

CEIR/EIR: How Standards Become Real Change

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Our CEIR/EIR Platform Experience

Supplying EIRs from 2011 20+ successful installations 9 countries BTRC Bangladesh — CEIR, Proof-of-Concept, 2020





Advisory services for regulatory bodies of different countries.

ITU-T SG11 Associate member



Signaling requirements, protocols, test specifications and combating counterfeit products

Supplied CEIR platform: Uzbekistan



Experience with GSMA since 2006



CEIR/EIR services monetization examination

Supplying EIRs:



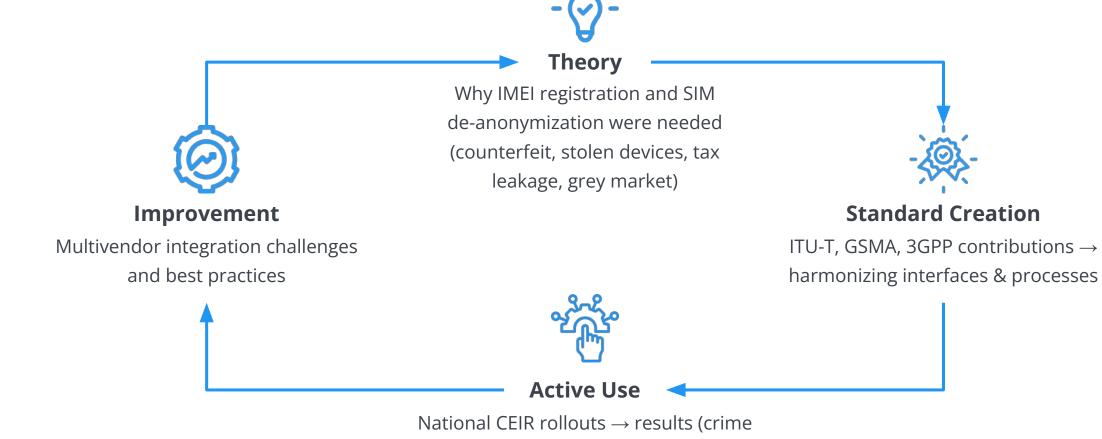
Including EIRs customized according to the communications regulators' requirements in Moldova, Tajikistan, Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan, Afghanistan



What do we know about IMEI registration systems?

It's not just a technical project, it's about reducing crime, protecting citizens, and enabling digital economies

The journey of CEIR / EIR (IMEI registration):



reduction, market transparency)

The journey of Uzbekistan

37+ mln

Population

32+ mln

Number of mobile subscribers

Local operators

Ucell

Beeline



mobiuz Humans



Objectives of CEIR Implementation:

- Decrease of the share of illegal device imports (which amounted to over 98% in 2018)
- Increase in state budget revenues (estimated potential losses - up to 85 million USD per year)
- Combating crime related to mobile devices
- Ensuring national security

Socio-Economical Impact



Security

Reduced mobile-related crime, safer digital identify



Tax and transparency

Simplified collection, reduced leakage, fairer competition



Affordability and Access

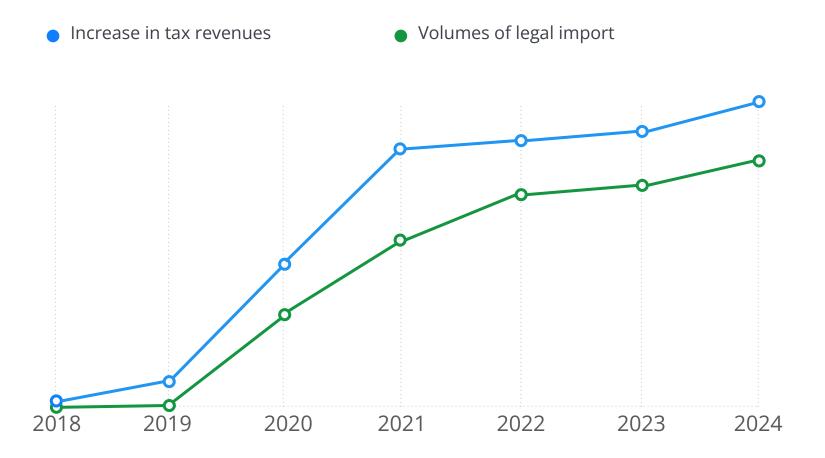
Devices becomes more affordable, services more advanced and personalized



Digital Economy

Easier onboarding for businesses and citizens, faster digital transformation

Results of CEIR implementation



x 100 increased tax revenues

x 70

increased volumes of legal imports of mobile devices

The challenge

When implementing the CEIR type of projects at a national scale, it is often necessary to integrate various systems of multiple vendors. The cycle of approvals for each interface with each of the vendors can take a significant amount of time and labor costs.

Let's briefly list what integrations you may need



The challenge:

Interaction with numerous stakeholders and IT systems

These integrations are unpredictable and are often the most difficult part of the project, as these organizations usually do not deal with new integrations as often and only sometimes have a team to develop IT solutions



Government financial agencies

(tax office, ministry of finances)



Telecom regulator



Law enforcement authorities



Local manufacturers



Importers



Vendors, white retail



Payment systems



MNOs



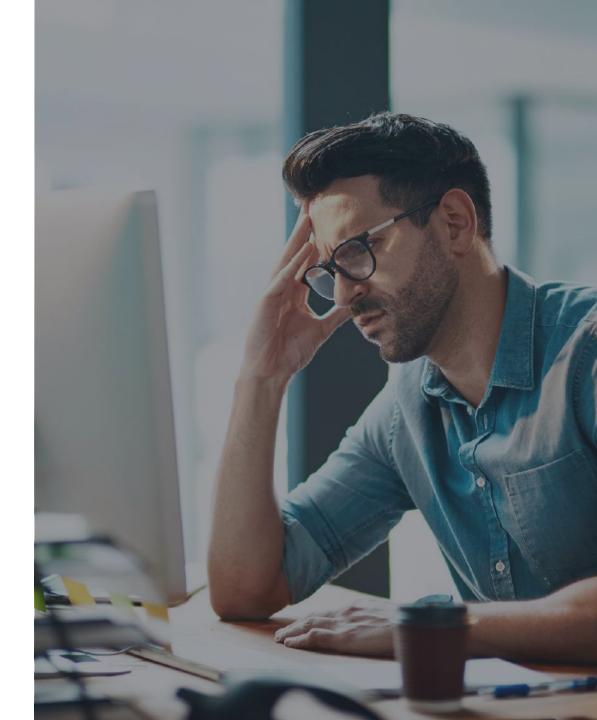
Associations and 3rd parties



Key technical & integration Lessons

♠ Potential sources of challenges

- Multivendor environment leads to complexity
- 2. Importance of APIs
 - CEIR ←→ EIR
 - CEIR ↔ digital portal
 - CEIR ← external systems and data sources





The solution

✓ Recommendations

- Definition of operator requirements upfront
- Plan early with government IT systems
- 3 Start small, expand later

1: Integration between CEIR and each EIR

- The implementation of a common IMEI registry in the country will not be effective if the lists formed in the central database are not used in the operators' networks
- A mechanism is required to transfer lists or information for each individual IMEI from CEIR to EIR. You may also nee to transfer data from the EIR to the CEIR
- The SG11 working group prepared a Supplement 76 to the recommendations ITU-T Q.5050 that describes common approaches and interfaces for data exchange between the central equipment identity register and the equipment identity register



ITU-T Q Suppl. 76 (10/2023)

SERIES Q: Switching and signalling, and associated measurements and tests

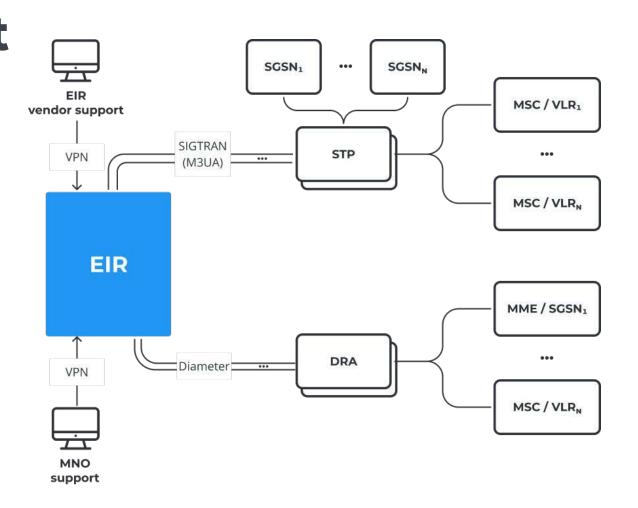
Supplements to ITU-T Q-series Recommendations

Common approaches and interfaces for data exchange between the central equipment identity register and the equipment identity register



2: EIRs shall interact with the operator's switching equipment

To manage real-time registration of mobile devices This task is solved by the **3GPP/3GPP2** standards, which describe the interfaces and commands for requesting IMEI checks



3: Notifications from EIR and CEIR

- Consumer information is noted in Q.5050
 «Framework for solutions to combat counterfeit ICT devices» as an essential factor in the fight against counterfeit ICT devices
- The standardized SMPP protocol, which is supported by many solutions in the ICT industry, is well-suited for sending notifications



International Telecommunication Union

TELECOMMUNICATION STANDARDIZATION SECTOR

Q.5050

SERIES Q: SWITCHING AND SIGNALLING, AND ASSOCIATED MEASUREMENTS AND TESTS Combating counterfeiting and stolen ICT devices

Framework for solutions to combat counterfeit ICT devices

Recommendation ITU-T Q.5050



4: The CEIR shall communicate with GSMA on the list of TAC Codes and blocked IMEIs

- GSMA provides two options for obtaining a list of TAC codes. The CEIR might need to support the implementation of these options:
 - API
 - Transferring a List to a File
- It is also possible, but not necessary, to receive a worldwide blacklist from the GSMA. To obtain the blacklist and make entries to it, the file format described in the **GSMA SG.18** standard is used



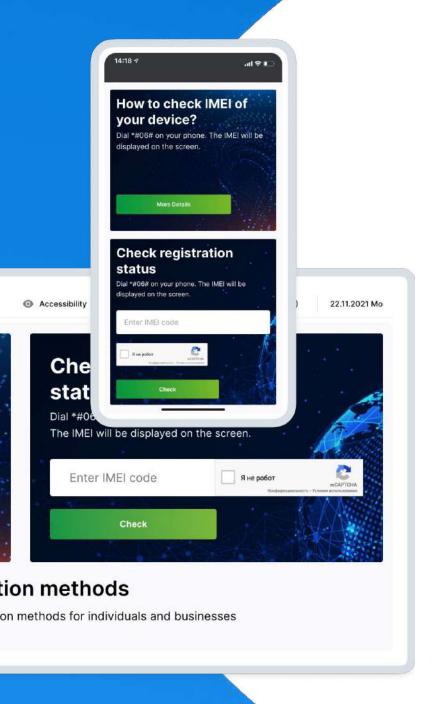
OR



5: Integration of CEIR with payment systems and other financial organizations

Payment systems usually have their own well-documented API, as they are interested in effectively connecting with numerous customers

- + API are well documented
- APIs differ from one payment system to another



6: Integration with citizen's digital portal

- A public portal where you can check IMEI or register is not implemented on CEIR resources, for example, it is a separate website of the communications service's regulator
- Ability to register IMEI from the personal account of the system of public interactive services
- Ability to check IMEI and register IMEI from the importer's personal account in the customs IT system

Key take-aways

1.

CEIR / EIR is more than a technology

it is politically impactful project.

Small change – big impact

2.

Plan in advance

Careful planning and checking others experience helps.

Proven by practice

3.

Rely on the standards

And participate in creation of new ones



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Standards recommendations

- 1. Integration between CEIR and each EIR:
 - Q.5050 Sup.76
- 2. Integration of EIR with switching equipment:
 - 3GPP TS 22.016, 29.002, 29.272, 29.511
- **3.** Notifications from EIR and CEIR:
 - SMPP 3.4, 5.0
- **4.** GSMA Integration:
 - GSMA Get Handset Details API, TAC IMEI DB
 - GSMA SG.18