



# Bristol Smart Internet Lab's Future Networks 2030 Vision



Smart Internet Lab @ University of Bristol: Global Leaders at Future Network Research and Innovation

# Smart Internet Lab, Led by: Prof. FREng.

## Who are we?

Dimitra Simeonidou

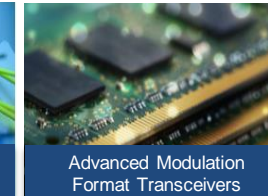


Smart Internet Lab

- A unique interdisciplinary future networks & connectivity research hub with 200 academics and researchers, and growing...
- Founded by three research groups
  - Communication Systems & Networks  
<https://www.bristol.ac.uk/engineering/research/csn/>
  - High Performance Networks  
<https://www.bristol.ac.uk/engineering/research/csn/>
  - Photonics and Quantum  
<http://www.bristol.ac.uk/engineering/research/pho/>
- Combined expertise across optical, quantum, wireless, IoT and cloud technologies (central DC and MEC).
- Extensive expertise on hardware, software, cross-layer optimization and co-design
- Real world deployments and large-scale experimentations  
<http://www.bristol.ac.uk/engineering/research/smart/>



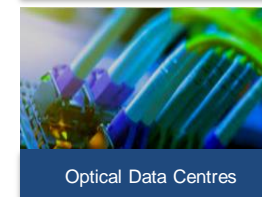
Programmable Optical Network Testbed



Advanced Modulation Format Transceivers



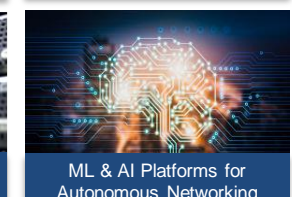
Programmable Hardware based on FPGA



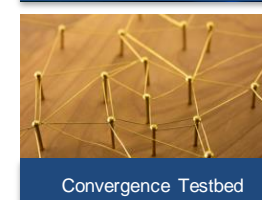
Optical Data Centres



Software Platforms for Network Automation



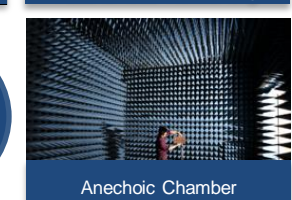
ML & AI Platforms for Autonomous Networking



Convergence Testbed



State of the Art Research Laboratory Facilities



Anechoic Chamber



Optical Angular Momentum



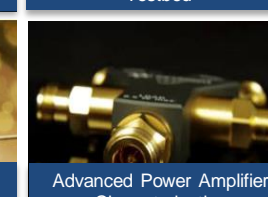
Quantum Networking Testbed



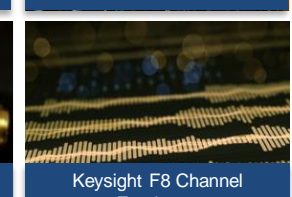
Massive MIMO



Vehicular Communications



Advanced Power Amplifier Characterisation



Keysight F8 Channel Emulators

## Networking Research Themes:

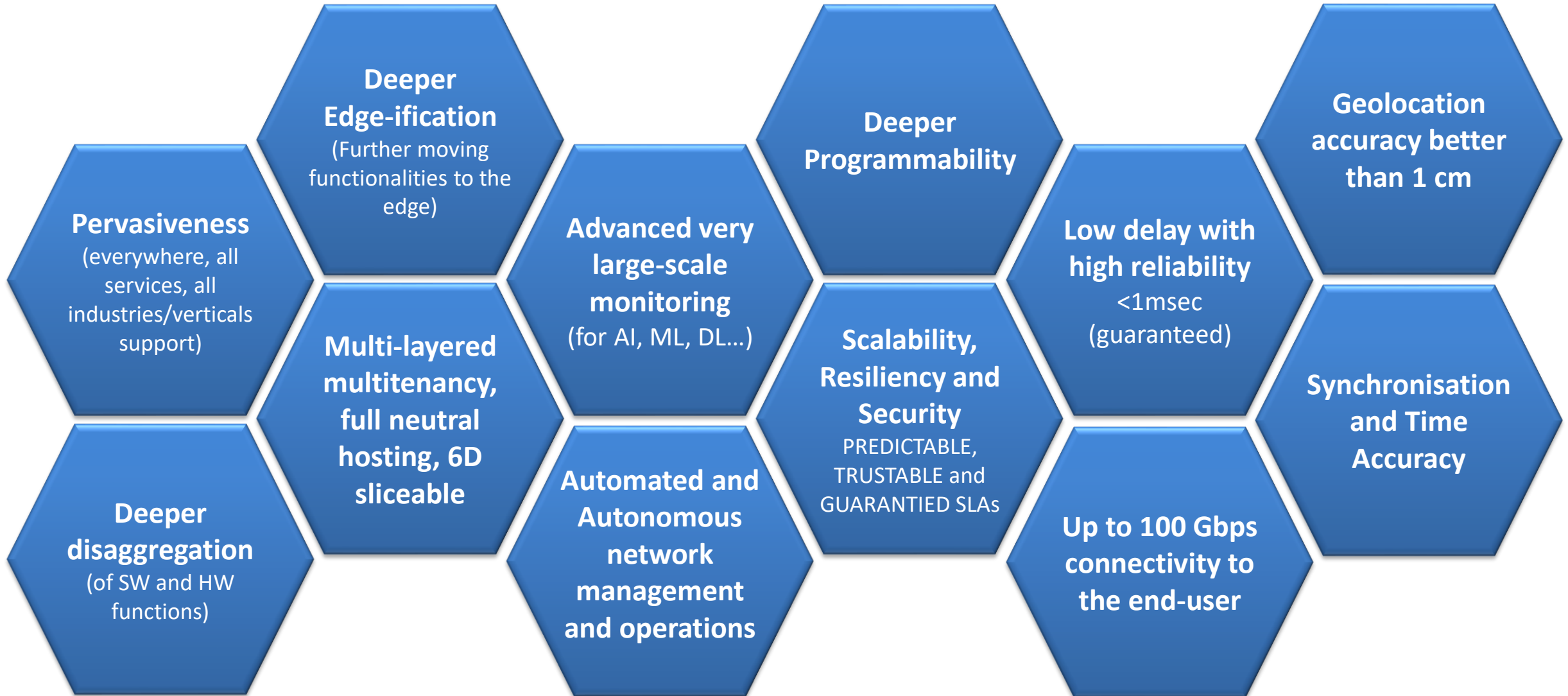
- Enabling Technologies
- End-to-end Network Convergence
- AI/ML for Digital Infrastructures
- End-to-end Network Automation
- Autonomous Systems and Networks
- Advanced QKD Networking
- Connectivity as a Shared Critical Utility (technical and business)
- 5G and Beyond

## Application and Vertical Sectors:

- Smart city/region
- Connected transport and Transport Logistics
- Assisted Living
- Smart tourism
- Digital Culture/Media
- Music and Sports
- Public safety/Crowd Control
- High Value Manufacturing



# Smart's Future Networks 2030 (r)Evolution Vision: 12 foundation pillars / paving stones on the path





Architecture principles and some samples of the work we do to enable and ground our Future Networks Vision...

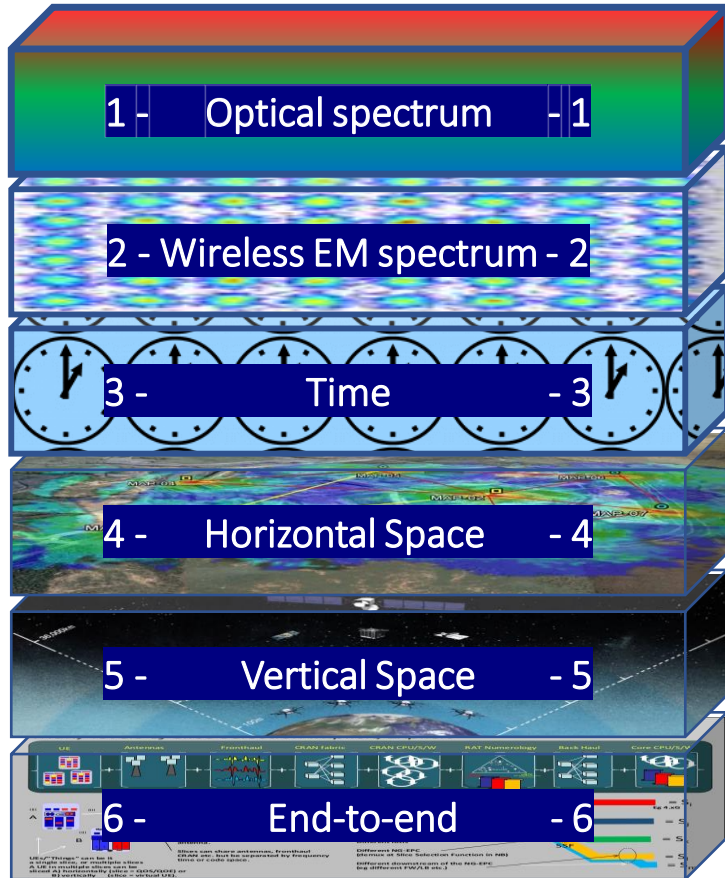
**Pervasiveness**  
(everywhere, all services, all industries/verticals support)

**Multi-layered multitenancy, full neutral hosting, 6D sliceable**

# 6D Sliceable Space for Shareability & Multitenancy with finest viable granularity (technically and economically)

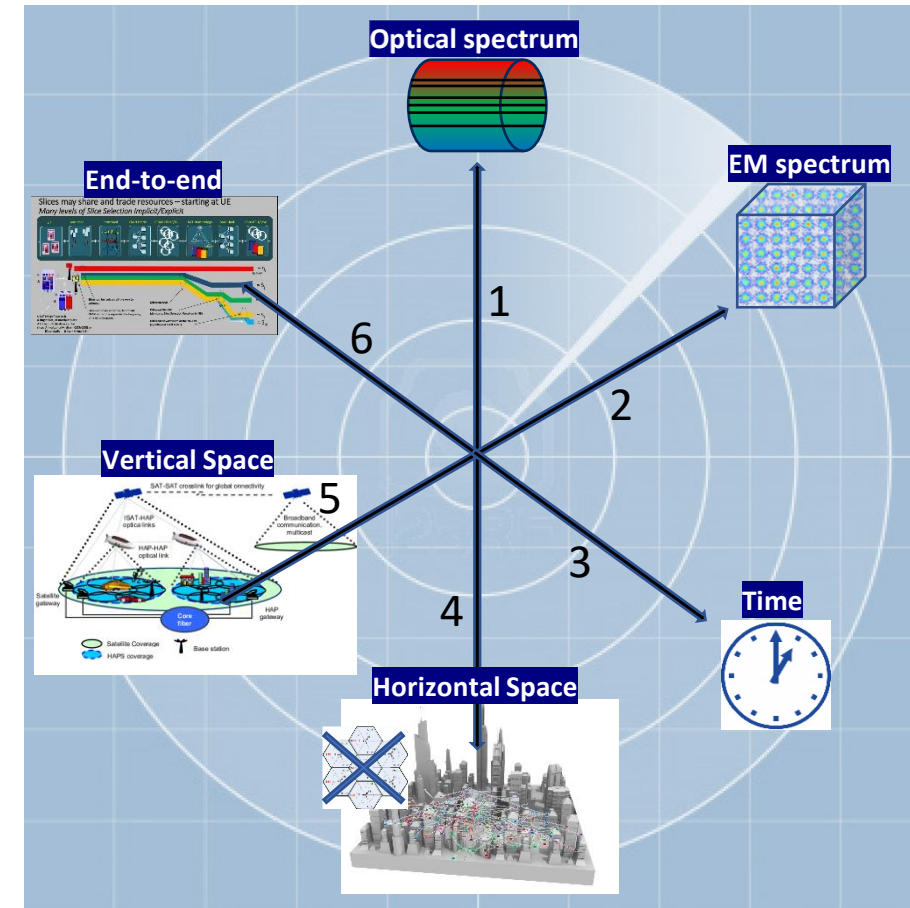


## Dimension / Domain (with D intersections)



## Research Axes (incremental or radical)

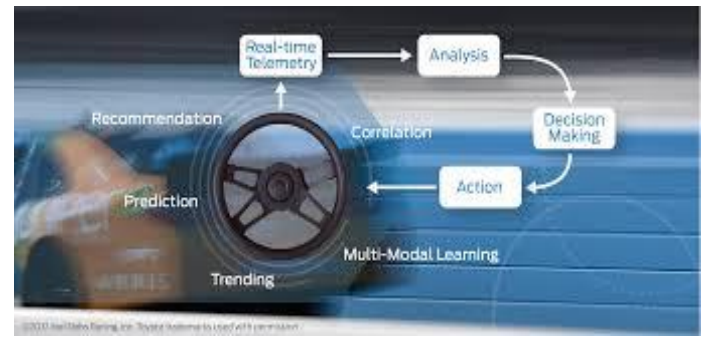
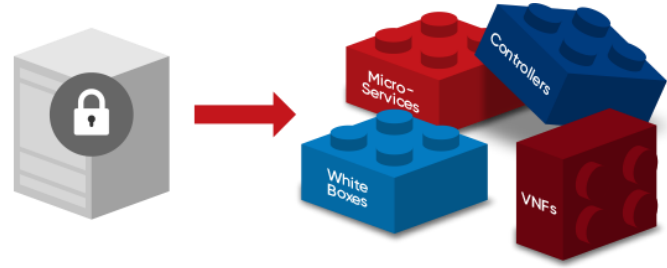
- ➔ Sliceable Optics, shared lambdas, ...
- ➔ Horizontal & Vertical Flexible Sharing CBRS, DSS, LSA, LAA, MultiFire...
- ➔ Division across all other 5 Ds and at all scales but with high precision synchronisation
- ➔ Remove Cells => Radio Connectivity Ocean AI based, Cognitive, Collaborative
- ➔ GEOSAT, LEO/MEO, HAPS Sp-RAN, Sp&D-Core, Sp&D-EC, Sp&D-BH
- ➔ E2E NS<sup>n</sup>aaS Multilayer Multitenancy SLAs, Dist-AI, Dist/Fed. SDN & Orchestration,



➤ to enable pervasiveness and multitenancy business dynamicity

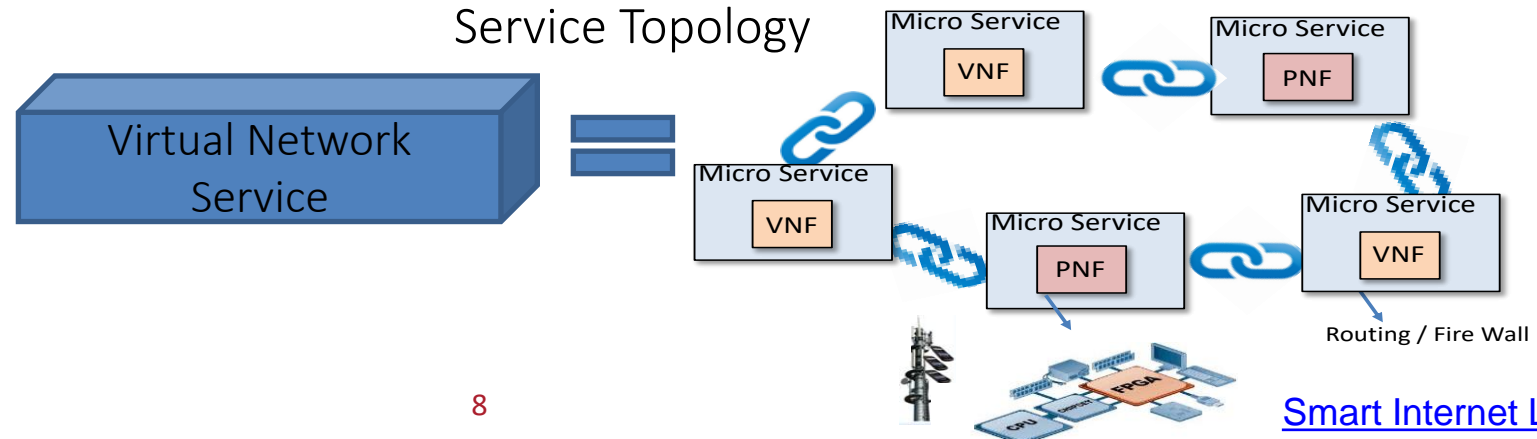
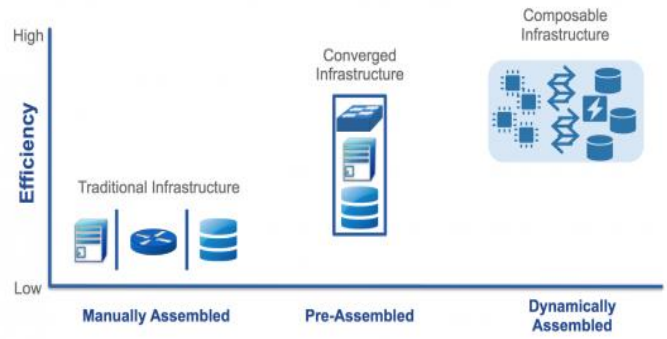
# Architecture Principles

- Disaggregated and composable network infrastructure
- Self-driving network infrastructure
- Technology enablers & challenges



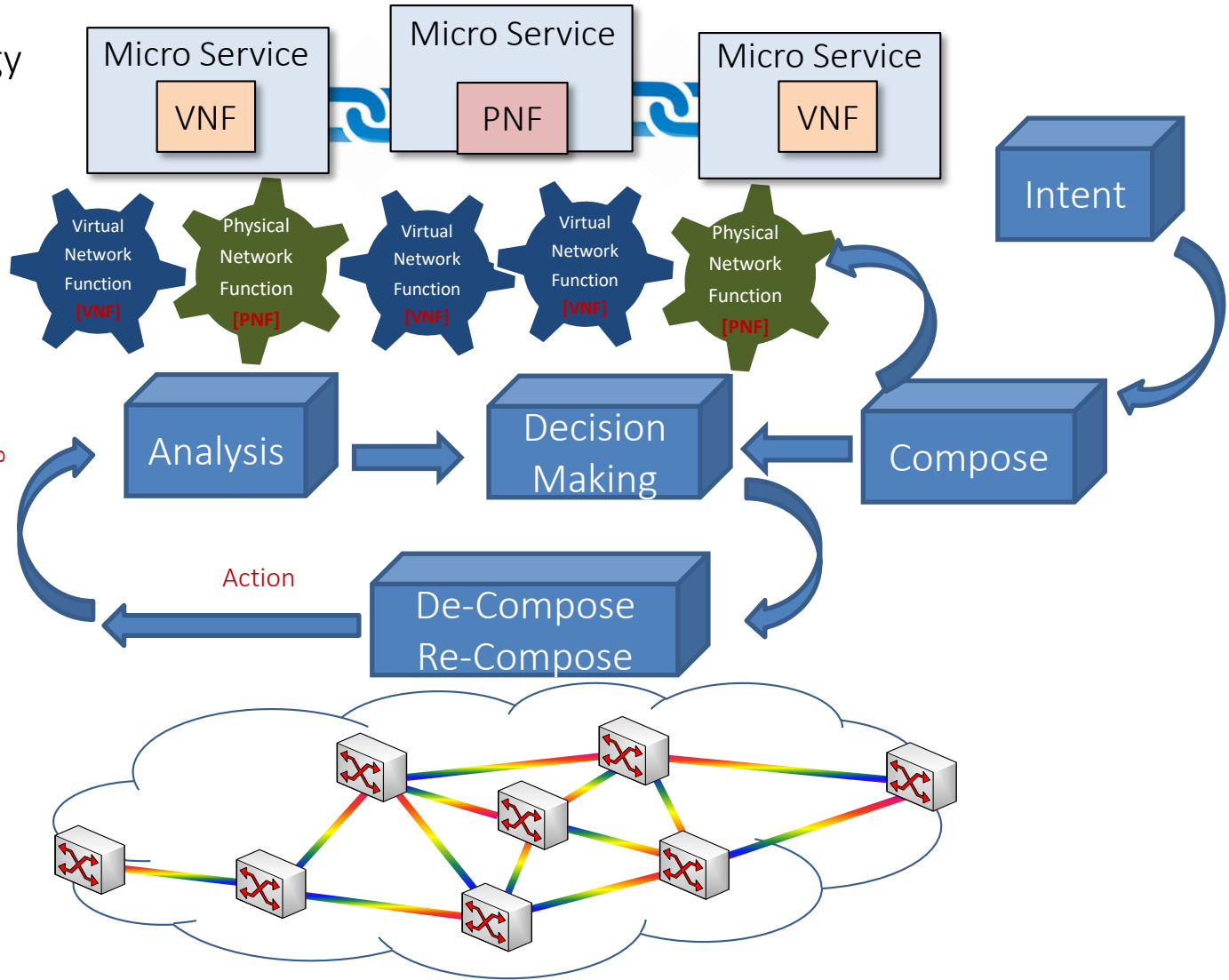
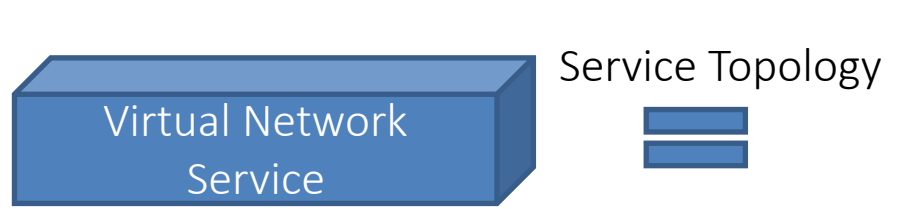


- To allow any service to mix-and-match and use compute, storage and network resources upon request (on-the-fly)
- To support high scale: on demand levels (services, users); devices (IoT, bodynets, etc.); points and types of technologies of access
  - Distributed/decentralised solution focusing at the edge where requests arrive (access, service, etc.)
  - Targeted, customised solutions tailored for local network conditions and dynamics (temporal and space locality)
- Enable high network dynamics: variable amounts and types of traffic; devices (IoT, etc.); on-the-fly dynamic service (re)composition



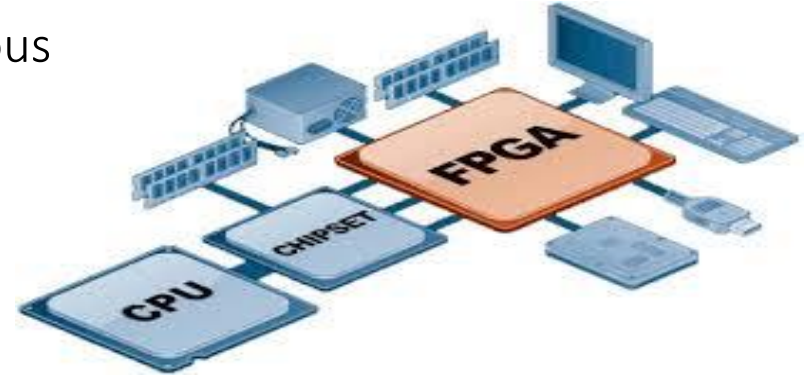


# Self-Driving Network, Self-Composability

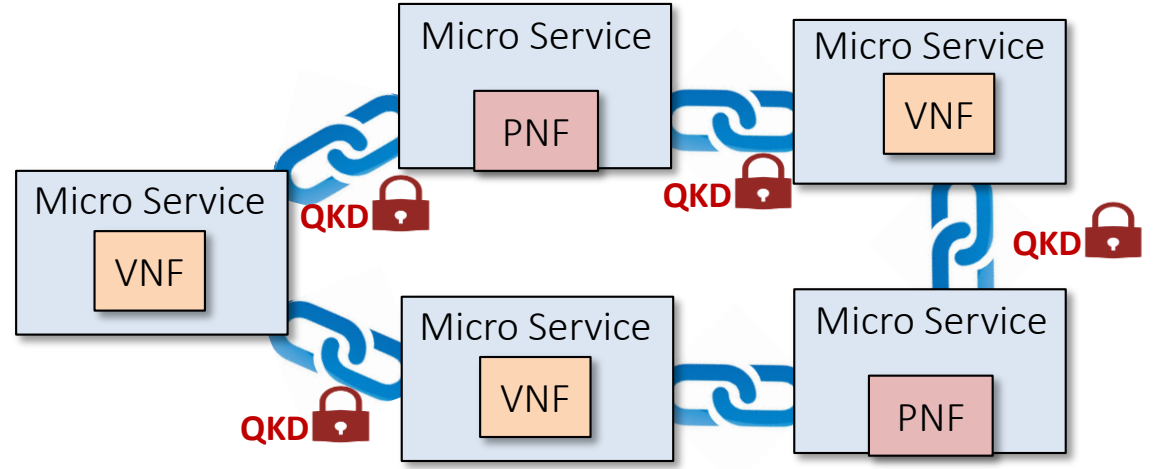


- Machine Learning Assisted and Deep Learning Network Service and Function Composition and Operation
- Function Service Profiling & Monitoring
- Infrastructure Abstraction
- Function Placement
- Methods
  - Game Theory
  - Neural Network
  - Adaptive Regression

- Programmable Hardware & Network HW Function Virtualization
  - Low latency, high-speed and highly synchronous
  - Function in HW on demand
  - Providing enhanced edge functionality



- Quantum secured function chaining
  - Securing communication between VNFs
  - Securing Migration of VNFs

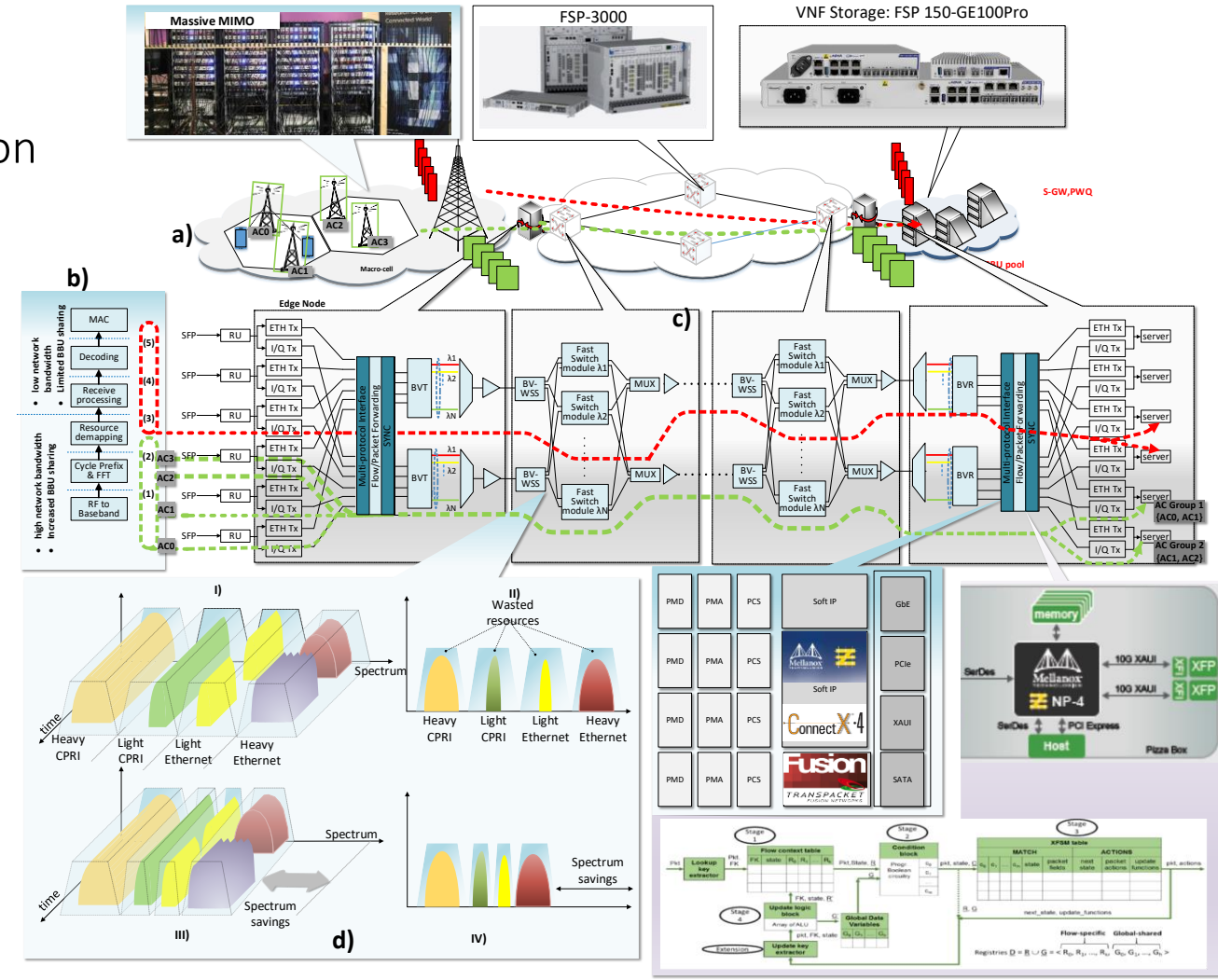


- Deeper Edge-ification (Further moving functionalities to the edge)
- Deeper disaggregation (of SW and HW functions)
- Automated and Autonomous network management and operations
- Deeper Programmability
- Scalability, Resiliency and Security
- Multi-layered multitenancy, full neutral hosting, 6D sliceable

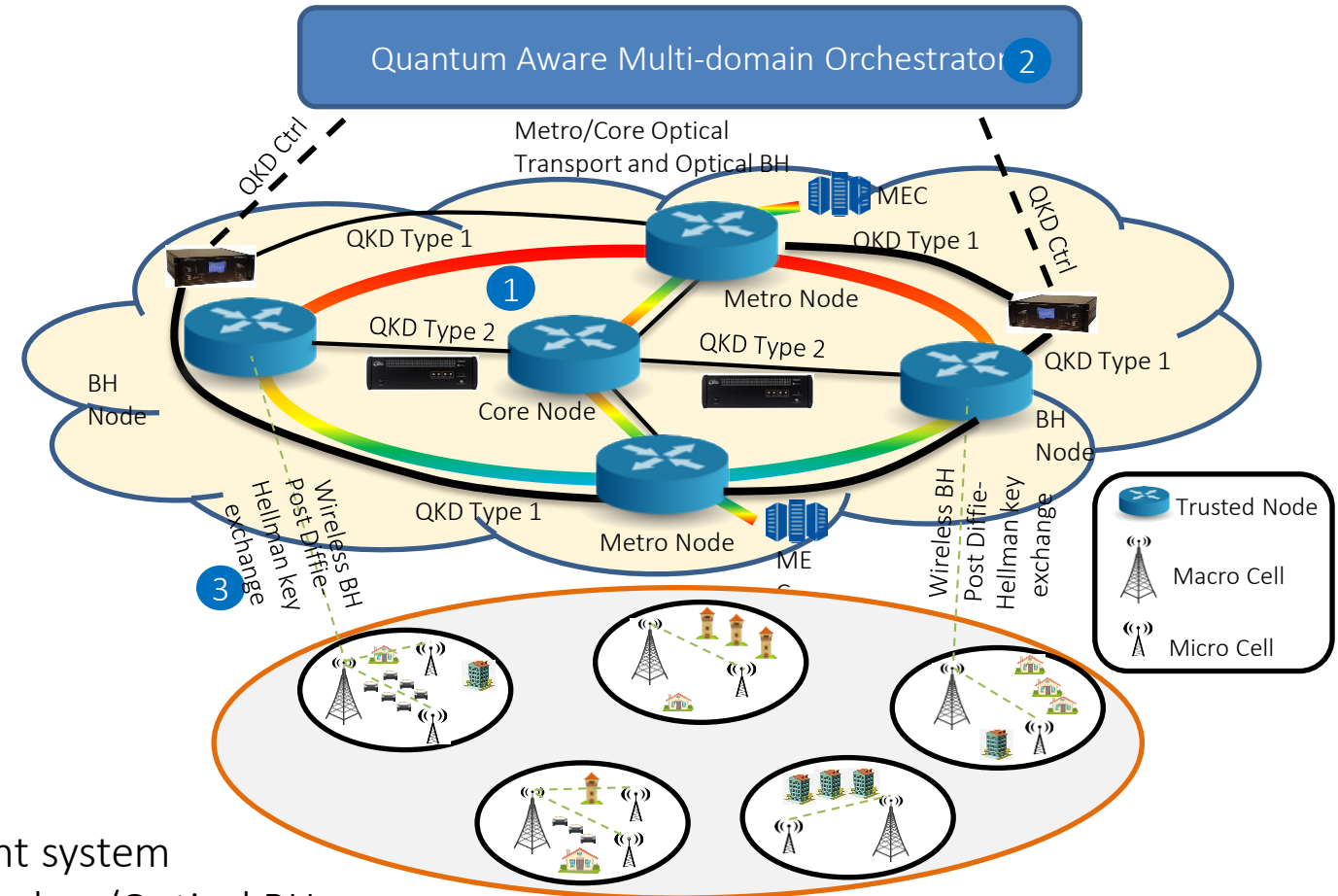
# Enhanced Edge Functionality



- Multi-access control
- Manage KPI trade-offs (latency, throughput, location accuracy, density...)
- Traffic management
  - Address local traffic dynamics and network load
  - Address network and computational dynamics
- Key challenges - intelligence at the edge:
  - Data path interfaces
  - Fast reconfiguration
  - Sharing and isolation
  - Synchronization
  - Resilience, security
  - Efficiency, scalability & sustainability



- 1 Developed the physical layer technologies to integrate QKD with OTN infrastructure:
  - Co-existence of classical/quantum
  - Dynamic QKD for the Edge/Metro [ECOC 2019 PDP]
- 2 Extended OSM MANO to incorporate QKD-awareness:
  - Provision of QKD as an additional security service
  - Use QKD to securely chain VNF through OTN across multiple domains [OFC 2019 PDP]
- 3 Enable Quantum/Classical end-to-end security:
  - Develop Hybrid Key Exchange and Management system
  - Managing Post-Quantum Cryptography for Wireless/Optical BH
  - [QKD over 5GUK demo]



<https://www.bristol.ac.uk/physics/research/quantum/conferences/qkdover5guk/>



- Complete the “Dynamic QKD Networking”
  - 2<sup>nd</sup> Logical Step in QKD networking: Multiple Quantum Channels in the same link
  - Full Q-ROADM: multiple-Q/multiple Cl- channels
- Apply QKD in 5G Fronthaul solutions
  - Employ SFP-class cost-efficient of QKD sources for end users
  - Cover the last mile for true end-to-end QKD encryption
- Entanglement-based Quantum Networks
  - Employ entangled sources to distribute quantum states in multiple nodes
  - Use the “WDM” feature of entangled photons

# Conclusion




- The first pillar, Pervasiveness, is essential in the future to support Verticals and a true Digital enabled Society (no divide)
- The cost of pervasiveness will be balanced by new business models enabled by Multi-layered multitenancy and shareability capabilities
- Deeper disaggregation, programmability, “edge-ification” are strong necessary enablers for pervasiveness
- Dynamic Scalability, Resiliency and Security will support predictable, trustable and thus guaranteed SLAs for verticals
- **Future Networks must become the 4<sup>th</sup> Utility Critical Connectivity Grid Infrastructure and be globally designed as such**



THANK YOU

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