

**ITU KALEIDOSCOPE**  
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# PREPARING FOR THE AI ERA UNDER THE DIGITAL HEALTH FRAMEWORK

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# What are we talking about when we talk about ICT for health?

\* Word cloud statistics for all papers of Kaleidoscope

## What this paper is going to deliver:

- Key Concept
- Framework of “ICT for health”
- Interaction between health and ICT
- Towards AI for health era



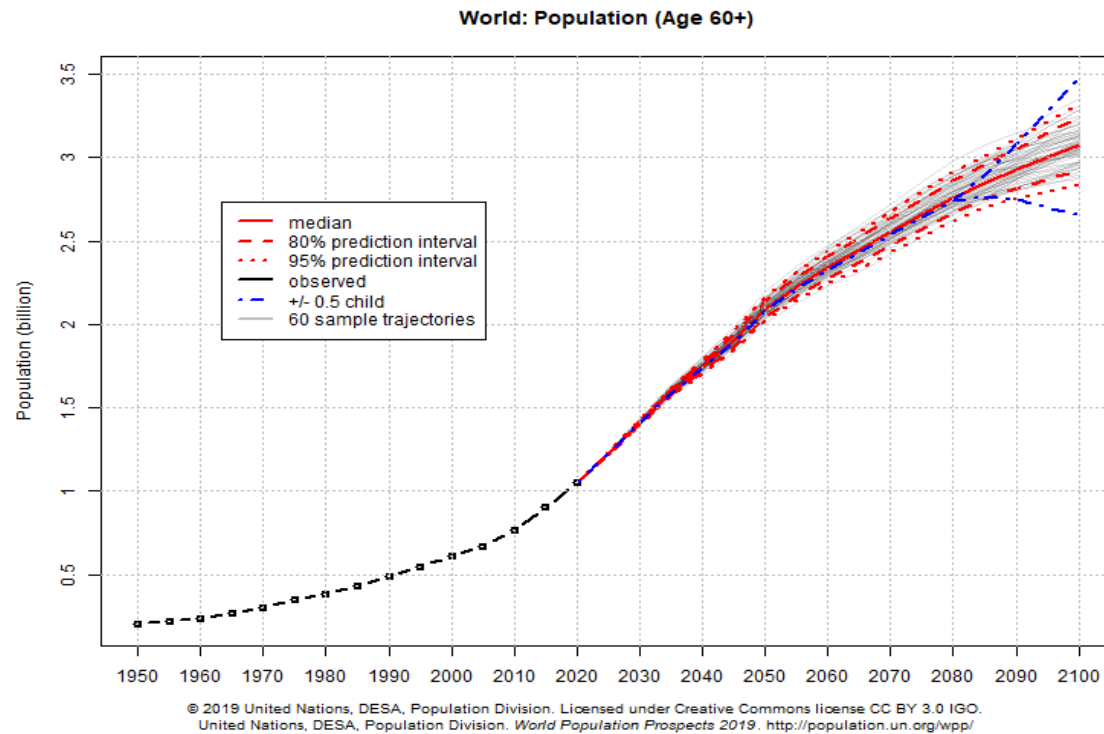
## KEY CONCEPT

The field of **digital health** is dynamic and progressing rapidly. **eHealth, medical informatics, health informatics, telemedicine, telehealth and mHealth** are some of the terms that have been used over the last five decades, depending on the available technologies and accessibility of the baseline infrastructure. These terms have been used to describe the application of **information and communication technologies (ICTs) to areas of health, health care and wellbeing**. More recently, the term digital health has been selected to embody integration of concepts yet be flexible enough to foster diversity of purposes, technologies and other specificities.

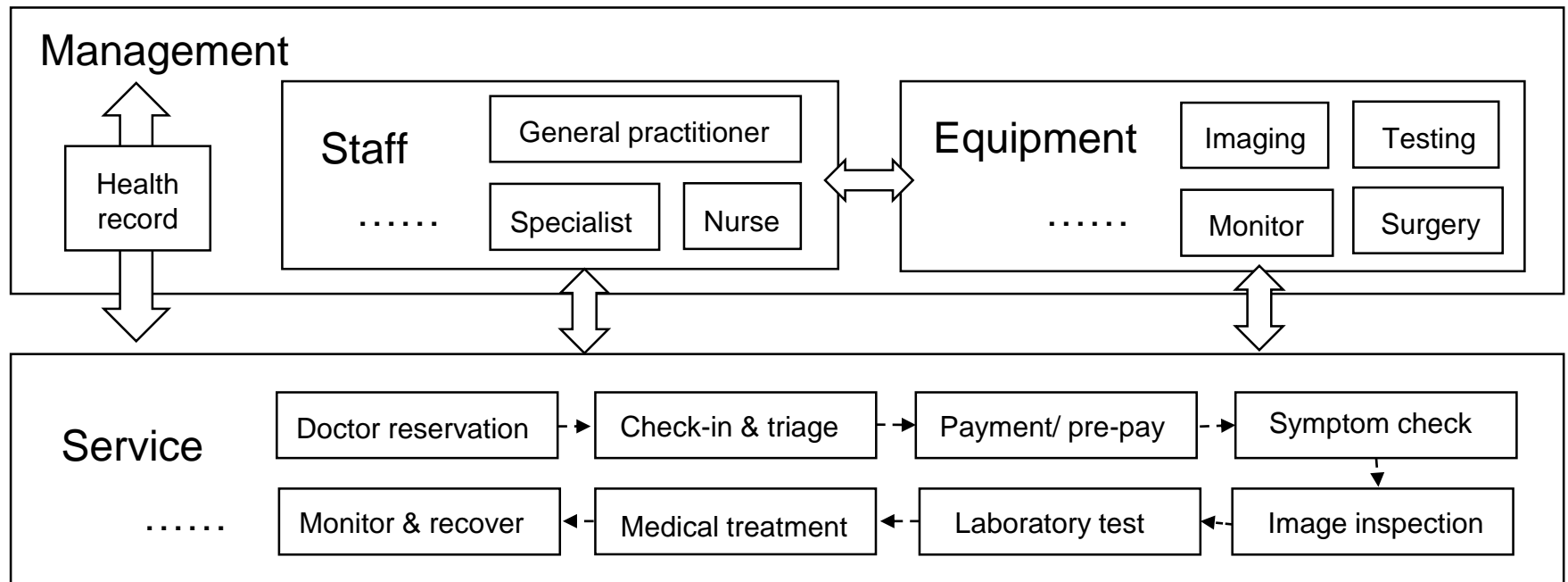
From “Global Strategy on Digital Health 2020-2024”, WHO

## Health Side

- Demand: aging trend
  - over age 65 (16%) in 2050
  - chronic diseases
- Supply: lags behind
  - 4.1% growth of radiologists
  - 30% growth of images
- Gap between supply and demand is waiting for new technological productivity to be filled.



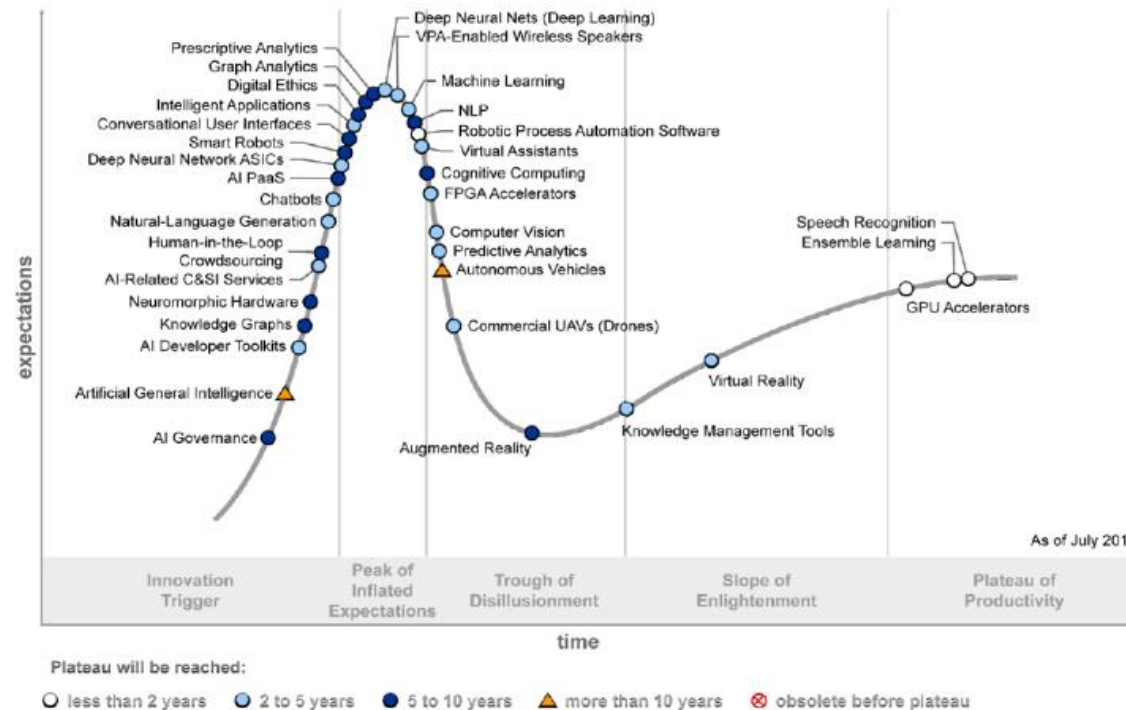
## Health Framework



Endogenous factors when considering single healthcare institution

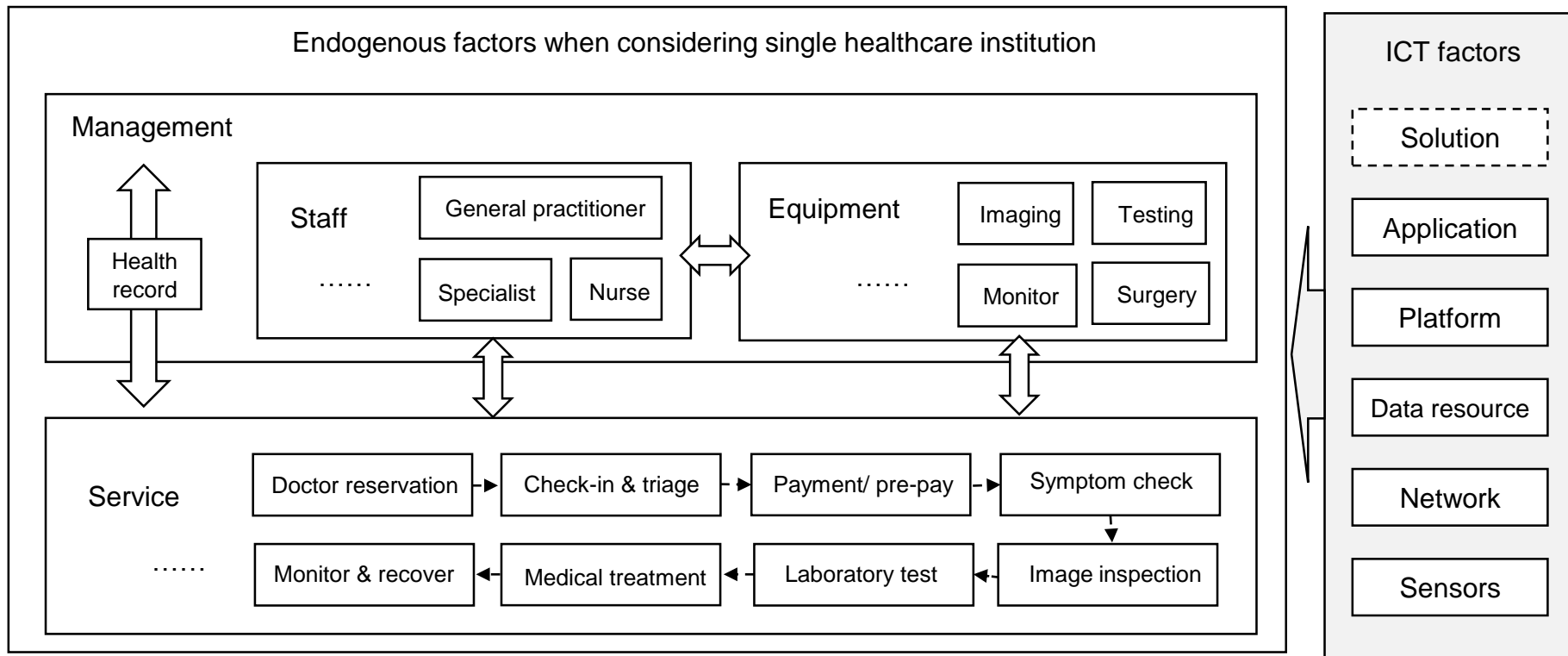
## ICT Penetration

- Arrival of the fourth industrial revolution
  - Fifth generation (5G) communications
  - Machine-to-machine (M2M) communications
  - Cloud computing
  - Internet of things (IoT)
  - Big data
  - AI and machine learning (ML)
  - etc.



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## Digital health framework





## Development Track

### Key mode:

- Start from: 1960s
- Digitization of data;

### Landmark event:

- hospital information system (HIS)
- management information system (MIS)



### Stage 1: Institutional informationization

### Key mode:

- Start from: late 1980s
- Community network

### Landmark event :

- electronic health records (EHR)
- nationwide health information network



### Stage 2: Regional informationization

### Key mode:

- Big data
- Computing platforms
- Personalized applications

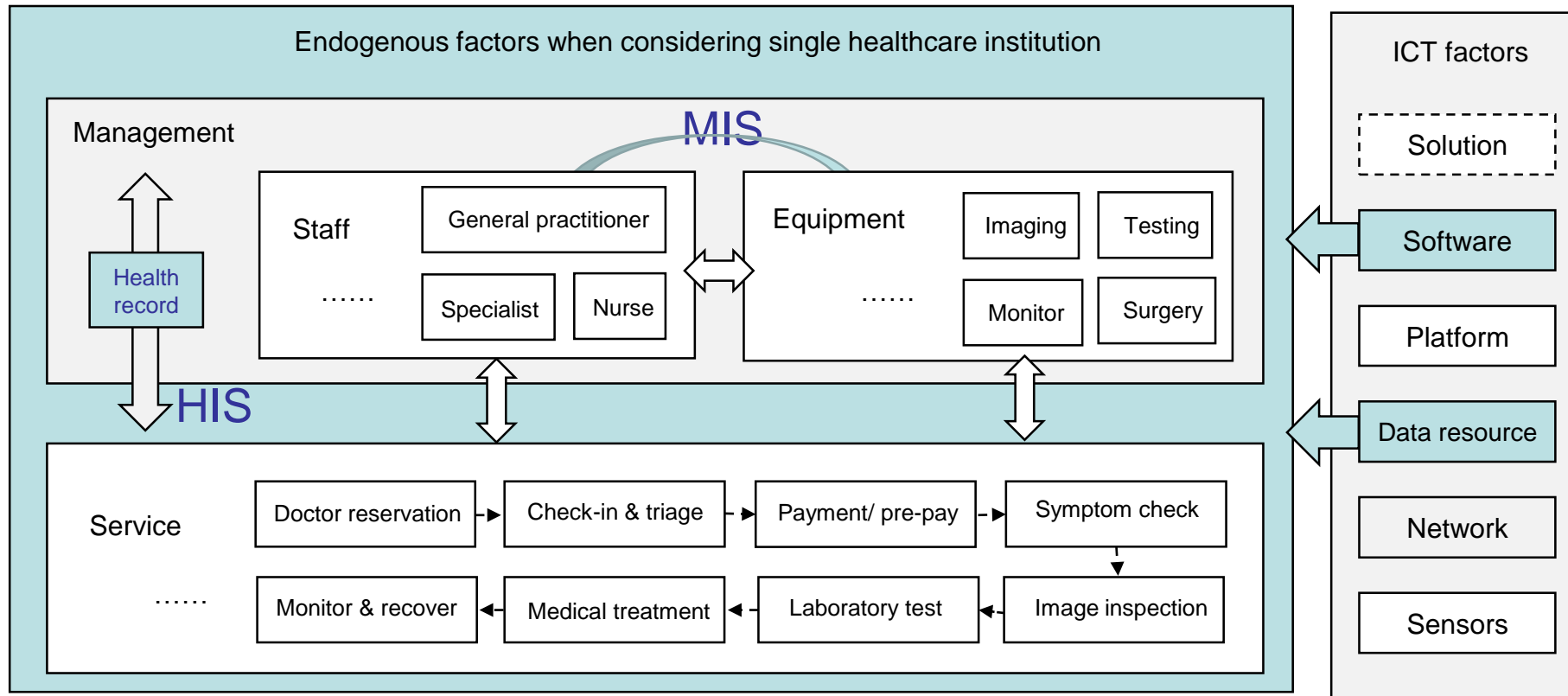
### Landmark event :

- AI/ML
- Auxiliary diagnosis
- IBM Watson
- DeepMind

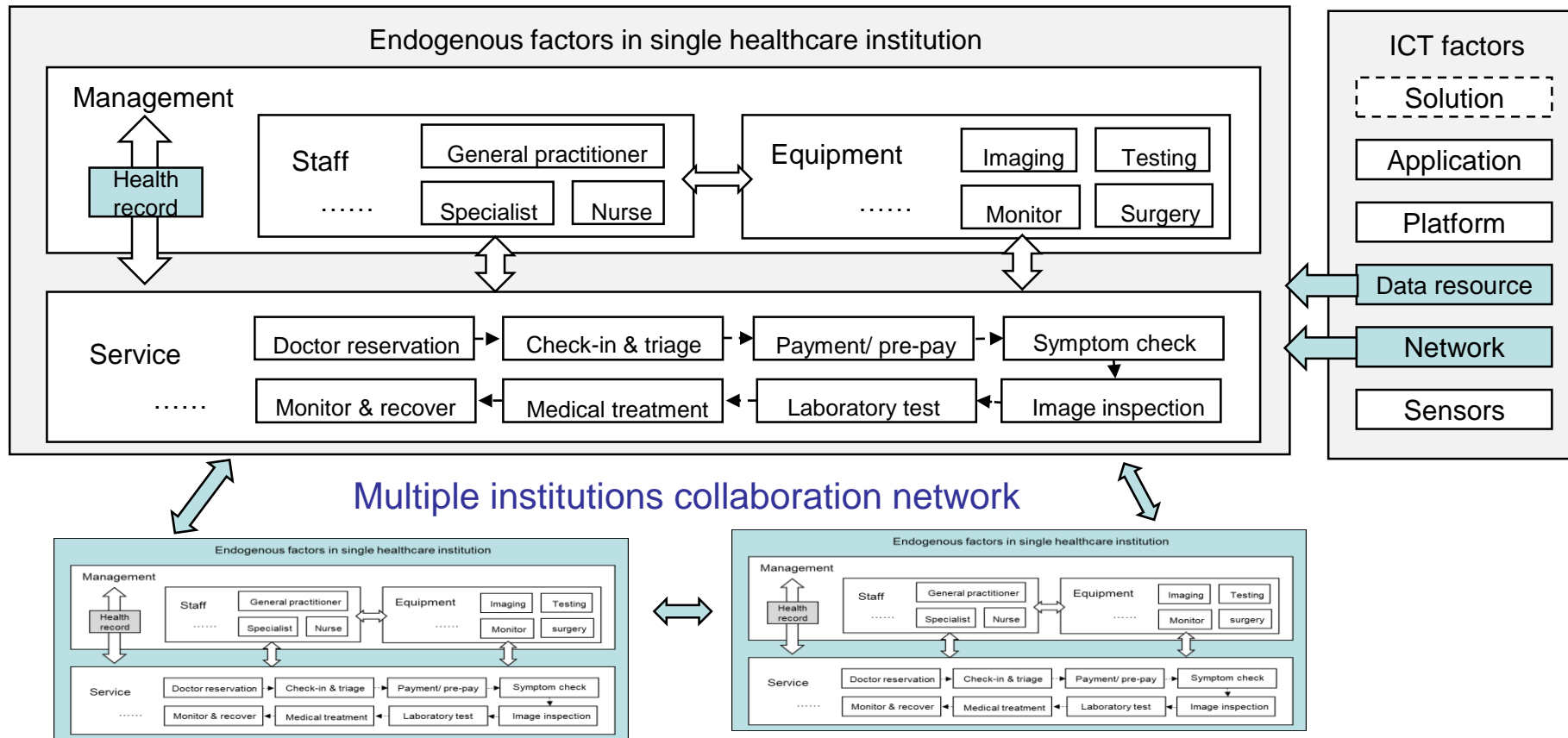


### Stage 3: Service intelligentization

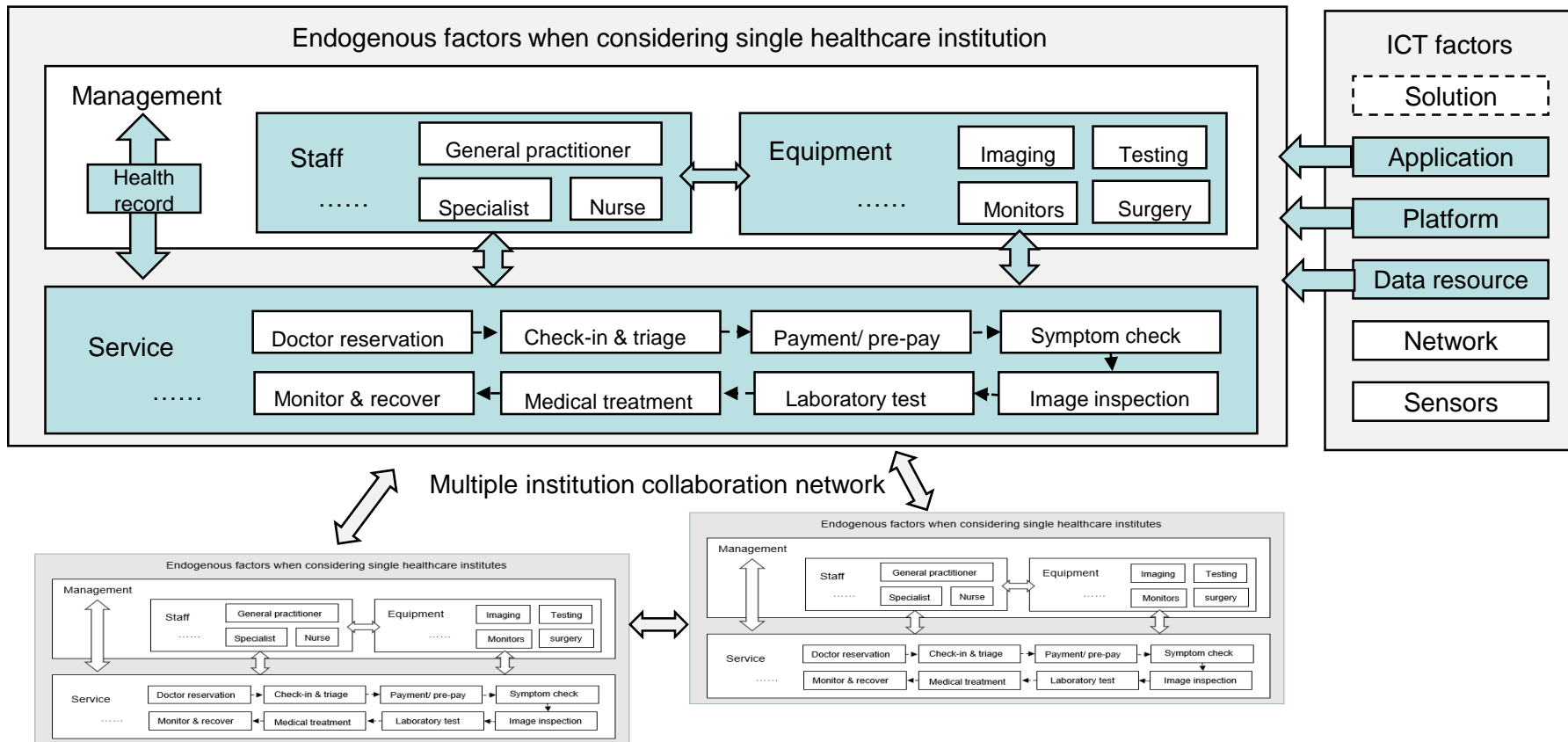
# Stage 1: Institutional informationization



## Stage 2: Regional informationization



## Stage 3: Service intelligentization



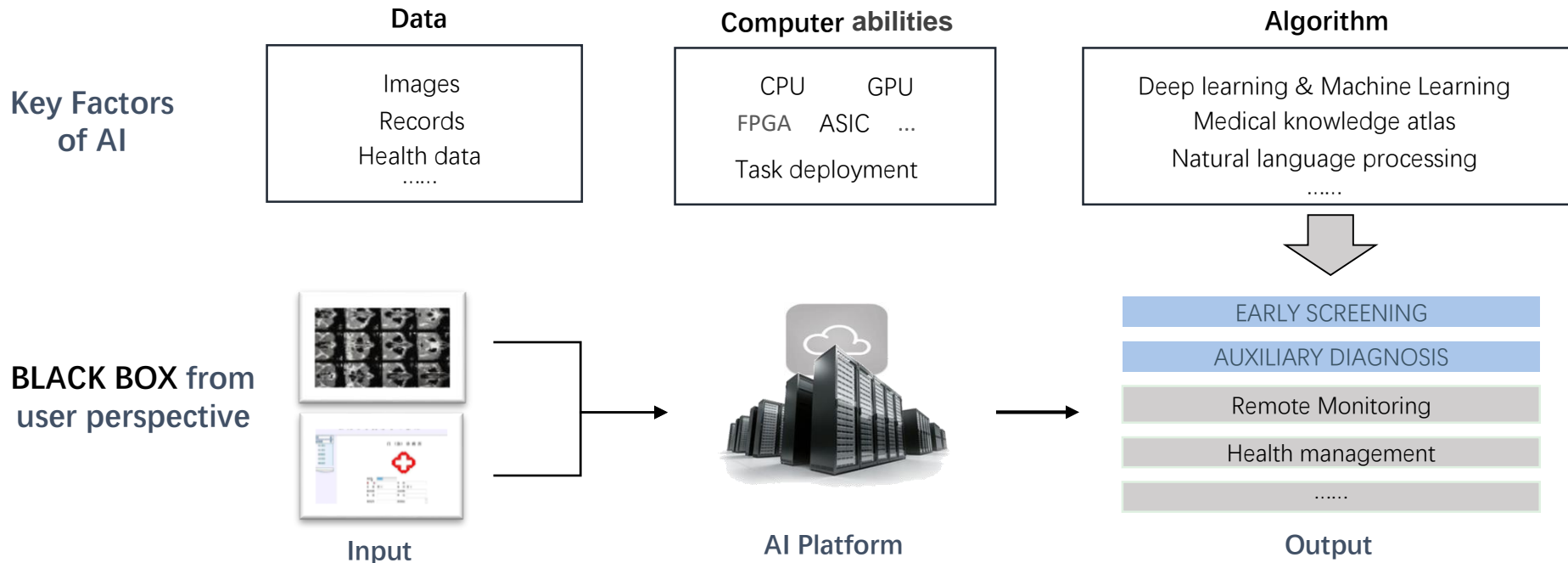


## AI ERA is coming...

- Following the track of service intelligentization, AI is one of the most significant trends in ICT.
- Frequent and intensive national strategies on AI also have their priority on the development of AI for health.
- The following sections extract the interaction of AI on digital health separately from the stage 3 and discuss the preparation.

Country	Policy	Release
US	Preparing for the Future of Artificial Intelligence	2016.10
	The National Artificial Intelligence Research and Development Strategic Plan	2016.10
	Artificial Intelligence, Automation and the Economy	2016.12
	Artificial Intelligence and National Security	2018.07
	Executive Order on Maintaining American Leadership in Artificial Intelligence	2019.02
	The National Artificial Intelligence Research and Development Strategic Plan:2019 Update	2019.06
EU	Artificial Intelligence for Europe	2018.04
	Declaration of Cooperation on Artificial Intelligence	2018.04
	European Coordinated Plan on Artificial Intelligence	2019.2
UK	Artificial intelligence: opportunities and implications for the future of decision making	2016..11
	Growing the Artificial Intelligence Industry in UK	2017.10
	AI in the UK_ ready, willing and able ?	2018.04
	Industrial Strategy: Artificial Intelligence Sector Deal	2018.04
China	A new generation of artificial intelligence development planning	2017.07
Japan	Next generation artificial intelligence promotion strategy	2016.7
	Artificial intelligence technology strategy	2018.6

## AI FOR HEALTH



# DATA: Comprehensive description

- **Horizontal expansion**
  - Full coverage of a life cycle
  - Keen perception of sensors
  - Strong analytical ability of AI
  - **Active health:** from “treat diseases” to “prevent diseases”, alleviating the gap between supply & demand
- **Vertical expansion**
  - Deep description of life
  - From the individual level, anatomical level, tissue, metabolism, to protein, genetic aspects.
  - **Precision medicine:** genome sequencing technology & cross-application of big data.

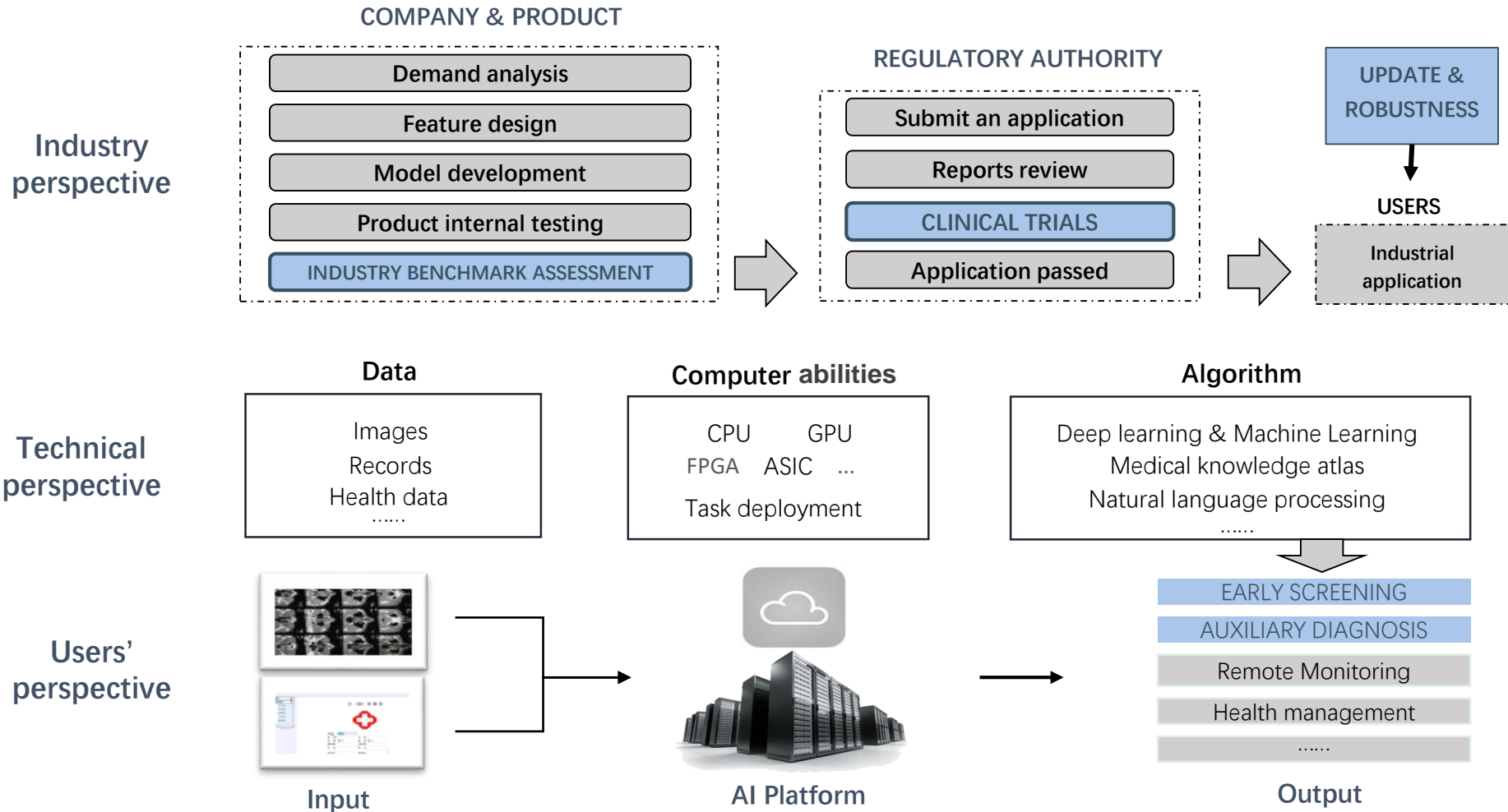
# COMPUTING ABILITIES: Customized

- **Processors**
  - Central processing unit (CPU)
  - Graphics processing unit (GPU)
  - Field-programmable gate array (FPGA)
  - Application specific integrated circuit (ASIC) : **will be the largest by 2025**
- **Network architecture**
  - Combination of cloud and edge computing to support flexible requirements.
  - **Cloud:** pay-per-use, on-demand access, training task
  - **Edge:** adaptive to application scenarios, inference tasks



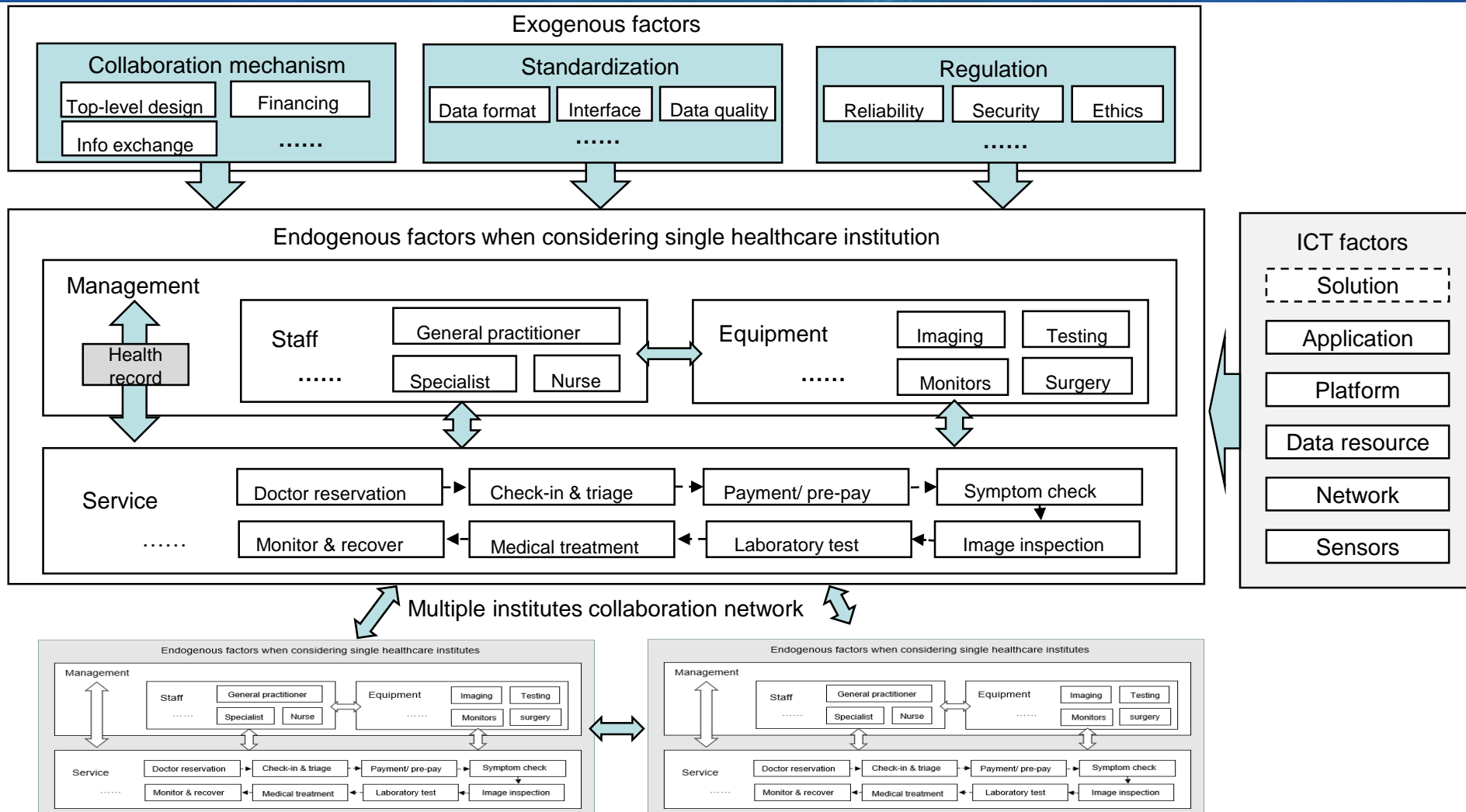
# ALGORITHM: integrated with health process

- **Service integration**
  - reservation, triage, payment, symptom check, image inspection, laboratory test, medical treatment, monitoring.
    - AI Virtual assistant
    - Medical imaging aided diagnosis
    - Clinical decision support system (CDSS)
- **Management integration**
  - Effective control of staff and equipment inside the institution
    - Staff management: performance appraisal & auxiliary talent training, etc.
    - Equipment & drug operation: IoT sensors and AI analysis on equipment failures; drug mining and drug optimization.



# CORRESPONDING PREPARATION

- **Collaboration mechanism:** Expertise from the health and AI community are of great importance to promote this cross-domain task.
  - Top-level design, Information exchange, Financing...
- **Standardization:** act as an accelerator for integration innovation under the overview control of the collaboration mechanism.
  - Data format and interface; Data quality and evaluation methods...
- **Regulation:** define the bottom line of the industry and maintain its legality.
  - Reliability, Security, Ethics ...





## CONCLUSION

“What are we talking about when we talk about **ICT for health?** ”

- Key Concept: Clear its core position for “Digital health”
- **Framework:** draft of digital health framework and corresponding factors
- **Interaction** between health and ICT factors : through different stages
- Towards AI for health era: Supplement for exogenous factors

# ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

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Thank you