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SERIES Q: SWITCHING AND SIGNALLING

Q3 interface

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**Stage 2 and stage 3 description for the Q3  
interface – Customer administration: Enhanced  
broadband switch management**

ITU-T Recommendation Q.824.7

(Formerly CCITT Recommendation)

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*For further details, please refer to the list of ITU-T Recommendations.*

## **ITU-T Recommendation Q.824.7**

### **Stage 2 and stage 3 description for the Q3 interface – Customer administration: Enhanced broadband switch management**

#### **Summary**

This Recommendation specifies the Q3 interface between an ATM switch with enhanced functionality and the Telecommunications Management Network (TMN). The interface specified is that between TMN Network Elements or Q-Adapters which interface to TMN Operations Systems (OSs) without mediation and between OSs and Mediation Devices, as defined in ITU-T Recommendation M.3010.

The scope of this Recommendation includes the management of switched VPs as defined in ITU-T Recommendations Q.2766.1 and Q.2934 and of soft PVCs as defined in ITU-T Recommendation Q.2767.1.

#### **Source**

ITU-T Recommendation Q.824.7 was prepared by ITU-T Study Group 4 (1997-2000) and approved under the WTSC Resolution 1 procedure on 4 February 2000.

## FOREWORD

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The World Telecommunication Standardization Conference (WTSC), which meets every four years, establishes the topics for study by the ITU-T study groups which, in turn, produce Recommendations on these topics.

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In some areas of information technology which fall within ITU-T's purview, the necessary standards are prepared on a collaborative basis with ISO and IEC.

## NOTE

In this Recommendation, the expression "Administration" is used for conciseness to indicate both a telecommunication administration and a recognized operating agency.

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## ITU-T Recommendation Q.824.7

### Stage 2 and stage 3 description for the Q3 interface – Customer administration: Enhanced broadband switch management

#### 1 Purpose and Scope

This Recommendation specifies the Q3 interface between an ATM switch with enhanced functionality and the Telecommunications Management Network (TMN). The interface specified is that between TMN Network Elements or Q-Adapters which interface to TMN Operations Systems (OSs) without mediation and between OSs and Mediation Devices, as defined in ITU-T Recommendation M.3010 [5].

The scope of this Recommendation includes the management of switched VPs as defined in ITU-T Recommendations Q.2766.1 [8] and Q.2934 [11] and of soft PVCs as defined in ITU-T Recommendation Q.2767.1 [9]. The associated management for customer administration and for call routing is also within the scope of this Recommendation. The object model in this Recommendation is based on and extends the model in ITU-T Recommendation Q.824.6 [12].

The definition of the functionality of TMN Operations Systems is outside the scope of this Recommendation. Security management is also outside the scope of this Recommendation.

Existing protocols are used where possible, and the focus of the work is on defining the object model.

#### 2 References

The following ITU-T Recommendations and other references contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this Recommendation. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All Recommendations and other references are subject to revision; all users of this Recommendation are therefore encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent edition of the Recommendations and other references listed below. A list of the currently valid ITU-T Recommendations is regularly published.

- [1] ITU-T Recommendation I.311 (1996), *B-ISDN general network aspects*.
- [2] ITU-T Recommendation I.363.5 (1996), *B-ISDN ATM Adaptation Layer (AAL) specification: Type 5 AAL*.
- [3] ITU-T Recommendation I.610 (1999), *B-ISDN operation and maintenance principles and functions*.
- [4] ITU-T Recommendation I.751 (1996), *Asynchronous transfer mode management of the network element view*.
- [5] ITU-T Recommendation M.3010 (2000), *Principles for a telecommunications management network*.
- [6] ITU-T Recommendation M.3100 (1995), *Generic network information model*.
- [7] ITU-T Recommendations Q.2761 (1999), Q.2762 (1999), Q.2763 (1999), Q.2764 (1999), *B-ISDN User Part (B-ISUP) of Signalling System No. 7*.
- [8] ITU-T Recommendation Q.2766.1 (1998), *Switched virtual path capability*.
- [9] ITU-T Recommendation Q.2767.1 (2000), *Soft PVC capability*.

- [10] ITU-T Recommendation Q.2931 (1995), *Digital Subscriber Signalling System No. 2 – User-Network Interface (UNI) layer 3 specification for basic call/connection control.*
- [11] ITU-T Recommendation Q.2934 (1998), *Digital subscriber signalling system No. 2 – Switched virtual path capability.*
- [12] ITU-T Recommendation Q.824.6 (1998), *Broadband Switch Management.*
- [13] CCITT Recommendation X.720 (1992) | ISO/IEC 10165-1:1992, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Structure of management information: Management information model.*
- [14] CCITT Recommendation X.721 (1992) | ISO/IEC 10165-2:1992, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Structure of management information: Definition of management information.*
- [15] CCITT Recommendation X.731 (1992) | ISO/IEC 10164-2:1992, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Systems management: State management function.*
- [16] CCITT Recommendation X.732 (1992) | ISO/IEC 10164-3:1992, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Systems management: Attributes for representing relationships.*

### 3 Definitions, abbreviations and conventions

#### 3.1 Definitions

This Recommendation defines the following terms:

**3.1.1 permanent VCC:** A permanent VCC is a virtual circuit connection which is established by configuration management, not by on-demand call control.

**3.1.2 soft PVC:** A connection which is provisioned via management at the soft PVC Calling Endpoint (at the source interface) and established by signalling procedures across a network to the soft PVC Called Endpoint (at the destination interface).

**3.1.3 virtual channel trail:** This corresponds to a VCC in standard ATM terminology.

**3.1.4 virtual channel trail termination point:** This corresponds to the end point of a VCC and marks the extremity of an end-to-end F5 OAM flow.

**3.1.5 virtual channel connection termination point:** This corresponds to an intermediate point of a VCC and may mark the extremity of a segment F5 OAM flow.

**3.1.6 virtual path trail:** This corresponds to a VPC in standard ATM terminology.

**3.1.7 virtual path trail termination point:** This corresponds to the end point of a VPC and marks the extremity of an end-to-end F4 OAM flow.

**3.1.8 virtual path connection termination point:** This corresponds to an intermediate point of a VPC and may mark the extremity of a segment F4 OAM flow.

In addition, this Recommendation uses terms defined in ITU-T Recommendations:

**3.1.9 F4 OAM flow:** See ITU-T I.610 [3].

**3.1.10 F5 OAM flow:** See ITU-T I.610 [3].

**3.1.11 soft PVC called endpoint:** See ITU-T Q.2767.1 [9].

**3.1.12 soft PVC calling endpoint:** See ITU-T Q.2767.1 [9].

**3.1.13 trail termination point:** See ITU-T M.3100 [6].

- 3.1.14 virtual channel:** See ITU-T I.311 [1].
- 3.1.15 virtual channel connection:** See ITU-T I.311 [1].
- 3.1.16 virtual path:** See ITU-T I.311 [1].
- 3.1.17 virtual path connection:** See ITU-T I.311 [1].

## **3.2 Abbreviations**

This Recommendation uses the following abbreviations:

AAL	ATM Adaptation Layer
AIS	Alarm Indication Signal
ASN.1	Abstract Syntax Notation One
ATM	Asynchronous Transfer Mode
ERD	Entity Relationship Diagram
GDMO	Guidelines for the Definition of Managed Objects
MIB	Management Information Base
MOC	Managed Object Class
NNI	Network-Network Interface
OAM	Operations, Administration and Maintenance
OS	Operations System
PVC	Permanent Virtual Connection
PVCC	Permanent Virtual Channel Connection
PVPC	Permanent Virtual Path Connection
RDI	Remote Defect Indication
RDN	Relative Distinguished Name
SDH	Synchronous Digital Hierarchy
SVP	Switched Virtual Path
TMN	Telecommunications Management Network
TTP	Trail Termination Point
UNI	User-Network Interface
VC	Virtual Channel
VCC	Virtual Channel Connection
VCI	Virtual Channel Identifier
VP	Virtual Path
VPC	Virtual Path Connection
VPCI	Virtual Path Connection Identifier
VPI	Virtual Path Identifier

### 3.3 Conventions

Objects and their characteristics and associated ASN.1 defined here are given names with capitals used to indicate the start of the next word and acronyms are treated as if they were words.

Throughout this Recommendation, all new attributes are named according to the following guidelines:

- The name of an attribute ends in the string "Ptr" if and only if the attribute value is intended to identify a single object.
- The name of an attribute ends in the string "PtrList" if and only if the attribute value is intended to identify one or more objects.
- The name of an attribute is composed of the name of an object class followed by the string "Ptr" if and only if the attribute value is intended to identify a specific object class.
- If an attribute is intended to identify different object classes, a descriptive name is given to that attribute and a description is provided in the attribute behaviour.
- The name of an attribute ends in the string "Id" if and only if the attribute value is intended to identify the name of an object, in which case this attribute should be the first one listed, should use ASN.1 NameType and should not be used to convey other information.
- The name of an attribute is composed of the name of an object class followed by the string "Id" if and only if the attribute value is intended to identify the name of the object class holding that attribute.

## 4 General overview

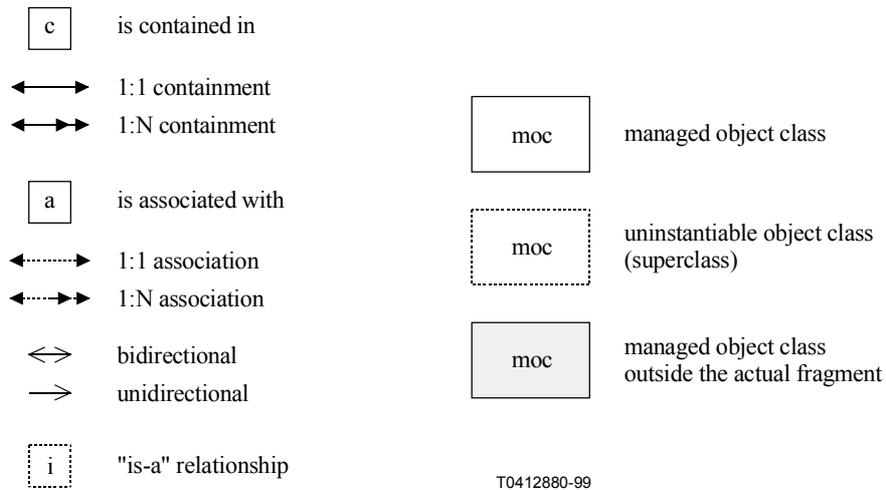
The following information model diagrams have been drawn for the purpose of clarifying the relations between the different object classes of the model.

- 1) Entity Relationship Models showing the relations of the different managed objects.
- 2) Inheritance Hierarchy showing how managed objects are derived from each other (i.e. the different paths of inherited characteristics of the different managed objects).

These diagrams are only for clarification. The formal specification in terms of GDMO templates and ASN.1 type definitions are the relevant information for implementations.

## 4.1 Entity relationship models

The following conventions are used in the diagrams (see Figure 1):

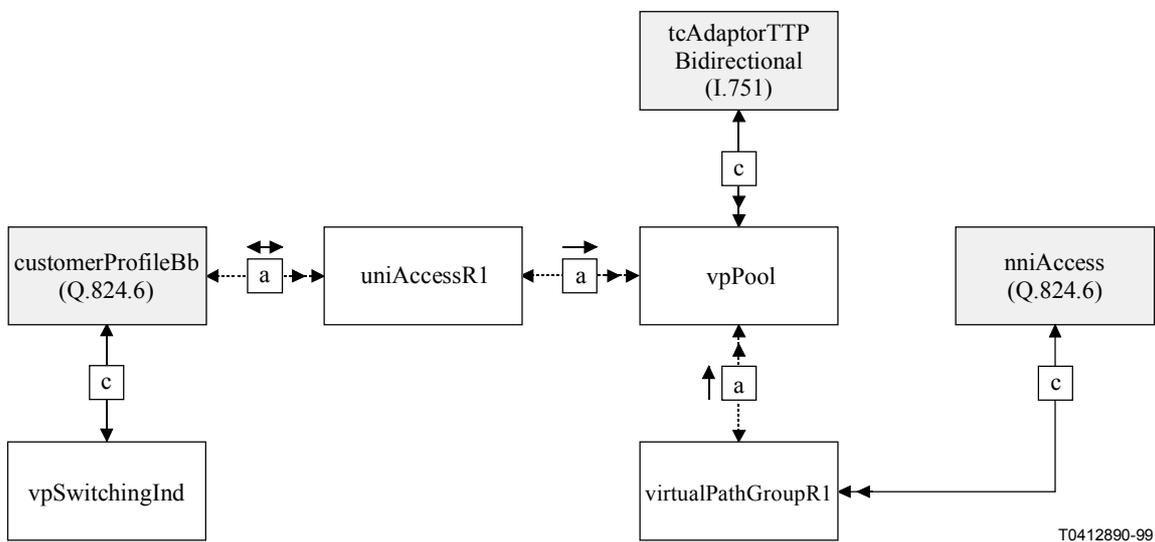


**Figure 1/Q.824.7 – Conventions used in diagrams for Entity Relationship Models**

Where the directionality of containment is not clear, it can be identified by implications since the root class is unique.

### 4.1.1 Entity relationship diagram for the switched virtual paths

See Figure 2.



**Figure 2/Q.824.7 – Entity relationship diagram – switched virtual paths**

### 4.1.2 Entity relationship diagram for the soft PVCs

See Figure 3.

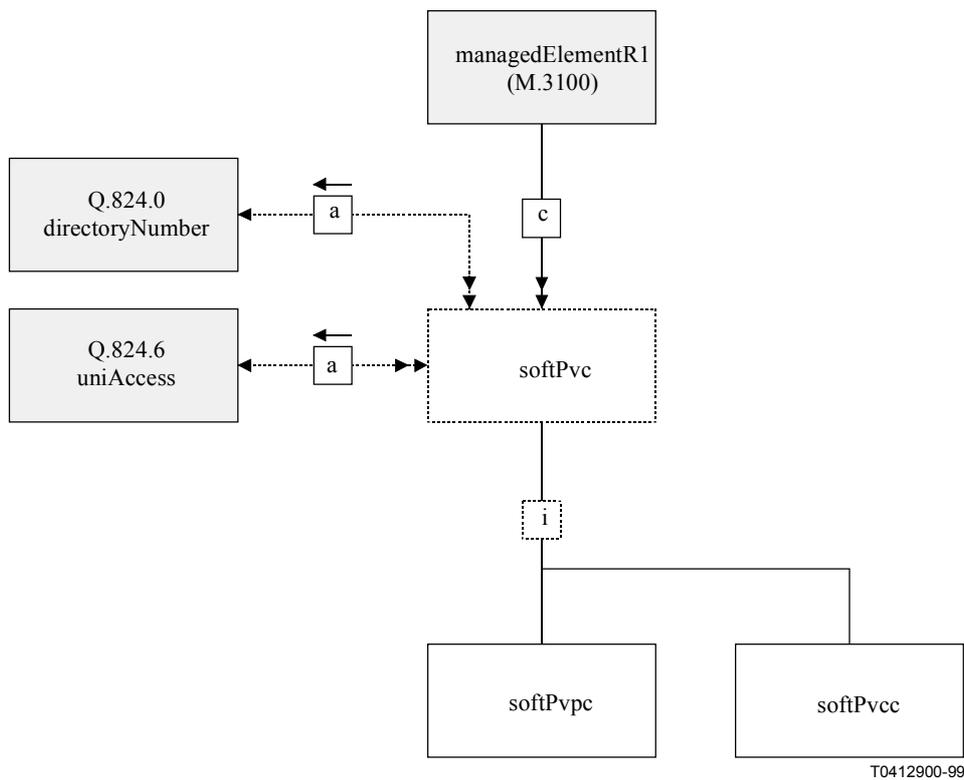


Figure 3/Q.824.7 – Entity relationship diagram – soft PVCs

## 4.2 Inheritance hierarchy

See Figure 4.

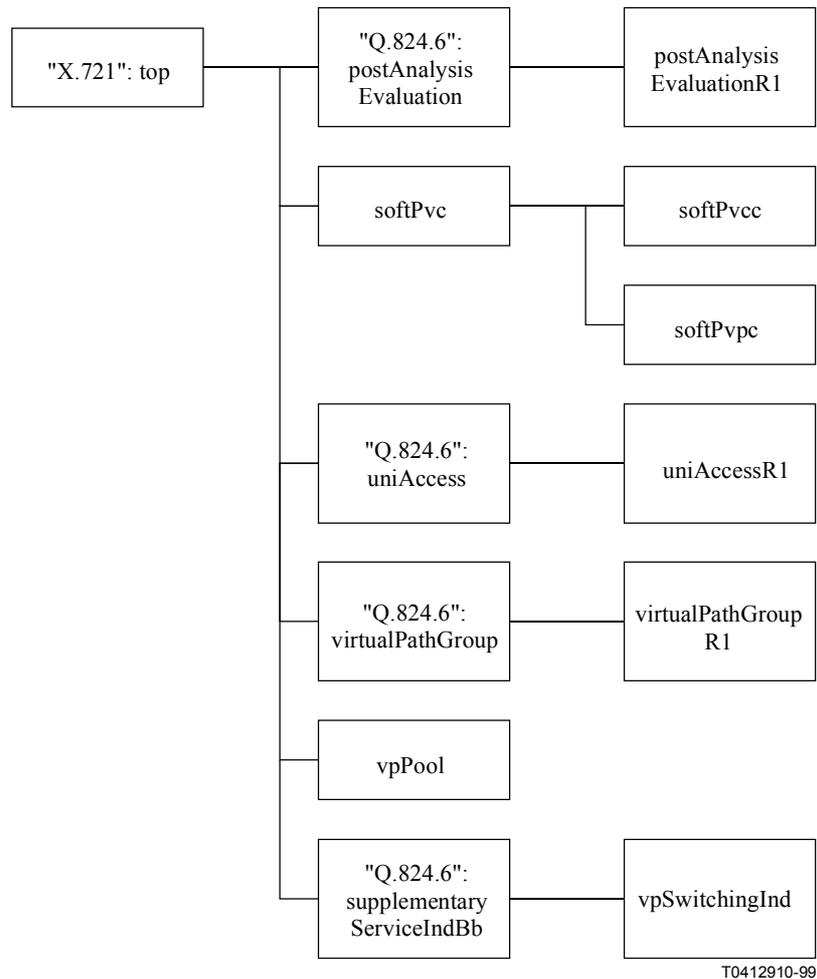


Figure 4/Q.824.7 – Inheritance hierarchy

## 5 Formal definitions

This clause gives the formal definitions of the managed object classes, name bindings, general packages, behaviours, attributes, actions and notifications.

### 5.1 Object classes

This subclause specifies the object classes for all of the managed objects used in the management information model. These object classes are either defined here or by reference to other specifications. Classes of managed objects which are defined elsewhere and which are only used for containment are not included, but are identified by the name bindings for the classes specified here.

Unidirectional trails are modelled by bidirectional objects with the traffic descriptor in the unused direction set to a null value.

All of the instantiable classes that are defined in ITU-T I.751 [4] may be instantiated.

The following class which is defined in ITU-T M.3100 [6] may be instantiated:

- managedElementR1.

All of the instantiable classes that are defined in ITU-T Q.824.6 [12] may be instantiated.

The following class which is defined in ITU-T X.721 [14] may be instantiated:

- log.

### 5.1.1 Profiling notes for imported classes

No profiling notes are required.

### 5.1.2 Definition of classes

#### 5.1.2.1 postAnalysisEvaluationR1 (post analysis evaluation revision 1)

```
postAnalysisEvaluationR1 MANAGED OBJECT CLASS
  DERIVED FROM "ITU-T Q.824.6":postAnalysisEvaluation;
  CHARACTERIZED BY
    postAnalysisEvaluationR1Pkg PACKAGE
      BEHAVIOUR postAnalysisEvaluationR1Beh;
  ATTRIBUTES
    switchingModes
      DEFAULT VALUE Q824-7Asn1Module.switchingModesDefault
      GET-REPLACE;;;
REGISTERED AS {q824-7ManagedObjectClass 1};

postAnalysisEvaluationR1Beh BEHAVIOUR
  DEFINED AS
    "This subclass of postAnalysisEvaluation is enhanced to support VP switching.";
```

#### 5.1.2.2 softPvc (soft PVC)

```
softPvc MANAGED OBJECT CLASS
  DERIVED FROM "Rec. X.721|ISO/IEC 10165-2": top;
  CHARACTERIZED BY
    "ITU-T M.3100": attributeValueChangeNotificationPackage,
    "ITU-T M.3100": stateChangeNotificationPackage,
    "ITU-T M.3100": createDeleteNotificationsPackage,
  softPvcPkg PACKAGE
    BEHAVIOUR softPvcBeh;
  ATTRIBUTES
    softPvcId
      GET
      SET-BY-CREATE,
    "Rec. X.721|ISO/IEC-10165-2": administrativeState
      GET-REPLACE,
    "Rec. X.721|ISO/IEC-10165-2": operationalState
      GET
      SET-BY-CREATE,
    calledPartyNumber
      GET
      SET-BY-CREATE,
    calledPartySelectionType
      GET
      SET-BY-CREATE,
    softPvcCause
      GET;;;
  CONDITIONAL PACKAGES
    atmTrafficDescriptorPtrPkg
      PRESENT IF "supplied by the managing system",
```

uniAccessPtrPkg  
PRESENT IF "instance is associated with a 'uniAccess' object instance",  
callingPartyVpciPkg  
PRESENT IF "supplied by the managing system",  
callingPartyNumberPtrPkg  
PRESENT IF "supplied by the managing system",  
calledPartyVpciPkg  
PRESENT IF "supplied by the managing system",  
retryPkg  
PRESENT IF "supplied by the managing system";  
REGISTERED AS {q824-7ManagedObjectClass 2};

softPvcBeh BEHAVIOUR  
DEFINED AS

"The 'softPvc' object class (SPVC = Soft Permanent Virtual Connection) is a class of managed objects that delimit virtual channel (VC) or virtual path (VP) connections.

The softPvc class is not instantiated, but serves as a superclass from which specialized subclasses are derived and instantiated. These represent either VC or VP connections.

Management operations are limited to the network element where the originating side of the SPVC is located.

For the 'administrativeState' attribute only the values locked and unlocked shall be used.

If the attribute 'calledPartySelectionType' has the value requiredValue, then the package 'calledPartyVpciPkg' must be present.

The calling party number at the originating UNI shall be one of the directory numbers assigned to this access, that is the object referenced by the callingPartyDirectoryNumberPtr must be associated with the object referenced by the uniAccessPtr.

The administrative state attribute may be used to establish ('unlocked') and release ('locked') the soft PVC.";

### 5.1.2.3 softPvcc (soft PVCC)

softPvcc MANAGED OBJECT CLASS

DERIVED FROM softPvc;

CHARACTERIZED BY

softPvccPkg PACKAGE

BEHAVIOUR softPvccBeh;;;

CONDITIONAL PACKAGES

callingPartyVciPkg

PRESENT IF "supplied by the managing system",

calledPartyVciPkg

PRESENT IF "supplied by the managing system";

REGISTERED AS {q824-7ManagedObjectClass 3};

softPvccBeh BEHAVIOUR

DEFINED AS

"The 'softPvcc' object class is an instantiable subclass of the 'softPvc' managed object class that delimits virtual channel (VC) connections.

If the attribute 'calledPartySelectionType' has the value requiredValue, then the package 'calledPartyVciPkg' must be present.

The VPCI used by the soft PVCC at the originating UNI shall be one of the VPCIs assigned to this access, that is the callingPartyVpci has to be one of the VPCIs assigned to the associated uniAccess (referenced by the uniAccessPtr) in its tpAndVpciSigPtrList attribute.";

### 5.1.2.4 softPvpc (soft PVPC)

softPvpc MANAGED OBJECT CLASS

DERIVED FROM softPvc;

CHARACTERIZED BY

softPvpcPkg PACKAGE

BEHAVIOUR softPvpcBeh;;;

REGISTERED AS {q824-7ManagedObjectClass 4};

softPvpcBeh BEHAVIOUR

DEFINED AS

"The 'softPvpc' object class is an instantiable subclass of the 'softPvc' managed object class that delimits virtual path (VP) connections.

The VPCI used by the soft PVPC at the originating UNI shall be one of the VPCIs assigned to this access, that is the callingPartyVpci has to be one of the VPCIs assigned to the associated uniAccessR1 (referenced by the uniAccessPtr) in its vpPoolAndVpciPtrList attribute.";

### 5.1.2.5 uniAccessR1 (UNI access revision 1)

uniAccessR1 MANAGED OBJECT CLASS

DERIVED FROM "ITU-T Q.824.6":uniAccess;

CHARACTERIZED BY

uniAccessR1Pkg PACKAGE

BEHAVIOUR uniAccessR1Beh;

ATTRIBUTES

vpPoolAndVpciPtrList

GET-REPLACE ADD-REMOVE;;;

REGISTERED AS {q824-7ManagedObjectClass 5};

uniAccessR1Beh BEHAVIOUR

DEFINED AS

"This subclass of uniAccess represents a UNI access which supports VP switching.

The vpPoolAndVpciPtrList attribute identifies the VPCI ranges that may be used at this uniAccessR1. A VPCI range is associated with each VPI range. Within a uniAccessR1, VPCIs and VPCI ranges assigned through the tpAndVpciSigPtrList and vpPoolAndVpciPtrList attributes must not overlap.

Associated signalling does not apply when supporting switched virtual paths. Thus for instances of this class that support VP switching the signallingChannelPtrPkg (inherited from uniAccess) must be present and the sigChannel components of the tpAndVpciSigPtrList attribute (inherited from uniAccess) must be empty.";

### 5.1.2.6 virtualPathGroupR1 (virtual path group revision 1)

virtualPathGroupR1 MANAGED OBJECT CLASS

DERIVED FROM "ITU-T Q.824.6":virtualPathGroup;

CHARACTERIZED BY

virtualPathGroupR1Pkg PACKAGE

BEHAVIOUR virtualPathGroupR1Beh;

ATTRIBUTES

vpPoolAndVpciPtrList

GET-REPLACE ADD-REMOVE;;;

REGISTERED AS {q824-7ManagedObjectClass 6};

virtualPathGroupR1Beh BEHAVIOUR

DEFINED AS

"This subclass of virtualPathGroup represents a virtual path group which supports VP switching.";

### 5.1.2.7 vpPool (VP pool)

vpPool MANAGED OBJECT CLASS

DERIVED FROM "Rec. X.721 | ISO/IEC 10165-2":top;

CHARACTERIZED BY

"ITU-T M.3100": attributeValueChangeNotificationPackage,

"ITU-T M.3100": stateChangeNotificationPackage,

"ITU-T M.3100": createDeleteNotificationsPackage,

"Rec. X.721|ISO/IEC 10165-2":administrativeStatePackage,

vpPoolPkg PACKAGE

BEHAVIOUR vpPoolBeh;

ATTRIBUTES

vpPoolId

GET

SET-BY-CREATE,

vpiRange

GET-REPLACE,

```

    egressBandwidth
        GET-REPLACE,
    ingressBandwidth
        GET-REPLACE;;;
CONDITIONAL PACKAGES
    "ITU-T Q.824.6": blockedForMaintenancePkg
        PRESENT IF "supplied by the managing system",
    "ITU-T Q.824.6": maintenanceSignallingRunningPkg
        PRESENT IF "supplied by the managing system",
    "ITU-T Q.824.6": propagationDelayPkg
        PRESENT IF "supplied by the managing system",
    "ITU-T Q.824.6": remoteBlockingPkg
        PRESENT IF "supplied by the managing system";
REGISTERED AS {q824-7ManagedObjectClass 7};

```

vpPoolBeh BEHAVIOUR  
DEFINED AS

"This managed object represents a pool of bandwidth and VPI values available for VP switching.  
The vpiRange attribute reserves a range of VPIs for switched VPs at an interface. This range of VPIs must not overlap with ranges reserved for switched VPs by other vpPool instances within the same tcAdaptorTTPBidirectional, and it must not contain a VPI used by a vpCTPBidirectional for a VP established by management within the same tcAdaptorTTPBidirectional.  
The egress and ingress bandwidth attributes are used to reserve bandwidth that may be used exclusively for switched VPs within the pool (i.e. using the VPIs within this pool).  
The attributeValueChangeNotification need not be sent for the maintenanceSignallingRunning attribute.";

### 5.1.2.8 vpSwitchingInd (VP switching independent)

```

vpSwitchingInd MANAGED OBJECT CLASS
    DERIVED FROM "ITU-T Q.824.6":supplementaryServiceIndBb;
    CHARACTERIZED BY
        vpSwitchingIndPkg PACKAGE
        BEHAVIOUR vpSwitchingIndBeh;;;
REGISTERED AS {q824-7ManagedObjectClass 8};

```

vpSwitchingIndBeh BEHAVIOUR  
DEFINED AS

"This subscription option enables VP switching for a user.  
Only one object of this class shall be contained within the superior managed object. ";

## 5.2 Name bindings

### 5.2.1 softPvc-managedElementR1

```

softPvc-managedElementR1 NAME BINDING
    SUBORDINATE OBJECT CLASS
        softPvc AND SUBCLASSES;
    NAMED BY SUPERIOR OBJECT CLASS
        "ITU-T M.3100": managedElementR1 AND SUBCLASSES;
    WITH ATTRIBUTE softPvcId;
    CREATE
        WITH-AUTOMATIC-INSTANCE-NAMING;
    DELETE
        ONLY-IF-NO-CONTAINED-OBJECTS;
REGISTERED AS {q824-7NameBinding 1};

```

### 5.2.2 vpPool-tcAdaptorTTPBidirectional

```

vpPool-tcAdaptorTTPBidirectional NAME BINDING
    SUBORDINATE OBJECT CLASS vpPool
    AND SUBCLASSES;

```

NAMED BY SUPERIOR OBJECT CLASS "ITU-T Rec. I.751":tcAdaptorTTPBidirectional  
AND SUBCLASSES;  
WITH ATTRIBUTE vpPoolId;  
CREATE  
WITH-AUTOMATIC-INSTANCE-NAMING;  
DELETE  
ONLY-IF-NO-CONTAINED-OBJECTS;  
REGISTERED AS {q824-7NameBinding 2};

### **5.3 Definition of packages**

#### **5.3.1 atmTrafficDescriptorPtrPkg (ATM traffic descriptor pointer package)**

atmTrafficDescriptorPtrPkg PACKAGE  
ATTRIBUTES  
atmTrafficDescriptorPtr  
GET-REPLACE;  
REGISTERED AS {q824-7Package 1};

#### **5.3.2 calledPartyVciPkg (called party VCI package)**

calledPartyVciPkg PACKAGE  
ATTRIBUTES  
calledPartyVci  
GET  
SET-BY-CREATE;  
REGISTERED AS {q824-7Package 2};

#### **5.3.3 calledPartyVpciPkg (called party VPCI package)**

calledPartyVpciPkg PACKAGE  
ATTRIBUTES  
calledPartyVpci  
GET  
SET-BY-CREATE;  
REGISTERED AS {q824-7Package 3};

#### **5.3.4 callingPartyNumberPtrPkg (calling party number pointer package)**

callingPartyNumberPtrPkg PACKAGE  
ATTRIBUTES  
callingPartyDirectoryNumberPtr  
GET  
SET-BY-CREATE;  
REGISTERED AS {q824-7Package 4};

#### **5.3.5 callingPartyVciPkg (calling party VCI package)**

callingPartyVciPkg PACKAGE  
ATTRIBUTES  
callingPartyVci  
GET  
SET-BY-CREATE;  
REGISTERED AS {q824-7Package 5};

#### **5.3.6 callingPartyVpciPkg (calling party VPCI package)**

callingPartyVpciPkg PACKAGE  
ATTRIBUTES  
callingPartyVpci  
GET  
SET-BY-CREATE;  
REGISTERED AS {q824-7Package 6};

### 5.3.7 retryPkg (retry package)

retryPkg PACKAGE  
ATTRIBUTES  
    retryLimit  
        GET  
        SET-BY-CREATE,  
    retryInterval  
        GET  
        SET-BY-CREATE;  
REGISTERED AS {q824-7Package 7};

### 5.3.8 uniAccessPtrPkg (uni access pointer package)

uniAccessPtrPkg PACKAGE  
ATTRIBUTES  
    uniAccessPtr  
        GET  
        SET-BY-CREATE;  
REGISTERED AS {q824-7Package 8};

## 5.4 Definition of attributes

### 5.4.1 atmTrafficDescriptorPtr (ATM traffic descriptor pointer)

atmTrafficDescriptorPtr ATTRIBUTE  
    WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX Q824-7Asn1Module.PointerOrNull;  
    MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;  
    BEHAVIOUR atmTrafficDescriptorPtrBeh;  
REGISTERED AS {q824-7Attribute 1};

atmTrafficDescriptorPtrBeh BEHAVIOUR  
DEFINED AS  
    "This attribute is used as a pointer to an instance of the traffic descriptor managed object class.";

### 5.4.2 calledPartyNumber (called party number)

calledPartyNumber ATTRIBUTE  
    WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX Q824-7Asn1Module.DirectoryNumber;  
    MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;  
    BEHAVIOUR calledPartyNumberBeh;  
REGISTERED AS {q824-7Attribute 2};

calledPartyNumberBeh BEHAVIOUR  
DEFINED AS  
    "This attribute specifies the directory number of the called party.";

### 5.4.3 calledPartySelectionType (called party selection type)

calledPartySelectionType ATTRIBUTE  
    WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX Q824-7Asn1Module.CalledPartySelectionType;  
    MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;  
    BEHAVIOUR calledPartySelectionTypeBeh;  
REGISTERED AS {q824-7Attribute 3};

calledPartySelectionTypeBeh BEHAVIOUR  
DEFINED AS  
    "This attribute indicates whether the VPCI (if applicable also the VCI) for the called party have to be used at the destination. In case of 'anyValue' the destination switch will choose VPCI (if applicable also VCI) values. In case of 'requiredValue', the VPCI (if applicable also VCI) values supplied by the managing system will be used."  
    ";

#### **5.4.4 calledPartyVci (called party VCI)**

calledPartyVci ATTRIBUTE  
WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX Q824-7Asn1Module.VciValue;  
MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;  
BEHAVIOUR calledPartyVciBeh;  
REGISTERED AS {q824-7Attribute 4};

calledPartyVciBeh BEHAVIOUR  
DEFINED AS  
"This attribute specifies the VCI for the called party.";

#### **5.4.5 calledPartyVpci (called party VPCI)**

calledPartyVpci ATTRIBUTE  
WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX Q824-7Asn1Module.VpciValue;  
MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;  
BEHAVIOUR calledPartyVpciBeh;  
REGISTERED AS {q824-7Attribute 5};

calledPartyVpciBeh BEHAVIOUR  
DEFINED AS  
"This attribute specifies the VPCI for the called party.";

#### **5.4.6 callingPartyDirectoryNumberPtr (calling party directory number pointer)**

callingPartyDirectoryNumberPtr ATTRIBUTE  
WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX Q824-7Asn1Module.ObjectInstance;  
MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;  
BEHAVIOUR callingPartyDirectoryNumberPtrBeh;  
REGISTERED AS {q824-7Attribute 6};

callingPartyDirectoryNumberPtrBeh BEHAVIOUR  
DEFINED AS  
"This attribute is used as a pointer to an instance of a subclass of the 'directoryNumber' managed object class which pertains to the calling party.";

#### **5.4.7 callingPartyVci (calling party VCI)**

callingPartyVci ATTRIBUTE  
WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX Q824-7Asn1Module.VciValue;  
MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;  
BEHAVIOUR callingPartyVciBeh;  
REGISTERED AS {q824-7Attribute 7};

callingPartyVciBeh BEHAVIOUR  
DEFINED AS  
"This attribute specifies the VCI for the calling party.";

#### **5.4.8 callingPartyVpci (calling party VPCI)**

callingPartyVpci ATTRIBUTE  
WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX Q824-7Asn1Module.VpciValue;  
MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;  
BEHAVIOUR callingPartyVpciBeh;  
REGISTERED AS {q824-7Attribute 8};

callingPartyVpciBeh BEHAVIOUR  
DEFINED AS  
"This attribute specifies the VPCI for the calling party.";

#### 5.4.9 egressBandwidth (egress bandwidth)

egressBandwidth ATTRIBUTE  
WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX Q824-7Asn1Module.EgressBandwidth ;  
BEHAVIOUR egressBandwidthBeh;  
REGISTERED AS {q824-7Attribute 9};

egressBandwidthBeh BEHAVIOUR  
DEFINED AS  
"This attribute describes the egress bandwidth reserved for the VP pool.";

#### 5.4.10 ingressBandwidth (ingress bandwidth)

ingressBandwidth ATTRIBUTE  
WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX Q824-7Asn1Module.IngressBandwidth ;  
BEHAVIOUR ingressBandwidthBeh;  
REGISTERED AS {q824-7Attribute 10};

ingressBandwidthBeh BEHAVIOUR  
DEFINED AS  
"This attribute describes the ingress bandwidth reserved for the VP pool.";

#### 5.4.11 retryInterval (retry interval)

retryInterval ATTRIBUTE  
WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX Q824-7Asn1Module.RetryInterval;  
MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;  
BEHAVIOUR retryIntervalBeh;  
REGISTERED AS {q824-7Attribute 11};

retryIntervalBeh BEHAVIOUR  
DEFINED AS  
"This attribute specifies the time (in sec) between two attempts to re-establish an SPVC automatically.";

#### 5.4.12 retryLimit (retry limit)

retryLimit ATTRIBUTE  
WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX Q824-7Asn1Module.RetryLimit;  
MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;  
BEHAVIOUR retryLimitBeh;  
REGISTERED AS {q824-7Attribute 12};

retryLimitBeh BEHAVIOUR  
DEFINED AS  
"This attribute specifies the maximal number of attempts to re-establish an SPVC automatically. After this number is reached no more re-establishment efforts will be made. However a value of zero indicates that an infinite number of call attempts will be made.";

#### 5.4.13 softPvcCause (soft PVC cause)

softPvcCause ATTRIBUTE  
WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX Q824-7Asn1Module.SoftPvcCause;  
MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;  
BEHAVIOUR softPvcCauseBeh;  
REGISTERED AS {q824-7Attribute 13};

softPvcCauseBeh BEHAVIOUR  
DEFINED AS  
"This attribute is used to inform the operator of problems with SPVC establishment after receiving an 'attributeValueChange' notification that contains this attribute in the component 'attributeIdentifierList' of its information syntax. Possible cause values contained in this attribute are identical to those specified in ITU-T Recommendations Q.850, Q.2610 and Q.2767.1.";

#### 5.4.14 softPvcId (soft PVC identifier)

softPvcId ATTRIBUTE  
WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX Q824-7Asn1Module.NameType ;  
MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;  
BEHAVIOUR softPvcIdBeh;  
REGISTERED AS {q824-7Attribute 14};

softPvcIdBeh BEHAVIOUR  
DEFINED AS  
"This is the naming attribute of the object class 'softPvc' and subclasses." ;

#### 5.4.15 switchingModes (switching modes)

switchingModes ATTRIBUTE  
WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX Q824-7Asn1Module.SwitchingModes;  
MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;  
BEHAVIOUR switchingModesBeh;  
REGISTERED AS {q824-7Attribute 15};

switchingModesBeh BEHAVIOUR  
DEFINED AS  
"This attribute specifies if the managed object may be used for channel switching and/or path switching. At least one of the two modes (channelSwitching, pathSwitching) must have value TRUE.";

#### 5.4.16 uniAccessPtr (uni access pointer)

uniAccessPtr ATTRIBUTE  
WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX Q824-7Asn1Module.ObjectInstance;  
MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;  
BEHAVIOUR uniAccessPtrBeh;  
REGISTERED AS {q824-7Attribute 16};

uniAccessPtrBeh BEHAVIOUR  
DEFINED AS  
"This attribute is used as a pointer to an instance of the 'uniAccess' managed object class or a subclass.";

#### 5.4.17 vpiRange (VPI range)

vpiRange ATTRIBUTE  
WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX Q824-7Asn1Module.VpiRange ;  
BEHAVIOUR vpiRangeBeh;  
REGISTERED AS {q824-7Attribute 17};

vpiRangeBeh BEHAVIOUR  
DEFINED AS  
"This attribute describes the range of VPI values belonging to the VP pool.";

#### 5.4.18 vpPoolAndVpciPtrList (VP pool and VPCI pointer list)

vpPoolAndVpciPtrList ATTRIBUTE  
WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX Q824-7Asn1Module.VpPoolAndVpciPtrList ;  
MATCHES FOR EQUALITY, SET-COMPARISON, SET-INTERSECTION;  
BEHAVIOUR vpPoolAndVpciPtrListBeh;  
REGISTERED AS {q824-7Attribute 18};

vpPoolAndVpciPtrListBeh BEHAVIOUR  
DEFINED AS  
"This is a set-valued attribute whose value(s) point to instances of the vpPool managed object class or its subclasses. The bandwidth and VPIs represented by the vpPool instances are available for VP switching at the concerned access. A VPCI value is related to every pointer. This VPCI value determines the lower limit of the VPCI range for the VP pool. The upper limit is calculated from the lower limit and the VPI range of the pool.";

### 5.4.19 vpPoolId (VP pool identifier)

```
vpPoolId ATTRIBUTE
  WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX Q824-7Asn1Module.NameType ;
  MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;
  BEHAVIOUR vpPoolIdBeh;
REGISTERED AS {q824-7Attribute 19};
```

```
vpPoolIdBeh BEHAVIOUR
  DEFINED AS
    "This entity describes the object identifier attribute of the object class 'vpPool'." ;
```

## 6 Type definitions

```
Q824-7Asn1Module {
  itu-t(0) recommendation (0) q(17) ca(824) dot(127) ebs(7)
  q824-7informationModel(0) asn1Modules(2)
asn1DefinedTypesModule(0)}

DEFINITIONS IMPLICIT TAGS ::=

BEGIN
-- EXPORTS everything

IMPORTS
  ObjectInstance
    FROM CMIP-1 {joint-iso-ccitt ms(9) cmip(1) modules(0) protocol(3)}

  VciValue
    FROM AtmMIBMod {itu-t(0) recommendation(0) i(9) atm(751)
  informationModel(0) asn1Module(2) atm(0)}

  NameType,
  PointerOrNull
    FROM ASN1DefinedTypesModule {ccitt recommendation m 3100
  informationModel(0) asn1Modules(2) asn1DefinedTypesModule(0)}

  DirectoryNumber,
  VpciValue
    FROM ASN1DefinedTypesModule {itu-t(0) recommendation(0)
  q(17) 824(824) dot(127) bsm(6)
  informationModel(0) asn1Module(2) asn1TypeModule(0)}--Q.824.6

; -- end of imports

-- start of object identifier definitions

q824-7InformationModel
  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {itu-t(0) recommendation (0) q(17) ca(824) dot(127)
  ebs(7) q824-7InformationModel(0)}
q824-7StandardSpecificExtension
  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {q824-7informationModel
  q824-7StandardSpecificExtension(0)}
q824-7ManagedObjectClass
  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {q824-7informationModel q824-7ManagedObjectClass(3)}
q824-7Package
  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {q824-7informationModel q824-7Package(4)}
q824-7NameBinding
  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {q824-7informationModel q824-7NameBinding(6)}
q824-7Attribute
  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {q824-7informationModel q824-7Attribute(7)}
q824-7Action
  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {q824-7informationModel q824-7Action(9)}
```

```

q824-7Notification
OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {q824-7informationModel q824-7Notification(10)}

-- end of object identifier definitions

-- other ASN1 definitions in alphabetical order

CalledPartySelectionType ::= ENUMERATED {
    anyValue          (0),
    requiredValue     (1) }

EgressBandwidth ::= INTEGER

IngressBandwidth ::= INTEGER

RetryInterval ::= INTEGER(0..3600)

RetryLimit ::= INTEGER

SoftPvcCause ::= SEQUENCE {
    softPvcCauseIndication [0] SoftPvcCauseIndication,
    softPvcCauseValue      [1] SoftPvcCauseValue }

SoftPvcCauseIndication ::= ENUMERATED {
    noCause      (0), -- no failure detected
    firstCause   (1), -- failure detected, trying to re-establish
    lastCause    (2) -- not or no longer attempting to re-establish
}

SoftPvcCauseValue ::= INTEGER (0..127)

SwitchingModes ::= SEQUENCE {
    channelSwitching  BOOLEAN,
    pathSwitching     BOOLEAN }

switchingModesDefault SwitchingModes ::= {
    channelSwitching  TRUE,
    pathSwitching     FALSE }

VpiRange ::= SEQUENCE {
    lowerLimit  INTEGER,
    upperLimit  INTEGER }

VpPoolAndVpciPtrList ::= SET OF SEQUENCE {
    vpPool      ObjectInstance,
    lowerVpciLimit  VpciValue }

END -- of Q824-7Asn1Module

```

## 7 Protocol stacks

The protocol stacks specified in ITU-T Q.811, Q.812, G.773 and the SDH digital cross-connect part of ITU-T G.784 can be used as part of the protocol stack for this Recommendation. The following ITU-T Recommendations should be used to extend these stacks to include TM:

- Q.2811 Broadband Q3 and X interfaces – Lower Layer Protocols.
- Q.2812 Broadband Q3 and X interfaces – Upper Layer Protocols.

## Management requirements

### A.1 Management requirements for switched virtual paths

#### *VP pools*

To support VP switching at a physical interface, a part of the bandwidth of the interface and one or more VPI ranges need to be reserved for switched VPs. A range of VPIs together with a bandwidth reserved for switched VPs using these VPIs is called a VP pool.

#### *VPC pools*

Before VP switching can take place, VP pools need to be associated with signalling interfaces and VPCIs need to be assigned to the VPI values. From a management perspective, a VPC Pool is a VP Pool which is associated with a signalling access and which has a VPCI range assigned to the VPI range. See ITU-T Q.2766.1 [8] for VPC Pools.

#### *Propagation delay*

The accumulation of propagation delay needs to be supported. The expected propagation delay should be provided for each VP Pool.

#### *Blocking procedures*

The blocking procedures described in 4.3/Q.2766.1 [8] need to be supported at the management interface. It shall be possible to block and unblock VPC pools, to identify remotely blocked VPs and to identify whether maintenance signalling is running.

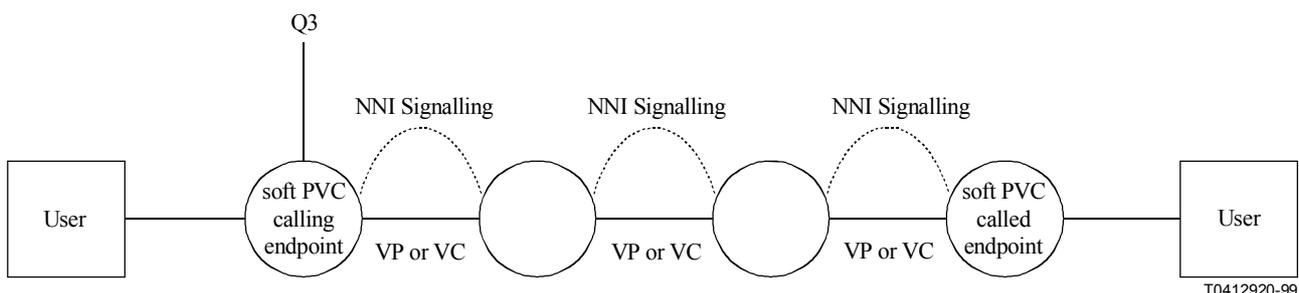
#### *Subscription option*

According to ITU-T Q.2934 [11] VP switching is a subscription option.

#### *Routing criterium*

The support of switched VPs may be one of the criteria used to configure the selection of a route.

### A.2 Management requirements for user-to-user soft PVCs



**Figure A.1/Q.824.7 – Soft PVC Configuration**

Two types of soft PVC are supported:

- soft permanent virtual path connection (PVPC); and
- soft permanent virtual channel connection (PVCC).

A user-to-user soft PVC is configured and established by management at the calling endpoint. There is no need for management action at the called endpoint.

For each soft PVC the following types of information need to be provided via the Q3 interface of the "calling endpoint" network element: information related to the calling party, information related to the called party, traffic descriptors, and information to support the re-establishment of soft PVCs.

#### *Calling Party*

The calling party is identified by the calling party number. In addition calling party VPCI and calling party VCI (for soft PVCCs only) need to be provided. As VPCIs are defined per signalling access, the signalling access needs to be identified.

#### *Called party*

The called party is identified by the called party number. Optionally called party VPCI and called party VCI (for soft PVCCs only) may be provided. The called party selection type determines the selection of VPCI (and VCI) at the soft PVC called endpoint, see ITU-T Q.2767.1 [9].

#### *Traffic descriptors*

The traffic descriptors for the connection need to be provided via the Q3 interface.

#### *Re-establishment of soft PVCs*

To support the re-establishment of soft PVCs as described in 6.5.1 and Annex 1/Q.2767.1 [9], configuration of retry limit and retry interval needs to be supported at the Q3 interface.

The decision whether or not the network element attempts to re-establish the soft PVCs depends on the cause value, i.e. on the reason of the failure. It is a fault management requirement that this information is available at the Q3 interface.

## APPENDIX I

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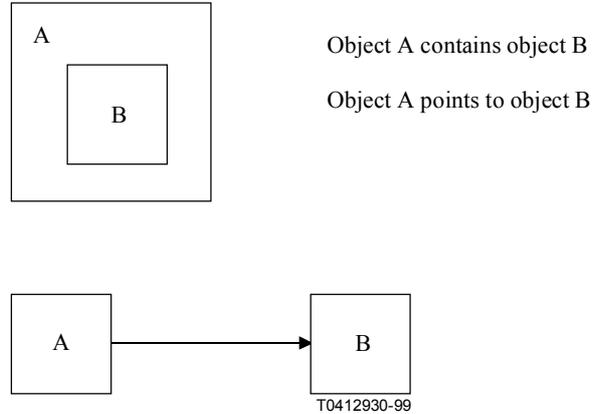
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## APPENDIX II

### Instantiation examples for switched VPs

#### Conventions

The following conventions are used in the example (see Figure II.1):

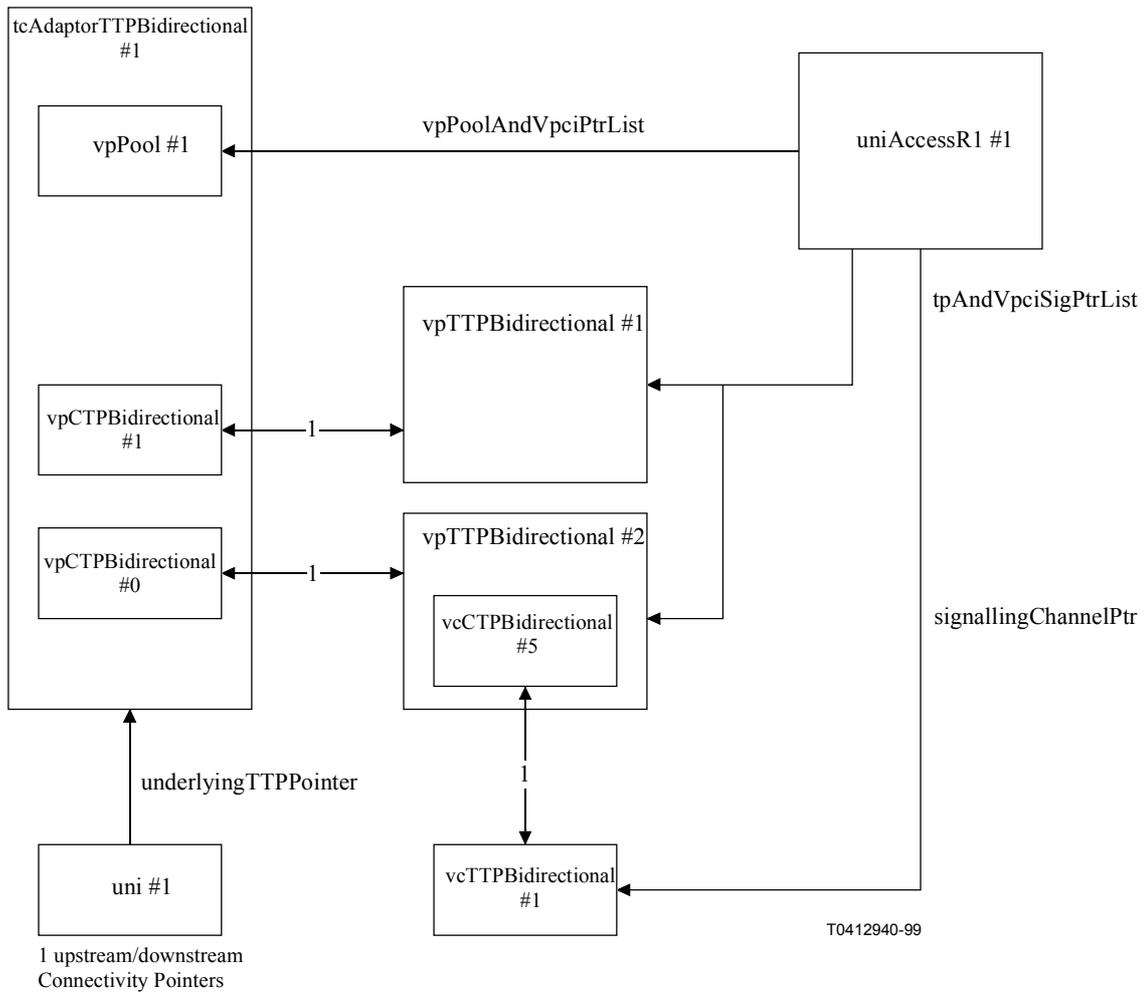


**Figure II.1/Q.824.7 – Conventions**

Object instances are labelled by their class name, followed by #, followed by their RDN. Pointers are labelled by their attribute names.

#### Instantiation Example of Managed Objects (Switched VPs at UNI)

In this example a user at a UNI has two permanent VPs (VPI = 0, VPI = 1) provided by management, while the vpPool object reserves bandwidth and a range of VPIs (not including 0 and 1) for VP switching. The vpPool is associated with the signalling access (uniAccess). See Figure II.2.



NOTE 1 – The use of #0 for the signalling VP and #5 for the signalling VC is deliberate so that the RDNs match the signalling VPI and VCI.

NOTE 2 – Not all (possible) managed objects are shown, e.g. the atmAccessProfile and the object classes for customer administration are not shown.

**Figure II.2/Q.824.7 – Instantiation example**

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