

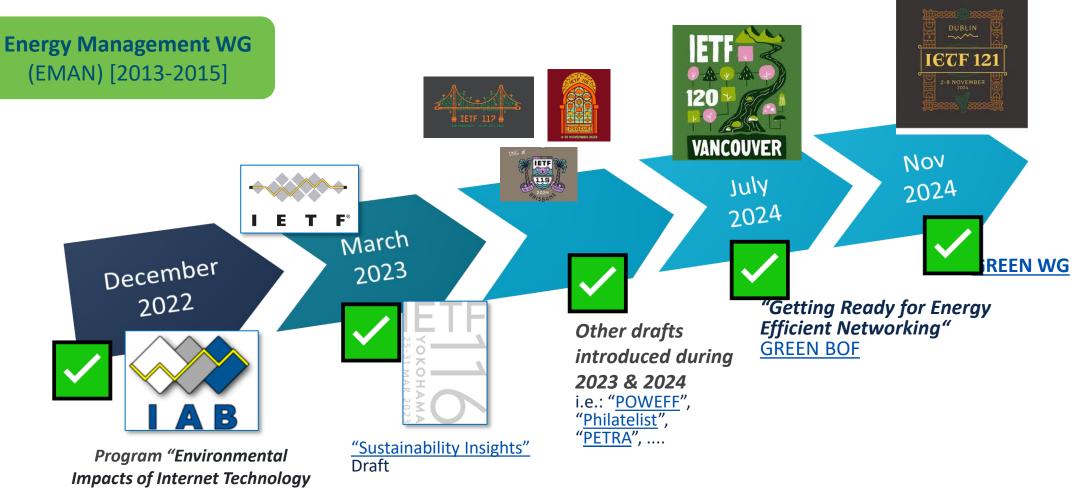
IETF Forming a Working Group for Energy-Efficient Networking

Empowering Sustainability: Energy Efficiency and Circular Design in ICT

Marisol Palmero Principal Architect, CX CTO EMEA - Cisco Systems

Dec 11th, 2024

Sustainability @IETF



(e-impact)"

Getting Ready for Energy-Efficient Networking (GREEN) Working Group in IETF

The group creation was approved by the IESG and held its first meeting in November 2024, in Dublin, during IETF 121.

The GREEN WG is chartered to explore use cases, derive requirements, and provide solutions for identifying and characterizing energy efficiency metrics, methods related to energy consumption of network devices, and optimizing energy efficiency across the network. The WG is committed to focus initially on the following deliverables:

- Informational document(s) that (1) defines common terminology and metric definitions, (2) categorizes various types of metrics and measurements at component, device, and network levels.
- Definitions of YANG data models at the component level, device level, and network level for energy-efficient network management including energy usage monitoring and energy consumption management.
- Informational document(s) that (1) defines a set of architectural components for managing energy-efficient networks and (2) describes incremental deployment considerations for new energy efficiency metrics monitoring and capability discovery, and management within a network domain.

The GREEN WG would welcome the opportunity of collaborating with related initiatives on benchmarking methodologies related to power management. As in all IETF WGs, participation is totally open, mainly via the WG list (green@ietf.org) that can be joined via <u>https://mailman3.ietf.org/mailman3/lists/green.ietf.org/</u>.

GREEN WG charter Documents(*)

- 1. Requirements * draft-stephan-green-ucs-and-reqs
- 2.
- Terminology * <u>draft-bclp-green-terminology</u> * <u>draft-pignataro-green-enviro-sust-terminology</u>
- 3. Metrics
 - * draft-bogdanovic-green-energy-metrics * draft-cx-green-green-metrics * draft-opsawg-poweff
- Models (Reporting and optimizations, different architectures) 4.

 - * <u>draft-li-green-power</u> * <u>draft-cwbgp-green-energy-saving-management</u> * <u>draft-xiong-green-host-power-monitoring-yang</u>

 - * draft-petra-green-api
- 5. Framework
 - * draft-lindblad-tlm-philatelist

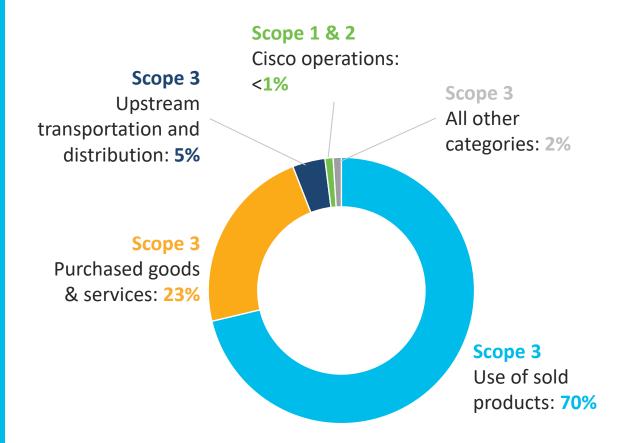
Cisco's Goal Net zero GHG emissions across our value chain by 2040

Our 2040 net-zero goals and near-term targets are approved by the Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi).



DRIVING AMBITIOUS CORPORATE CLIMATE ACTION

CISCO © 2024 Cisco and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.



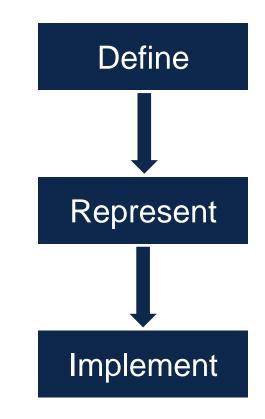
Source: Cisco's Fiscal Year 2023 ("FY 23") Scope 1, 2, and 3 GHG emissions



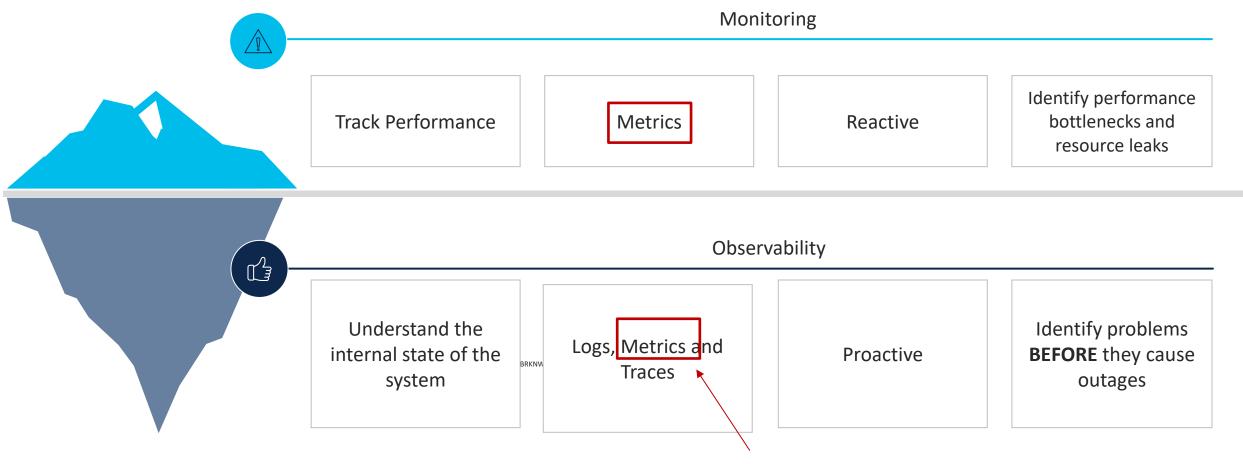
Metrics vs Data Models vs Implementation

• Metrics

- What are the metrics that matter? for control loops, to assess and compare effectiveness
- Data Models
 - How do we represent and organize metrics
 - How to relate them to different entities
- Implementation
 - How do we implement software to provide actual data instances
 - May involve internal instrumentation on a device, but also measurements & supporting protocols



Observability vs Monitoring



Data Driven + Actionable

Estimated vs Measured

The "Estimated" energy consumption can be used for preliminary planning and setup.

UCS Power Calculator Q Local Resellers ⊙ ENERGY STAR @ EPEAT ⑦ How Ucs-Power-project_1 Power Summary Results System Workload Factor (W) Max Power (W) Max Current Draw (A) Idle Power (W) Fabrics 324.5 338.2 1.73 310.6 324.5 1.73 310.6 Total 338.2 Annual Cost kWh \$298.44 \$311.12 \$285.71

Fabrics

Fabrics BRKNWT-24	01 System Workload Factor			Max Power (W)	Max Current (A)	Idle Power (W)	Idle Current (A)
Fabrics	Power	Current	Cooling (BTU/hr)	Wax Fower (W)	Max Current (A)	Idle Fower (W)	die Odrent (A)
1 X Cisco 64108 108-Port Fabric Interconnect	324.5	1.67	1,107.1	338.2	1.73	310.6	1.60
View More 🗸							

https://ucspowercalculator.cisco.com/finalResults http://tools.cisco.com/cpc/launch.jsp

Equally Important Metrics in the Context of Planning and Managing Usage

Estimated vs Measured

"Real-Time" measurements help in adjusting plans and making more accurate predictions for the future.

Equally Important Metrics in the Context of Planning and Managing Usage

	9300-1#show environment all						
	Sensor List: Environmental Monitoring						
	Sensor	Location	State	🖌 Readi	.ng Range	e(min-max)	
	PS1 Vout	1	GOOD	56313	mV na	a	
2	PS1 Vin	1	GOOD	206500	mV 90 -	- 264	
	PS1 CURin	1	GOOD	2000	mA na	a	
	PS1 Curout	1	GOOD	6250	mA na	a	
	PS1 POWin	1	GOOD	394000	mW na	a	
	PS1 POWout	1	GOOD	352000	mW na	a	
	PS1 FAN	1	GOOD	4864	rpm na	a	
	BRKNWT-2	2401		11			

Problem Statement

What are we measuring exactly?

- Metadata
- Accept diverse type of data: SNMP, CLI, JSON, ...
- New metrics that "sustainability" brings:

CO2eq: GHG Emissions, Carbon Intensity

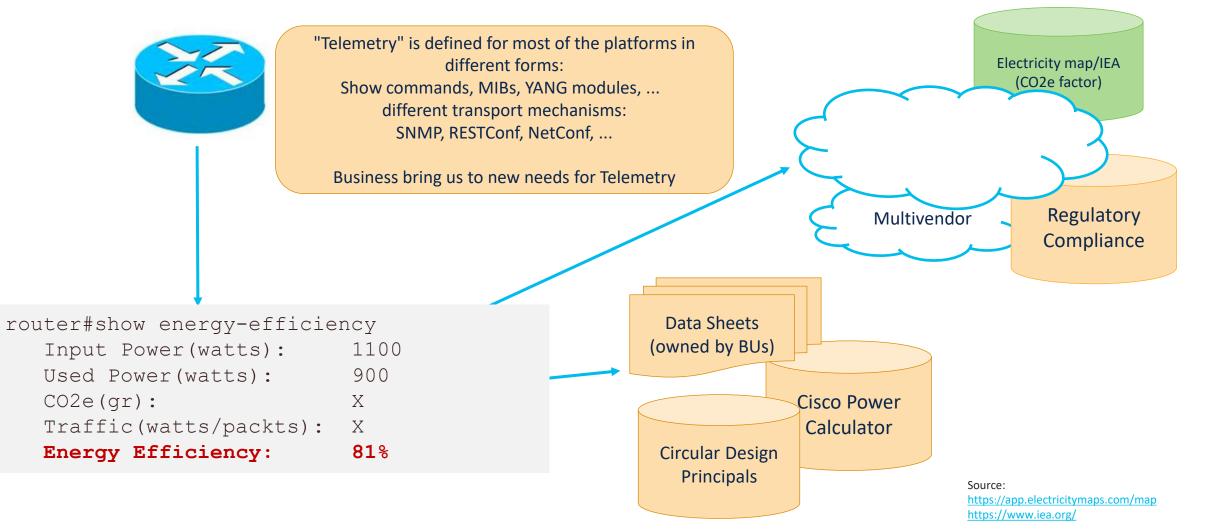
Circularity: e-Waste management, transport, end of life, packaging, manufacturing...

From Optimization to ML/AI approach:

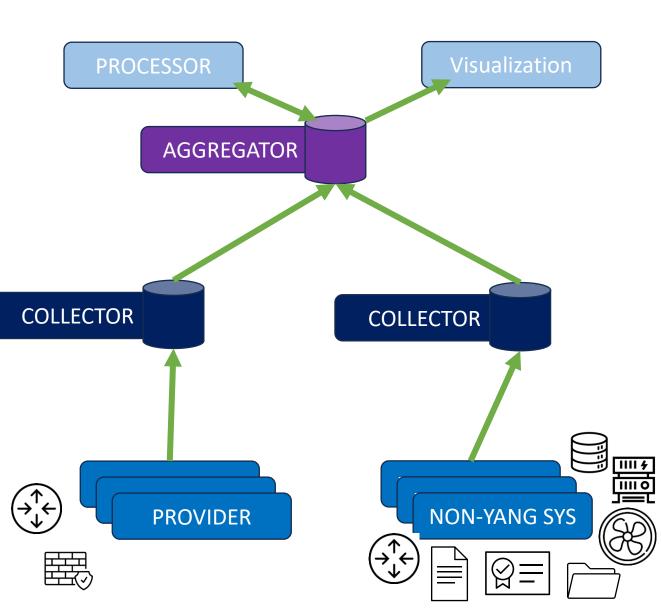
- Organized data in a way that improves current methods and protocols
- It requires a solid data baseline to produce the right insights

Energy Consumption through Telemetry Data Metric

Characterized by Inconsistency and Best Effort



"Sustainability Insights" Framework



Data Normalization

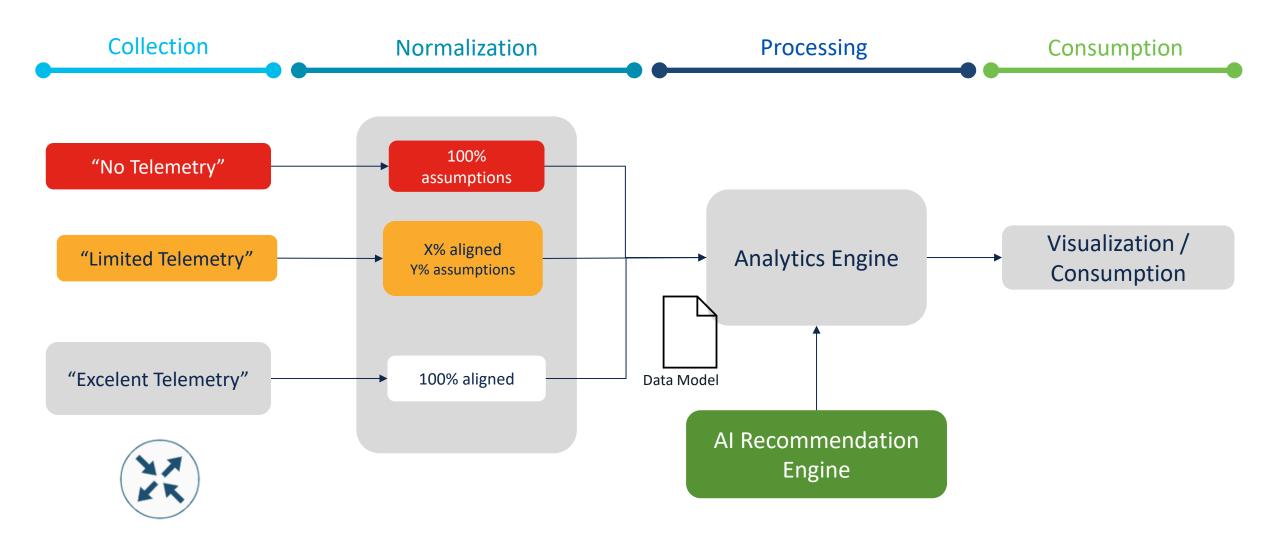
• Where? @Provider level?

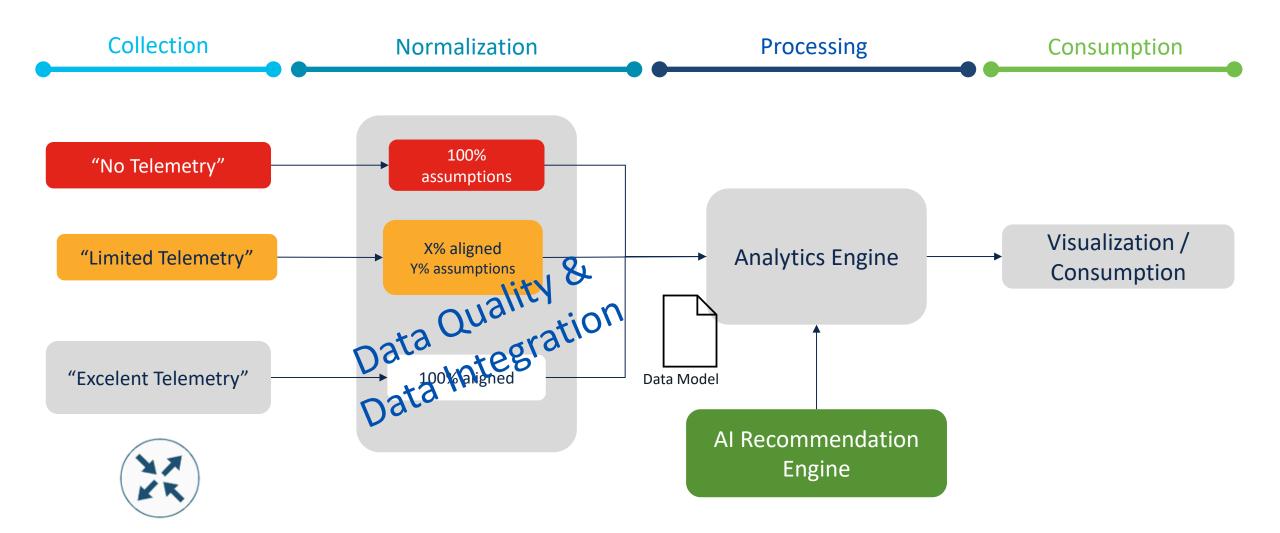
Circularity

 If automation, digitization, scale, optimization => YANG or any other language defining semantic is required

Optimization

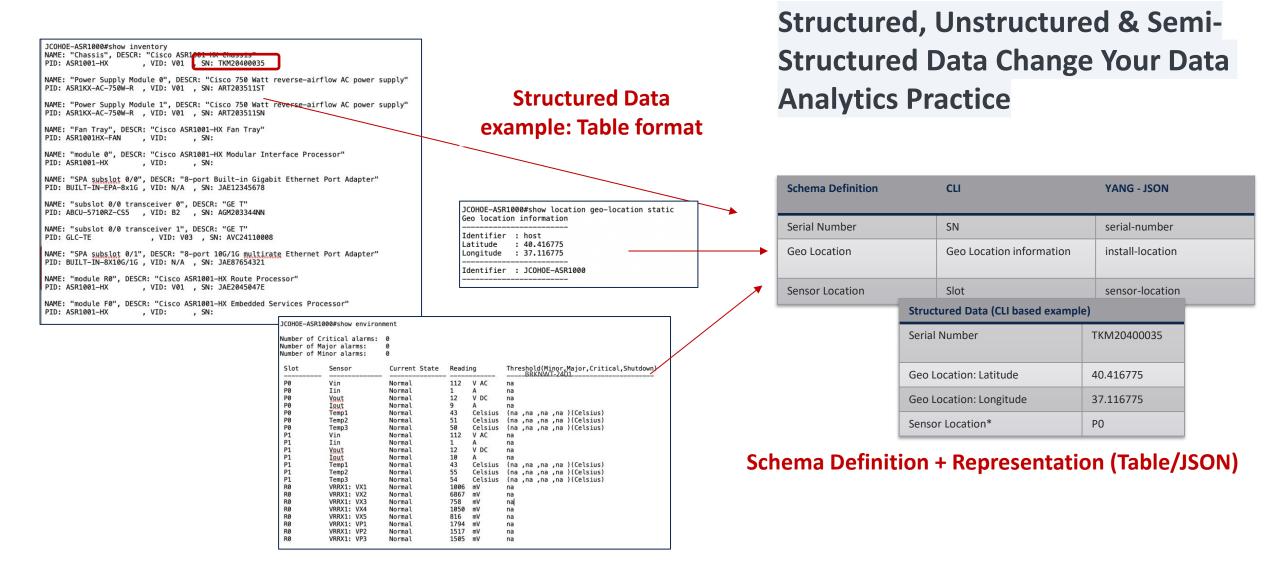
- Reduce CO2eq emissions
- Reduce e-Waste
- Simulated vs Real metrics
- Cross Domain



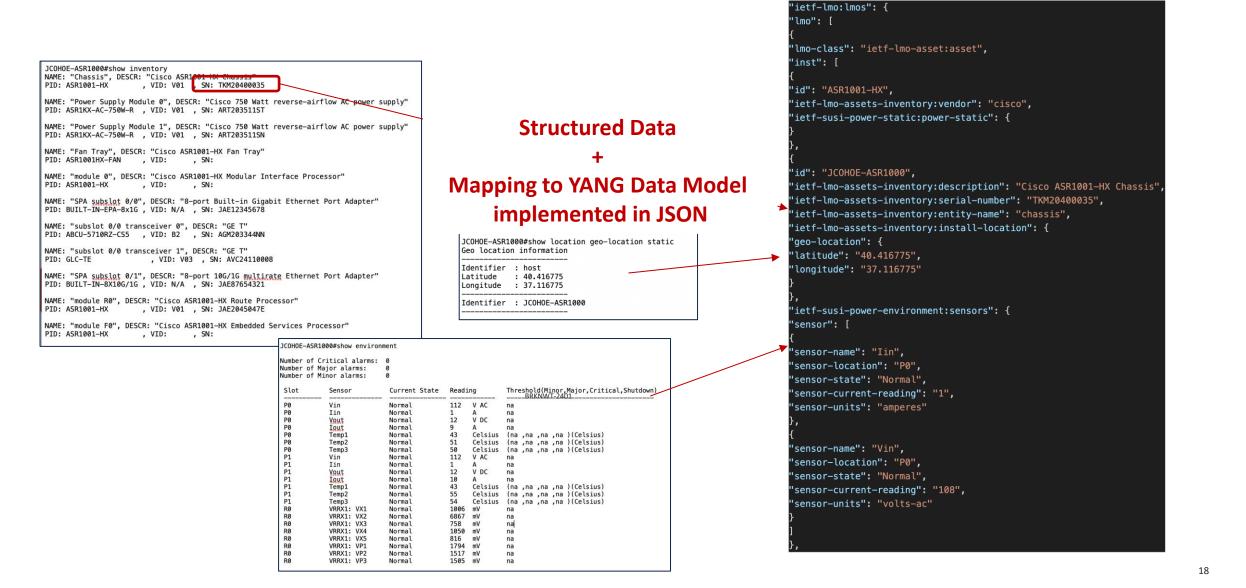


16

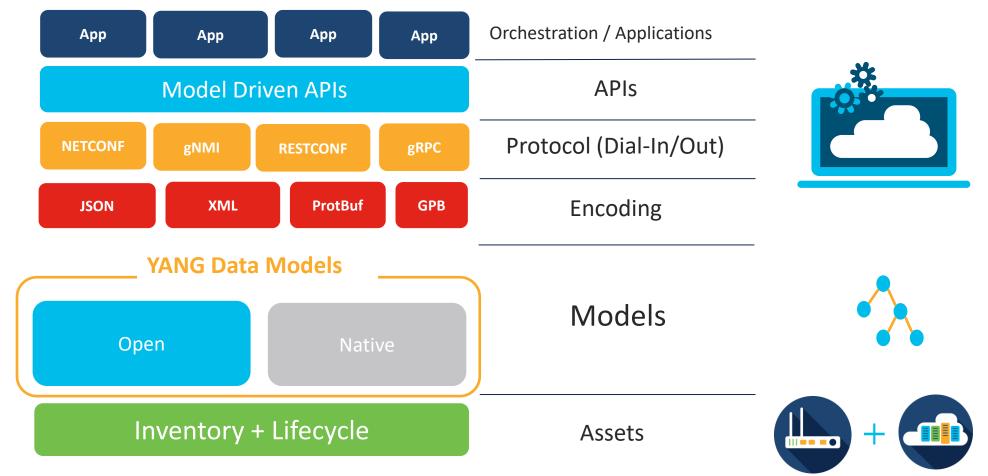
Towards Structured Data, aka "parser" Function



Towards Structured Data, aka "parser" Function



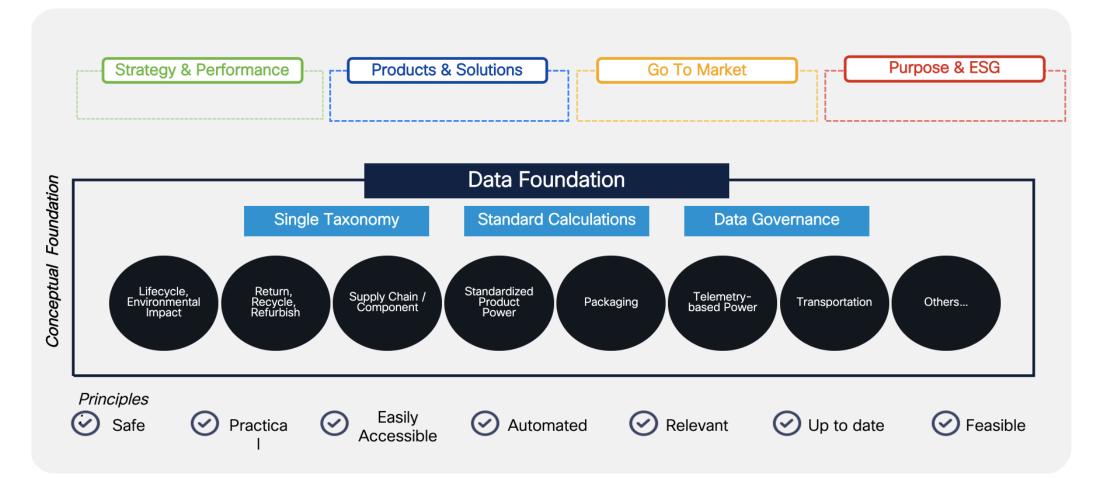
Data Model Driven Telemetry with YANG



YANG Data Models are the foundation of automation Structured, Well-Defined, Programmable Network API

Cisco Data Strategy

Sustainability Data Foundation (SDF)



From Device to Service Level

• "Service Carbon Footprint"

Example: on a Cloud Service, "Carbon Footprint" per tenant

• "Decarbonization Level Agreement" as offering to customers

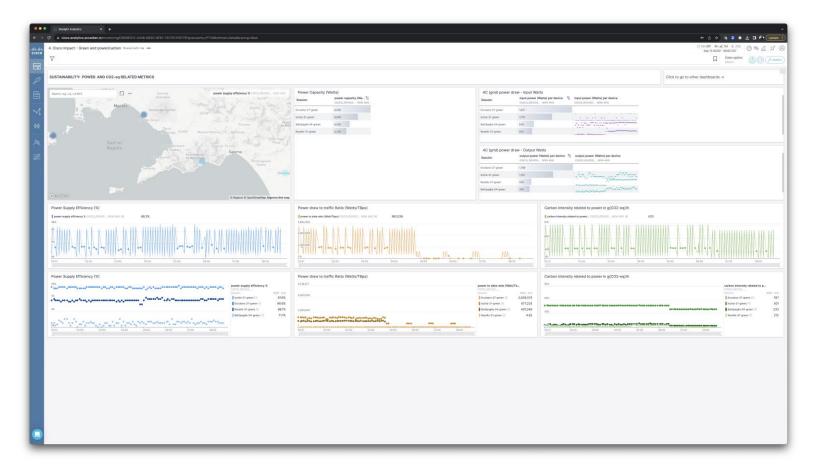
PANRG Internet-Draft Intended status: Informational Expires: 17 March 2024 Path Energy Traffic Ratio API draft-petra-path-energy-ap		
Abstract		
This document describes an API to query a ne Energy Traffic Ratio for a given path.	twork regarding its	
Status of This Memo		
This Internet-Draft is submitted in full con provisions of BCP 78 and BCP 79.	formance with the	
Task Force (IETF). Note that other groups m working documents as Internet-Drafts. The l	ernet-Drafts are working documents of the Internet Engineering K Force (IETF). Note that other groups may also distribute King documents as Internet-Drafts. The list of current Internet- fts is at https://datatracker.ietf.org/drafts/current/.	
and may be updated, replaced, or obsoleted b time. It is inappropriate to use Internet-D	ernet-Drafts are draft documents valid for a maximum of six months may be updated, replaced, or obsoleted by other documents at any me. It is inappropriate to use Internet-Drafts as reference erial or to cite them other than as "work in progress."	
This Internet-Draft will expire on 17 March 2024.		
Copyright Notice		

It needs Investment & Research

Green Path: End-to-End Service KPI Insights

Network Transport, from Planning to Carbon Optimized Routing

- Visibility of the power/carbon footprint of services over time
- Derive greater insights from the combination with other performance assurance metrics
- Make this information available to customers in an end-customer portal
- Take well-informed optimization decisions to reduce power consumption and lower OpEx of services



Conclusion & Next Steps

- Shared material that has been prepared for the GREEN WG forming.
- Shared GREEN WG charter.
- The relevance of the Operations and Best Usage of the networking components and devices.

• IETF reuses terminology already developed by ITU/ETSI.

Ask: Time to review our documents for new terminology and metrics that we need to develop and try to incorporate them in ITU/ETSI practices.



"The goal is to turn data into information, and information into insight."

Carly Fiorina