

Symbiosis theory & Security for digital twin in smart city

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Symbiosis theory & Security for smart city



Biological Insights into the security Challenges of smart Cities

01 Symbiosis Theory

The word "symbiosis" comes from Greek, which was coined in 1879 by De Berg, a Germanmy cologist.

Symbiosis is a universal biological phenomenon, which has been researched as a biological research for more than 100 years, its theory has been extended to sociology, economics, management and other subjects.

02 Interdisciplinary Transfer

In the field of smart city safety, by drawing on the interdependent and interactive relationships among organisms in the symbiosis theory, the safety elements in a city are regarded as symbiotic units, and a digital urban safety system is constructed to achieve the coordinated development of safety capabilities.

03 Symbiotic City Security

The symbiosis theory emphasizes realtime interaction, just like the information transfer and material exchange among organisms. In urban safety, various safety elements share information in real time and jointly evolve their safety capabilities to deal with the constantly changing security challenges.

Composition of security-symbiosis system



Based on the symbiosis theory, we constructed the security symbiosis system.



Symbiosis unit: security symbiosis unit

[Basic security capacity production and interaction unit constituting digital twin city symbiont]

Security capabilities forms "Inner Circulation" in security symbiosis system

Security capabilities and digital twin city symbiont form "Outer Cycle"

Symbiotic environment: security symbiotic environment

[The basic conditions for the symbiosis of digital twin city symbiont and for the generation and development of safe symbiosis unit]

"Internal environment": security standards and management system, security evaluation and certification system

"Outer environment": digital twin city security industry system





Symbiosis mode: integrated symbiosis

[Through digital twinning of global security capability, security capability and digital twin city can be symbiosed all the time and all the way]

"Security→City": It provides security awareness, situation exchange, security cooperation and other "energy" for digital twin cities to improve the security of digital twin cities

"City→Security": Urban infrastructure and systems interact with security symbiotic systems to enhance security decision-making and support capabilities

City-level security symbiotic system enables smart city security

It break through the traditional layered and decentralized security architecture.

It reconstruct the security product system, create new city-level security products and systems.

—— Security of smart city and traditational security

- During the development and construction of smart city, the introduction of new technology brings
 new security problems.
 - With a large of city operation data, security problems is more prominent.

Traditional security mode

- Based on single system, physical unit protection
- Security capabilities are scattered and uneven
- ♦ It would have a strong impact on the security of smart city when be attacked.



City-level security innovation

- Simultaneous construction of physical city and digital city
- Security grows with the construction of smart city
- It has a city-level security global perspective, and posseesses future evolution.



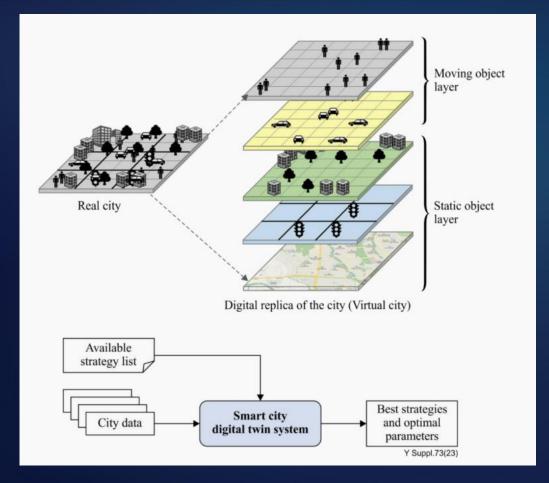
02

Security for digital twin in smart city





Smart city digital twin [ITU-T Y.4600]: A digital twin for a smart city.



Concept of a digital twin in a smart city



Smart firefighting



Air quality management



Response to infectious diseases



Standards related to digital twin security in smart cities

ITU-T X.2012

Security measures for digital twin system of smart cities

ITU-T Y.4489

Reference architecture of digital twin federation in smart cities and communities

ITU-T Y.4600

Requirements and capabilities of a digital twin system for smart cities

ITU-T X.smdtf

Security measures for digital twin federation in smart cities and communities



ISO/IEC 30173:2023

Digital twin — Concepts and terminology



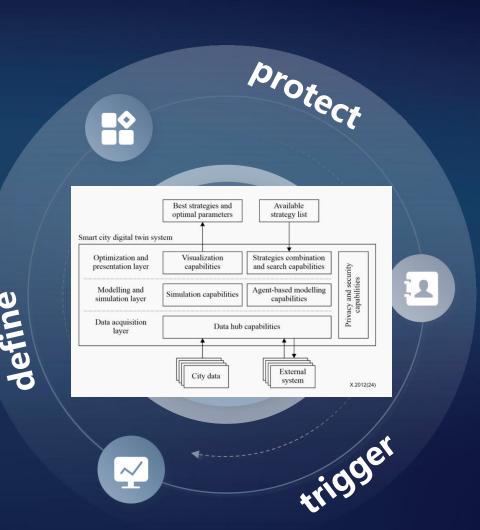
Security measures for digital twin system of smart cities

Security measures

Requirements correspond to layered protection measures such as access control (RBAC/ACL), AES/HMAC encryption, and dynamic algorithm verification.

Security requirements

Threats drive layered security requirements including entity authentication, data confidentiality, and algorithmic integrity checks.



Security threats

Smart city digital twins face layered security threats such as SQL injection at the interface layer, data tampering at the data layer, and model extraction at the modeling layer.



03

Three-dimensional Visualization Architecture Practice & X.fr-vsasi

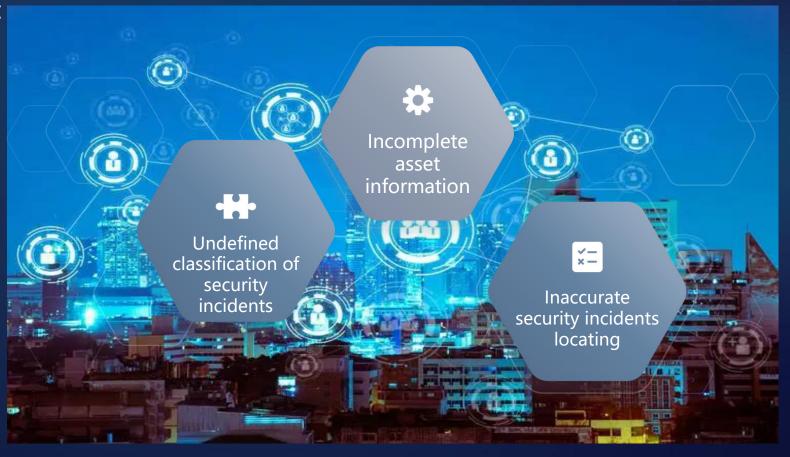






Accuracy of security management



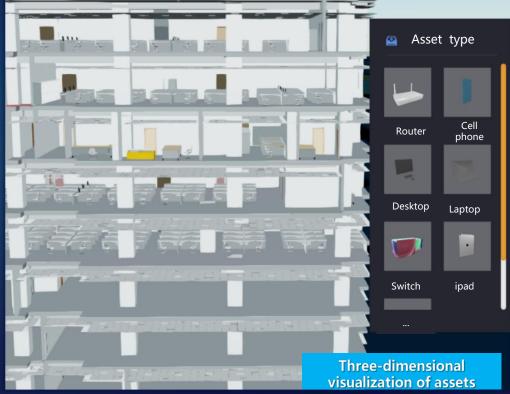


Several aspects need to improve in visualization service



Visualization of security assets based on digital twin





Data of various assets -> Unified spatial service -> Integrated visual management of assets



Visualization of security incidents based on digital twin

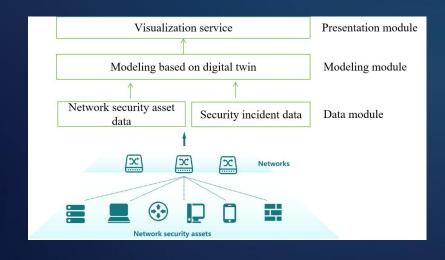




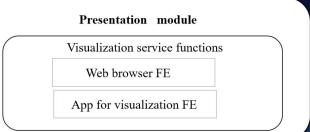
Statistically analyze and display the information of security incidents

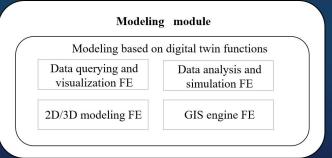
A Brif induction of X.fr-vsasi











Data module

Network Security asset data functions

Security incident data functions



Thanks for Listening