

I. Executive Summary

Over the last two decades, the global landscape of **ICTs in agriculture and rural development** has witnessed remarkable progress — from early digital literacy initiatives to precision agriculture, data-driven planning, and inclusive ICT ecosystems.

Since our founding in **2019**, **Mul Biotech Farms**, a private-sector entity based in West Bengal, India, has actively contributed to this transformation by developing field-ready, scalable solutions rooted in local realities. We focus on integrating **hydroponics**, **aquaponics**, **GIS-based land-use planning**, **biofencing**, **and sensor-based farming** with indigenous knowledge systems to improve sustainability, productivity, and digital inclusion.

In alignment with WSIS action lines, our work has emphasized **capacity building, access to information, and responsible use of ICTs** to support small and marginal farmers. We have also prioritized **climate-smart agriculture**, decentralized renewable energy integration, and the use of digital dashboards for field monitoring and advisory.

As a committed stakeholder in the ICT4D ecosystem, Mul Biotech Farms aims to expand collaboration, share grassroots models, and contribute to shaping a digitally inclusive, ethical, and resilient agricultural future beyond 2025.

C1: The Role of Governments and All Stakeholders in the Promotion of ICTs for Development

Achievements

Since its inception in 2019, **Mul Biotech Farms**, a private-sector stakeholder based in West Bengal, has actively contributed to the integration of ICTs into grassroots agriculture. Through strategic collaborations with local governance institutions, training agencies, and community groups, we have:

- Deployed **field-level demonstration units** using hydroponics, aquaponics, and sensor-integrated farm management.
- Conducted **capacity-building programs and agri-digital workshops** in districts across **Hooghly, Howrah, Kalimpong, Nadia, and Chirawa** (Rajasthan), as well as selected regions of **Maharashtra and Madhya Pradesh**.
- Supported **climate-resilient farming models** through GIS-based planning and the use of remote sensing data from platforms like ISRO Bhuvan and NASA POWER.
- Advocated for **co-development approaches** between the private sector and public entities to promote digital literacy and farm-level ICT adoption.

Challenges

- Persistent **infrastructure deficits** (especially connectivity and power reliability) in rural areas hinder the effective deployment of ICT tools.
- Low digital fluency among smallholder farmers creates a dependency on intermediaries, limiting direct empowerment.
- Coordination gaps among local administrative bodies and private actors pose hurdles for **systemic and scalable implementation**.

Future Priorities

- Foster multi-level stakeholder engagement frameworks, ensuring participation from local governments, private innovators, and civil society in designing ICT4Ag programs.
- Promote the development of **region-specific digital solutions** in local languages, with simplified interfaces suitable for semi-literate users.
- Establish **community-owned agri-tech infrastructure hubs**, supported by renewable micro-energy systems and real-time data advisory.

C2: Information and Communication Infrastructure

Achievements

Mul Biotech Farms has focused on developing **resilient and decentralized ICT infrastructure** suited for smallholder agricultural ecosystems. Recognizing the gaps in conventional systems, we have:

- Deployed **IoT-based micro-sensor networks** for precision farming on pilot farms in Hooghly and Kalimpong, enabling real-time soil and water data collection.
- Integrated **low-cost solar-powered relay setups** for locations with unstable electricity and internet connectivity.

- Leveraged publicly available APIs from **ISRO Bhuvan**, **NASA POWER**, and **OpenWeather** to create an internal agri-dashboard that informs crop advisory and risk alerts.
- Advocated for the use of **open-source GIS tools** to support land-use planning and water resource mapping at the farm level.

Challenges

- **Connectivity gaps** in remote or sloped regions (e.g., Kalimpong) have limited full-scale infrastructure deployment.
- **High initial costs** for ICT installations (e.g., smart sensors, telemetry units) remain a barrier without external support or incentives.
- Lack of **rural digital infrastructure integration policies** makes it difficult for small private actors to plug into national digital public infrastructure.

Future Priorities

- Develop **community-shared ICT hubs** with solar charging, weather stations, and shared data access points to serve clusters of farms.
- Collaborate with telecom providers and local governance bodies to improve **last-mile digital access** in rural and hilly zones.
- Advocate for inclusion of **farm-level ICT access** under national infrastructure missions and smart village programs.

C3: Access to Information and Knowledge

Achievements

Mul Biotech Farms has consistently prioritized **bridging the information divide** for rural farmers through context-sensitive ICT interventions. Since 2019, we have:

- Designed and delivered **farm-level training modules** using visual aids, mobile-compatible content, and region-specific digital advisories.
- Built a prototype **Agri Dashboard** combining satellite indicators (NDVI, EVI), weather data, and soil analytics to support informed on-ground decision-making.
- Offered **in-field advisory sessions** that integrate traditional farming knowledge with realtime digital data, improving crop planning and environmental response.
- Conducted **training programs and ICT outreach** in Hooghly, Howrah, Kalimpong, Chirawa, and other areas, empowering smallholders to engage with agri-tech.
- Delivered guest lectures and knowledge-sharing sessions at educational institutions, engaging students and academic stakeholders in discussions on ICT-based sustainable agriculture.

Challenges

• Persistent **digital literacy gaps**, especially among elderly or marginalized farmers, make sustained adoption difficult without facilitation.

- Lack of localized and simplified content within public information systems creates barriers for practical usage.
- **Intermittent access and migration trends** disrupt consistent uptake of information tools and training outcomes.

Future Priorities

- Expand and localize ICT content into **regional languages** with **voice-command and pictorial formats** for low-literacy users.
- Establish **Agro-Information Resource Points** in rural clusters to offer continuous ICT guidance and real-time advisories.
- Strengthen academic partnerships to **bridge research and field innovation**, promoting youth involvement in agri-digital development through hands-on exposure.

C4: Capacity Building

Achievements

Capacity building has been a cornerstone of Mul Biotech Farms' mission since 2019, focusing on empowering farmers, agri-entrepreneurs, and students with practical, technology-enabled knowledge. Our initiatives include:

- Setting up an **experimental learning farm** and **Farmer's School** in Hooghly, providing onsite demonstrations of hydroponics, aquaponics, precision farming, and sustainable landuse models.
- Organizing structured training sessions across districts like Howrah, Kalimpong, Chirawa, and Nadia, reaching hundreds of farmers with hands-on learning in biofencing, organic inputs, and climate-smart practices.
- Delivering guest lectures and training modules at colleges and technical institutes, introducing students to real-world applications of ICT in agriculture and environmental monitoring.
- Engaging rural youth in **soil testing, plant health diagnostics, and satellite-aided farm planning**, fostering skill development relevant to emerging agri-tech markets.

Challenges

- A significant **skills mismatch** exists between traditional farming knowledge and the technical demands of digital agriculture tools.
- **Limited institutional funding** restricts the frequency and scale of training programs, especially in underserved areas.
- **High dropout rates** in some capacity-building programs due to economic constraints or lack of follow-up support.

Future Priorities

- Develop **certified training modules** in partnership with state-level rural development departments and academic institutions to formalize rural ICT capacity building.
- Expand the Farmer's School into a **Model Agri-Tech Training Hub**, with blended learning formats (offline + digital) for wider reach.
- Support **peer-led training ecosystems**, encouraging trained farmers to mentor others, ensuring knowledge sustainability and local ownership.

C5: Building Confidence and Security in the Use of ICTs

Achievements

Mul Biotech Farms recognizes that the **effective adoption of ICT tools** in agriculture is closely linked to users' trust, data understanding, and perceived digital safety. Since 2019, we have:

- Ensured that all ICT tools used in the field including dashboards, sensors, and mobile apps are **open-source**, **transparent**, **and community-reviewed**, encouraging trust and adaptability.
- Provided **field-level orientation on data use, privacy, and responsible digital behavior**, especially in rural areas where first-time technology users are often vulnerable.
- Prioritized **simplified**, **secure access pathways** (e.g., offline tools, local servers, and nologin advisory systems) to prevent exclusion and reduce digital anxiety.
- Shared guidelines on **cyber hygiene**, fraud prevention, and ethical use of farm data in training modules and awareness campaigns.

Challenges

- Low awareness of digital rights and data security among rural users can lead to vulnerability to misinformation, fraud, or misuse of platforms.
- Limited local access to trusted ICT experts creates dependency and fear around error, leading to underuse or abandonment of tools.
- In some areas, **mistrust in digital solutions** stems from earlier negative experiences or lack of sustained handholding.

Future Priorities

- Integrate **basic digital safety training** into all capacity-building programs, using community-friendly formats and local case studies.
- Collaborate with cybersecurity and digital literacy initiatives to build **sector-specific awareness** for smallholder farmers and field practitioners.
- Advocate for the inclusion of **farmers' data rights and digital access protocols** in regional policy frameworks, ensuring equity and protection in agri-digital ecosystems.

C5: Building Confidence and Security in the Use of ICTs

Achievements

Mul Biotech Farms recognizes that the effective adoption of ICT tools in agriculture depends on user confidence, digital safety, and trust in platforms. Since 2019, we have:

- Deployed ICT tools and dashboards that are **open-source**, **transparent**, **and community-tested**, allowing users to understand how data is used and visualized.
- Conducted field-level awareness programs on **digital hygiene**, **fraud prevention**, and **safe access practices**, particularly for first-time users.
- Offered support through **offline-compatible systems**, secure devices, and **trusted information channels**, including tools connected to **ISRO Bhuvan**, **NASA POWER**, and **Indian agri-portals**.
- Used **government-verified or non-commercial APIs** to ensure the reliability and neutrality of climate, soil, and crop advisory data.

Challenges

- Rural communities often lack **awareness of their digital rights**, making them susceptible to data misuse or misinformation.
- **Fear of error or 'breaking the system'** discourages independent interaction with ICT tools, particularly where local support is weak.
- Lack of cyber-literacy content in local languages hinders deeper understanding of digital safety.

Future Priorities

- Introduce **practical cybersecurity sessions** into all training modules, including modules on safe browsing, app verification, and data sharing protocols.
- Partner with educational institutions and government e-governance programs to deliver agriculture-specific cyber awareness content.
- Advocate for regional and national policies that protect **farm-level data ownership** and promote **transparent ICT governance** in agriculture.

C6: Enabling Environment

Achievements

Mul Biotech Farms operates within a dynamic and evolving regulatory landscape, where we have worked to align private innovation with public policy goals. Since 2019, we have:

 Registered under national and state frameworks such as Udyam (MSME), PBSSD (Skill Development), and local trade licenses, which have enabled formal participation in training and rural development initiatives.

- Designed farm models and digital tools that are compatible with India's **Digital Public Infrastructure (DPI)** goals, using **open APIs** and **non-proprietary GIS platforms**.
- Maintained a policy-compliant approach to land use, biodiversity protection, and data ethics, integrating ESG principles at the micro-enterprise level.
- Supported dialogue with local panchayats and agricultural officers to **co-develop ICT-enabled farm plans**, especially in water-stressed or climate-sensitive zones.

Challenges

- **Policy fragmentation** across states and departments creates uncertainty for private actors seeking to scale ICT-based agricultural services.
- Lack of clear data protection regulations for farm-level data can pose risks and legal ambiguity, especially when operating across jurisdictions.
- **Limited access to finance or subsidies** for private entities innovating in the rural ICT domain restricts the ability to expand inclusive solutions.

Future Priorities

- Engage more actively with **policy dialogue forums** to contribute grassroots perspectives on enabling regulations for rural ICTs.
- Advocate for targeted incentives, sandbox frameworks, and PPP models that allow responsible ICT innovation in agriculture by small enterprises.
- Support **standardization and interoperability** of digital agri-tools in line with national guidelines, ensuring smallholders and private actors can integrate with larger government systems.

C7: ICT Applications

C7.1: E-Government

Achievements

Mul Biotech Farms has participated in government-affiliated schemes and processes by digitizing interactions and submitting proposals, reports, and field data via state and national e-governance portals. We have:

- Registered under official platforms such as Udyam, Skill India (PBSSD), and local elicense portals to ensure compliance and transparency.
- Coordinated with **local agriculture departments**, **block development offices**, and **panchayats** through digital communication channels, including app-based reporting and GIS mapping submissions.
- Encouraged **rural farmers and agri-entrepreneurs** to engage with e-governance services for farm registration, crop insurance, and benefit tracking.

Challenges

- **Digital literacy barriers** at the farmer level restrict the use of e-Government services directly, often requiring facilitation.
- Fragmented systems across departments can delay **inter-departmental data flow** and reduce responsiveness.

Future Priorities

- Advocate for single-window e-Governance integration for agri-services.
- Train rural users on how to **navigate digital portals** for entitlements, compliance, and grievance redressal.

C7.2: E-Business

Achievements

Mul Biotech Farms has integrated ICT tools into supply chain processes, price tracking, and input-output coordination, promoting digital entrepreneurship. Key initiatives include:

- Piloting **digital pricing alerts** and direct buyer linkage using messaging platforms (e.g., WhatsApp, Telegram) for farmers in remote areas.
- Exploring digital marketplaces for **medicinal plant trade**, distillation products, and biobased inputs, especially in pilot zones like Kalimpong and Agartala.
- Using Excel-API models and GIS-based yield prediction to estimate farm productivity for local buyers and institutional consumers.

Challenges

- Many small producers lack **formal onboarding capacity** for e-commerce platforms due to limited documentation and digital familiarity.
- Payment and logistics integration remains a hurdle in **semi-urban and rural zones**.

Future Priorities

- Develop simple, vernacular digital interfaces for **farm-gate price discovery** and direct-to-consumer (D2C) trade.
- Advocate for rural MSME-specific e-marketplace integration and subsidized digital infrastructure.

C7.3: E-Learning

Achievements

Mul Biotech Farms has designed and delivered **field-based learning programs** that blend traditional practice with digital content. Since 2019:

- We have used **animated videos**, **pictorial guides**, and mobile-compatible content to teach topics like soil health, hydroponics, and sustainable inputs.
- Delivered **guest lectures and workshops** at colleges and training institutes to bridge agritech theory and grassroots practice.
- Provided **hands-on exposure to digital tools** (dashboards, weather apps, GIS maps) for young farmers and rural youth.

Challenges

- Limited access to **devices and internet** in remote areas restricts continuity of digital learning.
- Many rural learners prefer **experiential learning formats** over screen-based content.

Future Priorities

• Develop **blended learning toolkits** (print + digital + field), and partner with technical colleges for localized curriculum integration.

C7.4: E-Health (indirect but related)

Achievements

While not a health provider, Mul Biotech Farms contributes to **health-enabling environments** through:

- Promoting **safe water usage**, aquaponics hygiene protocols, and chemical-free cultivation.
- Using data on **climate and water quality** to guide crop selection and farm safety.

Challenges

• No direct health mandate; contributions remain indirect.

Future Priorities

• Explore **soil-water-health linkage** models, and collaborate on digital environmental health dashboards in farm areas.

C7.5: E-Employment

Achievements

We have helped generate rural livelihoods through **agri-digital skilling and micro-entrepreneurship**, including:

- Training over 200 individuals in ICT-enabled farming methods and input management.
- Creating job roles in sensor setup, data monitoring, and plant diagnostics at the field level.
- Supporting **student-intern programs** and field assistant roles with digital responsibility.

Challenges

• Lack of formal pathways for **agri-digital certification** limits employability in larger markets.

Future Priorities

• Collaborate with government and institutions to launch **recognized agri-digital skilling programs** with rural job placements.

C7.6: E-Environment

Achievements

This is one of Mul Biotech Farms' strongest areas. Key environmental ICT actions include:

- Using **remote sensing, GIS, and satellite data** to track land use, carbon sequestration potential, and water resource mapping.
- Promoting **biodiversity-sensitive land planning**, regenerative agriculture, and agroforestry models with digital planning tools.
- Integrating climate data into planting calendars and water budgeting, especially in vulnerable regions like Kalimpong.

Challenges

 High-resolution environmental data is often too complex or poorly localized for small farms.

Future Priorities

- Develop open-access environmental planning dashboards tailored to farm clusters.
- Participate in climate data standardization efforts to bridge global datasets and field use.

C7.7: E-Agriculture

Achievements

The core of Mul Biotech Farms' work. Since 2019, we have:

- Implemented **precision agriculture** using IoT sensors, mobile alerts, and GIS for soil mapping and irrigation planning.
- Developed an internal **Agri Dashboard** pulling data from **NASA, ISRO, OpenWeather**, and in-field sensors.
- Piloted **hydroponic, aquaponic, and medicinal plant systems** with digital oversight of growth and input efficiency.
- Linked field practices to **data-driven yield estimation**, **carbon tracking**, and soil rehabilitation.

Challenges

• Low ICT adoption due to cost, digital unfamiliarity, and lack of support ecosystems.

Future Priorities

• Expand the dashboard into a public-facing advisory system, integrate AI recommendations, and develop region-specific agro-digital kits.

C7.8: E-Science

Achievements

We contribute to applied research by:

- Running field trials on plant growth under variable input conditions, with digital logging.
- Documenting **soil and crop response data** to inform agroecological models and medicinal plant protocols.
- Collaborating with students and researchers in open-field experimental designs.

Challenges

• Limited institutional infrastructure for **formal research partnerships** and data publication.

Future Priorities

• Build a **small research lab unit** and pursue **data-sharing collaborations** with universities and research institutes.

C8: Cultural Diversity and Identity, Linguistic Diversity, and Local Content

Achievements

Mul Biotech Farms recognizes that digital transformation in agriculture must be grounded in **local language, culture, and traditional knowledge systems**. Since 2019, we have:

- Delivered training and digital content in **Bengali**, **Hindi**, and **localized dialects**, making ICT tools more accessible to rural users.
- Documented and revived **indigenous farming practices** such as composting, intercropping, and seasonal water management integrating them into digital advisory tools and workshops.
- Promoted the use of **visual and voice-based ICT formats** for semi-literate users, ensuring inclusivity across age and education levels.
- Engaged with diverse agro-ecological communities, from the plains of Hooghly and Nadia to the hills of Kalimpong, respecting their distinct knowledge cultures and preferences.

Challenges

- Most national and commercial agri-ICT platforms are still text-heavy and languagelimited, which limits reach and usability.
- Local knowledge often remains **undocumented or undervalued** in formal digital systems, risking cultural dilution.

Future Priorities

- Develop and promote **vernacular content repositories** on climate resilience, soil health, and agroecology practices.
- Integrate **traditional ecological knowledge (TEK)** into digital dashboards to preserve local innovation and ensure context sensitivity.
- Encourage **intercultural digital learning exchanges** between farming communities in different regions.

C10: Ethical Dimensions of the Information Society

Achievements

Mul Biotech Farms is deeply committed to ensuring that **digital tools in agriculture are used ethically, equitably, and responsibly**. Since 2019, our approach has emphasized:

- Promoting **open-access data platforms** and avoiding vendor lock-in or exploitative models that could disempower smallholder farmers.
- Conducting **awareness sessions** on ethical data use, informed consent, and transparency when introducing sensor-based monitoring or data collection tools.
- Prioritizing **community ownership of data** ensuring that information generated at the field level remains accessible and beneficial to the farmers themselves.
- Advocating for **responsible innovation** using digital tools to complement, not replace, local knowledge and human relationships in agriculture.

Challenges

- Absence of a clear ethical framework for **agri-digital development** at the rural level leads to inconsistent standards.
- **Information asymmetry** between tech developers and rural users creates potential for exploitation or misunderstanding.
- Small private players often lack the capacity to **formally document ethical compliance**.

Future Priorities

- Develop a **Code of Ethics for ICT in Rural Agriculture**, aligned with WSIS values, focusing on fairness, inclusion, and accountability.
- Collaborate with academic institutions and ethics boards to ensure external review of digital interventions.
- Advocate for **ethical AI use in agriculture**, where predictive tools are explainable, unbiased, and farmer-friendly.

C11: International and Regional Cooperation

Achievements

Though Mul Biotech Farms is a relatively young private-sector entity, it actively aligns its initiatives with global and regional frameworks for sustainable development and digital cooperation. Since 2019, we have:

- Followed the principles and objectives of WSIS, the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), and India's national Digital Public Infrastructure (DPI) agenda in designing all interventions.
- Participated in **multi-stakeholder dialogues**, both nationally and at the sub-regional level, to exchange grassroots perspectives on agriculture, ICT, and sustainability.
- Developed internal systems (e.g., our **Agri Dashboard**) that use globally accessible APIs (e.g., NASA POWER, OpenWeather) to encourage **interoperability and open science**.
- Engaged with peers across India from **West Bengal to Tripura, Maharashtra, Madhya Pradesh, and Rajasthan** creating an informal **knowledge-sharing ecosystem** for agridigital tools.

Challenges

- Limited access to **formal international partnerships or grant platforms** makes regional scaling of innovations difficult.
- As a private entity, we are often excluded from **government-led international delegations or global platforms**, even when our field experience is highly relevant.

Future Priorities

- Strengthen partnerships with **regional academic institutions, civil society networks, and technical communities** working on ICTs for agriculture and climate resilience.
- Explore opportunities to **contribute grassroots data, innovations, and methodologies** to international platforms like WSIS, FAO, and UNEP digital initiatives.
- Seek inclusion in **cross-border learning forums and research programs**, especially around open agri-data, smallholder finance, and regenerative models.

Section III: Strategies and Policy Contributions

1. Digital Strategy / Policy

Mul Biotech Farms has developed an internal **agri-digital integration strategy** focused on three pillars:

- **Decentralized Tech for Smallholder Impact** ICT tools must be affordable, scalable, and usable at the farm level.
- Open-Source, API-Enabled Systems Preference for platforms that align with India's DPI goals and allow real-time data integration (e.g., weather, soil, yield).
- **Sustainability-First Design** All digital strategies are filtered through environmental, social, and ethical lenses, ensuring long-term value for rural communities.

Our strategy operates within India's broader digital vision while remaining responsive to the **local realities** of West Bengal and neighboring states.

2. Strategic Documents / Plans

While we are not a policy-making body, Mul Biotech Farms contributes to the broader digital development discourse by:

- Preparing **Detailed Project Reports (DPRs)** aligned with government schemes, which embed ICT tools into agroforestry, irrigation, and capacity-building components.
- Aligning project frameworks with **WSIS Action Lines**, **India's Agri Stack vision**, and **SDG Targets** (especially SDG 2, 12, and 13).
- Drafting **implementation plans** for climate-resilient agriculture that integrate digital monitoring, feedback loops, and soil-carbon tracking.

3. Implementation of WSIS Mandates

Since 2019, Mul Biotech Farms has proactively integrated WSIS principles into our operational model by:

- Empowering rural communities through access to information, digital tools, and skills training aligning directly with WSIS Action Lines C3 and C4.
- Ensuring responsible and inclusive ICT deployment in agriculture, echoing WSIS's emphasis on **ethical and secure digital environments** (C5, C10).
- Participating in multi-stakeholder dialogues and knowledge-sharing that embody WSIS's vision of **cooperative and people-centered ICT development** (C1, C11).

We view WSIS not as an external framework, but as a **living guide** to how we build equitable, tech-enabled agricultural futures from the ground up.

Section IV: Key Indicators of Progress

Mul Biotech Farms tracks its progress through a combination of quantitative data and field-level observations. While we are a small private entity, our indicators reflect both **direct field outcomes** and the **digital infrastructure built** to support scalable impact.

1. Digital Access & Reach

- **6 states covered** through direct interventions: West Bengal (Hooghly, Howrah, Nadia, Kalimpong), Rajasthan (Chirawa), Maharashtra, and Madhya Pradesh.
- **250+ farmers and rural youth trained** in hydroponics, aquaponics, soil health, and agridigital tools.
- **5+ educational institutions engaged** through guest lectures, workshops, and collaborative field learning.
- Digital training content available in 3 languages: Bengali, Hindi, and English.

2. ICT Infrastructure & Tools

- Developed an Agri Dashboard prototype integrating:
 - o Satellite data (NDVI, EVI, temperature, precipitation)
 - o Soil monitoring (using ISRO Bhuvan, NASA POWER, OpenWeather APIs)
 - o GIS-based crop and irrigation planning
- Piloted **IoT-based precision agriculture** in 3 locations, with localized micro-sensor systems and solar-powered data relay units.
- Created **offline-compatible training modules** and mobile-based advisories for low-connectivity regions.

3. Environmental Impact Indicators

- 20+ hectares of farmland engaged under sustainable ICT-enabled cultivation practices.
- Water-efficient systems (e.g., aquaponics, drip-irrigation) implemented on experimental demo plots.
- Ongoing measurement of soil carbon recovery, water usage, and input efficiency via dashboard analytics.

4. Skills and Capacity Building

- 200+ individuals trained across in-person and digital formats.
- Conducted **20+ workshops, field demonstrations, and institutional sessions** since 2019.
- Peer-to-peer training and field volunteer models introduced to create local resource persons.

5. Policy & Platform Alignment

Registered with:

- Udyam (MSME)
- o PBSSD (Skill India West Bengal)
- o Local trade and environmental compliance authorities
- Tools aligned with **Digital Public Infrastructure (DPI)** and **open API ecosystems**.

Section IV: Key Indicators of Progress

(Updated with client and service highlights + strategic message)

Mul Biotech Farms uses a combination of operational metrics, outreach coverage, and field-level digital deployment to track its impact. Our indicators reflect tangible results in sustainable agriculture, ICT integration, and community capacity building.

1. Digital Access & Geographic Reach

- Active across **6 states**: West Bengal (Hooghly, Howrah, Kalimpong, Nadia), Rajasthan (Chirawa), Maharashtra, and Madhya Pradesh.
- 70+ clients served across sectors including permaculture, agroforestry, near-zero input systems, and medicinal plant-based farming.
- 250+ individuals trained, including farmers, rural youth, and agri-entrepreneurs.
- Digital literacy materials offered in **3 languages** (Bengali, Hindi, English), tailored to low-connectivity and low-literacy environments.

2. ICT Infrastructure and Innovation

- Designed a **proprietary Agri Dashboard** that integrates:
 - Satellite data (NDVI, EVI, rainfall, temperature)
 - o Open-source APIs from ISRO Bhuvan, NASA POWER, OpenWeather
 - GIS tools for plot-level planning, irrigation modeling, and crop scheduling.
- Piloted **IoT-enabled farming** models in 3 districts, with solar-powered sensor systems for soil, water, and microclimate monitoring.

3. Sustainable and Climate-Smart Systems

- Supported **20+ hectares** in digital and regenerative farming transitions.
- Implemented **aquaponics**, **biofencing**, **carbon-farming models**, and **nature-based land** restoration.
- Tracked soil carbon recovery and water-use efficiency with dashboard analytics.

4. Capacity Building

- Conducted **20+ training programs**, combining field visits, digital tool usage, and participatory learning.
- Engaged **students and faculty from 5+ institutions** in experiential workshops and guest lectures.
- Enabled rural skill development in **sensor deployment**, **data management**, **and regenerative design thinking**.

5. Strategic Alignment

- Fully compliant with MSME and Skill India standards via **Udyam, PBSSD, and Trade License registrations**.
- Tools and services are aligned with India's **Digital Public Infrastructure (DPI)** principles.
- Our models are built to plug into **open-source**, **government-compatible ecosystems**, ensuring interoperability and ethical use.

Strategic Note on Scaling

"Our work has proven effective at the micro and district level — but to expand our reach, especially in underserved regions and vulnerable ecosystems, we require **multi-stakeholder collaboration and catalytic funding support.** Strategic investment will allow us to scale existing tools, improve rural connectivity solutions, and formalize decentralized agri-digital training hubs."

Section V: Challenges and Gaps

Despite consistent grassroots success and alignment with national digital goals, Mul Biotech Farms faces several systemic and operational challenges that limit its ability to scale and sustain impact across regions:

1. Funding and Resource Constraints

As a small, privately owned enterprise, access to **non-extractive funding mechanisms** remains limited. While we have piloted multiple successful models, we currently lack:

- Core funding to scale ICT tools, sensors, and field labs across more districts.
- **Bridge capital** to transition from prototype to public-facing platforms (e.g., Agri Dashboard expansion).
- Support for training infrastructure and digital content development that can be localized and scaled sustainably.

2. Connectivity and Infrastructure Gaps

- Many of our target areas especially in **Kalimpong, interior Hooghly, and tribal belts** suffer from **unreliable internet**, **power outages**, and **poor digital infrastructure**, which restrict both ICT delivery and monitoring.
- Existing solutions are often designed for **urban or institutional contexts**, not **low-resource**, **smallholder landscapes**.

3. Fragmented Ecosystems

- Lack of convergence among agricultural, environmental, and digital governance bodies often leads to duplication or confusion at the field level.
- As a private actor, we are often excluded from **government-led planning or data-sharing platforms**, despite grassroots expertise.

4. Capacity and Retention

- Trained individuals often **migrate or shift sectors**, making it difficult to sustain momentum at the community level without recurring training cycles.
- There's a **shortage of digital facilitators** who understand both farming practices and tech tools, creating bottlenecks in handholding.

5. Ethical and Legal Ambiguity

- Absence of clear legal guidelines for **farm-level data ownership**, consent, and usage makes it difficult to formalize data-sharing relationships.
- Risk of **digital exclusion or unintended bias** if platforms don't evolve to reflect local contexts.

Strategic Outlook

"Despite these challenges, we view them as **opportunities for targeted collaboration.** With the right ecosystem support—technical partnerships, catalytic funding, and policy inclusion—Mul Biotech Farms is well-positioned to become a model for ethical, inclusive, and climate-smart agri-digital innovation."

Section VI: Future Directions and Areas for Collaboration – Vision Beyond 2025

Vision Statement

Mul Biotech Farms envisions a future where **digital tools**, **ecological knowledge**, **and community action** co-exist to transform agriculture into a climate-resilient, inclusive, and ethically governed system. Beyond 2025, we aim to be part of a global movement that reshapes rural development through **open-source innovation**, **decentralization**, and **agroecological intelligence**.

Key Future Directions

√ 1. Public-Facing Agri Dashboard & Advisory Network

We will scale our internal Agri Dashboard into a **community-accessible, multilingual platform** integrating:

- Real-time soil, weather, and plant health data
- Voice-assisted recommendations for semi-literate users
- Local knowledge fusion alongside remote sensing data

😚 2. Open Agri-Environmental Lab for Smallholder Resilience

Launch a small-scale research and innovation unit dedicated to:

- Soil-carbon recovery tracking
- Indigenous biofertilizer development
- Youth-led experimentation in ICT-based farming

3. Partnership-Based Expansion Model

Actively seeking collaboration with:

- Universities and research institutes (for data sharing and student engagement)
- International platforms (WSIS, FAO, UNEP) for grassroots representation
- Donor and catalytic funders for scaling proven models across new geographies

7 4. Decentralized Training Hubs

Scale the current "Farmer's School" into modular agri-digital capacity centers with:

- Hybrid learning (offline, mobile, field)
- Certified skill modules aligned with MSME and Skill India goals
- Train-the-trainer models to create rural ICT ambassadors

🔧 5. Policy Advocacy and Ethical Standards Development

Engage in shaping future agri-digital systems by:

- Contributing to **ethical AI frameworks** for agriculture
- Advocating for **data ownership rights** at the farm level
- Participating in dialogues around digital equity and DPI inclusion

Call for Collaboration

"We believe the future of digital agriculture lies in **decentralized, context-aware, and ethically rooted ecosystems**. We invite multilateral bodies, knowledge partners, and funders to co-create pathways where digital public goods reach every farmer—not just through access, but through understanding, relevance, and agency."

Entity Contact for WSIS Follow-Up

Entity Name: Mul Biotech Farms

Stakeholder Type: Private Sector (Agriculture and Sustainability)

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