



Predictive Analytics for QoS/QoE measurements

August 20th 2019



agenda

- What is Omnitele
- Predictive analytics for quality measurement data
- Market use cases:
 1. Drive-test benchmark
 2. Crowdsourced measurements
- Value to operator
- How is it done

omnitele

Network Transformation Consultancy
and Professional Services

Based in Finland

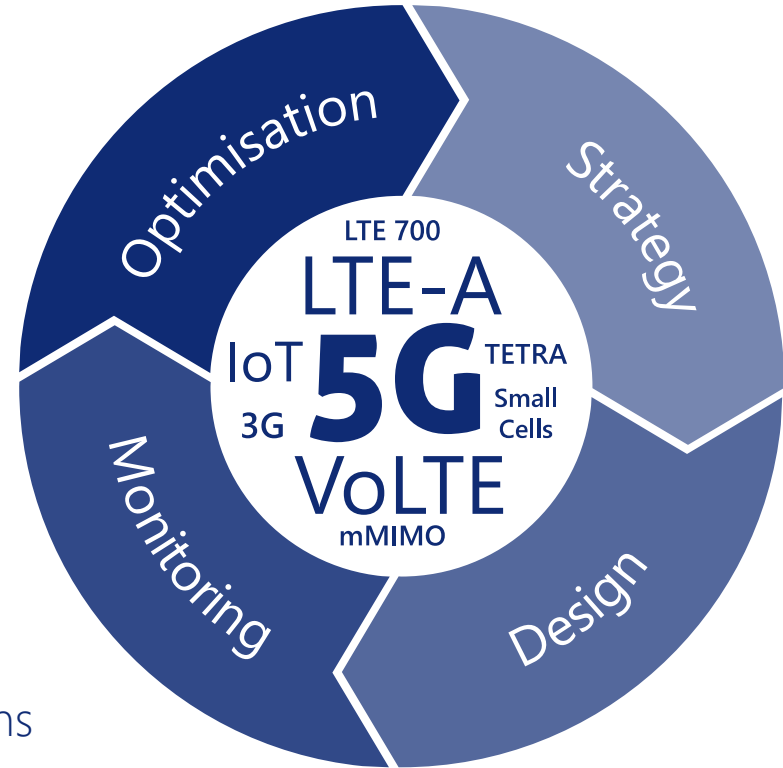
35+ experienced consultants

30 years of history

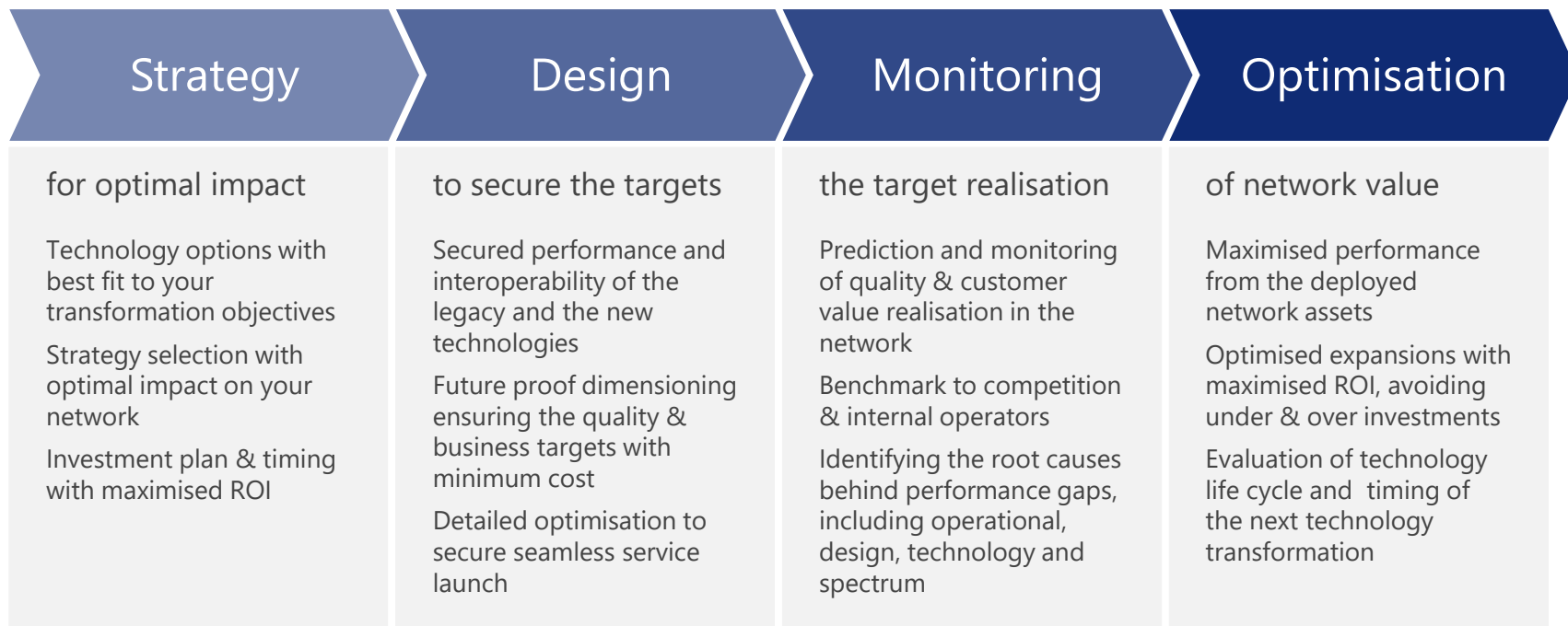
1000+ projects in 80+ countries

Independent from vendors & operators

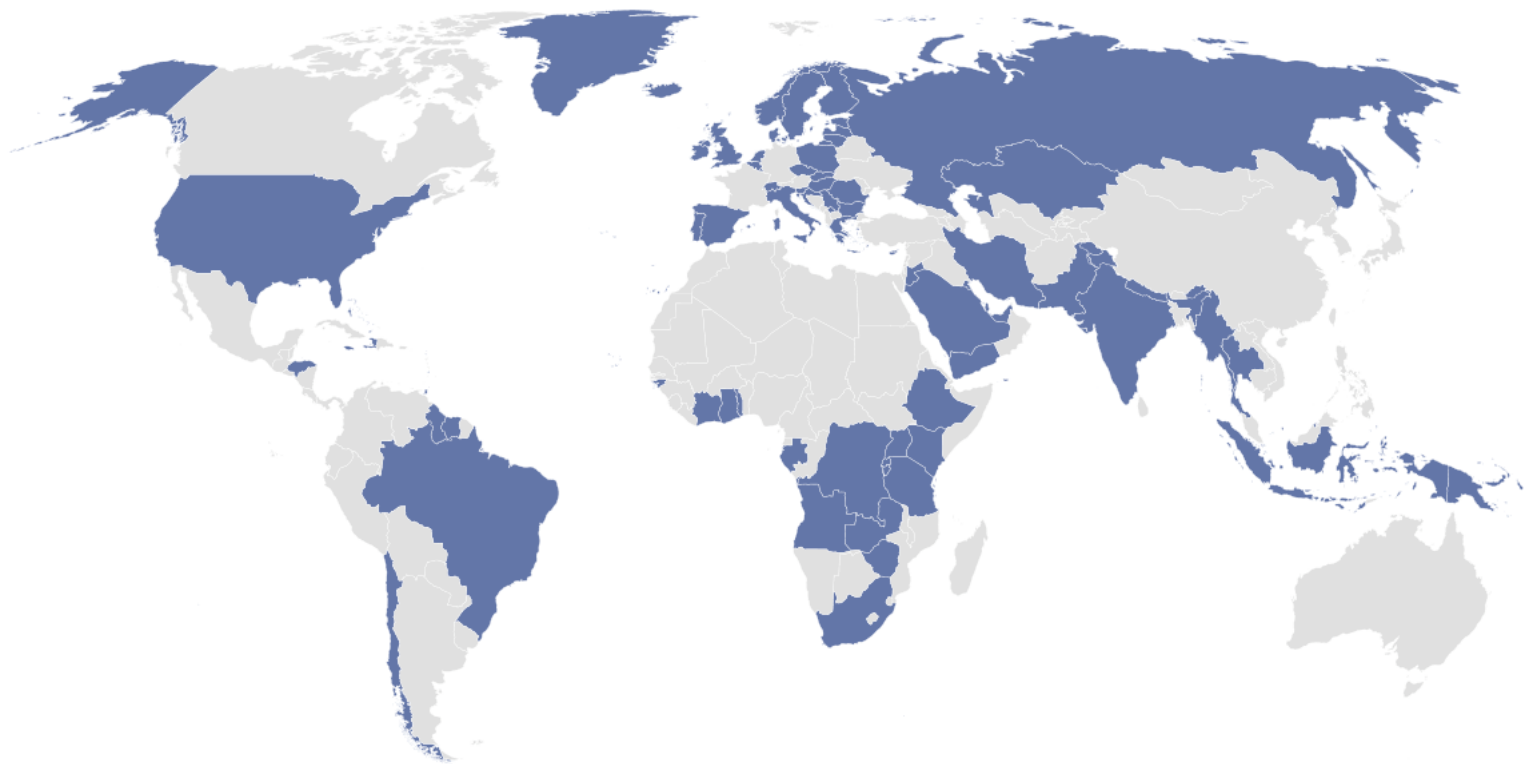
Consultancy services & customised solutions



Omnitele Services Portfolio



Omnitele Projects Footprint



OMNITELE PREDICTIVE ANALYTICS

OUR VISION

Any measurement data can be developed for higher value than their original use

Notable value can be gained for both strategic & operational network management



Field-tests



Crowdsourced



OSS/PM



From quality monitoring to..

- ..Design optimisation & Opex saving
- ..Strategy optimisation & Capex saving

Operational targets

Quantifies the reasons behind operator quality gaps

Predicts the achievable improvement from focused actions

Prioritises the actions to secure quality leadership

...results in 30-60% Opex saving in network optimisation

Strategic targets

Quantifies the relevance of **different technology strategies**

Predicts **impact of LTE expansions & 5G rollout**

Prioritises RAN **investments for maximised return**

...results in 20-40% Capex saving in meeting the quality targets

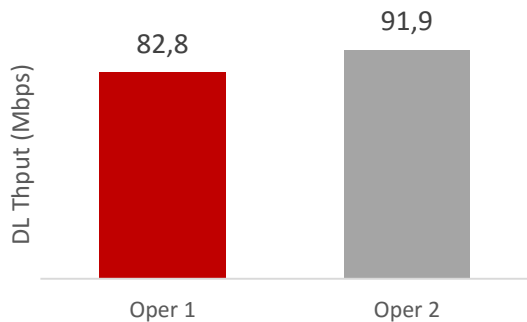
OPERATOR USE-CASE 1:

PREDICTIVE ANALYTICS FOR DRIVE-TEST BENCHMARK

Starting point

- The operator has the goal to be quality leader in the market
- They have recently invested to additional LTE spectrum & 3-CC
- The operator was expecting the leading position in network benchmark
- Omnitele was hired to verify the status with drive-test benchmark, focusing on available downlink data-speed & key applications
- Omnitele methodology included predictive analytics to quantify root-causes & optimal action plan for the follow-up optimisation

Why are we behind the competition?



Potential reasons..

Network strategy

- ...Spectrum
- ...Capacity
- ...Features

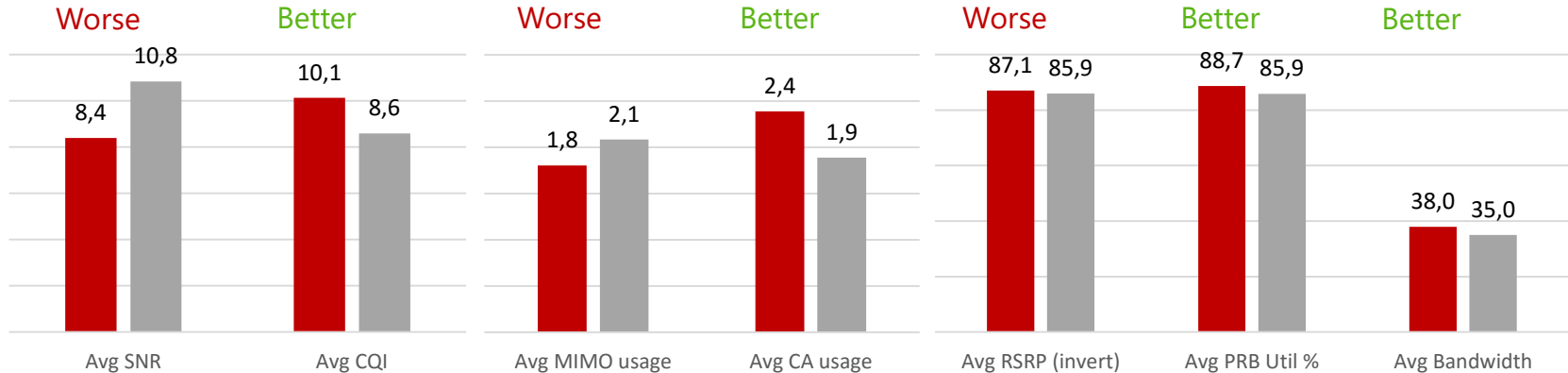
Network planning

- ...Coverage
- ...Cell dominance
- ...Traffic steering

KPIs give an indication ..maybe

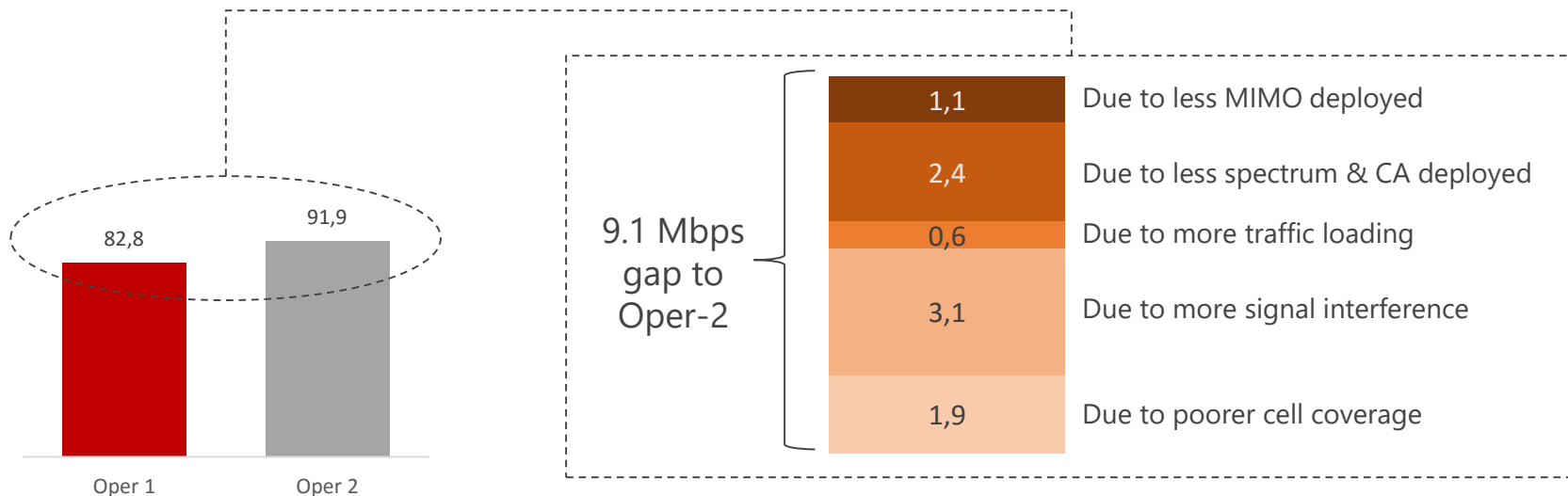
Despite clearly lower throughput, many of the KPIs are better for Oper-1

Looking at the KPIs, it is not clear where the gap comes from



What predictive analytics tells

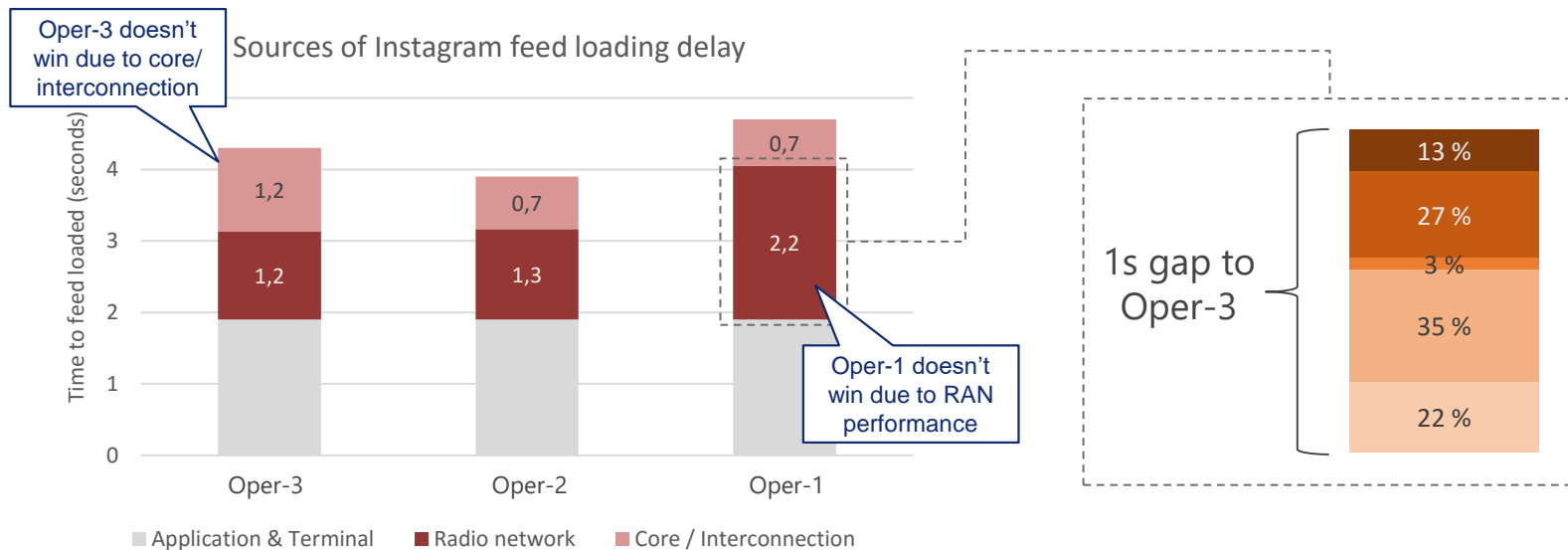
Quantifies the impact of strategic & operational differences



Despite Oper-1 has higher spectrum & CA utilisation on average, those are still major contributors to the lower overall Thput

What predictive analytics tells

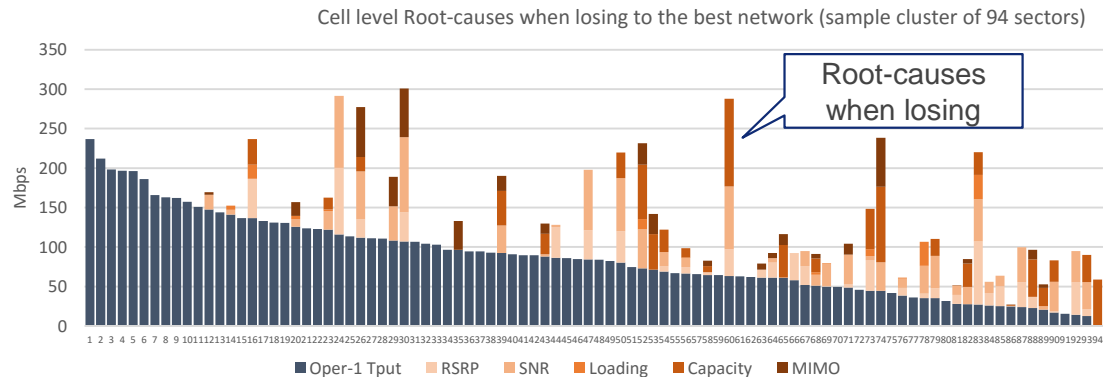
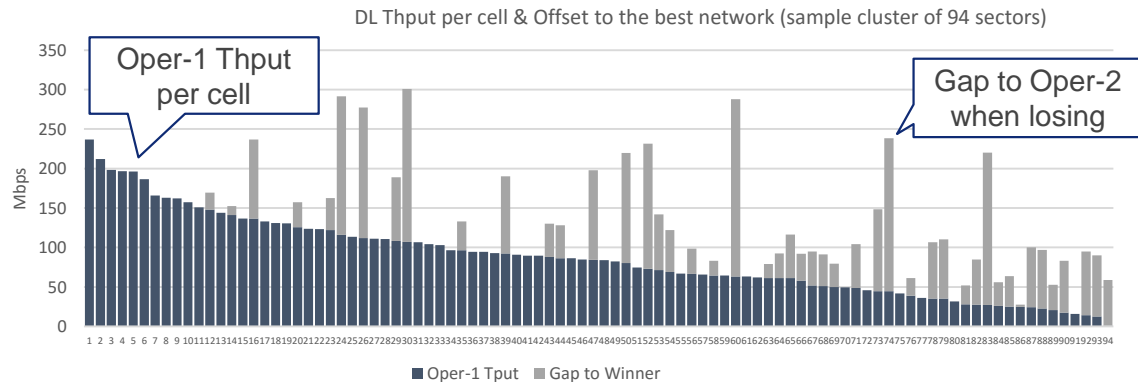
Quantifies sources of application experience KQIs



Cell level root-causes for quality gaps

Splitting measurements to cell & sectors enables detailed root-cause analysis

Prediction models quantify how much individual KPI-gaps contribute to the throughput in the cell

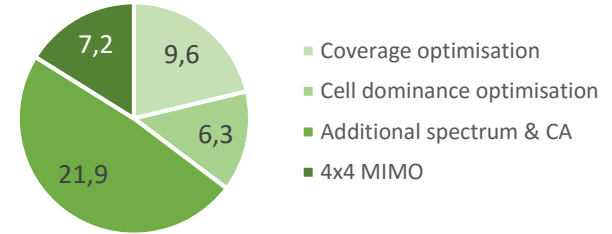


Improvement from optimisation

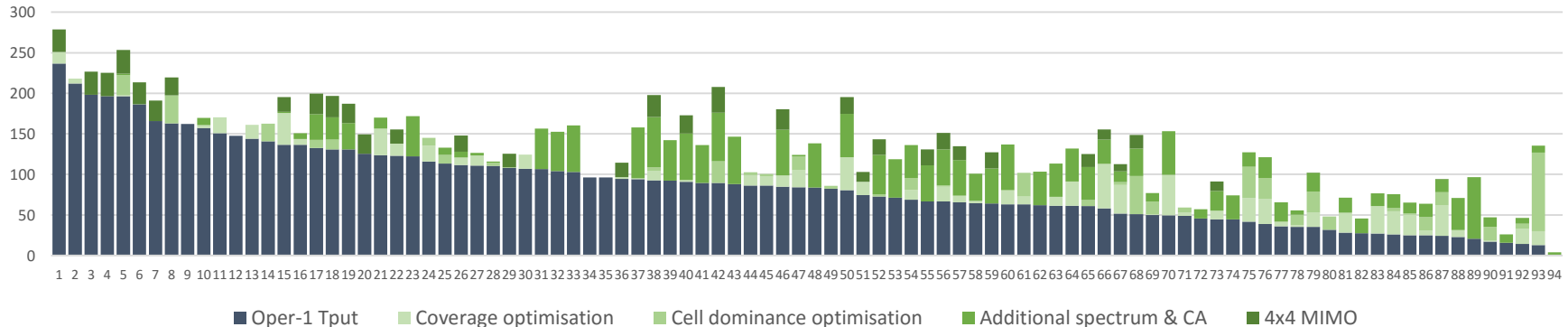
Total ~45Mbps improvement potential quantified from different optimisation actions

Not feasible to execute all actions at once, but the quantified potential is the key to effective & efficient optimisation

45Mbps achievable improvement



DL Thput per cell & Predicted improvement potential



Prioritised actions to win the benchmark

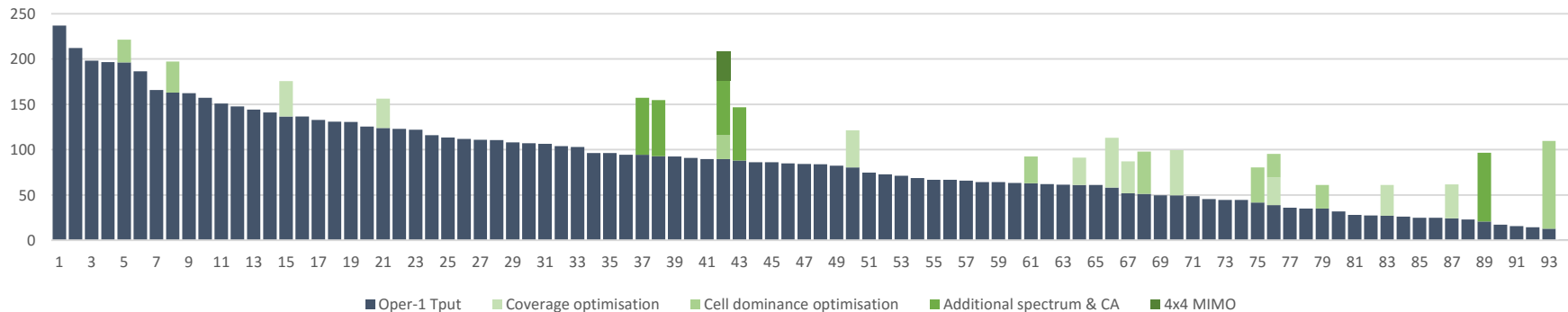
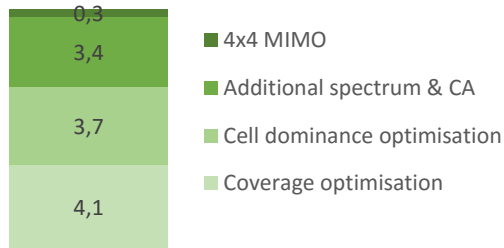
Actions needed to win benchmark in a sample cluster

25 focused optimisation actions are expected to turn Operator-1 into benchmark winner in the sample cluster

Actions are prioritised by the expected Thput improvement & the cost-efficiency of different actions (Opex & Capex)

Prioritised actions to win Thput benchmark in the cluster

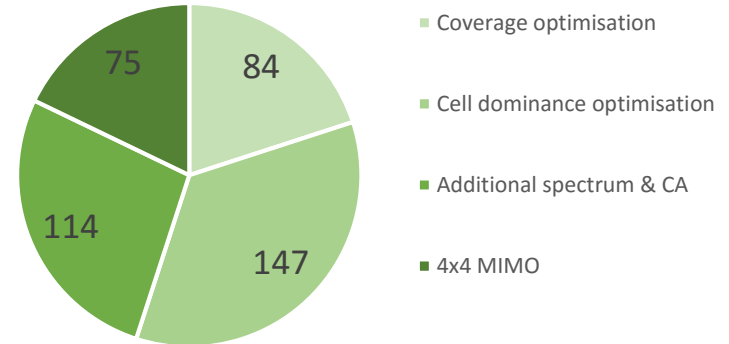
11.5Mbps improvement



Project outcome

- Total 420 optimisation & expansion actions network wide
- +11Mbps DL throughput improvement targeted in network level
- Each planner has prioritised list of actions to execution
- Optimisation campaign schedule cut from 5 months to 3 months
- Optimisation budget cut by 45%

Network wide optimisation plan
(# of sectors with different actions)



COMPARISON TO DIRECT KPI ANALYSIS (Traditional method)

40-60% less Opex in optimisation

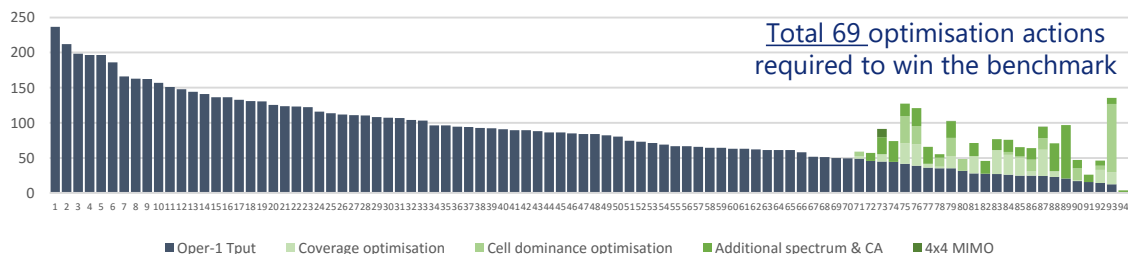
To win the benchmark

Traditional optimisation focuses on cells with the lowest KPIs

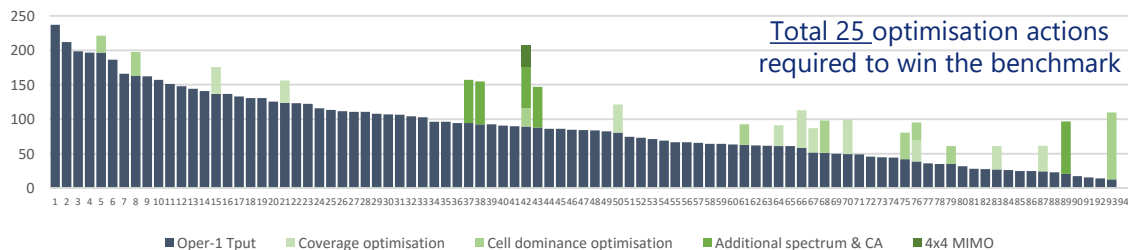
This can steer the efforts into actions that are not always effective

With predictive analytics driven optimisation the achieved Opex saving is in range of 40-60%

Optimisation prioritization **by worst KPIs**



Optimisation prioritization **by predictive analytics**



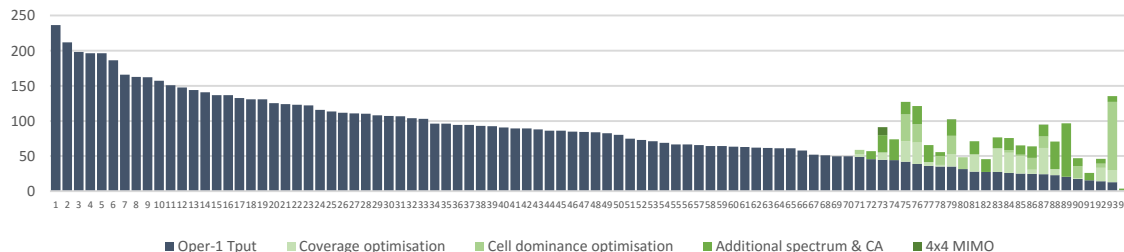
40-60% less Opex in optimisation

To minimise low-throughput sectors

69 optimisation actions

→ 92% of sectors > 50Mbps

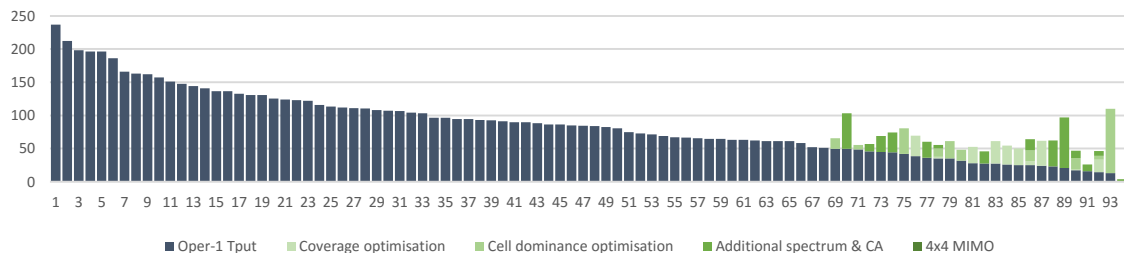
Optimisation prioritization by worst KPIs



31 optimisation actions

→ 94% of sectors > 50Mbps

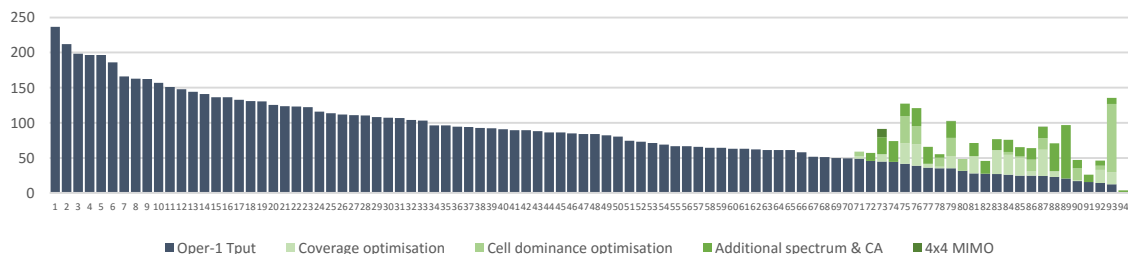
Optimisation prioritization by predictive analytics



100% more quality improvement with the same amount of Opex

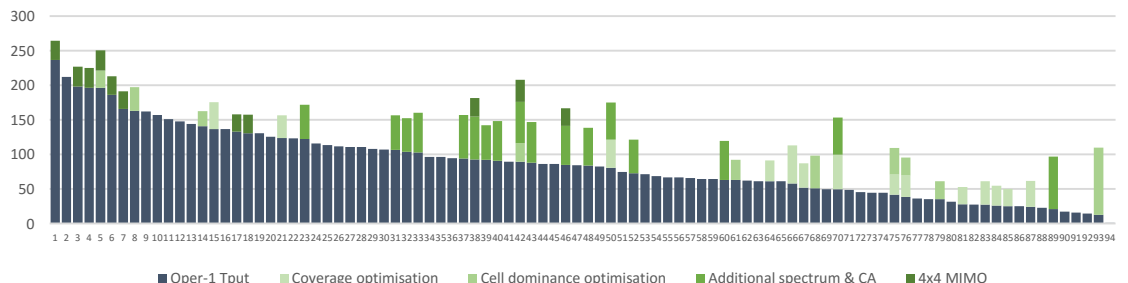
69 optimisation actions
+11Mbps avg sector Thput

Optimisation prioritization by worst KPIs



67 optimisation actions
+22Mbps avg sector Thput

Optimisation prioritization by predictive analytics



OPERATOR USE-CASE 2:

PREDICTIVE ANALYTICS FOR CROWDSOURCED MEASUREMENTS

Difference to Drive-test analytics

Drive-test data

Cell-level conclusions

Detailed root-causes

Route coverage

Periodical results

Crowdsourced data

City-level conclusions

High-level root-causes

Country-wide coverage

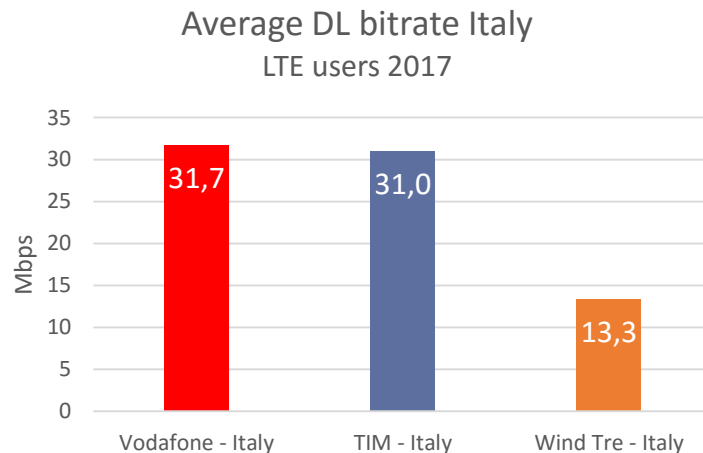
Continuous results

4GMark crowdsourced data benchmark

Case Italy

DL data speed benchmark shows that Vodafone & TIM are almost in par with the network performance, TIM slightly trailing behind Vodafone

In 2017 Wind & Tre networks & spectrum were still partly separated, which indicates the reason for the big gap against the two other operators



The samples are avg throughputs of individual users from 4GMARK measurement data base. 4GMARK database includes measurements from total 12500 subscribers in Italy

Root-causes for operator gaps

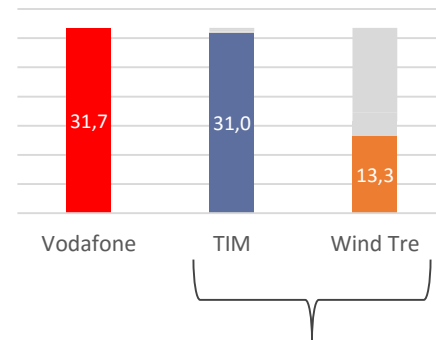
Case Italy

Predictive analytics on the measured network KPIs reveals how much the DL speed gaps are caused by different network limitations

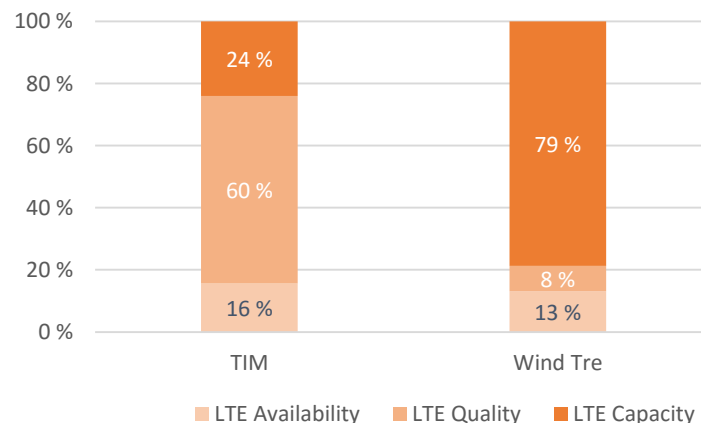
Wind Tre gap to Vodafone is almost fully explained by the LTE capacity, i.e. the narrower band for the high-band LTE

TIM's small gap to Vodafone is mostly explained by the lower LTE signal quality, which is the usually the most common root-cause, when networks are otherwise similarly dimensioned

LTE availability explains only small part of the differences, as the overall coverage is relatively good for all operators, and concentrated in the same areas



Root-causes to gap against Vodafone



Root-causes for low data speeds

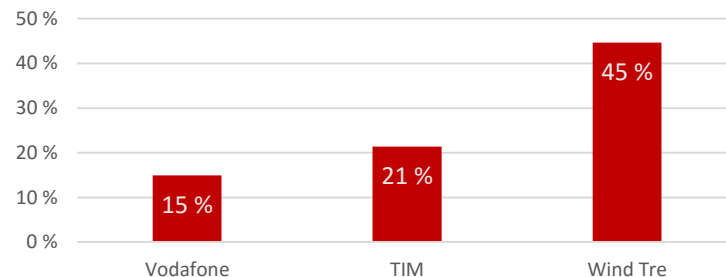
Case Italy

Root-causes can be also quantified for low QoE samples, i.e. "what is causing the DL speeds to be below critical threshold?"

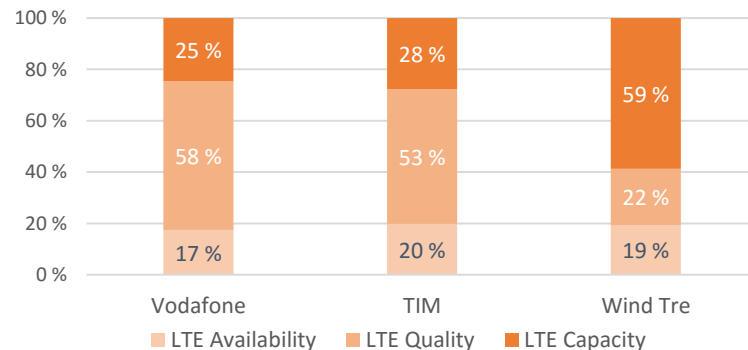
Wind Tre has lot of low DL speeds, they are mostly due to low LTE spectrum capacity.

Both Vodafone & TIM low DL speeds are mostly caused by low signal quality, which the dominant reason in any LTE network that have the "standard" LTE spectrum capacity.

DL speeds below 10Mbps



Root-causes for DL speeds below 10Mbps

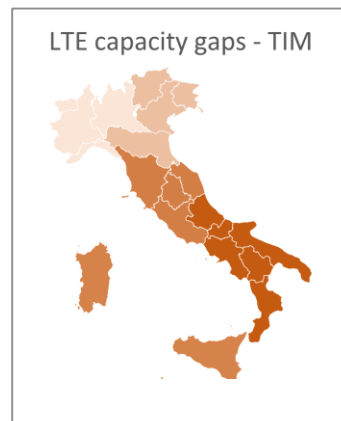
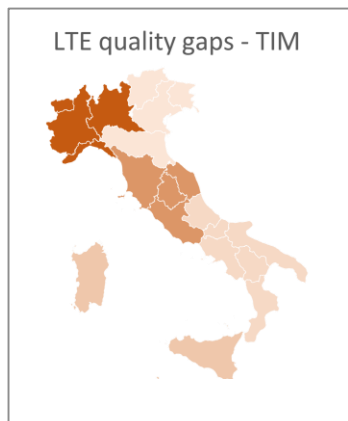
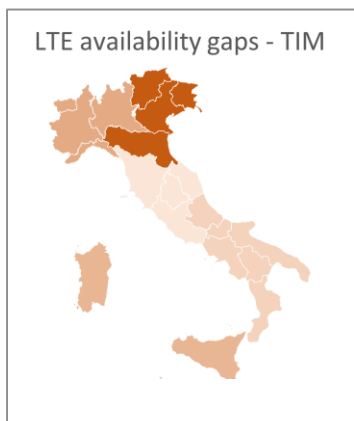


Root-causes for low data speeds

Case Italy

Root-causes can be analysed reliably in cluster, city, or region level

Cluster & region level results can be used to target the right actions to right areas, and to predict the regional improvement from strategic network changes



CUSTOMER VALUE BENCHMARK

FROM QUALITY GAPS TO VALUE GAPS

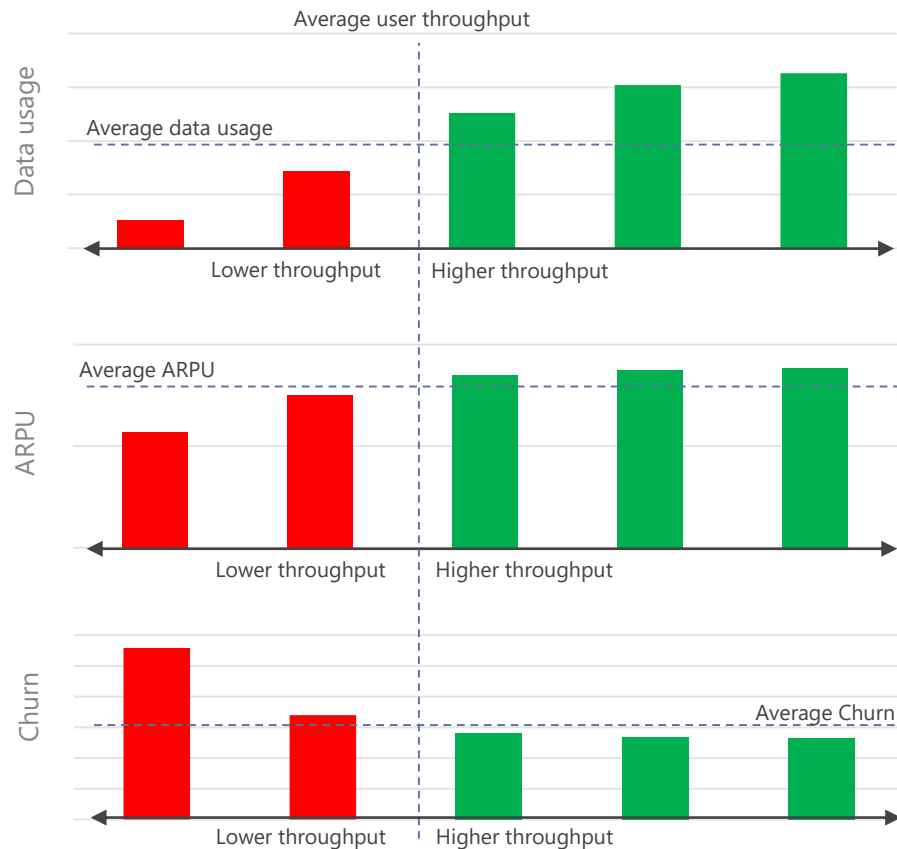
Customer value gap-analysis

Case Italy

In most markets subscribers behave in similar way when the quality deviates from the market average

Market & operator specific prediction models require additional information on

- Used data applications
- Avg data usage & churn
- Data ARPU tariffs & bundles
- Subscription types (Postpaid/prepaid)



Customer value gap-analysis

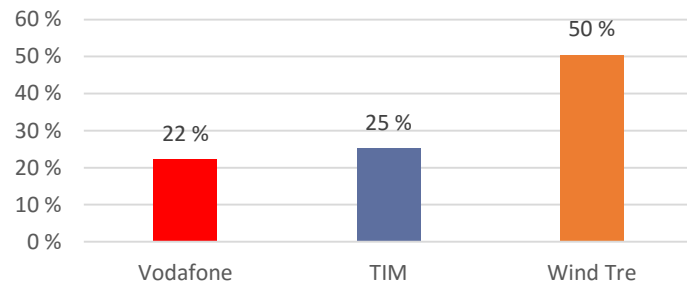
Case Italy

After combining the market & operator data with the crowdsourced data analytics, the impact of operator data quality gaps can be quantified also for customer business KPIs

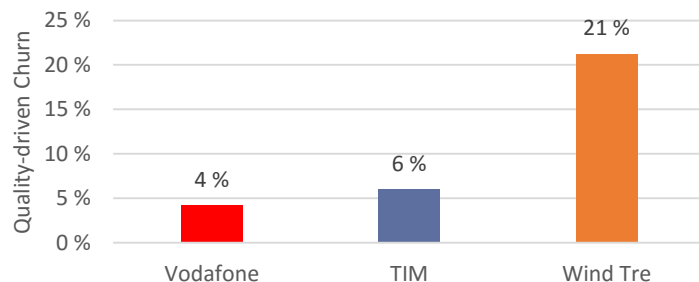
Data usage potential, i.e. how much more mobile subs would consume data if data speeds were sufficient for all used applications

QoS driven churn, i.e. What proportion of the total mobile customer churn is caused by poor data service experience

LTE Customer Data Usage Potential



QoS-driven Churn (% of total churn)



5G IMPACT ON THE RESULTS

PREDICTED IMPACT OF 5G ROLLOUT

Impact of 5G deployment on data speeds

Case Spain

As the network footprints have been modelled with the measurement data, also impact of different technology & spectrum expansion can be predicted.

Assumptions used to predict impact of 5G rollout:

- 5G will cover the biggest cities by 2021-2023
- Mid-band 5G spectrum (3.5GHz & 3.7GHz) is used as overlay on top of LTE
- Whole licensed spectrum will be used, according to status after 2019 auction
- LTE to 5G terminal & data migration:
 - 2021: 5% terminal & 22% data
 - 2023: 26% terminals & 50% data

Impact of 5G deployment on data speed results

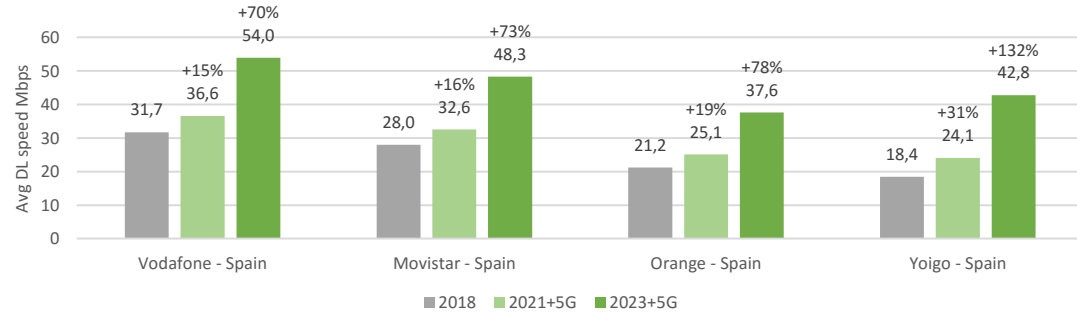
Case Spain

The leading operators VF & Movistar will not gain significant proportional gain from early 5G-rollout (+15%)

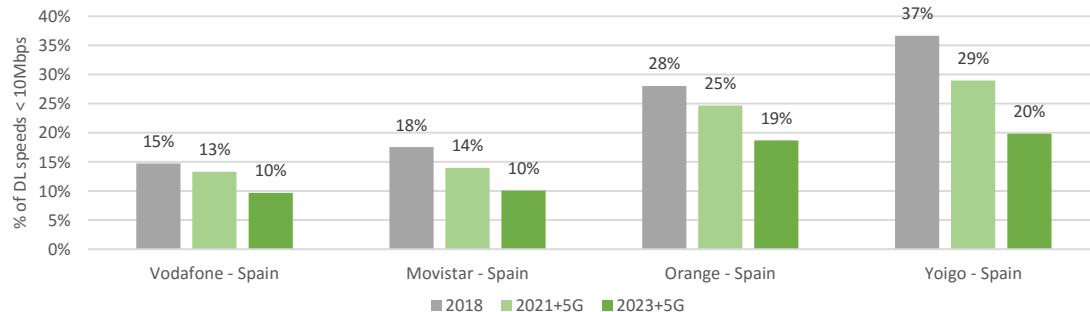
The challenging operators, especially Yoigo, could have opportunity to notably improve its position with an early 5G rollout (+31% in 2021)

5G migration will notably mitigate poor QoE (also in LTE), and can decrease the proportion of low throughputs by up to 50% by 2023

5G rollout impact on DL speeds
5G deployment in biggest cities @ 3.5GHz & 3.7GHz according to 2019 auction



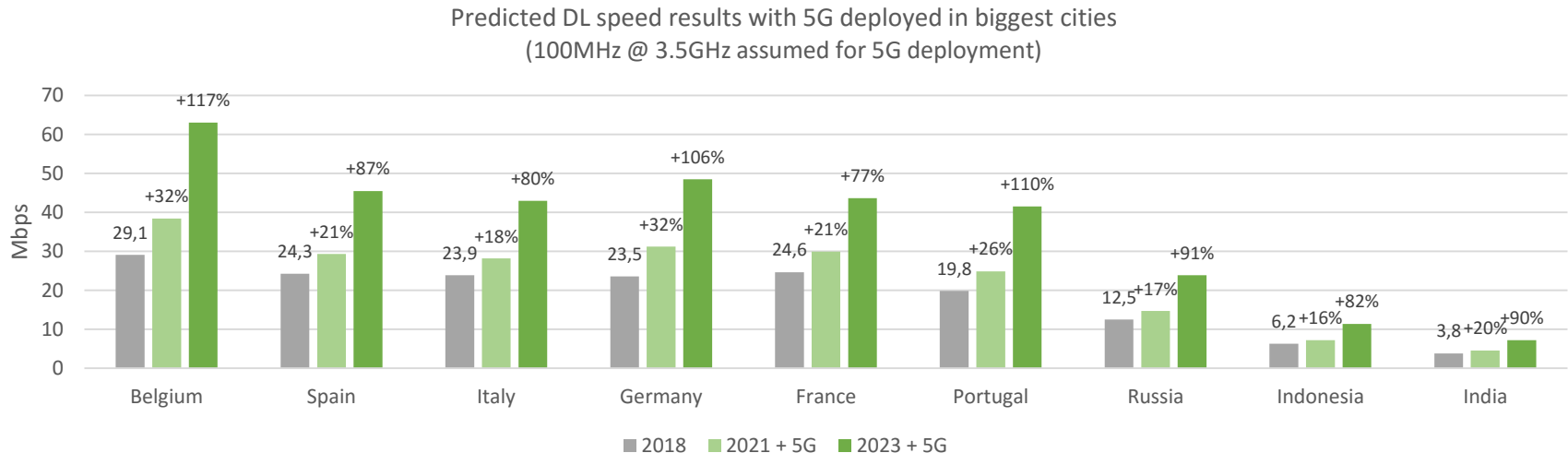
5G rollout impact on Low DL speeds
5G deployment in biggest cities @ 3.5GHz & 3.7GHz according to 2019 auction



Impact of 5G deployment on data speeds

Comparison of different markets

- 5G-impact on average speeds stays relatively moderate across all markets
- In European markets 5G impact on avg DL speeds is +20-30% by 2021
- In developing countries the impact will lower (15-20%) due to slower 5G terminal migration
- By 2023 the avg DL speeds would have roughly doubled, also in the developing countries



VALUE TO OPERATOR

Benefit to Optimisation team

KNOWLEDGE

Know the relevance of alternative network strategies
Know what is really behind the gaps against competition

FOCUS

Focus on the truly effective actions to close the gap
Avoid actions with low expected quality return

CONTROL

Set quantified targets for the improvements
Plan & control work through prioritised action list

Value to Operator

QUALITY 50-100% higher quality improvement with the same Opex

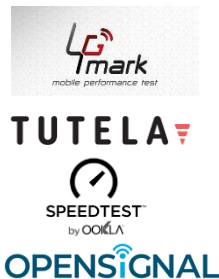
OPEX 30-60% saving in reaching the quality targets

CAPEX 20-40% saving in network expansions

TIME 30-40% faster execution of optimisation campaign

HOW IS IT DONE

Same model for any measurement data



1. Data parsing & slicing
2. KPI definitions
3. Prediction model customisation
4. Scenario predictions & results

~2 weeks execution time

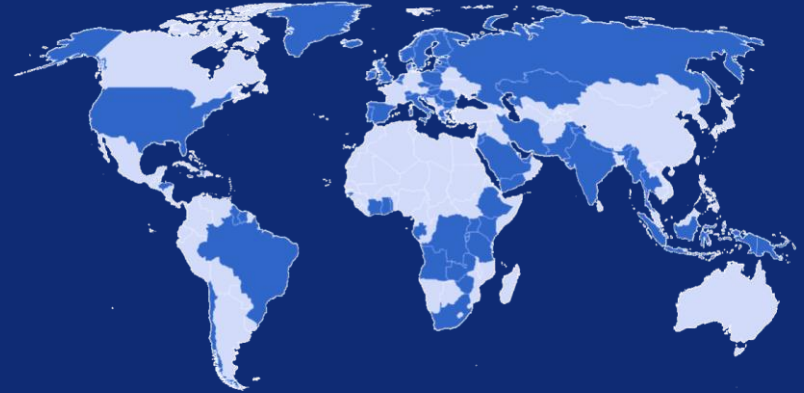
Omnitele Experience

300+ Benchmark
projects world wide

Leading methodology for
value adding analysis

Tailored scope, data,
& tooling by operator need

30 YEARS OF EXPERIENCE



1 000+ PROJECTS IN 80 COUNTRIES