FIGI Security Clinic

USSD to Apps & Open API – Service Security in MTN Uganda Mobile Money

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The journey - MTN Uganda Mobile Money



- From P2P in 2009 to Remittances, virtual Mastercard & Retail payments
- Significant top-line revenue contribution
- Over 5m 30-day active DFS wallets (>30m for MTN Group)
- Key enabler in the Digital Airtime distribution
- Inadequately regulated Emerging legislation under the ambit of the Central bank – Split/separate entity









- App usage from consumer to Street Agents/Merchants/float rebalancing
- Payments (marketplace) & Remittances/interoperability
- Micro Savings & Lending; insurance
- Partnerships & Open API (https://youtu.be/4ay69YK-oLQ)





SS7 Security Threats & Mitigations

- Benefit from regulation
 - biometric-based identity for SIM swaps & PIN resets
 - DND for A2P SMPP port
- IMSI encapsulation in transaction validity
- Restricted SIM swap reversal RBAC
- SS7 Firewall deployment
- A2P SMS Firewall inspection



Emerging DFS Security Threats

- Unsolicited debit requests Scaling from bank-to-mobile & online payments services
- Device & App related vulnerabilities growth of Smartphone penetration



Recommendations to govern/manage growth

- Security by design
- Heuristic (AI/ML) in AML/fraud detection
- Key partners like banks to use IMSI-type checks
- Regulation that doesn't impede agility/innovation