REGIONAL STANDARDIZATION FORUM FOR BRIDGING THE STANDARDIZATION GAP (BSG) Hyatt Regency Trinidad, Port of Spain, Trinidad and Tobago, 6 March 2017



ITU-T Activities and Bridging the Standardization Gap (BSG) Programme

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BSG Programme, ITU

Introduction to ITU



Members:

- 193 Member States (Governments and regulatory bodies)
- Over 700 Private Sector (Sector Members and Associates)
- Over 90 Academia

UN specialized agency for ICTs
standards developing organization
unique public/private partnership





ITU's structure

Standardization (ITU-T) produces interoperable technical ICT standards



Radiocommunication (ITU-R) coordinates global wireless communication





TECHCICA





General Secretariat provides

coordination

for the whole organization



Development (ITU-D) provides assistance to the un-connected



Importance of Global Standards

- Drive competitiveness, for individual businesses and world economy
- Lower prices
- Reduce technical barriers
- **Foster interoperability**
- Manufacturers, network operators and consumers benefit





ITU-T structure

ITU-T structure: ITU-T Study Groups



•(2) Operational aspects •(3) Economic and policy issues •(5) Environment and climate change •(9) Broadband cable and TV •(11) Protocols and test specifications •(12) Performance, QoS and QoE •(13) Future networks (incl. cloud) •(15) Transport and access •(16) Multimedia •(17) Security •(20) IoT & Smart Cities





ITU Constitution

Functions and Structure of the Telecommunication Standardization Sector

Article 17 of the ITU Constitution refers explicitly to the "concerns of developing countries"





ITU Strategic Plan

PP Resolution 71 and the Strategic objectives of the ITU-T

BSG is a key strategic objective for ITU-T

In the ITU Strategic Plan 2016-2019 (Annex to Res. 71), the following is listed as one of the 5 overarching objectives of ITU-T :

 Promote the active participation of the membership, in particular developing countries, in the definition and adoption of non-discriminatory international standards (ITU-T Recommendations) with a view to bridging the standardization gap **T2**





Plenipotentiary Resolution 123 on BSG

Since 2002 there is a PP-resolution on Bridging the Standardization Gap

- PP-14 Resolution 123 (rev. Busan) resolves, *inter alia*, to instruct the Secretary General and the Directors of the 3 Bureaux to:
- to provide developing countries with assistance to enhance capacity building in the standardization field
- to identify ways and means to support the participation of representatives of developing countries in the meetings of the three Sectors of ITU and the dissemination of information on standardization
- to further collaborate with the relevant regional organizations and support their work in this area...

...

PP Res. 123



WTSA Resolution 44 (Rev. Hammamet, 2016)

WTSA and Bridging the Standardization Gap

Since 2004, we have a WTSA Resolution on BSG:



... that developing countries are still encountering multifarious <u>difficulties</u> in ensuring their <u>efficient</u> participation in the work of ITU-T, in particular engaging in and following up the work of the ITU-T study groups

Res. 44 includes (in its annex) an <u>Action Plan</u> to implement Resolution 123 of PP-14

NB: In the ITU-D, there is a Recommendation ITU-D 22 on "Bridging the standardization gap in association with regional groups of the study groups



What Resolution 44 contains:

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What Resolution 44 contains

- "Resolves", "Instructs" and an Action Plan
- Res. 44 contains a number of resolutions ("resolves") and instructions ("instructs") that are applicable to ITU-T Study Groups, TSAG and the TSB Director (in some cases in collaboration with other sectors)
- The Annex of Res. 44 includes Action plan an the implementation of for PP Res 123, containing 4 programmes



Developing guidelines to assist developing countries in their involvement in ITU-T activities, covering, but not limited to, ITU-T working methods, formulating draft Questions and making proposals.





BSG Action Plan from Resolution 44

The 4 Programmes outlined the BSG Action Plan







Implementing the Action Plan

The role of the BSG Implementation Group

Through Resolution 44,

- WTSA-16 *instructs* the TSB Director, in collaboration with the Directors of BDT and BR:
 - to continue *implementing the objectives of the action plan* annexed to this resolution;
 - to continue the activities of the <u>implementation group</u> established within TSB to organize, mobilize resources, coordinate efforts and monitor work related to this resolution and the associated action plan

WTSA-16 resolves :

 that the action plan annexed to this resolution, having the objective of bridging the standardization gap between developed and developing countries, should be continued and be reviewed on an <u>annual basis</u> to take into account the requirements of developing countries;



BSG and the ITU-T Value Proposition

Bridging the Gap for Global Reach



BSG Towards 2020: 5 Strategic Areas

Awareness, Engagement, Partnering, Know-how and Community



Action Plan: Examples of Activities

Taken from Resolution 44



academia and

organizations"

research/development

specificities and

necessities in the global

standard-making process*

interpretation and

translation of

documents

 "Guidelines to assist developing countries"

and innovation stimulation

programmes on BSG"

- "Webinars"
- "E-learning"

Key BSG @ ITU Activities 2013-2016

What the BSG Programme covers





Key BSG @ ITU Activities 2017-2020

What the BSG Programme covers









BSG: Measuring the impact

Key Performance indicators

Key Performance Indicators



	Key performance indicators (KPIs)	KPI Value	
1	Number of participants from developing countries in ITU-T Study Groups (Total number + range across all study groups in 2013 and 2016 - minimum % increase to maximum % increase)	Data not yet available (Automated data extraction tools under development)	
2	Number of contributions received from developing countries to Study Groups (Total number + range across all study groups in 2013 and 2016 – minimum % increase to maximum % increase)	Data not yet available (Automated data extraction tools under development)	
3	Number of RSFs, workshops and tutorials held in developing countries	55	
4	Number of participants in RSFs + workshops and tutorials held in developing countries over the four-year period between 2013 and 2016	821 in RSFs + 3381 in Workshops	
5	Number of hands-on SG trainings held for Study Group Meetings	8	
6	Number of participants attending hands-on SG trainings	177 (from 75 organizations and 35 countries)	
7	Number of detailed hands-on training feedback forms received and rate of satisfaction <i>(Net Promoter Score)</i>	95%	
8	Number of delegates certified in the A.1 e- learning course	175	
9	Number of Study Group, RevCom, TSAG Chairs and Vice-Chairs from developing countries	<u>SP 2009–2012</u>	<u>SP 2013–2016</u>
		3 Chairmen	5 Chairmen
	(difference between current and last study period)	45 Vice Chairmen 68 Vice Chairmen	68 Vice Chairmen
10	Number of SG Regional Group meetings	<u>SP 2009–2012</u>	<u>SP 2013–2016</u>
	(difference between current and last study period)	15 meetings	45 meetings



Information and Awareness: RSFs

Forums Around the World for Bridging the Standardization Gap

ITU-T Regional Standardization Forums for BSG

Meetings and Participants by Region (2013-2016)





Information: Tech Papers & Other Studies

Disseminating knowledge and information: Study Period 2013-2016

2014

 Impacts of M2M and Non-M2M Mobile Data

- Applications on Mobile Networks

- How to increase Quality of Service (QoS)/ Quality of Experience (QoE) of IP-based Platform

- Migration scenarios from legacy network to NGN in developing countries

- Telecommunications and Disaster Mitigation - Applications of wireless sensor networks in Next Generation Networks

- Multiple radio access technologies

- Accessible Digital Television – From Idea to Reality

- Mobility Management in ITU-T: Its Current Development and Next Steps Heading Towards Future Networks

- New challenges for Public-Key Infrastructure standardization

- IPTV Green book
- Green ICT Standards Roadmap

- Guide for NRAs on International Mobile Roaming Cost analysis

2015

- Security in telecommunications and information technology



Awareness & Engagement: Workshops

Workshops held in Developing Countries





Awareness & Engagement: Workshops

Participation in Workshops



Engagement: Remote Participation

Encouraging participation from those that cannot physically attend meetings





Engagement: Study Group Mentors

Over 70% of Study Groups have appointed Mentors in this Study Period





Engagement: Fellowships

Fellowships awarded to developing countries





Community: Regional Empowerment

Participation in Regional Groups (2013-2016)







National Standardization secretariat

Guidelines and Consultancy projects (2013-2016)

The <u>"Guidelines on the establishment of a</u> <u>National Standardization Secretariat (NSS) for</u> <u>ITU-T</u>" was developed in 2013 and published in 2014. It takes into account the different capability levels for standardization across the developing countries, showing how it is possible to establish an NSS at a basic level with very little new cost or resource requirements.



Guidelines on the Establishment of a National Standardization Secretariat for ITU-T Bridging the Standardization Gap

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TSB conducted a consultancy exercise for Zambia ICT Authority from November 2015 to March 2016 to <u>undertake an audit</u> of the current set up for ICT standardization activities and its national standardization secretariat and <u>make recommendations</u> on processes that could be enhanced in order to participate more effectively in ITU-t activities.



National Standardization secretariat

Guidelines and Consultancy projects (2013-2016)

TSB developed an e-learning course on the ITU-T Recommendation A.1, Working methods of ITU-T Study Groups in 2014.

The course comprises six modules:

- Standardization in ITU-T
- Managing the study groups
- Coordination
- Inputs to the study groups
- Outputs of the study groups
- Further infrastructure supporting the study group process

Some 353 persons have attempted the course and 175 persons have obtained the certificate.

Recommendation ITU-T A.1: Working Methods of ITU-T Study Groups





Know-How: Hands-on BSG & Role Play

Sessions were held between January and August 2016 (8 months) at ITU Headquarters as well as tailored sessions in Tunisia and India





Know-how: Feedback on BSG Sessions

Feedback received from delegates attending the Study Group BSG sessions in Geneva

66

"Until now, I have participated as audience. With this training, I am in a better standing than when I walked in here this morning and I plan to actively participate in future meetings"

"This training helped me understand my rights and **develop a strategy** for my contribution's success".

"Now I will communicate my ideas at an international level through contributions to SG meetings, thus being able to **better position my country** in order to reach our objectives".



"This is my second BSG session in 6 months. The first time I attended it was an **eye opener**!"

"I was confused and lost and I was not sure what I was supposed to do... Now I know why I am here".



A few words from our BSG Alumni

Hello Geneva: Why do standards matter?







BSG on the web

www.itu.int/go/bridging



BSG Home Awareness Know-How Community Engagement Partnering

Know-how: Developing the right skills

Taking into account the disparities in the ability of developing countries, relative to developed ones, to access, implement and influence international ITU-T standards, one of the core areas of the BSG programme is geared towards assisting developing countries in acquiring the right skills and capabilities for international standards-making. This page introduces our e-learning courses and primers, and provides information about our hands-on interactive training sessions and related events.

These are intended to help delegates from developing countries become familiar with how ITU-T Study Groups work and how to navigate the standards development process in order to reach their standardization objectives.





Bridging the Standardization Gap

Simply put

Simply put, greater awareness and know-how of the standardsmaking process among all participating members will :

Foster a more intelligent dialogue among peers and help move the standardization work forward at a suitable pace



Enhance the overall quality of standards worldwide and their acceptance across regions



Create a wealth of exchange and networking opportunities between informed decision-makers, policy-makers, partners and customers around the world



Extend the global reach and implementation of standards



Help businesses better inform product design and grow across both established and untapped markets







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