

Paolo Gemma ETSI WG EEPS Chairman ITU-T SG5 WP2 Chairman













Support the shift to Net-Zero

The world produces approximately 50 Mt of e-waste a year



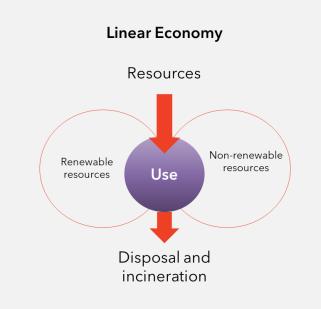
E-Waste management

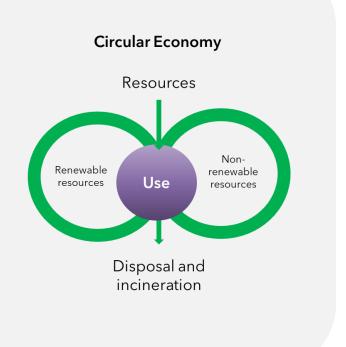








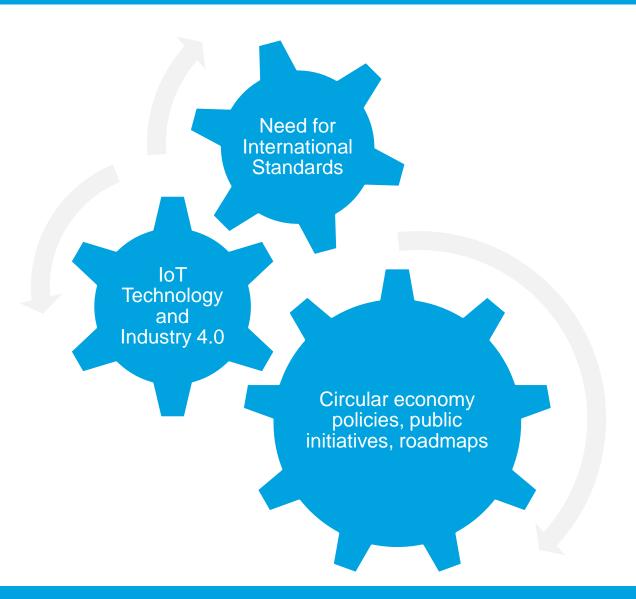










































Q6/5 Environmental efficiency of digital technologies Q7/5 E-waste, circular economy and sustainable supply chain management Q9/5 Climate change and assessment of digital technologies in the framework of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and the Paris Agreement

Q11/5 Climate change mitigation and smart energy solutions Q12/5
Adaptation to climate change through sustainable and resilient digital technologies

Q13/5
Building
circular and
sustainable
cities and
communities









Frameworks and guidelines

• ITU-T L.1030 E-waste management framework for countries

 Summarizes the different steps that countries need to adopt in order to put in place an e-waste management system.



Reduction

- ITU-T L.1000
 Universal power adapter and charger solution for mobile terminals and other hand-held ICT devices
 - Technical specifications for a universal charger compatible with a wide range of electronic devices



systems

back

Take

- ITU-T L.1021
 Extended
 producer
 responsibility –
 Guidelines for
 sustainable ewaste
 management
- Describes and defines the role of EPR in dealing with e-waste.









Recycling

- ITU-T L.1100
 Procedure for
 recycling rare metals
 in information and
 communication
 technology goods
- Basic guidelines regarding the importance of recycling rare metals and the procedures applied to preserve them.



ircular Economy

- ITU-T L. 1020 Circular Economy: Guide for Operators and Suppliers on approaches to migrate towards circular ICT goods and networks
 - Provides guidance to operators and suppliers on how to improve circularity of products through supply chain actions.







Step 2 Develop a comprehensive e-waste inventory

Step 2 Develop a sustainable e-waste management system

Outline the requirements for successfully implementing e-waste programmes







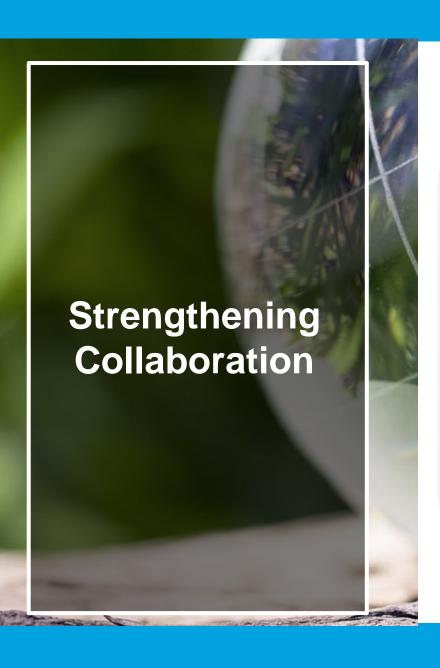




















Collaboration with other organizations







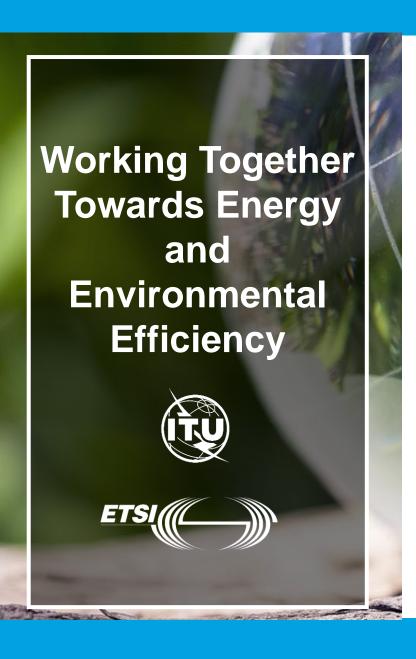












Innovative Energy Storage



Innovative energy storage technology for stationary use:

- ETSI TS 103 553-1/ITU-T L.1020 Part 1: Overview of energy storage
- ETSI TS 103 553-2/ ITU-T L.1021 Part 2: Battery
- ETSI TS 103 553-3/ ITU-T
 L.1023 Part 3: Supercapacitor

Energy Efficiency



 ETSI ES 203 228 Ver. 1.1.1 / ITU-T L.1030
 Energy efficiency measurement and metrics for

telecommunication networks

 ETSI ES 203 228 Ver. 1.2.1/ ITU-T L.1031

Assessment of mobile network energy efficiency

Circular Economy



"Assessment of material efficiency of ICT network goods Circular economy"

ETSI EN 303 800-1/ ITU-T L.Mat_frame

Part 1: General for server and data storage equipment.

ETSI EN 303 800-2/ ITU-T L.ME DD

Part 2: Server and data storage product secure data deletion functionality.

ETSI EN 303 800-3/ ITU-T L.ME AF

Part 3: Server and data storage product availability of firmware and of security updates to firmware.

ETSI EN 303 800-4/ ITU-T L.ME RM

Part 4: Server and data storage product critical raw materials.

ETSI EN 303 800-5/ ITU-T L.ME DIS

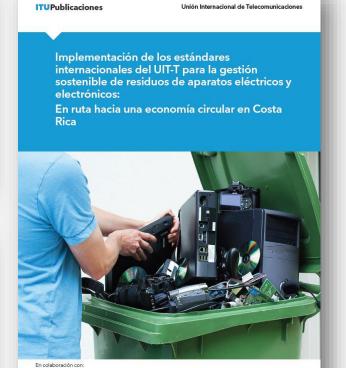
Part 5: Server and data storage product disassembly and disassembly instruction.















Requirements for a global digital sustainable product passport to achieve a circular economy



A joint ETSI/ITU initiative for a production of a common standard





Take part in the key initiatives, moving the industry towards circularity











Thank you!

Questions? Interested in learning more?

Let us know!





Email

tsbsg5@itu.int

Website

SG5: Environment, climate

change and circular economy





