14TH SYMPOSIUM ON ICT, ENVIRONMENT, CLIMATE CHANGE AND CIRCULAR ECONOMY

SESSION 2: DAMAGE PREVENTION AND SAFETY: MAKING DIGITAL TECHNOLOGIES RELIABLE

ITU-T STUDY GROUP 5, EMF, ENVIRONMENT, CLIMATE ACTION, SUSTAINABLE DIGITALIZATION, AND CIRCULAR ECONOMY MICHAEL MAYTUM, QUESTION 2 RAPPORTEUR



Resistibly threat ingress considerations are

- Local or remote power feed
- Data transfer medium; wireless, metallic cable link (screened or unscreened) or optical (fibre)Equipment safety (such as fire, fragmentation and fumes)
- Green credentials
- Resistibly to environmental threats (temperature, fluids, large electrical transients (lightning, power faults) and EMC)

Internet of Things (IoT): global infrastructure for the information society enabling advanced services by interconnecting (physical and virtual) things based on existing or evolving interoperable information and communication technologies

One big network!

Considerations are

- User safety (EMF)
- Equipment safety (such as fire, excessive voltage or current, fragmentation and fumes)
- Green credentials
- Resistibly to environmental threats (temperature, fluids, large electrical transients (lightning, power faults) and EMC)

Surge coupling mechanisms

ITU-T K.39 states that there are four main coupling mechanisms for surges to couple into networks and equipment:

- direct coupling (permanent or transient includes earth potential rise (EPR));
- magnetic coupling;
- electric coupling;
- electromagnetic coupling.

Example of surge coupling mechanisms



Example of magnetic surge coupling mechanism



ITU-T Study Group 5 Recommendations

Recommendations are usually crafted to cover specific circumstances

https://www.itu.int/ITU-T/recommendations/index_sg.aspx?sg=5

ITU-T Recommendations under Study Group 5 responsibility

- SG5 Recommendations
 - K series: Protection against interference
 - L series: Environment and ICTs, climate change, e-waste, energy efficiency; construction, installation and protection of cables and other elements of outside plant