

**The International Amateur Radio Union** 

# Frequency coordination for Amateur Satellite Service



Hans Blondeel Timmerman IARU Satellite Advisor Geneva, 29 November 2018

## What is the Amateur Service?

#### **Amateur Service**

- self-training
- intercommunication & technical investigation
- duly authorized persons interested in radio technology
- no monetary interests.

#### **Amateur Satellite Service**

- using space stations (satellites) and earth stations,
- for the same purpose as the amateur service



### What do Radio Amateurs do?

- Operate two-way radiocommunication
  - Different bands and modes
  - Competitions
- Innovations in electronics
  - packet radio
  - Automatic Packet Reporting System (APRS)
  - Antenna designs
  - Digital voice and images
  - Below the noise applications
  - Software Designed Radio (SDR)
- Disaster Communications
- Public Service

#### What do Radio Amateurs do contd

- Signal & Propagation Phenomena
  - Observe, measure and record signals, beacons
  - Explore propagation modes, anomalies
- International Friendships and Understanding
- Provides Learning Opportunities
- becoming a technical human resource for industry, government and the public.
- a disciplined and self-regulating service
- >3 million licensed radio amateurs worldwide.
- continues to grow

#### **Radio Amateurs and Space**

- Orbiting Satellite Carrying Amateur Radio
- First OSCAR in 1961
- First two-way amateur-satellite contact in 1965
- Largest OSCAR 40 in 2000 >500kg launch mass
- the longest lived OSCAR 7 from 1974
- AMSAT Organizations
- permanent part of ISS
- university student projects
- Es'HailSat: First GSO. Launched 15 Nov 18

#### **Currently active satellites**

- 100+ satellites in the 435 MHz (70cm).
- 30+ satellites in the 145 MHz (2m) band
- 17 satellites that incorporate transponders
- Growing interest in microwave bands



FUNcube-1

# **future** satellites

- almost all are small satellites
- over 75 projects planned for 24/36 months
- most going to LEO



#### PSLV 29 November 2018

- 3CAT1 (E)
- FacSat-1 (CLM)
- InnoSat-2 (MLA)
- Reaktor HelloWorld (FIN)

All four are active



#### SSO-A 2 December 2018

Exseed MinXSS 2 PW-Sat 2 Fox 1C **KNACKSAT** JY1-Sat MOVE 2 Astrocast Visioncube

CSIM **IRVINE02** ITASAT SNUGLITE SNUSAT-2 SUOMI-1 **RANGE A&B** K2SAT **ESEO** 



- Access throughout spectrum
- Most on secondary basis

- Amateur satellite is primary
- Sharing with terrestrial amateur use
- Available for amateur satellites
  - 144.000-144.025
  - 145.800-146.000



- Amateur satellite may operate by FN 5.282
- Not cause harmful interference



#### Who can use Amateur Bands

- Licensed radio amateurs
- ITU Radio Regulations
  - Article 1.56 defines amateur service
  - Article 1.57 defines amateur satellite service
  - Article 25 sets framework for the services above

# **RR 1.56 and 1.57**

- RR 1.56 amateur service: A radiocommunication service for the purpose of self-training, intercommunication and technical investigations carried out by amateurs, that is, by duly authorized persons interested in radio technique solely with a personal aim and without pecuniary interest
- RR 1.57 amateur-satellite service: A radiocommunication service using space stations on earth satellites for the same purposes as those of the amateur service.





25.2A Transmissions between amateur stations of different countries shall not be encoded for the purpose of obscuring their meaning, except for control signals exchanged between earth command stations and space stations in the amateur-satellite service

25.3 Amateur stations may be used for transmitting international communications on behalf of third parties only in case of emergencies or disaster relief

25.11 Administrations authorizing space stations in the amateur-satellite service shall ensure that sufficient earth command stations are established before launch to ensure that any harmful interference caused by emissions from a station in the amateur-satellite service can be terminated immediately.



### Report ITU-R SA.2312-0 (09/2014)

Characteristics, definitions and spectrum requirements of nanosatellites and picosatellites, as well as systems composed of such satellites

International Telecommunication Union



Report ITU-R SA.2312-0 (09/2014)

Characteristics, definitions and spectrum requirements of nanosatellites and picosatellites, as well as systems composed of such satellites

> SA Series Space applications and meteorology



- Educational and amateur radio missions
- Experimental and research missions
- Commercial missions

- different bands
- All amateur satellites are equal
- Avoid interference, chaos and mission failure
- Bandplans
- Coordination
- No exclusive frequencies
- Coordination serves everyone's best interests!

- A panel with specialist from all three regions
- Online meeting every 2/3 weeks
- Including Earth segment
- Deconflicting missions on same launch
- Coordination letter
- Follow up if necessary

Satellite Earth station





#### Visit http://www.iaru.org/satellite.html

Home	About	Regions	Operating	Reference	News & Events	Contact	more	

#### Amateur Radio Satellite Frequency Coordination

The IARU Administrative Council has appointed Hans Blondeel Timmerman, PB2T, as the IARU Amateur Satellite Advisor. A panel of experts assists him in coordinating frequencies and advising satellite builders and prospective builders.

#### **Advisory Panel**

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Region 1 Graham Shirville, G3VZV: g.....@btinternet Mike Rupprecht, DK3WN: m.....@mike-rupprecht.de

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#### Next panel meeting

The IARU Satellite Frequency Coordination Panel typically meets every two to three weeks. The next panel meeting will be held on 3 December 2018. Coordination requests for consideration in that meeting should be received NLT 1 December 2018.

#### Coordination request version 39

On 3 September 2019 version 39 of the IARU Amateur Satellite Coordination Request came into effect. The previous versions can no longer be used.

- Is mission compliant?
- Access to amateur bands
- licensed radio amateur responsible for all transmissions
- Select band(s) of operation
- Combined missions
- API through administration



- [Name] is the first commercial satellite in [country]
- [Name] is the first [country] EO satellite with data available for radio amateurs



- Use of amateur spectrum is not enough
- Licensed amateur in charge
- No pecuniary interest
- No encryption (except TC)
- self-training
- intercommunication & technical investigation

- Growing number of commercial requests, not accepting "no" as an answer
- Class of Station "EA"
- Educational vs. science
- API first or IARU coordination first?



### **Back up slides**



#### **Amateur satellite service allocations**

Wavelength	Frequency band (MHz)	Applications			
10 m	28 000-29 700 (primary)	This band is used primarily in conjunction with an input or output in the 144 MHz band.			
2 m	144-146 (primary) Satellite: 145.794 – 146	These bands are in heavy use by numerous amateur satellites for inputs and			
70 cm	435-438 (secondary) RR No. 5.282	outputs.			
23 cm	1 260-1 270 (secondary) Earth-to-space only RR No. 5.282				
13 cm	2 400-2 450 (secondary) RR No. 5.282	These bands are used as alternatives to the 144 MHz and 435 MHz bands because of congestion.			
9 cm	3 400-3 410 (secondary) Regions 2 and 3 only RR No. 5.282				



#### **Amateur satellite service allocations**

Wavelength	Frequency band	Applications		
5 cm	5 650-5 670 MHz (Secondary)			
	Earth-to-space only			
	RR No. 5.282			
	5 830-5 850 MHz (secondary)	These bands are used for experimental amateur satellites.		
	Space-to-earth only			
3 cm	10.45-10.5 GHz (secondary)	These bands are used for experimental amateur satellite		
		communications.		
1.2 cm	24-24.05 GHz (primary)			
6 mm	47-47.2 GHz (primary)			
4 mm	76-77.5 GHz (secondary)			
	77.5-78 GHz (primary)			
	78-81 GHz (secondary)	These bands are used for experimental amateur satellites.		
	81.0-81.5 GHz (secondary)			
	RR No. 5.561A			
2 mm	134-136 GHz (primary)			
2 mm	136-141 GHz (secondary)			
1 mm	241-248 GHz (secondary)			
1 mm	248-250 GHz (primary)			