# ITU-T

- 21

G.7041/Y.1303

TELECOMMUNICATION STANDARDIZATION SECTOR OF ITU Amendment 2 (07/2010)

SERIES G: TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS AND MEDIA, DIGITAL SYSTEMS AND NETWORKS

Data over Transport – Generic aspects – General

SERIES Y: GLOBAL INFORMATION INFRASTRUCTURE, INTERNET PROTOCOL ASPECTS AND NEXT-GENERATION NETWORKS

Internet protocol aspects - Transport

Generic framing procedure (GFP) **Amendment 2** 

Recommendation ITU-T G.7041/Y.1303 (2008) – Amendment 2



ITU-T G-SERIES RECOMMENDATIONS

#### TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS AND MEDIA, DIGITAL SYSTEMS AND NETWORKS

INTERNATIONAL TELEPHONE CONNECTIONS AND CIRCUITS	G.100-G.199
GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS COMMON TO ALL ANALOGUE CARRIER- TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS	G.200–G.299
INDIVIDUAL CHARACTERISTICS OF INTERNATIONAL CARRIER TELEPHONE SYSTEMS ON METALLIC LINES	G.300–G.399
GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS OF INTERNATIONAL CARRIER TELEPHONE SYSTEMS ON RADIO-RELAY OR SATELLITE LINKS AND INTERCONNECTION WITH METALLIC LINES	G.400–G.449
COORDINATION OF RADIOTELEPHONY AND LINE TELEPHONY	G.450-G.499
TRANSMISSION MEDIA AND OPTICAL SYSTEMS CHARACTERISTICS	G.600–G.699
DIGITAL TERMINAL EQUIPMENTS	G.700-G.799
DIGITAL NETWORKS	G.800-G.899
DIGITAL SECTIONS AND DIGITAL LINE SYSTEM	G.900–G.999
MULTIMEDIA QUALITY OF SERVICE AND PERFORMANCE – GENERIC AND USER- RELATED ASPECTS	G.1000–G.1999
TRANSMISSION MEDIA CHARACTERISTICS	G.6000–G.6999
DATA OVER TRANSPORT – GENERIC ASPECTS	G.7000-G.7999
General	G.7000-G.7099
Transport network control aspects	G.7700–G.7799
PACKET OVER TRANSPORT ASPECTS	G.8000–G.8999
ACCESS NETWORKS	G.9000–G.9999

For further details, please refer to the list of ITU-T Recommendations.

# Recommendation ITU-T G.7041/Y.1303

# Generic framing procedure (GFP)

# Amendment 2

### **Summary**

Amendment 2 to Recommendation ITU-T G.7041/Y.1303 adds the following information:

- 1) Removal of references to "T-MPLS".
- 2) Removal of the obsolete UPI for the multi-cast MPLS mapping.
- 3) Update to a reference.
- 4) New footnote to clarify the minimum Inter-Packet Gap requirements at a GFP-T egress port carrying an Ethernet client.

## History

Edition	Recommendation	Approval	Study Group
1.0	ITU-T G.7041/Y.1303	2001-12-14	15
1.1	ITU-T G.7041/Y.1303 (2001) Amend. 1	2002-06-13	15
1.2	ITU-T G.7041/Y.1303 (2001) Cor. 1	2003-03-16	15
1.3	ITU-T G.7041/Y.1303 (2001) Amend. 2	2003-03-16	15
2.0	ITU-T G.7041/Y.1303	2003-12-14	15
2.1	ITU-T G.7041/Y.1303 (2003) Amend. 2	2004-06-13	15
2.2	ITU-T G.7041/Y.1303 (2003) Amend. 1	2004-10-07	15
2.3	ITU-T G.7041/Y.1303 (2003) Cor. 1	2005-01-13	15
2.4	ITU-T G.7041/Y.1303 (2003) Amend. 3	2005-01-13	15
3.0	ITU-T G.7041/Y.1303	2005-08-22	15
3.1	ITU-T G.7041/Y.1303 (2005) Amend. 1	2006-03-29	15
3.2	ITU-T G.7041/Y.1303 (2005) Cor. 1	2006-12-14	15
3.3	ITU-T G.7041/Y.1303 (2005) Amend. 2	2007-07-29	15
4.0	ITU-T G.7041/Y.1303	2008-10-07	15
4.1	ITU-T G.7041/Y.1303 (2008) Amend. 1	2009-01-13	15
4.2	ITU-T G.7041/Y.1303 (2008) Amend. 2	2010-07-29	15

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The World Telecommunication Standardization Assembly (WTSA), which meets every four years, establishes the topics for study by the ITU-T study groups which, in turn, produce Recommendations on these topics.

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# Recommendation ITU-T G.7041/Y.1303

# Generic framing procedure (GFP)

## Amendment 2

## 1) Clause 2

*Add the following reference, which is an update to existing IETF RFC 3032:* [IETF RFC 5332] IETF RFC 5332 (2008), *MPLS Multicast Encapsulations*.

## 2) Clause 6.1.3.1

In Table 6-3, change the table rows and add a note as follows:

0000 1110 Frame-Mapped MPLS (Multicast)See Note 4   NOTE 4 – This LIPL value had been assigned to multicast MPLS frames, which is a mapping that is no	0000 1101	Frame-Mapped MPLS (Unicast) and Frame-Mapped T-MPLS
NOTE 4 – This LIPI value had been assigned to multicast MPI S frames, which is a mapping that is no	0000 1110	Frame-Mapped MPLS (Multicast)See Note 4
longer applicable. This UPI value should not be used		

## 3) Clause 7.6

*Modify the first paragraph of clause 7.6 as follows:* 

The direct mapping of MPLS into GFP is intended for applications that wish to transport MPLS-shim PDUs directly over SDH containers. This mapping applies to both IP/MPLS and T-MPLS PDUs. The MPLS PDU, either unicast or multicast, contains one or more MPLS-specific label stack entries (as specified in [IETF RFC 3032]) and an MPLS payload information field. All octets in the MPLS PDU are placed in the payload information field of a GFP-F frame. Both octet-alignment and bit identification within octets are maintained within the GFP-F PDU. This direct mapping of MPLS into GFP is intended to be the default mapping when MPLS client signals are directly carried over a transport network.

## 4) Clause 8.4.1.2.4

Add a note to clause 8.4.1.2.4 as follows:

## 8.4.1.2.4 Full-duplex gigabit Ethernet payload

Gigabit Ethernet (GbE) output data rate (after 8B/10B encoding) shall be 1250 Mbit/s  $\pm 100$  ppm, as specified in [IEEE 802.3]. Output signal timing requirements are further specified in clauses 38.5 and 38.6 (1000BASE-LX optical fibre interfaces) and clauses 39.3.1 and 39.3.3 of [IEEE 802.3] (1000BASE-CX (short-haul copper interface)). Output signals will normally be generated with a minimum IPG of 12 octets, per clause 4.4.2.3 of [IEEE 802.3], GbE idle characters are two octets, as defined in clause 36.2.4.12 of [IEEE 802.3]. If rate adaptation is performed using full-duplex GbE Idle insert/removal, any number of /I2/s may be removed in any IPG, such that their removal shall not result in no /I/ and not less than 8 octets including /T/, /R/ and /I/ remaining between frames (see note), as required for successful frame delineation according to Figures 36-7a and 36-7b of [IEEE 802.3]. Any number of /I2/s may be added in any IPG. Rate adaptation may also be required when a continuous stream of eight-character configuration ordered sets (consisting of

alternating /C1/C2/) is received. Since a minimum of three consecutive /C1/C2/ configuration ordered sets are required to be received before the configuration set is recognized, rate adaptation, by inserting a replica of the received /C1/C2/ sequence, or deleting a received /C1/C2/ sequence shall only occur after three consecutive identical /C1/C2/ sequences have been received and retransmitted. Depending on implementation, a continuous stream of 10B\_ERR neutral disparity or transmission error (/V/) characters could be generated at egress, which still requires rate adaptation. In this case, rate adaptation may be performed by removing or replicating a 10B\_ERR or /V/ character after 12 consecutive 10B ERR or /V/ characters have been received and retransmitted.

<u>NOTE</u> – The 8-octet limit is described in Note 3 of clause 4.4.2 of [IEEE 802.3]. Note that [IEEE 802.3] does not specify the amount of IPG shrinkage that the receiver must tolerate without frame loss.

#### ITU-T Y-SERIES RECOMMENDATIONS

#### GLOBAL INFORMATION INFRASTRUCTURE, INTERNET PROTOCOL ASPECTS AND NEXT-GENERATION NETWORKS

GLOBAL INFORMATION INFRASTRUCTURE	N/ 100 N/ 100
General	Y.100-Y.199
Services, applications and middleware	Y.200–Y.299
Network aspects	Y.300-Y.399
Interfaces and protocols	Y.400-Y.499
Numbering, addressing and naming	Y.500-Y.599
Operation, administration and maintenance	Y.600-Y.699
Security	Y.700-Y.799
Performances	Y.800-Y.899
INTERNET PROTOCOL ASPECTS	
General	Y.1000-Y.1099
Services and applications	Y.1100-Y.1199
Architecture, access, network capabilities and resource management	Y.1200-Y.1299
Transport	Y.1300-Y.1399
Interworking	Y.1400-Y.1499
Quality of service and network performance	Y.1500-Y.1599
Signalling	Y.1600-Y.1699
Operation, administration and maintenance	Y.1700-Y.1799
Charging	Y.1800-Y.1899
IPTV over NGN	Y.1900-Y.1999
NEXT GENERATION NETWORKS	
Frameworks and functional architecture models	Y.2000-Y.2099
Quality of Service and performance	Y.2100-Y.2199
Service aspects: Service capabilities and service architecture	Y.2200-Y.2249
Service aspects: Interoperability of services and networks in NGN	Y.2250-Y.2299
Numbering, naming and addressing	Y.2300-Y.2399
Network management	Y.2400-Y.2499
Network control architectures and protocols	Y.2500-Y.2599
Future networks	Y.2600-Y.2699
Security	Y.2700-Y.2799
Generalized mobility	Y.2800-Y.2899
Carrier grade open environment	Y.2900-Y.2999

For further details, please refer to the list of ITU-T Recommendations.

# SERIES OF ITU-T RECOMMENDATIONS

- Series A Organization of the work of ITU-T
- Series D General tariff principles
- Series E Overall network operation, telephone service, service operation and human factors
- Series F Non-telephone telecommunication services
- Series G Transmission systems and media, digital systems and networks
- Series H Audiovisual and multimedia systems
- Series I Integrated services digital network
- Series J Cable networks and transmission of television, sound programme and other multimedia signals
- Series K Protection against interference
- Series L Construction, installation and protection of cables and other elements of outside plant
- Series M Telecommunication management, including TMN and network maintenance
- Series N Maintenance: international sound programme and television transmission circuits
- Series O Specifications of measuring equipment
- Series P Terminals and subjective and objective assessment methods
- Series Q Switching and signalling
- Series R Telegraph transmission
- Series S Telegraph services terminal equipment
- Series T Terminals for telematic services
- Series U Telegraph switching
- Series V Data communication over the telephone network
- Series X Data networks, open system communications and security
- Series Y Global information infrastructure, Internet protocol aspects and next-generation networks
- Series Z Languages and general software aspects for telecommunication systems