

# Empowering Efficient Data Management

Blockchain in IoT and SC&C

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# *CONTENTS*

「  
*01*  
」

**Value of Data - Efficient Management**

「  
*02*  
」

**Role of Blockchain - Trust Infrastructure**

「  
*03*  
」

**Future Trend - Blockchain ? + ?**

# 01

## Value of Data - Efficient Management



# DATA MANAGEMENT LIFE CYCLE

## Raw Data from IoT Devices



- Raw data generated by IoT devices
- Raw data initial process
- Formatted data transfer

## Unified Data Management



- Data collecting and transferring before data input
- Data aggregating and storing upon input or after processing
- Data transferring and data integrating upon processing

## Data for SC&C Applications



- Data should be securely used in applications
- Data should be protected from malicious operations
- User records should be auditable

**EFFICIENCY ENHANCES DATA VALUE**



# DATA IN IoT AND SC&C



**TRUST BRINGS EFFICIENCY**

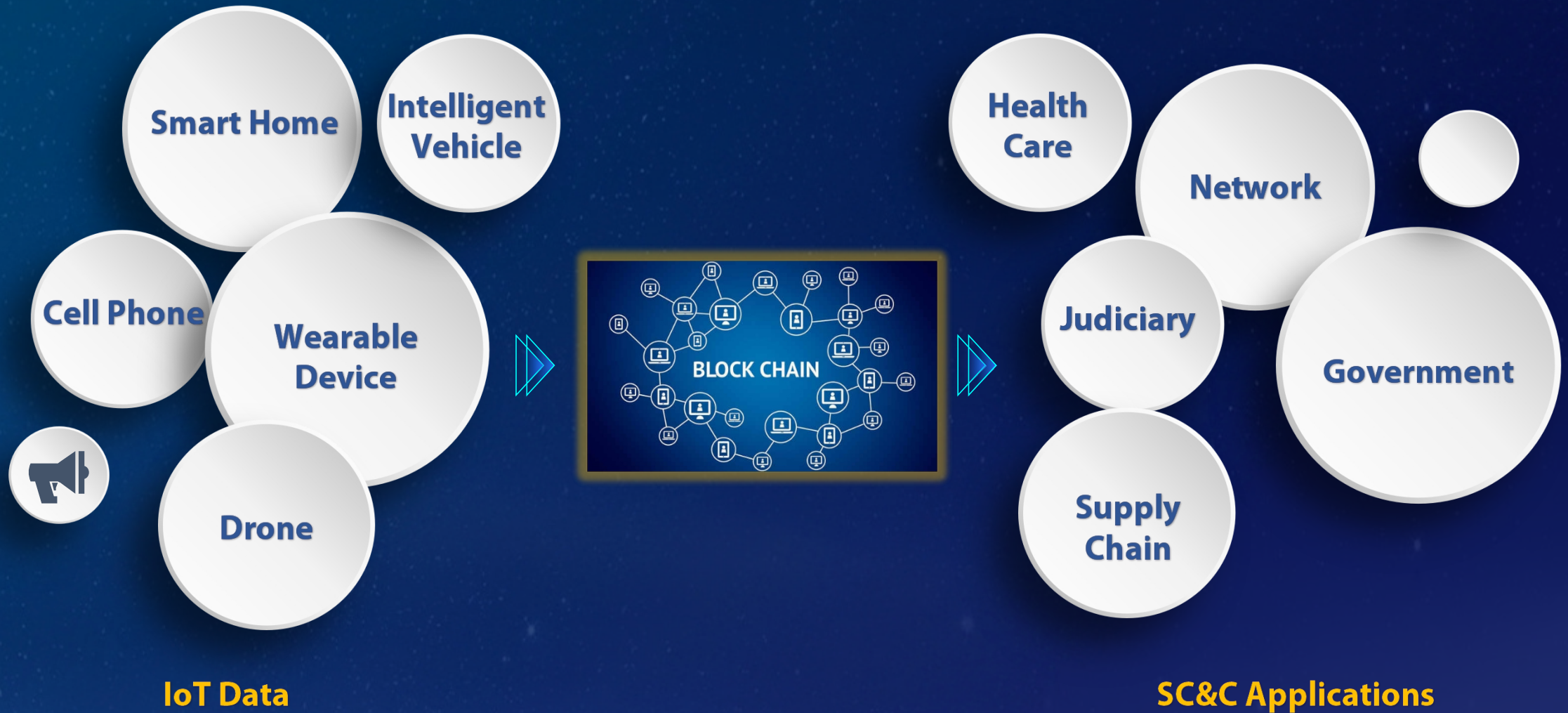
# 02

## Role of Blockchain - Trust Infrastructure



# Blockchain, Bring Trust to IoT and SC&C

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# Blockchain for Supply Chain

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## LIFE-CYCLE TRACEABILITY

Achieve efficient tracking



## Trustworthy Supply Chain



BLOCKCHAIN IN SCM

## TIMELY LOGISTICS

Cost-saving and profit-increasing



## SECURE EFFICIENT FINANCE

Accelerate fund flow



## SMART WAREHOUSE

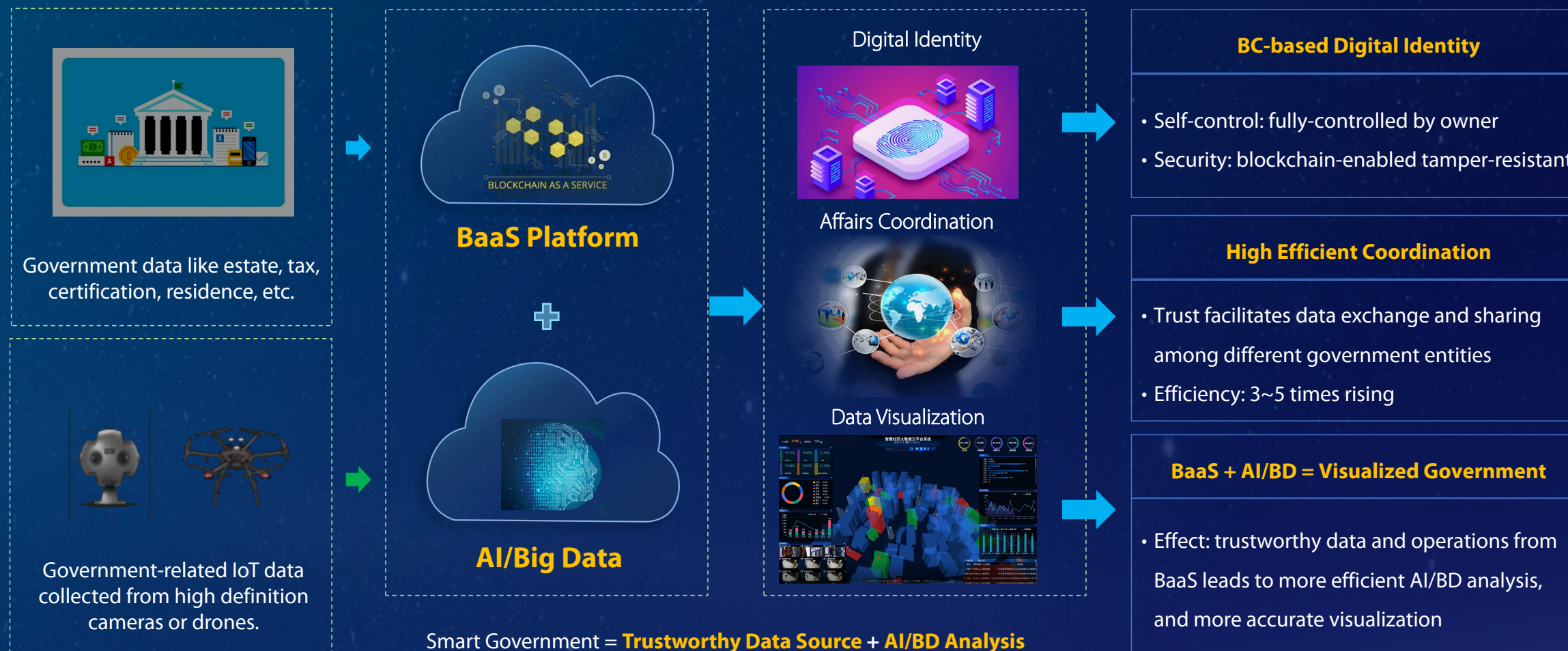
Facilitate cargo management





# Blockchain for Smart Government

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**Blockchain + government affairs, enabling the digital transformation of government with trust, and trust will lead to higher efficiency, transparency, security which further enhance smart government.**



# Blockchain for Network Resource Sharing in 5G

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## Background: 5G Co-construction between CTCC & CUCC

- Co-construction has saved CTCC & CUCC more than 86 billion yuan since 2019
- Use blockchain to build trust between two parties
- ZTE provides blockchain-based solution for 5G co-construction, which has been under POC and realized pilot program in Zhengzhou, China

## Use Cases:

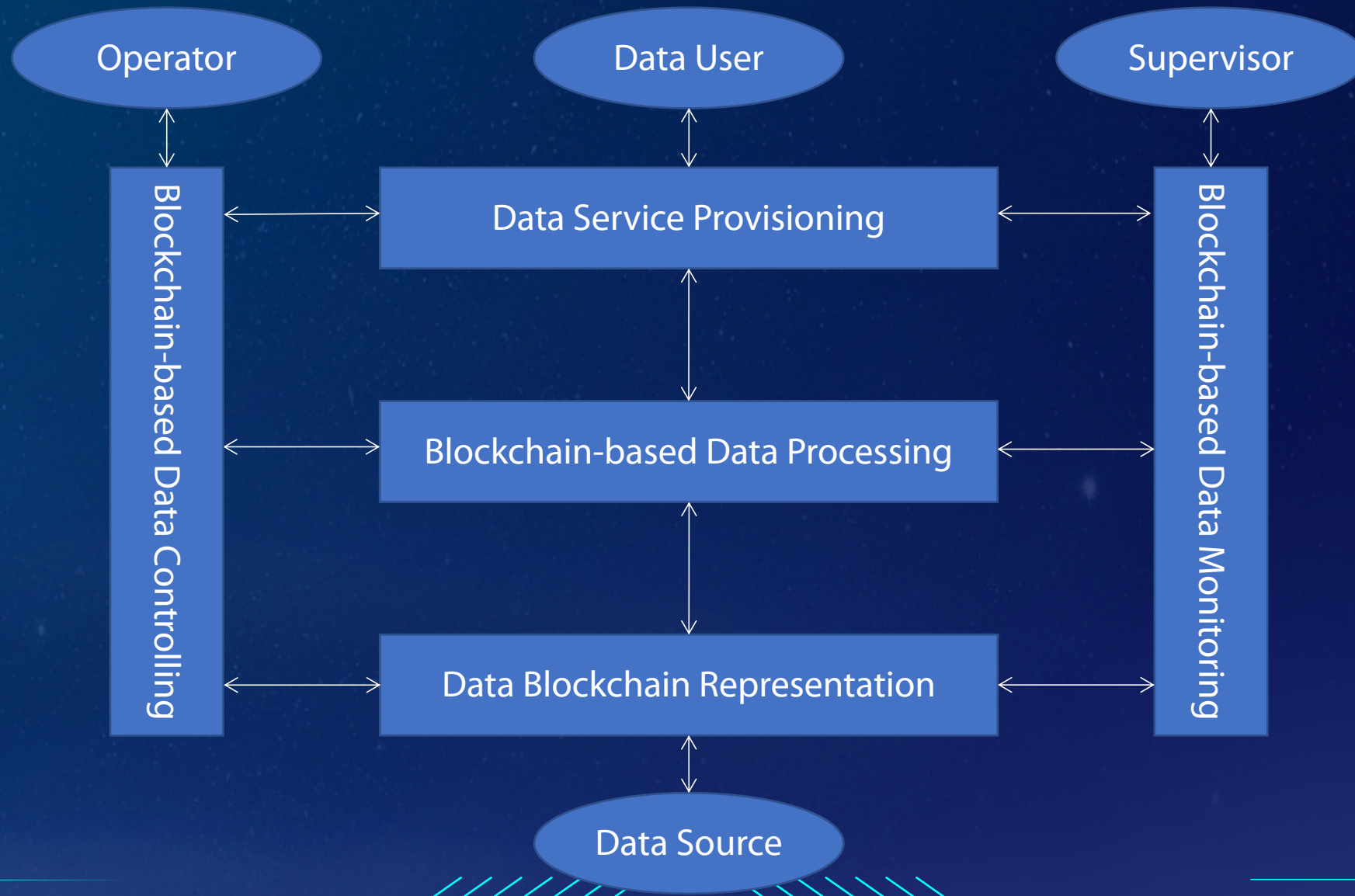
- **Data attestation:** tamper proof, unprecedented trust, available but invisible
- **Co-governance automation:** timely record governance information in blockchain via smart contract
- **Confirmation process:** A new organization management mode - DAO: Decentralized Autonomous Organization





# Standard: Blockchain in data management (ITU-T Y.4561)

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# 03

## Future Trend - Blockchain ? + ?



# Future Requirements



Higher  
Performance



Feasible  
Interoperability



Flexible  
Scalability

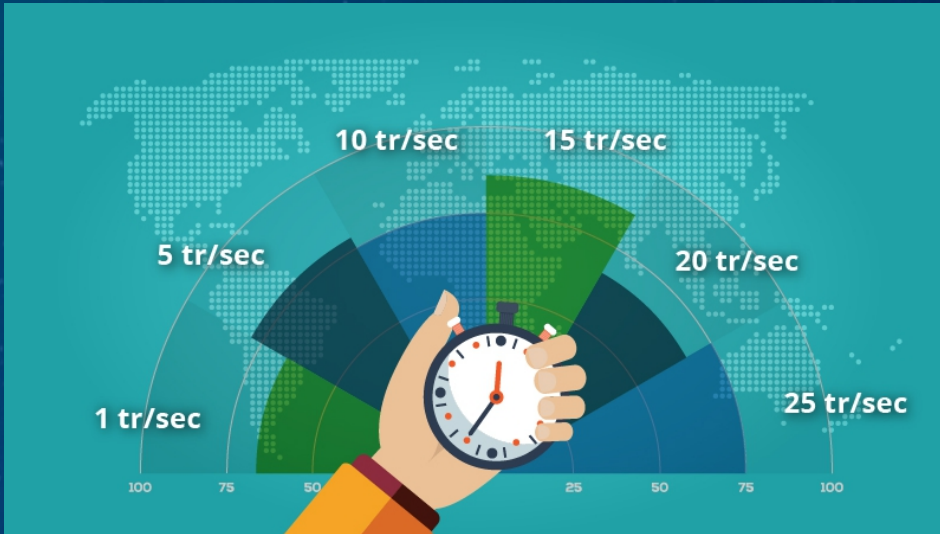


Privacy  
Preserving



Technical  
Compatibility

Data Management  
in IoT and SC&C

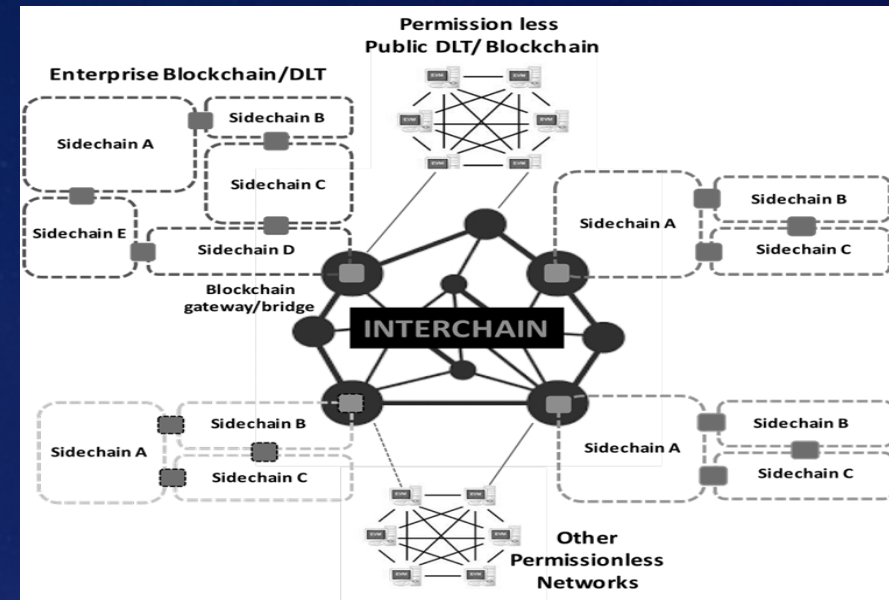


## Scalability & Performance Requirements -> Higher Throughput

- Higher digitalization level -> Higher traffic & throughput
- Throughput is one main limitation that restricts the application of blockchain
- Raising throughput has already been an important topic in blockchain research

## Interoperability: Common requirement for both sides

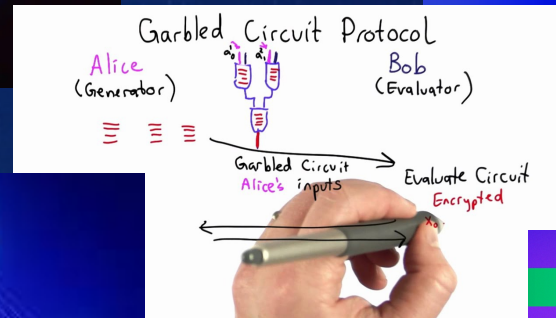
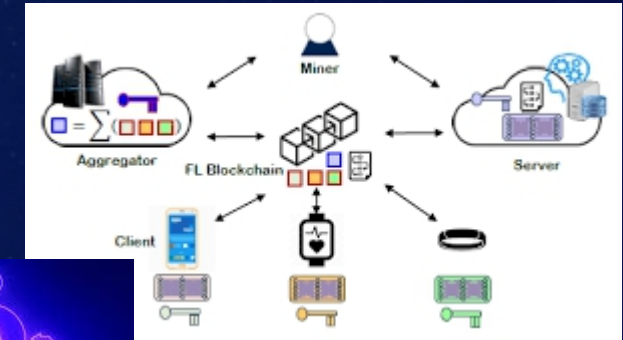
- Higher SC&C efficiency requirements -> break barriers between departments
- Trust circulation -> interoperability among chains
- Natural compatibility between two requirements





# Privacy Preserving: Data available but invisible

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# COMPATIBILITY -- BLOCKCHAIN + ?

## Preliminary Blockchain



- Testifying the feasibility of blockchain
- Extremely limited compatibility with other techniques
- Lack of application scenario (mostly in virtual finance)

## Blockchain as a Service



- Easier development with pre-defined API and SDK
- Compatible with various techniques via uniform BaaS platform
- Suitable for numerous scenarios

## Blockchain-Native



- Inherent blockchain support for more intelligent and distributed future techniques
- Requiring further progress on blockchain technology
- Potential step for creating brand-new scenarios



**Thank You!**

