



UNION INTERNATIONALE DES TÉLÉCOMMUNICATIONS

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SECTEUR DE LA NORMALISATION
DES TÉLÉCOMMUNICATIONS
DE L'UIT

SÉRIE X: RÉSEAUX POUR DONNÉES ET
COMMUNICATION ENTRE SYSTÈMES OUVERTS
Interconnexion des systèmes ouverts – Formulaires PICS

**Technologies de l'information –
Interconnexion des systèmes ouverts –
Protocole de présentation en mode orienté
connexion: formulaire de déclaration de
conformité d'implémentation de protocole**

Recommandation UIT-T X.246

(Antérieurement Recommandation du CCITT)

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AVANT-PROPOS

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L'approbation des Recommandations par les Membres de l'UIT-T s'effectue selon la procédure définie dans la Résolution n° 1 de la Conférence mondiale de normalisation des télécommunications (CMNT), (Helsinki, 1993). De plus, la CMNT, qui se réunit tous les quatre ans, approuve les Recommandations qui lui sont soumises et établit le programme d'études pour la période suivante.

Dans certains secteurs de la technologie de l'information qui correspondent à la sphère de compétence de l'UIT-T, les normes nécessaires se préparent en collaboration avec l'ISO et la CEI. Le texte de la Recommandation X.246 de l'UIT-T a été approuvé le 5 octobre 1996. Son texte est publié, sous forme identique, comme Norme internationale ISO/CEI 8823-2.

NOTE

Dans la présente Recommandation, l'expression «Administration» est utilisée pour désigner de façon abrégée aussi bien une administration de télécommunications qu'une exploitation reconnue.

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Résumé

La présente Recommandation | Norme internationale décrit la déclaration de conformité d'implémentation de protocole (PICS) de présentation en mode orienté connexion de l'OSI (voir la Rec. UIT-T X.226 | ISO/CEI 8823-1). Le formulaire PICS présente, sous forme tabulaire, les éléments obligatoires et facultatifs du protocole de transport (TP). Les déclarations PICS sont utilisées pour représenter les choix et caractéristiques d'implémentations particulières du protocole de présentation de l'OSI.

Introduction

La présente Recommandation | Norme internationale fait partie d'une série de Recommandations | Normes internationales consacrée à l'interconnexion des systèmes informatiques; elle est en relation avec d'autres Recommandations et Normes internationales de cette série conformément à la définition du modèle de référence pour l'interconnexion des systèmes ouverts, dit modèle OSI (voir la Rec. UIT-T X.200 | ISO/CEI 7498-1). Ce modèle de référence subdivise le champ d'application de cette interconnexion en une série de couches de spécifications ayant chacune des dimensions maniables.

L'objectif de l'interconnexion des systèmes ouverts OSI est de permettre, avec un minimum d'accords techniques extérieurs aux normes, l'interconnexion de systèmes informatiques:

- issus de constructeurs différents;
- gérés par des systèmes différents;
- présentant différents niveaux de complexité;
- mettant en œuvre des techniques différentes.

La Rec. UIT-T X.226 | ISO/CEI 8823-1 spécifie le protocole de présentation en mode orienté connexion, lequel spécifie un codage commun et un nombre d'unités fonctionnelles de procédures de protocole de présentation à utiliser pour répondre aux besoins des utilisateurs du service de présentation.

Pour évaluer la conformité d'une instance particulière, il est nécessaire de disposer d'une description des capacités et des options qui ont été implémentées pour une spécification OSI donnée. Une telle description est appelée déclaration de conformité d'implémentation de protocole (PICS).

La présente Recommandation | Norme internationale comporte le formulaire de déclaration de conformité d'implémentation de protocole (PICS) pour le protocole de présentation en mode orienté connexion défini dans la Rec. UIT-T X.226 | ISO/CEI 8823-1.

NORME INTERNATIONALE**RECOMMANDATION UIT-T**

**TECHNOLOGIES DE L'INFORMATION –
INTERCONNEXION DES SYSTÈMES OUVERTS –
PROTOCOLE DE PRÉSENTATION EN MODE ORIENTÉ CONNEXION:
FORMULAIRE DE DÉCLARATION DE CONFORMITÉ
D'IMPLÉMENTATION DE PROTOCOLE**

1 Domaine d'application

La présente Recommandation | Norme internationale fournit le formulaire de déclaration de conformité d'implémentation de protocole (PICS) pour le protocole de présentation en mode orienté connexion spécifié dans la Rec. UIT-T X.226 | ISO/CEI 8823-1. Ce formulaire PICS correspond aux prescriptions et aux directives pertinentes données dans la Rec. UIT-T X.296 | ISO/CEI 9646-7. L'utilisation détaillée de ce formulaire est décrite dans la présente Recommandation | Norme internationale.

Le fournisseur d'une implémentation déclarée conforme à la Rec. UIT-T X.226 | ISO/CEI 8823-1 doit remplir un exemplaire du formulaire PICS figurant dans l'Annexe A; il doit aussi fournir les renseignements nécessaires à sa propre identification et à celle de l'implémentation.

2 Références normatives

Les Recommandations | Normes internationales suivantes contiennent des dispositions qui, par suite de la référence qui y est faite, constituent des dispositions valables pour la présente Recommandation | Norme internationale. Au moment de la publication, les éditions indiquées étaient en vigueur. Toutes Recommandations et Normes sont sujettes à révision et les parties prenantes aux accords fondés sur la présente Recommandation | Norme internationale sont invitées à rechercher la possibilité d'appliquer les éditions les plus récentes des Recommandations et Normes indiquées ci-après. Les membres de la CEI et de l'ISO possèdent le registre des Normes internationales en vigueur. Le Bureau de la normalisation des télécommunications de l'UIT tient à jour une liste des Recommandations de l'UIT-T en vigueur.

2.1 Recommandations | Normes internationales identiques

- Recommandation UIT-T X.200 (1994) | ISO/CEI 7498-1:1994, *Technologies de l'information – Interconnexion des systèmes ouverts – Modèle de référence de base: le modèle de référence de base*.
- Recommandation UIT-T X.215 (1995) | ISO/CEI 8326:1996, *Technologies de l'information – Interconnexion des systèmes ouverts – Définition du service de session*.
- Recommandation UIT-T X.226 (1994) | ISO/CEI 8823-1:1994, *Technologies de l'information – Interconnexion des systèmes ouverts – Protocole de présentation en mode connexion: spécification du protocole*.
- Recommandation UIT-T X.680 (1994) | ISO/CEI 8824-1:1995, *Technologies de l'information – Notation de syntaxe abstraite numéro un: spécification de la notation de base*.
- Recommandation UIT-T X.690 (1994) | ISO/CEI 8825-1:1995, *Technologies de l'information – Règles de codage de l'ASN.1: spécification des règles de codage de base, des règles de codage canoniques et des règles de codage distinctives*.

2.2 Paires de Recommandations | Normes internationales équivalentes par leur contenu technique

- Recommandation UIT-T X.290 (1995), *Cadre général et méthodologie des tests de conformité OSI pour les Recommandations sur les protocoles pour les applications de l'UIT-T – Concepts généraux*.
ISO/CEI 9646-1:1994, *Technologies de l'information – Interconnexion de systèmes ouverts – Cadre général et méthodologie des tests de conformité OSI – Partie 1: Concepts généraux*.

- Recommandation UIT-T X.296 (1995), *Cadre général et méthodologie des tests de conformité OSI pour les Recommandations sur les protocoles pour les applications de l'UIT-T – Déclarations de conformité d'instance.*
- ISO/CEI 9646-7:1995, *Technologies de l'information – Interconnexion de systèmes ouverts (OSI) – Essais de conformité – Méthodologie générale et procédures – Partie 7: Déclarations de conformité des mises en œuvre.*
- Recommandation UIT-T X.650 (1992), *Interconnexion des systèmes ouverts – Modèle de référence de base: dénomination et adressage.*
- ISO/CEI 7498-3:1989, *Système de traitement de l'information – Interconnexion de systèmes ouverts – Modèle de référence de base – Partie 3: Dénomination et adressage.*

2.3 Références additionnelles

- Recommandation X.410 du CCITT (1984), *Systèmes de messagerie: opérations distantes et serveur de transfert fiable.*

3 Définitions

Pour les besoins de la présente Recommandation | Norme internationale, les définitions suivantes s'appliquent.

3.1 Termes définis dans la Rec. UIT-T X.226 | ISO/CEI 8823-1

3.2 Termes définis dans la Rec. UIT-T X.290 | ISO/CEI 9646-1

- a) formulaire de déclaration de conformité d'une instance;
- b) déclaration de conformité d'une instance;
- c) déclaration de conformité d'une instance de protocole (PICS);
- d) formulaire PICS.

3.3 Termes supplémentaires

- a) demandeur: machine protocolaire de présentation qui lance une action déterminée;
- b) accepteur: machine protocolaire de présentation qui accepte une action déterminée.

4 Abréviations

ASN.1	Notation de syntaxe abstraite numéro un (<i>abstract syntax notation one</i>).
ICS	Déclaration de conformité d'implémentation (<i>implementation conformance statement</i>).
PCI	Information de commande de protocole (<i>protocol control information</i>).
PDV	Valeur de données de présentation (<i>presentation data value</i>).
PICS	Déclaration de conformité d'implémentation de protocole (<i>protocol implementation conformance statement</i>).
PPDU	Unité de données de protocole de présentation (<i>presentation protocol data unit</i>).

5 Conformité

Un formulaire PICS conforme doit être techniquement équivalent au formulaire PICS publié par l'UIT-T | l'ISO/CEI et doit en conserver la numérotation et l'ordre des items du formulaire PICS de l'UIT-T | ISO/CEI.

Une déclaration PICS conforme à la présente Recommandation | Norme internationale doit:

- a) décrire une implémentation qui est conforme à la Rec. UIT-T X.226 | ISO/CEI 8823-1;
- b) être présentée sur un formulaire PICS conforme, rempli selon les instructions données en A.2;
- c) donner les renseignements nécessaires pour identifier de façon univoque aussi bien le fournisseur que l'implémentation.

Annexe A¹⁾

**Formulaire de déclaration de conformité d'implémentation de protocole
pour le protocole de présentation en mode orienté connexion**

(Cette annexe fait partie intégrante de la présente Recommandation | Norme internationale)

A.1 Identification of PICS proforma corrigenda

The supplier of the PICS proforma shall identify any corrigenda (i.e. Technical corrigenda or equivalent) to the published proforma that have been applied. Suppliers of the proforma should modify the proforma, or attach relevant additional pages in order to apply the corrigenda, and then record the application of the corrigenda in Table A.1.

Table A.1

Identification of corrigenda applied to this PICS proforma	ITU-T Rec. X.246 (1994) ISO/IEC 8823-2:1995
	Corr:
	Corr:
	Corr:

A.2 Instructions

A.2.1 Purpose and structure of the proforma

The purpose of this PICS proforma is to provide suppliers of implementations of ITU-T Rec. X.226 | ISO/IEC 8823-1 with a consistent means of stating which capabilities have been implemented.

The proforma is in the form of a questionnaire and consists of a set of items. An item is provided for each capability for which an implementation choice is allowed. Items are also provided for major mandatory capabilities for which no implementation choice is allowed. Each item includes an item number, an item description, a status value specifying the support requirement, and room for a support answer to be provided by the supplier.

This subclause provides general information and instructions for completion of the proforma.

Subclause A.3 is for identification of the implementation.

Subclause A.4 contains the means of specifying, at a high level, the protocol and corrigenda that have been implemented.

Subclause A.5 contains the global statement of conformance.

Subclause A.6 onwards contain tables in which the supplier specifies details of the implementation options chosen.

A.2.2 Symbols, terms and abbreviations

A.2.2.1 Introduction

Notations have been introduced in order to reduce the size of tables in the PICS proforma. These have allowed the use of multi-column layout where the columns are headed ‘Status’, and ‘Support’. The definition of each is given below.

Additionally, the following definitions apply:

A.2.2.1.1 (PICS) item: A row in a PICS proforma table.

A.2.2.1.2 (PICS) question: The question to be answered in the intersection of a PICS item and either a support column (i.e. “Is this item supported in the context applying to this table and column”) or supported values column (i.e. “What values are supported for this item in the context applying to this table and column”) in a PICS proforma table.

¹⁾ **Droits de reproduction du formulaire PICS**

Les utilisateurs de la présente Recommandation | Norme internationale sont autorisés à reproduire le formulaire PICS de la présente annexe pour utiliser celui-ci conformément à son objet. Ils sont également autorisés à publier le formulaire une fois celui-ci complété.

A.2.2.1.3 status (value): An allowed entry in the status column for an item in a PICS proforma table.

A.2.2.1.4 (support) answer: An allowed entry in the support or supported values columns for an item in a PICS, in answer to a PICS question.

A.2.2.2 Prerequisite notation

If a predicate applies to a whole ICS proforma table, a prerequisite line may be specified in front of the table to which it applies. A prerequisite line takes the form:

Prerequisite: <predicate>

The meaning of such a line is that if <predicate> is True, then the table applies, else it is not-applicable.

A.2.2.3 Item numbering

Each line within the PICS proforma which requires implementation detail to be entered is given an item number in the first column. The item number column provides a means of uniquely referencing each possible answer within the PICS proforma. Such referencing is necessary for specifying predicates, conditional expressions, test suite parameters, and test suite selection expressions.

The means of referencing individual answers is to specify the following sequence:

- a) If, and only if, the reference is being made from another Specification, then start with an unambiguous identifier for the relevant ICS proforma specification, enclosed in parentheses – this identifier is stated in the PICS proforma specification and is updated whenever the PICS proforma is updated – it is recommended that this identifier be the relevant Specification number and year of publication, as is used in a Normative references clause, and this is the default for such identifiers.
- b) The number of the relevant table or, if the tables are not numbered, of the smallest subclause enclosing the relevant table.
- c) A solidus character, “/”.
- d) The item number or mnemonic reference to the item, to identify the row in which the answer appears.
- e) If, and only if, more than one question occurs in the row identified by the item number or mnemonic reference, then each possible answer is implicitly labelled a, b, c, etc., from left to right, and this letter is appended to the sequence, prefixed by a solidus character (“/”) if a mnemonic reference is used.

If mnemonic references are specified and each uniquely identify an item in the PICS proforma, then entries b) and c) in the above sequence may be omitted.

A.2.2.4 Status column

‘Status’ as defined in ITU-T Rec. X.226 | ISO/IEC 8823-1. This column indicates the level of support required for conformance to ITU-T Rec. X.226 | ISO/IEC 8823-1.

A.2.2.4.1 Definitions applying to the table in A.7

The values are as follows:

- ‘m’ Mandatory support is required.
- ‘o’ Optional support is permitted for conformance to ITU-T Rec. X.226 | ISO/IEC 8823-1. If implemented, it must conform to the specifications and restrictions contained in ITU-T Rec. X.226 | ISO/IEC 8823-1. These restrictions may affect the optionality of other items.
- ‘o.n’ Selectable options among a set of items (where *n* is the number which identifies the group of optional items that are grouped together). The definitions for the qualified optional statements used are written under the tables, and are indexed in Annex B.
- ‘cn’ The item is conditional (where *n* is the number which identifies the condition which is applicable). The definitions for the conditional statements used are written under the tables, and are indexed in Annex B.
- ‘n/a’ The item is not applicable.

If support is claimed for the sending of a PPDU, then the implementation shall be able to:

- build the PPDU (i.e. build correctly the heading, all mandatory parameters, and all supported optional parameters) in the situations required by the protocol specification;
- encode the PPDU according to a valid encoding format.

If support is claimed for receiving of a PPDU, then the implementation shall be able to:

- syntactically identify the PPDU and parse all valid instances of the PDU, including all valid PDU parameters. Supporting the receipt of a PDU whilst having no ability to parse one of its valid parameters is non-conformant.

A.2.2.4.2 Definitions applying to the tables in A.8

The values for the sender of a PDU are as follows:

- ‘m’ Mandatory support is required. The implementation shall be able to build and encode this parameter within the PPDU.
- ‘o’ Optional support is permitted for conformance to ITU-T Rec. X.236 | ISO/IEC 9576-1.
- ‘cn’ The item is conditional (where n is the number which identifies the condition which is applicable). The definitions for the conditional statements used are written under the tables, and are indexed in Annex B.
- ‘n/a’ The item is not applicable.

The values for the receiver of a PDU are as follows:

- ‘m’ Mandatory support is required. The implementation shall be able to parse this parameter within the PPDU, and also perform the actions required by the semantics of the parameter.
- ‘o’ Optional support is permitted for conformance to ITU-T Rec. X.236 | ISO/IEC 9576-1. If support is claimed, the implementation shall support the semantics of the parameter.
- ‘cn’ The item is conditional (where n is the number which identifies the condition which is applicable). The definitions for the conditional statements used are written under the tables, and are indexed in Annex B.
- ‘n/a’ The item is not applicable.

A.2.2.5 Support column

The ‘Support’ column shall be completed by the supplier or implementor to indicate the level of implementation of each feature. The proforma has been designed such that the only entries required in the ‘Support’ column are:

- ‘Y’ Yes, the feature has been implemented.
- ‘N’ No, the feature has not been implemented.
- ‘_’ No answer required – it is unnecessary to answer the question with a Yes or a No because the question has a status value of not-applicable.

A.2.3 Instructions for completion

The supplier shall complete all entries in the column marked ‘Support’. In certain clauses of the PICS proforma further guidance for completion may be necessary. Such guidance shall supplement the guidance given in this A.2 and shall have a scope restricted to the clause in which it appears. In addition, other specifically identified information shall be provided by the implementor where requested. No changes shall be made to the proforma except the completion as required. Recognizing that the level of detail required may, in some instances, exceed the space available for responses, a number of responses specifically allow for the addition of appendices to the PICS.

A.3 Identification of the implementation

A.3.1 Date of statement

1	Date of statement? (yy-mm-dd)
---	-------------------------------

A.3.2 Implementation details

The supplier of the protocol implementation shall specify the information necessary to uniquely identify the implementation and the system in which it may reside. This may include details of:

- a) supplier, implementation name, operating system, suitable hardware;
- b) system supplier and/or client of the test laboratory that is to test the implementation;
- c) information on whom to contact if there are queries concerning the content of the PICS.

1	
---	--

A.4 Protocol Identification**A.4.1 ITU-T Rec. X.226 | ISO/IEC 8823-1 protocol details**

	Identification of Protocol Specification	Support
1	ITU-T Rec. X.226 (1994) ISO/IEC 8823-1:1994	
2		
3		
4		

A.4.2 ITU-T Rec. X.226 | ISO/IEC 8823-1 technical corrigenda implemented

Identification of corrigenda applied to the implementation	ITU-T Rec. X.226 (1994) ISO/IEC 8823-1:1994 Corr: Corr: Corr: Corr: Corr:
------------------------------------------------------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

A.5 Global statement of conformance

1	Are all mandatory features implemented? (Yes or No)
---	-----------------------------------------------------

NOTE – If a positive response is not given to this box, then the implementation does not conform to ITU-T Rec. X.226 | ISO/IEC 8823-1.

A.6 Protocol mechanisms and functional units

A.6.1 Protocol mechanisms

	Mode	Status	Support	Mnemonic
1	X.410 (1984)	o.1		
2	Normal	o.1		
o.1: either Normal mode or X.410 (1984) mode or both shall be supported. If only X.410 (1984) mode is supported, then the remainder of the proforma shall be ignored.				

A.6.2 Functional units

	Presentation functional units	Status	Support	Mnemonic
1	Kernel	m		
2	Presentation Context Management	o		P-FU(CM)
3	Presentation Context Restoration	c0		P-FU(CR)
c0: if [P-FU(CM)] then o else n/a.				

	Pass through to Session functional units	Status	Support	Mnemonic
4	Negotiated Release	o		S-FU(NR)
5	Half Duplex	o.2		S-FU(HD)
6	Duplex	o.2		S-FU(FD)
7	Expedited Data	o		S-FU(EX)
8	Typed Data	o		S-FU(TD)
9	Capability Data Exchange	c1		S-FU(CD)
10	Minor Synchronize	o		S-FU(SY)
11	Symmetric Synchronize	o		S-FU(SS)
12	Data Separation	o		S-FU(DS)
13	Major Synchronize	o		S-FU(MA)
14	Resynchronize	o		S-FU(RESYNC)
15	Exceptions	c2		S-FU(EXCEP)
16	Activity Management	o		S-FU(ACT)
o.2: pass through for at least one of the Session functional units Duplex and Half Duplex shall be supported. c1: if [S-FU(ACT)] then o else n/a. c2: if [S-FU(HD)] then o else n/a.				

A.7 Elements of procedure related to the PICS

A.7.1 Kernel functional unit

A.7.1.1 Supported roles

A.7.1.1.1 Presentation connection

	Role	Status	Support	Mnemonic
1	Initiator	o.3		P-CON_initiator
2	Responder	o.3		P-CON_responder
o.3: a conforming implementation shall support at least one of the above roles.				

A.7.1.1.2 Normal data

	Role	Status	Support	Mnemonic
1	Requestor	o		P-DATA_requestor
2	Acceptor	o		P-DATA_acceptor

A.7.1.1.3 Orderly release

	Role	Status	Support	Mnemonic
1	Requestor	o		P-REL_requestor
2	Acceptor	o		P-REL_acceptor

A.7.1.2 Supported PPDUs associated with the kernel services

	PPDU	Sender		Receiver		Reference	Comment
		Status	Support	Status	Support		
1	CP	c3		c4			
2	CPA	c4		c3			
3	CPR	c4		c3			
4	ARP	m		m			
5	ARU	o		m			
6	TD	c5		c6			

c3: if [P-CON_initiator] then m else n/a.
 c4: if [P-CON_responder] then m else n/a.
 c5: if [P-DATA_requestor] then m else n/a.
 c6: if [P-DATA_acceptor] then m else n/a.

A.7.2 Presentation context management functional unit

Prerequisite: P-FU(CM)

A.7.2.1 Supported roles

Does the implementation support the Context Management functional unit as:

	Role	Status	Support	Mnemonic
1	Requestor	o.4		P-ALTER-C_requestor
2	Acceptor	o.4		P-ALTER-C_acceptor
o.4: a conforming implementation shall support at least one of the above roles if the functional unit is supported.				

A.7.2.2 Supported PPDUs associated with the context management services

	PPDU	Sender		Receiver		Reference	Comment
		Status	Support	Status	Support		
1	AC	c7		c8			
2	ACA	c8		c7			
c7: if [P-ALTER-C_requestor] then m else n/a. c8: if [P-ALTER-C_acceptor] then m else n/a.							

A.7.3 Presentation context restoration functional unit

No additional PPDUs.

A.7.4 Pass through to session functional units**A.7.4.1 Negotiated Release**

The role supported by the implementation for the Session Negotiated Release functional unit is the same as for the Orderly Release.

A.7.4.2 Half Duplex

Prerequisite: S-FU(HD)

	Role	Status	Support	Mnemonic
1	Requestor	m		
2	Acceptor	m		

A.7.4.3 Duplex

There is no additional pass through functionality associated with this Session functional unit. This subclause is present for completeness only.

A.7.4.4 Expedited Data

Prerequisite: S-FU(EX)

	Role	Status	Support	Mnemonic
1	Requestor	0.5		S-XDATA_requestor
2	Acceptor	0.5		S-XDATA_acceptor
0.5: a conforming implementation shall support at least one of the above roles if the pass through functional unit is supported.				

A.7.4.5 Typed Data

Prerequisite: S-FU(TD)

	Role	Status	Support	Mnemonic
1	Requestor	0.6		S-TDATA_requestor
2	Acceptor	0.6		S-TDATA_acceptor
o.6: a conforming implementation shall support at least one of the above roles if the pass through functional unit is supported.				

A.7.4.6 Capability Data

Prerequisite: S-FU(CD)

	Role	Status	Support	Mnemonic
1	Requestor	0.7		S-CAP_requestor
2	Acceptor	0.7		S-CAP_acceptor
o.7: a conforming implementation shall support at least one of the above roles if the pass through functional unit is supported.				

A.7.4.7 Minor Synchronize

Prerequisite: S-FU(SY)

	Role	Status	Support	Mnemonic
1	Requestor	0.8		S-MIN_requestor
2	Acceptor	0.8		S-MIN_acceptor
o.8: a conforming implementation shall support at least one of the above roles if the pass through functional unit is supported.				

A.7.4.8 Symmetric Synchronize

Prerequisite: S-FU(SS)

	Role	Status	Support	Mnemonic
1	Requestor	m		
2	Acceptor	m		

A.7.4.9 Data Separation

Prerequisite: S-FU(DS)

	Role	Status	Support	Mnemonic
1	Requestor	m		
2	Acceptor	m		

A.7.4.10 Major Synchronize

Prerequisite: S-FU(MA)

	Role	Status	Support	Mnemonic
1	Requestor	o.9		S-MAJ_requestor
2	Acceptor	o.9		S-MAJ_acceptor

o.9: a conforming implementation shall support at least one of the above roles if the pass through functional unit is supported.

A.7.4.11 Resynchronize

Prerequisite: S-FU(RESYNC)

	Role	Status	Support	Mnemonic
1	Requestor	m		
2	Acceptor	m		

A.7.4.12 Exceptions

Prerequisite: S-FU(EXCEP)

	Role	Status	Support	Mnemonic
1	Requestor	m		
2	Acceptor	m		

A.7.4.13 Activity Management

Prerequisite: S-FU(ACT)

A.7.4.13.1 Activity start

	Role	Status	Support	Mnemonic
1	Requestor	o.10		S-ACTS_requestor
2	Acceptor	o.10		S-ACTS_acceptor
o.10: a conforming implementation shall support at least one of the above roles if the pass through functional unit is supported.				

A.7.4.13.2 Activity resume

	Role	Status	Support	Mnemonic
1	Requestor	o.11		S-ACTR_requestor
2	Acceptor	o.11		S-ACTR_acceptor
o.11: a conforming implementation shall support at least one of the above roles if the pass through functional unit is supported.				

A.7.4.13.3 Activity interrupt

	Role	Status	Support	Mnemonic
1	Requestor	o.12		S-ACTI_requestor
2	Acceptor	o.12		S-ACTI_acceptor
o.12: a conforming implementation shall support at least one of the above roles if the pass through functional unit is supported.				

A.7.4.13.4 Activity discard

	Role	Status	Support	Mnemonic
1	Requestor	o.13		S-ACTD_requestor
2	Acceptor	o.13		S-ACTD_acceptor
o.13: a conforming implementation shall support at least one of the above roles if the pass through functional unit is supported.				

A.7.4.13.5 Activity end

	Role	Status	Support	Mnemonic
1	Requestor	o.14		S-ACTE_requestor
2	Acceptor	o.14		S-ACTE_acceptor
o.14: a conforming implementation shall support at least one of the above roles if the pass through functional unit is supported.				

A.7.4.13.6 Give tokens confirm

	Role	Status	Support	Mnemonic
1	Requestor	o		S-GTC_requestor
2	Acceptor	o		S-GTC_acceptor

A.8 Supported PPDU parameters**A.8.1 Connect presentation (CP) PPDU**

	Parameter	Sender		Receiver	
		Status	Support	Status	Support
1	Calling presentation selector	c9		c12	
2	Called presentation selector	c9		c12	
3	Mode selector	c3		c4	
4	Presentation context definition list	c9		c4	
5	Default context name	c9		c12	
6	Protocol version	c9		c4	
7	Presentation requirements	c9		c14	
8	User session requirements	c10		c12	
9	User data	c9		c4	
10	CPC Type	c11		c12	

c3: if [P-CON_initiator] then m else n/a.
 c4: if [P-CON_responder] then m else n/a.
 c9: if [P-CON_initiator] then o else n/a.
 c10: if [P-CON_initiator and P-FU(CM)] then o else n/a.
 c11: if [P-CON_initiator and A.8.1/4a] then o else n/a.
 NOTE – A definition of the numbering notation used in this Recommendation | International Standard is given in A.2.2.3.
 c12: if [P-CON_responder] then o else n/a.
 c14: if [not P-CON_responder] then n/a else if [P-FU(CM)] then m else o.

A.8.2 Connect presentation accept (CPA)

	Parameter	Sender		Receiver	
		Status	Support	Status	Support
1	Responding presentation selector	c12		c9	
2	Mode selector	c4		c3	
3	Presentation context definition result list	c4		c15	
4	Protocol version	c12		c3	
5	Presentation requirements	c14		c16	
6	User session requirements	c13		c17	
7	User data	c12		c3	

c3: if [P-CON_initiator] then m else n/a.
 c4: if [P-CON_responder] then m else n/a.
 c9: if [P-CON_initiator] then o else n/a.
 c12: if [P-CON_responder] then o else n/a.
 c13: if [P-CON_responder and P-FU(CM)] then o else n/a.
 c14: if [not P-CON_responder] then n/a else if [P-FU(CM)] then m else o.
 c15: if [P-CON_initiator and A.8.1/4a] then m else n/a.
 c16: if [P-CON_initiator and A.8.1/7a] then o else n/a.
 c17: if [P-CON_initiator and A.8.1/8a] then o else n/a.

A.8.3 Connect presentation reject (CPR) PPDU

	Parameter	Sender		Receiver	
		Status	Support	Status	Support
1	Responding presentation selector	c12		c9	
2	Presentation context definition result list	c4		c11	
3	Protocol version	c12		c9	
4	Default context result	c12		c18	
5	Provider reason	c12		c9	
6	User data	c12		c9	

c4: if [P-CON_responder] then m else n/a.
 c9: if [P-CON_initiator] then o else n/a.
 c11: if [P-CON_initiator and A.8.1/4a] then o else n/a.
 c12: if [P-CON_responder] then o else n/a.
 c18: if [P-CON_initiator and A.8.1/5a] then o else n/a.

A.8.4 Abnormal release user (ARU) PPDU

	Parameter	Sender		Receiver	
		Status	Support	Status	Support
1	Presentation context identifier list	o		o	
2	User data	o		o	

A.8.5 Abnormal release provider (ARP) PPDU

	Parameter	Sender		Receiver	
		Status	Support	Status	Support
1	Provider reason	o		o	
2	Event identifier	o		o	

A.8.6 Alter context (AC) PPDU

Prerequisite: P-FU(CM)

	Parameter	Sender		Receiver	
		Status	Support	Status	Support
1	Presentation context addition list	c19		c8	
2	Presentation context deletion list	c19		c8	
3	User data	c19		c20	
c8:	if [P-ALTER-C_acceptor] then m else n/a.				
c19:	if [P-ALTER-C_requestor] then o else n/a.				
c20:	if [P-ALTER-C_acceptor] then o else n/a.				

A.8.7 Alter context acknowledge (ACA) PPDU

Prerequisite: P-FU(CM)

	Parameter	Sender		Receiver	
		Status	Support	Status	Support
1	Presentation context addition result list	c8		c21	
2	Presentation context deletion result list	c8		c22	
3	User data	c20		c19	
c8:	if [P-ALTER-C_acceptor] then m else n/a.				
c19:	if [P-ALTER-C_requestor] then o else n/a.				
c20:	if [P-ALTER-C_acceptor] then o else n/a.				
c21:	if [A.8.6/1a] then m else n/a.				
c22:	if [A.8.6/2a] then m else n/a.				

A.8.8 Presentation data (TD) PPDU

	Parameter	Sender		Receiver	
		Status	Support	Status	Support
1	User data	c5		c6	
	c5: if [P-DATA_requestor] then m else n/a. c6: if [P-DATA_acceptor] then m else n/a.				

A.8.9 Presentation typed data (TTD) PPDU

Prerequisite: S-FU(TD)

	Parameter	Sender		Receiver	
		Status	Support	Status	Support
1	User data	c23		c24	
	c23: if [S-TDATA_requestor] then m else n/a. c24: if [S-TDATA_acceptor] then m else n/a.				

A.8.10 Expedited data (TE) PPDU

Prerequisite: S-FU(EX)

	Parameter	Sender		Receiver	
		Status	Support	Status	Support
1	User data	c25		c26	
	c25: if [S-XDATA_requestor] then m else n/a. c26: if [S-XDATA_acceptor] then m else n/a.				

A.8.11 Capability data (TC) PPDU

Prerequisite: S-FU(CD)

	Parameter	Sender		Receiver	
		Status	Support	Status	Support
1	User data	c27		c28	
	c27: if [S-CAP_requestor] then m else n/a. c28: if [S-CAP_acceptor] then m else n/a.				

A.8.12 Capability data acknowledge (TCC) PPDU

Prerequisite: S-FU(CD)

	Parameter	Sender		Receiver	
		Status	Support	Status	Support
1	User data	c28		c27	
c27: if [S-CAP_requestor] then m else n/a. c28: if [S-CAP_acceptor] then m else n/a.					

A.8.13 Resynchronize (RS) PPDU

Prerequisite: S-FU(RESYNC)

	Parameter	Sender		Receiver	
		Status	Support	Status	Support
1	Presentation context identifier list	c48		c48	
2	User data	o		o	
c48: if [P-FU(CR)] then o else n/a.					

A.8.14 Resynchronize acknowledge (RSA) PPDU

Prerequisite: S-FU(RESYNC)

	Parameter	Sender		Receiver	
		Status	Support	Status	Support
1	Presentation context identifier list	c48		c48	
2	User data	o		o	
c48: if [P-FU(CR)] then o else n/a.					

A.8.15 Session service primitives not carrying Presentation PCI

	Primitive	Sender		Receiver	
		Status	Support	Status	Support
1	S-REL-req/ind	c29		c30	
2	S-REL-rsp/cnf	c30		c29	
3	S-TG-req/ind	c31		c31	
4	S-TP-req/ind	c31		c31	
5	S-CG-req/ind	c32		c32	
6	S-SYNm-req/ind	c33		c34	
7	S-SYNm-rsp/cnf	c34		c33	
8	S-SYNM-req/ind	c35		c36	
9	S-SYNM-rsp/cnf	c36		c35	
10	S-PER-ind	-		c37	
11	S-UER-req/ind	c37		c37	
12	S-ACTS-req/ind	c38		c39	
13	S-ACTR-req/ind	c40		c41	
14	S-ACCI-req/ind	c42		c43	
15	S-ACCI-rsp/cnf	c43		c42	
16	S-ACTD-req/ind	c44		c45	
17	S-ACTD-rsp/cnf	c45		c44	
18	S-ACTE-req/ind	c46		c47	
19	S-ACTE-rsp/cnf	c47		c46	

c29: if [P-REL_requestor] then m else n/a.
 c30: if [P-REL_acceptor] then m else n/a.
 c31: if [S-FU(NR) or S-FU(HD) or S-FU(SY) or S-FU(MA) or S-FU(ACT)] then m else n/a.
 c32: if [S-FU(ACT)] then m else n/a.
 c33: if [S-MIN_requestor] then m else n/a.
 c34: if [S-MIN_acceptor] then m else n/a.
 c35: if [S-MAJ_requestor] then m else n/a.
 c36: if [S-MAJ_acceptor] then m else n/a.
 c37: if [S-FU(EXCEP)] then m else n/a.
 c38: if [S-ACTS_requestor] then m else n/a.
 c39: if [S-ACTS_acceptor] then m else n/a.
 c40: if [S-ACTR_requestor] then m else n/a.
 c41: if [S-ACTR_acceptor] then m else n/a.
 c42: if [S-ACCI_requestor] then m else n/a.
 c43: if [S-ACCI_acceptor] then m else n/a.
 c44: if [S-ACTD_requestor] then m else n/a.
 c45: if [S-ACTD_acceptor] then m else n/a.
 c46: if [S-ACTE_requestor] then m else n/a.
 c47: if [S-ACTE_acceptor] then m else n/a.

A.9 Support of syntaxes

A.9.1 Transfer syntaxes supported

This subclause shall be used to indicate which transfer syntaxes the implementation supports. For each transfer syntax supported, a reference to the definition of the transfer syntax shall be given. Implementation restrictions with respect to the encoding variations as offered by the transfer syntax shall be stated separately and referenced in the following table where applicable. If the number of transfer syntaxes supported by the implementation exceeds the space available in the table, then details of support shall be given in an appendix to the PICS using a table with the equivalent layout.

NOTE – The definition of the ASN.1 basic encoding rules are given in ITU-T Rec. X.690 | ISO/IEC 8825-1. To complete the specification of a transfer syntax, it is necessary to indicate the abstract syntax specification to which the encoding rules should be applied.

	Type	Detail	Support	Reference to definition	Reference to restriction
1	Object identifier	{joint-iso-ccitt asn1(1) basic-encoding(1)}			

A.9.2 Abstract syntaxes supported

This subclause shall be used to indicate which abstract syntaxes the implementation supports. If the number of abstract syntaxes supported by the implementation exceeds the space available in the table, then details of support shall be given in an appendix to the PICS using a table with the equivalent layout.

NOTE – From the Presentation standard point of view, an implementation is required to support any standardized abstract syntax. However, for technical and economic reasons, an implementation may only support a limited number of abstract syntaxes.

	Type	Detail	Support
1	Object identifier	{joint-iso-ccitt association control(2) abstract-syntax(1) apdus(0) version1(1)}	

A.9.3 Use of ASN.1 basic encoding

This subclause shall be used to indicate whether any encoding restrictions exist for sending:

- a) the Presentation PCI of PPDUs;
- b) abstract syntaxes using ASN.1 which are stated as supported in A.9.2.

Any restrictions given are assumed to apply to a) and b) unless explicitly stated. In the case that more than one set of restrictions apply, the table shall be replicated and it shall be clearly stated to which abstract syntax each set of restrictions apply.

	Restriction	Support	Comment
1	Only definite form of length encoding used		
2	Indefinite form of length encoding used for all constructed types		
3	Only minimal number of octets used for definite form of length encoding		
4	Only primitive encoding used for OCTETSTRING		
5	Only primitive encoding used for BITSTRING		

A.9.4 PDV structure of User Data parameters

This subclause shall be used to indicate whether particular restrictions exist for the encoding of multiple Presentation data value in abstract syntaxes using ASN.1, which are stated as supported in A.9.2.

Any restrictions given are assumed to apply to all abstract syntaxes unless explicitly stated. In the case that more than one set of restrictions apply, the table shall be replicated and it shall be clearly stated to which abstract syntax each set of restrictions apply.

	Restriction	Support	Limit	Comment
1	Limit on number of PDVs in User Data parameter			
2	Limit on number of PDVs in a single PDV-list value			

End of PICS proforma

Annexe B**Résumé des conditions**

(Cette annexe ne fait pas partie intégrante de la présente Recommandation | Norme internationale)

- o.1: either Normal mode or X.410 (1984) mode or both shall be supported. If only X.410 (1984) mode is supported, then the remainder of the proforma shall be ignored.
- o.2: pass through for at least one of the Session functional units Duplex and Half Duplex shall be supported.
- o.3: a conforming implementation shall support at least one of the above roles.
- o.4: a conforming implementation shall support at least one of the above roles if the functional unit is supported.
- o.5: a conforming implementation shall support at least one of the above roles if the pass through functional unit is supported.
- o.6: a conforming implementation shall support at least one of the above roles if the pass through functional unit is supported.
- o.7: a conforming implementation shall support at least one of the above roles if the pass through functional unit is supported.
- o.8: a conforming implementation shall support at least one of the above roles if the pass through functional unit is supported.
- o.9: a conforming implementation shall support at least one of the above roles if the pass through functional unit is supported.
- o.10: a conforming implementation shall support at least one of the above roles if the pass through functional unit is supported.
- o.11: a conforming implementation shall support at least one of the above roles if the pass through functional unit is supported.
- o.12: a conforming implementation shall support at least one of the above roles if the pass through functional unit is supported.
- o.13: a conforming implementation shall support at least one of the above roles if the pass through functional unit is supported.
- o.14: a conforming implementation shall support at least one of the above roles if the pass through functional unit is supported.
- c0: if [P-FU(CM)] then o else n/a.
- c1: if [S-FU(ACT)] then o else n/a.
- c2: if [S-FU(HD)] then o else n/a.
- c3: if [P-CON_initiator] then m else n/a.
- c4: if [P-CON_responder] then m else n/a.
- c5: if [P-DATA_requestor] then m else n/a.
- c6: if [P-DATA_acceptor] then m else n/a.
- c7: if [P-ALTER-C_requestor] then m else n/a.
- c8: if [P-ALTER-C_acceptor] then m else n/a.
- c9: if [P-CON_initiator] then o else n/a.
- c10: if [P-CON_initiator and P-FU(CM)] then o else n/a.
- c11: if [P-CON_initiator and A.8.1/4a] then o else n/a.
- c12: if [P-CON_responder] then o else n/a.
- c13: if [P-CON_responder and P-FU(CM)] then o else n/a.
- c14: if [not P-CON_responder] then n/a else if [P-FU(CM)] then m else o.
- c15: if [P-CON_initiator and A.8.1/4a] then m else n/a.
- c16: if [P-CON_initiator and A.8.1/7a] then o else n/a.
- c17: if [P-CON_initiator and A.8.1/8a] then o else n/a.
- c18: if [P-CON_initiator and A.8.1/5a] then o else n/a.
- c19: if [P-ALTER-C_requestor] then o else n/a.
- c20: if [P-ALTER-C_acceptor] then o else n/a.
- c21: if [A.6/1a] then m else n/a.
- c22: if [A.6/2a] then m else n/a.
- c23: if [S-TDATA_requestor] then m else n/a.
- c24: if [S-TDATA_acceptor] then m else n/a.

c25: if [S-XDATA_requestor] then m else n/a.
 c26: if [S-XDATA_acceptor] then m else n/a.
 c27: if [S-CAP_requestor] then m else n/a.
 c28: if [S-CAP_acceptor] then m else n/a.
 c29: if [P-REL_requestor] then m else n/a.
 c30: if [P-REL_acceptor] then m else n/a.
 c31: if [S-FU(NR) or S-FU(HD) or S-FU(SY) or S-FU(MA) or S-FU(ACT)] then m else n/a.
 c32: if [S-FU(ACT)] then m else n/a.
 c33: if [S-MIN_requestor] then m else n/a.
 c34: if [S-MIN_acceptor] then m else n/a.
 c35: if [S-MAJ_requestor] then m else n/a.
 c36: if [S-MAJ_acceptor] then m else n/a.
 c37: if [S-FU(EXCEP)] then m else n/a.
 c38: if [S-ACTS_requestor] then m else n/a.
 c39: if [S-ACTS_acceptor] then m else n/a.
 c40: if [S-ACTR_requestor] then m else n/a.
 c41: if [S-ACTR_acceptor] then m else n/a.
 c42: if [S-ACTL_requestor] then m else n/a.
 c43: if [S-ACTL_acceptor] then m else n/a.
 c44: if [S-ACTD_requestor] then m else n/a.
 c45: if [S-ACTD_acceptor] then m else n/a.
 c46: if [S-ACTE_requestor] then m else n/a.
 c47: if [S-ACTE_acceptor] then m else n/a.
 c48: if [P-FU(CR)] then o else n/a.

SÉRIES DES RECOMMANDATIONS UIT-T

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- Série E Réseau téléphonique et RNIS
- Série F Services de télécommunication non téléphoniques
- Série G Systèmes et supports de transmission
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- Série K Protection contre les perturbations
- Série L Construction, installation et protection des câbles et autres éléments des installations extérieures
- Série M Maintenance: systèmes de transmission, de télégraphie, de télécopie, circuits téléphoniques et circuits loués internationaux
- Série N Maintenance: circuits internationaux de transmission radiophonique et télévisuelle
- Série O Spécifications des appareils de mesure
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