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SERIES X: DATA COMMUNICATION NETWORKS OPEN SYSTEMS INTERCONNECTION (OSI) PROTOCOL SPECIFICATIONS, CONFORMANCE TESTING

PRESENTATION PROTOCOL SPECIFICATION FOR OPEN SYSTEMS INTERCONNECTION FOR CCITT APPLICATIONS

Reedition of CCITT Recommendation X.226 published in the Blue Book, Fascicle VIII.5 (1988)

NOTES

1 CCITT Recommendation X.226 was published in Fascicle VIII.5 of the *Blue Book*. This file is an extract from the *Blue Book*. While the presentation and layout of the text might be slightly different from the *Blue Book* version, the contents of the file are identical to the *Blue Book* version and copyright conditions remain unchanged (see below).

2 In this Recommendation, the expression "Administration" is used for conciseness to indicate both a telecommunication administration and a recognized operating agency.

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PRESENTATION PROTOCOL SPECIFICATION FOR OPEN SYSTEMS INTERCONNECTION FOR CCITT APPLICATIONS¹⁾

(Melbourne, 1988)

The CCITT,

considering

(a) that Recommendation X.200 defines the Reference Model of Open System Interconnection for CCITT Applications;

(b) that Recommendation X.208 specifies Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1) for the specification of the Abstract Syntax of Protocols;

(c) that Recommendation X.209 specifies the Basic Encoding Rules for Abstract Syntax Notation One;

(d) that Recommendation X.210 defines the Open Syntax Interconnection (OSI) Layer Service Definition Conventions;

(e) that Recommendation X.215 defines the Session Service Definition for Open Systems Interconnection for CCITT Applications;

(f) that Recommendation X.216 defines the Presentation Service Definition for Open Systems Interconnection for CCITT Applications;

(g) that Recommendation X.410-1984 specifies the protocol for Remote Operation and Reliable Transfer Server for Message Handling Systems,

unanimously declares

that this Recommendation defines the Presentation Protocol of Open Systems Interconnection for CCITT Applications as given in the Scope and Field of Application.

CONTENTS

0 Introduction

- 1 Scope and field of application
- 2 References

3 Definitions

- 3.1 Reference Model definitions
- 3.2 Service convention definitions
- 3.3 Naming and Addressing definitions
- 3.4 Presentation Service definitions
- 3.5 Presentation protocol definitions

¹⁾ Recommendation X.226 and ISO 8823 [Information processing systems – Open Systems Intrconnection – Connection oriented presentation protocol specification] were developed in close collaboration and are technically aligned, except for the differences noted in Appendix I

- 4 Abbreviations
 - 4.1 Data Units
 - 4.2 Types of presentation-protocol-data-units
 - 4.3 Other abbreviations
- 5 *Overview of the presentation protocol*
 - 5.1 Service provided by the Presentation Layer
 - 5.2 Service assumed from the Session Layer
 - 5.3 Functions of the Presentation Layer
 - 5.4 Presentation functional units
 - 5.5 Model of the Presentation Layer
- 6 *Elements of procedure*
 - 6.1 User data parameters
 - 6.2 Connection establishment
 - 6.3 Normal release of connection
 - 6.4 Abnormal release of connection
 - 6.5 Context Alteration
 - 6.6 Information transfer
 - 6.7 Token handling
 - 6.8 Synchronization and resynchronization
 - 6.9 Exception reporting
 - 6.10 Activity management
- 7 Mapping of PPDUS onto the session-service
 - 7.1 Connection establishment
 - 7.2 Normal release of connection
 - 7.3 Abnormal release of connection
 - 7.4 Context Alteration
 - 7.5 Information Transfer
 - 7.6 Token Handling
 - 7.7 Synchronization
 - 7.8 Resynchronization
 - 7.9 Exception Reporting
 - 7.10 Activity Management
 - Structure and encoding of PPDUS
 - 8.1 General

8

- 8.2 Structure of SS-user data parameter values
- 8.3 Encoding of SS-user data parameter values
- 8.4 Encoding of values of type User-data
- 8.5 Rules of extensibility for normal mode

9 Conformance

- 9.1 Dynamic Conformance
- 9.2 Static Conformance
- 9.3 Protocol implementation conformance statement

Annex A - State tables

Appendix I – Differences between Recommendation X.226 and ISO International Standard 8823

0 Introduction

This Recommendation is one of a set of Recommendations produced to facilitate the interconnection of information processing systems. It is related to other Recommendations in the set as defined by the Reference Model for Open Systems Interconnection (Recommendation X.200). The Reference Model subdivides the area of standardization for interconnection into a series of layers of specification, each of manageable size.

This Recommendation specifies a common encoding and a number of functional units of presentation protocol procedures to be used to meet the needs of presentation-service-users. It is intended that the presentation protocol should be simple but general enough to cater for the total range of presentation-service-user needs without restricting future extensions.

The primary aim of this Recommendation is to provide a set of rules for communication expressed in terms of the procedures to be carried out by peer entities at the time of communication. These rules for communication are intended to provide a sound basis for development in order to serve a variety of purposes:

- a) as a guide for implementors and designers;
- b) for use in the testing and procurement of equipment;
- c) as part of an agreement for the admittance of systems into the open systems environment;
- d) as a refinement of the understanding of OSI.

It is expected that the initial users of this Recommendation will be designers and implementors of equipment and therefore it contains, in notes or in annexes, guidance on the implementation of its procedures.

It has not been possible as yet to prepare a product standard containing a set of objective tests for conformance to this Recommendation but it does contain a section on conformance of equipment claiming to implement the procedures it specifies. Attention is drawn to the fact that this Recommendation does not contain any test to demonstrate this conformance and cannot, therefore, be considered as a complete product standard.

The variations and options available within this Recommendation are essential to enable a presentation-service to be provided for a wide variety of applications. Thus, a minimally conforming implementation will not be suitable for use in all possible circumstances. It is necessary, therefore, to qualify all references to this Recommendation with statements of the options provided or required, or with statements of the intended purpose of provision or use.

1 Scope and field of application²⁾

- 1.1 This Recommendation specifies:
 - a) procedures for the transfer of data and control information from one presentation-entity to a peer presentation-entity;
 - b) the means of selecting, by means of functional units, the procedures to be used by the presentationentities;
 - c) the structure and encoding of the presentation-protocol-data-units used for the transfer of data and control information.

²⁾ The implementation and use of this Recommendation for Open Systems Interconnection requires the public assignment of values of ASN.1 type OBJECT IDENTIFIER to specifications of abstract syntaxes and transfer syntaxes. Public specification and naming of abstract syntaxes and transfer syntaxes can occur in ISO standards or CCITT Recommendations, or under the mechanisms identified in the Registration Authority procedures. A Registration Authority procedures specification is under development.

The procedures are defined in terms of:

- d) the interactions between peer presentation-entities through the exchange of presentation-protocol-dataunits;
- e) the interactions between a presentation-entity and the presentation-service-user in the same system through the exchange of presentation-service primitives;
- f) the interactions between a presentation-entity and the session-service-provider through the exchange of session-service primitives.

1.2 These procedures are defined in the main text of this Recommendation supplemented by state tables in annex A.

1.3 These procedures are applicable to instances of communication between systems which support the Presentation Layer of the OSI Reference Model and which wish to interconnect in an OSI environment.

1.4 This Recommendation also specifies conformance criteria for systems implementing these procedures. It does not contain tests which can be used to demonstrate this conformance.

2 References

Recommendation X.200	-	Reference Model of Open Systems Interconnection for CCITT Applications. (See also ISO 7498).
Recommendation X.210	_	OSI Layer Service Definition Conventions (see also ISO TR 8509).
ISO 7498-3	-	Information processing systems – Open Systems Interconnection – basic Reference Model – Part 3: Naming and Addressing ³⁾ .
Recommendation X.215	-	Session Service Definition for Open Systems Interconnection for CCITT Applications (see also ISO 8326 and ISO 8326 addendum 2).
Recommendation X.208	-	Specification of Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1) for CCITT Applications (see also ISO 8824).
Recommendation X.209	-	Specification of Basic Encoding Rules for Abstract Syntax Notation One. (See also ISO 8825).
Recommendation X.216	-	Presentation Service Definition for Open Systems Interconnection for CCITT Applications (see also ISO 8822).
Recommendation X.410-1984	-	1984 Message Handling Systems: Remote Operation and Reliable Transfer Server.

3 Definitions

3.1 *Reference Model definitions*

This Recommendation is based on the concepts developed in Recommendation X.200 and makes use of the following terms derived from it:

- a) presentation-connection;
- b) Presentation Layer;
- c) presentation-protocol-data-unit;
- d) presentation-service;
- e) presentation-service-access-point;
- f) presentation-service-data-unit;
- g) presentation-protocol-control-information;
- h) session-connection;
- i) Session Layer;
- j) session-service-acces-point;

³⁾ At present at the stage of draft.

- k) session-service-data-unit;
- l) session-service-provider;
- m) transfer syntax.

3.2 Service conventions definitions

This Recommendation makes use of the following terms defined in Recommendation X.210 as they apply in the Presentation Layer:

- a) service-user;
- b) service-provider;
- c) service primitive;
- d) request;
- e) indication;
- f) response;
- g) confirm;
- h) non-confirmed-service;
- i) confirmed-service;
- j) provider-initiated-service.

3.3 Naming and Addressing definitions

This Recommendation makes use of the following terms defined in ISO 7498-3:

- a) session-address;
- b) presentation-address;
- c) presentation-selector.

3.4 *Presentation Service definitions*

This Recommendation is also based on concepts developed in Recommendation X.216 and makes use of the following terms defined in that Recommendation:

- a) abstract syntax;
- b) abstract syntax name;
- c) transfer syntax name;
- d) presentation data value;
- e) presentation context;
- f) defined context set;
- g) inter-activity defined context set;
- h) default conext;
- i) functional unit;
- j) X.410-1984 mode;
- k) normal mode.

3.5 Presentation protocol definitions

For the purpose of this Recommendation, the following definitions apply:

3.5.1 local matter

A decision made by a system concerning its behaviour in the Presentation Layer that is not subject to the requirements of this Recommendation.

3.5.2 valid presentation-protocol-data-unit

A presentation-protocol-data-unit which complies with the requirements of this Recommendation for structure and encoding.

5

3.5.3 invalid presentation-protocol-data-unit

A presentation-protocol-data-unit which does not comply with the requirements of this Recommendation for structure and encoding.

3.5.4 **protocol error**

A situation occuring when a presentation-protocol-data-unit is used in a way which does not comply with the procedures defined in this Recommendation.

3.5.5 original activity identifier

An attribute of an activity in progress. If the activity was started by use of the P-ACTIVITY-START service, the Activity identifier parameter value of the request and indication service primitives; if the activity was resumed by use of the P-ACTIVITY-RESUME service the Old activity identifier parameter value of the request and indication service primitives.

3.5.6 self-delimiting

An attribute of a transfer syntax which indicates that the end of each value in that syntax can be determined by means provided by the syntax.

3.5.7 presentation context identifier

An identifier for a specific presentation context. The identifier is unique within a presentation-connection and known to both presentation protocol machines. The default context does not have a presentation context identifier associated with it.

3.5.8 syncpoint identifier

A synchronization point serial number if the session activity management functional unit has not been selected; or a pair of synchronization point serial number and original activity identifier of the activity in progress if the session activity management functional unit has been selected. The order of syncpoint identifiers is defined as the order of their synchronization point serial number components.

3.5.9 initiator

The presentation protocol machine that initiates the presentation-connection establishment.

3.5.10 responder

The presentation protocol machine that responds to a presentation-connection establishment proposal.

3.5.11 requestor

The presentation protocol machine that initiates a particular action.

3.5.12 acceptor

The presentation protocol machine that accepts a particular action.

4 Abbreviations

- 4.1 Data Units
 - PPDU presentation-protocol-data-unit
 - PSDU presentation-service-data-unit
 - SSDU session-service-data-unit
- 4.2 *Types of presentation-protocol-data-units*
 - AC PPDU Alter Context PPDU
 - ACA PPDU Alter Context Acknowledge PPDU
 - ARP PPDU Abnormal Release Provider PPDU
 - ARU PPDU Abnormal Release User PPDU
 - CP PPDU Connect Presentation PPDU

- CPA PPDU Connect Presentation Accept PPDU
- CPR PPDU Connect Presentation Reject PPDU
- RS PPDU Resynchronize PPDU
- RSA PPDU Resynchronize Acknowledge PPDU
- TC PPDU Capacility Data PPDU
- TCC PPDU Capability Data Acknowledge PPDU
- TD PPDU Presentation Data PPDU
- TE PPDU Expedited Data PPDU
- TTD PPDU Presentation typed Data PPDU

4.3 *Other abbreviations*

ASN.1	Abstract Syntax Notation One (see Recommendation X.208)
DCS	defined context set
PPCI	presentation-protocol-control-information
PPM	presentation protocol machine
PS	presentation-service
PSAP	presentation-service-access-point
PS-user	presentation-service-user
SS	session-service
SSAP	session-service-access-point

5 Overview of the presentation protocol

5.1 Service provided by the Presentation Layer

The protocol specified in this Recommendation supports the presentation-service defined in Recommendation X.216.

5.2 Service assumed from the Session Layer

The protocol specified in this Recommendation assumes the use of the session-service defined in Recommendation X.215.

5.3 Functions of the Presentation Layer

The functions of the Presentation Layer are described in the Reference Model, Recommendation X.200, and are further expanded in the Presentation Service Definition, Recommendation X.216.

5.4 *Presentation functional units*

Functional units are logical groupings of elements of procedure defined by this Recommendation for the purpose of:

- a) negotiation during presentation-connection establishment for subsequent use on the presentation-connection;
- b) specification of conformance requirements.

The selection of the presentation functional units does not constrain the selection of session functional units to be available to the PS-user. Selection of a particular session functional unit to be available to the PS-user implies the rules of interaction of that session functional unit with whatever presentation functional units are selected, as pecified by this Recommendation.

7

5.4.1 Kernel functional unit

This functional unit, which is always available, supports the basic protocol elements of procedure required to establish a presentation-connection, transfer data, and release the presentation-connection.

Note – This is the presentation kernel functional unit; it supports data transfer on whatever session functional units are selected for those presentation-service primitives which allow User data parameters.

5.4.2 Context management functional unit

This functional unit supports the context addition and deletion services. This functional unit is optional, and its use is negotiable.

5.4.3 Context restoration functional unit

This functional unit adds further Presentation Layer functions when the session activity management functional unit is selected or when both the session synchronization (major or minor) and the session resynchronization functional units are selected. The context restoration functional unit is optional, and its use is negotiable; it is available only when the context management functional is selected.

5.5 Model of the Presentation Layer

The presentation protocol machine (PPM), see the note, within the presentation-entity communicates with the PS-user through a PSAP by means of presentation-service primitives as defined by the Presentation Service Definition (Recommendation X.216). Presentation-service primitives will cause or be the result of presentation-protocol-data-unit (PPDU) exchanges between the peer PPMs using a session-connection. These protocol exchanges are effected using the services of the Session Layer as defined by the Session Service Definition (Recommendation X.215). In some cases, presentation-service primitives will directly cause or be the result of session-service primitives.

Presentation-connection-endpoints are identified in end systems by an internal, implementation dependent, mechanism so that the PS-user and the presentation-entity can refer to each presentation-connection.

The reception of a service primitive and the generation of dependent actions are considered to be an indivisible action. The reception of a PPDU and the generation of dependent actions are considered to be an indivisible action.

The model of the Presentation Layer for a single presentation-connection is illustrated in Figure 1/X.226.

Note – A presentation entity is comprised of one or more PPMs.



FIGURE 1/X.226

Modèle de la Couche Présentation

6 Elements of procedure

For the purpose of description, this specification of elements of procedure employs an integrated treatment of PPDU parameters and session-service primitive parameters. This section does not identity a parameter as either a PPDU parameter or a session-service primitive parameter. Such a distinction is specified in § 7. For further information on the use of parameters, refer to the Presentation Service Definition (Recommendation X.216).

6.1 User data parameters

Most of the PPDUs used in the procedures of the presentation protocol carry User data parameters containing one or more presentation data values. The remainder of the section gives the rules for determining the presentation contexts from which these presentation data values (including any embedded presentation data values) shall be taken.

Note – If the underlying session-service-provider imposes a restriction on the length of certain SS-user data parameters, the PPM shall reject any presentation-service request or response primitive (with the exception of a P-U-ABORT request primitive, see § 6.4.2.2) carrying a User data parameter which does not fit into the SS-user data parameter of the corresponding session-service primitive. The way in which the PPM is made aware of this is a local matter.

6.1.1 The presentation data values (including any embedded presentation data values) which may be transferred in the User data parameter of the TE PPDU shall always be from the default context.

6.1.2 The presentation data values (including any embedded presentation data values) in User data parameters except for the TE PPDU shall be from presentation contexts determined by the following rules:

- a) If the DCS is empty and (d) does not apply, then each presentation data value (including any embedded presentation data values) shall be from the default context.
- b) If the DCS is not empty and no procedure is in progress which can amend the contents of the DCS, then each presentation data value (including any embedded presentation data values) shall be from a presentation context of the DCS.
- c) If the element of procedure itself amends the DCS, then each presentation data value (including any embedded presentation data values) shall be from a presentation context of the DCS which results from this amendment, or from the default context if this amendment leaves the DCS empty.
- d) If a PPM is awaiting a PPDU which will confirm a proposed amendment to the DCS, then each presentation data value (including any embedded presentation data values) shall be from a presentation context of the DCS which was not proposed for deletion from the DCS. If this leaves no presentation contexts available, then the User data parameter shall not be present.

6.2 *Connection establishment*

6.2.1 *Purpose*

The connection establishment procedure is used to establish a presentation-connection between two presentation-entities. It is used by a PPM which has received a P-CONNECT request service primitive.

The procedure uses the following PPDUs:

- a) CP PPDU;
- b) CPA PPDU;
- c) CPR PPDU.
- 6.2.2 CP PPDU associated parameters
- 6.2.2.1 *Mode selector*

This shall be the Mode parameter from the P-CONNECT request service primitive and shall identify the mode of operation of the PPM for this presentation-connection. It shall appear as the Mode parameter of the P-CONNECT indication service primitive, if issued.

6.2.2.2 Protocol version

This shall identify each version of the presentation protocol that the initiating PPM supports. The version of the protocol defined in this Recommendation shall be version-1.

See also § 6.2.6.4.

6.2.2.3 Calling-presentation-selector

This shall be the presentation-selector part of the Calling-presentation-address parameter from the P-CONNECT request service primitive and shall appear as the calling-presentation-selector part of the Calling-presentation-address parameter of the P-CONNECT indication service primitive, if issued.

9

6.2.2.4 Calling-session-address

This shall be the session-address part of the Calling-presentation-address parameter from the P-CONNECT request service primitive and shall appear as the session-address part of the Calling-presentation-address parameter of the P-CONNECT indication service primitive, if issued.

6.2.2.5 Called-presentation-selector

This shall be the presentation-selector part of the Called-presentation-address parameter from the P-CONNECT request service primitive and shall appear as the called-presentation-selector part of the Called-presentation-address parameter of the P-CONNECT indication service primitive, if issued.

6.2.2.6 Called-session-address

This shall be the session-address part of the Called-presentation-address parameter from the P-CONNECT request service primitive and shall appear as the session-address part of the Called-presentation-address parameter of the P-CONNECT indication service primitive, if issued.

6.2.2.7 Presentation context definition list

This shall be a list containing one or more items. Each item represents one item of the Presentation context definition list parameter from the P-CONNECT request service primitive and shall appear as one item of the Presentation context definition list parameter of the P-CONNECT indication service primitive, if issued. Each item contains three components: a presentation context identifier, an abstract syntax name and a transfer syntax list.

The transfer syntax list contains the names of those transfer syntaxes (or the names of specifications producing such transfer syntaxes) that the initiating PPM is capable of supporting for the named abstract syntax on the presentation-connection (at least one transfer syntax name for each proposed presentation context).

All presentation context identifiers contained in this parameter shall be different and shall be odd integers.

Note – The presentation context identifiers are specified here to be odd integers so that they are chosen from a separate number space from those identifiers allocated by the responding PPM (see also § 6.5).

See also § 6.2.6.1.

6.2.2.8 Default context name

This shall be the Default context name parameter from the P-CONNECT request service primitive and shall appear as the Default context name parameter of the P-CONNECT indication service primitive, if issued. It contains two components: an abstract syntax name and a transfer syntax name (or the name of a specification producing such a transfer syntax). The transfer syntax name component identifies the transfer syntax required by the initiating PPM for the default context to be used on the presentation-connection.

See also § 6.2.6.2.

6.2.2.9 *Quality of service*

This shall be the Quality of service parameter from the P-CONNECT request service primitive and shall appear as the Quality of service parameter of the P-CONNECT indication service primitive, if issued.

6.2.2.10 Presentation requirements

This shall be the Presentation requirements parameter from the P-CONNECT request service primitive and shall identify the presentation functional units proposed by the initiating PS-user in the P-CONNECT request service primitive. It shall appear as the Presentation requirements parameter of the P-CONNECT indication service primitive, if issued, unless the responding PPM does not support all of them, in which case only those functional units supported by the responding PPM shall appear.

See also § 6.2.6.3.

6.2.2.11 User session requirements

This shall be the Session requirements parameter from the P-CONNECT request service primitive and shall identify the requirements to the underlying session-service proposed by the PS-user. It shall appear as the Session requirements parameter of the P-CONNECT indication service primitive, if issued.

6.2.2.12 Revised session requirements

This shall be the Session requirements parameter from the P-CONNECT request service primitive, supplemented by such additional requirements as are needed to support the presentation protocol.

6.2.2.13 Initial synchronization point serial number

This shall be the Initial synchronization point serial number parameter from the P-CONNECT request service primitive, and shall appear as the Initial synchronization point serial number parameter of the P-CONNECT indication service primitive, if issued.

6.2.2.14 Initial assignment of tokens

This shall be the Initial assignment of tokens parameter from the P-CONNECT request service primitive, and shall appear as the Initial assignment of tokens parameter of the P-CONNECT indication service primitive, if issued.

6.2.2.15 Session connection identifier

This shall be the Session connection identifier parameter from the P-CONNECT request service primitive, and shall appear as the Session connection identifier parameter of the P-CONNECT indication service primitive, if issued.

6.2.2.16 User data

This shall represent the User data parameter from the P-CONNECT request service primitive, and shall appear as the User data parameter of the P-CONNECT indication service primitive, if issued. If the Presentation context definition list parameter is not present, then it shall be a list of presentation data values (including any embedded presentation data values) from the default context. Otherwise it shall be a list of presentation data values (including any embedded presentation data values) from presentation contexts proposed in the Presentation context definition list parameter.

6.2.3 CPA PPDU associated parameters

An instance of a CPA PPDU need not contain values for all possible parameters; in addition to the Responding-presentation-selector and Responding-session-address parameters, it should only contain values for equivalent parameter value present in the CP PPDU for which it is a reply.

6.2.3.1 Mode selector

This shall be the Mode selector parameter from the CP PPDU.

6.2.3.2 Protocol version

This shall identify the version of the presentation protocol selected for use on this presentation-connection. The version of the protocol defined in this Recommendation shall be version-1.

6.2.3.3 Responding-presentation-selector

This shall be the presentation-selection part of the Responding-presentation-address parameter from the P-CONNECT response service primitive and shall appear as the responding-presentation-selector part of the Responding-presentation-address parameter of the P-CONNECT confirm service primitive.

6.2.3.4 Responding-session-address

This shall be the session-address part of the Responding-presentation-address parameter from the P-CONNECT response service primitive and shall appear as the session-address part of the Responding-presentation-address parameter of the P-CONNECT confirm service primitive.

See also § 6.2.6.4.

6.2.3.5 Presentation context definition result list

This shall represent the Presentation context definition result list parameter of the P-CONNECT response service primitive and shall appear as the Presentation context definition result list parameter of the P-CONNECT confirm service primitive. It consists of a list containing the same number of items as the Presentation context definition list parameter of the CP PPDU. Each item shall be a reply to the corresponding item in the CP PPDU and contains one or two components, a presentation context definition result and an optional component which is either a transfer syntax name (or the name of a specification producing such a transfer syntax) or a provider reason.

The presentation context definition result shall take one of the values:

- "acceptance";
- "user-rejection";
- "provider rejection".

The transfer syntax name shall be present if the presentation context definition result takes the value "acceptance". It shall be one of the names proposed by the initiating PPM as possible transfer syntaxes for the identified presentation context, and shall determine the transfer syntax which the responding PPM has selected.

The provider reason shall be present if the presentation context definition result component takes the value "provider-rejection". It specifies the reason for rejection of the presentation context definition by the responding PPM and shall take one of the values:

- reason not specified;
- abstract syntax requirements not supported;
- proposed transfer syntaxes not supported;
- local limit on DCS exceeded.

See also § 6.2.6.1.

6.2.3.6 *Quality of service*

This shall be the Quality of service parameter from the P-CONNECT response service primitive and shall appear as the Quality of service parameter of the P-CONNECT confirm service primitive.

6.2.3.7 Presentation requirements

This shall be the Presentation requirements parameter from the P-CONNECT response service primitive. It shall appear as the Presentation requirements parameter of the P-CONNECT confirm service primitive.

See also § 6.2.3.6.

6.2.3.8 User session requirements

This shall be the Session requirements parameter from the P-CONNECT response service primitive and shall appear as the Session requirements parameter of the P-CONNECT confirm service primitive.

6.2.3.9 Revised session requirements

This shall be the Session requirements parameter from the P-CONNECT response service primitive, supplemented by such additional requirements as are needed to support the presentation protocol.

6.2.3.10 Initial synchronization point serial number

This shall be the initial synchronization point serial number parameter from the P-CONNECT response service primitive, and shall appear as the Initial synchronization point serial number parameter of the P-CONNECT confirm service primitive.

6.2.3.11 Initial assignment of Tokens

This shall be the Initial assignment of tokens parameter from the P-CONNECT response service primitive, and shall appear as the Initial assignment of tokens parameter of the P-CONNECT confirm service primitive.

6.2.3.12 Session Connection Identifier

This shall be the Session connection identifier parameter from the P-CONNECT response service primitive, and shall appear as the Session connection identifier parameter of the P-CONNECT confirm service primitive.

6.2.3.13 User data

This shall be the User data parameter from the P-CONNECT response service primitive, and shall appear as the User data parameter of the P-CONNECT confirm service primitive. The rules of § 6.1.2 shall apply.

6.2.4 CPR PPDU associated parameters

An instance of a CPR PPDU need not contain values for all possible parameters; in addition to presentation-selector parameters it should only contain values for corresponding parameter values present in the CP PPDU for which it is a reply.

6.2.4.1 Protocol version

This shall identify each version of the presentation protocol that the responding PPM supports. The version of the protocol defined in this Recommendation shall be version-1.

See also § 6.2.6.4.

6.2.4.2 *Responding-presentation-selector*

This shall be the presentation-selector part of the Responding-presentation-address parameter from the P-CONNECT response service primitive and shall appear as the responding-presentation-selector part of the Responding-presentation-address parameter of the P-CONNECT confirm service primitive.

6.2.4.3 Responding-session-address

This shall be the session-address part of the Responding-presentation-address parameter from the P-CONNECT response service primitive and shall appear as the session-address part of the Responding-presentation-address parameter of the P-CONNECT confirm service primitive.

6.2.4.4 Presentation context definition result list

This shall be the Presentation context definition result list parameter of the P-CONNECT response service primitive and shall appear as the Presentation context definition result list parameter of the P-CONNECT confirm service primitive. It consists of a list containing the same number of items as the Presentation context definition list parameter of the CP PPDU. Each item shall be a reply to the corresponding item in the CP PPDU and contains one or two components, a presentation context definition result and an optional component which is either a transfer syntax name (or the name of a specification producing such a transfer syntax) or a provider reason.

See also § 6.2.6.1.

The presentation context definition result shall take one of the values:

- "acceptance";
- "user-rejection";
- "provider-rejection".

The transfer syntax name shall be present if the presentation context definition result takes the value "acceptance". It shall be one of the names proposed by the initiating PPM as possible transfer syntaxes for the identified presentation context, and shall determine the transfer syntax which the responding PPM has selected.

The provider reason shall be present if the presentation context definition result takes the value "provider-rejection". It specifies the reason for rejection of the presentation context definition by the responding PPM and shall take one of the values:

- reason not specified;
- abstract syntaxt requirements not supported;
- proposed transfer syntaxes not supported;
- local limit on DCS exceeded.

6.2.4.5 Default context result

This shall be the Default context result parameter of the P-CONNECT response service primitive and shall appear as the Default context result parameter of the P-CONNECT confirm service primitive. It may take the value "acceptance", "provider-rejection" or "user-rejection".

See also § 6.2.6.2.

6.2.4.6 Quality of service

This shall be the Quality of service parameter from the P-CONNECT response service primitive, or if the CPR PPDU is initiated by the responding PPM on receipt of a CP PPDU it shall be supplied by the responding PPM. In either case it shall appear as the Quality of service parameter of the P-CONNECT confirm service primitive. It shall identify a quality of service required by the responding PS-user or presentation-service-provider.

6.2.4.7 Session requirements

This shall be the Session requirements parameter from the P-CONNECT response service primitive, or if the CPR PPDU is initiated by the responding PPM on receipt of a CP PPDU it shall be supplied by the responding PPM. In

either case it shall appear as the Session requirements parameter of the P-CONNECT confirm service primitive. It shall identify those session functional units required by the responding PS-user or presentation-service-provider.

Note – If the presentation-connection establishment proposal is rejected by the PS-user, this parameter shall represent the session requirements of the PS-user as indicated in the response primitive; there is no Revised session requirements parameter in this PPDU.

6.2.4.8 Session connection identifier

This shall be the Session connection identifier parameter from the P-CONNECT response service primitive, and shall appear as the Session connection identifier parameter of the P-CONNECT confirm service primitive.

6.2.4.9 Provider reason

If present, this shall indicate that the rejection is by the responding presentation-service-provider; if absent, this shall indicate that the rejection is by the responding PS-user. This parameter shall indicate the reason for the rejection of the presentation-connection establishment proposal and shall appear as the Provider reason parameter of the P-CONNECT confirm service primitive. It shall take one of the following values:

- reason not specified (transient);
- temporary congestion (transient);
- local limit exceeded (permanent);
- called-presentation-address unknown (permanent);
- protocol version not supported (permanent);
- default context not supported (permanent);
- user data not readable (permanent);
- no PSAP available from the set of PSAPs identified by the called-presentation-address (transient).

6.2.4.10 User data

This shall be the User data parameter from the P-CONNECT response service primitive, and shall appear as the User data parameter of the P-CONNECT confirm service primitive. This parameter shall contain encodings of presentation data values (including any embedded presentation data values) from transfer syntaxes contained in the Presentation context definition result list parameter of this CPR PPDU, if present, or otherwise according to the default context. It is not present if the presentation-connection establishment proposal is rejected by the presentation-service-provider.

6.2.5 *Procedure*

6.2.5.1 When a P-CONNECT request service primitive is received by a PPM (the initiator), it shall initiate the establishment of a presentation-connection by sending a CP PPDU containing the presentation data values and proposed parameters necessary for the operation of the presentation-connection (see § 6.2.2).

6.2.5.2 As an initiator's option, the presentation data values contained in a CP PPDU may be encoded more than once to allow the transfer of the same presentation data values using a number of different transfer syntaxes.

6.2.5.3 The responding PPM is not required to examine more than one encoding for each presentation data value received. If, for any presentation data value received, all its examined encodings are expressed according to transfer syntaxes not supported by the responding PPM, then the responding PPM shall refuse the proposed presentation-connection by sending a CPR PPDU with a Provider reason parameter value of "user data not readable".

6.2.5.4 If the initiating PPM is unable to establish a presentation-connection due to an inability to establish a session-connection, it shall issue a P-CONNECT confirm service primitive with a Result parameter value of a "provider-rejection" and the presentation-connection shall not be established.

6.2.5.5 The responding PPM may refuse the proposed presentation-connection (if, for example, the parameter values of the CP PPDU are unacceptable; see also § 6.2.6), in which case it shall send a CPR PPDU with a Provider reason parameter included (see § 6.2.4). Alternatively, if not refusing, it shall issue a P-CONNECT indication service primitive.

6.2.5.6 If the responding PPM then receives a P-CONNECT response service primitive with a Result parameter value of "user-rejection", it shall send a CPR PPDU (see § 6.2.4), but if it receives a P-CONNECT response service primitive with a Result parameter value of "acceptance", it shall send a CPA PPDU (see § 6.2.3).

6.2.5.7 If the initiating PPM receives CPR PPDU refusing the presentation-connection, then it shall issue a P-CONNECT confirm service primitive with a Result parameter value of "user-rejection" (if the Provider reason

parameter is not present) or "provider-rejection" (if the Provider reason parameter is present), and the presentationconnection shall not be established.

6.2.5.8 If the initiating PPM receives a CPA PPDU accepting the presentation-connection, then it shall issue a P-CONNECT confirm service primitive with a Result parameter value of "acceptance", and the presentation-connection shall be established.

6.2.5.9 If the presentation-connection is established, the DCS of each PPM is set according to the parameters of the CPA PPDU.

6.2.6 Negotiation

6.2.6.1 Presentation context negotiation

The DCS determined during presentation-connection establishment is negotiated between the peer PPMs and the PS-users.

The initiating PPM provides for each abstract syntax requested by its PS-user a list of transfer syntaxes it is capable of supporting for the presentation-connection. The responding PPM indicates in the P-CONNECT indication service primitive to its PS-user those abstract syntaxes it cannot support using one of the proposed transfer syntaxes, marking them as refused ("provider-rejection"). The responding PS-user indicates those abstract syntaxes it accepts or refuses in the P-CONNECT response service primitive. The responding PPM selects one item of the transfer syntax list as the transfer syntax to be used on the presentation-connection for each accepted presentation context.

A presentation context is identified by a presentation context identifier provided by the initiating PPM.

6.2.6.2 Default context negotiation

If the Default context name parameter is not present in the P-CONNECT request service primitive, then the interpretation of presentation data values from the default context is specified in a manner which is outside the scope of this Recommendation.

If the Default context name parameter is present and the responding PPM does not support the named default context, it shall send a CPR PPDU with a Provider reason parameter value of "default context not supported" and a Default context result parameter of value "provider-rejection".

If the responding PPM supports the named default context but receives a P-CONNECT response service primitive with a Default context result parameter value of "user-rejection", then it shall send a CPR PPDU with a Default context result parameter of "user-rejection".

6.2.6.3 Functional units negotiation

Presentation functional units are negotiated between the two PS-users. The presentation functional units selected for the presentation-connection are those which are required by both PS-users and are supported by both PPMs. The negotiation of session functional units is subject to the rules of the Session Service Definition (Recommendation X.215).

6.2.6.4 Protocol version negotiation

Presentation protocol version is negotiated between the two PPMs.

In the CP PPDU, the initiating PPM provides a list of versions that it is capable of supporting. In the CPA PPDU, the responding PPM indicates the version of the presentation protocol used on the presentation-connection; this shall be one of the versions proposed by the initiating PPM. In the CPR PPDU, the responding PPM may indicate a list of versions that it is capable of supporting; the use of this list is a local matter.

6.2.7 *Collisions and interactions*

6.2.7.1 *P-U-ABORT*

If the initiating PPM receives a P-U-ABORT request service primitive after it has sent a CP PPDU but before it has issued a P-CONNECT confirm service primitive, it shall send an ARU PPDU and the presentation-connection shall not be established.

6.7.7.2 ARU PPDU, ARP PPDU and S-P-ABORT

If the initiating PPM receives an S-P-ABORT indication service primitive or an ARP PPDU, it shall issue a P-P-ABORT indication service primitive and the presentation-connection shall not be established.

If the initiating PPM receives an ARU PPDU, it shall issue a P-U-ABORT indication service primitive and the presentation-connection shall not be established.

The responding PPM shall react to ARU PPDUs, ARP PPDUs and S-P-ABORT indication service primitives as above, once it has issued a P-CONNECT indication service primitive.

6.3 Normal release of connection

6.3.1 *Purpose*

The procedure for the normal release of a presentation-connection is used by a PPM to release the presentation-connection without loss of data in transit.

6.3.2 *Procedure*

6.3.2.1 Normal release of the presentation-connection takes place concurrently with the release of the underlying session-connection. PPDUs are not explicitly defined, but implicitly given by the description of mapping in Section 7.

6.3.2.2 The SS-user data parameters of session-service primitives used shall represent or be represented by the User data parameters of the associated presentation-service primitives and shall be from presentation contexts as specified in § 6.1.2.

6.4 Abnormal release of connection

6.4.1 *Purpose*

The procedure for the abnormal release of a presentation-connection is used at any time to force the release of the presentation-connection. It is invoked by the P-U-ABORT service or in response to a protocol error or the reception of an invalid PPDU.

The procedure uses the following PPDUs:

- a) ARU PPDU;
- b) ARP PPDU.
- 6.4.2 ARU PPDU associated parameters

6.4.2.1 Presentation context identifier list

This parameter shall be present if the User data parameter is present in the ARU PPDU and if the context management functional unit has been selected, or if the Presentation context definition list parameter was present in the CP PPDU. For each presentation context used in the ARU PPDU User data parameter, this parameter identifies the transfer syntax used.

It consists of a list, each item of which contains two components, a presentation context identifier and an associated transfer syntax name (or the name of a specification producing such a transfer syntax).

Note – If the DCS is empty, this parameter shall be empty.

6.4.2.2 User-data

This parameter shall represent the User data parameter from the P-U-ABORT request service primitive and shall be represented by the User data parameter of the P-U-ABORT indication service primitive. The parameter shall be from presentation contexts as defined in § 6.1.2.

Note – If the length restrictions imposed by the underlying session-service prevent the inclusion of the presentation data values of the User data parameter in the SS-user data parameter of the S-U-ABORT request session-service primitive, the User data parameter will not be included in the ARU PPDU sent. The way in which the PPM is made aware of this is a local matter.

6.4.3 *ARP PPDU associated parameters*

6.4.3.1 Provider Reason

This parameter shall indicate one of the following reasons:

- a) reason not specified;
- b) unrecognized PPDU;
- c) unexpected PPDU;

- d) unexpected session-service primitive;
- e) unrecognized PPDU parameter;
- f) unexpected PPDU parameter;
- g) invalid PPDU parameter value.

In cases c), d), e), f) and g), the Event identifier parameter shall also be present.

6.4.3.2 Event identifier

This parameter shall identify the PPDU or the session-service primitive which triggered the abort procedure.

6.4.4 *Procedure*

The procedure shall depend on the stimulus as follows:

6.4.4.1 *P-U-ABORT*

When a PPM receives a P-U-ABORT request service primitive and either:

- a) a presentation-connection has been established; or
- b) a CP PPDU has been sent, and neither a CPA PPDU nor a CPR PPDU has been received,

it shall send an ARU PPDU and the presentation-connection shall be released.

6.4.4.2 Protocol error

When a PPM receives an unrecognized or unexpected PPDU, or an unexpected session-service primitive, it shall issue a P-P-ABORT indication service primitive and, if possible, send an ARP PPDU. The presentation-connection shall be released.

6.4.4.3 Invalid PPDU

When a PPM receives a PPDU, containing an invalid PPDU parameter value or an unrecognized or unexpected PPDU parameter, including a PPDU with an unexpected presentation context identifier, or one for which the received bitstring does not represent a valid presentation data value (including any embedded presentation data value) in the corresponding abstract syntax, it shall issue a P-P-ABORT indication service primitive and send an ARP PPDU, if possible. The presentation-connection shall be released.

6.4.4.4 S-P-ABORT

When a PPM receives an S-P-ABORT indication session-service primitive, it shall issue a P-P-ABORT indication service primitive and the presentation-connection shall be released.

6.4.4.5 *ARU PPDU*

When a PPM receives an ARU PPDU it shall issue a P-U-ABORT indication service primitive and the presentation-connection shall be released.

6.4.4.6 *ARP PPDU*

When a PPM receives an ARP PPDU, it shall issue a P-P-ABORT indication service primitive and the presentation-connection shall be released.

Note – When the abnormal release procedure is applied during an attempt to establish a presentation-connection, the presentation-connection shall not be established.

6.4.5 *Collisions and Interactions*

The abnormal release procedure may be used at any time when a presentation-connection has been established or during presentation-connection establishment.

6.5 *Context Alteration*

6.5.1 Purpose

The context alteration procedure is used to modify the DCS. It negotiates the definition of one or more new presentation contexts to be added to the DCS, and also the deletion of presentation contexts which are members of the DCS. It is used by a requesting entity which has received a P-ALTER-CONTEXT request service primitive.

The procedure uses the following PPDUs:

- a) AC PPDU,
- b) ACA PPDU.
- 6.5.2 AC PPDU associated parameters

6.5.2.1 Presentation context addition list

This consists of a list containing one or more items. Each item represents one item of the Presentation context addition list parameter from the P-ALTER-CONTEXT request service primitive and shall be represented by one item of the Presentation context addition list parameter of the P-ALTER-CONTEXT indication service primitive. Each item contains three components, a presentation context identifier, an abstract syntax name, and a transfer syntax list. The transfer syntax list contains those transfer syntax names (or the names of specifications producing such transfer syntaxes) the requesting PPM is capable of supporting for the named abstract syntax. All presentation context identifiers contained in this parameter shall be different from the presentation context identifiers of all presentation contexts in the DCS or previously used in any PPDU on the presentation-connection. If the sending PPM is the initiator, all presentation context identifiers shall be odd integers, otherwise all shall be even integers.

6.5.2.2 Presentation context deletion list

This shall be the Presentation context deletion list parameter from the P-ALTER-CONTEXT request service primitive and shall appear as the Presentation context deletion list parameter of the P-ALTER-CONTEXT indication service primitive.

6.5.2.3 User data

This parameter shall represent the User data parameter of the P-ALTER-CONTEXT request service primitive and shall be represented by the User data parameter of the P-ALTER-CONTEXT indiction service primitive. This parameter shall be from presentation contexts as specified in § 6.1.2.

6.5.3 ACA PPDU associated parameters

6.5.3.1 Presentation context addition result list

This shall represent the Presentation context addition result list parameter of the P-ALTER-CONTEXT response service primitive and shall be represented by the Presentation context addition result list parameter of the P-ALTER-CONTEXT confirm service primitive. It consists of a list containing the same number of items as the Presentation context addition list parameter of the AC PPDU. Each item shall be a reply to the corresponding item in the AC PPDU and contains one or two components, a presentation context addition result and an optional component which is either a transfer syntax name (or the name of a specification producing such a transfer syntax) or a provider reason.

The presentation context addition result shall take one of the values:

- "acceptance";
- "user-rejection";
- "provider-rejection".

The transfer syntax name shall be present if the presentation context addition result takes the value "acceptance". It shall be one of the names proposed by the requesting PPM as possible transfer syntaxes for the identified presentation context, and shall determine the transfer syntax which the accepting PPM has selected.

The provider reason shall be present if the presentation context addition result takes the value "provider-rejection". It specifies the reason for rejection of the presentation context addition by the accepting PPM and shall take one of the values:

- reason not specified;
- abstract syntax not supported;
- proposed transfer syntaxes not supported;
- local limit on DCS exceeded.

6.5.3.2 Presentation context deletion result list

This shall be the Presentation context deletion result list parameter of the P-ALTER-CONTEXT response service primitive and shall appear as the Presentation context deletion result list parameter of the P-ALTER-CONTEXT confirm service primitive. It consists of a list containing the same number of items as the Presentation context deletion

list parameter of the AC PPDU. Each item shall refer to the corresponding item in the AC PPDU and shall take one of the values:

- "acceptance";
- "user-rejection".

6.5.3.3 User data

This parameter shall represent the User data parameter of the P-ALTER-CONTEXT response service primitive and shall be represented by the user data parameter of the P-ALTER-CONTEXT confirm service primitive. This parameter shall be from presentation contexts as specified in § 6.1.2.

6.5.4 *Procedure*

6.5.4.1 When a P-ALTER-CONTEXT request service primitive is received by a PPM (the requestor), it shall send an AC PPDU.

Note – Those presentation contexts proposed for deletion are still available for presentation data values in the User data parameter of the AC PPDU.

6.5.4.2 When an AC PPDU is received by a PPM (the acceptor). It may itself refuse some or all of the proposed presentation context additions. It shall issue a P-ALTER-CONTEXT indication service primitive in which it shall mark refused addition proposals with the value "provider-rejection".

6.5.4.3 When a P-ALTER-CONTEXT response service primitive is received by the accepting PPM, it shall send an ACA PPDU indicating the acceptance or rejection of each proposed presentation context addition and of each proposed presentation context deletion.

6.5.4.4 When a P-ALTER-CONTEXT response service primitive is received by the accepting PPM, the presentation contexts proposed for addition and marked with "acceptance" shall be added to the DCS and be available for use from the time of receipt of the response, and may also be used for presentation data values contained in the User data parameter of the ACA PPDU. The presentation contexts proposed for deletion and marked with "acceptance" shall be deleted from the DCS and no longer available for use from the time of receipt of the response, and shall not be used for presentation data values contained in the User data parameter of the ACA PPDU.

6.5.4.5 When an ACA PPDU is received by the requesting PPM, it shall issue a P-ALTER-CONTEXT confirm service primitive.

6.5.4.6 When an ACA PPDU is received by the requesting PPM, the presentation contexts accepted in the ACA PPDU shall be added to the DCS and be available for use from the time of receipt of the ACA PPDU, and shall be accepted for presentation data values contained in the User data parameter of the ACA PPDU itself. The presentation contexts accepted for deletion in the ACA PPDU shall be deleted from the DCS and no longer be available for use from the time of receipt of the ACA PPDU.

6.5.5 *Collisions and interactions*

6.5.5.1 *AC PPDU*

Simultaneous P-ALTER-CONTEXT request service primitives by both PS-users shall be treated independently by the PPMs. Independent treatment of the simultaneous deletion requests applies even if the two PS-users have specified the same presentation context for removal from the DCS.

As a result of the independent treatment of the two requests, and the freedom of each PS-user to either accept or reject a proposal for presentation context deletion by the peer PS-user, a PPM must be prepared for the following cases, which shall not be treated as errors:

- a) Receipt of a P-ALTER-CONTEXT response service primitive specifying deletion of a presentation context which is not a member of the DCS, but responding to a P-ALTER-CONTEXT indication service primitive; in this case, the PPM shall send an ACA PPDU using the value of the Presentation context deletion result list parameter of the P-ALTER-CONTEXT response service primitive;
- b) Receipt of an ACA PPDU specifying deletion of a presentation context which is not a member of the DCS, but responding to an AC PPDU; in this case, the PPM shall issue a P-ALTER-CONTEXT confirm service primitive with the corresponding Presentation context deletion result list parameter value.

6.5.5.2 P-U-ABORT, ARU PPDU, ARP PPDU and S-P-ABORT

See § 6.4.

6.5.5.3 Destructive session services

If the sender of an AC PPDU receives an RS PPDU, or an S-U-EXCEPTION-REPORT, S-P-EXCEPTION-REPORT, S-ACTIVITY-DISCARD or S-ACTIVITY-INTERRUPT indication service primitive before it has received an ACA PPDU, it shall not issue a P-ALTER-CONTEXT confirm service primitive, and the PPM shall continue with the procedure as specified for the disrupting service or RS PPDU.

6.6 Information transfer

6.6.1 *Purpose*

The information transfer procedure is used to convey presentation data values (including any embedded presentation data values) originating from P-DATA, P-TYPED-DATA, P-CAPABILITY-DATA and P-EXPEDITED-DATA request service primitives, and P-CAPABILITY-DATA response service primitives.

The procedure uses the following PPDUs:

- a) TD PPDU;
- b) TTD PPDU;
- c) TE PPDU;
- d) TC PPDU;
- e) TCC PPDU.

6.6.2 *PPDU associated parameters*

Each of the PPDUs used by this procedure has a single parameter.

6.6.2.1 User data

This parameter shall represent the User data parameter from the corresponding request or response service primitive and shall appear as the User data parameter of the corresponding indication or confirm service primitive, as appropriate. For the TE PPDU, the parameter contains presentation data values from the default context. For the TD, TCD, TC and TCC PPDUs, the parameter contains presentation data values (including any embedded presentation data values) from presentation contexts specified in § 6.1.2.

6.6.3 *Procedure*

6.6.3.1 When a P-DATA request service primitive is received by a PPM, it shall send a TD PPDU to transmit according to the agreed transfer syntaxes the presentation data values (including any embedded presentation data values) expressed in the P-DATA request service primitive. When a PPM receives a TD PPDU, it shall issue a P-DATA indication service primitive containing these presentation data values (including any embedded presentation data values).

6.6.3.2 When a P-TYPED-DATA request service primitive is received by a PPM, it shall send a TTD PPDU to transmit according to the agreed transfer syntaxes the presentation data values (including any embedded presentation data values) expressed in the P-TYPED-DATA request service primitive. When a PPM receives a TTD PPDU, it shall issue a P-TYPED-DATA indication service primitive containing these presentation data values (including any embedded presentation data values).

The TTD PPDU shall only be available if the session typed data functional unit has been proposed and selected in the User session requirements parameters of both the CP and CPA PPDUs.

6.6.3.3 When a P-EXPEDITED-DATA request service primitive is received by a PPM, it shall send a TE PPDU to transmit, according to the transfer syntax of the default context, the presentation data values (including any embedded presentation data values) expressed in the P-EXPEDITED-DATA request service primitive. When a PPM receives a TE PPDU, it shall issue a P-EXPEDITED-DATA indication service primitive containing these presentation data values (including any embedded presentation data values).

6.6.3.4 When a P-CAPABILITY-DATA request service primitive is received by a PPM, it shall send a TC PPDU to transmit according to the agreed transfer syntaxes the presentation data values (including any embedded presentation data values) expressed in the P-CAPABILITY-DATA request service primitive. When a PPM receives a TC PPDU, it shall issue a P-CAPABILITY-DATA indication service primitive containing these presentation data values (including any embedded presentation data values). If the accepting PPM then receives a P-CAPABILITY-DATA response service primitive, it shall send a TCC PPDU to transmit according to the agreed transfer syntaxes the presentation data values (including any embedded presentation data values) expressed in the P-CAPABILITY-DATA response primitive. When a PPM receives a TCC PPDU, it shall issue a P-CAPABILITY-DATA response primitive. When a PPM receives a TCC PPDU, it shall issue a P-CAPABILITY-DATA confirm service primitive containing these presentation data values (including any embedded presentation data values).

6.6.4 Collisions and interactions

6.6.4.1 P-U-ABORT, ARU PPDU, ARP PPDU and S-P-ABORT

See § 6.4.

6.7 Token handling

6.7.1 *Purpose*

The token handling procedure is used to make available to PS-users the token handling facilities of the session-service. It is used by a PPM to support the P-TOKEN-GIVE, P-TOKEN-PLEASE and P-CONTROL- GIVE request and indication service primitives.

6.7.2 *Procedure*

6.7.2.1 PPDUs are not explicitly defined, but implicitly given by the description of mapping in § 7.

6.7.2.2 The User data parameters of session-service primitives used shall represent or be represented by the User data parameters of the associated presentation-service primitives and shall be from presentation contexts as specified in § 6.1.2.

6.8 Synchronization and resynchronization

6.8.1 *Purpose*

The synchronization and resynchronization procedure are used to make available to PS-users the synchronization and resynchronization facilities of the session-service. They are used by a PPM to support the P-SYNC-MINOR, P-SYNC-MAJOR and P-RESYNCHRONIZE service primitives. The resynchronization procedure has influence on the DCS when the context restoration functional unit has been selected.

The procedure uses the following PPDUs:

- a) RS PPDU;
- b) RSA PPDU.
- 6.8.2 RS PPDU associated parameters

6.8.2.1 *Resynchronize type*

This shall be the Resynchronize type parameter from the P-RESYNCHRONIZE request service primitive and shall appear as the Resynchronize type parameter of the P-RESYNCHRONIZE indication service primitive.

6.8.2.2 Synchronization point serial number

This shall be the Synchronization point serial number parameter from the P-RESYNCHRONIZE request service primitive and shall appear as the Synchronization point serial number parameter of the P-RESYNCHRONIZE indication service primitive.

6.8.2.3 Tokens

This shall be the Tokens parameter from the P-RESYNCHRONIZE request service primitive and shall appear as the Tokens parameter of the P-RESYNCHRONIZE indication service primitive.

6.8.2.4 Presentation context identifier list

This consists of a list, each entry of which has two components, a presentation context identifier and an associated transfer syntax name. The list shall specify the DCS which results from the RS PPDU.

6.8.2.5 User data

This parameter shall represent the User data parameter of the P-RESYNCHRONIZE request service primitive and shall be represented by the User data parameter of the P-RESYNCHRONIZE indication service primitive. This parameter shall be from presentation contexts as specified in § 6.1.2.

6.8.3 RSA PPDU associated parameters

6.8.3.1 Synchronization point serial number

This shall be the Synchronization point serial number parameter from the P-RESYNCHRONIZE response primitive and shall appear as the Synchronization point serial number parameter of the P-RESYNCHRONIZE confirm service primitive.

6.8.3.2 Tokens

This shall be the Tokens parameter from the P-RESYNCHRONIZE response service primitive and shall appear as the Tokens parameter of the P-RESYNCHRONIZE confirm service primitive.

6.8.3.3 Presentation context identifier list

This consists of a list, each entry of which has two components, a presentation context identifier and an associated transfer syntax name. The list shall specify the DCS which results from the RSA PPDU.

6.8.3.4 User data

This parameter shall represent the User data parameter of the P-RESYNCHRONIZE response service primitive and shall be represented by the User data parameter of the P-RESYNCHRONIZE confirm service primitive. This parameter shall be from presentation contexts as specified in § 6.1.2.

6.8.4 *Procedure*

6.8.4.1 The syncpoint identifier of a service primitive is a syncpoint identifier where the value of the synchronization point serial number is equal to that of the corresponding parameter of that service primitive.

The resync identifier of a service primitive is a syncpoint identifier where the value of the synchronization point serial number is equal to that of the corresponding parameter of that service primitive minus one.

6.8.4.2 If a PPM receives a P-SYNC-MINOR request service primitive or issues a P-SYNC-MINOR indication service primitive and the context restoration functional unit has been selected, then it shall associate the current DCS with the syncpoint identifier of the request or indication service primitive.

6.8.4.3 If a PPM receives a P-SYNC-MAJOR response service primitive or issues a P-SYNC-MAJOR confirm service primitive and the context restoration functional unit has been selected, then it shall associate the current DCS with the syncpoint identifier of the response or confirm service primitive.

The PPM shall eliminate any associations between syncpoint identifiers and DCSs which it had previously made.

6.8.4.4 If a PPM receives a P-RESYNCHRONIZE request service primitive and the context management functional unit is not selected then it shall send a RS PPDU.

6.8.4.5 If a PPM receives a P-RESYNCHRONIZE request service primitive and the context management functional unit is selected but the context restoration functional unit is not selected then it shall send a RS PPDU. The Presentation context identifier list parameter shall correspond to the DCS known to the PPM.

6.8.4.6 If a PPM receives a P-RESYNCHRONIZE request primitive and the context restoration functional unit is selected then it shall set the DCS as follows:

- a) If the resynchronize type is "abandon", then the DCS is unchanged;
- b) if the resynchronize type is "restart" or "set", then:
 - i) if the resync identifier of the primitive is associated with a DCS, then the DCS is restored to that associated with the resync identifier;
 - ii) if the resync identifier of the primitive is less than each syncpoint identifier associated with a DCS, then the DCS is restored to that of the presentation-connection establishment;
 - iii) in all other cases, the DCS is unchanged.

The PPM shall then send a RS PPDU with the Presentation context identifier list parameter value corresponding to the DCS.

6.8.4.7 If a PPM receives a RS PPDU and the context management functional unit is not selected, then it shall issue a P-RESYNCHRONIZE indication service primitive.

6.8.4.8 If a PPM receives a RS PPDU and the context management functional unit is selected, but the context restoration functional unit is not selected, then it shall, if an ACA PPDU is awaited, replace the DCS by that specified in

the Presentation context identifier list parameter of the RS PPDU. It shall then (regardless of whether an ACA is awaited) issue a P-RESYNCHRONIZE indication service primitive.

6.8.4.9 If a PPM receives a RS PPDU and the context restoration functional unit is selected, then it shall set the DCS as follows:

- a) if the resynchronize type is "abandon", then:
 - i) if an ACA PPDU is awaited, then the DCS is replaced by that specified in the Presentation context identifier list parameter of the RS PPDU;
 - ii) if an ACA PPDU is not awaited, then the DCS is unchanged;
- b) if the resynchronize type is "restart" or "set", then:
 - i) if the resync identifier of the service primitive is associated with a DCS, then the DCS is restored to that associated with the resync identifier;
 - ii) if the resync identifier of the service primitive is less than each syncpoint identifier associated with a DCS, then the DCS is restored to that of the presentation-connection establishment;
 - iii) in all other cases, the DCS is set as per (a) above.

The PPM shall then issue a P-RESYNCHRONIZE indication service primitive.

6.8.4.10 If a PPM receives a P-RESYNCHRONIZE response service primitive and the context management functional unit is not selected, it shall send a RSA PPDU.

6.8.4.11 If a PPM receives a P-RESYNCHRONIZE response service primitive and the context management functional unit is selected then it shall send a RSA PPDU. The Presentation context identifier list parameter shall correspond to the DCS known to the PPM.

6.8.4.12 If a PPM receives a RSA PPDU and the context management functional unit is not selected, then it shall issue a P-RESYNCHRONIZE confirm service primitive.

6.8.4.13 If a PPM receives a RSA PPDU and the context management functional unit is selected but the context restoration functional unit is not selected, then it shall replace the DCS by that specified in the Presentation context identifier list parameter of the PPDU. It shall then issue a P-RESYNCHRONIZE confirm primitive.

6.8.4.14 If a PPM receives a RSA PPDU and the context restoration functional unit is selected, then it shall set the DCS as follows:

- a) if the resynchronize type is "abandon", then the DCS is replaced by that specified in the Presentation context identifier list parameter of the PPDU;
- b) if the resynchronize type is "restart" or "set", and either there is no syncpoint identifier associated with a DCS or the resync identifier is not associated with a DCS and is greater than the lowest syncpoint identifier associated with a DCS, the DCS is replaced by that specified in the Presentation context identifier list parameter of the PPDU;
- c) in all other cases, the DCS is unchanged.

The PPM shall then issue a P-RESYNCHRONIZE confirm service primitive.

Note – When receiving a RSA PPDU, the resynchronize type relevant (for the procedures described above) is the resynchronize type of the associated RS PPDU.

- 6.8.5 *Collisions and Interactions*
- 6.8.5.1 P-U-ABORT, ARU PPDU, ARP PPDU, and S-P-ABORT

See § 6.4.

6.8.5.2 P-ALTER-CONTEXT, AC-PPDU and ACA PPDU

See § 6.5.

- 6.9 *Exception reporting*
- 6.9.1 *Purpose*

The exception reporting procedure is used to make available to PS-users the exception reporting facilities of the session-service. It is used by a PPM to support the P-U-EXCEPTION-REPORT request and indication service primitive and the P-P-EXCEPTION-REPORT indication service primitive.

6.9.2 *Procedure*

6.9.2.1 PPDUs are not explicitly defined, but implicitly given by the description of mapping in § 7.

6.9.2.2 The User data parameters of session-service primitives used shall represent or be represented by the User data parameters of the associated presentation-service primitives and shall be from presentation contexts as specified in § .1.2.

6.10 *Activity management*

6.10.1 Purpose

The activity management procedure is used to make available to PS-users the activity management facilities of the session-service. It is used by a PPM to support the P-ACTIVITY-START and P-ACTIVITY-RESUME request and indication service primitives and the P-ACTIVITY-END, P-ACTIVITY-INTERRUPT and P-ACTIVITY-DISCARD request, indication, response and confirm service primitives.

When the context restoration functional unit is selected, the activity management procedure has influence on the DCS as defined by § 6.10.2.

6.10.2 *Procedure*

6.10.2.1 PPDUs are not explicitly defined, but implicitly given by the description of mapping in § 7.

6.10.2.2 The User data parameters of session-service primitives used shall represent or be represented by the User data parameters of the associated presentation-service primitives and shall be from presentation contexts as specified in $\S 6.1.2$.

6.10.2.3 If a PPM receives a P-ACTIVITY-INTERRUPT response service primitive or issues a P-ACTIVITY-INTERRUPT confirm service primitive when an activity is in progress and the context restoration functional unit has been selected, then it shall replace the DCS with the inter-activity DCS.

6.10.2.4 If a PPM receives a P-ACTIVITY-DISCARD response service primitive, or issues a P-ACTIVITY-DISCARD confirm service primitive when an activity is in progress, and the context restoration functional unit has been selected, then it shall replace the DCS with the inter-activity DCS. It shall also eliminate any associations between syncpoint identifiers and DCSs which it had previously made.

6.10.2.5 If a PPM receives a P-ACTIVITY-END response service primitive, or issues a P-ACTIVITY-END confirm service primitive, and the context restoration functional unit has been selected, then it shall replace the DCS with the inter-activity DCS. It shall also eliminate any associations between syncpoint identifiers and DCSs which it had previously made.

6.10.2.6 If a PPM receives a P-ACTIVITY-RESUME request service primitive or issues a P-ACTIVITY-RESUME indication service primitive, where the Old session connection identifier parameter is absent in the request or indication service primitive, then it shall take the following actions:

- a) it shall eliminate any associations between DCSs and pairs composed of the Old activity identifier parameter value of the request or indication service primitive and any synchronization point serial number greater than the value of the Synchronization point serial number parameter.
- b) if the pair composed of the Old activity identifier and Synchronization point serial number parameter values and has a DCS associated with it, then it shall restore the DCS by that one.

7 Mapping of PPDUS onto the session-service

- 7.1 *Connection establishment*
- 7.1.1 *CP PPDU*

The CP PPDU shall be conveyed from the initiating PPM to the responding PPM in the S-CONNECT request and indication session-service primitives.

7.1.1.1 CP PPDU associated parameters

Table 1/X.226 defines the mapping of the CP PPDU associated parameters onto S-CONNECT parameters.

TABLE 1/X.226

Mapping of CP PPDU associated parameters onto S-CONNECT parameters

CP PPDU associated parameter	S-CONNECT parameter	m/nm/s
Mode selector	SS-user data	m
Protocol version	SS-user data	nm
Calling-presentation-selector	SS-user data	nm
Calling-session-address	Calling SSAP address	s
Called-presentation-selector	SS-user data	nm
Called-session-address	Called SSAP address	s
Presentation context definition list	SS-user data	nm
Default context name	SS-user data	nm
Quality of service	Quality of service	s
Presentation requirements	SS-user data	nm
User session requirements	SS-user data	nm
Revised session requirements	Session requirements	8
Initial synchronization point serial number	Initial synchronization point serial number	s
Initial assignment of tokens	Initial assignment of tokens	s
Session connection identifier	Session connection identifier	s
User data	SS-user data	nm

m: mandatory.

nm: non-mandatory.

s: as defined in the Session Service Definition (Recommendation X.215).

7.1.2 *CPA PPDU*

The CPA PPDU shall be conveyed from the responding PPM to the initiating PPM in the S-CONNECT response and confirm session-serivce primitive.

7.1.2.1 CPA PPDU associated parameters

Table 2/X.226 defines the mapping of the CPA PPDU associated parameters onto S-CONNECT parameters.

TABLE 2/X.226

Mapping of CPA PPDU associated parameters onto S-CONNECT parameters

CPA PPDU associated parameter	S-CONNECT parameter	m/nm/s
Mode selector	SS-user data	m
Protocol version	SS-user data	nm
Responding-presentation-selector	SS-user data	nm
Responding-session-address	Responding SSAP address	s
Presentation context definition result list	SS-user data	nm
Quality of service	Quality of service	s
Presentation requirements	SS-user data	nm
User session requirements	SS-user data	nm
Revised session requirements	Session requirements	s
Initial synchronization point serial number	Initial synchronization point serial number	s
Initial assignment of tokens	Initial assignment of tokens	s
Session connection identifier	Session connection identifier	s
User data	SS-user data	nm

m: mandatory.

nm: non-mandatory.

s: as defined in the Session Service Definition (Recommendation X.215).

7.1.2.2 S-CONNECT Result parameter

This parameter shall have the value "accept".

7.1.3 *CPR PPDU*

The CPR PPDU shall be conveyed from the responding PPM to the initiating PPM in the S-CONNECT response and confirm session-service primitive.

However, when the session-service-provider rejects the session-connection establishment proposal, there is no explicit S-CONNECT response session-service primitive and corresponding CPR PPDU.

7.1.3.1 CPR PPDU associated parameters

Table 3/X.226 defines the mapping of the CPR PPDU associated parameters onto S-CONNECT parameters.

TABLE 3/X.226

Mapping of CPR PPDU associated parameters onto S-CONNECT parameters

CPR PPDU associated parameter	S-CONNECT parameter	m/nm/s
Protocol version	SS-user data	nm
Responding-presentation-selector	SS-user data	nm
Responding-session-address	Responding SSAP address	s
Presentation context definition result list	SS-user data	nm
Default context result	SS-user data	nm
Quality of service	Quality of service	s
Session requirements	Session requirements	s
Session connection identifier	Session connection identifier	s
Provider reason	SS-user data	nm
User data	SS-user data	nm

m: mandatory.

nm: non-mandatory.

s: as defined in the Session Service Definition (Recommendation X.215).

7.1.3.2 S-CONNECT Result parameter

This parameter may take the values:

- "reject by SS-provider" (a whole class of values);
- "reject by called SS-user" with SS-user data.

The former case arises when rejection is initiated by the session-service-provider; the Provider reason parameter is absent even though rejection is initiated by the presentation-service-provider. The latter case arises when rejection is initiated by the responding PPM or PS-user; the Provider reason parameter is present only if rejection is initiated by the responding PPM. The User data parameter of the PPDU may only be present when rejection is initiated by the responding PS-user.

7.2 Normal release of connection

Normal release of the presentation-connection takes place concurrently with normal release of the session-connection. Presentation-service primitives are mapped onto the corresponding session-service primitives. Table 4/X.226 defines the mapping.

TABLE 4/X.226

Mapping of normal release service primitives

Presentation primitive	Session primitive
P-RELEASE request	S-RELEASE request
P-RELEASE indication P-RELEASE response	S-RELEASE response
P-RELEASE confirm	S-RELEASE confirm

7.3 Abnormal release of connection

7.3.1 *ARU PPDU*

The ARU PPDU shall be conveyed from the requesting PPM to the accepting PPM in the S-U-ABORT request and indication session-service primitives.

7.3.1.1 ARU PPDU associated parameters

Table 5/X.226 defines the mapping of the ARU PPDU associated parameters onto S-U-ABORT parameters.

TABLE 5/X.226

Mapping of ARU PPDU associated parameters onto S-U-ABORT parameters

ARU PPDU associated parameter	S-U-ABORT parameter	m/nm/s
Presentation context identifier list	SS-user data	nm
User data	SS-user data	nm

m: mandatory.

nm: non-mandatory.

s: as defined in the Session Service Definition (Recommendation X.215).

7.3.2 ARP PPDU

The ARP PPDU shall be conveyed from the requesting PPM to the accepting PPM in the S-U-ABORT request and indication session-service primitives.

7.3.2.1 ARP PPDU associated parameters

Table 6/X.226 defines the mapping of the ARP PPDU associated parameters onto S-U-ABORT parameters.

TABLE 6/X.226

Mapping of ARP PPDU associated parameters onto S-U-ABORT parameters

ARP PPDU associated parameter	S-U-ABORT parameter	m/nm/s
Provider reason	SS-user data	nm
Event identifier	SS-user data	nm

m: mandatory.

nm: non-mandatory.

s: as defined in the Session Service Definition (Recommendation X.215).

7.4 Context Alteration

7.4.1 *AC PPDU*

The AC PPDU shall be conveyed from the requesting PPM to the accepting PPM in the S-TYPED- DATA request and indication session-service primitives.

7.4.1.1 AC PPDU associated parameters

Table 7/X.226 defines the mapping of the AC PPDU associated parameters onto S-TYPED-DATA parameters.

7.4.2 *ACA PPDU*

The ACA PPDU shall be conveyed from the accepting PPM to the requesting PPM in the S-TYPED- DATA response and confirm session-service primitives.

7.4.2.1 ACA PPDU associated parameters

Table 8/X.226 defines the mapping of the ACA PPDU associated parameters onto S-TYPED-DATA parameters.

TABLE 7/X.226

Mapping of AC PPDU associated parameters onto S-TYPED-DATA parameters

AC PPDU associated parameter	S-TYPED-DATA parameter	m/nm/s
Presentation context addition list	SS-user data	nm
Presentation context deletion list	SS-user data	nm
User data	SS-user data	nm

m: mandatory.

nm: non-mandatory.

s: as defined in the Session Service Definition (Recommendation X.215).

TABLE 8/X.226

Mapping of ACA PPDU associated parameters onto S-TYPED-DATA parameters

ACA PPDU associated parameter	S-TYPED-DATA parameter	m/nm/s
Presentation context addition result list	SS-user data	nm
Presentation context deletion result list	SS-user data	nm
User data	SS-user data	nm

m: mandatory.

nm: non-mandatory.

s: as defined in the Session Service Definition (Recommendation X.215).

7.5 Information Transfer

7.5.1 *TTD PPDU*

The TTD PPDU shall be conveyed from the requesting PPM to the accepting PPM in the S-TYPED-DATA request and indication session-service primitives.

7.5.1.1 TTD PPDU associated parameters

Table 9/X.226 defines the mapping of the TTD PPDU associated parameters onto S-TYPED-DATA parameters.

TABLE 9/X.226

Mapping of TTD PPDU associated parameters onto S-TYPED-DATA parameters

TTD PPDU associated parameter	S-TYPED-DATA parameter	m/nm/s
User data	SS-user data	nm

m: mandatory.

nm: non-mandatory.

s: as defined in the Session Service Definition (Recommendation X.215).

7.5.2 *TD PPDU*

The User data parameter of a TD PPDU shall form the SS-user data parameter of an S-DATA request service primitive and corresponding indication service primitive.

7.5.3 *TE PPDU*

The User data parameter of a TE PPDU shall form the SS-user data parameter of an S-EXPEDITED- DATA request service primitive and corresponding indication service primitive.

7.5.4 *TC PPDU*

The User data parameter of the TC PPDU shall form the SS-user data parameter of an S-CAPABILITY-DATA request service primitive and corresponding indication service primitive.

7.5.5 *TCC PDU*

The User data parameter of the TCC PPDU shall form the SS-user data parameter of an S-CAPABILITY-DATA response service primitive and corresponding confirm service primitive.

7.6 Token Handling

Token handling services are provided by the underlying session-service. Presentation-service primitives are mapped onto the corresponding session-service primitives. Table 10/X.226 defines the mapping.

7.7 Synchronization

Synchronization services are provided by the underlying session-service. The presentation-service primitives are mapped onto the corresponding session-service primitives. Table 11/X.226 defines the mapping.

TABLE 10/X.226

Mapping of token handling service primitives

Presentation primitive	Session primitive
P-TOKEN-GIVE request	S-TOKEN-GIVE request
P-TOKEN-GIVE indication	S-TOKEN-GIVE indication
P-TOKEN-PLEASE request	S-TOKEN-PLEASE request
P-TOKEN-PLEASE indication	P-TOKEN-PLEASE indication
P-CONTROL-GIVE request	S-CONTROL-GIVE request
P-CONTROL-GIVE indication	S-CONTROL-GIVE indication

TABLE 11/X.226

Mapping of synchronization service primitives

Presentation primitive	Session primitive	
P-SYNC-MINOR request	S-SYNC-MINOR request	
P-SYNC-MINOR indication	S-SYNC-MINOR indication	
P-SYNC-MINOR response	S-SYNC-MINOR response	
P-SYNC-MINOR confirm	S-SYNC-MINOR confirm	
P-SYNC-MAJOR request	S-SYNC-MAJOR request	
P-SYNC-MAJOR indication	S-SYNC-MAJOR indication	
P-SYNC-MAJOR response	S-SYNC-MAJOR response	
P-SYNC-MAJOR confirm	S-SYNC-MAJOR confirm	

7.8 Resynchronization

7.8.1 *RS PPDU*

The RSA PPDU shall be conveyed from the requesting PPM to the accepting PM in the S-RESYNCHRONIZE request and indication session-service primitives.

7.8.1.1 RS PPDU associated parameters

Table 12/X.226 defines the mapping of the RS PPDU associated parameters onto S-RESYNCHRONIZE parameters.

TABLE 12/X.226

Mapping of RS PPDU associated parameters onto S-RESYNCHRONIZE parameters

RS PPDU associated parameter	S-RESYNCHRONIZE parameter	m/nm/s
Resynchronize type	Resynchronize type	s
Synchronization point serial number	Synchronization point serial number	s
Tokens	Tokens	s
Presentation context identifier list	SS-user data	nm
User data	SS-user data	nm

m: mandatory.

nm: non-mandatory.

s: as defined in the Session Service Definition (Recommendation X.215).

7.8.2 RSA PPDU

The RSA PPDU shall be conveyed from the accepting PPM to the requesting PPM in the S-RESYNCHRONIZE response and confirm session-service primitives.

7.8.2.1 RSA PPDU associated parameters

Table 13/X.226 defines the mapping of the RSA PPDU associated parameters onto S-RESYNCHRONIZE parameters.

7.9 *Exception Reporting*

Exception reporting services are provided by the underlying session-service. Presentation-service primitives are mapped onto the corresponding session-service primitives. Table 14/X.226 defines the mapping.

TABLE 13/X.226

Mapping of RSA PPDU associated parameters onto S-RESYNCHRONIZE parameters

RSA PPDU associated parameter	S-RESYNCHRONIZE parameter	m/nm/s
Synchronization point serial number	Synchronization point serial number	S
Presentation context identifier list	Tokens SS-user data	s nm
User data	SS-user data	nm

m: mandatory.

nm: non-mandatory.

s: as defined in the Session Service Definition (Recommendation X.215).

TABLE 14/X.226

Mapping of Exception reporting service primitives

Presentation primitive	Session primitive	
P-P-EXCEPTION-REPORT indication	S-P-EXCEPTION-REPORT indication	
P-U-EXCEPTION-REPORT request	S-U-EXCEPTION-REPORT request	
P-U-EXCEPTION-REPORT indication	S-U-EXCEPTION-REPORT indication	

7.10 Activity Management

Activity management services are provided by the underlying session-service. Presentation-service primitives are mapped onto the corresponding session-service primitives. Table 15/X.226 defines the mapping.

TABLE 15/X.226

Mapping of Activity management service primitives primitives

Presentation primitive	Session primitive	
P-ACTIVITY-START request	S-ACTIVITY-START request	
P-ACTIVITY-START indication	S-ACTIVITY-START indication	
P-ACTIVITY-RESUME request	S-ACTIVITY-RESUME request	
P-ACTIVITY-RESUME indication	S-ACTIVITY-RESUME indication	
P-ACTIVITY-INTERRUPT request	S-ACTIVITY-INTERRUPT request	
P-ACTIVITY-INTERRUPT indication	S-ACTIVITY-INTERRUPT indication	
P-ACTIVITY-INTERRUPT response	S-ACTIVITY-INTERRUPT response	
P-ACTIVITY-INTERRUPT confirm	S-ACTIVITY-INTERRUPT confirm	
P-ACTIVITY-DISCARD request	S-ACTIVITY-DISCARD request	
P-ACTIVITY-DISCARD indication	S-ACTIVITY-DISCARD indication	
P-ACTIVITY-DISCARD response	S-ACTIVITY-DISCARD response	
P-ACTIVITY-DISCARD confirm	S-ACTIVITY-DISCARD confirm	
P-ACTIVITY-END request	S-ACTIVITY-END request	
P-ACTIVITY-END indication	. S-ACTIVITY-END indication	
P-ACTIVITY-END response	S-ACTIVITY-END response	
P-ACTIVITY-END confirm	S-ACTIVITY-END confirm	

8 Structure and encoding of PPDUs

8.1 General

- 8.1.1 The struture of PPDUs (whether explicitly defined or implicitly given) shall be defined by:
 - a) the mapping onto parameters of session-service primitives;
 - b) the structure of session-service primitive SS-user data parameter values.
- 8.1.2 The structure of SS-user data parameter values is specified using:
 - a) the notation ASN.1 (Recommendation X.208);
 - b) additional comments contained in the ASN.1 description;

Note – ASN.1 comments in § 8.2 are an integral part of this Recommendation, and frequently express requirements.

- c) rules of extensibility as specified in § 8.5 when operating in normal mode.
- 8.1.3 The encoding of SS-user data parameter values is specified in § 8.3.

X.226-PRESENTATION DEFINITIONS :: =

BEGIN

_ _

- -- In X.410-1984 mode, the value of the SS-user data parameter of
- -- the S-CONNECT request and indication session-service primitives
- -- shall be a CP-type value.

_ _

- -- In normal mode, the value of the SS-user data parameter of the
- -- S-CONNECT request and indication session-service primitives shall
- -- be a CP-type value, followed as a requestor's option by zero or
- -- more CPC-type values.

CP-type :: = SET

{	[0]	IMPLICIT Mode-sele	ctor					
	[1]	IMPLICIT SET						
		{ COMPONENTS OF Reliable-Transfer-APDUs.RTORQapdu } OPTIO						
		Shall be used for	Shall be used for X.410 mode only. Shall be bitwise					
		 – compatible with 	CCITT Recommendation X.410-1984.					
		– – This shall be the	User data parameter of					
		the CP PPDU ¹⁾ $$,						
	[2]	IMPLICIT SEQUENC	E					
			Protocol-version	DEFAULT {version-1},				
		[1] IMPLICIT	Calling-presentation-selector	OPTIONAL,				
		[2] IMPLICIT	Called-presentation-selector	OPTIONAL,				
		[4] IMPLICIT	Presentation-context-definition-list	OPTIONAL,				
		[6] IMPLICIT	Default-context-name	OPTIONAL,				
		[8] IMPLICIT	Presentation-requirements	OPTIONAL,				
		[9] IMPLICIT	User-session-requirements	OPTIONAL,				

-- shall not be present if equal to the Revised session

-- requirements parameter --,

User-data

OPTIONAL OPTIONAL

o.

}

- Shall be used for normal mode only.
 Shall be the parameters of the CP PPDU.
- -- As an initiator's option, the presentation data values
- -- contained in a CP PPDU may be encoded more than once,
- -- using CPC-type values, to allow the transfer of the same
- -- presentation data values using a number of different
- transfer syntaxes.
- }

- --

¹⁾ ASN.1 module Reliable-Transfer-APDUs is defined in Recommendation X.228.

CPC-type :: = User-data

- -- Shall be used for normal mode only.
- -- Shall not be present if the Presentation context definition list
- -- parameter is not present in the CP PPDU.
- -- Each instance of this data type shall contain all of the presentation
- -- data values which were contained in the User data parameter of
- -- the CP PPDU
- -- This shall be the same set of presentation data values which were
- contained in the CP-type.
- --- The SS-user data parameter value of the S-CONNECT
- -- response and confirm session-service primitives shall be
- --- a CPA-PPDU value when the Result parameter value
- —— is "accept".

- -

CPA-PPDU :: = SET

{ [0]	IMPLICIT	Mode-selector
-------	----------	---------------

[1] IMPLICIT SET

{ COMPONENTS OF Reliable-Transfer-APDUs.RTOACapdu }

OPTIONAL

- -- Shall be used for X.410 mode only. Shall be bitwise
- --- compatible with CCITT Recommendation X.410-1984.
- -- This shall be the User data parameter of
- -- the CPA PPDU²⁾ --,

[2] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE

{	[0] IMPLICIT	Protocol-version	DEFAULT {version-1},
	[3] IMPLICIT	Responding-presentation-selector	OPTIONAL,
	[5] IMPLICIT	Presentation-context-definition-result-list	OPTIONAL,
	[8] IMPLICIT	Presentation-requirements	OPTIONAL,
	[9] IMPLICIT	User-session-requirements	OPTIONAL,

-- shall not be present if equal to the Revised session

--- requirements parameter ---

User-data

OPTIONAL OPTIONAL

-- Shall be used for normal mode only

}

- -

}

- -
- -- The SS-user data parameter value of
- -- the S-CONNECT response and confirm

-- session-service primitives shall be

--- a CPR-PPDU value when the Result parameter

- – value is "reject by SS-provider"
- or "reject by called SS-user".
- _ _

²⁾ ASN.1 module Reliable-Transfer-APDUs is defined in Recommendation X.228.

CPR-PPDU :: = CHOICE

{ SET { COMPONENTS OF Reliable-Transfer-APDUs.RTORJapdu }

- --- Shall be used for X.410 mode only. Shall be bitwise
- -- compatible with CCITT Recommendation X.410-1984.
- -- This shall be the User data parameter of
- -- the CPR PPDU ³⁾ --,

SEQUENCE {

[0] IMPLICIT	Protocol-version	DEFAULT {version-1},
[3] IMPLICIT	Responding-presentation-selector	OPTIONAL,
[5] IMPLICIT	Presentation-context-definition-result-list	OPTIONAL,
[7] IMPLICIT	Default-context-result	OPTIONAL,
[10] IMPLICIT	Provider-reason	OPTIONAL,
	User-data	OPTIONAL

-,

User-data

-- Shall be used for normal mode only. --

- }

```
_ ---
```

_ _

- -- The S-user data parameter of the S-U-ABORT
- --- request and indication service primitives shall be

}

--- an Abort-type value.

}

```
_ _
```

Abort-type :: = CHOICE	1	ARU-PPDU for a P-U-ABORT-
//		

ARP-PPDU - - for a P-P-ABORT - -

```
_ _
```

} _ _

ARU-PPDU :: - CHOICE

{ SET	T { COMPONENTS OF Reliable-Transfer-APDUs.RTABapdu }
	Shall be used for X.410 mode only. Shall be bitwise
	— – compatible with CCITT Recommendation X.410-1984.
	– This shall be the User data parameter of
•	the ARU PPDU. ³⁾ $$,
[0]	IMPLICIT SEQUENCE
	{ [0] IMPLICIT Presentation-context-identifier-list User-data
	1
	ł

OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL

,

³ ASN.1 module Reliable-Transfer-APDUs is defined in Recommendation X.228.

```
ARP-PPDU :: = SEQUENCE
      { provider-reason
            [0] IMPLICIT
                                 Abort-reason
                                                                                              OPTIONAL,
            [1] IMPLICIT
                                 Event-identifier
                                                                                              OPTIONAL
      }
_ _
-- --
-- The SS-user data parameter value of
-- the S-TYPED-DATA request and
-- indication service primitives shall be
— a Typed-data-type value
_ _
Typed-data-type :: = CHOICE
       acPPDU
ł
            [0] IMPLICIT AC-PPDU
            --- P-ALTER-CONTEXT
            - - request and indication --
       acaPPDU
            [1] IMPLICIT ACA-PPDU
            --- P-ALTER-CONTEXT
            --- response and confirm ---
      ttdPPDU
                                 User-data
            --- P-TYPED-DATA
            -- request and indication --
}
_ _
AC-PPDU :: = SEQUENCE
      {
            [0] IMPLICIT
                                 Presentation-context-addition-list
                                                                                             OPTIONAL,
            [1] IMPLICIT
                                 Presentation-context-deletion-list
                                                                                             OPTIONAL,
                                 User-data
                                                                                             OPTIONAL
      }
_ ---
```

ACA-PPDU :: = SEQUENCE

{	[0] IMPLICIT	Presentation-context-addition-result-list	OPTIONAL,
	[1] IMPLICIT	Presentation-context-deletion-result-list	OPTIONAL,
		User-data	OPTIONAL

}

~ –

- -- The SS-user data parameter value of
- -- the S-RESYNCHRONIZE request and
- -- indication service primitives shall be
- --- an RS-PPDU value.
- _ _

RS-PPDU :: = SEQUENCE

	ł	[0] IMPLICIT	Presentation-context-identifier-list User-data	OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL
	}			
 	The SS the S-I confirm	S-user data paramet RESYNCHRONIZE re n service primitives A-RPDLL value	er value of esponse and shall be	
RSA	-PPDU	I :: = SEQUENCE		
	{	[0] IMPLICIT	Presentation-context-identifier-list User-data	OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL
	}			
	The St	S upper data parama	tor values of	
	the S-	DATA, S-CAPABILII	Y-DATA,	
	S-EXP	EDITED-DATA reque	est and	
	Indicat S-CAP	tion session-service PARII ITY-DATA	primitives and	
	respon	ise and confirm ses	sion-service	
	primiti	ves shall be of type	User-data.	
 	The S all oth primiti	S-user data parame er session-service ives not described a	ter values of bove shall	
	De of	type User-data.		
Aha	-			
ADO	rt-reas	son :: = INTEGEK	l Marine	(0)
		unrecognized-p	odu	(1),
		unexpected-ppd	u	(2),
		unexpected-ses	sion-service-primitive	(3),
		unrecognized-pj	odu-parameter	(4), (5).
		invalid-ppdu-pa	rameter-value	(6) }
Abs	tract-s	syntax-name :: ≕	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	
Call	ed-pre	sentation-selecto	r :: = Presentation Selector	
Call	ing-pr	esentation-select	or :: = Presentation Selector	
Con	text-li	st :: = SEQUENC	E OF SEQUENCE (
		Presentation-co	ntext-identifier,	
		SEQUENCE OF	Transfer-syntax-name }	

Default-context-name :: = SEQUENCE

[0] IMPLICIT	Abstract-syntax-name,
[1] IMPLICIT	Transfer-syntax-name }

Default-context-result :: = Result

Event-identifier :: = INTEGER {

cp-PPDU	(0),
cpa-PPDU	(1),
cpr-PPDU	(2),
aru-PPDU	(3),
arp-PPDU	(4),
ac-PPDU	(5),
aca-PPDU	(6),
td-PPDU	(7),
ttd-PPDU	(8),
te-PPDU	(9),
tc-PPDU	(10),
tcc-PPDU	(11),
rs-PPDU	(12),
rsa-PPDU	(13),
s-release-indication	(14),
s-release-confirm	(15),
s-token-give-indication	(16),
s-token-please-indication	(17),
s-control-give-indication	(18),
s-sync-minor-indication	(19),
s-sync-minor-confirm	(20),
s-sync-major-indication	(21),
s-sync-major-confirm	(22),
s-p-exception-report-indication	(23),
s-u-exception-report-indication	(24),
s-activity-start-indication	(25),
s-activity-resume-indication	(26),
s-activity-interrupt-indication	(27),
s-activity-interrupt-confirm	(28),
s-activity-discard-indication	(29),
s-activity-discard-confirm	(30),
s-activity-end-indication	(31),
s-activity-end-confirm	(32) }

Mode-Selector :: = SET {

[0] IMPLICIT INTEGER {x410-1984-mode (0), normal-mode (1) } }

Presentation-context-addition-list :: = Context-list

Presentation-context-addition-result-list :: = Result-list

Presentation-context-definition-list :: = Context-list

Presentation-context-definition-result-list :: = Result-list

Presentation-context-deletion-list :: = SEQUENCE OF

Presentation-context-identifier

Presentation-context-deletion-result-list :: = SEQUENCE OF INTEGER {

Acceptance (0), user-rejection (1) }

Presentation-context-identifier :: = INTEGER

Presentation-context-identifier-list :: = SEQUENCE OF SEQUENCE {

Presentation-context-identifier, Transfer-syntax-name }

Presentation-requirements :: = BIT STRING {

Context-management (0), restoration (1) }

Presentation-selector :: = OCTET STRING

Protocol-version :: = BIT STRING {version-1 (0) }

Provider-reason :: = INTEGER {

reason-not-specified	(0),
temporary-congestion	(1),
local-limit-exceeded	(2),
Called-presentation-address-unknown	(3),
protocol-version-not-surprised	(4),
default-context-not-supported	(5),
user-data-not-readable	(6),
no-PSAP-available	(7) }

Responding-presentation-selector :: = Presentation-selector

Result :: = INTEGER {

acceptance	(0),
user-rejection	(1),
provider-rejection	(2) }

Result-list :: = SEQUENCE OF SEQUENCE {

[0] IMPLICIT	Result,			
[1] IMPLICIT	Transfer-syntax-name			OPTIONAL,
[2] IMPLICIT INT	EGER	7	•	

provider-reason

{ reason-not-specified		(0),
abstract-syntax-not-supported		(1),
proposed-transfer-syntaxes-not-supported		(2),
local-limit-on-DCS-exceeded	(3)	OPTIONAL,
}		

}

Transfer-syntax-name :: = OBJECT IDENTIFIER

User-data :: = CHOICE {

 [APPLICATION 0]
 IMPLICIT
 Simply-encoded-data

 [APPLICATION 1]
 IMPLICIT
 Fully-encoded-data }

--- § 8.4 defines when each of the two alternatives shall be used.

Simply-encoded-data :: = OCTET STRING

--- See § 8.4.1.

Fully-encoded-data :: = SEQUENCE OF PVD-list

--- Contains one or more PDV-list values. --- See § 8.4.2.

PDV-list :: = SEQUENCE {

Transfer-syntax-name OPTIONAL,
Presentation-context-identifier,

presentation-data-values :: = CHOICE {

```
single-ASN.1-type [0] ANY,
octet-aligned [1] IMPLICIT OCTET STRING,
arbitrary [2] IMPLICIT BIT STRING
```

-- Contains one or more presentation data values from the same

```
    presentation context.
```

```
—— See § 8.4.2.
```

```
}
```

User-session-requirements :: = BIT STRING {

half-duplex	(0),
duplex	(1),
expedited-data	(2),
minor-synchronize	(3),
major-synchronize	(4),
resynchronize	(5),
activity-management	(6),
negotiated-release	(7),
capability-data	(8),
exceptions	(9),
typed-data	(10) }

END

8.3 Encoding of SS-user data parameter values

8.3.1 Except for type User-data, ASN.1 datatypes specified in § 8.2 shall be encoded according to the Basic Encoding Rules for ASN.1 (Recommendation X.209).

8.3.2 The encoding of values of type User-data is specified in § 8.4.

8.3.3 The encoding of the SS-user data parameter of the S-CONNECT request and indication service primitives shall be the concatenation of the encodings of the CP-type value and the CPC-type values, if any.

8.4 Encoding of values of type User-data

8.4.1 *Simple encoding*

8.4.1.1 This encoding shall be used when the User-data value is of type Simply-encoded-data.

8.4.1.2 The User-data value shall be of type Simply-encoded-data when the default context is used.

8.4.1.3 The User-data value shall be of type Simply-encoded-data when the DCS contains only one member and the context management functional unit is not selected.

Note – This implies that simple encoding cannot be used in the User data parameter of the CP PPDU, except as in § 8.4.1.2.

8.4.1.4 Simple encoding shall be as follows:

- a) The contents of the Simply-encoded-data value shall be the concatenation of the bitstrings⁴⁾ resulting from the encoding of the presentation data values forming the PS-user data value according to the appropriate transfer syntax.
- b) Whenever User-data appears as an element of some other ASN.1 type in § 8.2, the encoding of the User-data value shall be according to the Basic Encoding Rules for ASN.1 (Recommendation X.209).
- c) If (b) does not apply, the encoding of the User-data value shall be the contents octets of the Simply-encoded-data value (i.e. no identifier octets and no length octets) as specified in (a) above.

Note – When using simple encoding, the transfer syntax used shall either produce octet-aligned encodings or self-delimiting bitstrings (this is not the general case with transfer syntaxes).

- 8.4.2 *Full encoding*
- 8.4.2.1 This encoding shall be used when the User-data value is of type Fully-encoded-data.
- 8.4.2.2 The User-data value shall be of type Fully-encoded-data when the default context is not in use and:
 - a) the DCS contains more than one member; or
 - b) the context management functional unit has been selected.

8.4.2.3 The User-data value shall be of type Fully-encoded-data in the CP-type and CPC-type, except when the default context is in use.

8.4.2.4 Full encoding shall be the application of the Basic Encoding Rules for ASN.1 (Recommendation X.209) to the Fully-encoded-data value. The structure and contents of the presentation-data-values component of a PDV-list value shall be as specified in § 8.4.2.5.

8.4.2.5 The presentation-data-values component of a PDV-list value shall be encoded according to the Basic Encoding Rules for ASN.1 (Recommendation X.209). The various options for the presentation-data-values component of the PDV-list value shall be used as follows:

- a) If the PDV-list value contains exactly one presentation data value which is a single ASN.1 type encoded according to the Basic Encoding Rules for ASN.1 (Recommendation X.209), then the option "single-ASN1-type" shall be used.
- b) If the encodings of the presentation data values contained in the PDV-list value are each an integral number of octets and (a) does not apply, then the option "octet-aligned" shall be used. In this case, the contents octets of the OCTET STRING shall be the concatenation of the bitstrings resulting from the encoding of the presentation data values contained in that PDV-list value according to the appropriate transfer syntax.
- c) If neither (a) nor (b) applies, the option "arbitrary" shall be used. The contents octets of the BIT STRING shall be the concatenation of the bitstrings resulting from the encoding of the presentation data values contained in that PDV-list value according to the appropriate transfer syntax.

8.4.2.6 The presentation-context-identifier component of a PDV-list value in a CP PPDU shall identify the presentation context of the presentation data values.

8.4.2.7 The transfer-syntax-name component of a PDV-list value in a CP PPDU shall be present when more than one transfer syntax name was proposed for the presentation context of the presentation-data-values.

8.4.3 Encoding of presentation data values in X.410-1984 mode

8.4.3.1 Except for the S-DATA request and indication service primitives, presentation data values in type User-data shall be encoded according to Basic Encoding Rules for ASN.1 (Recommendation X.209).

8.4.3.2 For the S-DATA request and indication service primitives, presentation data values in type User-data shall be encoded as the contents octets (i.e. no identifier octets and no length octets) of the primitive encoding of a value of type OCTET STRING, according to the Basic Encoding Rules for ASN.1 (Recommendation X.209).

⁴⁾ If the transfer syntax is not self-delimiting, then there is a danger that concatenated presentation data values will be ambiguous.

8.5 *Rules of extensibility for normal mode*

- 8.5.1 For the CP-PPDU, a receiving PPM shall:
 - a) ignore any undefined element;
 - b) where named bits are used in § 8.2, treat any bit as insignificant when no name is assigned to it.

8.5.2 Except as specified in § 8.5.1, where named numbers or named bits are used in § 8.2, presence of a number or bit shall be invalid when no name is assigned to it.

9 Conformance

9.1 Dynamic Conformance

A system claiming conformance to this Recommendation shall exhibit external behaviour consistent with having implemented:

- a) a PPM as defined by Section 6 and Annex A of this Recommendation;
- b) use of the session-service as defined by Section 7 of this Recommendation;
- c) encoding of PPDUs as defined by Section 8 of this Recommendation.

9.2 *Static Conformance*

A system claiming conformance to this Recommendation shall be capable of:

- a) supporting normal mode, X.410-1984 mode, or both. A system claiming to implement the procedures specified in this Recommendation supports the procedures specified in CCITT Recommendation X.410-1984 when operating in X.410-1984 mode. A system claiming to implement the procedures specified in this Recommendation other than in support of the procedures specified in CCITT Recommendation X.410-1984 shall operate in normal mode.
- b) initiating a presentation-connection (by sending a CP PPDU) or responding to a CP PPDU or both;
- c) following all the remaining procedures in the presentation kernel functional unit;
- d) following all the Presentation Layer procedures for each presentation functional unit that the system claims to implement and for each session functional unit which the system claims to support;
- e) supporting the mapping onto the session-service defined in Section 7 of this Recommendation;
- f) in normal mode, following the procedures of the rules of extensibility (§ 8.5).

9.3 *Protocol implementation conformance statement*

The Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement accompanying a system for which conformance to this Recommendation is claimed shall include statements of the following:

- a) which session functional units are supported;
- b) which presentation functional units are implemented;
- c) whether it supports initiating a presentation-connection, responding to a CP-PPDU or both;
- d) which transfer syntaxes it supports;
- e) whether there is any resource-dependent limit which can cause provider rejection of a service primitive and if so, how this limit is specified;
- f) whether it supports normal mode, X.410-1984 mode or both.

ANNEX A

(to Recommendation X.226)

State tables

A.1 General

This annex describes the presentation protocol in terms of state tables. The state tables show the state of a presentation-connection, the events that occur in the protocol, the action taken and the resultant state.

These State Tables do not constitute a formal definition of the presentation protocol; they are included to provide a more precise specification of the elements of procedure described in Section 6.

Table A-1/X.226 specifies the abbreviated name, category and name of each incoming event. The categories are PS-user event, SS-provider event and valid PPDU event.

Table A-2/X.226 specifies the abbreviated name and name of each state.

Table A-3/X.226 specifies the abbreviated name, category and name of each outgoing event. The categories are PS-provider event, SS-user event and PPDU event.

Table A-4/X.226 specifies the specific actions.

Table A-5/X.226 specifies the predicates.

Tables A-6/X.226 to A-14/X.226 specify the state tables.

A.2 Notation for State Tables

A.2.1 Incoming events, states and outgoing events are represented by their abbreviated names.

A.2.2 Specific actions are represented by the notation [n], where *n* is the number of the specific action in Table A-4/X.226.

A.2.3 Predicates are represented by the notation *pnn*, where *nn* is the number of the predicate in Table A-5/X.226.

A.2.4 Boolean operators are represented by the following notation:

- & AND
- ^ NOT

OR OR

A.3 Conventions for entries in State Tables

- A.3.1 The intersection of each state and incoming event which is invalid is left blank.
- A.3.2 The intersection of each state and incoming event which is valid contains entries which are either
 - a) an action list which
 - i) may contain outgoing events and/or specific actions;
 - ii) always contains the resultant state;

or

- b) one or more conditional action lists, each consist of
 - i) a predicate expression comprising predicates and boolean operators;
 - ii) an action list (as in § A.3.2 a)).

Note - The action lists and conditional action lists use the notation in § A.2.

A.4 Actions to be taken by the PPM

The state tables define the actions to be taken by the PPM.

A.4.1 Invalid intersections

If the intersection of the state and an incoming event is invalid, one of the following actions shall be taken.

A.4.1.1 If the incoming event comes from the PS-user, any action taken by the PPM is a local matter.

Note – One reason for the request or response service primitive being invalid is that the resulting SS-user data parameter exceeds a length limit imposed by the underlying session-service. This occurrence and its resolution are local matters.

A.4.1.2 If the incoming event is related to a received PPDU or SS-provider event, the PPM shall issue an ARP PPDU (if there is an underlying session-connection) and a P-P-ABORT indication.

A.4.2 Valid intersections

If the intersection of the state and incoming event is valid, one of the following actions shall be taken.

A.4.2.1 If the intersection contains an action list, the PPM shall take the specific actions in the order specified in the state table.

A.4.2.2 If the intersection contains one or more conditional action lists, for each predicate expression that is true the PPM shall take the specific actions in the order given in the action list associated with the predicate expression. If none of the predicate expressions are true, the PPM shall take one of the actions defined in § A.4.1. The order of evaluation of the predicate expressions in different conditional action lists is determined by the order of the conditional action lists.

A.4.3 *Receipt of PPDUs*

A.4.3.1 Valid PPDUs

The PPM shall process valid PPDUs as specified in Tables A-6/X.226 to A-14/X.226. See also § 8.5.

A.4.3.2 Invalid PPDUs

If an invalid PPDU is received, the PPM shall take the actions defined in § A.4.1.2.

A.5 *Definition of sets and variables*

The following sets and variables are specified.

A.5.1 Functional units

A set of functional units used in the procedures specified in this annex is defined as

fu-dom = (CM, CR)

where

CM = Context management functional unit

CR = Context restoration functional unit

A boolean function FU is defined over fu-dom as follows

for f in fu-dom

FU(f) = true if and only if the functional unit f has been selected during the presentation-connection establishment phase.

A.5.2 Context sets

In addition to the defined context set (DCS), which is implicitly used for information transfer operations, the presentation-entity needs to be aware of the following context sets:

- a) presentation contexts proposed for addition, initiated locally;
- b) presentation contexts proposed for addition, initiated remotely;
- c) presentation contexts proposed for deletion, initiated locally;
- d) presentation contexts proposed for deletion, initiated remotely;
- e) the DCS agreed during presentation-connection establishment;
- f) the inter-activity DCS;
- g) the contents of the DCS at synchronization points.

A.5.3 Variables

A.5.3.1 aep

aep is a boolean variable having the following values:

aep = true: Activity end pending.

aep = false: Activity end not pending.

aep is set as follows:

- a) aep is set true when an S-ACTIVITY-END response service primitive has been issued but while it is still possible to receive an S-ACTIVITY-INTERRUPT indication service primitive;
- b) aep is set false during the presentation-connection establishment phase, or on receipt of any session-service indication primitive after an S-ACTIVITY-END response service primitive has been issued.

A.5.3.2 rl

rl is a boolean variable having the following values:

rl = true: Release phase started.

rl = false: Release phase not started or release has been rejected.

rl is set as follows:

- a) rl is set false during the presentation-connection establishment phase or when a P-RELEASE response or confirm negative service primitive is issued;
- b) rl is set true when a P-RELEASE request or indication service primitive has been issued.

A.5.3.3 cr

cr is a boolean variable having the following values:

- cr = true: A collision of release requests is detected.
- cr = false: There has not been a collision of release requests or the collision has been resolved.

cr is set as follows:

- a) cr is set false during the presentation-connection establishment phase, or when rl is true and a P-RELEASE response or confirm service primitive is issued;
- b) cr is set true if rl is true and a P-RELEASE request or indication service primitive is issued.

A.6 Relationship to session-service

In general, the behaviour of the PPM is specified independently of the behaviour of the session-service. That invocations of presentation-service primitives are acceptable to the PPM does not imply that the resulting session-service primitives will be acceptable to the session-service-provider.

Events shown in the Tables as generated by the session-service-provider or issued to the session-service-provider are implicitly conditional on the appropriate session functional unit being agreed at session-connection establishment.

TABLE A-1/X.226

Incoming Event List

Abbreviated Name	Category	Name and Description
AC	PPDU	ALTER CONTEXT
ACA	PPDU	ALTER CONTEXT ACKNOWLEDGE
ARP	PPDU	PROVIDER ABORT
ARU	PPDU	USER ABORT
СР	PPDU	PRESENTATION CONNECT
СРА	PPDU	PRESENTATION CONNECT ACCEPT
CPR	PPDU	PRESENTATION CONNECT REJECT
P-ACTDreq	PS primitive	P-ACTIVITY-DISCARD request
P-ACTDrsp	PS primitive	P-ACTIVITY-DISCARD response
P-ACTEreq	PS primitive	P-ACTIVITY-END request
P-ACTErsp	PS primitive	P-ACTIVITY-END response
P-ACTIreq	PS primitive	P-ACTIVITY-INTERRUPT request
P-ACTIrsp	PS primitive	P-ACTIVITY-INTERRUPT response
P-ACTRreq	PS primitive	P-ACTIVITY-RESUME request
P-ACTSreq	PS primitive	P-ACTIVITY-START request
P-ALTERreq	PS primitive	P-ALTER-CONTEXT request
P-ALTERrsp	PS primitive	P-ALTER-CONTEXT response
P-CDreq	PS primitive	P-CAPABILITY-DATA request
P-CDrsp	PS primitive	P-CAPABILITY-DATA response
P-CGreq	PS primitive	P-CONTROL-GIVE request
P-CONreq	PS primitive	P-CONNECT request
P-CONrsp+	PS primitive	P-CONNECT response accept
P-CONrsp –	PS primitive	P-CONNECT response reject
P-DTreq	PS primitive	P-DATA request
P-EXreq	PS primitive	P-EXPEDITED-DATA request
P-GTreq	PS primitive	P-TOKEN-GIVE request
P-PTreq	PS primitive	P-TOKEN-PLEASE request
P-RELreq	PS primitive	P-RELEASE request
P-RELrsp+	PS primitive	P-RELEASE response accept
P-RELrsp-	PS primitive	P-RELEASE response reject
P-RSYNreq	PS primitive	P-RESYNCHRONIZE request
P-RSYNrsp	PS primitive	P-RESYNCHRONIZE response
P-SYNMreq	PS primitive	P-SYNC-MAJOR request
P-SYNMrsp	PS primitive	P-SYNC-MAJOR response
P-SYNmreq	PS primitive	P-SYNC-MINOR request
P-SYNmrsp	PS primitive	P-SYNC-MINOR response
P-TDreq	PS primitive	P-TYPED-DATA request
P-UABreq	PS primitive	P-U-ABORT request
P-UERreq	PS primitive	P-U-EXCEPTION-REPORT request

TABLE A-1/X.226 (continued)

Incoming Event List

Abbreviated Name	Category	Name and Description
RS	PPDU	RESYNCHRONIZE
RSA	PPDU	RESYNCHRONIZE ACKNOWLEDGE
S-ACTDcnf	SS primitive	S-ACTIVITY-DISCARD confirm
S-ACTDind	SS primitive	S-ACTIVITY-DISCARD indication
S-ACTEcnf	SS primitive	S-ACTIVITY-END confirm
S-ACTEind	SS primitive	S-ACTIVITY-END indication
S-ACTIcnf	SS primitive	S-ACTIVITY-INTERRUPT confirm
S-ACTIind	SS primitive	S-ACTIVITY-INTERRUPT indication
S-ACTRind	SS primitive	S-ACTIVITY-RESUME indication
S-ACTSind	SS primitive	S-ACTIVITY-START indication
S-CGind	SS primitive	S-CONTROL-GIVE indication
S-CONcnf-	SS primitive	S-CONNECT confirm reject (provider)
S-GTind	SS primitive	S-TOKEN-GIVE indication
S-P-ABind	SS primitive	S-P-ABORT indication
S-PERind	SS primitive	S-P-EXCEPTION-REPORT indication
S-PTind	SS primitive	S-TOKEN-PLEASE indication
S-RELcnf+	SS primitive	S-RELEASE confirm accept
S-RELcnf-	SS primitive	S-RELEASE confirm reject
S-RELind	SS primitive	S-RELEASE indication
S-RSYNcnf	SS primitive	S-RESYNCHRONIZE confirm
S-RSYNind	SS primitive	S-RESYNCHRONIZE indication
S-SYNMenf	SS primitive	S-SYNC-MAJOR confirm
S-SYNMind	SS primitive	S-SYNC-MAJOR indication
S-SYNmcnf	SS primitive	S-SYNC-MINOR confirm
S-SYNmind	SS primitive	S-SYNC-MINOR indication
S-UERind	SS primitive	S-U-EXCEPTION-REPORT indication
TC	PPDU	CAPABILITY DATA
TCC	PPDU	CAPABILITY DATA ACKNOWLEDGE
TD	PPDU	DATA
TE	PPDU	EXPEDITED DATA
TTD	PPDU	TYPED DATA

TABLE A-2/X.226

States

Abbreviated Name	Name and Description		
STAI0	idle – no connection		
STAI1	await CPA PPDU		
STAI2	await P-CONNECT response		
STAt0	connected – data transfer		
STAac0	await ACA PPDU		
STAac1	await P-ALTER-CONTEXT response		
STAac2	await ACA PPDU or P-ALTER-CONTEXT response		

TABLE A-3/X.226

Outgoing Event List

Abbreviated Name	Category	Name and Description
AC	PPDU	ALTER CONTEXT
ACA	PPDU	ALTER CONTEXT ACKNOWLEDGE
ARP	PPDU	PROVIDER ABORT
ARU	PPDU	USER ABORT
СР	PPDU	PRESENTATION CONNECT
СРА	PPDU	PRESENTATION CONNECT ACCEPT
CPR	PPDU	PRESENTATION CONNECT REJECT
P-ACTDcnf	PS primitive	P-ACTIVITY-DISCARD confirm
P-ACTDind	PS primitive	P-ACTIVITY-DISCARD indication
P-ACTEcnf	PS primitive	P-ACTIVITY-END confirm
P-ACTEind	PS primitive	P-ACTIVITY-END indication
P-ACTIcnf	PS primitive	P-ACTIVITY-INTERRUPT confirm
P-ACTIind	PS primitive	P-ACTIVITY-INTERRUPT indication
P-ACTRind	PS primitive	P-ACTIVITY-RESUME indication
P-ACTSind	PS primitive	P-ACTIVITY-START indication
P-ALTERcnf	PS primitive	P-ALTER-CONTEXT confirm
P-ALTERind	PS primitive	P-ALTER-CONTEXT indication
P-CDcnf	PS primitive	P-CAPABILITY-DATA confirm
P-CDind	PS primitive	P-CAPABILITY-DATA indication
P-CGind	PS primitive	P-CONTROL-GIVE indication
P-CONcnf+	PS primitive	P-CONNECT confirm accept
P-CONcnf-	PS primitive	P-CONNECT confirm reject
P-CONind	PS primitive	P-CONNECT indication
P-DTind	PS primitive	P-DATA indication
P-EXind	PS primitive	P-EXPEDITED-DATA indication
P-GTind	PS primitive	P-TOKEN-GIVE indication
P-PABind	PS primitive	P-P-ABORT indication
P-PERind	PS primitive	P-P-EXCEPTION-REPORT indication
P-PTind	PS primitive	P-TOKEN-PLEASE indication
P-RELcnf+	PS primitive	P-RELEASE confirm accept
P-RELcnf~	PS primitive	P-RELEASE confirm reject
P-RELind	PS primitive	P-RELEASE indication
P-RSYNcnf	PS primitive	P-RESYNCHRONIZE confirm
P-RSYNind	PS primitive	P-RESYNCHRONIZE indication
P-SYNMenf	PS primitive	P-SYNC-MAJOR confirm
P-SYNMind	PS primitive	P-SYNC-MAJOR indication
P-SYNmenf	PS primitive	P-SYNC-MINOR confirm
P-SYNmind	PS primitive	P-SYNC-MINOR indication
P-TDind	PS primitive	P-TYPED-DATA indication
P-UABind	PS primitive	P-U-ABORT indication
P-UERind	PS primitive	P-U-EXCEPTION-REPORT indication

TABLE A-3/X.226 (continued)

Outgoing Event List

Abbreviated	Category	Name and Description
RS	PPDU	RESYNCHRONIZE
RSA	PPDU	RESYNCHRONIZE acknowledge
S-ACTDreg	SS primitive	S-ACTIVITY-DISCARD request
S-ACTDrsp	SS primitive	S-ACTIVITY-DISCARD response
S-ACTEreq	SS primitive	S-ACTIVITY-END request
S-ACTErsp	SS primitive	S-ACTIVITY-END response
S-ACTIreq	SS primitive	S-ACTIVITY-INTERRUPT request
S-ACTIrsp	SS primitive	S-ACTIVITY-INTERRUPT response
S-ACTRreq	SS primitive	S-ACTIVITY-RESUME request
S-ACTSreq	SS primitive	S-ACTIVITY-START request
S-CGreq	SS primitive	S-CONTROL-GIVE request
S-GTreq	SS primitive	S-TOKEN-GIVE request
S-PTreq	SS primitive	S-TOKEN-PLEASE request
S-RELreq	SS primitive	S-RELEASE request
S-RELrsp+	SS primitive	S-RELEASE response accept
S-RELrsp-	SS primitive	S-RELEASE response reject
S-RSYNreq	SS primitive	S-RESYNCHRONIZE request
S-RSYNrsp	SS primitive	S-RESYNCHRONIZE response
S-SYNMreq	SS primitive	S-SYNCHRONIZE-MAJOR request
S-SYNMrsp	SS primitive	S-SYNCHRONIZE-MAJOR response
S-SYNmreq	SS primitive	S-SYNCHRONIZE-MINOR request
S-SYNmrsp	SS primitive	S-SYNCHRONIZE-MINOR response
S-UERreq	SS primitive	S-U-EXCEPTION-REPORT request
TC	PPDU	CAPABILITY DATA
TTC	PPDU	CAPABILITY DATA ACKNOWLEDGE
TD	PPDU	DATA
TE	PPDU	EXPEDITED DATA
TTD	PPDU	P-TYPED DATA

TABLE A-4/X.226

Specific Actions

Code	Action
[01]	Mark presentation contexts proposed for definition which provider cannot support as "provider-rejection".
[02]	Set cr and rl to FALSE.
[03]	Record abstract and transfer syntaxes for the presentation contexts of the agreed DCS and for the default context.
[04]	Propose at least one transfer syntax for each presentation context.
[05]	Propose a transfer syntax for the default context if one is named in the request service primitive.
[06]	Select one transfer syntax for each presentation context agreed for definition and include the agreed presentation contexts in the DCS.
[07]	Set rl to TRUE.
[08]	If rl is TRUE then set cr to TRUE.
[09]	 If aep is TRUE then: a) set aep to FALSE; and b) if FU(CR) is TRUE then the synchronization points associated with the last activity no longer have associated DCSs.
[10]	Record selected transfer syntax for each new presentation context and include new presentation contexts in the DCS.
[11]	Remove the presentation contexts agreed for deletion from the DCS.
[12]	Record FU(f) for f in fu-dom according to the presentation requirements in the CPA PPDU.
[13]	If FU(CR) then associate the DCS with the syncpoint identifier.
[14]	If FU(CR) and an activity is in progress, set the DCS to the inter-activity DCS.
[15]	Set aep to TRUE.
[16]	Set the DCS to that associated with the syncpoint identifier.
[17]	If FU(CR) then remember the DCS as the inter-activity DCS.
[18]	Set the DCS to that agreed during presentation-connection establishment.
[19]	Eliminate any associations between syncpoint serial number and the DCS for the current activity.
[20]	Set aep to FALSE.
[21]	Set the DCS as specified by the Presentation context identifier list parameter of the PPDU.
[22]	If FU(CR), then eliminate any associations between syncpoint identifiers and DCSs.

TABLE A-5/X.226

Predicates

Code	Meaning
p01	The presentation-connection is acceptable to the PPM (local matter).
p02	If present, the named default context can be supported.
p03	Each presentation data value is from a presentation context of the DCS proposed in the presentation-connection establishment, or from the default context if this DCS is empty.
p04	Each presentation data value is from presentation contexts of the DCS being accepted in the presentation-connection establishment, or from the default context if this DCS is empty.
p05	Each presentation data value is from presentation contexts of the DCS, or from the default context if the DCS is empty.
p06	Each presentation data value is from presentation contexts of the DCS not proposed for deletion from the DCS by the peer PPM.
p07	Each presentation data value is from presentation contexts of the DCS not proposed for deletion from the DCS by the local PPM.
p08	The value of cr is TRUE.
p09	Each presentation data value if from presentation contexts of the DCS not accepted for deletion from the DCS, or from presentation contexts accepted for addition to the DCS, or if no such presentation contexts are available, from the default context.
p11	FU(CM) is TRUE.
p13	Each presentation data value is from the default context.
p14	FU(CM) is false, or FU(CM) is true and typed data functional unit was selected as a User session requirement.
p15	Each presentation data value is from presentation contexts of the DCS which was agreed during presentation-connection establishment, or from the default context if this DCS is empty.
p16	Each presentation data value is from presentation contexts of the DCS associated with the pair of Old activity identifier and Synchronization point serial number parameter values or from the default context when this DCS is empty.
p17	FU(CR) is TRUE.
p18	Each presentation date value is in presentation contexts of the DCS associated with the syncpoint identifier or from the default context if this DCS is empty.
p19	Either no syncpoint identifier is associated with a DCS or the resync identifier is not associated with a DCS and is greater than the lowest syncpoint identifier which has an associated DCS.
p20	The PPDU contains a Presentation context identifier list parameter.
p21	Each presentation data value is from presentation contexts specified in the PPDU, or from the default context if no presentation contexts are specified in the PPDU.
p22	For each presentation data value, an instance (chosen as a local matter) of encoding is supported by the PPM.
p23	For each presentation data value the encoding is supported by the PPM.
p24	Each presentation data value is from presentation contexts of the DCS, or from presentation contexts proposed for addition to the DCS by the local PPM, or from the default context if either the DCS is empty or all presentation contexts of the DCS were proposed for deletion by the local PPM.
p25	Each presentation data value is from presentation contexts of the DCS not proposed for deletion by the peer PPM or from presentation contexts proposed for addition to the DCS by the local PPM.
p26	The syncpoint identifier has an associated DCS.
p27	Old session connection identifier parameter present.
p28	There is a DCS associated with the pair of Old activity identifier and Synchronization point serial number parameters values.

TABLE A-6/X.226

Connexion Establishment

	STAI0 idle no connection	STAI1 await CPA	STAI2 await P-CONrsp
P-CONreq	p02 & p03 [04] [05] [02] [20] CP STAI1		
СР	p01 & p02 & p03 & p22 [01] [02] [20] P-CONind STAI2 ^p01 OR ^p02 OR ^p22 [01] CPR STAI0		
P-CONrsp+			p04 [06] [12] CPA STAt0
СРА		p04 [03] [12] P-CONcnf + STAt0	
P-CONrsp –			p04 [06] CPR STAI0
CPR		p04 P-CONcnf – STAI0	
S-CONcnf-		P-CONcnf – STAI0	

TABLE A-7/X.226

Connection release (normal)

<u> </u>				
	STAac0	STAac1	STAac2	STAt0
	await	await	await ACA or	connected – data
	ACA	P-ALTERrsp	P-ALTERrsp	transfer
P-RELreq	p07	p05	p07	p05
	[08] [07]	[08] [07]	[08] [07]	[08] [07]
	S-RELreq	S-RELreq	S-RELreq	S-RELreq
	STAac0	STAac1	STAac2	STAt0
S-RELind	p05	p06	p06	p05
	[08] [07]	[08] [07]	[08] [07]	[08] [07]
	P-RELind	P-RELind	P-RELind	P-RELind
	STAac0	STAac1	STAac2	STAt0
P-RELrsp+	p07 & ^p08	p05 & ^p08	p07 & ^p08	p05 & `p08
	S-RELrsp +	S-RELrsp +	S-RELrsp +	S-RELrsp +
	STAI0	STAI0	STAI0	STA10
	p07 & p08	p05 & p08	p07 & p08	p05 & p08
	[02]	[02]	[02]	[02]
	S-RELrsp +	S-RELrsp +	S-RELrsp +	S-RELrsp +
	STAt0	STAt0	STAt0	STAt0
S-RELcnf+	p05 & ^p08	p06 & ^p08	p06 & ^p08	p05 & ^p08
	P-RELcnf+	P-RELcnf +	P-RELcnf +	P-RELcnf +
	STAI0	STAI0	STAI0	STAI0
	p05 & p08	p06 & p08	p06 & p08	p05 & p08
	[02]	[02]	[02]	[02]
	P-RELcnf+	P-RELcnf +	P-RELcnf +	P-RELcnf +
	STAt0	STAt0	STAt0	STAt0
P-RELrsp	p07	p05	p07	p05
	[02]	[02]	[02]	[02]
	S-RELrsp –	S-RELrsp	S-RELrsp –	S-RELrsp –
	STAac0	STAac1	STAac2	STAt0
S-RELcnf –	p05	p06	p06	p05
	[02]	[02]	[02]	[02]
	P-RELcnf	P-RELcnf –	P-RELcnf –	P-RELcnf —
	STAac0	STAac1	STAac2	STAt0

TABLE A-8/X.226

Connection release (abort)

	STAI1	STA12	STAac0	STAac1	STAac2	STAt0
	await	await	await	await	await ACA or	connected – data
	CPA	P-COMrsp	ACA	P-ALTERrsp	P-ALTERrsp	transfer
P-UABreq	p03	p03	p07	p05	p07	p05
	ARU	ARU	ARU	ARU	ARU	ARU
	STAI0	STAI0	STAI0	STAI0	STAI0	STAI0
ARU	p03 & p21	p03 & p21 & p23	p21 & p24	p06 & p21	p21 & p25	p05 & p21
	P-UABind	P-UABind	P-UABind	P-UABind	P-UABind	P-UABind
	STAI0	STAI0	STAI0	STAI0	STAI0	STAI0
ARP	P-PABind	P-PABind	P-PABind	P-PABind	P-PABind	P-PABind
	STAI0	STAI0	STAI0	STAI0	STAI0	STAI0
S-PABind	P-PABind	P-PABind	P-PABind	P-PABind	P-PABind	P-PABind
	STAI0	STAI0	STAI0	STAI0	STAI0	STAI0

TABLE A-9/X.226

Context Management

	STAac0 await ACA	STAac1 await P-ALTERrsp	STAac2 await ACA or P-ALTERrsp	STAt0 connected – data transfer
P-ALTERreq		p05 [04] AC STAac2		p05 & p11 [04] AC STAac0
AC	p06 [01] P-ALTERind STAac2			p05 & p11 [01] [09] P-ALTERind STAac1
P-ALTERrsp		p09 [06] [11] ACA STAt0	p09 [06] [11] ACA STAac0	
ACA	p09 [10] [11] P-ALTERenf STAt0		p09 & p06 [10] [11] P-ALTERcnf STAac1	

Fascicle VIII.5 – Rec. X.226

57

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TABLE A-10/X.226

Data Transfer

	STAac0	STAac1	STAac2	STAt0
	await	await	await ACA or	connected – data
	ACA	P-ALTERrsp	P-ALTERrsp	transfer
P-DTreq	p07	p05	p07	p05
	TD	TD	TD	TD
	STAac0	STAac1	STAac2	STAt0
TD	p05 P-DTind STAac0	p06 P-DTind STAac1	p06 P-DTind STAac2	p05 [09] P-DTind STAt0
P-TDreq	p07 & p14	p05 & p14	p07 & p14	p05 & p14
	TTD	TTD	TTD	TTD
	STAac0	STAac1	STAac2	STAt0
TTD	p05 & p14 P-TDind STAac0	p06 & p14 P-TDind STAaci	p06 & p14 P-TDind STAac2	p05 & p14 [09] P-TDind STAt0
P-EXreq	p13	p13	p13	p13
	TE	TE	TE	TE
	STAac0	STAac1	STAac2	STAt0
TE	p13 P-EXind STAac0	p13 P-EXind STAac1	p13 P-EXind STAac2	p13 [09] P-EXind STAt0
P-CDreq	p07	p05	p07	p05
	TC	TC	TC	TC
	STAac0	STAac1	STAac2	STAt0
тс	p05 P-CDind STAac0	p06 P-CDind STAac1	p06 P-CDind STAac2	p05 [09] P-CDind STAt0
P-CDrsp	p07	p05	p07	p05
	TCC	TCC	TCC	TCC
	STAac0	STAac1	STAac2	STAt0
тсс	p05	p06	p06	p05
	P-CDcnf	P-CDcnf	P-CDcnf	P-CDcnf
	STAac0	STAac1	STAac2	STAt0

TABLE A-11/X.226

Token Handling

	STAac0	STAac1	STAac2	STAt0
	await	await	await ACA or	connected – data
	ACA	P-ALTERrsp	P-ALTERrsp	transfer
P-GTreq	S-GTreq	S-GTreq	S-GTreq	S-GTreq
	STAac0	STAac1	STAac2	STAt0
S-GTind	P-GTind STAac0	P-GTind STAac1	P-GTind STAac2	[09] P-GTind STAt0
P-PTreq	p07	p05	p07	p05
	S-PTreq	S-PTreq	S-PTreq	S-PTreq
	STAac0	STAac1	STAac2	STAt0
S-PTind	p05 P-PTind STAac0	p06 P-PTind STAac1	p06 P-PTind STAac2	p05 [09] P-PTind STAt0
P-CGreq	S-CGreq	S-CGreq	S-CGreq	S-CGreq
	STAac0	STAac1	STAac2	STAt0
S-CGind	P-CGind STAac0	P-CGind STAac1	P-CGind STAac2	[09] P-CGind STAt0

TABLE A-12/X.226

Synchronization

	STAac0	STAac1	STAac2	STAt0
	await	await	await ACA or	connected – data
	ACA	P-ALTERrsp	P-ALTERrsp	transfer
P-SYNmreq	^p17 & p07 S-SYNmreq STAac0	p05 S-SYNmreq [13] STAac1	^p17 & p07 S-SYNmreq STAac2	p05 S-SYNmreq [13] STAt0
P-SYNmind	p05 P-SYNmind [13] STAac0	^p17 & p06 P-SYNmind STAac1	^p17 & p06 P-SYNmind STAac2	p05 P-SYNmind [13] STAt0
P-SYNmrsp	p07	p05	p07	p05
	S-SYNmrsp	S-SYNmrsp	S-SYNmrsp	S-SYNmrsp
	STAac0	STAac1	STAac2	STAt0
S-SYNmenf	p05	p06	p06	p05
	P-SYNmcnf	P-SYNmcnf	P-SYNmcnf	P-SYNmcnf
	STAac0	STAac1	STAac2	STAt0
P-SYNMreq	^p17 & p07	p05	`p17 & p07	p05
	S-SYNMreq	S-SYNMreq	S-SYNMreq	S-SYNMreq
	STAac0	STAac1	STAac2	STAt0
S-SYNMind	p05	^p17 & p06	^p17 & p06	p05
	P-SYNMind	P-SYNMind	P-SYNMind	P-SYNMind
	STAac0	STAaci	STAac2	STAt0
P-SYNMrsp	p07 S-SYNMrsp [22] [13] STAac0	^p17 & p05 S-SYNMrsp STAac1	^p17 & p07 S-SYNMrsp STAac2	p05 S-SYNmrsp [22] [13] STAt0
S-SYNcnf	^p17 & p05 P-SYNMcnf STAac0	p06 P-SYNMcnf [22] [13] STAac1	[°] p17 & p06 P-SYNMcnf STAac2	p05 P-SYNMcnf [22] [13] STAt0

TABLE A-13/X.226

Activity Management and Exception Handling

	STAac0 await ACA	STAac1 await P-ALTERrsp	STAac2 await ACA or P-ALTERrsp	STAt0 connected – data transfer
P-ACTSreq	^p17 & p07 S-ACTSreq STAac0	p05 [17] S-ACTSreq STAac1	[^] p17 & p07 S-ACTSreq STAac2	p05 [17] S-ACTSreq STAt0
S-ACTSind	p05 [09] [17] P-ACTSind STAac0	[^] p17 & p06 P-ACTSind STAac1	[^] p17 & p06 P-ACTSind STAac2	p05 [09] [17] P-ACTSind STAt0
P-ACTEreq	°p17 & p07 S-ACTEreq STAac0	p05 S-ACTEreq STAaci	[^] p17 & p07 S-ACTEreq STAac2	p05 S-ACTEreq STAt0
S-ACTEind	p05 P-ACTEind STAac0	[^] p17 & p06 P-ACTEind STAac1	[^] p17 & p06 P-ACTEind STAac2	p05 P-ACTEind STAt0
P-ACTErsp	p07 [14] [15] S-ACTErsp STAac0	(°p17 & p05 S-ACTErsp STAac1	^p17 & p07 S-ACTErsp STAac2	p05 [14] [15] S-ACTErsp STAt0
S-ACTEcnf	^p17 & p05 P-ACTEcnf STAac0	p06 [14] [19] P-ACTEcnf STAac1	[°] p17 & p06 P-ACTEcnf STAac2	p05 [14] [19] P-ACTEcnf STAt0
P-ACTIreq	S-ACTIreq STAt0	S-ACTIreq STAt0	S-ACTIreq STAt0	S-ACTIreq STAt0
S-ACTIind	[20] P-ACTIind STAt0	[20] P-ACTIind STAt0	[20] P-ACTIind STAt0	[20] P-ACTIind STAt0
P-ACTIrsp				[14] S-ACTIrsp STAt0
S-ACTIcnf				[14] P-ACTIcnf STAt0
P-ACTRreq	[^] p17 & p07 S-ACTRreq STAac0	(^p17 OR p27 OR ^p28) & p05 S-ACTRreq STAac1 ^p27 & p28 & p17 & p16 [17] [16] S-ACTRreq STAac1	°p17 & p07 S-ACTRreq STAac2	(^p17 OR p27 OR ^p28) & p05 S-ACTRreq STAt0 ^p27 & p28 & p17 & p16 [17] [16] S-ACTRreq STAt0
S-ACTRind	(^p17 OR p27 OR ^p28) & p05 [09] P-ACTRind STAac0 ^p27 & p28 & p17 & p16 [09] [17] [16] P-ACTRind STAac0	[°] p17 & p06 P-ACTRind STAac1	ûp17 & p06 P-ACTRind STAac2	(^p17 OR p27 OR ^p28) & p05 [09] P-ACTRind STAt0 ^p27 & p28 & p17 & p16 [09] [17] [16] P-ACTRind STAt0

TABLE A-13/X.226 (continued)

Activity Management and Exception Handling

	STAac0 await ACA	STAac1 await P-ALTERrsp	STAac2 await ACA or P-ALTERrsp	STAt0 connected – data transfer
P-ACTDreq	S-ACTDreq	S-ACTDreq	S-ACTDreq	S-ACTDreq
	STAt0	STAt0	STAt0	STAt0
S-ACTDind	[09]	[09]	[09]	[09]
	P-ACTDind	P-ACTDind	P-ACTDind	P-ACTDind
	STAt0	STAt0	STAt0	STAt0
P-ACTDrsp				[14] [19] S-ACTDrsp STAt0
S-ACTDenf				[14] [19] P-ACTDenf STAt0
P-UERreq	p07	p05	p07	p05
	S-UERreq	S-UERreq	S-UERreq	S-UERreq
	STAt0	STAt0	STAt0	STAt0
S-UERind	p05	p06	p06	p05
	P-UERind	P-UERind	P-UERind	P-UERind
	STAt0	STAt0	STAt0	STAt0
S-PERind	P-PERind	P-PERind	P-PERind	P-PERind
	STAt0	STAt0	STAt0	STAt0

TABLE A-14/X.226

Resynchronization

1	STAac0 await ACA	STAac1 await P-ALTERrsp	STAac2 await ACA or P-ALTERrsp	STAt0 connected data transfer
P-RSYNreq				^p11 & p05 RS STAt0
	^p17 & p07 RS STAt0	^p17 & p05 RS STAt0	^p17 & p07 RS STAt0	p11 & ^p17 & p05 RS STA(0
	p17 & p19 & p07 RS STAt0	p17 & p19 & p05 RS STAt0	p17 & p19 & p07 RS STAt0	p11 & p17 & p19 & p05 RS STA:0
	p17 & p26 & p18 RS STAt0	p17 & p26 & p18 RS STAt0	p17 & p26 & p18 RS STAt0	p11 & p17 & p26 & p18 RS STA:0
	p17 & ^p19 & ^p26 & p15 [18] RS STAt0	p17 & ^p19 & ^p26 & p15 [18] RS STAt0	p17 & ^p19 & ^p26 & p15 [18] RS STAt0	p11 & p17 & ^p19 & ^p26 & p15 [18] RS STA:0
RS				^p11 & p05 P-RSYNind STA10
	^p17 & p21 [21] P-RSYNind STAt0	^p17 & p21 P-RSYNind STAt0	[°] p17 & p21 [21] P-RSYNind STAt0	p11 & ^p17 & p21 P-RSYNind STA0
	p17 & p19 & p21 [21] P-RSYNind	p17 & p19 & p21 P-RSYNind	p17 & p19 & p21 [21] P-RSYNind	p11 & p17 & p19 & p21 P-RSYNind
	STAt0 p17 & p26 & p18 [16] P-RSYNind STAt0	STAt0 p17 & p26 & p18 [16] P-RSYNind STAt0	STAt0 p17 & p26 & p18 [16] P-RSYNind STAt0	STA10 p11 & p17 & p26 & p18 [16] P-RSY Nind STA10
	p17 & ^p19 & ^p26 & p15 [18] P-RSYNind STAt0	p17 & ^p19 & ^p26 & p15 [18] P-RSYNind STAt0	p17 & ^p19 & ^p26 & p15 [18] P-RSYNind STAt0	p11 & p17 & ^p19 & ^p26 & p15 [18] P-RSYNind STA(0
P-RSYNrsp				^p11 & p05 RSA STA:0
				p11 & ^p17 & p05 RSA STA:0
				p11 & p17 & p19 & p05 RSA STAt0
				p11 & p17 & p26 & p05 RSA STAt0
				p11 & p17 & ^p19 & ^p26 & p05 RSA STAt0

TABLE A-14/X.226 (continued)

Resynchronization

	STAac0 await ACA	STAac1 await P-ALTERrsp	STAac2 await ACA or P-ALTERrsp	STAt0 connected – data transfer
RSA				^p11 & p05 P-RSYNcnf STAt0 p11 & ^p17 & p21 [21] P-RSYNcnf STAt0
				p11 & p17 & p19 & p21 [21] P-RSYNenf STAt0 p11 & p17 & p26 & p05 P-RSYNenf STAt0
				p11 & p17 & ^p19 & ^p26 & p05 P-RSYNcnf STAt0

Appendix I

(to Recommendation X.226)

Differences between Recommendation X.226

and ISO International Standard 8823

I.1 Recommendation X.226 contains no statement concerning the relative precedence of any section or annex. ISO/IEC JTC 1 has indicated its intention to add a statement, prior to publication of ISO 8823, concerning precedence.

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