

INTERNATIONAL TELECOMMUNICATION UNION



H.460.10 (03/2004)

SERIES H: AUDIOVISUAL AND MULTIMEDIA SYSTEMS Infrastructure of audiovisual services – Supplementary services for multimedia

Call party category within H.323 systems

ITU-T Recommendation H.460.10

ITU-T H-SERIES RECOMMENDATIONS AUDIOVISUAL AND MULTIMEDIA SYSTEMS

CHARACTERISTICS OF VISUAL TELEPHONE SYSTEMS	H.100–H.199
INFRASTRUCTURE OF AUDIOVISUAL SERVICES	
General	H.200-H.219
Transmission multiplexing and synchronization	H.220–H.229
Systems aspects	H.230–H.239
Communication procedures	H.240–H.259
Coding of moving video	H.260–H.279
Related systems aspects	H.280–H.299
Systems and terminal equipment for audiovisual services	H.300–H.349
Directory services architecture for audiovisual and multimedia services	H.350–H.359
Quality of service architecture for audiovisual and multimedia services	H.360–H.369
Supplementary services for multimedia	H.450–H.499
MOBILITY AND COLLABORATION PROCEDURES	
Overview of Mobility and Collaboration, definitions, protocols and procedures	H.500–H.509
Mobility for H-Series multimedia systems and services	H.510–H.519
Mobile multimedia collaboration applications and services	H.520–H.529
Security for mobile multimedia systems and services	H.530–H.539
Security for mobile multimedia collaboration applications and services	H.540–H.549
Mobility interworking procedures	H.550–H.559
Mobile multimedia collaboration inter-working procedures	H.560–H.569
BROADBAND AND TRIPLE-PLAY MULTIMEDIA SERVICES	
Broadband multimedia services over VDSL	H.610–H.619

For further details, please refer to the list of ITU-T Recommendations.

ITU-T Recommendation H.460.10

Call party category within H.323 systems

Summary

This Recommendation specifies a mechanism that allows calling H.323 endpoints to signal calling party category information in the forward direction, and allows called H.323 endpoints to signal called party category information in the backward direction.

Source

ITU-T Recommendation H.460.10 was approved on 15 March 2004 by ITU-T Study Group 16 (2001-2004) under the ITU-T Recommendation A.8 procedure.

FOREWORD

The International Telecommunication Union (ITU) is the United Nations specialized agency in the field of telecommunications. The ITU Telecommunication Standardization Sector (ITU-T) is a permanent organ of ITU. ITU-T is responsible for studying technical, operating and tariff questions and issuing Recommendations on them with a view to standardizing telecommunications on a worldwide basis.

The World Telecommunication Standardization Assembly (WTSA), which meets every four years, establishes the topics for study by the ITU-T study groups which, in turn, produce Recommendations on these topics.

The approval of ITU-T Recommendations is covered by the procedure laid down in WTSA Resolution 1.

In some areas of information technology which fall within ITU-T's purview, the necessary standards are prepared on a collaborative basis with ISO and IEC.

NOTE

In this Recommendation, the expression "Administration" is used for conciseness to indicate both a telecommunication administration and a recognized operating agency.

Compliance with this Recommendation is voluntary. However, the Recommendation may contain certain mandatory provisions (to ensure e.g. interoperability or applicability) and compliance with the Recommendation is achieved when all of these mandatory provisions are met. The words "shall" or some other obligatory language such as "must" and the negative equivalents are used to express requirements. The use of such words does not suggest that compliance with the Recommendation is required of any party.

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS

ITU draws attention to the possibility that the practice or implementation of this Recommendation may involve the use of a claimed Intellectual Property Right. ITU takes no position concerning the evidence, validity or applicability of claimed Intellectual Property Rights, whether asserted by ITU members or others outside of the Recommendation development process.

As of the date of approval of this Recommendation, ITU had not received notice of intellectual property, protected by patents, which may be required to implement this Recommendation. However, implementors are cautioned that this may not represent the latest information and are therefore strongly urged to consult the TSB patent database.

© ITU 2004

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, by any means whatsoever, without the prior written permission of ITU.

CONTENTS

Page

1	Scope		1
2	Referen	ces	1
3	Call par	ty category	2
4	Call par	ty category info parameter	2
	4.1	Call party category info ASN.1 definition	3
	4.2	Description of ASN.1 types and fields	3

ITU-T Recommendation H.460.10

Call party category within H.323 systems

1 Scope

A calling party's category (CPC) parameter is defined by ISUP that describes the nature of the calling party, e.g., operator language, test call, payphone, etc. In addition, a called party category indicator is included in the ISUP backward call indicators parameter. ISUP variants used in some regional networks (in North America) define an originating line information (OLI) parameter to carry this information instead of the CPC parameter. R2 signalling uses the Group II forward signals to carry similar information. ITU-T Rec. H.450.12 defines a partyCategory field that identifies the category of either the calling party or the called party involved in the call.

This information would be very useful for making routing and accounting decisions within the H.323 network. A mechanism is, therefore, required to support the signalling of the calling party category in H.323 networks.

A calling endpoint should be able to signal calling party category information in the forward direction. The calling party category parameter may be included in Setup, ARQ and LRQ messages. H.323 devices, gateways, gatekeepers and border elements may apply routing and accounting policies based on the value of the calling party category.

A called endpoint should be able to signal called party category information in the backward direction. The called party category parameter may be included in progress, alerting or connect messages. H.323 devices, gateways, gatekeepers and border elements may apply routing and accounting policies based on the value of the called party category.

This Recommendation specifies a mechanism that allows calling H.323 endpoints to signal calling party category information in the forward direction and allows called H.323 endpoints to signal called party category information in the backward direction.

2 References

The following ITU-T Recommendations and other references contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this Recommendation. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All Recommendations and other references are subject to revision; users of this Recommendation are therefore encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent edition of the Recommendations and other references listed below. A list of the currently valid ITU-T Recommendations is regularly published. The reference to a document within this Recommendation does not give it, as a stand-alone document, the status of a Recommendation.

- ITU-T Recommendation H.225.0 (2003), *Call signalling protocols and media stream packetization for packet-based multimedia communication systems.*
- ITU-T Recommendation H.323 (2003), Packet-based multimedia communications systems.
- ITU-T Recommendation Q.763 (1999), Signalling System No. 7 ISDN user part formats and codes plus Amendment 2 (2002), Support for the International Emergency Preference Scheme.
- ITU-T Recommendation H.460.4 (2002), Call priority designation for H.323 calls.
- ANSI T1.113-2000¹, Signalling System No. 7 (SS7) Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) User Part.

¹ T1 standards are maintained since November 2003 by ATIS.

3 Call party category

The call party category parameter is used to transport calling party category information in messages sent by the calling H.323 endpoint in the forward direction, and to transport called party category information in messages sent by the called H.323 endpoint in the backward direction. If the calling party category has the value of the International Emergency Preference Scheme (IEPS), then the use of H.460.4 procedures is not precluded.

A H.323 endpoint or gatekeeper may include the call party category parameter in H.225.0 RAS and call signalling (Q.931) messages using the generic extensibility framework.

When sending the call party category parameter in the call signalling messages, it shall be coded in the genericData parameter in the H.225.0 H323-UU-PDU in the user-user information element.

When sending the call party category parameter in the RAS messages, it shall be coded in the genericData parameter in the request parameter of the H.225.0 RAS Message.

The GenericData parameter indicates the callPartyCategory feature and contains a callPartyCategory parameter.

Table 1 defines the call party category feature.

Feature name:	Call party category
Feature Description:	This feature allows a H.323 endpoint to include calling party category or called party category information in a signalling message.
Feature identifier type:	Standard
Feature identifier value:	10

Table 1/H.460.10 – Call party category feature

4 Call party category info parameter

Table 2 defines the call party category info parameter.

Parameter name:	Call party category info
Parameter description:	The call party category information parameter is the data sent in H.225.0 RAS and call signalling messages. The content is a raw field consisting of the ASN.1 PER encoded CallPartyCategoryInfo as specified in the ASN.1 in 4.1.
Parameter identifier type:	Standard
Parameter identifier value:	1
Parameter type:	Raw
Parameter cardinality:	Once and only once

|--|

4.1 Call party category info ASN.1 definition

The call party category info definition used within the GenericData is shown below.

```
CALL-PARTY-CATEGORY DEFINITIONS AUTOMATIC TAGS ::=

BEGIN

CallPartyCategoryInfo ::= SEQUENCE

{

callPartyCategory

originatingLineInfo

...

}

CallPartyCategory ::= INTEGER (0..255)

OriginatingLineInfo ::= INTEGER (0..255)
```

END

4.2 Description of ASN.1 types and fields

CallPartyCategoryInfo – The H.323 endpoint may include this field to signal the calling or called party category or originating line information parameters in call signalling or RAS messages.

CallPartyCategory – The H.323 endpoint may include this field to signal the calling or called party category information in call signalling or RAS messages. The contents are values that are defined in ITU-T Rec. Q.763 (1999) and its Amendment 2 (2002).

OriginatingLineInfo – The calling H.323 endpoint may include this field to signal the originating line information parameter in call signalling or RAS messages. The contents are values that are defined in ANSI T1.113.3-2000, Annex C.

SERIES OF ITU-T RECOMMENDATIONS

- Series A Organization of the work of ITU-T
- Series B Means of expression: definitions, symbols, classification
- Series C General telecommunication statistics
- Series D General tariff principles
- Series E Overall network operation, telephone service, service operation and human factors
- Series F Non-telephone telecommunication services
- Series G Transmission systems and media, digital systems and networks
- Series H Audiovisual and multimedia systems
- Series I Integrated services digital network
- Series J Cable networks and transmission of television, sound programme and other multimedia signals
- Series K Protection against interference
- Series L Construction, installation and protection of cables and other elements of outside plant
- Series M TMN and network maintenance: international transmission systems, telephone circuits, telegraphy, facsimile and leased circuits
- Series N Maintenance: international sound programme and television transmission circuits
- Series O Specifications of measuring equipment
- Series P Telephone transmission quality, telephone installations, local line networks
- Series Q Switching and signalling
- Series R Telegraph transmission
- Series S Telegraph services terminal equipment
- Series T Terminals for telematic services
- Series U Telegraph switching
- Series V Data communication over the telephone network
- Series X Data networks and open system communications
- Series Y Global information infrastructure, Internet protocol aspects and Next Generation Networks
- Series Z Languages and general software aspects for telecommunication systems