Security Protection of TDR Traffic

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Security Protection of Telecommunications

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- □ Keywords:
 - Trustness (Application)
 - Authentication (Transpsort)
 - ○QoS (Transport)
 - Confidentiality (Network)
 - Integrity (Network)
 - Availability (Network)

Security Protection of Telecommunications

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- □ Keywords:
 - Auditing
 - Security Policy

Security Protection for "TDR Traffic"

□ Requirement is almost as same as the "normal" situation but...

□ What do we need for an "emergency" telecommunications?

Security Protection for "TDR Traffic"

- ☐ How should we:
 - organize authenticatoin?
 - ocontrol QoS?
 - okeep availability ?
- We should find/understand the special function requirement for TDR traffic

Case Study: - The IAA System -

The IAA System

- IAA Victims information registration and retrieval system.
 - Lifeline WG of the WIDE project started the system developement in 1995. And now the joint project of WIDE project and ECG/CRL

□ Concept:

- Systems that are not in daily use will not be usable in crisis situations.
- The internet technology should prove its ability to be very useful in extreme conditions.

Design goals of the IAA system

□ Various types of user interfaces.

- □ Scalable and robust distributed database.
- □ "Connection less" type of the TDR

- □ Open approach
 - ○H/W: IBM/PC compatibles
 - ○S/W: free softwares on FreeBSD

Implementation of the IAA system

☐ User interface portion.

□ Distributed database portion.

User Interface portion

- □ PC (Web Browser)
- $\Box PDA$
- □i-mode (cell phone in Japan)
- □ OMR/OCR interface over FAX
- ☐ Telephone keypad interface with voice guide
- □ (voice recognition)

IAA operations.

March 31, 2000 -

□ Usu volcano, Hokkaido, Japan

June 27, 2000-

□ Miyaka Island, Tokyo, Japan

IAA operations.

September 11, 2001-

The IAA system has been working for the terrorist attack.

□ Registration: over 500

□ Query: over 15,000

□ Crackers Attack: over 300,000

We have learned:

□ The following standard are at least required to make the IAA-like approach available all over the world.

 Victims information verification mechanism under disaster environment.

- Data structure for victims information exchange
- Data exchange and verification protocol for vistims information exchange.

We have learned:

We need more consideration and understanding of 'multiculturizaiton'

- □SG16/ITU-T
 - $\circ Q$.
 - Use of public telecommunication services for emergency and disaster relief operations

OTDR Project

- □SG17/ITU-T
 - ○Q.10
 - Security requirements, models and guidelines for communication systems and services

Security Project

□ IFRC

□ other organizations

Collaboration of TDR people and Security people has just started.

We also need comments and suggestions from actual users especially for IAA-like approach. Copyright (C) 2003 Communications Research Laboratory Contact: hohno-sec@ohnolab.org