

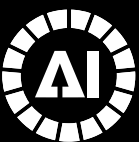
16TH ITU ACADEMIC CONFERENCE

ITUKALEIDOSCOPE

GENEVA2026

*AI and frontier
technologies for good*

7-9 July 2026
Geneva, Switzerland

Hosted by  **AI for Good**
Global Summit



Guidelines

Presentation Day 2, 8th of July @ 09:00 - 10:30

Session: AI 4 Sustainable Development: Education, Inclusion, and Society

Session Chair: Philippa Biggs, Head of Emerging Trends Foresight Unit, ITU

Presentation: S4.1 *Mapping schools for sustainable connectivity - a geospatial AI approach leveraging foundation models*

Timeslot:

- 15m maximum (including Q&A)

- 10m presentation

- 5-10 Slides



Mapping Schools for Sustainable Connectivity - A Geospatial AI Approach Leveraging Foundation

Models

Casper Fibaek and Rochelle Schneider, European Space Agency, Italy & United Kingdom

Abi I. Riley, Imperial College London, United Kingdom

Kelsey Doerksen, Oxford University, United Kingdom

Dohyung Kim, UNICEF, Switzerland



Connectivity planning starts with a reliable school map

School registries are often incomplete, outdated, or difficult to audit

- *Invisible schools*
- *Misallocated connectivity investment*
- *Weak monitoring of equitable access*

Preparing the data (1) - School Dataset



School



Deduplication

1. **Deduplication**

Merge <25m to nearest school with similar name



Geographic filtering

3. **Geographical Location**

If geographical criteria for removal are met:

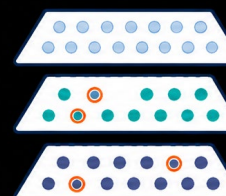
Distance to a building/population/water



Missing coordinates

2. **Missing coordinates**

Attempt Geocoding



Stratification

4. **Stratification**

Using DEGURBA and political boundaries to stratify the samples

Preparing the data (2)

Negative samples

Finding good negative samples is not easy

- *OSM Pols: shops, tourism, offices, military, leisure, healthcare, and religious buildings - OVERPASS API*
- *Named Pols are higher quality*
- *Geographical filtering*
- *Stratified like the schools*
- *1/5 additional samples for non-urban areas stratified by landcover class*

?



School



Shops



Tourism



Offices



Military



Leisure



Healthcare



Churches

A Cost-Aware Funnel Narrows the Search



Tier 1: Where should schools exist?

Input:

- Population
- Settlement type
- Nighttime lights
- Land Cover
- Terrain
- Existing Schools

Sources:

- Sentinel 1, 2
- CopDEM
- ESA WorldCover
- VIIRS Nightlights
- GHSL - Population
- GHSL - DEGURBA
- GIGA and Government

Tier 2: Which buildings look like schools?

Input:

- Vector Points of Interest
- VHR Satellite Images

Sources:

- Open Street Map
- Google Buildings
- Microsoft Buildings
- GHSL - Population
- GHSL - Degurba
- ESA WorldCover
- Climate Zones (KBG)

Tier 3: Which Candidates are Real

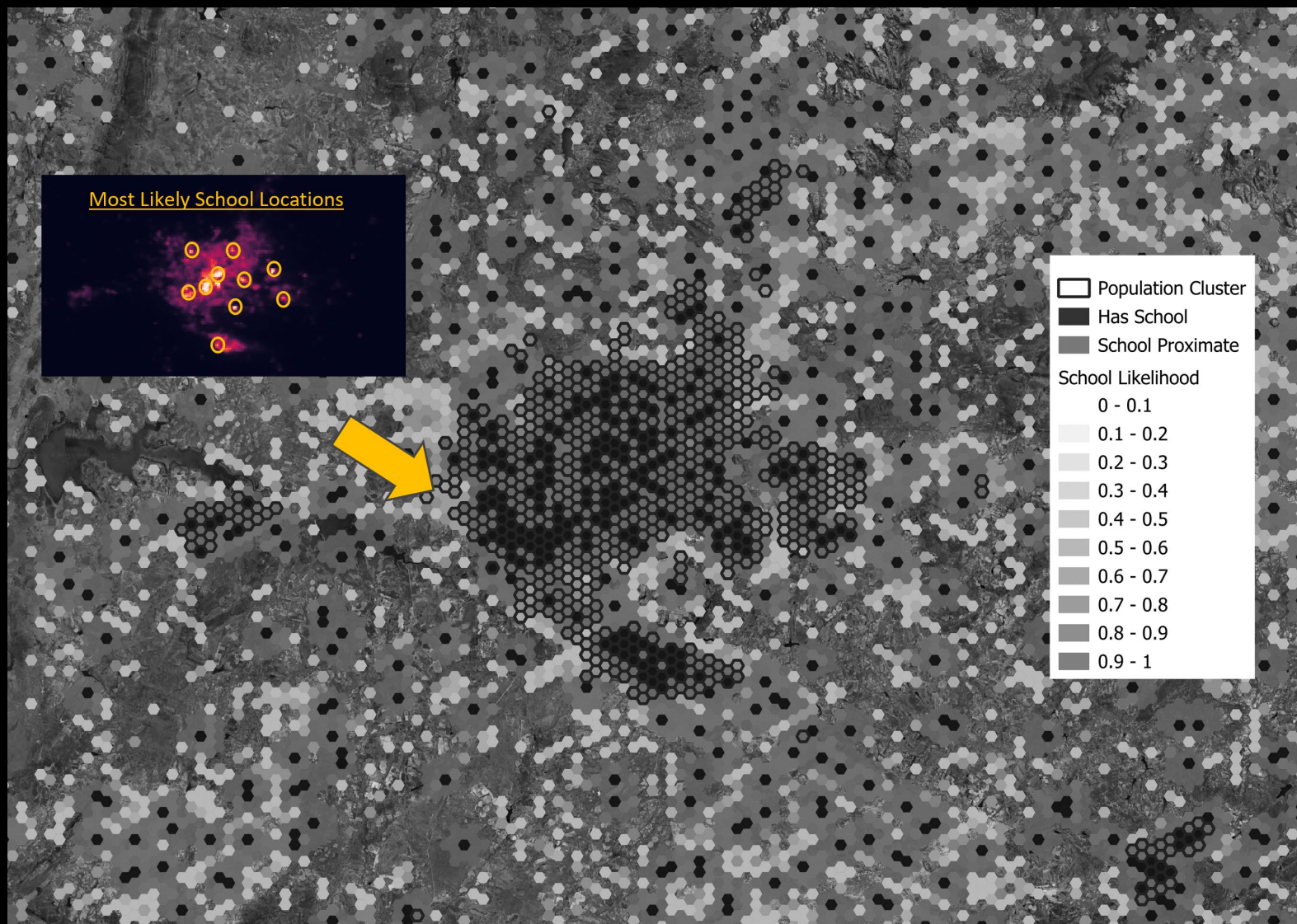
Input:

- VHR Satellite Images
- Tier 1 & 2
- Operator Knowledge

Sources:

- Sentinel 1, 2
- CopDEM
- ESA WorldCover
- VIIRS Nightlights
- GHSL - Population
- GHSL - DEGURBA





***Where we would
have expected
schools.***



Schools



Not-Schools

Evidence at Different Scales

0.90 F1

Tier 1 continent-scale
school-presence prioritisation

83.2% Accuracy

Tier 2 VHR school classification
Under challenging conditions



Keeping humans in the Loop & Building Trust



location | imagery evidence | model score | reviewer decision | provenance

- **Confirm, Reject, or Add**
- **Inspect Grad-CAM evidence**
- **Record decisions and update the model**
- **Trained model runs a laptop, runs inference on WMS feed.**
- **Fine-tuneable based on iterative feedback**

Pre-train Broadly, Fine-tune Deliberately

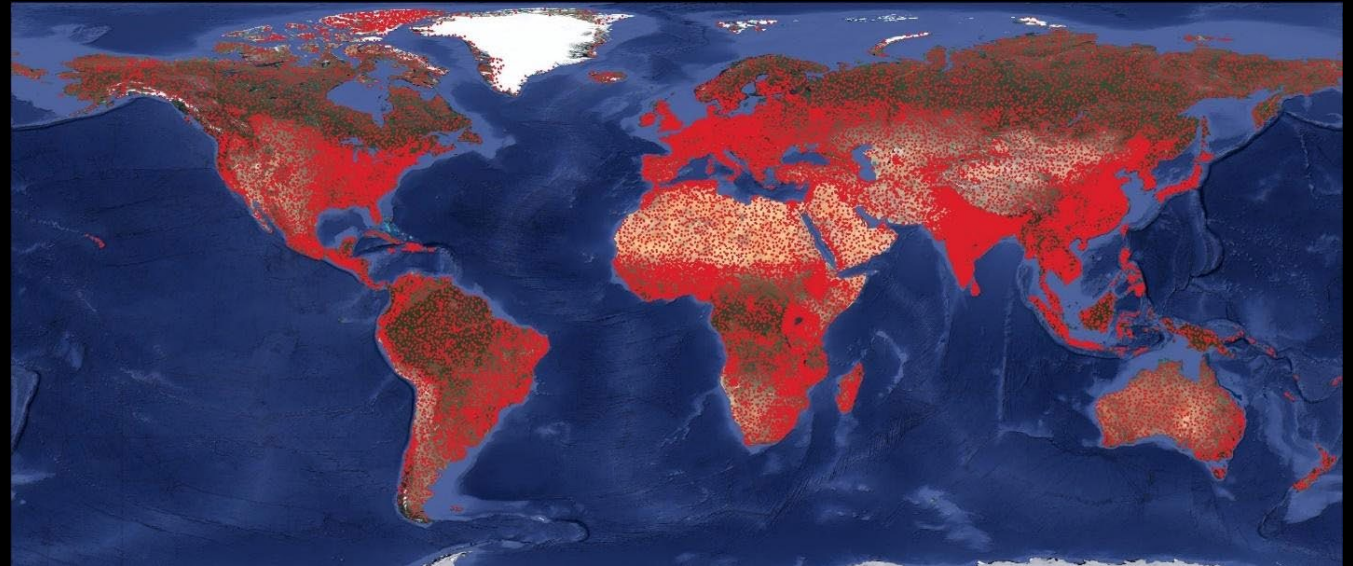
1. Global pre-training

- Globally sampled VHR imagery
- Static geospatial context
- Self-supervised masking objective
- Diverse climates and settlement forms

2. Reusable representation

3. Targeted fine-tuning

- School examples
- Churches and religious facilities
- Administrative and police buildings
- Markets and sports facilities



Broad pre-training supplies transferable features; curated hard negatives teach the distinction needed in practice.

From school detection to sustainable connectivity

- Prioritise expensive imagery analysis where registry gaps are most likely.
- Combine transferable geospatial representations with targeted local refinement.
- Maintain transparent, updateable school records through structured human review.

Questions?





Casper Fibaek

European Space Agency

Session 4 - AI for sustainable
development: Education,
inclusion, and society

Thank you!

