ITUEvents

Regional Cybersecurity Summit for Africa

20-23 November 2023 Kampala, Uganda

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ITU activities in Cybersecurity: ITU-D and capacity building activities Serge Valery ZONGO

20-23 November 2023 Kampala, Uganda



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ITU Cybersecurity Capacity Development Activities

- Overview of activities
- Modes of Intervention

Partnerships/Collaborations

How we decide on capacity development activities



ITU Mandate

ITU Plenipotentiary Conference (PP):

Resolution 130 (Rev. Dubai 2018

Resolution 174 (Busan 2014)

Resolution 179 (Rev. Dubai 2018)

ITU World Telecommunication Development Conference (WTDC):

Resolution 45 (Dubai 2014)

Resolution 67 (Buenos Aires 2017)

Resolution 69 (Buenos Aires 2017)

ITU World Telecommunication Standardization Assembly (WTSA):

Resolution 50 (Rev. Geneva, 2022)

Resolution 52 (Hammamet 2016)

Resolution 58 (Rev. Geneva, 2022)

Related Study Group:

ITU-D STUDY GROUP 2 (2018 - 2021): Question 3/2:

AFRICA regional initiative 3:

Building trust, safety and security in the use of telecommunications/information and communication technologies and protection of personal data

Kigali Action Plan 4.5

Implementation of Inclusive and secure telecommunications/ICTs for sustainable development priority outcomes

Increased digital literacy and public awareness of cybersecurity issues

Stronger consumer protection in Member States

Increased access for all to training programmes in digital skills

Support for Member States to develop National Cybersecurity Strategies and Computer Incident Response Teams

Enhanced capacity of telecommunication/ICT professionals to support the digital economy and strengthened digital skills

Increased secured online services, including Child Online Protection, and mobilization of resources for marginalized groups and persons with specific needs

Mobilizing investment in secure and resilient telecommunication/ICT infrastructure, particularly in underserved areas

Utilize the ITU's unique partnerships to adequately resource and support capacity building and cybersecurity activities

ITU Cybersecurity - Development Bureau

ITU Cybersecurity Development aims to provide



Capacity Building and Technical Assistance



ITU's role in providing capacity building and technical assistance









Areas of intervention

Incident Response

Cybersecurity Strategy

Cybersecurity Inclusion

Data and Advocacy

Means of developing impact (Products and Services)

Solutions and tools (Frameworks, Guidelines and Data)

Project Implementations Through Partnerships (i.e Cyber for Good, National CIRTs, etc.)

Capacity Development (training, mentoring, fellowships, content development, on-the-job training)

Establish networks of practice and support

Training, TTXs & Workshops

ITU works to deliver interventions in partnership with local actors, governments, regional organizations, and companies











Governments

Private Sector

Regional organizations

Civil Society

ITU Regional Presence





National CIRT establishment & enhancement

Mandate

PP Res 130 (Rev. Bucharest, 2022)

- continue identifying best practices (...) establishing CIRTs, and promoting the related operating framework of CIRTs to review the reference guide for the Member States... the use of ICTs, including the establishment of CIRTs
- to collaborate with relevant organizations, through the exchange of best practices in building confidence and security in the use of ICTs, including the establishment, development and implementation of national CIRTs, especially in developing countries;
- to encourage their national CIRTs to collaborate with other national and subnational governmental agencies as appropriate, and other CIRTs and stakeholders

WTDC Res 69 (Rev. Kigali, 2022)

- to establish national CIRTs, including CIRTs responsible for government-to government cooperation (...)
- to facilitate exchanging best practices among their national CIRTs;
- to encourage the use of emerging telecommunications/ICTs to enhance technical capabilities of CIRTs;

WTSA Res 58 (Rev. Geneva, 2022)

Activities

- National CIRT Assessments: Defines the readiness to implement a national CIRT
- CIRT establishment: after the CIRT assessment, we assist with planning, implementation, and operation of the CIRT
- ITU's continued collaboration with the newly established CIRT ensures that support remains available, and institutions can be further enhanced

Impact:

- 85 CIRT assessments completed (33 in Africa)
- 23 CIRTs established (10 in Africa)
- 6 CIRTs enhanced (1 in Africa)



National CIRT establishment: Lesotho

- CIRT readiness assessment in 2023 framework
- Hands-on lab/TTX exercises

- Facilitated development of the implementation
- Stakeholder consultations





National CIRT assessment & enhancement: Zimbabwe

•CIRT assessment in 2023 • SIM 3 CIRT Maturity Assessment model used





CyberDrills: information sharing & hands-on capacity building

Mandate

PP Res 130 (Rev. Bucharest, 2022)

 to invite all countries to take part in these activities, such as cyberdrills, among others

WTDC Res 69 (Rev. Kigali, 2022)

- providing CIRTs with capacity development, particularly in areas of new and emerging telecommunications/ICTs, through the ITU regional and area offices, taking into account the financial resources;
- preparing the training programmes necessary for this purpose and continuing to provide support as required to those developing countries that so wish;

Activities

- Hands-on exercises for national CIRTs
- Platform for cooperation and information sharing on good practices and current cybersecurity issues
- Production of "CyberDrill Framework"

Impact

- Over 36 regional and global CyberDrills since 2012
- Over 120 countries involved

Recent CyberDrills:

- Africa Regional CyberDrill(May 2023, Malawi)
- America Regional CyberDrill (June 2023, Dominican Republic)
- South America CyberDrill (Sept 2023, Chile)
- Arab and CIS inter-regional CyberDrill (Oct 2023, UAE)
- EU and ASP inter-regional CyberDrill (Nov 2023, TBD)
- Global CyberDrill (Nov 2023)

Lifecycle

National Cybersecurity Strategies: development support

Mandate

PP Resolution 130 (rev. Bucharest)

- to support development of national and/or regional cybersecurity strategies towards building national capabilities for protecting against and dealing with cyberthreats in accordance with the principles of international cooperation
- to support ITU initiatives on cybersecurity, including the GCI, and the Global Network Resiliency Platform, in order to promote national strategies and the sharing of information on efforts across industries and sectors;

Guide to
Developing
National
Cybersecurity
Strategy



Activities:

- National Cybersecurity assessments
- Facilitation of NCS Development and Implementation
- Trainings and Human Capacity Development
- Technical Assistance

Impact:

- Convened 20+ partners to create new Guide to Developing National Cybersecurity Strategy
- Conducting NCS development activities
- Running table-top exercises in intervention countries

Cybersecurity Strateg

Production of the National Cybersecurity Strategy

lssue a new National Cybersecurity Strategy

Women in Cyber Programme

Mandate

PP Resolution 130 (rev. Bucharest)

- to promote the growth and development of a diverse and skilled cybersecurity workforce that is able to address and mitigate cyber risks, and promote the importance of effective qualifications and professional career pathways;
- to support the membership to address cybersecurity skills shortages by encouraging people to enter the cybersecurity profession and promoting the employment of women in the cybersecurity field;
- to maintain, develop and promote a repository of best practice on measures that facilitate and encourage people to choose a career in cybersecurity.

Activities

- Trainings (technical and soft skills)
- Guided mentorship & role modeling

Impact:

- 73 countries from the Global South
- 2 editions
- •300+ mentees, 100+ mentors
- 95% of mentees have reported an improved awareness of the different career paths in cybersecurity thanks to the WiC programme.
- 97% of mentees have reported increased confidence being a woman in cybersecurity



Her CyberTracks

- Her CyberTracks: align, improve, develop, and scale existing offerings for cyber capacity building
- A complementary and one-stop holistic curriculum that integrates capacity building, mentoring, emploment opportunities, and networking.
- 2023: Launch of the Policy & Diplomacy Track to promote women's representation and participation in international cybersecurity processes and organizations.

Three action areas

- Build the required capacity for women to contribute to a secure and resilient cyberspace
- Inspire the next generation of women leaders in cybersecurity through role models & networking
- Empower women to pursue new pathways and actively shape cyber policies and norms





Global Cybersecurity Index

Mandate

PP Res 130 (Rev. Bucharest, 2022)

- to consider the results of the GCI to guide ITU cybersecurity-related initiatives, especially taking into account the gaps identified through the GCI process
- to engage in the improvement of the GCI process, including the discussion on the methodology, structure, weightage and questions, using the GCI expert group

WTDC Res 45 (Rev. Kigali 2022)

 to consider the results of the Global Cybersecurity Index (GCI) to guide BDT cybersecurity-related initiatives, especially taking into account the gaps identified through the GCI process

Activities

- Produces the only global measure of state-level cybersecurity activities
- •4 editions since 2015, 5th being released in 2024
- Provide individual, deep dive country reports
- Expert Group of over 140 experts input into the process

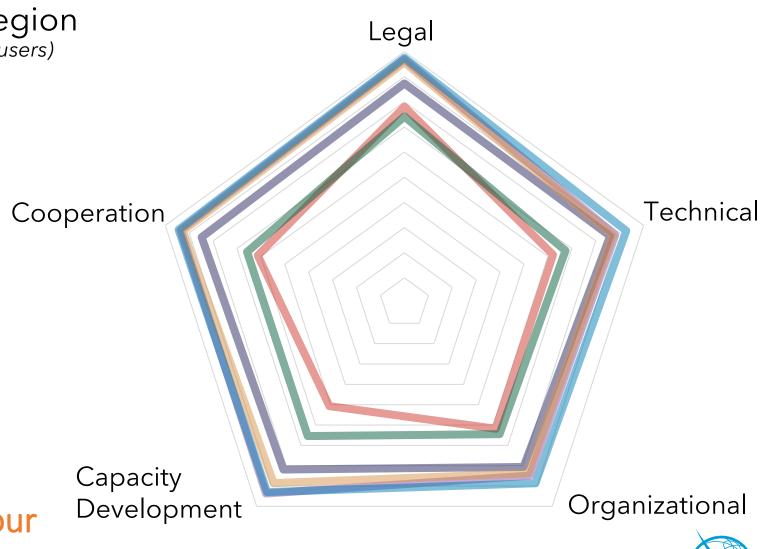
Impact

Average performance by region

(weighted average, by number of internet users)

- Every region has a country which has commitment to GCI cybersecurity measures
- The right mix of Legal, Technical, Organizational, Capacity Development, and Cooperation measures depends on countries' priorities and strengths
- Overcoming challenges requires government, private sector actors, civil society, and academia working together

We make decisions based on our mandates and data



■ Africa ■ Americas ■ Arab States ■ Asia Pacific ■ CIS



Cyber for Good

Mandate

PP Res 130 (Rev. Bucharest, 2022) **WTDC Res 45** (Rev. Kigali 2022)

Activities

- Connecting LDCs with ITU-D cybersecurity Private Sector Members
- Enabling LDCs to access services, tools, trainings and NCS assessments at no cost, with low barriers to entry and exit

Impact

- 21 LDCs out of 46 in the world benefiting from the offerings to improve their cybersecurity posture
- Working with 5 ITU-D Sector Members (Axon Partners Group, BitSight, DreamLab, ImmuniWeb and WelchmanKeen)
- 2,500,000 USD in-kind contribution raised and delivered to LDCs in 1 year, providing CSR/ESG



Cyber for Good

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PP Res 130 (Rev. Bucharest, 2022) WTDC Res 45 (Rev. Kigali 2022)

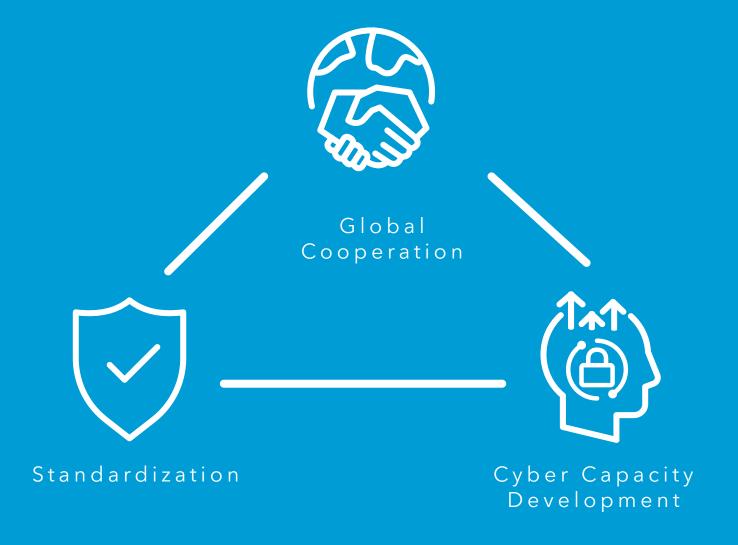
Activities

- Connecting LDCs with ITU-D cybersecurity Private Sector Members
- Enabling LDCs to access services, tools and trainings at no cost, with low barriers to entry and exit

Impact

- 17 LDCs working with to improve their cybersecurity posture
- Working with 5 ITU-D Sectors

ITU's Role in Cybersecurity



ITU itu.int/cybersecurity cybersecurity@itu.int



Thank you!

