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SERIES Q: SWITCHING AND SIGNALLING

Specifications of Signalling System No. 7 – ISDN user part

**Signalling System No. 7 – ISDN user part
formats and codes**

ITU-T Recommendation Q.763

(Previously CCITT Recommendation)

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SWITCHING AND SIGNALLING

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ITU-T RECOMMENDATION Q.763

SIGNALLING SYSTEM NO. 7 – ISDN USER PART FORMATS AND CODES

Summary

This Recommendation specifies the formats and codes of the ISDN user part messages and parameters required to support basic bearer services and supplementary services.

Source

ITU-T Recommendation Q.763 was revised by ITU-T Study Group 11 (1997-2000) and was approved under the WTSC Resolution No. 1 procedure on the 12th of September 1997.

FOREWORD

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The World Telecommunication Standardization Conference (WTSC), which meets every four years, establishes the topics for study by the ITU-T Study Groups which, in their turn, produce Recommendations on these topics.

The approval of Recommendations by the Members of the ITU-T is covered by the procedure laid down in WTSC Resolution No. 1.

In some areas of information technology which fall within ITU-T's purview, the necessary standards are prepared on a collaborative basis with ISO and IEC.

NOTE

In this Recommendation, the expression "Administration" is used for conciseness to indicate both a telecommunication administration and a recognized operating agency.

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Recommendation Q.763

SIGNALLING SYSTEM No. 7 – ISDN USER PART FORMATS AND CODES

(revised in 1997)

1 General

1.0 Scope, references, definitions, abbreviations

1.0.1 Scope

This Recommendation specifies the formats and codes of the ISDN user part messages and parameters required to support basic bearer services and supplementary services.

1.0.2 References

The following ITU-T Recommendations and other references contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this Recommendation. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All Recommendations and other references are subject to revision; all users of this Recommendation are therefore encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent edition of the Recommendations and other references listed below. A list of the currently valid ITU-T Recommendations is regularly published.

- [1] CCITT Recommendation X.208 (1988), *Specification of Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1)*.
- [2] CCITT Recommendation X.209 (1988), *Specification of basic encoding rules for Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1)*.
- [3] CCITT Recommendation X.219 (1988), *Remote operations: Model, notation, and service definition*.
- [4] CCITT Recommendation X.229 (1988), *Remote operations: Protocol specification*.
- [5] ITU-T Recommendation G.704 (1995), *Synchronous frame structures used at 1544, 6312, 2048, 8488 and 44 736 kbit/s hierarchical levels*.
- [6] ITU-T Recommendation Q.931 (1993), *ISDN user-network interface layer 3 specification for basic call control*.
- [7] ITU-T Recommendation Q.850 (1993), *Use of cause and location in the digital subscriber Signalling System No. 1 and in the Signalling System No. 7 user part*.
- [8] ITU-T Recommendation Q.703 (1993), *Signalling link*.
- [9] ITU-T Recommendation Q.704 (1993), *Signalling System No. 7 – Signalling network functions and messages*.
- [10] ITU-T Recommendation Q.2763 (1995), *Signalling System No. 7 B-ISDN User Part (B-ISUP) – Format and codes*.

1.0.3 Terms and definitions

See ITU-T Recommendation Q.762.

1.0.4 Abbreviations

This Recommendation uses the following abbreviations:

| | |
|-------|---|
| ASN.1 | Abstract Syntax Notation One |
| ATP | Access Transport Parameter |
| BCD | Binary Coded Decimal |
| CCBS | Completion of Calls to Busy Subscriber |
| CCSS | Call Completion Service Set-up |
| CIC | Circuit Identification Code |
| CUG | Closed User Group |
| DNIC | Data Network Identification Code |
| DPC | Destination Point Code |
| DSS 1 | Digital Subscriber Signalling System No. 1 |
| FDM | Frequency Division Multiplex |
| GUG | GVNS User Group |
| GVNS | Global Virtual Network Service |
| IA5 | International Alphabet No. 5 |
| INAP | Intelligent Network Application Protocol |
| INN | Internal Network Number |
| ISC | International Switching Centre |
| ISDN | Integrated Services Digital Network |
| LFB | Look-ahead for Busy (from MLPP Supplementary Service) |
| LSB | Least Significant Bit |
| MCID | Malicious Call Identification |
| MLPP | Multi-Level Precedence and Preemption |
| MNIC | Mobile Network Identification Code |
| NI | Network Identity |
| NI | Number Incomplete |
| O/E | Odd/Even |
| OPC | Originating Point Code |
| OPSP | Origination Participation Service Provider |
| ROSE | Remote Operations Service Element |
| ROA | Registered Operating Agency |
| SCCP | Signalling Connection Control Part |
| SCF | Service Control Function |
| SLS | Signalling Link Selection |
| ST | End of pulsing signal (Stop Sending) |
| TAR | Temporary Alternative Routing |
| TCC | Telephony Country Code |
| TNRN | Termination Network Routing Number |
| UID | User Interactive Dialogue |

For further abbreviations, see Recommendation Q.761.

1.0.5 General coding principles

ISDN user part messages are carried on the signalling link by means of message signal units the format of which is described in 2.2/Q.703.

The format of and the codes used in the service information octet are described in 14.2/Q.704. The service indicator for the ISDN user part is coded 0101.

The signalling information field of each message signal unit containing an ISDN user part message consists of an integral number of octets and encompasses the following parts (see Figure 1):

- a) routing label;
- b) circuit identification code;
- c) message type code;
- d) the mandatory fixed part;
- e) the mandatory variable part;
- f) the optional part, which may contain fixed length and variable length parameter fields.

NOTE – The service information octet, the routing label and circuit identification code are not included in the SCCP user data parameter transferred between the ISDN user part and signalling connection control part.

| |
|-----------------------------|
| Routing label |
| Circuit identification code |
| Message type code |
| Mandatory fixed part |
| Mandatory variable part |
| Optional part |

Figure 1/Q.763 – ISDN user part message parts

A description of the various message parts is given in the following subclauses.

1.1 Routing label

The format and codes used for the routing label are described in 2.2/Q.704. For each individual circuit connection, the same routing label must be used for each message that is transmitted for that connection.

NOTE – The SLS bits are set to the four least significant bits of the CIC.

1.2 Circuit identification code

The format of the Circuit Identification Code (CIC) is shown in Figure 2.

| | | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|------------------------------|---|---|---|
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| Circuit Identification Code (least significant bits) | | | | | | | |
| Spare | | | | CIC most significant bits | | | |

Figure 2/Q.763 – Circuit identification field

The allocation of circuit identification codes to individual circuits is determined by bilateral agreement and/or in accordance with applicable predetermined rules.

For international applications, the four spare bits of the circuit identification field are reserved for CIC extension, provided that bilateral agreement is obtained before any increase in size is performed. For national applications, the four spare bits can be used as required.

Allocations for certain applications are defined below:

a) *2048 kbit/s digital path*

For circuits which are derived from a 2048 kbit/s digital path (Recommendations G.732 and G.734) the circuit identification code contains in the 5 least significant bits a binary representation of the actual number of the time slot which is assigned to the communication path.

The remaining bits in the circuit identification code are used, where necessary, to identify these circuits uniquely among all other circuits of other systems interconnecting an originating and destination point.

b) *8448 kbit/s digital path*

For circuits which are derived from a 8448 kbit/s digital path (Recommendations G.744 and G.747) the circuit identification code contains in the 7 least significant bits an identification of the circuit which is assigned to the communication path. The codes in Table 1 are used.

The remaining bits in the circuit identification code are used, where necessary, to identify these circuits uniquely among all other circuits of other systems interconnecting an originating and destination point.

c) *Frequency Division Multiplex (FDM) systems in networks using the 2048 kbit/s pulse code modulation standard*

For frequency division multiplex systems existing in networks that also use the 2048 kbit/s pulse code modulation standard, the circuit identification code contains in the 6 least significant bits the identification of a circuit within a group of 60 circuits carried by 5 basic frequency division multiplex groups which may or may not be part of the same supergroup. The codes in Table 2 are used.

The remaining bits in the circuit identification code are used, where necessary, to identify these circuits uniquely among all other circuits of other systems interconnecting an originating and destination point.

d) For a multirate connection type call, the CIC used in call connection messages shall be that of the lowest numbered CIC of the circuits used in the multirate connection types. Where the circuits used are derived from a 2048 kbit/s digital path, they shall be in fixed groups of contiguous time slots (excluding time slot 0 and 16), in accordance with Table 3 (Part 1).

e) For the $N \times 64$ kbit/s connection types, circuits used may be either contiguous or non-contiguous. In a 2048 kbit/s digital path, the N can be a value from 2 to 30. In a 1544 kbit/s digital path, the N can be a value from 2 to 24.

NOTE – At an international interface with inflexible mapping between the 2048 kbit/s and 1544 kbit/s digital paths, the circuits used shall be in a fixed group of contiguous time slots in accordance with Table 3 (Part 2) per bilateral agreement.

Table 1/Q.763

| | |
|-------------|-------------|
| 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Circuit 1 |
| 0 0 0 0 0 1 | Circuit 2 |
| ⋮ | ⋮ |
| 0 0 1 1 1 1 | Circuit 32 |
| 0 1 0 0 0 0 | Circuit 33 |
| ⋮ | ⋮ |
| 1 1 1 1 1 0 | Circuit 127 |
| 1 1 1 1 1 1 | Circuit 128 |

Table 2/Q.763

| | | |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| 0 0 0 0 0 | Unallocated | |
| 0 0 0 0 1 | Circuit 1 | 1st basic (FDM) group |
| ⋮ | ⋮ | |
| 0 0 1 1 0 0 | Circuit 12 | |
| 0 0 1 1 0 1 | Circuit 1 | 2nd basic (FDM) group |
| 0 0 1 1 1 0 | Circuit 2 | |
| 0 0 1 1 1 1 | Circuit 3 | |
| 0 1 0 0 0 0 | Unallocated | |
| 0 1 0 0 0 1 | Circuit 4 | |
| ⋮ | ⋮ | |
| 0 1 1 0 0 1 | Circuit 12 | |
| 0 1 1 0 1 0 | Circuit 1 | 3rd basic (FDM) group |
| ⋮ | ⋮ | |
| 0 1 1 1 1 1 | Circuit 6 | |
| 1 0 0 0 0 0 | Unallocated | |
| 1 0 0 0 0 1 | Circuit 7 | |
| ⋮ | ⋮ | |
| 1 0 0 1 1 0 | Circuit 12 | |
| 1 0 0 1 1 1 | Circuit 1 | 4th basic (FDM) group |
| ⋮ | ⋮ | |
| 1 0 1 1 1 1 | Circuit 9 | |
| 1 1 0 0 0 0 | Unallocated | |
| 1 1 0 0 0 1 | Circuit 10 | |
| 1 1 0 0 1 0 | Circuit 11 | |
| 1 1 0 0 1 1 | Circuit 12 | |
| 1 1 0 1 0 0 | Circuit 1 | 5th basic (FDM) group |
| ⋮ | ⋮ | |
| 1 1 1 1 1 1 | Circuit 12 | |

Table 3/Q.763 (Part 1)

| Time slot | Multirate connection type | | | |
|-----------|----------------------------|------------|------------------------------------|-------------|
| | 2 × 64 kbit/s | 384 kbit/s | 1536 kbit/s | 1920 kbit/s |
| 1 | Call 1 | Call 1 | Call 1 | Call 1 |
| 2 | | | | |
| 3 | Call 2 | | | |
| 4 | | | | |
| 5 | Call 3 | | | |
| 6 | | | | |
| 7 | Call 4 | Call 2 | Call 1 | Call 1 |
| 8 | | | | |
| 9 | Call 5 | | | |
| 10 | | | | |
| 11 | Call 6 | Call 3 | Call 1 | Call 1 |
| 12 | | | | |
| 13 | Call 7 | | | |
| 14 | | Call 3 | Call 1 | Call 1 |
| 15 | Call 8 | | | |
| 16 | Unallocated (for Q.33 use) | | | |
| 17 | Call 8 | Call 3 | Call 1 | Call 1 |
| 18 | Call 9 | | | |
| 19 | | | | |
| 20 | Call 10 | Call 4 | Call 1 | Call 1 |
| 21 | | | | |
| 22 | Call 11 | | | |
| 23 | | | | |
| 24 | Call 12 | | | |
| 25 | | Call 5 | Not allocated to 1536 kbit/s calls | Call 1 |
| 26 | Call 13 | | | |
| 27 | | | | |
| 28 | Call 14 | | | |
| 29 | | | | |
| 30 | Call 15 | Call 5 | Not allocated to 1536 kbit/s calls | Call 1 |
| 31 | | | | |

Table 3/Q.763 (Part 2)

| Time slot | 1544 kbit/s circuit | Fixed contiguous $N \times 64$ multirate connection type at 2048 kbit/s and 1544 kbit/s interface | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|---------------------|---|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| | | N = 2 | N = 3 | N = 4 | N = 5 | N = 6 | N = 7 | N = 8 | N = 9 | N = 10 | N = 11 | |
| 0 | | Unallocated | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 1 | Call 1 | Call 1 | Call 1 | Call 1 | Call 1 | Call 1 | Call 1 | Call 1 | Call 1 | Call 1 | Call 1 |
| 2 | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | 3 | Call 2 | Call 2 | Call 2 | Call 2 | Call 2 | Call 2 | Call 2 | Call 2 | Call 2 | Call 2 | Call 2 |
| 4 | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | 5 | Call 3 | Call 3 | Call 3 | Call 3 | Call 3 | Call 3 | Call 3 | Call 3 | Call 3 | Call 3 | Call 3 |
| 6 | 6 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | 7 | Call 4 | Call 4 | Call 4 | Call 4 | Call 4 | Call 4 | Call 4 | Call 4 | Call 4 | Call 4 | Call 4 |
| 8 | 8 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | 9 | Call 5 | Call 5 | Call 5 | Call 5 | Call 5 | Call 5 | Call 5 | Call 5 | Call 5 | Call 5 | Call 5 |
| 10 | 10 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11 | 11 | Call 6 | Call 6 | Call 6 | Call 6 | Call 6 | Call 6 | Call 6 | Call 6 | Call 6 | Call 6 | Call 6 |
| 12 | 12 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 13 | 13 | Call 7 | Call 7 | Call 7 | Call 7 | Call 7 | Call 7 | Call 7 | Call 7 | Call 7 | Call 7 | Call 7 |
| 14 | 14 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | 15 | Call 8 | Call 8 | Call 8 | Call 8 | Call 8 | Call 8 | Call 8 | Call 8 | Call 8 | Call 8 | Call 8 |
| 16 | | Unallocated (for Q.33, Q.50 use) | | | | | | | | | | |
| 17 | 16 | Call 8 | Call 6 | Call 4 | Call 4 | Call 3 | Call 3 | Call 2 |
| 18 | 17 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 19 | 18 | Call 10 | Call 7 | Call 5 | Call 4 | Call 3 |
| 20 | 19 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 21 | 20 | Call 11 | Call 8 | Call 6 | Call 5 | Call 4 |
| 22 | 21 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 23 | 22 | Call 12 | Call 8 | Call 6 | Call 5 | Call 4 |
| 24 | 23 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 25 | 24 | Call 13 | Call 9 | Call 7 | Call 5 | Call 4 |
| 26 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 27 | (Note 1) | Call 14 | Call 9 | Call 7 | Call 5 | Call 4 |
| 28 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 29 | (Note 1) | Call 15 | Call 10 | NA | Call 6 | Call 5 |
| 30 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 31 | (Note 1) | Call 15 | Call 10 | NA | Call 6 | Call 5 |

Table 3/Q.763 (Part 2) (continued)

| Time slot | 1544 kbit/s circuit | Fixed contiguous $N \times 64$ multirate connection type at 2048 kbit/s and 1544 kbit/s interface | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|---------------------|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| | | N = 12 | N = 13 | N = 14 | N = 15 | N = 16 | N = 17 | N = 18 | N = 19 | N = 20 | N = 21 |
| 0 | | Unallocated | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 1 | Call 1 | Call 1 | Call 1 | Call 1 | Call 1 | Call 1 | Call 1 | Call 1 | Call 1 | Call 1 |
| 2 | 2 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | 4 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | 5 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | 6 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | 7 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | 8 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | 9 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | 10 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11 | 11 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 12 | 12 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 13 | 13 | Call 2 | Call 2 | Call 2 | Call 1 | Call 1 | Call 1 | Call 1 | Call 1 | Call 1 | Call 1 |
| 14 | 14 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | 15 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 16 | | Unallocated (for Q.33, Q.50 use) | | | | | | | | | |
| 17 | 16 | Call 2 | Call 2 (Note 1) | Call 2 (Note 1) | Call 2 (Note 1) | Call 1 |
| 18 | 17 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 19 | 18 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 20 | 19 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 21 | 20 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 22 | 21 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 23 | 22 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 24 | 23 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 25 | 24 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 26 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 27 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 28 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 29 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 30 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 31 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |

Table 3/Q.763 (Part 2) (concluded)

| Time slot | 1544 kbit/s circuit | Fixed contiguous N × 64 multirate connection type at 2048 kbit/s and 1544 kbit/s interface | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|---------------------|--|--------|--------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | | N = 22 | N = 23 | N = 24 | N = 25 | N = 26 | N = 27 | N = 28 | N = 29 | N = 30 |
| 0 | | Unallocated | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 1 | Call 1 | Call 1 | Call 1 | NA (Note 2) |
| 2 | 2 | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | 3 | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | 4 | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | 5 | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | 6 | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | 7 | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | 8 | | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | 9 | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | 10 | | | | | | | | | |
| 11 | 11 | | | | | | | | | |
| 12 | 12 | | | | | | | | | |
| 13 | 13 | | | | | | | | | |
| 14 | 14 | | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | 15 | | | | | | | | | |
| 16 | | Unallocated (for Q.33, Q.50 use) | | | | | | | | |
| 17 | 16 | Call 1 | Call 1 | Call 1 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 18 | 17 | | | | | | | | | |
| 19 | 18 | | | | | | | | | |
| 20 | 19 | | | | | | | | | |
| 21 | 20 | | | | | | | | | |
| 22 | 21 | | | | | | | | | |
| 23 | 22 | | | | | | | | | |
| 24 | 23 | | | | | | | | | |
| 25 | 24 | | | | | | | | | |
| 26 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 27 | | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 28 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 29 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 30 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 31 | | | | | | | | | | |

NA Not allocated

NOTE 1 – Use another 1544 kbit/s digital path.

NOTE 2 – Not allocated for 2048 kbit/s and 1544 kbit/s interworking; but, can be allocated in the 2048 kbit/s digital path.

1.3 Message type code

The message type code consists of a one-octet field and is mandatory for all messages. The message type code uniquely defines the function and format of each ISDN user part message.

The allocation with reference to the appropriate descriptive tables in this Recommendation is summarized in Table 4.

Table 4/Q.763

| Message type | Reference (Table) | Code |
|---|------------------------------|-------------|
| Address complete | 21 | 00000110 |
| Answer | 22 | 00001001 |
| Blocking | 39 | 00010011 |
| Blocking acknowledgement | 39 | 00010101 |
| Call progress | 23 | 00101100 |
| Circuit group blocking | 40 | 00011000 |
| Circuit group blocking acknowledgement | 40 | 00011010 |
| Circuit group query (national use) | 41 | 00101010 |
| Circuit group query response (national use) | 24 | 00101011 |
| Circuit group reset | 41 | 00010111 |
| Circuit group reset acknowledgement | 25 | 00101001 |
| Circuit group unblocking | 40 | 00011001 |
| Circuit group unblocking acknowledgement | 40 | 00011011 |
| Charge information (national use) | (Note) | 00110001 |
| Confusion | 26 | 00101111 |
| Connect | 27 | 00000111 |
| Continuity | 28 | 00000101 |
| Continuity check request | 39 | 00010001 |
| Facility | 45 | 00110011 |
| Facility accepted | 42 | 00100000 |
| Facility reject | 29 | 00100001 |
| Facility request | 42 | 00011111 |
| Forward transfer | 37 | 00001000 |
| Identification request | 47 | 00110110 |
| Identification response | 48 | 00110111 |
| Information (national use) | 30 | 00000100 |
| Information request (national use) | 31 | 00000011 |
| Initial address | 32 | 00000001 |
| Loop back acknowledgement (national use) | 39 | 00100100 |
| Loop prevention | 50 | 01000000 |
| Network resource management | 46 | 00110010 |
| Overload (national use) | 39 | 00110000 |
| Pass-along (national use) | 43 | 00101000 |
| Release | 33 | 00001100 |
| Release complete | 34 | 00010000 |
| Reset circuit | 39 | 00010010 |

Table 4/Q.763 (concluded)

| Message type | Reference (Table) | Code |
|---|-------------------|---|
| Resume | 38 | 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 |
| Segmentation | 49 | 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 |
| Subsequent address | 35 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 |
| Suspend | 38 | 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 1 |
| Unblocking | 39 | 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 |
| Unblocking acknowledgement | 39 | 0 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 |
| Unequipped CIC (national use) | 39 | 0 0 1 0 1 1 1 0 |
| User Part available | 44 | 0 0 1 1 0 1 0 1 |
| User Part test | 44 | 0 0 1 1 0 1 0 0 |
| User-to-user information | 36 | 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 1 |
| Reserved (used in 1984 version) | | 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 0 |
| Reserved (used in 1988 version) | | 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 |
| Reserved (used in B-ISUP) | | 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 to 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 1 |
| Reserved for future extension | | 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 |
| NOTE – The format of this message is a national matter. | | |

1.4 Formatting principles

Each message consists of a number of PARAMETERS listed and described in clause 3. Each parameter has a NAME which is coded as a single octet (see Table 5). The length of a parameter may be fixed or variable, and a LENGTH INDICATOR of one octet for each parameter may be included as described below.

The detailed format is uniquely defined for each message type as described in clause 4.

Between parameters there should be no unused (i.e. dummy) octets.

A general format diagram is shown in Figure 3.

1.5 Mandatory fixed part

Those parameters that are mandatory and of fixed length for a particular message type will be contained in the *mandatory fixed part*. The position, length and order of the parameters is uniquely

defined by the message type; thus, the names of the parameters and the length indicators are not included in the message.

1.6 Mandatory variable part

Mandatory parameters of variable length will be included in the *mandatory variable part*. Pointers are used to indicate the beginning of each parameter. Each pointer is encoded as a single octet. The name of each parameter and the order in which the pointers are sent is implicit in the message type. Parameter names are, therefore, not included in the message. The details of how pointers are encoded is found in 2.3. The number of parameters, and thus the number of pointers, is uniquely defined by the message type.

A pointer is also included to indicate the beginning of the optional part. If the message type indicates that no optional part is allowed, then this pointer will not be present. If the message type indicates that an optional part is possible (reflected by the presence of an "end of optional parameter" octet in Tables 21 through 50), but there is no optional part included in this particular message, then a pointer field containing all zeros will be used. It is recommended that all future message types with a mandatory variable part indicate that an optional part is allowed.

All the pointers are sent consecutively at the beginning of the mandatory variable part. Each parameter contains the parameter length indicator followed by the contents of the parameters. If there are no mandatory variable parameters, but optional parameters are possible, the start of optional parameters pointer (coded all "0"s if no optional parameter is present and coded "00000001" if any optional parameter is present) will be included.

1.7 Optional part

The optional part consists of parameters that may or may not occur in any particular message type. Both fixed length and variable length parameters may be included. Unless it is explicitly stated to the contrary within this Recommendation, an optional parameter cannot occur multiple times within one message. Optional parameters may be transmitted in any order. Each optional parameter will include the parameter name (one octet) and the length indicator (one octet) followed by the parameter contents.

1.8 End of optional parameters octet

If optional parameters are present and after all optional parameters have been sent, an "end of optional parameters" octet containing all zeros will be transmitted. If no optional parameter is present, an "end of optional parameters" octet is not transmitted.

1.9 Order of transmission

Since all the fields consist of an integral number of octets, the formats are presented as a stack of octets. The first octet transmitted is the one shown at the top of the stack and the last is the one at the bottom (see Figure 3).

Unless otherwise indicated, within each octet and subfield the bits are transmitted with the least significant bit first.

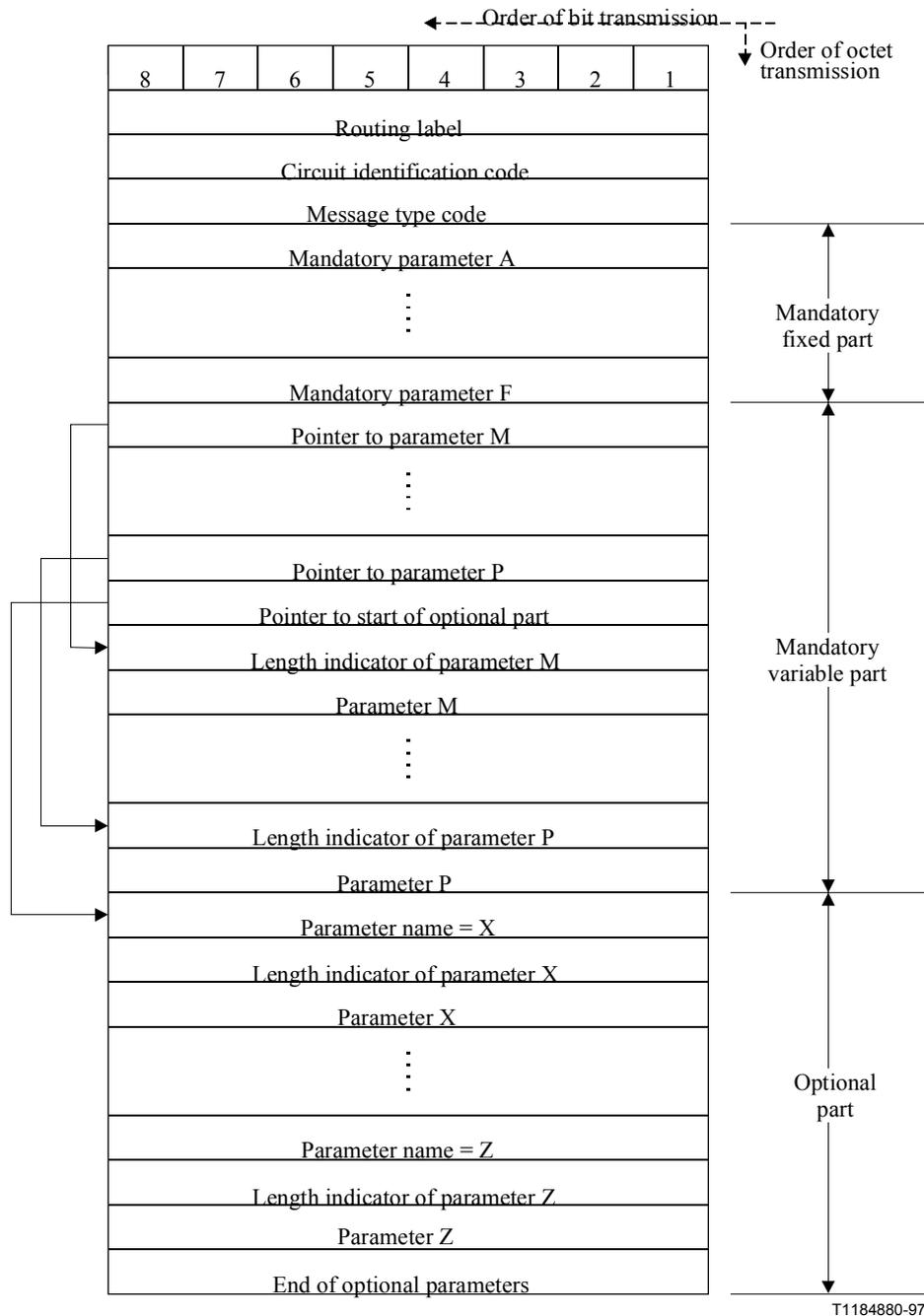


Figure 3/Q.763 – General format overview

1.10 Coding of spare bits

Spare bits are coded 0 unless indicated otherwise.

1.11 National message types and parameters

If message type codes and parameter name codes are required for national uses not included in this Recommendation, the codes chosen should be from the highest code downwards, that is, starting at code 11111111. Message type codes in the range 11111111 to 11100000 and parameter name codes in the range 11111111 to 11000001 are reserved exclusively for national use.

1.12 Rules for the allocation of message types codes and parameter name codes

B-ISUP message and parameter codes not used in ISUP should be marked reserved.

1.13 Meaning of "spare" codes and "reserved" codes

a) Spare code: A code is indicated in this Recommendation as:

- spare;
- spare for international use; or
- spare for national use.

A code indicated as "spare" or "spare for international use" is a code available for future ITU-T use.

A code indicated as "spare for national use" is not available for ITU-T use.

b) Reserved code: A code may have been reserved in this Recommendation because of:

- a previous Recommendation;
- an intended usage (however, procedures have not been developed); or
- national use.

A code reserved for a previous Recommendation (e.g. *Blue Book*) is not available for future use.

A code reserved for an intended use (e.g. for future extension) will be specified when the intended procedures are developed.

A code reserved for national use is not available for ITU-T use.

2 Parameter formats and codes

2.1 Message type codes

The encoding of the message type is shown in Table 4.

2.2 Coding of the length indicator

The length indicator field is binary coded to indicate the number of octets in the parameter content field. The length indicated does not include the parameter name octet or the length indicator octet.

2.3 Coding of the pointers

The pointer value (in binary) gives the number of octets between the pointer itself (included) and the first octet (not included) of the parameter associated with that pointer.

The pointer value all zeros is used to indicate that, in the case of optional parameters, no optional parameter is present.

3 ISDN user part parameter¹

3.1 Parameter names

The parameter name codes are given in Table 5 together with references to the subclauses in which they are described.

Table 5/Q.763

| Parameter name | Reference (subclause) | Code |
|---|-----------------------|----------|
| Access delivery information | 3.2 | 00101110 |
| Access transport | 3.3 | 00000011 |
| Automatic congestion level | 3.4 | 00100111 |
| Backward call indicators | 3.5 | 00010001 |
| Backward GVNS | 3.62 | 01001101 |
| Call diversion information | 3.6 | 00110110 |
| Call diversion treatment indicators | 3.72 | 01101110 |
| Call history information | 3.7 | 00101101 |
| Call offering treatment indicators | 3.74 | 01110000 |
| Call reference (national use) | 3.8 | 00000001 |
| Call transfer number | 3.64 | 01000101 |
| Call transfer reference | 3.65 | 01000011 |
| Called IN number | 3.73 | 01101111 |
| Called party number | 3.9 | 00000100 |
| Calling party number | 3.10 | 00001010 |
| Calling party's category | 3.11 | 00001001 |
| Cause indicators | 3.12 | 00010010 |
| CCSS | 3.63 | 01001011 |
| Charged party identification (national use) | 3.75 | 01110001 |
| Circuit assignment map | 3.69 | 00100101 |
| Circuit group supervision message type | 3.13 | 00010101 |
| Circuit state indicator (national use) | 3.14 | 00100110 |
| Closed user group interlock code | 3.15 | 00011010 |
| Collect call request | 3.81 | 01111001 |
| Conference treatment indicators | 3.76 | 01110010 |
| Connected number | 3.16 | 00100001 |
| Connection request | 3.17 | 00001101 |
| Continuity indicators | 3.18 | 00010000 |
| Correlation id | 3.70 | 01100101 |
| Display information | 3.77 | 01110011 |

¹ The clause numbering of the parameters in the previous version (1993) of this Recommendation is retained; new parameters are added to the end of clause 3.

Table 5/Q.763 (continued)

| Parameter name | Reference (subclause) | Code |
|---|------------------------------|-------------|
| Echo control information | 3.19 | 00110111 |
| End of optional parameters | 3.20 | 00000000 |
| Event information | 3.21 | 00100100 |
| Facility indicator | 3.22 | 00011000 |
| Forward call indicators | 3.23 | 00000111 |
| Forward GVNS | 3.66 | 01001100 |
| Generic digits (national use) | 3.24 | 11000001 |
| Generic notification indicator | 3.25 | 00101100 |
| Generic number | 3.26 | 11000000 |
| Hop counter | 3.80 | 00111101 |
| Information indicators (national use) | 3.28 | 00001111 |
| Information request indicators (national use) | 3.29 | 00001110 |
| Location number | 3.30 | 00111111 |
| Loop prevention indicators | 3.67 | 01000100 |
| MCID request indicators | 3.31 | 00111011 |
| MCID response indicators | 3.32 | 00111100 |
| Message compatibility information | 3.33 | 00111000 |
| MLPP precedence | 3.34 | 00111010 |
| Nature of connection indicators | 3.35 | 00000110 |
| Network management controls | 3.68 | 01011011 |
| Network specific facility (national use) | 3.36 | 00101111 |
| Optional backward call indicators | 3.37 | 00101001 |
| Optional forward call indicators | 3.38 | 00001000 |
| Original called number | 3.39 | 00101000 |
| Origination ISC point code | 3.40 | 00101011 |
| Parameter compatibility information | 3.41 | 00111001 |
| Propagation delay counter | 3.42 | 00110001 |
| Range and status | 3.43 | 00010110 |
| Redirect capability (reserved for national use) | (Note) | 01001110 |
| Redirect counter (reserved for national use) | (Note) | 01110111 |
| Redirecting number | 3.44 | 00001011 |
| Redirection information | 3.45 | 00010011 |
| Redirection number | 3.46 | 00001100 |
| Redirection number restriction | 3.47 | 01000000 |
| Remote operations (national use) | 3.48 | 00110010 |
| SCF id | 3.71 | 01100110 |
| Service activation | 3.49 | 00110011 |

Table 5/Q.763 (concluded)

| Parameter name | Reference (subclause) | Code |
|---|-----------------------|---|
| Signalling point code (national use) | 3.50 | 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 |
| Subsequent number | 3.51 | 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 |
| Suspend/Resume indicators | 3.52 | 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 |
| Transit network selection (national use) | 3.53 | 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 1 |
| Transmission medium requirement | 3.54 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 |
| Transmission medium requirement prime | 3.55 | 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 0 |
| Transmission medium used | 3.56 | 0 0 1 1 0 1 0 1 |
| UID action indicators | 3.78 | 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 0 |
| UID capability indicators | 3.79 | 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 |
| User service information | 3.57 | 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 1 |
| User service information prime | 3.58 | 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 |
| User teleservice information | 3.59 | 0 0 1 1 0 1 0 0 |
| User-to-user indicators | 3.60 | 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 |
| User-to-user information | 3.61 | 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 |
| Reserved (used in 1984 version, <i>Red Book</i>) | | 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 |
| Reserved (used in 1988 version, <i>Blue Book</i>) | | 0 0 0 1 0 1 1 1 |
| Reserved (used in 1992 version) | | 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 |
| Reserved for future extension | | 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 |
| NOTE – The format of this parameter is a national matter. | | |

The following codes are reserved for use in B-ISUP:

01000110 to 01001010, 01001111 to 01011010, 01011100 to 01100100, 01100111 to 01101101.

3.2 Access delivery information

The format of the access delivery information parameter field is shown in Figure 4.

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| H | G | F | E | D | C | B | A |

Figure 4/Q.763 – Access delivery information parameter field

| | |
|----------|-----------------------------|
| bit | |
| <u>A</u> | Access delivery indicator |
| 0 | Set-up message generated |
| 1 | No set-up message generated |
| bits H-B | Spare |

3.3 Access transport

The format of the access transport parameter field is shown in Figure 5.

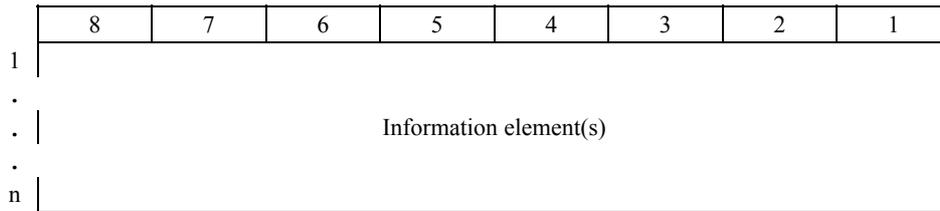


Figure 5/Q.763 – Access transport parameter field

The information element is coded as described in 4.5/Q.931. Multiple Q.931 information elements can be included within the access transport parameter. The information elements applicable to a particular usage of the access transport parameter are dependent on, and will be determined by, the relevant procedures. The maximum length of the access transport parameter should only be limited by the message length as the content of the ATP will probably evolve in the future.

3.4 Automatic congestion level

The format of the automatic congestion level parameter field is shown in Figure 6.

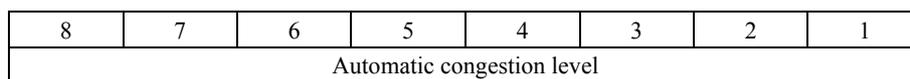


Figure 6/Q.763 – Automatic congestion level parameter field

The following codes are used in the automatic congestion level parameter field:

| | |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|
| 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Spare |
| 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 | Congestion level 1 exceeded |
| 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 | Congestion level 2 exceeded |
| 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 | } |
| to | |
| 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | |
| | Spare |

3.5 Backward call indicators

The format of the backward call indicators parameter field is shown in Figure 7.

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | H | G | F | E | D | C | B | A |
| 2 | P | O | N | M | L | K | J | I |

Figure 7/Q.763 – Backward call indicators parameter field

The following codes are used in the backward call indicators parameter field:

bits

BA Charge indicator (Note 1)

0 0 no indication

0 1 no charge

1 0 charge

1 1 spare

NOTE 1 – The interpretation of these bits depends only on the charging exchange.

bits

DC Called party's status indicator

0 0 no indication

0 1 subscriber free

1 0 connect when free (national use)

1 1 spare

bits

FE Called party's category indicator

0 0 no indication

0 1 ordinary subscriber

1 0 payphone

1 1 spare

bits

HG End-to-end method indicator (Note 2)

0 0 no end-to-end method available (only link-by-link method available)

0 1 pass-along method available (national use)

1 0 SCCP method available

1 0 pass-along and SCCP methods available (national use)

bit

I Interworking indicator (Note 2)

0 no interworking encountered (Signalling System No. 7 all the way)

1 interworking encountered

bit

J End-to-end information indicator (Note 2) (national use)

0 no end-to-end information available

1 end-to-end information available

bit
K ISDN user part indicator (Note 2)
 0 ISDN user part not used all the way
 1 ISDN user part used all the way

bit
L Holding indicator (national use)
 0 holding not requested
 1 holding requested

bit
M ISDN access indicator
 0 terminating access non-ISDN
 1 terminating access ISDN

bit
N Echo control device indicator
 0 incoming echo control device not included
 1 incoming echo control device included

bits
PO SCCP method indicator (Note 2)
 0 0 no indication
 0 1 connectionless method available (national use)
 1 0 connection oriented method available
 1 1 connectionless and connection oriented methods available (national use)

NOTE 2 – Bits G-K and O-P constitute the protocol control indicator.

3.6 Call diversion information

The format of the call diversion information parameter field is shown in Figure 8.

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| H | G | F | E | D | C | B | A |

Figure 8/Q.763 – Call diversion information parameter field

The following codes are used in the call diversion information parameter field.

a) *Notification subscription options*

bits
CBA
 0 0 0 Unknown
 0 0 1 presentation not allowed
 0 1 0 presentation allowed with redirection number
 0 1 1 presentation allowed without redirection number
 1 0 0 }
 to } spare
 1 1 1 }

b) *Redirecting reason*

| | |
|-------------|---------------------------------|
| bits | |
| <u>GFED</u> | |
| 0 0 0 0 | Unknown |
| 0 0 0 1 | User busy |
| 0 0 1 0 | no reply |
| 0 0 1 1 | unconditional |
| 0 1 0 0 | deflection during alerting |
| 0 1 0 1 | deflection immediate response |
| 0 1 1 0 | mobile subscriber not reachable |
| 0 1 1 1 | } spare |
| to | |
| 1 1 1 1 | |
| bit H | Spare |

3.7 Call history information

The format of the call history information parameter field is shown in Figure 42.

The call history information parameter expresses in pure binary representation the propagation delay value of a call in ms.

3.8 Call reference (national use)

The format of the call reference parameter is shown in Figure 9.

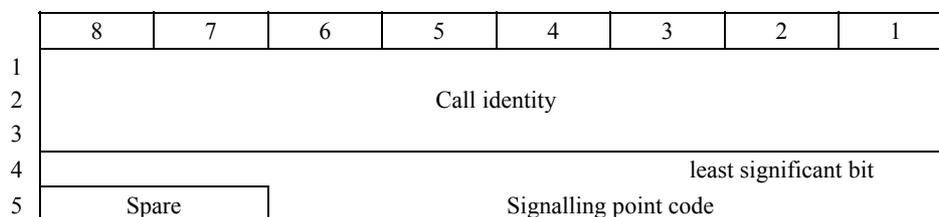


Figure 9/Q.763 – Call reference parameter field

The following codes are used in the subfields of the call reference parameter field:

a) *Call identity*

A code expressing in pure binary representation the identification number allocated to the call.

b) *Signalling point code*

The code of the signalling point in which the call identity is relevant.

3.9 Called party number

The format of the called party number parameter field is shown in Figure 10.

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------------|---|---|--------------------|---|---|---|
| | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | Odd/ even | Nature of address indicator | | | | | | |
| 2 | INN Ind. | Numbering plan Ind. | | | Spare | | | |
| 3 | 2nd address signal | | | | 1st address signal | | | |
| . | | | | | | | | |
| . | | | | | | | | |
| n | Filler (if necessary) | | | | nth address signal | | | |

Figure 10/Q.763 – Called party number parameter field

The following codes are used in the subfields of the called party number parameter field:

a) *Odd/even indicator*

- 0 even number of address signals
- 1 odd number of address signals

b) *Nature of address indicator*

- 0 0 0 0 0 0 spare
- 0 0 0 0 0 1 subscriber number (national use)
- 0 0 0 0 1 0 unknown (national use)
- 0 0 0 0 1 1 national (significant) number
- 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 international number
- 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 network-specific number (national use)
- 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 } spare
- to }
- 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 }
- 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 } reserved for national use
- to }
- 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 }
- 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 spare

c) *Internal Network Number indicator (INN ind.)*

- 0 routing to internal network number allowed
- 1 routing to internal network number not allowed

d) *Numbering plan indicator*

- 0 0 0 spare
- 0 0 1 ISDN (Telephony) numbering plan (Recommendation E.164)
- 0 1 0 spare
- 0 1 1 Data numbering plan (Recommendation X.121) (national use)
- 1 0 0 Telex numbering plan (Recommendation F.69) (national use)
- 1 0 1 reserved for national use
- 1 1 0 reserved for national use
- 1 1 1 spare

- e) *Address signal*
- | | |
|---------|---------|
| 0 0 0 0 | digit 0 |
| 0 0 0 1 | digit 1 |
| 0 0 1 0 | digit 2 |
| 0 0 1 1 | digit 3 |
| 0 1 0 0 | digit 4 |
| 0 1 0 1 | digit 5 |
| 0 1 1 0 | digit 6 |
| 0 1 1 1 | digit 7 |
| 1 0 0 0 | digit 8 |
| 1 0 0 1 | digit 9 |
| 1 0 1 0 | spare |
| 1 0 1 1 | code 11 |
| 1 1 0 0 | code 12 |
| 1 1 0 1 | spare |
| 1 1 1 0 | spare |
| 1 1 1 1 | ST |

The most significant address signal is sent first. Subsequent address signals are sent in successive 4-bit fields.

- f) *Filler*

In case of an odd number of address signals, the filler code 0000 is inserted after the last address signal.

3.10 Calling party number

The format of the calling party number parameter field is shown in Figure 11.

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------------|---|---|---|---|-----------|---|
| | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | Odd/ even | Nature of address indicator | | | | | | |
| 2 | NI | Numbering plan Ind. | | | Address presentation restricted indicator | | Screening | |
| 3 | 2nd address signal | | | | 1st address signal | | | |
| . | | | | | | | | |
| . | | | | | | | | |
| n | Filler (if necessary) | | | | nth address signal | | | |

Figure 11/Q.763 – Calling party number parameter field

The following codes are used in the calling party number parameter field.

- a) *Odd/even indicator*

See 3.9 a)

- b) *Nature of address indicator*

- | | |
|---------------|--|
| 0 0 0 0 0 0 | spare |
| 0 0 0 0 0 1 | subscriber number (national use) |
| 0 0 0 0 1 0 | unknown (national use) |
| 0 0 0 0 1 1 | national (significant) number (national use) |
| 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 | international number |

| | | |
|---------------|---|---------------------------|
| 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 | } | spare |
| to | | |
| 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 | } | reserved for national use |
| to | | |
| 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 | } | reserved for national use |
| to | | |
| 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 | } | reserved for national use |
| to | | |
| 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | | spare |

c) *Number Incomplete indicator (NI)*

| | |
|---|------------|
| 0 | complete |
| 1 | incomplete |

d) *Numbering plan indicator*

See 3.9 d)

e) *Address presentation restricted indicator*

| | |
|-----|---|
| 0 0 | presentation allowed |
| 0 1 | presentation restricted |
| 1 0 | address not available (Note) (national use) |
| 1 1 | spare |

NOTE – If the parameter is included and the address presentation restricted indicator indicates address not available, octets 3 to n are omitted, the subfields in items a), b), c) and d) are coded with 0's, and the subfield f) is coded with 11.

f) *Screening indicator*

| | |
|-----|------------------------------------|
| 0 0 | reserved (Note) |
| 0 1 | user provided, verified and passed |
| 1 0 | reserved (Note) |
| 1 1 | network provided |

NOTE – Code 00 and 10 are reserved for "user provided, not verified" and "user provided, verified and failed" respectively. Codes 00 and 10 are for national use.

g) *Address signal*

| | |
|---------|---------|
| 0 0 0 0 | digit 0 |
| 0 0 0 1 | digit 1 |
| 0 0 1 0 | digit 2 |
| 0 0 1 1 | digit 3 |
| 0 1 0 0 | digit 4 |
| 0 1 0 1 | digit 5 |
| 0 1 1 0 | digit 6 |
| 0 1 1 1 | digit 7 |
| 1 0 0 0 | digit 8 |
| 1 0 0 1 | digit 9 |
| 1 0 1 0 | spare |
| 1 0 1 1 | code 11 |

1 1 0 0 code 12
 1 1 0 1 }
 to } spare
 1 1 1 1 }

h) *Filler*
 See 3.9 f).

3.11 Calling party's category

The format of the calling party's category parameter field is shown in Figure 12.

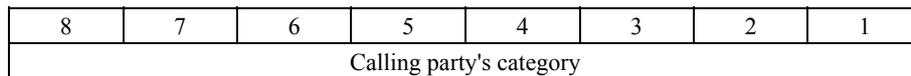


Figure 12/Q.763 – Calling party's category parameter field

The following codes are used in the calling party's category parameter field.

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | calling party's category unknown at this time (national use) |
| 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 | operator, language French |
| 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 | operator, language English |
| 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 | operator, language German |
| 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 | operator, language Russian |
| 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 | operator, language Spanish |
| 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 | (available to Administrations for selection a particular language by mutual agreement) |
| 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 | |
| 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 | |
| 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 | reserved (see Recommendation Q.104) (Note) (national use) |
| 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 | ordinary calling subscriber |
| 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 1 | calling subscriber with priority |
| 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 | data call (voice band data) |
| 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 1 | test call |
| 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 | spare |
| 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 | payphone |
| 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 | } spare |
| to | |
| 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 | } reserved for national use |
| 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 | |
| to | |
| 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 | |
| 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | spare |

NOTE – In national networks, code 00001001 may be used to indicate that the calling party is a national operator.

3.12 Cause indicators

The format of the cause indicators parameter field is shown in Figure 13.

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|------------------------|-----------------|---|-------|----------|---|---|---|
| | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | ext. | Coding standard | | Spare | Location | | | |
| 2 | ext. | Cause value | | | | | | |
| 3 | Diagnostic(s) (if any) | | | | | | | |
| . | | | | | | | | |
| . | | | | | | | | |
| n | | | | | | | | |

NOTE – Octet 3 to 3n may be omitted or repeated, e.g. 3' to 3'n.

Figure 13/Q.763 – Cause indicators parameter field

The codes to be used in the subfields of the cause indicators parameter fields are defined in Recommendation Q.850.

3.13 Circuit group supervision message type

The format of the circuit group supervision message type parameter field is shown in Figure 14.

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| H | G | F | E | D | C | B | A |

Figure 14/Q.763 – Circuit group supervision message type parameter field

The following codes are used in the circuit group supervision message type parameter field:

- bits
- BA Circuit group supervision message type indicator
- 0 0 maintenance oriented
- 0 1 hardware failure oriented
- 1 0 reserved for national use (used in 1984 version)
- 1 1 spare
- bits H-C Spare

3.14 Circuit state indicator (national use)

The format of the circuit state indicator parameter field is shown in Figure 15.

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | H | G | F | E | D | C | B | A |
| : | | | | | | | | |
| : | | | | | | | | |
| : | | | | | | | | |
| n | H | G | F | E | D | C | B | A |

Figure 15/Q.763 – Circuit state indicator parameter field

The number of octets in the circuit state indicator parameter field is equal to the specified range + 1. Each circuit state indicator octet is associated with a circuit identification code such that octet n is associated with circuit identification code m + n - 1, where m is the circuit identification code contained in the message.

The following codes are used in each circuit state indicator octet:

a) *for bits D C = 00*

bits
BA Maintenance blocking state
 0 0 transient
 0 1 spare
 1 0 spare
 1 1 unequipped
 bits H-E Spare

b) *for bits D C not equal to 00*

bits
BA Maintenance blocking state
 0 0 no blocking (active)
 0 1 locally blocked
 1 0 remotely blocked
 1 1 locally and remotely blocked

bits
DC Call processing state
 0 1 circuit incoming busy
 1 0 circuit outgoing busy
 1 1 idle

bits
FE Hardware blocking state (Note)
 0 0 no blocking (active)
 0 1 locally blocked
 1 0 remotely blocked
 1 1 locally and remotely blocked

bits H-G Spare

NOTE – If bits F E are not coded 0 0, bits D C must be coded 1 1.

3.15 Closed user group interlock code

The format of the closed user group interlock code parameter field is shown in Figure 16.

| | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
|---|--------------|---|---|---|--------------|---|---|---|
| 1 | 1st NI digit | | | | 2nd NI digit | | | |
| 2 | 3rd NI digit | | | | 4th NI digit | | | |
| 3 | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Binary code | | | | | | | |

Figure 16/Q.763 – Closed user group interlock code parameter field

The following codes are used in the subfields of the closed user group interlock code parameter field:

a) *Network Identity (NI) (octets 1 and 2)*

Each digit is coded in the binary coded decimal representation from 0 to 9. If the first digit of this field is coded 0 or 9, the TCC (Telephony Country Code) follows in the second to fourth NI digits (the most significant TCC digit is in the 2nd NI digit). If the TCC is one or two digits long, the excess digit(s) is inserted with the code for RPOA or network identification, if necessary. If octet 2 is not required, it is coded all zeros.

Coding of the first digit as 1 or 8 is excluded.

If the first digit is not 0, 9, 1 or 8, this field contains a DNIC (Data Network Identification Code) as defined in Recommendation X.121.

b) *Binary code (octets 3 and 4)*

A code allocated to a closed user group administered by a particular ISDN or data network. Bit 8 of octet 3 is the most significant and bit 1 of octet 4 is the least significant.

3.16 Connected number

The format of the connected number parameter field corresponds to the format shown in Figure 17.

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------------|---|---|---|---|---------------------|---|
| | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | Odd/ even | Nature of address indicator | | | | | | |
| 2 | Spare | Numbering plan Ind. | | | Address presentation restricted indicator | | Screening indicator | |
| 3 | 2nd address signal | | | | 1st address signal | | | |
| . | | | | | | | | |
| . | | | | | | | | |
| n | Filler (if necessary) | | | | nth address signal | | | |

Figure 17/Q.763 – Connected number parameter field

The following codes are used in the subfields of the connected number parameter field:

- a) Odd/even indicator: see 3.9 a).
- b) Nature of address indicator: see 3.10 b).
- c) Numbering plan indicator: see 3.9 d).
- d) Address presentation restricted indicator:
 - 0 0 presentation allowed
 - 0 1 presentation restricted
 - 1 0 address not available
 - 1 1 spare

NOTE – If the parameter is included and the address presentation restricted indicator indicates address not available, octets 3 to n are omitted, the subfields in items a), b), and c) are coded with 0's, and the screening indicator is set to 11 network provided.

- e) Screening indicator: see 3.10 f).
- f) Address signal: see 3.10 g).
- g) Filler: see 3.9 f).

3.17 Connection request

The format of the connection request parameter field is shown in Figure 18.

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | Local reference | | | | | | | |
| 2 | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Signalling point code | | | | | | | |
| 5 | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | Protocol class | | | | | | | |
| 7 | Credit | | | | | | | |

NOTE – Octets 6 and 7 may be omitted if protocol class requested is 2.

Figure 18/Q.763 – Connection request parameter field

The following codes are used in the subfields of the connection request parameter field:

- a) *Local reference*
A code indicating the local reference allocated by the signalling connection control part to the end-to-end connection.
- b) *Signalling point code*
A code identifying the signalling point at which the connection request originated.
- c) *Protocol class*
A code identifying in pure binary representation, the protocol class requested for the end-to-end connection.
- d) *Credit*
A code identifying in pure binary representation the window size requested for the end-to-end connection.

3.18 Continuity indicators

The format of the continuity indicators parameter field is shown in Figure 19.

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| H | G | F | E | D | C | B | A |

Figure 19/Q.763 – Continuity indicators parameter field

The following codes are used in the continuity indicators parameter field:

- bit
- A Continuity indicator
- 0 continuity check failed
- 1 continuity check successful
- bits H-B Spare

3.19 Echo control information

The format of the echo control information parameter field is shown in Figure 20.

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| H | G | F | E | D | C | B | A |

Figure 20/Q.763 – Echo control information parameter field

- a) bits
BA *Outgoing echo control device information indicator*
0 0 No information
0 1 Outgoing echo control device not included and not available
1 0 Outgoing echo control device included
1 1 Outgoing echo control device not included but available
- b) bits
DC *Incoming echo control device information indicator*
0 0 No information
0 1 Incoming echo control device not included and not available
1 0 Incoming echo control device included
1 1 Incoming echo control device not included but available
- c) bits
FE *Outgoing echo control device request indicator*
0 0 No information
0 1 Outgoing echo control device activation request
1 0 Outgoing echo control device deactivation request (Note)
1 1 Spare

NOTE – This value will not be generated by the Echo Control Logic defined in Recommendation Q.115.

- d) bits
HG *Incoming echo control device request indicator*
0 0 No information
0 1 Incoming echo control device activation request
1 0 Incoming echo control device deactivation request (Note)
1 1 Spare

NOTE – This value will not be generated by the Echo Control Logic defined in Recommendation Q.115.

3.20 End of optional parameters

The last optional parameter field of a message is followed by the end of optional parameters octet (see 1.8).

3.21 Event information

The format of the event information parameter field is shown in Figure 21.

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| H | G | F | E | D | C | B | A |

Figure 21/Q.763 – Event information parameter field

The following codes are used in the event indicator parameter field:

| | | |
|----------------|----------------|--|
| bits | | |
| <u>GFEDCBA</u> | | Event indicator |
| 0 0 0 0 0 0 | | spare |
| 0 0 0 0 0 1 | | ALERTING |
| 0 0 0 0 1 0 | | PROGRESS |
| 0 0 0 0 1 1 | | in-band information or an appropriate pattern is now available |
| 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 | | call forwarded on busy (national use) |
| 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 | | call forwarded on no reply (national use) |
| 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 | | call forwarded unconditional (national use) |
| 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 | } spare (Note) | |
| to | | |
| 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | | |

NOTE – Coding of this indicator is frozen; no additional codes can be defined for compatibility.

| | | |
|----------|--|--|
| bit | | |
| <u>H</u> | | Event presentation restricted indicator (national use) |
| 0 | | no indication |
| 1 | | presentation restricted |

3.22 Facility indicator

The format of the facility indicator parameter field is shown in Figure 22.

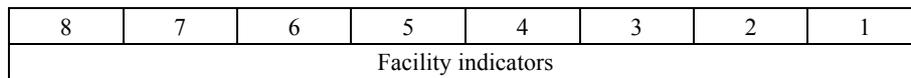


Figure 22/Q.763 – Facility indicator parameter field

The following codes are used in the facility indicator parameter field:

| | | |
|-----------------|---------|----------------------|
| 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | | spare |
| 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 | | spare |
| 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 | | user-to-user service |
| 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 | } spare | |
| to | | |
| 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | | |

3.23 Forward call indicators

The format of the forward call indicators parameter field is shown in Figure 23.

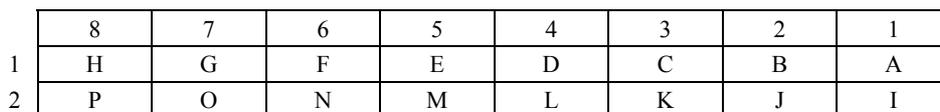


Figure 23/Q.763 – Forward call indicators parameter field

The following codes are used in the forward call indicators parameter field:

| | |
|----------|---|
| bit | |
| <u>A</u> | National/international call indicator |
| 0 | call to be treated as a national call |
| 1 | call to be treated as an international call |

This bit can be set to any value in the country of origin. In the international network this bit is not checked. In the destination country, calls from the international network will have this bit set to 1.

| | |
|-----------|---|
| bits | |
| <u>CB</u> | End-to-end method indicator (Note) |
| 0 0 | no end-to-end method available (only link-by-link method available) |
| 0 1 | pass-along method available (national use) |
| 1 0 | SCCP method available |
| 1 1 | pass-along and SCCP methods available (national use) |

| | |
|----------|--|
| bit | |
| <u>D</u> | Interworking indicator (Note) |
| 0 | no interworking encountered (No. 7 signalling all the way) |
| 1 | interworking encountered |

| | |
|----------|--|
| bit | |
| <u>E</u> | End-to-end information indicator (Note) (national use) |
| 0 | no end-to-end information available |
| 1 | end-to-end information available |

| | |
|----------|-------------------------------------|
| bit | |
| <u>F</u> | ISDN user part indicator (Note) |
| 0 | ISDN user part not used all the way |
| 1 | ISDN user part used all the way |

| | |
|-----------|---|
| bits | |
| <u>HG</u> | ISDN user part preference indicator |
| 0 0 | ISDN user part preferred all the way |
| 0 1 | ISDN user part not required all the way |
| 1 0 | ISDN user part required all the way |
| 1 1 | spare |

| | |
|----------|-----------------------------|
| bit | |
| <u>I</u> | ISDN access indicator |
| 0 | originating access non-ISDN |
| 1 | originating access ISDN |

| | |
|-----------|---|
| bits | |
| <u>KJ</u> | SCCP method indicator (Note) |
| 0 0 | no indication |
| 0 1 | connectionless method available (national use) |
| 1 0 | connection oriented method available |
| 1 1 | connectionless and connection oriented methods available (national use) |

bit L Spare

bits P-M Reserved for national use

NOTE – Bits B-F and J-K constitute the protocol control indicator.

3.24 Generic digits (national use)

The format of the generic digits parameter field is shown in Figure 24.

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|---|---|----------------|---|---|---|---|
| | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | Encoding scheme | | | Type of digits | | | | |
| 2 | digits | | | | | | | |
| . | | | | | | | | |
| . | | | | | | | | |
| . | | | | | | | | |
| n | digits | | | | | | | |

Figure 24/Q.763 – Generic digits parameter

The following codes are used in the subfields of the generic digits parameter:

a) *Encoding scheme*

- 0 0 0 BCD even: (even number of digits)
- 0 0 1 BCD odd: (odd number of digits)
- 0 1 0 IA5 character
- 0 1 1 binary coded
- 1 0 0 } spare
- to }
- 1 1 1 }

b) *Type of digits*

- 0 0 0 0 0 reserved for account code
- 0 0 0 0 1 reserved for authorisation code
- 0 0 0 1 0 reserved for private networking travelling class mark
- 0 0 0 1 1 reserved for business communication group identity
- 0 0 1 0 0 } reserved for national use
- to }
- 1 1 1 1 0 }
- 1 1 1 1 1 reserved for extension

c) *Digit*

Coding in accordance to the coding scheme and type of digits.

3.25 Generic notification indicator

The format of the generic notification indicator parameter field is shown in Figure 25.

| | | | | | | | |
|------|------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| ext. | Notification indicator | | | | | | |

Figure 25/Q.763 – Generic notification indicator parameter field

The following codes are used in the generic notification indicator parameter field:

- a) *Extension indicator*
- 0 information continues in the next octet
 - 1 last octet
- b) *Notification indicator*
- 0 0 0 0 0 0 user suspended
 - 0 0 0 0 0 1 user resumed
 - 0 0 0 0 1 0 bearer service change
 - 0 0 0 0 1 1 discriminator for extension to ASN.1 encoded component } (used in DSS 1)
 - 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 call completion delay
 - 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 conference established
 - 1 0 0 0 0 1 1 conference disconnected
 - 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 other party added
 - 1 0 0 0 1 0 1 isolated
 - 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 reattached
 - 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 other party isolated
 - 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 other party reattached
 - 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 other party split
 - 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 other party disconnected
 - 1 0 0 1 0 1 1 conference floating
 - 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 call is a waiting call
 - 1 1 0 1 0 0 0 diversion activated (used in DSS 1)
 - 1 1 0 1 0 0 1 call transfer, alerting
 - 1 1 0 1 0 1 0 call transfer, active
 - 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 remote hold
 - 1 1 1 1 0 1 0 remote retrieval
 - 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 call is diverting

All other values are currently not used and are reserved for future extensions.

3.26 Generic number

The format of the generic number parameter field is shown in Figure 26.

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------------|-----------------------------|---|---|--------------------------------------|---|-----------|---|
| | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | Number qualifier indicator | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Odd/ even | Nature of address indicator | | | | | | |
| 3 | NI ind. | Numbering plan Ind. | | | Address presentation restricted Ind. | | Screening | |
| 4 | 2nd address signal | | | | 1st address signal | | | |
| : | | | | | | | | |
| n | Filler (if necessary) | | | | nth address signal | | | |

Figure 26/Q.763 – Generic number parameter field

The following codes are used in the generic number parameter field:

a) *Number qualifier indicator*

| | |
|---------------|--|
| 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | reserved (dialled digits) (national use) |
| 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 | additional called number (national use) |
| 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 | reserved (supplemental user provided calling number – failed network screening) (national use) |
| 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 | reserved (supplemental user provided calling number – not screened) (national use) |
| 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 | reserved (redirecting terminating number) (national use) |
| 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 | additional connected number |
| 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 | additional calling party number |
| 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 | reserved for additional original called number |
| 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 | reserved for additional redirecting number |
| 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 | reserved for additional redirection number |
| 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 | reserved (used in 1992 version) |
| 0 0 0 1 0 1 1 | } spare |
| to | |
| 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 | } reserved for national use |
| 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 | |
| to | |
| 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 | } reserved for expansion |
| 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | |

b) *Odd/even indicator*: see 3.9 a)

c) *Nature of address indicator*

| | |
|-------------|----------------------------------|
| 0 0 0 0 0 0 | spare |
| 0 0 0 0 0 1 | subscriber number (national use) |
| 0 0 0 0 1 0 | unknown (national use) |
| 0 0 0 0 1 1 | national (significant) number |
| 0 0 0 1 0 0 | international number |
| 0 0 0 1 0 1 | } spare |
| to | |
| 1 1 0 1 1 1 | } reserved for national use |
| 1 1 1 0 0 0 | |
| to | |
| 1 1 1 1 1 0 | } spare |
| 1 1 1 1 1 1 | |

NOTE – For each supplementary service the relevant codes and possible default settings are described in the supplementary service Recommendations (Recommendation Q.73x)

d) *Number incomplete indicator*

| | |
|---|-------------------|
| 0 | number complete |
| 1 | number incomplete |

e) *Numbering plan indicator*

| | |
|-------|--|
| 0 0 0 | spare |
| 0 0 1 | ISDN (telephony) numbering plan (Recommendation E.164) |

| | |
|-------|---|
| 0 1 0 | spare |
| 0 1 1 | data numbering plan (Recommendation X.121) (national use) |
| 1 0 0 | telex numbering plan (Recommendation F.69) (national use) |
| 1 0 1 | private numbering plan (national use) |
| 1 1 0 | reserved for national use |
| 1 1 1 | spare |

NOTE – For each supplementary service the relevant codes and possible default settings are described in the supplementary service Recommendations (Recommendation Q.73x).

f) *Address presentation restricted indicator*

| | |
|-----|-------------------------|
| 0 0 | presentation allowed |
| 0 1 | presentation restricted |
| 1 0 | address not available |
| 1 1 | spare |

NOTE – For each supplementary service the relevant codes and possible default settings are described in the supplementary service Recommendations (Recommendation Q.73x). When the address presentation restricted indicator indicates address not available, the subfields in items b), c), d), and e) are coded with 0's, and the screening indicator is set to 11 (network provided).

g) *Screening indicator*

Only used if the number qualifier indicator is coded 0000 0101 (additional connected number) or 0000 0110 (additional calling party number). This indicator is coded as follows:

| | |
|-----|------------------------------------|
| 0 0 | user provided, not verified |
| 0 1 | user provided, verified and passed |
| 1 0 | user provided, verified and failed |
| 1 1 | network provided |

NOTE – For each supplementary service the relevant codes and possible default settings are described in the supplementary service Recommendations (Recommendation Q.73x).

h) *Address signal:*

| | |
|---------|---------|
| 0 0 0 0 | digit 0 |
| 0 0 0 1 | digit 1 |
| 0 0 1 0 | digit 2 |
| 0 0 1 1 | digit 3 |
| 0 1 0 0 | digit 4 |
| 0 1 0 1 | digit 5 |
| 0 1 1 0 | digit 6 |
| 0 1 1 1 | digit 7 |
| 1 0 0 0 | digit 8 |
| 1 0 0 1 | digit 9 |
| 1 0 1 0 | } spare |
| to | |
| 1 1 1 1 | |

i) *Filler:* see 3.9 f)

3.27 Reserved (used in 1992 version)

3.28 Information indicators (national use)

The format of the information indicators parameter field is shown in Figure 28.

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | H | G | F | E | D | C | B | A |
| 2 | P | O | N | M | L | K | J | I |

Figure 28/Q.763 – Information indicators parameter field

The following codes are used in the information indicators parameter field:

bits

BA Calling party address response indicator
 0 0 calling party address not included
 0 1 calling party address not available
 1 0 spare
 1 1 calling party address included

bit

C Hold provided indicator
 0 hold not provided
 1 hold provided

bits E-D Spare

bit

F Calling party's category response indicator
 0 calling party's category not included
 1 calling party's category included

bit

G Charge information response indicator
 0 charge information not included
 1 charge information included

bit

H Solicited information indicator
 0 solicited
 1 unsolicited

bits L-I Spare

bits P-M Reserved

3.29 Information request indicators (national use)

The format of the information request indicators parameter field is shown in Figure 29.

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | H | G | F | E | D | C | B | A |
| 2 | P | O | N | M | L | K | J | I |

Figure 29/Q.763 – Information request indicators parameter field

The following codes are used in the information request indicators parameter field:

- bit A Calling party address request indicator
 - 0 calling party address not requested
 - 1 calling party address requested
- bit B Holding indicator
 - 0 holding not requested
 - 1 holding requested
- bit C Spare
- bit D Calling party's category request indicator
 - 0 calling party's category not requested
 - 1 calling party's category requested
- bit E Charge information request indicator
 - 0 charge information not requested
 - 1 charge information requested
- bits G-F Spare
- bit H Malicious call identification request indicator (reserved, used in ISUP'88 *Blue Book*)
 - 0 malicious call identification not requested
 - 1 malicious call identification requested
- bits L-I Spare
- bits P-M Reserved

3.30 Location number

The format of the Location number field is shown in Figure 30.

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|-----------------------------|---|---|--|---|-----------|---|
| | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | Odd/ even | Nature of address indicator | | | | | | |
| 2 | INN | Numbering plan Ind. | | | Address presentation restricted indicator | | Screening | |
| 3 | 2nd address signal | | | | 1st address signal | | | |
| : | | | | | | | | |
| n | Filler (if necessary) | | | | nth address signal | | | |

Figure 30/Q.763 – Location number parameter field

The following codes are used in the subfields of the location number parameter field:

- a) *Odd/even indicator*: see 3.9 a).
- b) *Nature of address indicator*
 - 0 0 0 0 0 0 spare
 - 0 0 0 0 0 1 reserved for subscriber number (national use)
 - 0 0 0 0 1 0 reserved for unknown (national use)
 - 0 0 0 0 1 1 national (significant) number (national use)
 - 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 international number
 - 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 } spare
 - to }
 - 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 }
 - 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 } reserved for national use
 - to }
 - 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 }
 - 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 spare
- c) *Internal Network Number indicator (INN)*
 - 0 routing to internal number allowed
 - 1 routing to internal number not allowed
- d) *Numbering plan indicator*
 - 0 0 0 spare
 - 0 0 1 ISDN (telephony) numbering plan (Recommendation E.164)
 - 0 1 0 spare
 - 0 1 1 Data numbering plan (Recommendation X.121) (national use)
 - 1 0 0 Telex numbering plan (Recommendation F.69) (national use)
 - 1 0 1 private numbering plan
 - 1 1 0 reserved for national use
 - 1 1 1 spare
- e) *Address presentation restricted indicator*
 - 0 0 presentation allowed
 - 0 1 presentation restricted
 - 1 0 address not available (national use)
 - 1 1 spare

NOTE – When the address presentation restricted indicator indicates address not available, the subfields in items a), b), c) and d) are coded with 0's, and the screening indicator is set to 11 (network provided).
- f) *Screening indicator*
 - 0 0 reserved
 - 0 1 user provided, verified and passed
 - 1 0 reserved
 - 1 1 network provided
- g) *Address signals*: see 3.26 h).
- h) *Filler*: see 3.9 f).

3.31 MCID request indicators

The format of the MCID request indicators parameter field is shown in Figure 31.

| | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| H | G | F | E | D | C | B | A |
| MCID request indicators | | | | | | | |

Figure 31/Q.763 – MCID request indicators parameter field

The following codes are used in the MCID request indicators parameter field:

bit

A MCID request indicator

0 MCID not requested

1 MCID requested

bit

B Holding indicator (national use)

0 Holding not requested

1 Holding requested

bits H-C Spare

3.32 MCID response indicators

The format of the MCID response indicators parameter field is shown in Figure 32.

| | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| H | G | F | E | D | C | B | A |
| MCID response indicators | | | | | | | |

Figure 32/Q.763 – MCID response indicators parameter field

The following codes are used in the MCID response indicators parameter field:

bit

A MCID response indicator

0 MCID not included

1 MCID included

bit

B Hold provided indicator (national use)

0 Holding not provided

1 Holding provided

bits H-C Spare

3.33 Message compatibility information

The format of the message compatibility information parameter field is shown in Figure 33.

| | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| Instruction indicator | | | | | | | |

Figure 33/Q.763 – Message compatibility information parameter field

The following codes are used in the subfields of the message compatibility information parameter field:

a) *Instruction indicators*

The format of the instruction indicators subfield is shown Figure 34.

| | | | | | | | | |
|----|-------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | ext.1 | G | F | E | D | C | B | A |
| 1a | ext.1 | More instruction indicators if required | | | | | | |
| | | ⋮ | | | | | | |
| 1n | 1 | More instruction indicators if required | | | | | | |

Figure 34/Q.763 – Instruction indicators subfield

The following codes are used in the instructions indicators subfield:

bit

A Transit at intermediate exchange indicator
 0 transit interpretation
 1 end node interpretation

bit

B Release call indicator
 0 do not release call
 1 release call

bit

C Send notification indicator
 0 do not send notification
 1 send notification

bit

D Discard message indicator
 0 do not discard message (pass on)
 1 discard message

bit

E Pass on not possible indicator
 0 release call
 1 discard information

bits

GF Broadband/narrowband interworking indicator
 0 0 pass on
 0 1 discard message
 1 0 release call
 1 1 reserved, assume 00

b) *Extension indicator*

0 information continues through the next octet
 1 last octet

c) *More instruction indicators*

The bits will be defined when required.

3.34 MLPP precedence

The format of the MLPP precedence parameter field is shown in Figure 35.

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------------------|-----|---|-------|------------------|---|---|---|
| | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | Spare | LFB | | Spare | Precedence level | | | |
| 2 | 1st NI digit | | | | 2nd NI digit | | | |
| 3 | 3rd NI digit | | | | 4th NI digit | | | |
| 4 | MLPP service domain | | | | | | | |
| 5 | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | | | | | | | | |

Figure 35/Q.763 – MLPP precedence parameter field

The following codes are used in the subfields of the MLPP precedence parameter field:

a) *LFB*

- 0 0 LFB allowed
- 0 1 Path reserved (national use)
- 1 0 LFB not allowed
- 1 1 spare

b) *Precedence level*

- 0 0 0 0 flash override
- 0 0 0 1 flash
- 0 0 1 0 immediate
- 0 0 1 1 priority
- 0 1 0 0 routine
- 0 1 0 1 } spare
- to }
- 1 1 1 1 }

c) *Network Identity (NI) octet 2 and 3*

Each digit is coded in binary coded decimal representation from 0 to 9.

The first digit of this field is coded 0. The TCC (Telephony Country Code) follows in the second to fourth NI digits (the most significant TCC digit is in the 2nd NI digit). If the TCC is one or two digits long, the excess digit(s) is inserted with the code for ROA or network identification, if necessary. If octet 3 is not required, it is coded all zeros.

d) *MLPP service domain (octet 4, 5 and 6)*

A code pure binary coded allocated to a MLPP service domain administered by a particular ISDN. Bit 8 of octet 4 is the most significant and bit 1 of octet 6 is the least significant respectively.

3.35 Nature of connection indicators

The format of the nature of connection indicators parameter field is shown in Figure 36.

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| H | G | F | E | D | C | B | A |

Figure 36/Q.763 – Nature of connection indicators parameter field

The following codes are used in the nature of connection indicators parameter field:

- bits
BA Satellite indicator
 0 0 no satellite circuit in the connection
 0 1 one satellite circuit in the connection
 1 0 two satellite circuits in the connection
 1 1 spare
- bits
DC Continuity check indicator
 0 0 continuity check not required
 0 1 continuity check required on this circuit
 1 0 continuity check performed on a previous circuit
 1 1 spare
- bit
E Echo control device indicator
 0 outgoing echo control device not included
 1 outgoing echo control device included
- bits F-H Spare

3.36 Network specific facility (national use)

The format of the network specific facility parameter field is shown in Figure 37.

| | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|---|---|-----------------------------|---|---|
| | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| | Length of network identification | | | | | | | |
| 1a | 1 ext. | Type of network identification | | | | Network identification plan | | |
| 1b | 0 Spare | Network identification | | | | | | |
| 1m | 0 | | | | | | | |
| 2 . n | Network specific facility indicator | | | | | | | |

Figure 37/Q.763 – Network specific facility parameter field

The following codes are used in the subfields of the network specific facility parameter field:

a) *Length of network identification*

This field contains the length, in octets, of the network identification found in octets 1a, 1b-1m. If the value is 0000 0000, then octets 1a-1m are omitted.

b) *Type of network identification*

The following codes are used in the type of network identification subfield:

- 0 1 0 national network identification
 0 1 1 reserved for international network identification (Note)
 others spare

When the type of network identification is coded 010 "national network identification", the network identification plan, and network identification is coded nationally.

NOTE – The value 011 is reserved for international use, in case the parameter will be accepted for international use in the future.

- c) *Network identification plan*
- d) *Network identification*
- e) *Network-specific facility indicator*

This field is encoded according to the rules specified by the identified network. The network may specify the same coding rule as stimulus type of information elements in Recommendation Q.932. In this case multiple information elements may be included in this field.

3.37 Optional backward call indicators

The format and codes of the optional backward call indicators field is shown in Figure 38.

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| H | G | F | E | D | C | B | A |

Figure 38/Q.763 – Optional backward call indicators parameter field

The following codes are used in the optional backward call indicators parameter field:

bit

- A In-band information indicator
- 0 no indication
- 1 in-band information or an appropriate pattern is now available

bit

- B Call diversion may occur indicator
- 0 no indication
- 1 call diversion may occur

bit

- C Simple segmentation indicator
- 0 no additional information will be sent
- 1 additional information will be sent in a segmentation message

bit

- D MLPP user indicator
- 0 no indication
- 1 MLPP user

bits H-E Reserved for national use

3.38 Optional forward call indicators

The format of the optional forward call indicators parameter field is shown in Figure 39.

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| H | G | F | E | D | C | B | A |

Figure 39/Q.763 – Optional forward call indicators parameter field

The following codes are used in the optional forward call indicators parameter field:

- bits
 - BA Closed user group call indicator
 - 0 0 non-CUG call
 - 0 1 spare
 - 1 0 closed user group call, outgoing access allowed
 - 1 1 closed user group call, outgoing access not allowed
- bit
 - C Simple segmentation indicator
 - 0 no additional information will be sent
 - 1 additional information will be sent in a segmentation message
- bits G-D Spare
- bit
 - H Connected line identity request indicator
 - 0 not requested
 - 1 requested

3.39 Original called number

The format of the original called number parameter field corresponds to the format shown in Figure 40.

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------------|---|---|--|---|-------|---|
| | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | Odd/ even | Nature of address indicator | | | | | | |
| 2 | Spare | Numbering plan ind. | | | Address presentation restricted indicator | | Spare | |
| 3 | 2nd address signal | | | | 1st address signal | | | |
| . | | | | | | | | |
| . | | | | | | | | |
| n | Filler (if necessary) | | | | nth address signal | | | |

Figure 40/Q.763 – Original called number parameter field

The following codes are used in the subfields of the original called number parameter field:

- a) *Odd/even indicator*: see 3.9 a).
- b) *Nature of address indicator*:
 - 0 0 0 0 0 0 spare
 - 0 0 0 0 0 1 subscriber number (national use)
 - 0 0 0 0 1 0 unknown (national use)
 - 0 0 0 0 1 1 national (significant) number (national use)
 - 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 international number
 - 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 } spare
 - to }
 - 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 }

1 1 1 0 0 0 0 }
 to }
 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 } reserved for national use
 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 spare

- c) *Numbering plan indicator*: see 3.9 d).
- d) *Address presentation restricted indicator*: see 3.10 e).
- e) *Address signal*: see 3.10 g).
- f) *Filler*: see 3.9 f).

3.40 Origination ISC point code

The format of the origination ISC point code parameter field is shown in Figure 50.

3.41 Parameter compatibility information

The format of the parameter compatibility information parameter field is shown in Figure 41.

| | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
|-----|------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 1st upgraded parameter | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Instruction indicators | | | | | | | |
| . | | | | | | | | |
| . | | | | | | | | |
| n | nth upgraded parameter | | | | | | | |
| n+1 | Instruction indicators | | | | | | | |

Figure 41/Q.763 – Parameter compatibility information parameter field

The following codes are used in the subfields of the parameter compatibility information parameter field:

- a) *Nth upgraded parameter name*
This field contains the parameter name of the *n*th upgraded parameter in accordance with Table 5.

- b) *Instruction indicators*

The format of the instruction indicators subfield is shown in Figure 41.1.

| | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
|----|-------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | ext.1 | G | F | E | D | C | B | A |
| 1a | ext.1 | O | N | M | L | K | J | I |
| | ⋮ | | | | | | | |
| 1n | 1 | More instruction indicators if required | | | | | | |

Figure 41.1/Q.763 – Instruction indicators subfield

The following codes are used in the instructions indicators subfield:

bit

A Transit at intermediate exchange indicator
0 transit interpretation
1 end node interpretation

bit

B Release call indicator
0 do not release call
1 release call

bit

C Send notification indicator
0 do not send notification
1 send notification

bit

D Discard message indicator
0 do not discard message (pass on)
1 discard message

bit

E Discard parameter indicator
0 do not discard parameter (pass on)
1 discard parameter

bits

G F Pass on not possible indicator
0 0 release call
0 1 discard message
1 0 discard parameter
1 1 reserved (interpreted as 00)

c) *Extension indicator*

0 information continues through the next octet
1 last octet

d) bits

J I Broadband/narrowband interworking indicator
0 0 pass on
0 1 discard message
1 0 release call
1 1 discard parameter

e) bits O-K spare

f) *More instruction indicators*

The bits will be defined when required.

3.42 Propagation delay counter

The format of the propagation delay counter parameter field is shown in Figure 42.

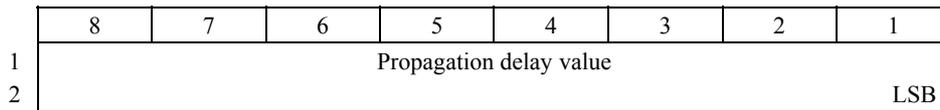


Figure 42/Q.763 – Propagation delay counter parameter field

The propagation delay counter parameter expresses in pure binary representation the propagation delay value of a call in ms to be accumulated during call set-up.

3.43 Range and status

The format of the range and status parameter field is shown in Figure 43.

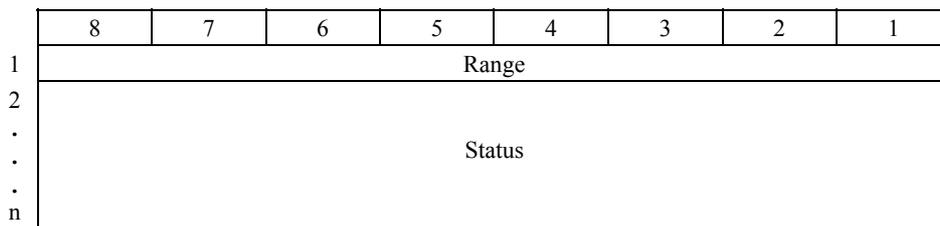


Figure 43/Q.763 – Range and status parameter field

The following codes are used in the subfields of the range and status parameter field:

a) *Range*

A number in pure binary representation ranging from 0 to 255. The number represented by the range code + 1 indicates the range of circuits affected by the message.

The number of circuits affected by a group supervision message is limited to 32 or less. For the group reset messages, a circuit group query message, or a circuit query response message, this requires that the range value be 31 or less. For the group blocking and unblocking messages the range value may be up to 255, but the number of status bits set to 1 must be 32 or less.

For the group blocking, unblocking and reset messages, range code 0 is reserved. Range code 0 is exclusively used by the circuit query and circuit query response messages.

b) *Status*

The status subfield contains from 2 to 256 status bits numbered from 0 to 255. Status bit 0 is located in bit position 1 of the first status subfield octet. Other status bits follow in numerical order. The number of relevant status bits in a given status subfield is equal to range + 1.

Each status bit is associated with a circuit identification code such that status bit n is associated with circuit identification code m + n, where m is the circuit identification code contained in the message.

The status bits are coded as follows:

- in circuit group blocking messages
 - 0 no indication
 - 1 blocking

- in circuit group blocking acknowledgement messages
 - 0 no indication
 - 1 blocking acknowledgement
- in circuit group unblocking messages
 - 0 no indication
 - 1 unblocking
- in circuit group unblocking acknowledgement messages
 - 0 no indication
 - 1 unblocking acknowledgement
- in circuit group reset acknowledgement messages
 - 0 not blocked for maintenance reasons
 - 1 blocked for maintenance reasons

3.44 Redirecting number

The format of the redirecting number parameter field corresponds to the format shown in Figure 40.

The following codes are used in the subfields of the redirecting number parameter field:

- a) Odd/even indicator: see 3.9 a)
- b) Nature of address indicator: see 3.10 b)
- c) Numbering plan indicator: see 3.9 d)
- d) Address presentation restricted indicator: see 3.10 e)
- e) Address signal: see 3.10 g)
- f) Filler: see 3.9 f).

3.45 Redirection information

The format of the redirection information parameter field is shown in Figure 44.

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | H | G | F | E | D | C | B | A |
| 2 | P | O | N | M | L | K | J | I |

NOTE – The parameter may be received without the second octet from an ISUP'88 (*Blue Book*).

Figure 44/Q.763 – Redirection information parameter field

The following codes are used in the redirection information parameter field:

| | |
|------------|---|
| bits | |
| <u>CBA</u> | Redirecting indicator |
| 0 0 0 | no redirection (national use) |
| 0 0 1 | call rerouted (national use) |
| 0 1 0 | call rerouted, all redirection information presentation restricted (national use) |
| 0 1 1 | call diverted |
| 1 0 0 | call diverted, all redirection information presentation restricted |
| 1 0 1 | call rerouted, redirection number presentation restricted (national use) |
| 1 1 0 | call diversion, redirection number presentation restricted (national use) |

| | |
|--------------|--|
| 1 1 1 | spare |
| bit D | Spare |
| bits | |
| <u>HGFE</u> | Original redirection reason |
| 0 0 0 0 | unknown/not available |
| 0 0 0 1 | user busy (national use) |
| 0 0 1 0 | no reply (national use) |
| 0 0 1 1 | unconditional (national use) |
| 0 1 0 0 | } spare |
| to | |
| 1 1 1 1 | |
| bits | |
| <u>K J I</u> | Redirection counter. Number of redirections the call has undergone expressed as a binary number between 1 and 5. |
| bit L | Reserved for national use |
| bits | |
| <u>PONM</u> | Redirecting reason |
| 0 0 0 0 | unknown/not available |
| 0 0 0 1 | user busy |
| 0 0 1 0 | no reply |
| 0 0 1 1 | unconditional |
| 0 1 0 0 | deflection during alerting |
| 0 1 0 1 | deflection immediate response |
| 0 1 1 0 | mobile subscriber not reachable |
| 0 1 1 1 | } spare |
| to | |
| 1 1 1 1 | |

3.46 Redirection number

The format of the redirection number parameter field corresponds to the format shown in Figure 10.

The following codes are used in the subfields of the redirection number parameter field:

- Odd/even indicator: see 3.9 a).
- Nature of address indicator: see 3.10 b).
- Internal network number indicator: see 3.9 c).
- Numbering plan indicator: see 3.9 d).
- Address signal: see 3.10 g).
- Filler: see 3.9 f).

3.47 Redirection number restriction

The format of the redirection number presentation parameter field is shown in Figure 45.

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| H | G | F | E | D | C | B | A |

Figure 45/Q.763 – Redirection number restriction parameter field

The following codes are used in the redirection number restriction parameter field:

- bits
- BA Presentation restricted indicator
- 0 0 Presentation allowed
- 0 1 Presentation restricted
- 1 0 spare
- 1 1 spare
- bits H-C Spare

3.48 Remote operations (national use)

The format of the remote operations parameter field is shown in Figure 46. The format and coding of the elements in the components are described in this subclause.

| | | | | | | | |
|--------------|-------|---|------------------|---|---|---|---|
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| ext. | spare | | Protocol profile | | | | |
| Component(s) | | | | | | | |

NOTE – The component may be repeated any number of times within the remote operations parameter. In case of multiple service requests, the receiving entity shall treat the repetition of Invoke components identical to the case where multiple Remote Operations parameters are received in a single message.

Figure 46/Q.763 – Remote operations parameter field

The following codes are used in the Remote Operations parameter field:

- a) *Extension indicator (ext.):*
 - 0 information continues through the next octet
 - 1 last octet
- b) *Protocol profile field*
 - 0 0 0 0 0 } spare
 - to
 - 1 0 0 0 0 }
 - 1 0 0 0 1 Remote operations protocol
 - 1 0 0 1 0 } spare
 - to
 - 1 1 1 1 1 }
- c) *Components*

This item provides the format and encoding of Component(s). The description is divided in two sub-items.

Sub-item i) uses the description method of other Q.700-Series Recommendations. The content is based on the encoding rules provided in Recommendation X.209 and is consistent with that Recommendation.

Sub-item ii) uses Recommendation X.209 formal description language (ASN.1).

The general component structure and encoding rules are described in Annex B/Q.763.

i) *Specification of components in table form*

1) *Component type*

The Components are based on the Remote Operations Service Element (ROSE) of Recommendation X.229. The four component types defined for the Remote Operation parameter are as follows:

- Invoke;
- Return Result;
- Return Error;
- Reject.

2) *Component type tag*

Each Component is a sequence of information elements. The Component types have the structure indicated in Tables 6 to 9.

The information element for the various components shown in Tables 6 to 9 are all mandatory except the Linked ID and the parameters.

The Parameter Tag shall be any valid ASN.1 tag, depending on the type of the parameter supplied. It can indicate either a primitive or a constructor element and refer to any of the defined tag classes.

When the parameter element is a collection of several information elements, the associated data type shall be derived from the Sequence, SequenceOf, Set or SetOf types.

Subclause 3.48 c) i) 6) and Table 14 define the Sequence and Set tags.

Table 6/Q.763 – Invoke component

| Invoke component | Mandatory indication |
|---|-----------------------------|
| Component Type Tag Component Length (Note 1) | Mandatory |
| Invoke ID Tag Invoke ID length Invoke ID | Mandatory |
| Linked ID Tag Linked ID length Linked ID | Optional |

Table 6/Q.763 – Invoke component (concluded)

| Invoke component | Mandatory indication |
|--|-----------------------------|
| Operation Code Tag Operation Code length Operation Code | Mandatory |
| Parameters (Notes 2 and 3) | Optional |
| <p>NOTE 1 – The component length is coded to indicate the number of octets contained in the component (excluding the component type tag and the component length octets).</p> <p>NOTE 2 – The coding is supplementary service specific and the subject of other Recommendations.</p> <p>NOTE 3 – It is a parameter within ROSE, but in the ISUP it is a subfield within a field.</p> | |

Table 7/Q.763 – Return Result Component

| Return Result Component | Mandatory indication |
|--|------------------------------------|
| Component Type Tag Component length (Note 1) | Mandatory |
| Invoke ID Tag Invoke ID length Invoke ID | Mandatory |
| Sequence Tag Sequence length (Note 2) | Optional ^{a)} |
| Operation Code Tag Operation Code length Operation Code (Note 3) | Optional ^{a)} (Note 4) |
| Parameters (Note 5) | Optional ^{a)} |
| <p>^{a)} Omitted when no information elements are included the parameters.</p> <p>NOTE 1 – The component length is coded to indicate the number of octets contained in the component (excluding the component type tag and the component length octets).</p> <p>NOTE 2 – The sequence length is coded to indicate the number of octets contained in the sequence (excluding the sequence type tag and the sequence length octets).</p> <p>NOTE 3 – The coding is supplementary service specific and the subject of other Recommendations.</p> <p>NOTE 4 – If a result is included, then the operation value is mandatory and is the first element in the sequence.</p> <p>NOTE 5 – It is a parameter within ROSE, but in the ISUP it is a subfield within a field.</p> | |

Table 8/Q.763 – Return Error Component

| Return Error Component | Mandatory indication |
|--|-----------------------------|
| Component Type Tag Component length (Note 1) | Mandatory |
| Invoke ID Tag Invoke ID length Invoke ID | Mandatory |
| Error Code Tag Error Code length Error Code | Optional |
| Parameters (Notes 2 and 3) | Optional |
| <p>NOTE 1 – The component length is coded to indicate the number of octets contained in the component (excluding the component type tag and the component length octets).</p> <p>NOTE 2 – The coding is supplementary service specific and the subject of other Recommendations.</p> <p>NOTE 3 – It is a parameter within ROSE, but in the ISUP it is a subfield within a field.</p> | |

Table 9/Q.763 – Reject Component

| Reject Component | Mandatory indication |
|---|-----------------------------|
| Component Type Tag Component length (Note) | Mandatory |
| Invoke ID Tag ^{a)} Invoke ID length Invoke ID | Mandatory |
| Problem Code Tag Problem Code length Problem Code | Mandatory |
| <p>^{a)} If the invoke ID is not available, Universal Null (see Table 12) with Length = 0 should be used.</p> <p>NOTE – The component length is coded to indicate the number of octets contained in the component (excluding the component type tag and the component length octets).</p> | |

The Component Type Tag is coded context-specific, constructor as indicated in Table 10.

Table 10/Q.763 – Component Type Tag

| Component Type Tag | H | G | F | E | D | C | B | A |
|---------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Invoke | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Return Result | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Return Error | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Reject | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |

3) *Length of each Component or of their Information Elements*

The length of the contents is coded to indicate the number of octets in the contents. The length does not include the Tag nor the Length of the Contents octet.

The length of the contents uses the short, long or indefinite form. If the length is less than 128 octets, the short form is used. In the short form, bit H is coded 0, and the length is encoded as a binary number using bits A to G. The format of this length field is shown in Figure 47.

| H | G | F | E | D | C | B | A |
|---|--------------------|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| 0 | Length of contents | | | | | | |
| | MSB | | | | | | LSB |

Figure 47/Q.763 – Format of the length subfield (short form)

If the length is greater than 127 octets, then the long form of the length of the contents is used. The long form length is from 2 to 127 octets long. Bit H of the first octet is coded 1, and bits A to G of the first octet encode a number, one less, than the size of the length in octets as an unsigned binary number whose MSB and LSB are bits G and A respectively. The length itself is encoded as an unsigned binary number whose MSB and LSB are bit H of the second octet and bit A of the last octet, respectively. This binary number should be encoded in the fewest possible octets, with no leading octets having the value 0.

The format of this length field is shown in Figure 48.

| H | G | F | E | D | C | B | A |
|--------------------|----------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| 1 | (Length of field size) – 1 | | | | | | |
| | MSB | | | | | | LSB |
| MSB | | | | | | | |
| Length of contents | | | | | | | LSB |

NOTE – The application of the indefinite form of the length is not precluded depending on future application (see Annex B).

Figure 48/Q.763 – Format of the length subfield (long form)

4) *Component ID Tag*

The term Component ID refers to the Invoke ID or the Linked ID.

The Component ID Tag is coded as shown in Table 11.

Table 11/Q.763 – Coding of Component ID Tag

| | H | G | F | E | D | C | B | A |
|--|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Invoke ID | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Linked ID ^{a)} | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| ^{a)} This tag differs from the Invoke ID, which is coded as a Universal INTEGER, in order to distinguish it from the following tag (Operation Code) which is also coded as a Universal INTEGER. | | | | | | | | |

The length of a Component ID is 1 octet.

An Invoke Component has one or two Component IDs: an Invoke ID and if it is desired to associate the Invoke with a previous Invoke, then the second or Linked ID is provided in addition to the Invoke ID.

Return Result and Return Error Components have one Component ID, called an Invoke ID which is the reflection of the Invoke ID of the Invoke Component to which they are responding.

The Reject Component uses as its Invoke ID, the Invoke ID in the component being rejected. If this ID is unavailable (e.g. due to mutilation of the message undetected by lower layers), then the Invoke ID Tag is replaced with a universal Null Tag (which always has length = 0) as shown in Table 12).

Table 12/Q.763 – Coding of Null Tag

| | H | G | F | E | D | C | B | A |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Null Tag | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |

If an Invoke containing both Invoke and Linked IDs is being rejected, only the Invoke ID is used in the Reject Component.

5) *Operation Code Tag*

Each operation is assigned a value to identify it. Operations can be classified as local or global operations.

A local operation code follows an Operation Code Tag and Operation Code Length. The Operation Code Tag is coded as shown in Table 13.

Table 13/Q.763 – Coding of Operation Code Tag

| | H | G | F | E | D | C | B | A |
|---------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Local Operation Code Tag | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Global Operation Code Tag | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |

The Global Operation Code is coded as an Object Identifier, which is described in Recommendation X.209.

6) *Parameter Tag*

The Parameter Tag shall be any valid ASN.1 Tag, depending on the type of the parameter supplied. It can indicate either a primitive or a constructor element and refer to any of the defined tag classes.

When the parameter element is a collection of several information elements, the associated data types shall be derived from the Sequence, SequenceOf, Set or SetOf types.

The Sequence and Set Tags are coded as shown in Table 14.

Table 14/Q.763 – Coding of Sequence and Set Tag

| | H | G | F | E | D | C | B | A |
|--------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Sequence Tag | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Set Tag | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |

7) *Error Code Tag*

Each error is assigned a value to identify it. Errors can be classified as local or global errors. A local error code follows the Error Code Tag and Error Code Length. The Error Code Tag is coded as shown in Table 15.

Table 15/Q.763 – Coding of Error Code Tag

| | H | G | F | E | D | C | B | A |
|-----------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Local Error Code Tag | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Global Error Code Tag | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |

The Global Error Code is coded as an Object Identifier, which is described in Recommendation X.209.

8) *Problem Code*

The Problem Code consists of one of the four elements – General Problem, Invoke Problem, Return Result Problem or Return Error Problem. The tags for these elements are coded as shown in Table 16. Their values are shown in Tables 17 to 20.

Table 16/Q.763 – Coding of Problem Type Tags

| Problem type | H | G | F | E | D | C | B | A |
|---------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| General Problem | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Invoke | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Return Result | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Return Error | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |

Table 17/Q.763 – Coding of General Problem

| | H | G | F | E | D | C | B | A |
|--|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Unrecognized Component ^{a)} | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Mistyped Component ^{a)} | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Badly Structured Component ^{a)} | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |

^{a)} Components are equivalent to ROSE Application Protocol Data Units (APDU).

Table 18/Q.763 – Coding of Invoke Problem

| | H | G | F | E | D | C | B | A |
|---|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Duplicate Invoke ID | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Unrecognized Operation | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Mistyped parameter ^{a)} | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Resource Limitation | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Initiating Release ^{b)} | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Unrecognized Linked ID | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Linked Response Unexpected | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Unexpected Linked Operation ^{c)} | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

^{a)} Invoke parameter is equivalent to ROSE Invoke argument.
^{b)} ROSE uses "Initiator releasing" as only the initiator of the underlying association may release it. In ISUP, either entity may release the association.
^{c)} ROSE refers to a linked operation as a child operation.

Table 19/Q.763 – Coding of Return Result Problem

| | H | G | F | E | D | C | B | A |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Unrecognized Invoke ID | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Return Result Unexpected | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Mistyped Parameter | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |

Table 20/Q.763 – Coding of Return Error Problem

| | H | G | F | E | D | C | B | A |
|-------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Unrecognized Invoke ID | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Return Error Unexpected | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Unrecognized Error | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Unexpected Error | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Mistyped Parameter | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |

ii) *Specification of components in ASN.1*

The tables take precedence over the ASN.1 coding.

ISUPRemoteOperations {CCITT Recommendation q763 moduleA(0)}

DEFINITIONS ::=

BEGIN

EXPORTS OPERATION, ERROR

Component ::= CHOICE {
 invoke **[1] IMPLICIT Invoke,**
 returnResult **[2] IMPLICIT ReturnResult,**
 returnError **[3] IMPLICIT ReturnError,**
 reject **[4] IMPLICIT Reject }**

-- The Components are sequences of data elements.

Invoke ::= SEQUENCE {
 invokeID, InvokeID Type,
 linkedID [0] IMPLICIT InvokeID Type OPTIONAL,
 operationCode OPERATION,
 parameter ANY DEFINED BY operationCode OPTIONAL }

*-- ANY is filled by the single ASN.1 data
 -- type following the key word PARAMETER in
 -- the type definition of a particular
 -- operation.*

ReturnResult ::= SEQUENCE {
 invokeID InvokeID Type,
 SEQUENCE {operationCode OPERATION,
 parameters ANY DEFINED BY operationCode}OPTIONAL}

*-- ANY is filled by the single ASN.1 data
 -- type following the key word PARAMETER in
 -- the type definition of a particular
 -- operation.*

ReturnResult ::= SEQUENCE {
 invokeID InvokeID Type,
 SEQUENCE {operationCode OPERATION,
 parameters ANY DEFINED BY operationCode}OPTIONAL}

*-- ANY is filled by the single ASN.1 data
 -- type following the key word RESULT in
 -- the type definition of a particular
 -- operation.*

ReturnError ::= SEQUENCE {
 invokeID InvokeID Type
 errorCode ERROR,
 parameter ANY DEFINED BY errorCode
 OPTIONAL }

*-- ANY is filled by the single ASN.1 data
 -- type following the key word PARAMETER in
 -- the type definition of a particular
 -- error.*

Reject ::= SEQUENCE {
 invokeID CHOICE {InvokeID Type, NULL },
 problem CHOICE {
 generalProblem **[0] IMPLICIT GeneralProblem,**
 invokeProblem **[1] IMPLICIT InvokeProblem,**
 returnResultProblem **[2] IMPLICIT ReturnResultProblem,**
 returnErrorProblem **[3] IMPLICIT ReturnErrorProblem }**

InvokeIDType ::= INTEGER (-128 ... 127).

-- OPERATIONS

*-- Operations are specified with the OPERATION MACRO. When an operation is specified, the
-- valid parameter set, results and errors for that operation are indicated. Default values and
-- optional parameters are permitted.*

OPERATION MACRO

BEGIN ::=

TYPE NOTATION ::= Parameter Result Errors LinkedOperations

**VALUE NOTATION ::= value (VALUE CHOICE {
localValue INTEGER,
globalValue OBJECT IDENTIFIER })**

Parameter ::= "PARAMETER" NamedType | empty

Result ::= "RESULT" ResultType | empty

Errors ::= "ERRORS" "{"ErrorNames"}" | empty

LinkedOperations ::= "LINKED" {LinkedOperationNames}" | empty

ResultType ::= NamedTyped | empty

Error Names ::= ErrorList | empty

Error List ::= Error | ErrorList", "Error

**Error ::= value (ERROR)
-- shall reference an error value
|type
-- shall reference an error type if no error value is specified**

LinkedOperationNames ::= OperationList | empty

OperationList ::= Operation | OperationList", "Operation

**Operation ::= value (OPERATION)
-- shall reference an Operation Value
|type
-- shall reference an Operation type if no Operation value is specified**

NamedType ::= identifiertype | type

END -- end of Operation Macro

-- ERRORS

*-- Errors are specified with the ERROR MACRO. When an error is specified, the valid parameters
-- for that error are indicated. Default values and optional parameters are permitted.*

ERROR MACRO ::=

BEGIN

```

TYPE NOTATION ::= Parameter
VALUE NOTATION ::= value (VALUE CHOICE {
    localValue INTEGER,
    globalValue OBJECT IDENTIFIER} )
Parameter ::= "PARAMETER"NamedType | empty
NamedType ::= identifier type | type
END -- end of Error Macro

-- PROBLEMS

GeneralProblem ::= INTEGER { unrecognizedComponent (0)
    mistypedComponent (1)
    badlyStructuredComponent (2) }

InvokeProblem ::= INTEGER { duplicateInvokeID (0)
    unrecognizedOperation (1)
    mistypedParameter (2)
    resourceLimitation (3)
    initiatingRelease (4)
    unrecognizedLinkedID (5)
    linkedResponseUnexpected (6)
    unexpectedLinkedOperation (7) }

ReturnResultProblem ::= INTEGER { unrecognizedInvokeID (0)
    returnResultUnexpected (1)
    mistypedParameter (2) }

ReturnErrorProblem ::= INTEGER { unrecognizedInvokeID (0)
    returnErrorUnexpected (1)
    unrecognizedError (2)
    unexpectedError (3)
    mistypedParameter (4) }

END -- end of ISUPRemoteOperation Module.

```

3.49 Service activation

The format of the service activation parameter field is shown in Figure 49.

| | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
|---|----------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Feature code 1 | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Feature code 2 | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Feature code 3 | | | | | | | |
| : | : | | | | | | | |
| n | Feature code n | | | | | | | |

Figure 49/Q.763 – Service activation parameter field

The following feature codes are used in the service activation parameter field:

```

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0    spare
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1    call transfer
0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 }
    to           } reserved for international use
0 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 }

```

0 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 }
 to reserved for national use
 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 }
 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 reserved for extension

3.50 Signalling point code (national use)

The format of the signalling point code parameter field is shown in Figure 50.

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|------------|---|---|------------|---|---|---|-----|
| | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | Signalling | | | | | | | LSB |
| 2 | Spare | | | point code | | | | |

Figure 50/Q.763 – Signalling point code parameter field

3.51 Subsequent number

The format of the subsequent number parameter field is shown in Figure 51.

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|-------|---|---|-----------------------|---|---|---|
| | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | Odd/ even | Spare | | | | | | |
| 2 | 2nd address signal | | | | 1st address signal | | | |
| . | | | | | | | | |
| . | | | | | | | | |
| n | Filler (if necessary) | | | | nth address signal | | | |

Figure 51/Q.763 – Subsequent number parameter field

The following codes are used in the subfields of the subsequent number parameter field:

- a) Odd/even indicator: see 3.9 a).
- b) Address signal: see 3.9 e).
- c) Filler: see 3.9 f).

3.52 Suspend/resume indicators

The format of the suspend/resume indicators parameter field is shown in Figure 52.

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| H | G | F | E | D | C | B | A |

Figure 52/Q.763 – Suspend/resume indicators parameter field

The following codes are used in the suspend/resume indicators parameter field:

bit
A Suspend/resume indicator
 0 ISDN subscriber initiated
 1 network initiated

bits H-B Spare

3.53 Transit network selection (national use)

The format of the transit network selection parameter field is shown in Figure 53.

| | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|---|---|--------------------------------|---|---|---|
| | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | Odd/ even | Type of network identification | | | Network identification plan | | | |
| 2 . n | Network identification | | | | | | | |

Figure 53/Q.763 – Transit network selection parameter field

The following codes are used in the subfields of the transit network selection parameter field:

a) *Odd/even indicator*

0 even number of digits
 1 odd number of digits

b) *Type of network identification*

0 0 0 CCITT/ITU-T-standardized identification
 0 1 0 national network identification
 other spare

c) *Network identification plan*

i) For CCITT/ITU-T-standardized identification

0 0 0 0 unknown
 0 0 1 1 public data network identification code (DNIC), Recommendation X.121
 0 1 1 0 public land Mobile Network Identification Code (MNIC), Recommendation E.212
 other spare

ii) For national network identification

This information is coded according to national specifications.

d) *Network identification*

This information is organized according to the network identification plan and the coding principle given in 3.9 e) and, if applicable, in 3.9 f).

3.54 Transmission medium requirement

The format of the transmission medium requirement parameter field is shown in Figure 54.

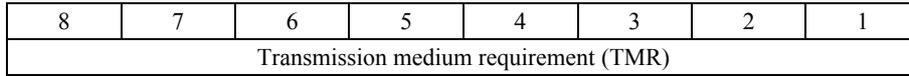


Figure 54/Q.763 – Transmission medium requirement parameter field

The following codes are used in the transmission medium requirement parameter field:

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | speech |
| 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 | spare |
| 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 | 64 kbit/s unrestricted |
| 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 | 3.1 kHz audio |
| 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 | reserved for alternate speech (service 2)/64 kbit/s unrestricted (service 1) |
| 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 | reserved for alternate 64 kbit/s unrestricted (service 1)/speech (service 2) |
| 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 | 64 kbit/s preferred |
| 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 | 2 × 64 kbit/s unrestricted |
| 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 | 384 kbit/s unrestricted |
| 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 | 1536 kbit/s unrestricted |
| 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 | 1920 kbit/s unrestricted |
| 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 1 | } spare |
| to | |
| 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 | |
| 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 | 3 × 64 kbit/s unrestricted |
| 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 | 4 × 64 kbit/s unrestricted |
| 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 | 5 × 64 kbit/s unrestricted |
| 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 | spare |
| 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 | 7 × 64 kbit/s unrestricted |
| 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 | 8 × 64 kbit/s unrestricted |
| 0 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 | 9 × 64 kbit/s unrestricted |
| 0 0 0 1 0 1 1 1 | 10 × 64 kbit/s unrestricted |
| 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 | 11 × 64 kbit/s unrestricted |
| 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 | 12 × 64 kbit/s unrestricted |
| 0 0 0 1 1 0 1 0 | 13 × 64 kbit/s unrestricted |
| 0 0 0 1 1 0 1 1 | 14 × 64 kbit/s unrestricted |
| 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 | 15 × 64 kbit/s unrestricted |
| 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 1 | 16 × 64 kbit/s unrestricted |
| 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 | 17 × 64 kbit/s unrestricted |
| 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 | 18 × 64 kbit/s unrestricted |
| 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 | 19 × 64 kbit/s unrestricted |
| 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 | 20 × 64 kbit/s unrestricted |
| 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 | 21 × 64 kbit/s unrestricted |
| 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 1 | 22 × 64 kbit/s unrestricted |
| 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 | 23 × 64 kbit/s unrestricted |
| 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 | spare |
| 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 0 | 25 × 64 kbit/s unrestricted |
| 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 | 26 × 64 kbit/s unrestricted |
| 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 | 27 × 64 kbit/s unrestricted |

| | |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|
| 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 | 28 × 64 kbit/s unrestricted |
| 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 | 29 × 64 kbit/s unrestricted |
| 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 1 | } spare |
| to | |
| 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | |

3.55 Transmission medium requirement prime

The format of the transmission medium requirement prime parameter field corresponds to the format shown in Figure 54, except that the coding rules for optional parameter are applied.

The following codes are used in the transmission medium requirement prime parameter field:

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | speech |
| 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 | spare |
| 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 | reserved for 64 kbit/s unrestricted |
| 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 | 3.1 kHz audio |
| 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 | reserved for alternate speech (service 2)/64 kbit/s unrestricted (service 1) |
| 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 | reserved for alternate 64 kbit/s unrestricted (service 1)/speech (service 2) |
| 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 | reserved for 64 kbit/s preferred |
| 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 | reserved for 2 × 64 kbit/s unrestricted |
| 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 | reserved for 384 kbit/s unrestricted |
| 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 | reserved for 1536 kbit/s unrestricted |
| 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 | reserved for 1920 kbit/s unrestricted |
| 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 1 | } spare |
| to | |
| 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 | |
| 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 | } reserved |
| to | |
| 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 | |
| 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 | spare |
| 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 | } reserved |
| to | |
| 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 | |
| 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 | spare |
| 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 0 | } reserved |
| to | |
| 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 | |
| 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 1 | } spare |
| to | |
| 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | |

3.56 Transmission medium used

The format of the transmission medium used parameter field corresponds to the format shown in Figure 54, except that the coding rules for optional parameter are applied.

The codings are identical to codings in 3.55.

3.57 User service information

The format of the user service information parameter field is shown in Figure 55. This format is the same as the Bearer capability information element from Recommendation Q.931 and not all capabilities coded here are supported at this time.

| | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
|----|-----------------|-----------------|---|---|-----------------------------------|---|---|---|
| 1 | ext. | Coding standard | | | Information transfer capability | | | |
| 2 | ext. | Transfer mode | | | Information transfer rate | | | |
| 2a | Rate multiplier | | | | | | | |
| 3 | ext. | Layer ident. | | | User information layer 1 protocol | | | |
| 4 | ext. | Layer ident. | | | User information layer 2 protocol | | | |
| 5 | ext. | Layer ident. | | | User information layer 3 protocol | | | |

NOTE 1 – Octet 2a is required if octet 2 indicates multirate (64 kbit/s base rate); otherwise, it shall not be present.

NOTE 2 – Octets 3, 4, 5 or any combination of these octets may be omitted. Octet 3 may be extended as described in Recommendation Q.931.

Figure 55/Q.763 – User service information parameter field

The codes to be used in the subfields of the user service information parameter field is defined in the Bearer capability information element in Recommendation Q.931.

3.58 User service information prime

The format of the user service information prime parameter field is shown in Figure 55.

The codes to be used in the subfield of the user service information prime parameter field are defined in the Bearer capability information element in Recommendation Q.931.

3.59 User teleservice information

The format of the user teleservice information parameter field is shown in Figure 56. This format is the same as the High layer compatibility information element from Recommendation Q.931 and not all capabilities coded here are supported at this time.

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|--|---|----------------|---|---|--------------|---|
| | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | 1 ext. | Coding standard | | Interpretation | | | Presentation | |
| 2 | 0/1 ext. | High layer characteristics identification | | | | | | |
| 3 | 1 ext. | Extended high layer characteristics identification | | | | | | |

Figure 56/Q.763 – User teleservice information parameter field

The codes to be used in the user teleservice information parameter field are defined in the High layer compatibility information element in Recommendation Q.931.

3.60 User-to-user indicators

The format of the user-to-user indicators parameter field is shown in Figure 57.

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| H | G | F | E | D | C | B | A |

Figure 57/Q.763 – User-to-user indicators parameter field

The following codes are used in the user-to-user indicators parameter field:

bit

A Type
 0 request
 1 response

If bit A equals 0 (request):

bits

C B Service 1
 0 0 no information
 0 1 spare
 1 0 request, not essential
 1 1 request, essential

bits

E D Service 2
 0 0 no information
 0 1 spare
 1 0 request, not essential
 1 1 request, essential

bits

G F Service 3
 0 0 no information
 0 1 spare
 1 0 request, not essential
 1 1 request, essential

bit
H Spare
 0

If bit A equals 1 (response):

bits
C B Service 1
 0 0 no information
 0 1 not provided
 1 0 provided
 1 1 spare

bits
E D Service 2
 0 0 no information
 0 1 not provided
 1 0 provided
 1 1 spare

bits
G F Service 3
 0 0 no information
 0 1 not provided
 1 0 provided
 1 1 spare

bit
H Network discard indicator
 0 no information
 1 user-to-user information discarded by the network

3.61 User-to-user information

The format of the user-to-user information parameter is shown in Figure 58.

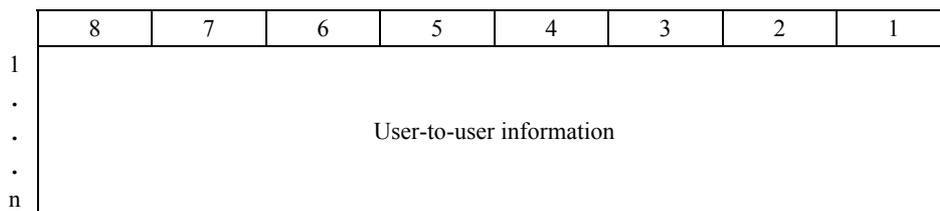


Figure 58/Q.763 – User-to-user information parameter field

The format of the user-to-user information parameter field is coded identically to the protocol discriminator plus user information field described in Recommendation Q.931.

3.62 Backward GVNS

The format of the backward GVNS parameter field is shown in Figure 59.

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| H | G | F | E | D | C | B | A |

Figure 59/Q.763 – Backward GVNS parameter field

The following codes are used in the backward GVNS parameter field:

bits

B A Terminating access indicator

0 0 no information

0 1 dedicated terminating access

1 0 switched terminating access

1 1 spare

bits G-C Spare

bit

H Extension indicator

0 information continues through the next octet

1 last octet

3.63 CCSS

The format of the CCSS parameter field is shown in Figure 60.

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| H | G | F | E | D | C | B | A |

Figure 60/Q.763 – CCSS parameter field

The following codes are used in the CCSS parameter field:

bit

A CCSS call indicator

0 no indication

1 CCSS call

bits H-B Spare

3.64 Call transfer number

The format of the call transfer number parameter field is shown in Figure 61.

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|-----------------------------|---|---|---|---|---------------------|---|
| | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | Odd/ even | Nature of address indicator | | | | | | |
| 2 | spare | Numbering plan Ind. | | | Address presentation restricted indicator | | Screening indicator | |
| 3 | 2nd address signal | | | | 1st address signal | | | |
| . | | | | | | | | |
| . | | | | | | | | |
| . | | | | | | | | |
| n | Filler (if necessary) | | | | nth address signal | | | |

Figure 61/Q.763 – Call transfer number parameter field

The following codes are used in the subfields of the call transfer number parameter field:

a) *Odd/even indicator*

- 0 even number of address signals
- 1 odd number of address signals

b) *Nature of address indicator*

- 0 0 0 0 0 0 spare
- 0 0 0 0 0 1 subscriber number (national use)
- 0 0 0 0 1 0 unknown (national use)
- 0 0 0 0 1 1 national (significant) number (national use)
- 0 0 0 1 0 0 international number
- 0 0 0 1 0 1 } spare
- to
- 1 1 0 1 1 1 }
- 1 1 1 0 0 0 } reserved for national use
- to
- 1 1 1 1 1 1 }
- 1 1 1 1 1 1 spare

c) *Numbering plan indicator*

- 0 0 0 spare
- 0 0 1 ISDN (Telephony) numbering plan (Recommendation E.164)
- 0 1 0 spare
- 0 1 1 Data numbering plan (Recommendation X.121) (national use)
- 1 0 0 Telex numbering plan (Recommendation F.69) (national use)
- 1 0 1 Private numbering plan (national use)
- 1 1 0 reserved for national use
- 1 1 1 spare

- d) *Address presentation restricted indicator*
- | | |
|-----|-------------------------|
| 0 0 | presentation allowed |
| 0 1 | presentation restricted |
| 1 0 | spare |
| 1 1 | spare |
- e) *Screening indicator*
- | | |
|-----|------------------------------------|
| 0 0 | user provided, not verified |
| 0 1 | user provided, verified and passed |
| 1 0 | user provided, verified and failed |
| 1 1 | network provided |
- f) *Address signal*
- | | |
|---------|---------|
| 0 0 0 0 | digit 0 |
| 0 0 0 1 | digit 1 |
| 0 0 1 0 | digit 2 |
| 0 0 1 1 | digit 3 |
| 0 1 0 0 | digit 4 |
| 0 1 0 1 | digit 5 |
| 0 1 1 0 | digit 6 |
| 0 1 1 1 | digit 7 |
| 1 0 0 0 | digit 8 |
| 1 0 0 1 | digit 9 |
| 1 0 1 0 | spare |
| 1 0 1 1 | code 11 |
| 1 1 0 0 | code 12 |
| 1 1 0 1 | } spare |
| to | |
| 1 1 1 1 | |

The most significant address signal is sent first. Subsequent address signals are sent in successive 4-bit fields.

- g) *Filler*
- In case of an odd number of address signals, the filler code 0000 is inserted after the last address signal.

3.65 Call transfer reference

The format of the call transfer reference parameter is shown in Figure 62.

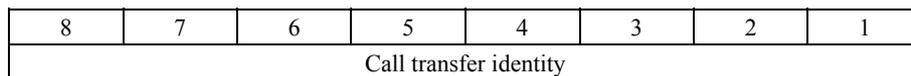


Figure 62/Q.763 – Call transfer reference parameter field

The call transfer identity is a pure binary representation of the integer (0 to 255) assigned unambiguously to the particular ECT supplementary service invocation (see clause 7/Q.732).

3.66 Forward GVNS

The format of the forward GVNS parameter field is shown in Figure 63.1.

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | Originating participating service provider OPSP | | | | | | | |
| 2 | GVNS user group GUG | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Terminating network routing number TNRN | | | | | | | |

Figure 63.1/Q.735 – Forward GVNS parameter field

The following codes are used in the subfields of the forward GVNS parameter:

a) *Originating participating service provider*

| | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----------------------|-------|---|---|-----------------------|---|---|---|
| | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | O/E | Spare | | | OPSP length indicator | | | |
| 1a | 2nd digit | | | | 1st digit | | | |
| ... | ... | | | | ... | | | |
| 1n | Filler (if necessary) | | | | nth digit | | | |

Figure 63.2/Q.735 – Originating participating service provider subfield

1) *Odd/even indicator (O/E)*

0 even number of digits

1 odd number of digits

2) *OPSP length indicator*

Number of octets to follow. The maximum number of octets is 4, allowing for a maximum number of digits to 7.

3) *Digit*

Digit string in BCD encoding of flexible length representing the Originating Participating Service Provider (OPSP) identification.

4) *Filler*

In case of an odd number of address signals, the filler code 0000 is inserted after the last address signal.

b) *GVNS user group*

| | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----------------------|-------|---|---|----------------------|---|---|---|
| | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 2 | O/E | Spare | | | GUG length indicator | | | |
| 2a | 2nd digit | | | | 1st digit | | | |
| ... | ... | | | | ... | | | |
| 2n | Filler (if necessary) | | | | nth digit | | | |

Figure 63.3/Q.735 – GVNS user group subfield

- 1) *Odd/even indicator (O/E)*
 0 even number of digits
 1 odd number of digits
- 2) *GUG length indicator*
 Number of octets to follow. The maximum number of octets is 8, allowing for a maximum number of digits to 16.
- 3) *Digit*
 Digit string in BCD encoding of flexible length representing the GVNS user group identification (GUG).
- 4) *Filler*
 In case of an odd number of address signals, the filler code 0000 is inserted after the last address signal.

c) *Terminating network routing number*

| | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----------------------|---|-----------------------------|---|-----------|-----------------------|---|---|
| | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 3 | O/E | | Numbering plan indicator | | | TNRN length indicator | | |
| 3a | Spare | | Nature of address indicator | | | | | |
| 3b | 2nd digit | | | | 1st digit | | | |
| ... | ... | | | | ... | | | |
| 3n | Filler (if necessary) | | | | nth digit | | | |

Figure 63.4/Q.735 – Terminating network routing number subfield

- 1) *Odd/even indicator (O/E)*
 0 even number of digits
 1 odd number of digits
- 2) *Numbering plan indicator*
 See 3.9 d)
- 3) *TNRN length indicator*
 Number of octets to follow. The maximum number of octets is 9 allowing for a maximum number of digits to 15.
- 4) *Nature of address indicator*

| | |
|---------------|----------------------------------|
| 0 0 0 0 0 0 | spare |
| 0 0 0 0 0 1 | subscriber number (national use) |
| 0 0 0 0 1 0 | unknown (national use) |
| 0 0 0 0 1 1 | national (significant) number |
| 0 0 0 1 0 0 | international number |
| 0 0 0 1 0 1 | network specific number |
| 0 0 0 1 1 0 | } spare |
| to | |
| 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 | |

| | | |
|---------------|---|---------------------------|
| 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 | } | reserved for national use |
| to | | |
| 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 | | |
| 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | | spare |

5) *Digit*

See 3.9 e)

The most significant digit is sent first. Subsequent digits are sent in successive 4-bit fields.

6) *Filler*

In case of an odd number of digits, the filler code 0000 is inserted after the last digit.

3.67 Loop prevention indicators

The format of the loop prevention indicators parameter field is shown in Figure 64.

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| H | G | F | E | D | C | B | A |

Figure 64/Q.763 – Loop prevention indicators parameter field

The following codes are used in the loop prevention indicators parameter field:

bit

| | |
|----------|----------|
| <u>A</u> | Type |
| 0 | request |
| 1 | response |

If bit A equals to 0 (request):

bits H-B Spare

If bit A equals to 1 (response):

bits

| | |
|------------|---------------------------------|
| <u>C B</u> | Response indicator |
| 0 0 | insufficient information (note) |
| 0 1 | no loop exists |
| 1 0 | simultaneous transfer |
| 1 1 | spare |

bits H-D Spare

NOTE – The value "insufficient information" may be received due to interworking.

3.68 Network management controls

The format of the network management controls parameter field is shown in Figure 65.

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| H | G | F | E | D | C | B | A |

Figure 65/Q.763 – Network management controls parameter field

The following codes are used in the network management controls parameter field:

- bit A Temporary Alternative Routing (TAR) indicator
- 0 no indication
- 1 TAR controlled call
- bits G-B Spare
- bit H Extension indicator
- 0 information continues through the next octet
- 1 last octet

3.69 Circuit assignment map

The format of the circuit assignment map parameter field is shown in Figure 66:

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------|----|----------|----|----|----|----|----|
| | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | Spare | | Map type | | | | | |
| 2 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 3 | 16 | 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 |
| 4 | 24 | 23 | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 |
| 5 | Spare | 31 | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 |

Figure 66/Q.763 – Circuit assignment map parameter field

The following codes are used in the circuit assignment map parameter field:

a-1) Map type:

- 0 0 0 0 0 Spare
- 0 0 0 0 1 1544 kbit/s digital path map format (64 kbit/s base rate)
- 0 0 0 0 1 0 2048 kbit/s digital path map format (64 kbit/s base rate)
- 0 0 0 0 1 1 } spare
- to
- 1 1 1 1 1 1 }

a-2) bits 8,7, octet 1: Spare

b-1) Map format (octets 2 to 5):

Each bit position on the map (octets 2 to 5) indicates whether the corresponding 64 kbit/s circuit is used in the $N \times 64$ connection. The bits are coded as follows:

- 0 64 kbit/s circuit is not used
- 1 64 kbit/s circuit is used

Octet 5 is not used for 1544 kbit/s digital path map.

b-2) bit 8, octet 5: Spare

3.70 Correlation id

The format of the correlation id parameter field is shown in Figure 67:

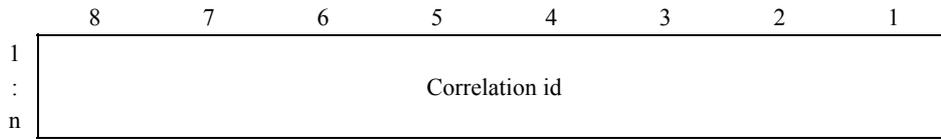


Figure 67/Q.763 – Correlation id parameter field

The correlation id is coded as described in Recommendation Q.1218.

3.71 SCF id

The format of the SCF id parameter field is shown in Figure 68:

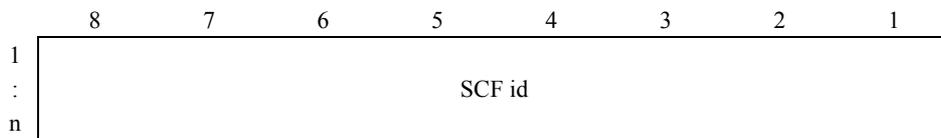


Figure 68/Q.763 – SCF id parameter field

The SCF id is coded as described in Recommendation Q.1218.

3.72 Call diversion treatment indicators

The format of the call diversion treatment indicators parameter field is shown in Figure 69:

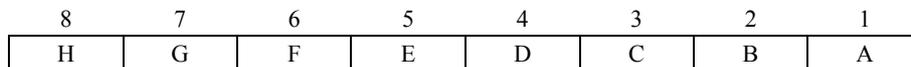


Figure 69/Q.763 – Call diversion treatment indicators parameter field

The following codes are used in the call diversion treatment parameter field:

- bits
- BA Call to be diverted indicator
- 0 0 no indication
- 0 1 call diversion allowed
- 1 0 call diversion not allowed
- 1 1 spare
- bits G-C Spare
- bit
- H Extension indicator
- 0 information continues through the next octet
- 1 last octet

3.73 Called IN number

The format of the called IN number parameter corresponds to the original called number parameter (see 3.39).

3.74 Call offering treatment indicators

The format of the call offering treatment indicators parameter field is shown in Figure 70:



Figure 70/Q.763 – Call offering treatment indicators parameter field

The following codes are used in the call offering treatment parameter field:

bits

BA Call to be offered indicator

0 0 no indication

0 1 call offering not allowed

1 0 call offering allowed

1 1 spare

bits G-C Spare

bit

H Extension indicator

0 information continues through the next octet

1 last octet

3.75 Charged party identification (national use)

The format of the charged party identification parameter is national network specific. The format is similar to the format of the corresponding INAP parameter in the "FurnishChargingInformation" operation (see Recommendation Q.1218).

3.76 Conference treatment indicators

The format of the conference treatment indicators parameter field is shown in Figure 71:



Figure 71/Q.763 – Conference treatment indicators parameter field

The following codes are used in the conference treatment parameter field:

bits

BA Conference acceptance indicator (Note)

0 0 no indication

0 1 accept conference request

1 0 reject conference request

1 1 spare

NOTE – Applicable to the conference and three-party supplementary services.

bits G-C Spare

bit

H Extension indicator

0 information continues through the next octet

1 last octet

3.77 Display information

The format of the display information parameter field is shown in Figure 72:

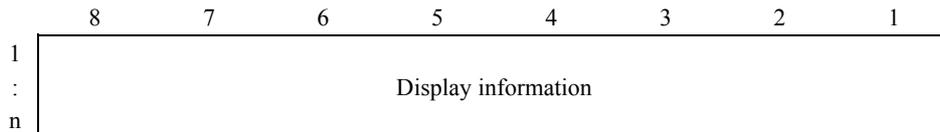


Figure 72/Q.763 – Display information parameter field

The display information is coded as described in Recommendation Q.931.

3.78 UID action indicators

The format of the UID action indicators parameter field is shown in Figure 73:



Figure 73/Q.763 – UID action indicators parameter field

The following codes are used in the UID action indicators parameter field:

bits

A Through-connection instruction indicator

0 no indication

1 through-connect in both directions

bits

B T9 timer instruction indicator

0 no indication

1 stop or do not start T9 timer

bits G-C Spare

bit

H Extension indicator

0 information continues through the next octet

1 last octet

3.79 UID capability indicators

The format of the UID capability indicators parameter field is shown in Figure 74:

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| H | G | F | E | D | C | B | A |

Figure 74/Q.763 – UID capability indicators parameter field

The following codes are used in the UID capability indicators parameter field:

bits

A Through-connection indicator

0 no indication

1 through-connection modification possible

bits

B T9 timer indicator

0 no indication

1 stopping of T9 timer possible

bits G-C Spare

bit

H Extension indicator

0 information continues through the next octet

1 last octet

3.80 Hop counter

The format of the hop counter parameter field is shown in Figure 75:

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| H | G | F | E | D | C | B | A |

Figure 75/Q.763 – Hop counter parameter field

The following codes are used in the hop counter parameter field:

bits E D C B A Hop counter

The hop counter contains the binary value of the number of contiguous SS 7 interexchange circuits that are allowed to complete the call.

bits H G F Spare

3.81 Collect call request

The format of the collect call request parameter field is shown in Figure 76:

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| H | G | F | E | D | C | B | A |

Figure 76/Q.763 – Collect call request parameter field

The following codes are used in the collect call request parameter field:

| | |
|----------|--------------------------------|
| bit | |
| <u>A</u> | Collect call request indicator |
| 0 | no indication |
| 1 | collect call requested |
| bits H-B | Spare |

4 ISDN user part messages and codes

In Tables 21 to 50, the format and coding of ISDN user part messages are specified. For each message, a list of the relevant parameters is given and for each parameter:

- a reference to the subclause where the formatting and coding of the parameter content is specified;
- the type of the parameter.

The following types are used in the tables:

F = mandatory fixed length parameter;

V = mandatory variable length parameter;

O = optional parameter of fixed or variable length;

- the length of the parameter.

The value in the table includes:

- for type F parameters: the length, in octets, of the parameter content;
- for type V parameters: the length, in octets, of the length indicator and of the parameter content. The minimum and the maximum length are indicated;
- for type O parameters: the length, in octets, of the parameter name, length indicator and parameter content. For variable length parameters the minimum and maximum length is indicated.

For each message type, type F parameters and the pointers for the type V parameters must be sent in the order specified in these tables.

The routing label and circuit identification code fields, which are transmitted ahead of the message type field if required, are not shown. Parameter names, pointers to mandatory variable fields and the optional part, and length indicators appear in the message in accordance with Figure 3 and are not shown explicitly in Tables 21 to 50.

Table 21/Q.763

Message Type: Address complete

| Parameter | Reference (subclause) | Type | Length (octets) |
|---|------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|
| Message type | 2.1 | F | 1 |
| Backward call indicators | 3.5 | F | 2 |
| Optional backward call indicators | 3.37 | O | 3 |
| Call reference (national use) | 3.8 | O | 7 |
| Cause indicators | 3.12 | O | 4-? |
| User-to-user indicators | 3.60 | O | 3 |
| User-to-user information | 3.61 | O | 3-131 |
| Access transport | 3.3 | O | 3-? |
| Generic notification indicator (Note 1) | 3.25 | O | 3 |
| Transmission medium used | 3.56 | O | 3 |
| Echo control information | 3.19 | O | 3 |
| Access delivery information | 3.2 | O | 3 |
| Redirection number (Note 2) | 3.46 | O | 5-? |
| Parameter compatibility information | 3.41 | O | 4-? |
| Call diversion information | 3.6 | O | 3 |
| Network specific facility (national use) | 3.36 | O | 4-? |
| Remote operations (national use) | 3.48 | O | 8-? |
| Service activation | 3.49 | O | 3-? |
| Redirection number restriction indicator | 3.47 | O | 3 |
| Conference treatment indicators | 3.76 | O | 3-? |
| UID action indicators | 3.78 | O | 3-? |
| End of optional parameters | 3.20 | O | 1 |
| NOTE 1 – This parameter may be repeated. | | | |
| NOTE 2 – Peer-to-peer interworking with an earlier version of ISUP may result in format errors and lead to the release of the call. | | | |

Table 22/Q.763

Message Type: Answer

| Parameter | Reference (subclause) | Type | Length (octets) |
|---|------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|
| Message type | 2.1 | F | 1 |
| Backward call indicators | 3.5 | O | 4 |
| Optional backward call indicators | 3.37 | O | 3 |
| Call reference (national use) | 3.8 | O | 7 |
| User-to-user indicators | 3.60 | O | 3 |
| User-to-user information | 3.61 | O | 3-131 |
| Connected number (Note 2) | 3.16 | O | 4-? |
| Access transport | 3.3 | O | 3-? |
| Access delivery information | 3.2 | O | 3 |
| Generic notification indicator (Note 1) | 3.25 | O | 3 |
| Parameter compatibility information | 3.41 | O | 4-? |
| Backward GVNS | 3.62 | O | 3-? |
| Call history information | 3.7 | O | 4 |
| Generic number (Notes 1 and 2) | 3.26 | O | 5-? |
| Transmission medium used | 3.56 | O | 3 |
| Network specific facility (national use) | 3.36 | O | 4-? |
| Remote operations (national use) | 3.48 | O | 8-? |
| Redirection number (Note 2) | 3.46 | O | 5-? |
| Service activation | 3.49 | O | 3-? |
| Echo control information | 3.19 | O | 3 |
| Redirection number restriction indicator | 3.47 | O | 3 |
| Display information | 3.77 | O | 3-? |
| End of optional parameters | 3.20 | O | 1 |
| NOTE 1 – This parameter may be repeated. | | | |
| NOTE 2 – Peer-to-peer interworking with an earlier version of ISUP may result in format errors and lead to the release of the call. | | | |

Table 23/Q.763

Message Type: Call progress

| Parameter | Reference (subclause) | Type | Length (octets) |
|---|------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|
| Message type | 2.1 | F | 1 |
| Event information | 3.21 | F | 1 |
| Cause indicators | 3.12 | O | 4-? |
| Call reference (national use) | 3.8 | O | 7 |
| Backward call indicators | 3.5 | O | 4 |
| Optional backward call indicators | 3.37 | O | 3 |
| Access transport | 3.3 | O | 3-? |
| User-to-user indicators | 3.60 | O | 3 |
| Redirection number (Note 2) | 3.46 | O | 5-? |
| User-to-user information | 3.61 | O | 3-131 |
| Generic notification indicator (Note 1) | 3.25 | O | 3 |
| Network specific facility (national use) | 3.36 | O | 4-? |
| Remote operations (national use) | 3.48 | O | 8-? |
| Transmission medium used | 3.56 | O | 3 |
| Access delivery information | 3.2 | O | 3 |
| Parameter compatibility Information | 3.41 | O | 4-? |
| Call diversion information | 3.6 | O | 3 |
| Service activation | 3.49 | O | 3-? |
| Redirection number restriction indicator | 3.47 | O | 3 |
| Call transfer number (Note 2) | 3.64 | O | 4-? |
| Echo control information | 3.19 | O | 3 |
| Connected number (Note 2) | 3.16 | O | 4-? |
| Backward GVNS | 3.62 | O | 3-? |
| Generic number (Notes 1 and 2) | 3.26 | O | 5-? |
| Call history information | 3.7 | O | 4 |
| Conference treatment indicators | 3.76 | O | 3-? |
| UID action indicators | 3.78 | O | 3-? |
| End of optional parameters | 3.20 | O | 1 |
| NOTE 1 – This parameter may be repeated. | | | |
| NOTE 2 – Peer-to-peer interworking with an earlier version of ISUP may result in format errors and lead to the release of the call. | | | |

Table 24/Q.763**Message Type: Circuit group query response (national use)**

| Parameter | Reference (subclause) | Type | Length (octets) |
|---|------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|
| Message type | 2.1 | F | 1 |
| Range and status ^{a)} | 3.43 | V | 2 |
| Circuit state indicator | 3.14 | V | 2-33 |
| ^{a)} The status subfield is not present. | | | |

Table 25/Q.763**Message Type: Circuit group reset acknowledgement**

| Parameter | Reference (subclause) | Type | Length (octets) |
|------------------|------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|
| Message type | 2.1 | F | 1 |
| Range and status | 3.43 | V | 3-34 |

Table 26/Q.763**Message Type: Confusion**

| Parameter | Reference (subclause) | Type | Length (octets) |
|----------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|
| Message type | 2.1 | F | 1 |
| Cause indicators | 3.12 | V | 3-? |
| End of optional parameters | 3.20 | O | 1 |

Table 27/Q.763**Message Type: Connect**

| Parameter | Reference (subclause) | Type | Length (octets) |
|---|------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|
| Message type | 2.1 | F | 1 |
| Backward call indicators | 3.5 | F | 2 |
| Optional backward call indicators | 3.37 | O | 3 |
| Backward GVNS | 3.62 | O | 3-? |
| Connected number (Note 2) | 3.16 | O | 4-? |
| Call reference (national use) | 3.8 | O | 7 |
| User-to-user indicators | 3.60 | O | 3 |
| User-to-user information | 3.61 | O | 3-131 |
| Access transport | 3.3 | O | 3-? |
| Network specific facility (national use) | 3.36 | O | 4-? |
| Generic notification indicator (Note 1) | 3.25 | O | 3 |
| Remote operations (national use) | 3.48 | O | 8-? |
| Transmission medium used | 3.56 | O | 3 |
| Echo control information | 3.19 | O | 3 |
| Access delivery information | 3.2 | O | 3 |
| Call history information | 3.7 | O | 4 |
| Parameter compatibility information | 3.41 | O | 4-? |
| Service activation | 3.49 | O | 3-? |
| Generic number (Notes 1 and 2) | 3.26 | O | 5-? |
| Redirection number restriction indicator | 3.47 | O | 3 |
| Conference treatment indicators | 3.76 | O | 3-? |
| End of optional parameters | 3.20 | O | 1 |
| NOTE 1 – This parameter may be repeated. | | | |
| NOTE 2 – Peer-to-peer interworking with an earlier version of ISUP may result in format errors and lead to the release of the call. | | | |

Table 28/Q.763**Message Type: Continuity**

| Parameter | Reference (subclause) | Type | Length (octets) |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|
| Message type | 2.1 | F | 1 |
| Continuity indicators | 3.18 | F | 1 |

Table 29/Q.763**Message Type: Facility reject**

| Parameter | Reference (subclause) | Type | Length (octets) |
|----------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|
| Message type | 2.1 | F | 1 |
| Facility indicator | 3.22 | F | 1 |
| Cause indicators | 3.12 | V | 3-? |
| User-to-user indicators | 3.60 | O | 3 |
| End of optional parameters | 3.20 | O | 1 |

Table 30/Q.763**Message Type: Information (national use)**

| Parameter | Reference (subclause) | Type | Length (octets) |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|
| Message type | 2.1 | F | 1 |
| Information indicators | 3.28 | F | 2 |
| Calling party's category | 3.11 | O | 3 |
| Calling party number (Note) | 3.10 | O | 4-? |
| Call reference | 3.8 | O | 7 |
| Connection request | 3.17 | O | 7-9 |
| Parameter compatibility information | 3.41 | O | 4-? |
| Network specific facility | 3.36 | O | 4-? |
| End of optional parameters | 3.20 | O | 1 |

NOTE – Peer-to-peer interworking with an earlier version of ISUP may result in format errors and lead to the release of the call.

Table 31/Q.763**Message Type: Information request (national use)**

| Parameter | Reference (subclause) | Type | Length (octets) |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|
| Message type | 2.1 | F | 1 |
| Information request indicators | 3.29 | F | 2 |
| Call reference | 3.8 | O | 7 |
| Network specific facility | 3.36 | O | 4-? |
| Parameter compatibility information | 3.41 | O | 4-? |
| End of optional parameters | 3.20 | O | 1 |

Table 32/Q.763

Message Type: Initial address

| Parameter | Reference (subclause) | Type | Length (octets) |
|--|----------------------------------|-------------|----------------------------|
| Message type | 2.1 | F | 1 |
| Nature of connection indicators | 3.35 | F | 1 |
| Forward call indicators | 3.23 | F | 2 |
| Calling party's category | 3.11 | F | 1 |
| Transmission medium requirement | 3.54 | F | 1 |
| Called party number (Note 2) | 3.9 | V | 4-? |
| Transit network selection (national use) | 3.53 | O | 4-? |
| Call reference (national use) | 3.8 | O | 7 |
| Calling party number (Note 2) | 3.10 | O | 4-? |
| Optional forward call indicators | 3.38 | O | 3 |
| Redirecting number (Note 2) | 3.44 | O | 4-? |
| Redirection information | 3.45 | O | 3-4 |
| Closed user group interlock code | 3.15 | O | 6 |
| Connection request | 3.17 | O | 7-9 |
| Original called number (Note 2) | 3.39 | O | 4-? |
| User-to-user information | 3.61 | O | 3-131 |
| Access transport | 3.3 | O | 3-? |
| User service information | 3.57 | O | 4-13 |
| User-to-user indicators | 3.60 | O | 3 |
| Generic number (Notes 1 and 2) | 3.26 | O | 5-? |
| Propagation delay counter | 3.42 | O | 4 |
| User service information prime | 3.58 | O | 4-13 |
| Network specific facility (national use) | 3.36 | O | 4-? |
| Generic digit (national use) (Note 1) | 3.24 | O | 4-? |
| Origination ISC point code | 3.40 | O | 4 |
| User teleservice information | 3.59 | O | 4-5 |
| Remote operations (national use) | 3.48 | O | 8-? |
| Parameter compatibility information | 3.41 | O | 4-? |
| Generic notification indicator (Note 1) | 3.25 | O | 3 |
| Service activation | 3.49 | O | 3-? |
| Generic reference (reserved) | 3.27 | O | 5-? |
| MLPP precedence | 3.34 | O | 8 |
| Transmission medium requirement prime | 3.55 | O | 3 |
| Location number (Note 2) | 3.30 | O | 4-? |
| Forward GVNS | 3.66 | O | 5-26 |

Table 32/Q.763 (concluded)**Message Type: Initial address**

| Parameter | Reference (subclause) | Type | Length (octets) |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|
| CCSS | 3.63 | O | 3-? |
| Network management controls | 3.68 | O | 3-? |
| Circuit assignment map | 3.69 | O | 6-7 |
| Correlation id | 3.70 | O | 3-? |
| Call diversion treatment indicators | 3.72 | O | 3-? |
| Called IN number (Note 2) | 3.73 | O | 4-? |
| Call offering treatment indicators | 3.74 | O | 3-? |
| Conference treatment indicators | 3.76 | O | 3-? |
| SCF id | 3.71 | O | 3-? |
| UID capability indicators | 3.79 | O | 3-? |
| Echo control information | 3.19 | O | 3 |
| Hop counter | 3.80 | O | 3 |
| Collect call request | 3.81 | O | 3 |
| End of optional parameters | 3.20 | O | 1 |

NOTE 1 – This parameter may be repeated.

NOTE 2 – Peer-to-peer interworking with an earlier version of ISUP may result in format errors and lead to the release of the call.

Table 33/Q.763**Message Type: Release**

| Parameter | Reference (subclause) | Type | Length (octets) |
|--|------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|
| Message type | 2.1 | F | 1 |
| Cause indicators | 3.12 | V | 3-? |
| Redirection information (national use) | 3.45 | O | 3-4 |
| Redirection number (national use) (Note) | 3.46 | O | 5-? |
| Access transport | 3.3 | O | 3-? |
| Signalling point code (national use) | 3.50 | O | 4 |
| User-to-user information | 3.61 | O | 3-131 |
| Automatic congestion level | 3.4 | O | 3 |
| Network specific facility (national use) | 3.36 | O | 4-? |
| Access delivery information | 3.2 | O | 3 |
| Parameter compatibility information | 3.41 | O | 4-? |
| User-to-user indicators | 3.60 | O | 3 |
| Display information | 3.77 | O | 3-? |
| Remote operations (national use) | 3.48 | O | 8-? |
| End of optional parameters | 3.20 | O | 1 |

NOTE – Peer-to-peer interworking with an earlier version of ISUP may result in format errors and lead to the release of the call.

Table 34/Q.763**Message Type: Release complete**

| Parameter | Reference (subclause) | Type | Length (octets) |
|----------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|
| Message type | 2.1 | F | 1 |
| Cause indicators | 3.12 | O | 5-6 |
| End of optional parameters | 3.20 | O | 1 |

Table 35/Q.763**Message Type: Subsequent address (Note 1)**

| Parameter | Reference (subclause) | Type | Length (octets) |
|---|------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|
| Message type | 2.1 | F | 1 |
| Subsequent number (Note 2) | 3.51 | V | 3-? |
| End of optional parameters | 3.20 | O | 1 |
| NOTE 1 – No new optional parameters are allowed in the subsequent address message. | | | |
| NOTE 2 – Peer-to-peer interworking with an earlier version of ISUP may result in format errors and lead to the release of the call. | | | |

Table 36/Q.763**Message Type: User-to-user information**

| Parameter | Reference (subclause) | Type | Length (octets) |
|---|------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|
| Message type | 2.1 | F | 1 |
| User-to-user information | 3.61 | V | 2-130 |
| Access transport | 3.3 | O | 3-? |
| End of optional parameters | 3.20 | O | 1 |
| NOTE – Parameter compatibility information parameter may be received in the future version. | | | |

Table 37/Q.763**Message Type: Forward transfer**

| Parameter | Reference (subclause) | Type | Length (octets) |
|---|------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|
| Message type | 2.1 | F | 1 |
| Call reference (national use) | 3.8 | O | 7 |
| End of optional parameters | 3.20 | O | 1 |
| NOTE – Parameter compatibility information parameter may be received in the future version. | | | |

Table 38/Q.763**Message Type: Resume, Suspend**

| Parameter | Reference (subclause) | Type | Length (octets) |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------|----------------------------|
| Message type | 2.1 | F | 1 |
| Suspend/resume indicators | 3.52 | F | 1 |
| Call reference (national use) | 3.8 | O | 7 |
| End of optional parameters | 3.20 | O | 1 |

NOTE – Parameter compatibility information parameter may be received in the future version.

Table 39/Q.763

Message Type: Blocking
Blocking acknowledgement
Continuity check request
Loop back acknowledgement, (national use)
Overload, (national use)
Reset circuit
Unblocking
Unblocking acknowledgement
Unequipped circuit identification code, (national use)

| Parameter | Reference (subclause) | Type | Length (octets) |
|------------------|----------------------------------|-------------|----------------------------|
| Message type | 2.1 | F | 1 |

Table 40/Q.763

Message Type: Circuit group blocking
Circuit group blocking acknowledgement
Circuit group unblocking
Circuit group unblocking acknowledgement

| Parameter | Reference (subclause) | Type | Length (octets) |
|--|----------------------------------|-------------|----------------------------|
| Message type | 2.1 | F | 1 |
| Circuit group supervision message type | 3.13 | F | 1 |
| Range and status | 3.43 | V | 3-34 |

Table 41/Q.763

Message Type: Circuit group reset
Circuit group query (national use)

| Parameter | Reference (subclause) | Type | Length (octets) |
|---|-----------------------|------|-----------------|
| Message type | 2.1 | F | 1 |
| Range and status ^{a)} | 3.43 | V | 2 |
| ^{a)} The status subfield is not present. | | | |

Table 42/Q.763

Message Type: Facility accepted
Facility request

| Parameter | Reference (subclause) | Type | Length (octets) |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|------|-----------------|
| Message type | 2.1 | F | 1 |
| Facility indicator | 3.22 | F | 1 |
| User-to-user indicators | 3.60 | O | 3 |
| Call reference (national use) | 3.8 | O | 7 |
| Connection request | 3.17 | O | 7-9 |
| Parameter compatibility information | 3.41 | O | 4-? |
| End of optional parameters | 3.20 | O | 1 |

Table 43/Q.763

Message Type: Pass-along (national use)

| Parameter | Reference (subclause) | Type | Length (octets) |
|--|---|------|-----------------|
| Message type | 2.1 | F | 1 |
| Message type Mandatory fixed part Mandatory variable part Optional part | Any message in Tables 21 to 50 which is relevant only at the "endpoint" of a connection as defined in clause 3/Q.764. | | |

Table 44/Q.763**Message Type: User part test
User part available**

| Parameter | Reference (subclause) | Type | Length (octets) |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|
| Message type | 2.1 | F | 1 |
| Parameter compatibility information | 3.41 | O | 4-? |
| End of optional parameters | 3.20 | O | 1 |

Table 45/Q.763**Message Type: Facility**

| Parameter | Reference (subclause) | Type | Length (octets) |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|
| Message type | 2.1 | F | 1 |
| Message compatibility information | 3.33 | O | 3-? |
| Parameter compatibility information | 3.41 | O | 4-? |
| Remote operations (national use) | 3.48 | O | 8-? |
| Service activation | 3.49 | O | 3-? |
| Call transfer number (Note) | 3.64 | O | 4-? |
| Access transport | 3.3 | O | 3-? |
| Generic notification indicator | 3.25 | O | 3 |
| End of optional parameters | 3.20 | O | 1 |

NOTE – Peer-to-peer interworking with an earlier version of ISUP may result in format errors and lead to the release of the call.

Table 46/Q.763**Message Type: Network resource management**

| Parameter | Reference (subclause) | Type | Length (octets) |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|
| Message type | 2.1 | F | 1 |
| Message compatibility information | 3.33 | O | 3-? |
| Parameter compatibility information | 3.41 | O | 4-? |
| Echo control information | 3.19 | O | 3 |
| End of optional parameters | 3.20 | O | 1 |

Table 47/Q.763**Message Type: Identification request**

| Parameter name | Reference (subclause) | Type | Length (octets) |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|
| Message type | 2.1 | F | 1 |
| MCID request indicators | 3.31 | O | 3 |
| Message compatibility information | 3.33 | O | 3-? |
| Parameter compatibility information | 3.41 | O | 4-? |
| End of optional parameters | 3.20 | O | 1 |

Table 48/Q.763**Message Type: Identification response**

| Parameter | Reference (subclause) | Type | Length (octets) |
|---|------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|
| Message type | 2.1 | F | 1 |
| MCID response indicators | 3.32 | O | 3 |
| Message compatibility information | 3.33 | O | 3-? |
| Parameter compatibility information | 3.41 | O | 4-? |
| Calling party number (Note 2) | 3.10 | O | 4-? |
| Access transport | 3.3 | O | 3-? |
| Generic number (Notes 1 and 2) | 3.26 | O | 5-? |
| Charged party identification (national use) | 3.75 | O | 3-? |
| End of optional parameters | 3.20 | O | 1 |
| NOTE 1 – This parameter may be repeated. | | | |
| NOTE 2 – Peer-to-peer interworking with an earlier version of ISUP may result in format errors and lead to the release of the call. | | | |

Table 49/Q.763**Message Type: Segmentation**

| Parameter | Reference (subclause) | Type | Length (octets) |
|---|------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|
| Message type | 2.1 | F | 1 |
| Access transport | 3.3 | O | 3-? |
| User-to-user information | 3.61 | O | 3-131 |
| Message compatibility information | 3.33 | O | 3-? |
| Generic digits (national use) (Note 1) | 3.24 | O | 4-? |
| Generic notification indicator (Note 1) | 3.25 | O | 3 |
| Generic number (Notes 1 and 2) | 3.26 | O | 5-? |
| End of optional parameters | 3.20 | O | 1 |
| NOTE 1 – This parameter may be repeated. | | | |
| NOTE 2 – Peer-to-peer interworking with an earlier version of ISUP may result in format errors and lead to the release of the call. | | | |

Table 50/Q.763

Message Type: Loop prevention

| Parameter | Reference (subclause) | Type | Length (octets) |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|
| Message type | 2.1 | F | 1 |
| Message compatibility information | 3.33 | O | 3-? |
| Parameter compatibility information | 3.41 | O | 4-? |
| Call transfer reference | 3.65 | O | 3 |
| Loop prevention indicators | 3.67 | O | 3 |
| End of optional parameters | 3.20 | O | 1 |

ANNEX A

Tables for handling of unrecognized parameter values

Reference: see 2.9.5.3/Q.764.

Type A exchanges

Unrecognized parameter values should be handled as indicated below in Type A exchanges (Type A exchanges as described in 2.9.5.2/Q.764). See also item iii) of 2.9.5.3/Q.764.

Required actions:

- Default – Handle as if the default value was received.
- Ignore – The value is "don't care"; the received value may be passed on unchanged or reset to zero.
- No default – Pass to call control.

Table A.1 shows the reaction of a Type A exchange.

Table A.1 shows the normal actions unless specific procedural text in Recommendations Q.764 and Q.73x-Series states otherwise.

Table A.1/Q.763 (sheet 1 of 4) – Type A exchanges

| Reference (subclause) | Title | Action |
|------------------------------|--|--|
| 3.4 | <i>Automatic congestion level</i> | Discard parameter |
| 3.5 | <i>Backward call indicators</i> Bits BA: Charge ind. Bits DC: Called party status ind. Bits FE: Called party category ind. Bits HG: End-to-end method ind. Bit J: End-to-end information ind. (national use) Bit L: Holding ind. (national use) Bits PO: SCCP method ind. | Default: 10 "charge" Default: 00 "no indication" Default: 00 "no indication" Default: 00 "no end-to-end method available" Default: 0 "no end-to-end info available" Default: 0 "holding not requested" Default: 00 "no indication" |

Table A.1/Q.763 (sheet 2 of 4) – Type A exchanges

| Reference (subclause) | Title | Action |
|------------------------------|---|--|
| 3.9 | <i>Called party number</i> Nature of address ind. Numbering plan ind. Spare Address signals Filler | Send release with cause 28 Send release with cause 28 Ignore Send release with cause 28 (Note) Default: 0000 |
| 3.10 | <i>Calling party number</i> Nature of address ind. Number incomplete ind. Numbering plan ind. Presentation restricted ind. Screening ind. Address signals Filler | Discard parameter Discard parameter Discard parameter Default: 01 "presentation restricted" Discard parameter No default Default: 0000 |
| 3.11 | <i>Calling party's category</i> | Default: 0000 1010 "ordinary subscriber" |
| 3.12 | <i>Cause indicators</i> Coding standard Spare Location Cause value | Default: 00 "CCITT" Ignore International: Default "international network." National: Default Beyond an Interwork. Point" Default: "Unspecified within class xxx" |
| 3.13 | <i>Circuit group supervision message type indicator</i> Bits BA: Type ind. Bits H-C: Reserved | Discard message and send confusion with cause 110 Ignore |
| 3.14 | <i>Circuit state indicators</i> Maintenance blocking state Spare | Discard message Ignore |
| 3.16 | <i>Connected number</i> Nature of address ind. Spare Numbering plan ind. Presentation restricted ind. Screening ind. Address signals Filler | Discard parameter Ignore Discard parameter Default: 01 "presentation restricted" Discard parameter No Default Default: 0000 |
| 3.18 | <i>Continuity indicators</i> Bits H-B: Reserved | Ignore |

Table A.1/Q.763 (sheet 3 of 4) – Type A exchanges

| Reference (subclause) | Title | Action |
|------------------------------|--|--|
| 3.21 | <i>Event information</i> Bits G-A: Event ind. | Discard message |
| 3.22 | <i>Facility indicators</i> | Discard message |
| 3.23 | <i>Forward call indicators</i> Bits CB: End-to-end method ind. Bit E: End-to-end inform ind. (national use) Bits HG: ISUP preference ind. Bits KJ: SCCP method indicator Bit L: Spare Bits P-M: Reserved (national use) | Default: 00 "no end-to-end method available" Default: 0 "no end-to-end info available" Send release with cause 111 Default: 00 "no indication" Ignore Ignore |
| 3.28 | <i>Information indicators (national use)</i> Bits BA: CgPA response ind. Bit C: Holding ind. Bit D: MCID response ind. Bit E: Spare Bit F: CgPC response ind. Bit G: Charge inform. resp. ind. Bit H: Solicited inf. ind. Bits P-I: Reserved | Default: "CgPA not included" Default: "Hold not provided" Default: "MCID not provided" Ignore Default: "CgPC not included" Default: "Charge inform. not included" Default: "Solicited" Ignore |
| 3.29 | <i>Information request ind. (national use)</i> Bits P-M, L-F, C: Spare/Reserved | Ignore |
| 3.35 | <i>Nature of connection ind.</i> Bits BA: Satellite ind. Bits DC: Continuity ind. Bits H-F: Reserved | Default: 10 "two satellites in the connection" See Type B exchange Ignore |
| 3.37 | <i>Optional backward call indicators</i> Bits E-H: Reserved for national use | Ignore |
| 3.38 | <i>Optional forward call indicators</i> Bits BA: Closed user group call ind. Spare Bits G-D | Default: 00 "non-CUG call" Ignore |
| 3.39 | <i>Original called number</i> Nature of address ind. Numbering plan ind. Address present. restr. ind. Address signals Filler spare | Discard parameter Discard parameter Default: "Presentation restricted" No default Default: 0000 Ignore |

Table A.1/Q.763 (sheet 4 of 4) – Type A exchanges

| Reference (subclause) | Title | Action |
|--|---|--|
| 3.43 | <i>Range and status</i> | See Rec. 2.9.3/Q.764, 2.8.2/Q.764 and 2.8.3/Q.764 |
| 3.44 | <i>Redirecting number</i> Nature of address ind. Numbering plan ind. Presentation restricted ind. Address signals Filler | Discard parameter Discard parameter Default: 01 "presentation restricted" No Default Default: 0000 |
| 3.45 | <i>Redirection information</i> Bits C-A: Redirecting ind. Bits H-E: Original redirection reason Bits K-I: Redirection counter Bits P-N: Redirecting reason Bits L, D: Spare/Reserved | Default: "Call diversion, all redirection information presentation restricted" Default: "unknown (not available)" Default: "101" Default: "unknown/not available" Ignore |
| 3.46 | <i>Redirection number</i> Nature of address indicator Numbering plan indicator Address signals Filler | discard parameter discard parameter no default default: 0000 |
| 3.51 | <i>Subsequent number</i> Bits 1-7: Spare Address signal Filler | Ignore Send release with cause 28 (Note) Default: 0000 |
| 3.52 | <i>Suspend/resume indicators</i> Bits H-B: Reserved | Ignore |
| 3.53 | <i>Transit network selection</i> Type of network identification Network identification plan | Release with cause 91 Release with cause 91 |
| 3.54 | <i>Transmission medium requirement</i> | Send release with cause 65 |
| 3.57 | <i>User service information</i> | No default |
| 3.60 | User-to-user indicators Bits CB: Service 1 Bits ED: Service 2 Bits GF: Service 3 | Default: 00 "no information" Default: 00 "no information" Default: 00 "no information" |
| NOTE – Evaluated as far as needed for routing. | | |

Type B exchanges

Table A.2 shows the reaction of a Type B exchange.

The following definitions are used:

Default – Handle as if the default value was received; the default value is sent.

Ignore – The value is "don't care", the received value may be passed on unchanged or reset to zero.

No default – Value received passed on unchanged.

Table A.2 shows the normal actions unless specific procedural text in Recommendations Q.764 and Q.73x-Series state otherwise.

Table A.2/Q.763 (sheet 1 of 4) – Type B exchanges

| Reference (subclause) | Title | Action |
|-----------------------|---|---|
| 3.4 | <i>Automatic congestion level</i> | Discard parameter |
| 3.5 | <i>Backward call indicator</i> Bits BA: Charge ind. Bits DC: Called party status ind. Bits FE: Called party category ind. Bits HG: End-to-end method ind. Bit J: End-to-end information ind. (national use) Bit L: Holding ind. (national use) Bits PO: SCCP method ind. | No default No default No default No default No default Ignore (international transit) No default (national transit) No default |
| 3.9 | <i>Called party number</i> Nature of address ind. Numbering plan ind. Spare Address signals Filler | Send release with cause 28 Send release with cause 28 Ignore Send release with cause 28 (Note) Default: 0000 |
| 3.10 | <i>Calling party number</i> Nature of address ind. Number incomplete ind. Numbering plan ind. Presentation restric. ind. Screening ind. Address signals Filler | No default No default No default No default No default No default Ignore |
| 3.11 | <i>Calling party's category</i> | No default |

Table A.2/Q.763 (sheet 2 of 4) – Type B exchanges

| Reference (subclause) | Title | Action |
|----------------------------------|--|---|
| 3.12 | <i>Cause indicators</i> Coding standard Spare Location Cause value | No default Ignore No default No default |
| 3.13 | <i>Circuit group supervision message type indicator</i> Bits BA: Type ind. Bits H-C: Reserved | Discard message and send confusion with cause 110 Ignore |
| 3.14 | <i>Circuit state indicators</i> Maintenance blocking state Spare | Discard message Ignore |
| 3.16 | <i>Connected number</i> Nature of address ind. Spare Numbering plan ind. Presentation restric. ind. Screening indicator Address signals Filler | No default Ignore No default No default No default No default Ignore |
| 3.18 | <i>Continuity indicators</i> Bits H-B: Spare | Ignore |
| 3.21 | <i>Event information</i> Bits G-A: Event ind. | No default |
| 3.22 | <i>Facility indicators</i> | Discard message |
| 3.23 | <i>Forward call indicators</i> Bits CB: End-to-end method ind. Bit E: End-to-end information ind. (national use) Bits HG: ISUP preference ind. Bits KJ: SCCP method ind. Bit L: Spare Bits P-M: Spare (national use) | No default No default Send release with cause 111 No default Ignore Ignore |

Table A.2/Q.763 (sheet 3 of 4) – Type B exchanges

| Reference (subclause) | Title | Action |
|------------------------------|--|---|
| 3.28 | <i>Information indicators (national use)</i> Bits BA: Calling party address resp. ind. Bit C: Hold provided ind. Bit F: Calling party's category resp. ind. Bit G: Charge inform. resp. ind. Bit H: Solicited inform. ind. Bits L-I, E, D: Spare | No default No default No default No default Default: 0 "solicited" Ignore |
| 3.29 | <i>Inform. request indicators (national use)</i> Bits P-M, L-F, C: Spare/reserved | Ignore |
| 3.35 | <i>Nature of connection indicators</i> Bits BA: Satellite ind. Bits DC: Continuity ind. Bits H-F: Spare | Default: 10 "two satellites in the connection" Default: 00 "continuity check not required" unless required on the outgoing circuit Ignore |
| 3.37 | <i>Optional backward call indicators</i> Bits H-E: Reserved (national use) | Ignore |
| 3.38 | <i>Optional forward call indicators</i> Bits BA: Closed user group call ind. Bits O-G: Spare | No default Ignore |
| 3.39 | <i>Original called number</i> Nature of address indicator Numbering plan indicator Presentation restric. indicator Address signals Filler Spare | No default No default No default No default Ignore Ignore |
| 3.43 | <i>Range and status</i> | See 2.9.3/Q.764 and 2.8.2/Q.764 |
| 3.44 | <i>Redirecting number</i> Nature of address ind. Numbering plan ind. Presentation restricted ind. Address signals Filler | No default No default No default No default Ignore |

Table A.2/Q.763 (sheet 4 of 4) – Type B exchanges

| Reference (subclause) | Title | Action |
|--|---|--|
| 3.45 | <i>Redirection information</i> Bits C-A: Redirecting indicator Bits H-E: Original redirection reason Bits K-I: Redirection counter Bits P-N: Redirecting reason Bits L, D: Spare | No default No default No default No default Ignore |
| 3.46 | <i>Redirection number</i> Nature of address indicator Numbering plan indicator Address signals Filler | No default No default No default Ignore |
| 3.51 | <i>Subsequent number</i> Bits 1-7: Spare Address signal Filler | Ignore Send release with cause 28 (Note) Default: 0000 |
| 3.52 | <i>Suspend/resume indicators</i> Bits H-B: Spare | Ignore |
| 3.53 | <i>Transit network selection</i> Type of network identification Network identification plan | Release with cause 91 Release with cause 91 |
| 3.54 | <i>Transmission medium requirement</i> | Send release with cause 65 |
| 3.57 | <i>User service information</i> | No default |
| 3.60 | <i>User-to-user indicators</i> Bit A: Type Bits CB: Service 1 Bits ED: Service 2 Bits GF: Service 3 | Default: 00 "no information" Default: 00 "no information" Default: 00 "no information" |
| NOTE – Evaluated as far as needed for routing. | | |

ANNEX B

General description of component encoding rules

B.1 General components structure

Each information element within a component has the same structure. An information element consists of three fields, which always appear in the following order. The Tag distinguishes one type from another and governs the interpretation of the Contents. The Length specifies the length of the Contents. The Contents is the substance of the element, containing the primary information the element is intended to convey. Figure B.1 shows an overview of a component and an information element.

| | | | | | | | |
|-------|---|------|-----------------|---|---|---|---|
| H | G | F | E | D | C | B | A |
| Class | | Form | Tag code (Note) | | | | |

NOTE – The tag code may be extended to the following octet(s) as discussed in B.2.3.

Figure B.5/Q.763 – Format of Tag

B.2.1 Tag class

All Tags use the two most significant bits (H and G) to indicate the Tag Class. These bits are coded as shown in Table B.1.

Table B.1/Q.763 – Coding of tag class

| Class | Coding (HG) |
|------------------|-------------|
| Universal | 00 |
| Application-wide | 01 |
| Context-specific | 10 |
| Private use | 11 |

The universal class is used for Tags that are exclusively standardized in Recommendation X.209 and are application independent types. Universal Tags may be used anywhere a universal information element type is used. The universal class applies across all CCITT Recommendations, i.e. across CCITT Signalling System No. 7 ASEs, X.400 MHS, etc.

The Application-wide class is used for information elements that are standardized across all applications (ASEs) using CCITT Signalling System No. 7.

The Context-specific class is used for information elements that are specified within the context of the next higher construction and take into account the sequence of other information elements within the same construction. This class may be used for tags in a construction, and the tags may be re-used in any other construction.

The Private Use class is reserved for information elements specific to a nation, a network or a private user. Such information elements are beyond the scope of this Recommendation.

B.2.2 Form of the information element

Bit F is used to indicate whether the element is "Primitive" or "Constructor", as is shown in Table B.2. A primitive element is one whose structure is atomic (i.e. one value only). A constructor element is one whose content is one or more information elements which may themselves be constructor elements.

Both forms of elements are shown in Table B.2.

Table B.2/Q.763 – Coding of element form

| Element Form | Coding (F) |
|--------------|------------|
| Primitive | 0 |
| Constructor | 1 |

B.2.3 Tag code

Bits A to E of the first octet of the Tag plus any extension octets represent a Tag code that distinguishes one element type from another of the same class. Tag codes in the range 00000 to 11110 (0 to 30 decimal) are provided in one octet.

The extension mechanism is to code bits A to E of the first octet as 11111. Bit H of the following octet serves as an extension indicator. If bit H of the extension octet is set to 0, then no further octets for this tag are used. If bit H is set to 1, the following octet is also used for extension of the Tag code. The resultant Tag consists of bits A to G of each extension octet, with bit G of the first extension octet being most significant and bit A of the last extension octet being least significant. Tag code 31 is encoded as 0011111 in bits G to A of a single extension octet. Higher tag codes continue from this point using the minimum possible number of extension octets.

Figure B.6 shows the detailed format of the Tag code.

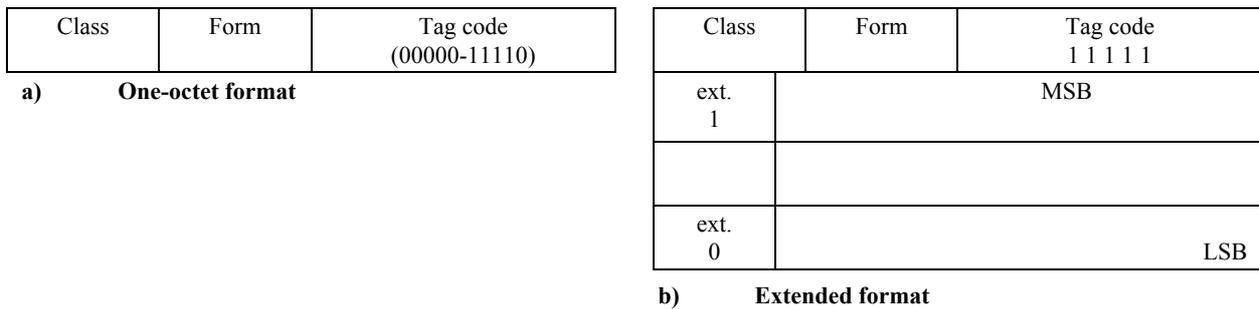


Figure B.6/Q.763 – Format of the Tag Code

B.3 Length of the contents

The length of the contents is coded to indicate the number of octets in the contents. The length does not include the Tag nor the length of the contents octets.

The length of the contents uses the short, long or indefinite form. If the length is less than 128 octets, the short form is used. In the short form, bit H is coded 0, and the length is encoded as a binary number using bits A to G.

If the length is greater than 127 octets, then the long form of the length of the contents is used. The long form length is from 2 to 127 octets long. Bit H of the first octet is coded 1, and bits A to G of the first octet encode a number one less than the size of the length in octets as an unsigned binary number whose MSB and LSB are bits G and A, respectively. The length itself is encoded as an unsigned binary number whose MSB and LSB are bit H of the second octet and Bit A of the last octet, respectively. This binary number should be encoded in the fewest possible octets, with no leading octets having the value 0.

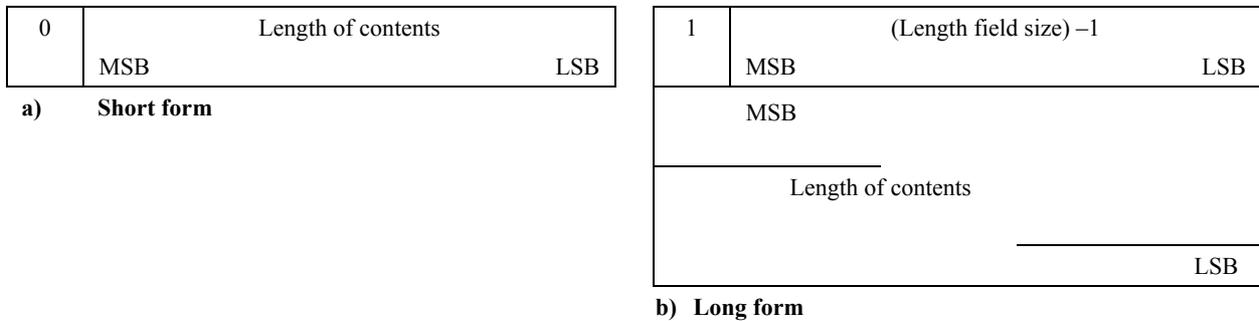
The indefinite form is one octet long and may (but need not) be used in place of the short or long form, whenever the element is a constructor. It has the value 10000000. When this form is employed, a special End-of-Contents (EOC) indicator terminates the contents.

There is no notation for the end-of-contents indicator. Although considered part of the contents syntactically, the end-of-contents indicator has no semantic significance.

The representation for the end-of-contents indicator is an element whose class is universal, whose form is primitive, whose ID code has the value 0, and whose contents is unused and absent:

| EOC | Length | Contents |
|----------|----------|----------|
| 00 (hex) | 00 (hex) | Absent |

Figure B.7 shows the formats of the length field described above. The maximum value that may be encoded is constrained by the network message size limitations in the connectionless case.



| |
|----------------------------------|
| Constructor Element tag |
| L = 1000 0000 |
| Tag Length (Note) Contents |
| : : : |
| Tag Length (Note) Contents |
| EOC Tag (0000 0000) |
| EOC Length (0000 0000) |

c) Indefinite form

NOTE – The length may take any of three forms: short, long and indefinite.

Figure B.7/Q.763 – Format of length field

B.4 Contents

The contents is the substance of the element and contains the information the element is intended to convey. Its length is variable, but always an integral number of octets. The contents is interpreted in a type-dependent manner, i.e. according to the tag value.

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