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Wireless technology and protocol for IIoT and digital twins



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Abstract

- The industrial Internet of things (IIOT) is an important engine for manufacturing enterprises to provide intelligent products and services.
- With the development of IIOT, more and more attention has been paid to the application of URLLC in the field of IIOT.
- This paper mainly introduces the development of 3GPP for URLLC
 - Reducing delay
 - Enhancing reliability
 - Little jitter
 - High transmission efficiency
- Further analyzes the enhanced key technologies required in the IIOT, and the application of IIOT in Digital twins is analyzed according to the actual situation.





1 Introduction

- As shown in Fig. 1, the physical entity of the physical space and the digital twins of the virtual space are connected through the network.
- Among them, the miniaturization of IIoT technology makes the creation of digital twins possible and uses sensor system to realize data sharing between virtual and physical objects.
- Furthermore, 5G network can provide faster connection speed between virtual and real objects, and improves operation efficiency and reliability by reducing response time.

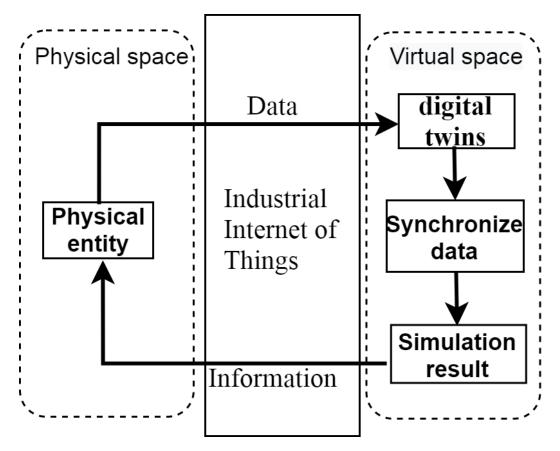


Figure 1: The relationship between digital twins and internet





2 Development and research actuality for IIoT technology2.1 Low latency

URLLC delay research in Rel-15

- Support for more flexible frame structure
- Support for more flexible scheduling units
- Support for flexible PDCCH configuration
- Support for URLLC high-priority transmission
- Introduction of mobile edge computing(MEC)

URLLC delay research in Rel-16

- Support for grant free configuration
- Support for intra-UE priority and multiplex mechanism
- Support for TSN and 5G convergence





2 Development and research actuality for IIoT technology 2.2 High reliability

URLLC reliability research in Rel-15

- Support for PDCP (Packet Data Convergence Protocol) duplication mechanism
- Support for optimizing MCS(Modulation and Coding Scheme)\ CQI(Channel Quality Indication) tables
- Support for less load DCI (Downlink Control Information) design

URLLC reliability research in Rel-16

- Support for multi -TRP transmission mode
- Support for PDCP duplication enhancement mechanism
- Support for redundant transmission scheme





2 Development and research actuality for IIoT technology

2.3 Little jitter and 2.4 High transmission efficiency

Hold and forward

 The Hold and Forward buffering mechanism allows PDB based 5GS QoS to be used for TSC traffic since packets need only arrive at NW-TT or DS-TT egress prior to their scheduled transmission time.

Accurate reference timing

 In Rel-16, RAN1 only provides transmission delay compensation for base station and UE in the TDD and FDD scenarios according to half of the timing advance, that is, NTA×Tc/2.

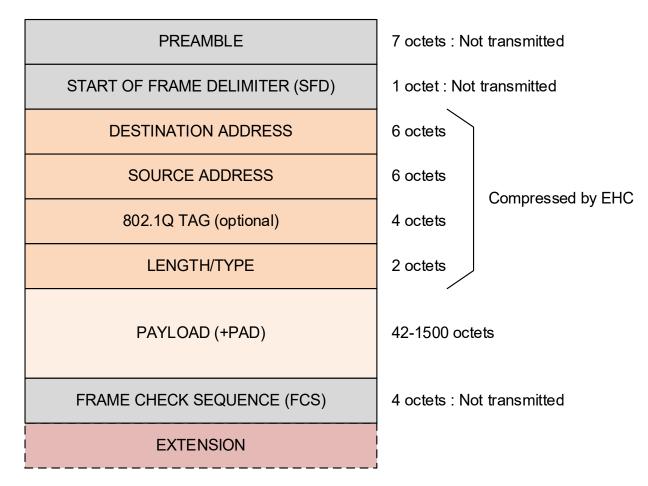


Figure 2: Ethernet packet format





3 Future research IIoT technology

- On the basis of multi-carrier deployment, the reliability is further improved by introducing PDCP layer and higher-level data replication transmission technology.
- The feedback scheme for the physical layer will be further enhanced.
- The UE service priority and uplink UCI will be enhanced.
- Licensed, shared and license-free spectrum: With the NR-U, the 5G NR will support the licensed frequency, shared frequency domain and license-free spectrum.
- URLLC: low latency, high reliability, and multi-TRP cooperation.
- Enhanced mobility.
- Wireless replacement of wired bus.
- Positioning: based on network and equipment requirements, IIoT requirements, and intelligent factory/V2X (Vehicle to everything) centimeter positioning requirements.





4 IIoT application in digital twins

- IIoT is a key link in the process of enterprise digital transformation, which accelerates the integration of various elements of information technology (IT) and operation technology (OT).
- Data is the most important binder in the integration process.
- In order to make the IT and OT integrate better, the hidden asset of data should be handled first.
- In addition, the IIoT is trying to break the boundaries of enterprises, trying to fill the gaps between IT and OT, and creating a new ecology of software definition, data-driven and mode innovation.
- The digital twin just provides the interface of data and technology for the development of integration.

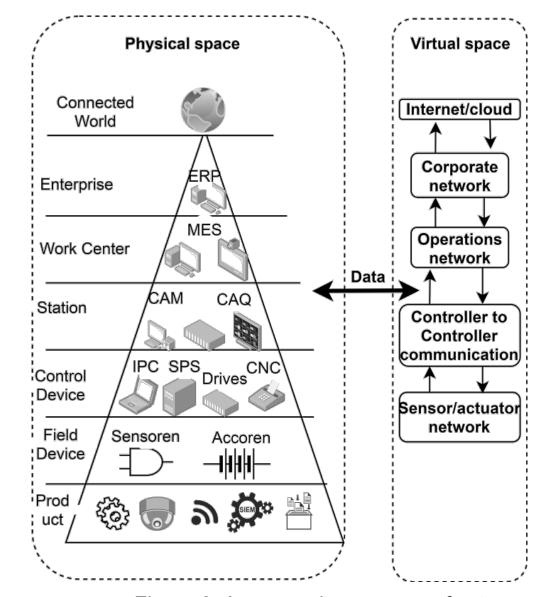


Figure 3: An example use case of Industrial IoT via Digital Twins





