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**H.320 System
Implementors'
Guide**

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SERIES H: AUDIOVISUAL AND MULTIMEDIA SYSTEMS
Infrastructure of audiovisual services – Communication
procedures

**Implementors Guide for Recommendations of
the H.320 System (“Narrow-band visual
telephone systems and terminal equipment”):
*H.320, H.221, H.224, H.230, H.242, H.243***

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Summary

This document is a compilation of reported defects identified with the H.320-series Recommendations last approved in February 2002. It is intended to be read in conjunction with the Recommendations to serve as an additional authoritative source of information for implementors. The changes, clarifications and corrections defined herein are expected to be included in future versions of affected H.320-series Recommendations.

Changes are made against the 05/99 revisions of H.221, H.230, H.242 and H.320, and the 02/2000 revisions of H.224 and H.243. This Implementors Guide supersedes the ITU-T H.320 Recommendation series Implementors Guide approved in February 2002.

Change Log

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Contact information

ITU-T Study Group 16/Question 1 Rapporteur	Patrick Luthi Tandberg Philip Pedersens vei 22 1366 Lysaker Norway	Tel: +47 67 125 125 Fax: +47 67 125 234 Email: patrick.luthi@tandberg.no
ITU-T Recommendation H.320-series Editor	Patrick Luthi	Tel: +47 67 125 125 Fax: +47 67 125 234 Email: patrick.luthi@tandberg.no

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IMPLEMENTORS GUIDE FOR THE ITU-T H.320 RECOMMENDATION SERIES (H.320, H.221, H.224, H.230, H.242, H.243)

1. Introduction

This document is a compilation of reported defects identified with the 1997-2000 editions of the ITU-T H.320-series Recommendations. It is intended to be read in conjunction with the Recommendations to serve as an additional authoritative source of information for implementors. The changes, clarifications and corrections defined herein are expected to be included in future versions of affected H.320-series Recommendations.

The first version of the guide was produced following the October 1999 ITU-T Study Group 16/Question 11 Rapporteur meeting. Wide distribution of this document is expected and encouraged.

2. Scope

This guide resolves defects in the following categories:

- editorial errors;
- technical errors such as omissions or inconsistencies;
- ambiguities.

In addition, the Guide may include explanatory text found necessary as a result of interpretation difficulties apparent from the defect reports.

This Guide will not address proposed additions, deletions or modifications to the Recommendations that are not strictly related to implementation difficulties in the above categories. Proposals for new features should be made in the normal way through contributions to the ITU-T.

3. Policies for updating this document

This document is managed by the ITU-T Study Group 16 Question 1 Rapporteurs Group. It can be revised at any recognized Q.1/16 Rapporteurs Group meeting provided the proposed revisions are unanimously accepted by the members of the group. A revision history cataloguing the evolution of this document is included.

4. Defect resolution procedure

Upon discovering technical defects with any components of the H.320 Recommendations series, please provide a written description directly to the editors of the affected Recommendations with a copy to the Q.1/16 Rapporteur. The template for a defect report is enclosed. Contact information for these parties is included in this document. Return contact information should also be supplied so a dialogue can be established to resolve the matter and an appropriate reply to the defect report can be conveyed. This defect resolution process is open to anyone interested in H.320-series Recommendations. Formal membership in the ITU is not required to participate in this process.

5. References

This document refers to the following H.320-series Recommendations:

- ITU-T Recommendation H.221 (1999), *Frame Structure for a 64 to 1920 kbit/s channel in audiovisual teleservices.*
- ITU-T Recommendation H.224 (2000), *A real time control protocol for simplex applications using the H.221 LSD/HSD/MLP channels*

- ITU-T Recommendation H.239 (2003), *Role Management and Additional Media Channels for H.300-series Terminals*
- ITU-T Recommendation H.230 (1999), *Frame-synchronous control and indication signals for audiovisual systems*
- ITU-T Recommendation H.241 (2003), *Extended Video Procedures and Control Signals for H.300 Series Terminals*
- ITU-T Recommendation H.242 (1999), *System for establishing communication between audiovisual terminals using digital channel up to 2 Mbit/s.*
- ITU-T Recommendation H.243 (2000), *Procedures for establishing communication between three or more audiovisual terminals using digital channels up to 1920 kbit/s*
- ITU-T Recommendation H.320 (1999), *Narrow-band visual telephone systems and terminal equipment.*
- ITU-T Recommendation T.35 (2000), *Procedure for the allocation of ITU-T defined codes for non-standard facilities*

6. Nomenclature

In addition to traditional revision marks, the following marks and symbols are used to indicate to the reader how changes to the text of a Recommendation should be applied:

Symbol	Description
<u><i>[Begin Correction]</i></u>	Identifies the start of revision marked text based on extractions from the published Recommendations affected by the correction being described.
<u><i>[End Correction]</i></u>	Identifies the end of revision marked text based on extractions from the published Recommendations affected by the correction being described.
...	Indicates that the portion of the Recommendation between the text appearing before and after this symbol has remained unaffected by the correction being described and has been omitted for brevity.
--- <i>SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS</i> --- <i>{instructions}</i>	Indicates a set of special editing instructions to be followed.

7. Technical and editorial corrections

7.1 Technical and editorial corrections to ITU-T Recommendation H.221

7.1.1 Table A.1/H.221 - BAS numerical values

7.1.1.1 New BAS capability and command values

New values are being added in Table A1/H.221 to allow:

1. the use of the H.263 second additional capabilities byte as described in section 7.2.6
2. the support of G.722.1 in H.320 systems
3. a H.264-on command

In order to provide H.320/H.32x gateways the ability to constrain the bit rate allowed for use by the H.320 endpoint (for the purposes of enforcing bit rate symmetry, for example), capability codes for each bit rate are necessary. In the case of G.722.1, this means separate capability codes for 24 kbit/s and 32 kbit/s.

Table 1/H.221 is being updated as follows:

[Begin Correction]

G.722.1-32	(000) [27]
G.722.1-24	(000) [28]
H.264-on	(010) [4]
H.263(2000)	(101) [26]
G.722.1-32 (cap)	(110) [5]
G.722.1-24 (cap)	(110) [6]

[End Correction]

7.1.1.2 Corrections to existing BAS capability and command values

In table A.1 of H.221, Restrict_required [27] is incorrectly listed in the video, encryption, loop and other command (010) column, and restrict [22] is incorrectly listed in the audio and transfer rate capabilities column (100) (see associated change in 7.1.7).

The solution is to simply swap the command and with the cap to become:

(010)[27]	Restrict
(100)[22]	Restrict_required

7.1.2 Section A.1/H.221 - Audio command values (000)

Section A.1/H.221 is being updated as follows:

[Begin Correction]

...

~~G.722.1Au-32k~~ G.722.1 7 kHz audio at 32 kbit/s~~Reserved for audio at less than 48 kbit/s (for example, 32 kbit/s, in bits 1-4).~~

~~G.722.1Au-24k~~ G.722.1 7 kHz audio at 24 kbit/s~~Reserved for audio at less than 48 kbit/s (for example, 24 kbit/s, in bits 1-3).~~

...

[End Correction]

7.1.3 Section A.5/H.221 - Audio capabilities (100)

Section A.5/H.221 is being updated as follows:

...

- G.722-64 Capable of decoding audio to Recommendation G.722 (mode 1) and to Recommendation G.711.
- G.722-48 Capable of decoding audio to Recommendation G.722 (modes 1, 2, 3) and to Recommendation G.711.

[Begin Correction]

- G.722.1-32 (cap) Capable of decoding audio to Recommendation G.722.1 at 32 kbit/s and to Recommendation G.711.
- G.722.1-24 (cap) Capable of decoding audio to Recommendation G.722.1 at 24 kbit/s and to Recommendation G.711.

...

[End Correction]

7.1.4 Bit Position for G.722.1 audio

This new section is being added at the end of Section 4.2 (encoded audio streams) as follows:

[Begin Correction]

...

G.722.1 audio

G.722.1 provides two bit rates, 24 kbit/s or 32 kbit/s, and uses a frame size of 20ms. This results in either 480 bits (60 octets) or 640 bits (80 octets) in any one frame respectively. The bitrate may be changed at any 20 ms audio frame boundary. Alignment of H.221 audio mode changes with a submultiframe boundary is required by section 3.2/H.221.

Figure 1 & 2 illustrate the bit allocation of the two G.722.1 frames for a bitrate of 32 kbit/s and 24 kbit/s respectively.

H.221 Frame	Sub-Channel Bit #	Sub-Channel							
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
First H.221 Frame	1	1	2	3	4				FAS
	2	5	6	7	8				FAS
	3	9	10	11	12				FAS
	4	13	14	15	16				FAS
	5	...	...	...	...				FAS
	6								FAS
	7								FAS
	8								FAS
	9								
	...								
	80	317	318	319	320				
Second H.221 Frame	81	321	322	323	324				FAS
	82	...	...	...	...				FAS
	83								FAS
	84								FAS
	85								FAS
	86								FAS
	87								FAS
	88								FAS
	89								
	...								
	160	637	638	639	640				

Figure 1 - Bit positions for G.722.1 audio at 32 kbit/s

H.221 Frame	Bit #	Sub-Channel							
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
First H.221 Frame	1	1	2	3					FAS
	2	4	5	6					FAS
	3	7	8	9					FAS
	4	10	11	12					FAS
	5	...	...	...					FAS
	6								FAS
	7								FAS
	8								FAS
	9								
	...								
	80	218	219	220					
Second H.221 Frame	81	221	222	223					FAS
	82	224	225	226					FAS
	83	...	...	...					FAS
	84								FAS
	85								FAS
	86								FAS
	87								FAS
	88								FAS
	89								
	...								
	160	478	479	480					

Figure 2 - Bit positions for G.722.1 audio at 24 kbit/s

[End Correction]

7.1.5 Clarifications to include revised T.35 country codes

The revised Recommendation T.35 (2000) extends the number of possible country codes to allow more than 254 countries. This is being achieved by introducing a second byte for new countries being reached by an escape code in the first byte of “1111 1111” (0xFF). Countries defined in the first byte are listed in Annex A/T.35 and countries defined in the second byte are listed in Annex B/T.35.

T.35 country codes are used by NS-cap and NS-comm as described in section A.9 - Escape table values (111). In footnote 4, the following text should be added:

[Begin Correction]

- 4 Country code consists of two bytes, the first being according to Recommendation T.35 Annex A. The second byte is assigned nationally, unless the first byte is 1111 1111, in which case the second byte shall contain the country code according to T.35 Annex B.~~and the~~ terminal manufacturer code consist of two bytes ~~are~~ assigned nationally.

[End Correction]

7.1.6 Changes to section A.6/H.221 – Video, MBE and encryption capabilities (101)

Explanatory text is being added to section A.6 to describe the new “H.263 (2000)” capability. Editorial corrections are made to the existing text to synchronize it with the values of table A.1/H.221.

[Begin Correction]

...

4/29.97	Can decode video, having a minimum picture interval of 4/29.97 seconds, to Recommendation H.261.
<u>H.263(2000)</u>	<u>Can accept <H.262/H.263> MBE with second additional H.263 capabilities as described in section 5.2.4.6/H.242.</u>
Vid-imp(R)	Reserved for future improved recommended video algorithm.
<u>Video-ISO/MPEG-1</u>	Can decode video to ISO/IEC 11172-2 (“MPEG-1”).
<u>Esc-CF</u>	<u>Capability to accept escape code (111) [0].</u>
<u>Encryp.</u>	<u>Capable of handling signals on the ECS channel.</u>
MBE-cap	Can handle multiple-byte extensions messages in the BAS position, those beginning with codes in the range (111) [25-31], in addition to other values.
Esc-CF	Capability to accept escape code (111) [0].
Encryp.	Capable of handling signals on the ECS channel.

...

[End Correction]

7.1.7 Changes to section A.7/H.221 - Transfer-rate capabilities (100)

The text in section A.3 correctly describes the [restrict] command, but the text in section A.7 needs to be changed from [restrict] to [restrict_required] (see associated change in 7.1.1.2). The text of section A.7 is corrected as follows:

[Begin Correction]

...

Restrict_required Can work only at $p \times 56$ kbit/s, rate-adapted to $p \times 64$ kbit/s by moving the SC to bit position 7 and setting bit 8 to "one" in every channel or time-slot; a constant "one", however, may be set in bit 8 if it is known by out-of-band signalling prior to the connection that the restriction exists; this code has the effect of forcing the remote terminal to work in the $p \times 56$ kbit/s mode (see Annex B).

...

[End Correction]

7.1.8 Changes to section A.3/H.221 - Video, encryption, loop and other commands (010)

Explanatory text is being added to section A.3 to describe the new "H.264-on" command as follows:

[Begin Correction]

...

Video-MPEG-1-on Video on, to ISO/IEC 11172-2 ("MPEG-1"): video occupies the same capacity as stipulated above for the case of H.261 video.

H.264-on Video on, to Recommendation H.264: video occupies the same capacity as stipulated for the case of H.261 video.

...

[End Correction]

7.2 Technical and editorial corrections to ITU-T Recommendation H.224

7.2.1 New section 11 – Generic Capability Object Identifier

To allow the usage of H.281 FECC in H.323, a new section 11 is being added to H.224 as follows:

[Begin Correction]

11. Generic Capability Object Identifier

The object identifier shown in Table 2 shall be used to identify Recommendation H.224 in the signalling procedures of Recommendation H.245.

Table 2/H.224 – Generic Capability identifier

Capability name	ITU-T Recommendation H.224
Capability class	Data protocol
Capability identifier type	Standard
Capability identifier value	itu-t(0) recommendation(0) h(8) 224 generic-capabilities (1) 0
Capability parameter type	No parameters
MaxBitRate	Not used

[End Correction]

7.3 Technical and editorial corrections to ITU-T Recommendation H.230

To support a “videoBadMBs” C&I related to video in H.320 systems, a new BAS capability and command along with associated text need to be added to Recommendation H.230.

To support H.263 Annex U and Annex W, three new messages are introduced, and the associated text is added to the Recommendation H.230.

7.3.1 Table 1/H.230

New capability and BAS command values are being added to Table 1/H.230 (by using previously “reserved” values).

An editorial correction is being made by replacing the text “Reserved” by VSTRDENCLVL in value [21] (as defined in table 4/H.230 and in section 3.1.9). Table 1/H.230 is updated as follows:

[Begin Correction]

Code first 3 bits	Code last 5 bits in decimal form	Abbreviation	Transmit		Receive		Reference for procedures
			Terminal	MCU	Terminal	MCU	
(000)	[21]	VSTRDENCLVL	X	X	X	X	3.1
	[24]	VBMB	X	X	X	X	3.1
	[25]-[30]	Reserved for video-related symbols					

...

Code (101)	[0]	1997 Recs.	X	NA	X	NA	3.9
	[1]	h239ControlCapability	X	X	X	X	H.239
	[2]	AMC-open**	CM	CM	CM	CM	H.239
	[3]	AMC-close*	CM	CM	CM	CM	H.239
	[4]-[31]	Reserved					

[End Correction]

7.3.2 Table 2/H.230 - Values assigned to type identification bytes in MBE messages

New MBE messages are being added in Table 2/H.230 (by using a previously “reserved” value):

[Begin Correction]

0001 0010	<videoBadMBs>
0001 0011	<lostPicture>
0001 0100	<recoveryReferencePicture>
0001 0101	<lostPartialPicture>
0001 0110	<H.264> - See Rec. H.241
0001 0111	<h239ExtendedVideoCapability> - see Rec. H.239
0001 1000	<H.239-message> - see Rec. H.239
0001 1001	<AMC-cap> - see Rec. H.239
0001 1010	<AMC-C&I> - see Rec. H.239

[End Correction]

7.3.3 Table 4/H.230 - Occupancy of escape table reached from (111) [17] of Table A.1/H.221

New capability and message values are being added to Table 4/H.230 (as already described in Table 1/H.230):

[Begin Correction]

	(000)	(001)	(010)	(011)	(100)	(101)	(110)	(111)
[0]		MCC	CIC (cap)	TCS-0	ØA-law,0F	1997 Recs.		
[1]		Cancel-MCC	CCD**	TCS-1	øµ-law,0F	<u>h239Control Capability(cap)</u>		
[2]	AIM	MIZ	CIR	TCS-2	ØG.722-m2	<u>AMC-open**</u>		
[3]	AIA	Cancel-MIZ	CCK	TCS-3	ØG.722-m3	<u>AMC-close*</u>		
[4]	ACE	MIS	CCA	TCP**	ØG.728			
[5]	ACZ	Cancel-MIS	CIT	AggIN*				
[6]		MIM	CCR	NCA-I				
[7]		TIC (cap)	CIS	NCA-a				
[8]	TCI	TIX**	TIF**	NIS	ØH.261/QCIF			
[9]	TII*	RAN*	TIE	NIC	ØH.261/CIF			
[10]	TIS	MIH (cap)		NID	ØH.262S_SIF			
[11]		TIA**		NII	ØH.262S_2SIF			
[12]		TIN**	MVC		ØH.262S_4SIF			
[13]		TID**	MVA	NIA-s	ØH.262M_SIF			
[14]		TCU	MVR	NIQ-s	ØH.262M_2SIF			
[15]		TCA	MIJ	NIQ-m	ØH.262M_4SIF			
[16]	VIS	MCV	DCA-L	NIR	ØH.263_SQCIF			
[17]	VIA	Cancel-MCV	DIT-L	TCS-4	ØH.263_QCIF			
[18]	VIA2	MIV	DCR-L		ØH.263_CIF			
[19]	VIA3	Cancel-MIV	DIS-L		ØH.263_4CIF			
[20]	VIC*	MCS	DCC-L		ØH.263_16CIF			
[21]	VSTRDEL*	MCN			ØCPCF*			
[22]	VIN2***	VIN**			ØVSTRD*			
[23]	VIM (cap)	VCB**			ØGHOP*			
[24]	<u>VBMBC (cap)</u>	Cancel-VCB	DCA-H		Øcancel-GHOP			
[25]		VCS**	DIT-H					
[26]		Cancel-VCS	DCR-H					
[27]		VCR	DIS-H					
[28]		MMS	DCC-H					
[29]		Cancel-MMS		RIR				
[30]		Cancel-MIM		RID				
[31]	VIR	MIL*	DCM	RIU	ØMLP_rate			

The number of * indicates how many SBE number or SBE character values must follow the symbol.

Ø Prefix identifying Mode-preference indication symbols.

(cap) identifies the only values that are allowed inside a capability set (see Recommendation H.242).

7.3.4 Section 3.1/H.230 - C&I related to video

The following new sections 3.1.19, 3.1.20, 3.1.21, 3.1.22, and 3.1.23 are inserted at the end of H.230 section 3.1:

3.1.19 video capability “videoBadMBsCap” (VBMBC): When present, indicates the capability of a video encoder to process **videoBadMBs** commands and to take appropriate corrective action toward recovery of video quality.

3.1.20 video command "videoBadMBs" - using MBE videoBadMBs: The message has the form:

{startMBE/7/<videoBadMBs><firstMBByte1><firstMBByte2><numberOfMBsByte1><numberofMBsByte2><trByte1><trByte2>}

videoBadMBs commands the far-end video encoder to take corrective action when a set of MBs has not been properly received. The encoder shall use this information to take action toward recovery of video quality. Unlike **videoNotDecodedMBs**, the **videoBadMBs** command lacks any specific definition of how the decoder has treated the specified set of MBs. The encoder should respond to this command by ensuring that the specified set of macroblocks is not used for the prediction of video pictures subsequent to the encoder’s receipt of the command. The specific action to be taken by the encoder is not defined, but may include any appropriate remedial action, such as sending an INTRA frame.

This command shall not be transmitted by a video decoder if the corresponding far-end encoder has not indicated the **VBMBC** capability. This command shall only be used with video compression algorithms that define MBs, for example, H.261, H.262, and H.263. The MB numbering is done according to raster-scan order within the picture, with the upper left MB of the picture defined as macroblock number 1, and the MB number increasing first from left to right and then from top to bottom.

firstMBByte1 and firstMBByte2 together indicate the index number of first MB that has been erroneously received and numberOfMBsByte1 and numberOfMBsByte2 together indicate the total number of successive MBs that have been erroneously received. firstMBByte1 and numberOfMBsByte1 shall take values from 0-223. firstMBByte2 and numberOfMBsByte2 shall also take values from 0-223. The first MB received erroneously is given by $224 * \text{firstMBByte1} + \text{firstMBByte2}$. Similarly, total number of successive MBs that have been erroneously received is given by $224 * \text{numberOfMBsByte1} + \text{numberOfMBsByte2}$. The decoder shall ensure that the first referenced and the total number of successive MBs are within the valid range of the video compression algorithm in use. The encoder should ignore the message if values outside the valid range are received.

The temporal reference of the picture containing erroneously received MBs is indicated by trByte1 and trByte2 which shall take values from 0-223. The temporal reference is given by $224 * \text{trByte1} + \text{trByte2}$. The decoder shall ensure that the temporal reference is valid for the video compression algorithm in use. The encoder should ignore the message if a value outside the valid range is received.

3.1.21 video command "lostPicture" - using MBE lostPicture: The message has the form:

{startMBE/3/<lostPicture><Byte1><Byte2>}, where the most significant bits of Byte1 and Byte2 must be set to 0 by the transmitter.

lostPicture message commands the far-end video encoder to take corrective action due to the loss or corruption of the indicated pictures. The message body contains two bytes. The two bytes together represent two parameters: `shortOrLongTermPictureIndication`, and `picNumberOrIndex`.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{shortOrLongTermPictureIndication} &= (\text{Byte1} \gg 6) \& 0x1; \\ \text{picNumberOrIndex} &= ((\text{Byte1} \& 0x7) \ll 7) | (\text{Byte2} \& 0x7F); \end{aligned}$$

The first parameter indicates the lost picture is a short-term picture or long-term picture. If `shortOrLongTermPictureIndication` is 1, the lost picture is a short-term picture, and `picNumberOrIndex` represents the picture number of the lost picture. If `shortOrLongTermPictureIndication` is 0, the lost picture is a long-term picture, `picNumberOrIndex` represents the long-term picture index of the lost picture. An encoder capable of Annex U/H.263 (Enhanced Reference Picture Selection, with or without sub-picture removal) and/or Annex.W.6.3.12/H.263 (Picture Number) shall be capable of understanding this message and taking corrective action.

3.1.22 video command "recoveryReferencePicture" - using MBE `recoveryReferencePicture`:

The message has the form:

{startMBE/3/<recoveryReferencePicture><Byte1><Byte2>}, where the most significant bits of Byte1 and Byte2 must be set to 0 by the transmitter.

recoveryReferencePicture message commands the far-end encoder to use only the indicated pictures for prediction. The message body contains two Bytes, which together represent two parameters: `shortOrLongTermPictureIndication`, and `picNumberOrIndex`.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{shortOrLongTermPictureIndication} &= (\text{Byte1} \gg 6) \& 0x1; \\ \text{picNumberOrIndex} &= ((\text{Byte1} \& 0x7) \ll 7) | (\text{Byte2} \& 0x7F); \end{aligned}$$

The first parameter indicates the requested picture is a short-term picture or long-term picture. If `shortOrLongTermPictureIndication` is 1, the request picture is a short-term picture, and `picNumberOrIndex` represents the picture number of the requested picture. If `shortOrLongTermPictureIndication` is 0, the requested picture is a long-term picture, `picNumberOrIndex` represents the long-term picture index of the requested picture. An encoder capable of Annex U/H.263 (Enhanced Reference Picture Selection, with or without sub-picture removal) and/or Annex.W.6.3.12/H.263 (Picture Number) shall be capable of understanding this message and taking corrective action. It may be sent from a decoder that considers the indicated pictures to have been received and decoded correctly, and considers other (unspecified) pictures to have been corrupted by transmission.

3.1.23 video command "lostPartialPicture" - using MBE `lostPartialPicture`: The message has the form:

{startMBE/7/<lostPartialPicture><Byte1><Byte2><Byte3><Byte4><Byte5><Byte6>}, where the most significant bits of Byte1, Byte2, Byte3, Byte4, Byte5, and Byte6 must be set to 0 by the transmitter.

lostPartialPicture commands the far-end video encoder to take corrective action when a set of MBs has not been properly received. It is the same as `videoBadMBs` except that the picture is indicated by either `pictureNumber`, a short term picture number, or `longTermPictureIndex`, a long term picture index. The message body contains 6 bytes and collectively represent four parameters: `shortOrLongTermPictureIndication`, `picNumberOrIndex`, `firstMB`, and `numberOfMBs`:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{shortOrLongTermPictureIndication} &= (\text{Byte1} \gg 6) \& 0x1; \\ \text{picNumberOrIndex} &= ((\text{Byte1} \& 0x7) \ll 7) | (\text{Byte2} \& 0x7F); \\ \text{firstMB} &= ((\text{Byte3} \& 0x7F) \ll 7) | (\text{Byte4} \& 0x7F); \\ \text{numberOfMBs} &= ((\text{Byte5} \& 0x7F) \ll 7) | (\text{Byte6} \& 0x7F); \end{aligned}$$

The meaning of the first two parameters are exactly the same as those of the `lostPicture` message, while the `firstMB` and `numberOfMBs` indicate the spatial location of the partial picture lost. `firstMB` is the index of the first Macroblock that is lost or corrupted. `numberOfMBs` indicates the number of

MBs lost or corrupted. The MB numbering is done according to raster-scan order within the picture, with the upper left MB of the picture defined as macroblock number 1, and the MB number increasing first from left to right and then from top to bottom. An encoder capable of Annex U/H.263 (Enhanced Reference Picture Selection, with or without sub-picture removal) and/or Annex.W.6.3.12/H.263 (Picture Number) shall be capable of understanding this message and taking corrective action.

[End Correction]

7.3.5 Editorial changes to section 3.9/H.230

Section 3.9 is re-titled as follows to avoid changing section numbers, which could break references to H.230.

[Begin Correction]

3.9 Symbols to indicate conformance with later versions of Recommendations for other purposes

1997 Recommendations. Transmitted by an endpoint to indicate conformance to 1997-revised versions of Recommendations H.221, H.242 and H.230.

[End Correction]

7.3.6 New section 3.10/H.230

A new section 3.10 is added to refer to new Recommendation H.239 as follows:

[Begin Correction]

Symbols used for role management and additional media channels (Rec. H.239)

h239ControlCapability	Indicates that the terminal or MCU supports Rec. H.239 and the flowControlReleaseRequest and flowControlReleaseResponse messages defined there.
h239ExtendedVideoCapability	This MBE signals video capabilities for use with Rec. H.239. Despite its name and function, this is not signalled as part of a H.320 capability set. The message has the form {Start-MBE/N/<h239ExtendedVideoCapability>/ B ₁ / . . . /B _{N-1} } where h239ExtendedVideoCapability has the value given in Table 2.
H.239-message	This MBE signals C&I messages for role management according to Rec. H.239. The message has the form {Start-MBE/N/<H.239-message>/subMessageIdentifier/zero or more message content bytes} where H.239-message has the value given in Table 2.
AMC-open*	<i>Additional Media Channel Open</i> – Transmitted by a terminal to open an AMC. Shall be followed by two SBE numbers indicating the role label, channel ID, and sub timeslot count.
AMC-close*	<i>Additional Media Channel Close</i> – Transmitted by a terminal to close an AMC. Shall be followed by an SBE number indicating the channel ID.
AMC-C&I	This MBE signals C&I messages that apply to the Additional Media Channel according to Rec. H.239. The message has the form {Start-MBE/N/<AMC-C&I>/AMC-C&IByte1/B ₂ . . . B _{N-1} } where AMC-C&I has the value given in Table 2.

[End Correction]

7.4 Technical and editorial corrections to ITU-T Recommendation H.242

7.4.1 Table 5/H.242 - BAS capabilities that can be included in a valid capability set

Table 5/H.242 is being updated as follows:

[Begin Correction]

Audio	Absent or One or more values ^{b)} from A-law, m-law, G.722-48, G.722-64, G.728, G.723.1, G.729, <u>G.722.1-24</u> , <u>G.722.1-32</u>
-------	--

...

[End Correction]

b) See Appendix VII for interpretation of received audio capabilities.

7.4.2 Appendix 6 - Hierarchical capability BAS codes

Appendix 6 is being updated as follows:

[Begin Correction]

The following capability codes are hierarchically structured:

G.711 (A or μ or both) < G.722-64 < G.722-48

G.711 (A or μ or both) < G.728

G.711 (A or μ or both) < G.723.1

G.711 (A or μ or both) < G.729

G.711 (A or μ or both) < G.722.1-24

G.711 (A or μ or both) < G.722.1-32

...

[End Correction]

Note that, while they have not been included previously, G.723.1 and G.729 have been now added to the list for completeness.

7.4.3 Clarifications to include revised T.35 country codes

In Appendix III, two sections are affected by the extension of T.35 country codes (see details in section 7.1.5).

7.4.3.1 Section III.2 - Subsequent capability exchange, including MBE capability message

Section III.2 is updated as follows:

[Begin Correction]

...

- {M} Information will be M-bytes
- {byte 1} Country code according to Recommendation T.35 Annex A
- {byte 2} Country code assigned nationally, unless the first byte is 1111 1111, in which case this field shall contain the country code according to T.35 Annex B
- {bytes 3, 4} Manufacturer code (Company XYZ)
- {bytes 5-M} Type identity**

...

[End Correction]

7.4.3.2 Section III.3 - Mode switch to non-standard mode using MBE command

Section III.3 is updated as follows:

[Begin Correction]

...

- {N} Information will be N-bytes
- {byte 1} Country code according to Recommendation T.35 Annex A
- {byte 2} Country code assigned nationally, unless the first byte is 1111 1111, in which case this field shall contain the country code according to T.35 Annex B
- {bytes 3, 4} Manufacturer code (Company XYZ)
- {bytes 5-N} Type identity

...

[End Correction]

7.4.4 Changes to section 5.2.2/H.242 – H.262 and H.263 capabilities MBE message format

The extension codeword described in this section is extended with an additional 01111111 extension codeword to signal the new features of "H.263++" (H.263v3). These new features are described in Annex U, V, and W of H.263. Section 5.2.2/H.242 is being updated as follows:

[Begin Correction]

For H.262, one byte is needed to signal each capability for a particular image format with its associated parameters (see 5.2.3). H.263 capabilities are specified using a variable number of bytes depending on the features and options selected (see 5.2.4). The ordering of the bytes within the single MBE message is as follows:

- a. First byte B₁ is {highest standard format of H.263} then follow 0, 1 or 2 optional parameter bytes

<u>b.</u> then	{ further standard formats of H.263 if needed (see 5.2.4) in descending order of resolution with any optional parameter bytes }
<u>c.</u> then	{ highest format of h.262 }
<u>d.</u> then	{ further formats of H.262 if needed (see 5.2.3) in descending order of resolution }
<u>e.</u> then	{ extension codeword 01111111 if additional H.263 capabilities are to be specified }
<u>f.</u> then	{ enhancement bytes for additional H.263 capabilities of the highest format of H.263 }
<u>g.</u> then	{ enhancement bytes for additional H.263 capabilities of further formats of H.263 if needed in descending order of resolution }
<u>h.</u> then	<u>{ extension codeword 01111111 if second additional H.263 capabilities are to be specified }</u>
<u>i.</u> then	<u>{ enhancement bytes for second additional H.263 capabilities of the highest format of H.263 }</u>
<u>j.</u> then	<u>{ enhancement bytes for second additional H.263 capabilities of further formats of H.263 if needed in descending order of resolution }</u>

As shown above, the H.263 capability bytes for a format are not contiguous. The H.263 capabilities specified for a format prior to the extension codeword 01111111 will be referred to as **initial** H.263 capabilities. The H.263 capabilities specified after the first extension codeword will be referred to as **additional** H.263 capabilities and the bytes used to describe them as **enhancement** bytes. The H.263 capabilities specified after the second extension codeword 01111111 will be referred to as **second additional** H.263 capabilities and the bytes used to describe them as **enhancement** bytes.

For future expansion of the H.262/H.263 capabilities the extension codeword 01111111 will be used as follows:-

A decoder shall interpret the extension codeword when encountered for the first time in the H.262/H.263 capabilities message to mean that the following bytes will contain additional H.263 capabilities.

A decoder shall interpret the extension codeword when encountered for the first time within the first byte of additional H.263 capabilities to mean that the following bytes will contain second additional H.263 capabilities.

However, if this extension codeword is encountered again within the first byte of second additional H.263 capabilities of a particular format, all of the data following the extension codeword until the end of this MBE message shall be ignored. The appearance of this code in an MBE message does not affect the meaning of any bytes **prior** to this code byte.

[End Correction]

7.4.5 Section 5.2.4.4/H.242 - Additional H.263 capabilities

7.4.5.1 Changes to the text associated with H.263 profiles

To support the new profiles and levels described in Annex X of H.263 in H.320 systems, and to clarify the signalling of H.263 capabilities, section 5.2.4.4/H.242 is being changed as follows:

[Begin Correction]

...

OptionsIndicator	
000	H.263 options are signalled separately and/or H.263 scalability mode defined in Annex O/H.263 is supported. <u>Initial H.263 options are inherited from the "equivalent" standard picture size, as defined in section 5.2.4 (the immediately smaller standard format).</u>
001	Inherit H.263 options from immediately larger format.
010	H.263 profiles <u>Profile 1</u> level 1 supported.
011	Forbidden H.263 profiles levels 1 and 2 supported.
100	Forbidden H.263 profiles levels 1, 2 and 3 supported.
101	No additional H.263 options are supported.
110	Reserved.
111	Reserved for future profile extension.

NOTE – Values 011 and 100 were used to indicate support for Profile – Level 1 and 2 and Profile –Level 1, 2, and 3 respectively in a previous version of this recommendation.

Inheritance shall imply inheritance of both the H.263 options signalled in the additional H.263 capabilities ~~only~~ and of any options signalled in the initial H.263 capabilities.

~~H.263 profiles level 1, 2 and 3 consist of the H.263 options listed below. The Annexes in this paragraph are the Annexes of Recommendation H.263. H.263 profiles level 1 consists of Advanced Intra Coding (Annex I), Deblocking Filter (Annex J), Supplemental Enhancement Information (Full Frame Freeze Only) (Annex L, Subclauses L.4) and Modified Quantization (Annex T). H.263 profiles level 2 consists of Unrestricted Motion Vectors (With UUI = "1" Sufficient) (Annex D), Slice Structured Mode (all submodes) (Annex K) and Reference Picture Resampling (Implicit Factor of 4 Mode only) (Annex P). H.263 profiles level 3 consists of Advanced Prediction (Annex F), Improved PB frames (Annex M), Independent Segment Decoding (Annex R) and Alternate Inter VLC (Annex S). These levels are the same as those specified in Appendix H/H.263 Annex X/H.263 Profile 1 (H.320 coding efficiency version 2 backward-compatibility profile) was known as "Profile – Level 1" in a previous version of this Recommendation. The level parameters defined in Annex X/H.263 are signalled by the H.263 capability bytes which include the format indicator and the MPI for that format.~~

...

[End Correction]

7.4.5.2 Clarifying text for dynamicPictureResizingByFour

H.242 signaling requires that custom picture format dimensions (height and width) must both be divisible by 8. The derived resolutions might not have that property; in which case they could not be included in the capset. But there is no such restriction for reference picture resampling. Due to this constraint, many useful resolutions cannot be negotiated to use Reference resampling by a factor of 4. As a solution and to simplify dynamicPictureResizingByFour capability exchange, clarifying text is being added to the original text as described in sections 7.4.5.2.1 to 7.4.5.2.2.

7.4.5.2.1 OptionByte 1 (text located after optionByte1 table)

New text is being added to the original text as follows:

...

dynamicPictureResizingByFour, when 1, indicates the capability of an encoder or decoder to support the picture resizing-by-four (with clipping) submode of the implicit Reference Picture Resampling Mode (Annex P/H.263).

[Begin Correction]

The declaration of the capability dynamicPictureResizingByFour with a given picture size, referred to here as the native picture size, implies the support for up to two other picture sizes, referred to here as derived picture sizes. Defining the native picture size as having picture width W, and picture height H; the supported derived picture sizes shall have picture width W/2 and picture height H/2, and picture width W/4 and picture height H/4, subject to the following constraint. Each derived picture size shall be supported provided its picture width is not less than 128 and its picture height is not less than 96 (128 and 96 being the picture width and height of the SQCIF format). The derived picture sizes shall be supported with the same optional modes, MPI (Minimum Picture Interval) and clock frequency as supported with the native picture size.

[End Correction]

7.4.5.2.2 OptionByte 3 (text located after optionByte3 table)

New text is being added to the original text as follows:

...

dynamicPictureResizingSixteenthPel, when 1, indicates the capability of an encoder or decoder to support resizing a reference picture to any supported width and height using the implicit Reference Picture Resampling mode [Annex P/H.263 (with clipping)].

[Begin Correction]

The supported picture sizes include all the declared picture sizes through capability exchange and those derived from dynamicPictureResizingByFour.

[End Correction]

If dynamicPictureResizingSixteenthPel is 1 then dynamicPictureResizingByFour shall be 1. If dynamicWarpingSixteenthPel is 1, then dynamicWarpingHalfPel, dynamicPictureResizingByFour, and dynamicPictureResizingSixteenthPel shall be supported.

[Begin Correction]

If dynamicPictureResizingByFour is supported, all the derived picture sizes from this capability shall also be considered supported.

[End Correction]

7.4.5.3 Clarifying text for the signalling of H.263 capabilities

H.242 does not specify how the H.263 options signalled in the “initial H.263 capabilities” are to be conveyed in the case of Custom Picture Formats (CPF). Clarifying text is inserted immediately after the first paragraph of 5.2.4.4/H.242 as follows (associated text is being added to 7.4.5.1):

[Begin Correction]

In summary, this section specifies that the following byte(s) (described in detail below) are present for each format “larger than or equal to the smallest format for which distinct H.263 additional capabilities are declared”. These are presented in the same order as the baselineH.263CapabilityByte(s) above, except that any Custom Picture Formats “are inserted between its respective ‘equivalent’ standard resolution and the next larger standard resolution”. Commas (,) and brackets ([,]) separate bytes. [Bracketed] text indicates optional byte(s),

```
additionalH.263CapByte
[ minCustomPictureHeight, minCustomPictureWidth
  [ maxCustomPictureHeight, maxCustomPictureWidth ] ]
[ customPCFByte1, customPCFByte2
  [ HRDBPPmaxKB ] ]
[ customPixelWidth, customPixelHeight ]
[ profileExtensionByte (for further study - not currently used)]
[ individualOptionIndicator
  [ optionByte1 ]
  [ optionByte2 ]
  [ optionByte3 ]
  [ refSliceParameters ]
  [ scalabilityDescriptor, enhancementLayerInfo
    [ enhancementLayerInfo ... ] ] ]
```

[End Correction]

7.4.6 New section 5.2.4.6/H.242 – Second Additional H.263 capabilities

To support the new features described in Annex U, V, and W of H.263 in H.320 systems, a new section 5.2.4.6/H.242 is being added as follows:

[Begin Correction]

5.2.4.6 Second Additional H.263 capabilities

The second additional H.263 capabilities are specified using a variable number of enhancement bytes from the bytes described in this subclause. The bytes shall be transmitted in the order described in this subclause.

The second additional H.263 capabilities and second extension codeword 01111111 shall not be transmitted unless the “H.263(2000)” capability has been previously received from the far-end terminal, indicating support of the second additional H.263 capabilities described in this subclause.

The leading H.263 enhancement byte – secondAdditionalH.263CapByte – shall be transmitted for all formats larger than or equal to the smallest format for which distinct H.263 second additional capabilities are declared. The secondAdditionalH.263CapByte is structured as shown in table x.42/H.242.

Table x.42/H.242 – Second Additional H.263 Capabilities Byte

Bit	Name	Value	Description
1-2	inherit/enhancedReferencePicSelect	00	Inherit second additional options from immediately larger format
		01	Not capable of using enhancedReferencePicSelect
		10	Capable of using enhancedReferencePicSelect without sub-picture removal
		11	Capable of using enhancedReferencePicSelect with sub-picture removal
3	Forbidden	0	Set to 0 to avoid emulation of extension codeword
4	dataPartitionedSlices	0	Not capable of using dataPartitionedSlices
		1	Capable of using dataPartitionedSlices
5	fixedPointIDCT0	0	Not capable of using FixedPointIDCT0
		1	Capable of using FixedPointIDCT0
6	interlacedFields	0	Not capable of using interlacedFields
		1	Capable of using interlacedFields
7	currentPictureHeaderRepetition	0	Not capable of using currentPictureHeaderRepetition
		1	Capable of using currentPictureHeaderRepetition
8	secondOptionExtByteFlag	0	secondOptionExtByte does not follow
		1	secondOptionExtByte follows

The Enhanced Reference Picture Selection mode of H.263 Annex U (inherit/enhancedReferencePicSelect 10 and 11) shall only be used when Reference Picture Selection of H.263 Annex N is supported (refPictureSelection is 1).

inherit/enhancedReferencePicSelect, when 00 indicates inheritance of the H.263 second additional options signaled for the immediately larger video format. In this case, the remainder of the Second Additional H.263 Capabilities Byte shall be set to 0.

inherit/enhancedReferencePicSelect, when 01 indicates that the decoder can not use the Enhanced Reference Picture Selection mode of H.263 Annex U.

inherit/enhancedReferencePicSelect, when 10 indicates the capability of the decoder to use the Enhanced Reference Picture Selection mode of H.263 Annex U without sub-picture removal. It also indicates the capability of an encoder to receive and respond to the three new messages: lostPicture, lostPartialPicture, and recoveryReferencePicture.

inherit/enhancedReferencePicSelect, when 11 indicates the capability of the decoder to use the Enhanced Reference Picture Selection mode of H.263 Annex U with sub-picture removal. In this case, mpuHorizMBs, mpuVertMBs, and mpuTotalNumber values shall follow the second additional H.263 capabilities byte or, if present, the second additional H.263 extensions capabilities byte, as specified respectively in tables x.44/H.242, x.45/H.242, x.46/H.242, x.47/H.242, and x.48/H.242. It also indicates the capability of an encoder to receive and respond to the three new messages: lostPicture, lostPartialPicture, and recoveryReferencePicture.

dataPartitionedSlices, when 1, indicates the capability of a decoder to support the Data Partitioned Slice mode defined in Annex V of Recommendation H.263. dataPartitionedSlices shall be 0 if slicesInOrder-NonRect and slicesInOrder-Rect and slicesNoOrder-NonRect and slicesNoOrder-Rect are all 0 in the same H263Options message.

fixedPointIDCT0, when 1, indicates the capability of a decoder to support Reference IDCT 0 defined in Annex W of Recommendation H.263.

interlacedFields, when 1, indicates the capability of a decoder to support interlaced field coding as defined in Annex W of Recommendation H.263.

currentPictureHeaderRepetition, when 1, indicates the capability of a decoder to support repetition of the current picture header as defined in Annex W of Recommendation H.263.

secondOptionExtByteFlag, when 1, indicates the presence of an extension byte immediately following the second additional H.263 capabilities byte, as specified in Table x.43/H.242.

Table x.43/H.242 – Second Additional H.263 Extensions Capabilities Byte

Bit	Name	Value	Description
1	previousPictureHeaderRepetition	0	Not capable of using previousPictureHeaderRepetition
		1	Capable of using previousPictureHeaderRepetition
2	nextPictureHeaderRepetition	0	Not capable of using nextPictureHeaderRepetition
		1	Capable of using nextPictureHeaderRepetition
3	Forbidden	0	Set to 0 to avoid emulation of extension codeword
4	pictureNumber	0	Not capable of using pictureNumber
		1	Capable of using pictureNumber
5	spareReferencePictures	0	Not capable of using spareReferencePictures
		1	Capable of using spareReferencePictures
6-8	Reserved	0	Reserved for future use

previousPictureHeaderRepetition, when 1, indicates the capability of a decoder to support repetition of the previous picture header as defined in Annex W of Recommendation H.263.

nextPictureHeaderRepetition, when 1, indicates the capability of a decoder to support repetition of the next picture header (with or without a reliable temporal reference indication) as defined in Annex W of Recommendation H.263.

currentPictureHeaderRepetition, previousPictureHeaderRepetition, and nextPictureHeaderRepetition, when 1 and when part of receiver capabilities, indicate that a decoder can recover from a picture header corruption or loss by replacing the corrupted or lost picture header with a picture header transmitted according to Annex W of Recommendation H.263.

pictureNumber, when 1, indicates the capability of a decoder to detect reference picture losses from transmitted picture numbers according to Annex W of Recommendation H.263. It also indicates the capability of an encoder to receive and respond to the three new messages: lostPicture, lostPartialPicture, and recoveryReferencePicture.

spareReferencePictures, when 1, indicates the capability of a decoder to use a spare reference picture if it lacks the actual reference picture as defined in Annex W of Recommendation H.263.

Table x.44/H.242 - MPU horizontal size in macroblocks (16 luminance samples)

Bit	Description
00000000	Forbidden
00000001 - 10000000	Valid mpuHorizMBs
10000001 - 11111111	Forbidden

mpuHorizMBs indicates the horizontal size, in units of 16 luminance samples, of the minimum picture unit for sub-picture removal using H.263 Annex U.

Table x.45/H.242 - MPU vertical size in macroblocks (16 luminance samples)

Bit	Description
00000000	Forbidden
00000001 - 01001000	Valid mpuVertMBs
01001001 - 11111111	Forbidden

mpuVertMBs indicates the vertical size, in units of 16 luminance samples, of the minimum picture unit for sub-picture removal using H.263 Annex U.

mpuTotalNumber indicates the total memory, in MPUs, available at the decoder for use in buffering reference frames when using the Enhanced Reference Picture Selection Mode of H.263 Annex U, including that memory which would be assumed for a normal decoder. mpuTotalNumber is transmitted using two or three bytes, mpuTotalByte1 and mpuTotalByte2 and optionally mpuTotalByte3 as specified respectively in tables x.47/H.242, x.48/H.242, and x.49/H.242.

mpuTotalNumber shall take a value between 1 and 65536. mpuTotalNumber is calculated by concatenating mpuTotalBits1, mpuTotalBits2 and mpuTotalBits3 if present, making a 14 or 28 bit word with mpuTotalBits1 as MSB.

Table x.46/H.242 - mpuTotalByte1

Bit	Description
1	thirdByteIndicator
2-8	mpuTotalBits1

thirdByteIndicator, when 1, indicates the presence of mpuTotalByte3 immediately following mpuTotalByte2. mpuTotalByte3 shall be present if mpuTotalNumber is larger than 16383.

Table x.47/H.242 - mpuTotalByte2

Bit	Description
1	Set to 0
2-8	mpuTotalBits2

Table x.48/H.242 - mpuTotalByte3

Bit	Description
1	Set to 0
2-8	mpuTotalBits3

mpuTotalByte3 is only present if thirdByteIndicator is 1.

[End Correction]

7.4.7 New section 5.2.5/H.242 – H.264 capabilities MBE message format

To support H.264 (see H.241) in H.320 systems, a new section 5.2.5/H.242 is being added as follows:

[Begin Correction]

5.2.5 H.264 capabilities MBE message format

The H.264 capabilities are defined in H.241, and the capability exchange is handled by an MBE message (see 2.2.3/H.230). This MBE message uses the type identification byte <H.264> (see Table 2/H.230). A terminal shall signal the H.264 capability by including within its capset the message:

{ Start-MBE / N / <H.264> / B₁ / . . . / B_{N-1} }

[End Correction]

7.5 Technical and editorial corrections to ITU-T Recommendation H.243

A couple of editorial typos in section 5.5 and in Appendix II of the published version H.243 (05/99) were discovered by TTC (a standardization body in Japan) when translating H.243 to Japanese. The editorial corrections needed are described below.

7.5.1 Editorial corrections to section 5.5/H.243

In section 5.5 of H.243, there is a reference to Q.939, but it should read Q.931. The exiting text needs to be corrected as shown below.

[Begin Correction]

5.5 Extension to multiple channels

If the intended SCM of the conference communication involves multiple channels, then the transmitted MCU transfer-rate capability reflects the appropriate rate to all terminals, and the additional channels are set up according to the procedures defined in Recommendations H.242, H.221, and Q.931 and/or 7.2 as appropriate.

Having received MCC, the terminals cannot transmit at the higher transfer rate until the MCU does so, which could be when the other terminals are all ready, or after a time-out, or when at least one terminal has all the requested additional channels available; the MCU itself adopts the higher rate and the terminals shall follow suit.

...

[End Correction]

7.5.2 Editorial corrections to Appendix II/H.243

In Appendix II, in the table the values RIR, RID, and RIU have, in addition to the normal values, "#" signs (such as CM# or CM##). These are typos and the "#" signs should be removed.

Since RIR, RID, and RIU are messages sent between Master MCUs and Slave MCUs, the table rows need to be corrected as follows:

[Begin Correction]

	[29]	RIR	NA	CM#	NA	CM	H.243
	[30]	RID	NA	CM#	NA	CM##	H.243

	[31]	RIU	NA	CM#	NA	CM##	H.243
--	------	-----	----	-----	----	------	-------

[End Correction]

7.5.3 Editorial corrections to section 2/H.243 – References

While it has not been added previously, a reference to Q.931 is now being added to the list for completeness as follows:

[Begin Correction]

...

- Recommendation Q.931 (1998) - *ISDN user-network interface layer 3 specification for basic call control*

...

[End Correction]

7.6 Technical and editorial corrections to ITU-T Recommendation H.320

7.6.1 Corrections to Annex A/H.320

Section A.1 is changed as follows:

[Begin Correction]

A.1 Introduction to enhanced video algorithms

Although the video coding algorithm specified in Recommendation H.261 has been the recommended video codec for H.320 systems, recognition of the improved flexibility and quality achieved by Recommendations H.262, ~~and H.263,~~ and H.264 has made it necessary to introduce these codecs as optional modes for H.320 systems. Among the advantages for H.262 are:

- ability to handle interlaced video;
- ability to utilize 625/50 and 525/60 formats without standards conversion.

Advantages noted for H.263 are:

- coding performance is improved over H.261 with the baseline H.263 algorithm; significant improvement when coding options are utilized;
- multiple image formats.

Advantages noted for H.264 are:

- substantially increased coding efficiency
- enhanced robustness to network environments

Detailed information on these ~~two~~ optional video algorithms and their implementation in H.320 systems follows in the next subclauses.

[End Correction]

7.6.2 New section A.5/H.320

A new section describing the use of H.264 is added as a new section A.5 as follows:

[Begin Correction]

A.5 Use of Recommendation H.264 in H.320 systems

Recommendation H.264 represents an evolution of the existing video coding standards (H.261, H.262, and H.263) and it was developed in response to the growing need for higher compression of moving pictures for various applications such as videoconferencing, digital storage media, television broadcasting, Internet streaming, and communication.

The signalling and procedures for the use of H.264 in H.320 systems are defined in Recommendation H.241.

[End Correction]

Annex: Defect Report Form for the H.320 Recommendation Series
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DATE:	
CONTACT INFORMATION NAME: COMPANY: ADDRESS: TEL: FAX: EMAIL:	
AFFECTED RECOMMENDATIONS:	
DESCRIPTION OF PROBLEM:	
SUGGESTIONS FOR RESOLUTION:	

NOTE - Attach additional pages if more space is required than is provided above.