RESILIENTAMERICA PROGRAM

ITU/WMO WORKSHOP ON AI FOR NATURAL DISASTER MANAGEMENT SESSION 4: AI FOR COMMUNICATIONS 15 March 2021

Potential AI insights for communities and understanding vulnerability

The **ResilientAmerica** Program

Resilience is "the ability to prepare and plan for, absorb, recover from, or more successfully adapt to actual or potential adverse events."

- **Foundation:** Formed in 2014 to implement four key recommendations for building community resilience detailed in the 2012 report, <u>Disaster Resilience:</u> <u>A National Imperative</u>
- **Objective:** Harness the power of science, information and community experience and knowledge for an adaptive and resilient nation and its communities, with the aim of reducing damage and suffering, and enabling robust recovery from current and future threats and disruptions.
- **Focus:** Engage diverse community stakeholders to build capacities for resilience to disasters and other disruptions.

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Community Capitals

- 1. Natural (or environmental): the natural resources base or environmental conditions within communities.
- 2. **Built (infrastructure):** the buildings and infrastructure systems within communities.
- 3. Financial (economic): the totality of economic assets and livelihoods in a community.
- 4. Human and cultural: demographic characteristics, knowledge, skills, health, and physical abilities of community members including language competencies, cultural symbols, and belief systems.
- 5. **Social:** the social networks and connectivity among groups and individuals within a community.
- 6. **Political (institutional or governance):** access to resources and the ability/power to influence their distribution as well as the ability to engage external (to the community) entities in efforts to achieve community goals.



Community Pilot Program (2014-2018)

Charleston, South Carolina



Cedar Rapids/Linn County, Iowa



- Flood resilience
- Vulnerable populations
- Disaster preparedness

Climate resiliency

Flood resilience

Community Engagement

Risk Communication

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- Transportation
- Social Equity







Tulsa, Oklahoma Economic Resilience

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Community Pilot Program

What the Pilot Communities Learned

- Becoming resilient requires a culture change.
- **Relationships** are key.
- Building resilience requires:
 - engaging diverse stakeholders.
 - building trust.
- Communities struggle with how to effectively communicate risk.
- Addressing social equity and the needs of vulnerable populations are critical.

What Resilient America Learned

- Local commitment and support is essential.
- The process of building resilience is as important as the outcomes.
- Communities need to know their baseline to know if they are making progress.
- Resilience needs to be mainstreamed into existing processes and plans.
- There is no resilience without economic resilience.

Insights from AI/ML?

Needs: data sources and analysis techniques to inform our understanding of *current* social capital and vulnerabilities to inform design of equitable programs and policies.

Challenge	Potential AI/ML contribution
Rich and inclusive current understanding of social capital, connectedness and vulnerability, based on the full range of how people and communities connect.	Move beyond traditional connectedness measures (volunteering, voting), leverage current data (social media, mobile phone location) not historical snapshots + AI and predictive analysis
Robust understanding of social capital's role in community resilience Vulnerability indicators that are linked to hazard types and pre- or post-disaster action	Applying machine learning techniques to big / unstructured data (e.g., social media) and other regularly collected data to generate proxies for social capital