

# Public Procurement & Accessibility

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#### **Eurobarometer- 2012**

- 86% of Europeans agree that having **similar accessibility solutions** across Europe would enable them to travel, study and work in another EU country.
- 96% of Europeans agree that when public authorities provide goods and services they should be obliged to ensure that they are also accessible to people with disabilities.
- 94% of Europeans agree that more money should be spent on eliminating physical obstacles which make the lives of people with disabilities and the elderly difficult.
- 47% of Europeans believe better accessibility of goods and services would very much improve opportunities for industry to sell products to people with disabilities and the elderly.



### **Public procurement: the market**

Revised public procurement Directives

PP 16 to 17% EU gross domestic product 1500 Billion Euros

ICT sector 6% EU GDP with a Total value of the ICT market of 594 billion Euro

European public sector ICT average spending is 0,8 % of GDP = 76billion Euro

The European average of public sector ICT spend that goes to external services such as consultancy and outsourcing is 16%



#### **Revised of the public procurement Directives**

#### Revision of existing directives

<u>Directive 2014/24/EU replacing directive 2004/18/EC</u> (public Procurement) Directive 2014/25/EU replacing directive 2004/17/EC (entities)

New directive on concession contracts

Directive 2014/23/EU

#### **Entering into force on April 2016**

- article 42 technical specifications
- article 62 quality assurance standards (accessibility)
- •article 67 award of contracts (accessibility)
- article 76 principle of awarding the contracts (social services)
- article 84 public oversights (report includes accessibility)
- Concessions: Article 36 technical functional requirements (include accessibility)



## Objectives: socially responsible PP in the new Directives

- 1. Ensure compliance with applicable legislation (social, environmental, labour)
- 2. Expand possibilities to use social considerations in public tenders
- 3. Making accessibility compulsory
- 4. Facilitating social inclusion
- 5. Ensure that certain social services benefit from a simplified regime.



# Using social considerations/1: technical specifications (Art. 42) and labels (Art. 43)

- Link to the subject-matter
- May include factors related to the specific process of production/provision (even if not part of material substance)
- Can be **performance-based/functional** (specific about outcome, broad on technical aspects)
- May include **label requirements**
- May include **quality assurance** standards



## Accessibility requirements and PP (Art. 42 –EAA)

- Accessibility is an obligation in technical specifications: must be taken into account in all procurement for use by natural persons (except for concessions)
- Where mandatory EU requirements exist, they shall be defined with reference to EU legislation
- Can be performance-based
- Can be used in combination with contract award criteria for better results



# Using social considerations/3: award criteria (Art. 67)

- Recourse to best price-quality ratio necessary
- Link to the subject-matter
- May include factors related to the specific process of production/provision
- May also include **label requirements**
- Can be used in **combination** with technical specifications, contract performance clauses



# Using social considerations/2: contract performance conditions

- Link to the **subject-matter**
- Must be indicated in call or tender documents
- Must comply with EU Law rules and principles



### Accessibility in PP and ESIF

- Accessibility is an obligation in both legal acts
- Obligations of **process and of results**
- EU and MSs obligations on accessibility stemming from the UN Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities
- Using accessibility standards and national legislation
- Clarifying concepts: Equal access, Accessibility, Design for all and reasonable accommodation
- examples of accessibility: ramps in buildings, low platform busses, alarms with sound and light, subtitles in videos, telephones navigated by voice, enlarge text in SW and websites,....



# European Accessibility Act & Public Procurement

#### Article 21:

- Accessibility of products and services in the EAA
   -> mandatory requirements
- Other EU acts using Accessibility requirements of the EAA for features, elements and functions -> presumption of fulfillment of obligations on accessibility
- Use of standards and technical specifications
- EAA does not change voluntary or compulsory nature of accessibility
- Accessibility requirements beyond Annex I



### Accessibility related standardization work at EU level

**Mandate 376**: Accessibility requirements for public procurement of products and services in the **ICT** domain

EN 301 549

Mandate 420: Accessibility requirements for public procurement in the Built Environment (including transport infrastructures)

#### Mandate 473 to:

- include Accessibility following Design For All in relevant standardization activities
- Develop standards addressing accessibility following Design for all in the manufacturing and service delivery processes.

#### EN 17161

Cooperation with the US