ITUEGH

ITU Expert Group on ICT Household Indicators (EGH)

9th Meeting

15-16 September 2021 | 13:00-16:00 (CET)

Summary and Conclusions



8: Report of the joint EGTI-EGH subgroup on Mobile money

- The 11th meeting of EGTI and the 8th meeting of EGH in 2020 agreed to form a joint subgroup with an aim to develop indicators measuring the adoption and usage of mobile money services from the supply as well as the demand side.
- The joint subgroup, based on experience from countries and GSMA, proposed to define mobile money as a technology that allows people to receive, store, and transfer money or make payments through a mobile phone, and specified the scope of measurement.
- Considering the demand side, 7 new indicators were proposed to measure mobile money services:
 - 1. Proportion of individuals using a mobile money account
 - 2. Proportion of individuals owning a mobile money account
 - 3. Proportion of individuals mobile money account sharers
 - 4. Barriers to mobile money account at individual level
 - 5. Average number of mobile money account at individual level
 - 6. Proportion of individuals using a mobile money account, by frequency
 - 7. Proportion of individuals using a mobile money account, by type of activity
- Corresponding questions that can be used in a survey were established as well



Conclusion

8: Report of the joint EGTI-EGH subgroup on Mobile money

- 1. EGH adopted the indicators.
- 2. Countries are encouraged to include the questions and indicators in their national surveys.
- 3. However, the new indicators will not be collected by ITU yet.
- 4. The subgroup is closed.



- The ITU Secretariat (ICT Data and Analytics Division) informed EGTI and EGH of newly developed statistical products, including:
 - The Digital Development Dashboard, a data visualization tool for disseminating ITU statistics; and
 - Ongoing work on the exploitation of big data for measuring digital development



2. Report of the subgroup on child online protection indicators

- There is a high policy interest in child online protection, but it is challenging to measure within the framework of household ICT surveys
- The subgroup considered the following inputs: EU Kids online, Global Kids only, a study by Costa Rica on Access and use of mobile devices and Internet by boys, girls and young people, and the ITU Child Online Protection guidelines.
- There are various issues around surveying children, including legal and sensitivity issues.
- Various materials have been developed that deal with these issues and propose indicators and survey strategies.
- A number of countries shared their experiences with surveying children.



Conclusion

2. Report of the subgroup on child online protection indicators

- 1. The subgroup recommended that countries use the <u>key measures for Global Kids Online</u> and the corresponding <u>GKO method guides</u>, which cover the issues raised regarding ethics, survey administration, and so forth.
- 2. Countries are encouraged to start or continue surveying children using the recommended materials.
- 3. However, the new indicators will not be collected by ITU yet.
- 4. The subgroup is closed.



3. Report of the subgroup on e-waste indicators in household surveys

- The EACO Regional E-waste Data Harmonization project will provide technical assistance to 6 East African Communications Organisation members to harmonize e-waste data collection, and sustain a regional e-waste database maintained by the EACO Secretariat.
- The project will include a harmonisation of surveys, training, implementation of the surveys leading to a publication by the end of 2022.
- The subgroup on e-waste indicators reported on progress, sharing a number of concerns on the existing indicators, but also possible solutions as discussed in the subgroup.
- The subgroup has proposed two modules for discussion, on possession, disposal patterns, reasons to dispose and awareness.
- After receiving comments, a new draft proposal will be drafted and presented to the next EGH meeting.



Conclusion

3. Report of the subgroup on e-waste indicators in household surveys

- 1. The EACO project will shed light on the situation in 6 East African countries, and will also inform on the feasibility and challenges in collecting e-waste indicators through household and business surveys.
- 2. The EGH subgroup has made good progress in developing survey modules on e-waste that can be included in household surveys, but has not finished its work though.
- 3. Therefore the subgroup will continue its work and report to next year's EGH.



- Brazil shared their experience collecting ICT Households indicators during the COVID-19 Pandemic
- No traditional face-to-face interviews, so alternative data collection methods had to be developed, with incomplete or partial frames as a critical barrier
- Contingency plan: web panel survey with Internet users and telephone data collection for the traditional ICT Households survey
- Information was shared on the methods applied and the advantages and disadvantages



EGH agreed to:

- Continue the e-waste subgroup
- Start a joint EGTI-EGH subgroup on Over-the-top (OTT) services
- Revive the subgroup on skills to aggregate the skills categories
- Review the long questionnaire

Open forum topics on:

- Barriers for data collection and data production
- Innovative ways of reaching vulnerable or hard to reach groups (incl. children)
- Share experiences on conducting surveys during the pandemic
- Experience sharing (or training) on imputation of missing data
- Share experiences on mobile money
- Integration of administrative records with household surveys; alternative sources of data (e.g. big data; AI; ML; satellite imagery)
- Future of methods of work of EGH



Overall conclusion

• All decisions will be subject to comments until 15 October 2021, after which they will become final.



Thank you!

