

ITU Workshop on "Future of television for Europe"

Broadcasting Early Warning Systems and Resilience

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Broadcasting in times of crisis



Türkiye/Syria earthquakes 6 February 2023 04:17



Broadcasting in times of crisis

TRT (Turkish PSB)

1 station totally collapsed

4 stations heavily damaged

28 station moderately damaged.

57 station not damaged.

Reaction

Continued FM Broadcast from undamaged and self-powered stations

Contact Electricity Network Operators

Oil for generators

Result

- Radio 1 (FM) restarted in 30 minutes
- TRT HABER (TV News) restarted in 30 minutes





Türkiye/Syria earthquakes 6 February 2023 04:17







.. And many more examples

ITU Workshop on Emergency Broadcasting

November 2013

ITU-R Report "Broadcasting for public warning, disaster mitigation, and relief"

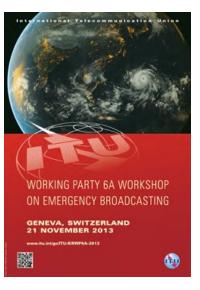
ITU-R BT.2299-3 - March 2022

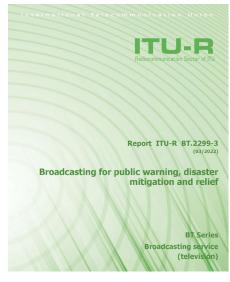
EBU Workshop "Broadcasting in times of crisis - 2023"

March 2023

EBU Report "Radio in Times of Crisis"

April 2024







Public Broadcasting systems are resilient

Resilience

Capability of a network to continue providing a service in case of unwanted event impacting network operation and to recover from such an impact.

PSM Obligations

Resilience requirements are sometimes explicitly mentioned as part of PSM's obligations to distribute on terrestrial broadcasting networks.

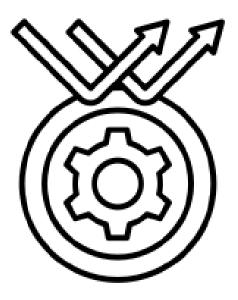
PSM have an implicit obligation to ensure high availability of their services, including in emergency situations.

PSM Recommendations

EBU published Recommendation R156

"Infrastructure strategy to ensure content distribution during times of crisis"

- Multiple technologies (Multi layer)
- Universal coverage (Anywhere)
- Resilient infrastructure
- Sustainable
- Informing and alerting



Terrestrial Broadcasting is very resilient

Redundant feeds

Fiber, satellite, fixed links, repeater mode

Replacement equipment on-site

Redundant antennas, transmitters and feeders

Several days of power autonomy

Diesel backup generators and enough fuel

Geographical redundancy

Multiple sites, transportable transmitters





Roles of PSB in times of crisis

Information

Before, during and after the disaster

Continuous information to the public in relation to the disaster

No need for selective geographical coverage

No need for user feedback

Under the full editorial responsibility of the PSB







Spain floods 29 October 2024 – RTVE coverage



Roles of PSB in times of crisis

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Early warning

Only before the disaster

Often requires selective geographical coverage

Requires agreed protocol with alerting authorities (e.g. CAP)

Useful to have user feedback, although not mandatory

Requires an automatic "wake up" feature in the user device



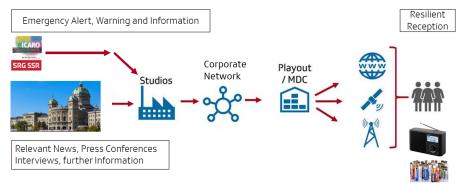






Spain floods 29 October 2024 – RTVE coverage

Global Chain of Resilient Emergency Broadcasting

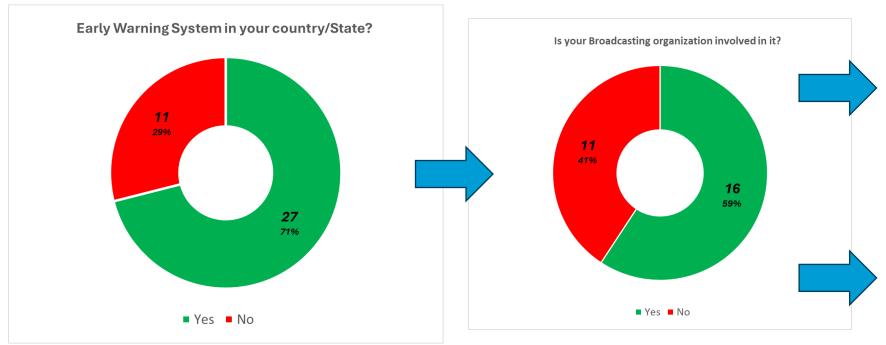


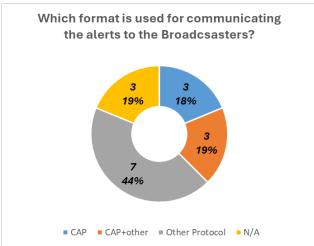
Swiss Emergency Alerting Broadcasting (ICARO) by SRG SSR – Swiss PSB

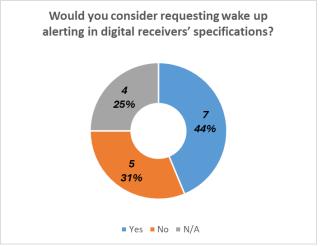


Broadcasters' involvement in EW4ALL

Ongoing questionnaire to broadcasters worldwide

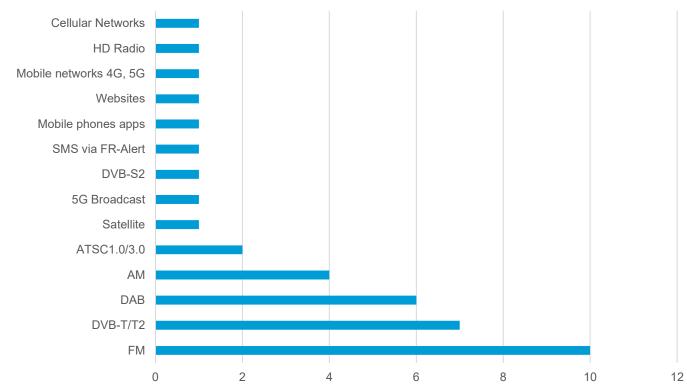






Broadcasting systems used for Early Warning





Radio is the main broadcasting platform used for Early Warning

.. but Terrestrial Television is also used

Thank you!

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