



INTERNATIONAL TELECOMMUNICATION UNION

ITU-T

TELECOMMUNICATION
STANDARDIZATION SECTOR
OF ITU

Q.106

**GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS ON TELEPHONE
SWITCHING AND SIGNALLING**

**CLAUSES APPLICABLE TO ITU-T STANDARD
SYSTEMS**

THE SENDING - FINISHED SIGNAL

ITU-T Recommendation Q.106

(Extract from the *Blue Book*)

NOTES

1 ITU-T Recommendation Q.106 was published in Fascicle VI.1 of the *Blue Book*. This file is an extract from the *Blue Book*. While the presentation and layout of the text might be slightly different from the *Blue Book* version, the contents of the file are identical to the *Blue Book* version and copyright conditions remain unchanged (see below).

2 In this Recommendation, the expression “Administration” is used for conciseness to indicate both a telecommunication administration and a recognized operating agency.

1.6 THE SENDING-FINISHED SIGNAL

In semi-automatic working, when the international outgoing operator has finished keying or dialling, she operates a special button on her keyboard or a key so that, after the number, a local signal which is called a *sending-finished* signal is sent to the outgoing equipment to show that there are no more digits to follow. In automatic working, subscribers cannot show when they have finished dialling the number, and so this signal does not apply.

Note - In semi-automatic working, local sending of the sending-finished signal will cause an *end-of-pulsing* signal to be sent on the international circuit ¹⁾ or signalling channel. This has the same function and shows the incoming equipment that there are no more digits to be received. In some cases also in automatic working, when the outgoing equipment decides that there are no more digits to follow, an end-of-pulsing signal is sent on the international circuit or signalling channel, for example in the ST condition of System No. 5 (see Recommendation Q.152).

¹⁾ In System R2 the sending of end-of-pulsing signal (code 15) may not occur if a *number-received* indication has already been received.