOs), a Message Communication Function (MCF) and a Management Application Function (MAF). The functions of an MT.NE may be contained within an NE that also supports other layer networks. These layer network entities are considered to be managed separately from MPLS-TP entities. As such they are not part of the MT.MN or MT.MSN.

NOTE – MPLS-TP Network Element (MT.NE) is referred to in [ITU-T G.8151].

4 Abbreviations and acronyms

The following abbreviations and acronyms are used in a series of MPLS-TP Recommendations.

NOTE – The purpose of this clause 4 is to define a single abbreviation or acronym and thereby avoid any overlap among MPLS-TP Recommendations.

ACH	Associated Channel Header
AcSL	Accepted Signal Label
AF	Atomic Function
AI	Adapted Information
AIS	Alarm Indication Signal
ALM	ALarM reporting
AP	Access Point
APS	Automatic Protection Switching
ARC	Alarm Reporting Control
CC	Continuity Check
CI	Characteristic Information
CII	Common Interworking Indicators
CLNE	Client Layer Network Entity
CoS	Class of Service
CtrlP	Control Plane
CW	Control Word
CO-PS	Connection-Oriented Packet Switched
CP	Connection Point
CV	Connectivity Verification
D	Data (i.e., traffic unit)
DA	Destination Address
DCN	Data Communications Network
DE	Drop Eligibility
DM	Delay Measurement
DP	Drop Precedence
DT	Diagnostic Test
ECC	Embedded Communication Channel
ECC	Embedded Control Channel
ECMP	Equal Cost Multi-Path
E-LSP	Explicitly TC-encoded-PSC LSP
EMF	Equipment Management Function
ETH	Ethernet MAC layer network
ETH_CI	Ethernet MAC Characteristic Information

ETY	Ethernet PHY layer network
FCAPS	Fault Management, Configuration Management, Account Management, Performance Management and Security Management
FFS	For Further Study
FP	Flow Point
FTP	Flow Termination Point
GAL	Generic Associated Channel (G-Ach) Label
G-ACh	Generic Associated Channel
GFP	Generic Framing Procedure
GFP-F	Generic Framing Procedure – Frame Mapped
GNE	Gateway Network Element
ICC	ITU Carrier Code
IaDI	Intra-Domain Interface
IP	Internet Protocol
IrDI	Inter-Domain Interface
iPHB	Incoming Per Hop Behaviour
LAN	Local Area Network
LC	Link Connection
LCAS	Link Capacity Adjustment Scheme
LCK	Locked
LCN	Local Communication Network
LCT	Local Craft Terminal
L-LSP	Label-Only-Inferred PSC LSP
LM	Loss Measurement
LSE	Label Stack Entry
LSP	Label Switched Path
MAC	Media Access Control
MAF	Management Application Function
MCC	Management Communication Channel
MCF	Message Communication Function
MD	Mediation Device
ME	Maintenance Entity
MEG	Maintenance Entity Group
MEP	Maintenance entity group End Point
MF	Mediation Function
MgmtP	Management Plane
MI	Management Information

MIB	Management Information Base
MIP	Maintenance entity group Intermediate Point
MN	Management Network
MO	Managed Object
MOC	Managed Object Class
MoE	MPLS-TP over ETH
MoO	MPLS-TP over OTH
MoP	MPLS-TP over PDH
MoS	MPLS-TP over SDH
MP	Management Point
MPLS	Multi-Protocol Label Switching
MPLS-TP	Multi-Protocol Label Switching – Transport Profile
MPLS-TPP	MPLS-TP Path
MPLS-TPT	MPLS-TP Tandem connection monitoring
M_SDU	MAC Service Data Unit
MSN	Management SubNetwork
MS-PW	Multi-Segment Pseudowire
MT	Multi-Protocol Label Switching – Transport Profile
MT.C	MPLS-TP Channel layer
MT.MN	MPLS-TP MN
MT.MSN	MPLS-TP MSN
MT.NE	MPLS-TP NE
MT.P	MPLS-TP Path layer
MT.S	MPLS-TP Section layer
MTD	MPLS-TP Diagnostic function
MTDi	MPLS-TP Diagnostic function within MTx MIP
MTH	MPLS-TP Layer Network
MTH-NNI	MPLS-TP Layer Network – Network Node Interface
MTM-n	MPLS-TP Transport Module layer n
MTP	MPLS-TP path layer
MTS	MPLS-TP Section
NALM	No ALaRm reporting
NALM-CD	No ALaRm reporting, Count Down
NALM-NR	No ALaRm reporting, Not Ready
NALM-QI	No ALaRm reporting, Qualified Inhibit
NALM-TI	No ALaRm reporting, Timed Inhibit
NC	Network Connection

NE	Network Element
NEF	Network Element Function
NEL	Network Element Layer
NSP	Native Service Processing
NNI	Network Node Interface or Network Network Interface
NMS	Network Management System
OAM	Operations, Administration and Maintenance
OAM&P	Operations, Administration, Maintenance and Provisioning
ODU	Optical channel Data Unit
ODU _j	Optical Channel Data Unit – order j
ODU _j -X _v	Virtual concatenated Optical Channel Data Unit – order j
ODU _k	Optical Channel Data Unit – order k
ODU _k -X _v	Virtual concatenated Optical Channel Data Unit – order k
oPHB	Outgoing Per Hop Behaviour
OPU	Optical Payload Unit
OPU _k	Optical Payload Unit of level k
OPU _k -X _v	Virtually concatenated Optical Payload Unit of level k
OS	Operations System
OSF	Operations System Function
OSI	Open Systems Interconnection
OTH	Optical Transport Hierarchy
OTN	Optical Transport Network
o	on-demand
p	proactive
p2mp	point-to-multipoint
p2p	point-to-point
P11s	1 544 kbit/s PDH path layer with synchronous 125 μs frame structure according to ITU-T G.704
P12s	2 048 kbit/s PDH path layer with synchronous 125 μs frame structure according to ITU-T G.704
P31s	34 368 kbit/s PDH path layer with synchronous 125 μs frame structure according to ITU-T G.832
P32e	44 736 kbit/s PDH path layer with frame structure according to ITU T G.704
P	Priority
PA	(Ethernet) Preamble
PDH	Plesiochronous Digital Hierarchy
PHB	Per Hop Behaviour

PHP	Penultimate Hop Popping
PHY	Physical
PID	Protocol Identifier
PM	Performance Monitoring
PMC	Performance Monitoring Clock
PSC	PHB Scheduling Class
PSI	Payload Structure Indication
PT	Payload Type
PW	Pseudowire
QoS	Quality of Service
RES	Reserved overhead
RFC	Request for Comments
RDI	Remote Detect Indication
RT	Route Trace
RTC	Real Time Clock
SA	Source Address
S-bit	Bottom of Stack indicator
SCC	Signalling Communication Channel
SCN	Signalling Communication Network
SDH	Synchronous Digital Hierarchy
SFD	Start of Frame Delimiter
Sk	Sink
SN	Sub-Network
SNAP	Sub-Network Access Protocol
SNC	Sub-Network Connection
SNC/S	SNCP with Sublayer monitoring
SNCP	Sub-Network Connection Protection
So	Source
SPME	Sub-Path Maintenance Element
SSF	Server Signal Fail ²
SS-PW	Single-Segment Pseudowire
STM-N	Synchronous Transport Module – level N
TC	Traffic Class
TCM	Tandem Connection Monitoring
TCP	Termination Connection Point

² The IETF has not yet selected a term for this abstract information element.

TFP	Termination Flow Point
TH	Throughput
TNE	Transport Network Element
TLV	Type Length Value
TMN	Telecommunication Management Network
TSD	Trail Signal Degrade
TSF	Trail Signal Fail
TT	Trail Termination
TTL	Time-To-Live
TTSI	Trail Termination Source Identifier
VC	Virtual Container
VC-m	Lower Order VC – order m
VC-n	Higher Order VC – order n
VC-n-Xc	Contiguous concatenated VC – order n
VC-n-Xv	Virtual concatenated VC – order n
vcPT	virtual concatenation Payload Type
VcPLM	Virtual concatenation Payload Mismatch
WAN	Wide Area Network
WS	WorkStation
WTR	Wait To Restore

Appendix I

List of source Recommendations

(This appendix does not form an integral part of this Recommendation.)

This text is an updated version of Recommendation ITU-T G.8101/Y.1355 – "Terms and definitions for MPLS transport profile". The abbreviations and terms were taken from the Recommendations listed below. Where the definitions were not a part of an explicit Definitions clause of the source Recommendation, the source Recommendation is referenced in a Note following the definition. After this Recommendation is finally approved, corrigenda or revisions to the original sources of these terms will be proposed to replace the definitions in those documents by references to this one (except where the definition is part of the source Recommendation text and not in a definitions clause). The end result should be a single normative definition for each term in this subject area, contained in this Recommendation.

ITU-T Recommendation	Latest version	MPLS-TP specific definitions
G.7712/Y.1703	09/2010	No
G.8110.1/Y.1370.1	12/2011	No
G.8112/Y.1371	09/2012	Yes
G.8121/Y.1381	12/2011 with Amd.1	No
G.8151/Y.1374	12/2011 with Amd.1	Yes

Appendix II

Terms and definitions for MPLS transport profile defined by the IETF

(This appendix does not form an integral part of this Recommendation.)

The following IETF RFC/I-D contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this appendix. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All RFC/I-D are subject to revision; users of this list are therefore encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent edition of the RFC/I-Ds listed below.

- [IETF tp-rosetta-stone] IETF Internet Draft draft-ietf-mpls-tp-rosetta-stone-04 (2011), *A Thesaurus for the Terminology used in Multiprotocol Label Switching Transport Profile (MPLS-TP) drafts/RFCs and ITU-T's Transport Network Recommendations.*
- [IETF RFC 6291] IETF RFC 6291 (2011), *Guidelines for the Use of the "OAM" Acronym in the IETF.*

II.1 Definitions

The following terms are defined in [IETF RFC 6291]:

- II.1.1 Mgmt.
- II.1.2 OAM.
- II.1.3 O&M.
- II.1.4 SDO.

The following terms are defined in [IETF tp-rosetta-stone]:

- II.1.5 associated bidirectional path.
- II.1.6 bidirectional path.
- II.1.7 client layer network.
- II.1.8 concatenated segment.
- II.1.9 control plane.
- II.1.10 co-routed bidirectional path.
- II.1.11 domain.
- II.1.12 layer network.
- II.1.13 link.
- II.1.14 MPLS-TP logical ring.
- II.1.15 MPLS-TP physical ring.
- II.1.16 MPLS-TP ring topology.
- II.1.17 path.
- II.1.18 section layer network.
- II.1.19 segment.
- II.1.20 server layer.
- II.1.21 span.

- II.1.22** sublayer.
- II.1.23** tandem connection.
- II.1.24** transport network.
- II.1.25** transport path.
- II.1.26** transport path layer.
- II.1.27** transport service layer.
- II.1.28** transmission media layer.
- II.1.29** unidirectional path.
- II.1.30** failure.
- II.1.31** fault.
- II.1.32** defect.
- II.1.33** MPLS transport profile (MPLS-TP).
- II.1.34** MPLS section.
- II.1.35** MPLS-TP NE.
- II.1.36** MPLS-TP network.
- II.1.37** equipment management function (EMF).
- II.1.38** data communication network (DCN).
- II.1.39** communication channel (CC).
- II.1.40** embedded communication channel (ECC).
- II.1.41** management communication channel (MCC).
- II.1.42** management communication network (MCN).
- II.1.43** signaling communication channel (SCC).
- II.1.44** signaling communication network (SCN).
- II.1.45** operations system (OS).
- II.1.46** maintenance entity.
- II.1.47** maintenance end points (MEPs).

NOTE – Should be Maintenance Entity Group End Points.

- II.1.48** maintenance intermediate points (MIPs).

NOTE – Should be Maintenance Entity Group Intermediate Points.

- II.1.49** server MEPs.

II.2 Abbreviations

The following terms are used in IETF RFCs/I-Ds:

CC	Communications Channel
DCN	Data Communication Network
ECC	Embedded Communication Channel
EMF	Equipment Management Function
MCC	Management Communication Channel

MCN	Management Communication Network
ME	Maintenance Entity
MEG	ME Group
MEP	MEG End Point
MIP	MEG Intermediate Point
Mgmt	Management
MPLS	Multiprotocol Label Switching
MPLS-TP	MPLS Transport Profile
NE	Network Element
OAM	Operations, Administration and Maintenance
O&M	OAM and Management
SCC	Signaling Communication Channel
SCN	Signaling Communication Network
SDO	Standards Development Organization

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