



INTERNATIONAL TELECOMMUNICATION UNION

**ITU-T**

TELECOMMUNICATION  
STANDARDIZATION SECTOR  
OF ITU

**X.735**

**Corrigendum 1**  
(03/2001)

SERIES X: DATA NETWORKS AND OPEN SYSTEM  
COMMUNICATIONS

OSI management – Management functions and ODMA  
functions

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Information technology – Open Systems  
Interconnection – Systems management: Log  
control function

**Technical Corrigendum 1**

ITU-T Recommendation X.735 (1992) – Corrigendum 1  
(Formerly CCITT Recommendation)

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ITU-T X-SERIES RECOMMENDATIONS  
DATA NETWORKS AND OPEN SYSTEM COMMUNICATIONS

<b>PUBLIC DATA NETWORKS</b>	
Services and facilities	X.1–X.19
Interfaces	X.20–X.49
Transmission, signalling and switching	X.50–X.89
Network aspects	X.90–X.149
Maintenance	X.150–X.179
Administrative arrangements	X.180–X.199
<b>OPEN SYSTEMS INTERCONNECTION</b>	
Model and notation	X.200–X.209
Service definitions	X.210–X.219
Connection-mode protocol specifications	X.220–X.229
Connectionless-mode protocol specifications	X.230–X.239
PICS proformas	X.240–X.259
Protocol Identification	X.260–X.269
Security Protocols	X.270–X.279
Layer Managed Objects	X.280–X.289
Conformance testing	X.290–X.299
<b>INTERWORKING BETWEEN NETWORKS</b>	
General	X.300–X.349
Satellite data transmission systems	X.350–X.369
IP-based networks	X.370–X.399
<b>MESSAGE HANDLING SYSTEMS</b>	X.400–X.499
<b>DIRECTORY</b>	X.500–X.599
<b>OSI NETWORKING AND SYSTEM ASPECTS</b>	
Networking	X.600–X.629
Efficiency	X.630–X.639
Quality of service	X.640–X.649
Naming, Addressing and Registration	X.650–X.679
Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1)	X.680–X.699
<b>OSI MANAGEMENT</b>	
Systems Management framework and architecture	X.700–X.709
Management Communication Service and Protocol	X.710–X.719
Structure of Management Information	X.720–X.729
<b>Management functions and ODMA functions</b>	<b>X.730–X.799</b>
<b>SECURITY</b>	X.800–X.849
<b>OSI APPLICATIONS</b>	
Commitment, Concurrency and Recovery	X.850–X.859
Transaction processing	X.860–X.879
Remote operations	X.880–X.899
<b>OPEN DISTRIBUTED PROCESSING</b>	X.900–X.999

*For further details, please refer to the list of ITU-T Recommendations.*

**INTERNATIONAL STANDARD ISO/IEC 10164-6  
ITU-T RECOMMENDATION X.735**

**INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY – OPEN SYSTEMS INTERCONNECTION –  
SYSTEMS MANAGEMENT: LOG CONTROL FUNCTION**

**TECHNICAL CORRIGENDUM 1**

**Summary**

This corrigendum changes subclauses 8.1.1.1.6, 8.1.1.1.5 and 8.1.1.5.

**Source**

Corrigendum 1 to ITU-T Recommendation X.735 was prepared by ITU-T Study Group 4 (2001-2004) and approved on 1 March 2001. An identical text is also published as Technical Corrigendum 1 to ISO/IEC 10164-6.

## FOREWORD

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The World Telecommunication Standardization Assembly (WTSA), which meets every four years, establishes the topics for study by the ITU-T study groups which, in turn, produce Recommendations on these topics.

The approval of ITU-T Recommendations is covered by the procedure laid down in WTSA Resolution 1.

In some areas of information technology which fall within ITU-T's purview, the necessary standards are prepared on a collaborative basis with ISO and IEC.

## NOTE

In this Recommendation, the expression "Administration" is used for conciseness to indicate both a telecommunication administration and a recognized operating agency.

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## CONTENTS

	<i>Page</i>
1) Subclause 8.1.1.1.5 "Log Full Action" .....	1
2) Subclause 8.1.1.1.6 "Availability status" .....	1
3) Subclause 8.1.1.5 "Normal operation of logs" .....	1



## INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

## ITU-T RECOMMENDATION

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY – OPEN SYSTEMS INTERCONNECTION –  
SYSTEMS MANAGEMENT: LOG CONTROL FUNCTION

## TECHNICAL CORRIGENDUM 1

**1) Subclause 8.1.1.1.5 "Log Full Action"**

*Add the following to the end of the subclause:*

When a log is full its availability status will change to indicate the log full condition. If the log's full action is set to "halt", then no new log records will be added and the event will be lost. When log records are deleted, the log will leave the log full condition and new log records can be added to the log. If the log's full action is set to "wrap", then new records will be added overwriting the oldest records contained in the log. When log records are deleted, the log will leave the log full condition and new log records will no longer overwrite existing log records in the log.

**2) Subclause 8.1.1.1.6 "Availability status"**

*Replace the second sentence:*

The attribute may indicate a "log-full" condition; indicating that records can be retrieved but that no new records can be added.

*with the following:*

The attribute may indicate a "log-full" condition. Records can be retrieved while the log is in the "log-full" condition. If records are deleted from the log, the "log-full" value is removed from the availability status in either halt or wrap mode.

NOTE – In the case where halt behaviour is specified for the log, the "log-full" value implies no more records can be added. If wrap behaviour is specified, the value continues to remain as "log-full" even though forthcoming records will be added by overwriting existing records. The wrap mode combined with "log-full" condition indicates that old records are lost as overwriting takes place.

**3) Subclause 8.1.1.5 "Normal operation of logs"**

*Add the following Note at the end of the subclause:*

NOTE – A wrapping log can be viewed as a circular buffer. The margin between the highest capacity alarm threshold and 100% can be regarded as a safety factor, to allow sufficient time for log users to retrieve log records upon receipt of a capacity alarm, before those records which entered the log after the previous capacity alarm are overwritten. Resetting the hidden gauge to zero each time the highest threshold is crossed ensures the behaviour that a capacity alarm will be generated every time the same fraction of the log capacity is written to the log, and therefore the same safety factor is maintained. In other words, every time a fixed percentage of the log capacity is written to the wrapping log, a capacity alarm is emitted.





## SERIES OF ITU-T RECOMMENDATIONS

Series A	Organization of the work of ITU-T
Series B	Means of expression: definitions, symbols, classification
Series C	General telecommunication statistics
Series D	General tariff principles
Series E	Overall network operation, telephone service, service operation and human factors
Series F	Non-telephone telecommunication services
Series G	Transmission systems and media, digital systems and networks
Series H	Audiovisual and multimedia systems
Series I	Integrated services digital network
Series J	Transmission of television, sound programme and other multimedia signals
Series K	Protection against interference
Series L	Construction, installation and protection of cables and other elements of outside plant
Series M	TMN and network maintenance: international transmission systems, telephone circuits, telegraphy, facsimile and leased circuits
Series N	Maintenance: international sound programme and television transmission circuits
Series O	Specifications of measuring equipment
Series P	Telephone transmission quality, telephone installations, local line networks
Series Q	Switching and signalling
Series R	Telegraph transmission
Series S	Telegraph services terminal equipment
Series T	Terminals for telematic services
Series U	Telegraph switching
Series V	Data communication over the telephone network
<b>Series X</b>	<b>Data networks and open system communications</b>
Series Y	Global information infrastructure and Internet protocol aspects
Series Z	Languages and general software aspects for telecommunication systems