## DFS Security recommendations for regulators and providers

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#### **DFS Security Recommendations**

- 1. <u>Security recommendations to protect against DFS SIM related risks like SIM swap fraud and SIM</u> recycling
- 2. <u>Recommendations to mitigate SS7 vulnerabilities</u>
- 3. <u>Template for a Model MOU between a Telecommunications Regulator and Central Bank related to</u> <u>DFS Security</u>
- 4. <u>Mobile Application Security Best practices</u>
- 5. DFS Consumer Competency Framework

# Regulatory Guidance to mitigate SIM risks

<u>Related report:</u>
<u>Security testing for USSD and STK based DFS applications</u>

#### SIM risks

- SIM cloning
- SIM swaps
- SIM Recycling
- Binary over the air attacks (Sim jacker and WIB browser attacks)





Attacker's phone





A SIM swap will deactivate your phone, and if done by an attacker, the attacker will receive your calls and texts on thier device.

#### SIM risks

- March 2021, Times Of India, <u>2 duped of</u> <u>Rs 82k in SIM swap fraud</u>
- March 2021, Nairobi News: <u>Police arrest</u> <u>six Sim-swap fraud suspects in</u> <u>Kasarani</u>
- The Daily Monitor: <u>Thieves use 2,000</u>
   <u>SIM cards to rob banks</u>
- Ghana Chamber of Telecommunications: <u>Mobile Money Fraudsters Now Target</u> <u>Bank Accounts Linked To MoMo</u> <u>Accounts</u>
- February 2021, CNN: Police arrest eight after celebrities hit by SIM-swapping attacks

## NAIROBINEWS

#### Police arrest six Sim-swap fraud suspects in Kasarani

By Hilary Kimuyu March 8th, 2021 • 2 min read





## Regulatory Guidance to mitigate SIM risks

- Regulatory coordination between telco and DFS regulator on SIM vulnerabilities.
  - e.g. An MOU between the DFS regulator and Telco regulator
- Standardization by regulators of SIM swap rules amongst MNOs/MVNOs
- Recommending security measures for DFS operators on SIM risks.



Business Rules & Operational Processes for Implementation of the SIM Replacement Guidelines 2022

#### MOU between the Central bank and Telco regulator

• A bilateral Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) related DFS should be in

place between the telecommunications regulator and the central bank.

- The MOU would identify clearly the responsibilities of the central bank and Telco regulator for security of DFS (for example in the area of SIM swap fraud, SS7, consumer protection etc.)
- The MOU should include modalities around the creation of a Joint Working Committee on DFS security and risk-related matters.

#### MNO controls on SIM swaps (SIM swap rules for MNOs and MVNOs)

- a. Where SIM replacement is carried out by proxy, the MNO/MVNO or its agents must capture a biometric, facial image of the proxy which must be kept for a specified period.
- b. MNOs should notify DFS providers on swapped SIMs, ported and recycled numbers.
- c. SIM swap notifications to users
- d. Biometric SIM swap verification
- e. Multifactor user validation before SIM swap
- f. Secure SIM data protection
- g. Holding time before activation of a swapped SIM
- h. Service support representatives training

#### DFS operators controls to mitigate SIM swaps

- a. Real time IMSI/ICCID detection
- b. Real time device change detection device to DFS account binding
- c. Encourage use of secure DFS access through apps.

#### **IMSI** validation gateway



Architectural implementation of IMSI validation gateway. Source: ITU Report on SS7

Category: PREMIUM		
API Name	API Definition	
Sim Swap API	API which allows a corporate customer to check if a given MSISDN has performed a SIM swap. Returns 'MSISDN,'' date of last SIM swap'	
Authentication API	API which allows a corporate customer to use MTN Service to send OTPs . A customer is onboarded on the MTN instance and the OTP service is configurable to them	
KYC Premium API	API allows a customer to check if the KYC info provided by its customers matches with that provided at Sim registration. Returns one or more actual customer details. This requires customer consent	

Example implementation of IMSI validation gateway by MTN. source: MTN website

## Guidance to mitigate SS7 threats

<u>Related report:</u> <u>Technical report on SS7 vulnerabilities and mitigation measures for digital financial services</u> <u>transactions</u>

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assaf@DESKTOP-MCKINNK:~\$ cd /mnt/c/Work/Vaulto/Vaulto/tests/

assaf@DESKTOP-MCKINNK:/mnt/c/Work/Vaulto/Vaulto/tests\$ clear

assaf@DESKTOP-MCKINNK:/mnt/c/Work/Vaulto/Vaulto/tests\$ python demo\_ul\_sms\_intercept.py 972502138133 ne

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#### Regulatory Guidance to mitigate SS7 risks

- Regulatory coordination between telco and DFS regulator on SS7 vulnerabilities.
- Incentivize the industry
- Education for telecom and financial services regulators on SS7 vulnerabilities and impact to DFS
- Telecom regulators to establish baseline security measures for each SS7 risk category
- IMSI validation gateway: An API that provides status of a number and real time country where client is located,

#### **Recommendations for MNO to mitigate SS7 risks**

- Session time out
- USSD PIN masking
- Secure and monitor core network traffic
- Limit access to traces and logs
- SMS filtering
- SMS home routing

	1 13:08:00.624000 1041 8744
>	Frame 1: 218 bytes on wire (1744 bits), 218 bytes captured (1744 bits)
>	Ethernet II, Src: Private_01:01:01:01:01:01:01:01:01), Dst: MS-NLB-PhysSer
>	Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 1.1.1.1, Dst: 2.2.2.2
>	Stream Control Transmission Protocol, Src Port: 2984 (2984), Dst Port: 2984
>	MTP 2 User Adaptation Layer
>	Nessage Transfer Part Level 3
>	Signalling Connection Control Part
>	Transaction Capabilities Application Part
v	GSM Mobile Application
	Component: invoke (1)
	✓ invoke
	invokeID: 1
	> opCode: localValue (0)
	> ussd-DataCodingScheme: 0f
	✓ ussd-String: aa180da682dd6c31192d36bbdd46
	USSD String: *140*0761241377#
	✓ msisdn: 917267415827f2
	1 = Extension: No Extension
	.001 = Nature of number: International Number (0x1)
	0001 = Number plan: ISDN/Telephony Numbering (Rec ITU-T E.1
	E.164 number (MSISDN): 27761485722
	Country Code: South Africa (Republic of) (27)

#### DFS operator controls to mitigate SS7 risks

- Session time out
- Transaction limits for insecure channels
- User education
- Detecting and mitigating social engineering attacks with MT-USSD and interception of USSD
- Bidirectional OTP SMS flow

#### **Bidirectional OTP SMS flow**



### DFS Consumer Competence Framework

<u>Related report:</u> Security testing for USSD and STK based DFS applications

#### **Objectives**

- **1. Digital Transaction Engagement:** Enable consumers to confidently engage in financial transactions using digital channels.
- 2. Informed Decision-Making: Empower consumers to make informed choices and thoroughly understand pricing, terms, and conditions.
- **3. Safety and Fraud Avoidance:** Equip consumers to operate safely, circumventing fraudulent or deceptive marketing practices.

#### **Objectives**

- **4. Data Privacy Comprehension:** Ensure consumers understand the risks of failing to protect data privacy within digital financial services.
- **5. Grievance Redress Mechanisms:** Guide consumers to effectively engage with grievance redress and recourse mechanisms in case of discrepancies.
- 6. Competencies for Vulnerable Populations: Identify and build necessary skills for vulnerable groups (e.g., women, youth, elderly, disabled) to facilitate informed, safe, and confident use of DFS.
- **7. DFS Competencies for Disabled Individuals:** Pinpoint and develop specific skills that people with disabilities require for optimal use of DFS.

## 3 phases

#### 1. Pre-transaction Phase

- When the consumer is contemplating the use of DFS services.
- Important Skills/Knowledge: Understanding of service offerings, pricing, and benefits; comparison of providers.

#### 2. Transaction Phase

- Engaging with the service provider and using or purchasing the financial service.
- Important Skills/Knowledge: Understanding of the transaction process; knowledge of potential risks and safeguards

#### 3. Post-transaction Phase

- Includes engagement with the provider for quality assurance or redress when the Quality of Service (QoS) was not up to standards.
- Important Skills/Knowledge: Understanding of rights and obligations; ability to seek redress.

### DFS CCF encompasses 15 core competences

DFS transaction Phase	Competences
	CA 1.1 Search for information about costs, quality and terms of conditions of the service.
	CA 1.2 Compare information on costs, quality and terms of conditions of the service.
Pre-transaction (CA1)	CA 1.3 Evaluate the commercial information provided and suitability for purpose.
Pre-transaction (CAI)	CA 1.4 Manage digital identity and credit profile.
	CA 1.5 Understand how to access digital financial service in a secure manner.
	CA 1.6 Understand what is personal data and the related risks to personal data.
	CA 2.1 Understand how an electronic payment is initiated using digital channels <sup>15</sup> and the conditions for the transactions to be completed (i.e. receiver receives payment).
	CA 2.2 Make payments and accessing finance through digital channels.
Transaction (CA2)	CA 2.3 Understand the terms and conditions of the DFS provider, including related costs and risks.
	CA 2.4 Manage personal data and privacy.
	CA 2.5 Protect health and safety.
	CA 3.1 Share information with the service providers (i.e. feedback) and other consumers online.
Dest transaction (CA7)	CA 3.2 Know consumer rights and how to obtain redress.
ost-transaction (CA3)	CA 3.3 Know the responsible regulator to approach with intractable problems and the mechanism for doing so.
	CA 3.4 Keep up to date on developments in digital financial services.

#### Knowledge, skills and proactive step

1.1 Search for information about cost, quality and terms of	conditions of the service
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To search for and access information related to digital finance. To know where to obtain the information needed regarding the various cost (direct and indirect) options for a DFS provider service and the terms and conditions of the service.

Knowledge area	CA1.1-K1 Recognize that consumers should understand the exact costs (both direct and indirect) and evaluate affordability for using the service if they want to bear these costs before engaging in the transaction. [For gender sensitivity: Include also informa- tion about the relevance of the digital financial inclusion service product].	
	CA1.1-K2 Understand that they need to read, watch, listen and comprehend the DFS provider terms and conditions, including steps to use before accepting to use the ser- vice.	
	CA 1.1-K3 Differentiate the selected product from similar products.	
	CA 1.1-K4 Understand the audio or visual medium used for advertising the product or service.	
Skills area	CA1.1-S1 Know how to identify the costs for using the service.	
	CA1.1-S2 Know whether the terms and conditions stated are fair to consumers and leg- islation in place.	
	CA 1.1-S3 Know how to compute the cost of the service.	
	CA 1.1-S4 [For gender sensitivity: Know the range of financial products and services women can access from the DFS provider].	
Proactive steps	CA1.1-P1 Search for information about the costs for the service in the appropriate loca- tions.	
	CA1.1-P2 If unsure, contact the DFS provider consumer information contact to obtain relevant information or if necessary, the appropriate regulator.	
	CA1.1-P3 Contact other users of the DFS service to confirm the cost and terms of con- ditions.	
	CA1.1-P4 Take advice from consumer advocacy organizations about costs, terms and conditions and service provision of service provider.	
	CA1.1-P5 Searching and analysing different DFS options and comparing them with available savings and desired objective to be met by DFS service providers.	



http://www.itu.int/go/dfssl

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## Thank you!