

Inclusivity, Transitions to Frontier Technologies and The New Urban Agenda: No City Left Behind





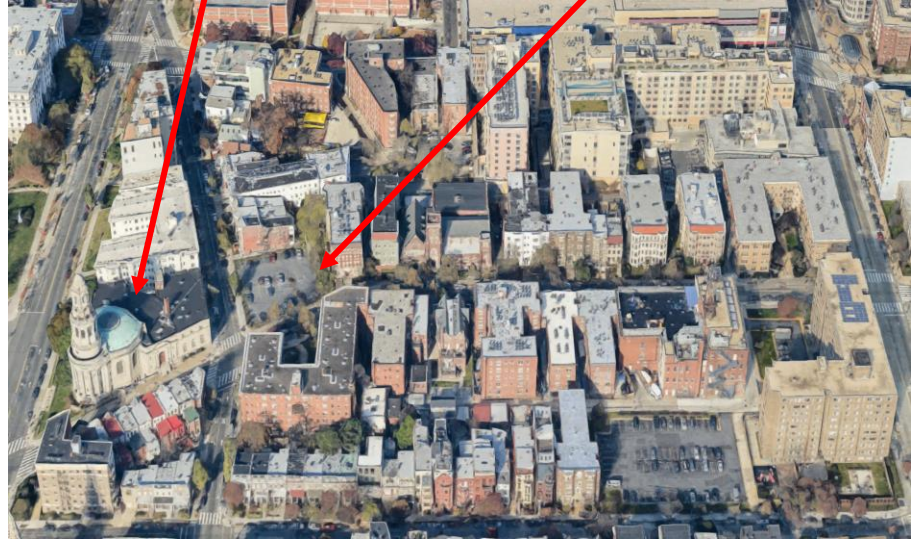
Source: Tong, Micke. *The Future of Cities Aspirations*. 9 June 2015. *What the Future of Cities Can Learn from Ancient Cities*, Redshift by Autodesk.
<https://www.autodesk.com/redshift/the-future-of-cities/>

Heritage preservation

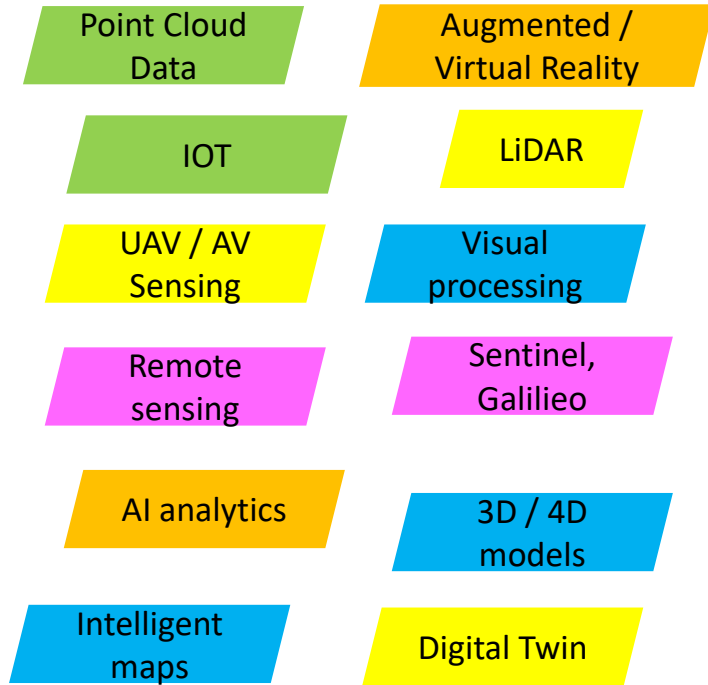
Public space



Urban Sprawl



Urban Densification



Source: Automatic Acquisition of 3D City Models, GIS lounge.39 Jan 2016.
<https://www.gislounge.com/automatic-acquisition-of-3d-city-models/>

NOW



Source: United Nations



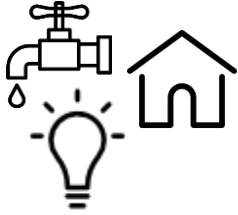
Source: United Nations

LONG TERM FUTURE ?



The New Urban Agenda

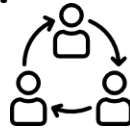
CORE PRINCIPLES



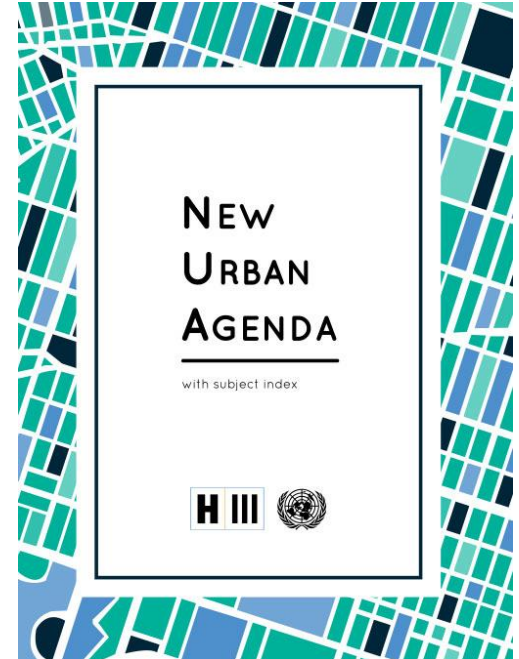
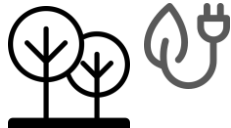
**Inclusive and equitable cities:
Leave no one behind**



**Inclusive urban economies:
capital agglomeration,
circularity**



**Inclusive environments:
biodiversity, clean energy,
resilience**



The New Urban Agenda

CORE VALUES



**Participatory
governance**



People-centered



Planet protection



**Prioritizing Long
Term**

access (56) agenda (128) appropriate (55) build (32) cities (70)
 commit (78) communities (39) conference (35)
 development (210) economic (45) effective (34) ensuring (48)
 general (32) governments (104) habitat (49) housing (44) human (59)
 iii (33) implementation (69) including (117) inclusive (51)
 informal (34) infrastructure (33) integrated (49) land (33) levels (50) local (135)
 management (47) national (122) participation (34) persons (34)
 planning (79) policies (75) production (34) promote (109)
 public (57) regional (44) relevant (40) resources (39) services (45) settlements (55)
 social (53) stakeholders (32) subnational (64) support (70)
 sustainable (178) systems (37) territorial (40) united (57)
 urban (348)

4 Themes Affecting the Future of Cities



Economy:

Cities agglomerate 80% of the wealth of nations, but unemployment is increasing, urban-to-rural causes

01



Environment:

-Cities produce up to 76% of emissions
-Improved connectivity can save USD3trn

03



Geography & Space:

Buildings density and occupant density, urban sprawl, height, layout, size, compact vs large

02



The emergence of smart and connected cities, driven by information and communication technologies (ICT), city data movements and the field of big data

04



UN  **HABITAT**
FOR A BETTER URBAN FUTURE

Source: Pinterest <https://www.pinterest.com/pin/617767273860343714/>

Questions to think about, as standardization professionals:

Examples:

How can we measure quality of life, i.e. examples:

- Number of people with an average commuting time of 15 minutes or less
- What kind of spatial indicators can we collect?
- What kind of frontier technologies (AI, IOT, Big Data, etc) that can be adapted affordably using existing remote sensing technologies and available data to enhance city ability to collect and measure these indicators?
- How can cheaper, more affordable, low-cost measurement methodologies be proposed for cities in digital transition?

