ITU-T

TELECOMMUNICATION STANDARDIZATION SECTOR OF ITU X.501

Amendment 1 (10/2021)

SERIES X: DATA NETWORKS, OPEN SYSTEM COMMUNICATIONS AND SECURITY Directory

Information Technology – Open systems Interconnection – The Directory: Models

Amendment 1: Miscellaneous enhancements

Recommendation ITU-T X.501 (2019) - Amendment 1



ITU-T X-SERIES RECOMMENDATIONS

DATA NETWORKS, OPEN SYSTEM COMMUNICATIONS AND SECURITY

PUBLIC DATA NETWORKS	
Services and facilities	X.1–X.19
Interfaces	X.20–X.49
Transmission, signalling and switching	X.50-X.89
Network aspects	X.90-X.149
Maintenance	X.150–X.179
Administrative arrangements	X.180–X.199
OPEN SYSTEMS INTERCONNECTION	
Model and notation	X.200-X.209
Service definitions	X.210–X.219
Connection-mode protocol specifications	X.220–X.229
Connectionless-mode protocol specifications	X.230-X.239
PICS proformas	X.240-X.259
Protocol Identification	X.260-X.269
Security Protocols	X.270-X.279
Layer Managed Objects	X.280-X.289
Conformance testing	X.290-X.299
INTERWORKING BETWEEN NETWORKS	
General	X.300-X.349
Satellite data transmission systems	X.350-X.369
IP-based networks	X.370-X.379
MESSAGE HANDLING SYSTEMS	X.400-X.499
DIRECTORY	X.500-X.599
OSI NETWORKING AND SYSTEM ASPECTS	
Networking	X.600-X.629
Efficiency	X.630-X.639
Quality of service	X.640-X.649
Naming, Addressing and Registration	X.650-X.679
Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1)	X.680-X.699
OSI MANAGEMENT	
Systems management framework and architecture	X.700-X.709
Management communication service and protocol	X.710-X.719
Structure of management information	X.720-X.729
Management functions and ODMA functions	X.730-X.799
SECURITY	X.800-X.849
OSI APPLICATIONS	
Commitment, concurrency and recovery	X.850-X.859
Transaction processing	X.860-X.879
Remote operations	X.880-X.889
Generic applications of ASN.1	X.890–X.899
OPEN DISTRIBUTED PROCESSING	X.900–X.999
INFORMATION AND NETWORK SECURITY	X.1000–X.1099
SECURE APPLICATIONS AND SERVICES (1)	X.1100–X.1199
CYBERSPACE SECURITY	X.1200–X.1299
SECURE APPLICATIONS AND SERVICES (2)	X.1300–X.1499
CYBERSECURITY INFORMATION EXCHANGE	X.1500 X.1599
CLOUD COMPUTING SECURITY	X.1600–X.1699
QUANTUM COMMUNICATION	X.1700–X.1709 X.1700–X.1729
DATA SECURITY	X.1700–X.1729 X.1750–X.1799
IMT-2020 SECURITY	X.1730–X.1799 X.1800–X.1819
IIVII-2020 SECUNII I	Λ.1000-Λ.1819

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD ISO/IEC 9594-2 RECOMMENDATION ITU-T X.501

Information Technology – Open systems Interconnection – The Directory: Models

Amendment 1

Miscellaneous enhancements

Summary

Amendment 1 to Rec. ITU-T X.501 (2019) | ISO/IEC 9594-2:2020 updates clause 9.2 and Annex A.

The amendment has successfully gone through the enquiry state at ISO/IEC and ISO/IEC does not anymore accept any technical comments. ITU-T SG 17 members have been part of the ISO/IEC ballot process and have had ample opportunities in the past to influence the technical content.

History

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5.1	ITU-T X.501 (2005) Cor. 1	2008-05-29	17	11.1002/1000/9432
5.2	ITU-T X.501 (2005) Cor. 2	2008-11-13	17	11.1002/1000/9589
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5.4	ITU-T X.501 (2005) Cor. 4	2012-04-13	17	11.1002/1000/11575
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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD ITU-T RECOMMENDATION

Information Technology - Open systems Interconnection - The Directory: Models

Amendment 1

Miscellaneous enhancements

1) Clause 9.2, Names in general

Replace the Name data type with the following definition:

Add the following text right after the new Name definition:

The **rdnSequence** alternative shall be a sequence of relative distinguished names and shall be a distinguished name when identifying a particular entity.

The dnsName alternative shall hold a domain name system (DNS) domain name, which may be an internationalized domain name (IDN), as specified in IETF RFC 5890. It shall be a fully-qualified domain name (FQDN), i.e., it shall identify a particular entity.

A domain name may be in three formats:

- a) All characters in the label are from the Basic Latin collection as defined by ISO/IEC 10646 (i.e., having code points in the ranges 002D, 0030-0039, 0041-005A and 0061-007A) and it does not start with "xn--". The maximum length is 63 octets.
- b) It is an A-label as defined in IETF RFC 5890, i.e., it starts with the "xn--" and is a U-label converted to valid ASCII characters as in item a) using the Punycode algorithm defined by IETF RFC 3492. The converted string shall be maximum 59 octets. To be valid, it shall be possible for an A-label to be converted to a valid U-label.
- c) It is a U-label as defined in IETF RFC 5890, i.e., it contains characters outside the Basic Latin collection. A valid U-label shall not include any characters that are not included in the restricted Unicode repertoire as defined by IETF RFC 5892 and it shall be convertible to a valid A-label as defined in item b). A valid U-label may be more than 63 octets.

NOTE - In a constraint environment, it is recommended to use a domain name according to item a) whenever possible.

The oid alternative shall be an object identifier that uniquely identifies a particular entity.

2) Annex A, Object identifier usage

At the end of "categories of information object", add:

```
wrapperProtocolType ID ::= {ds 43}
algorithm ID ::= {ds 44}

At the end of "synonyms", add:

id-wrprot ID ::= wrapperProtocolType
id-algo ID ::= algorithm
```

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