ITU Regional Economic Dialogue on Telecommunications/ICTs for Latin America and the Caribbean (RED)



Mexico City, 4-6 September 2018



GLOBAL ICT REGULATORY

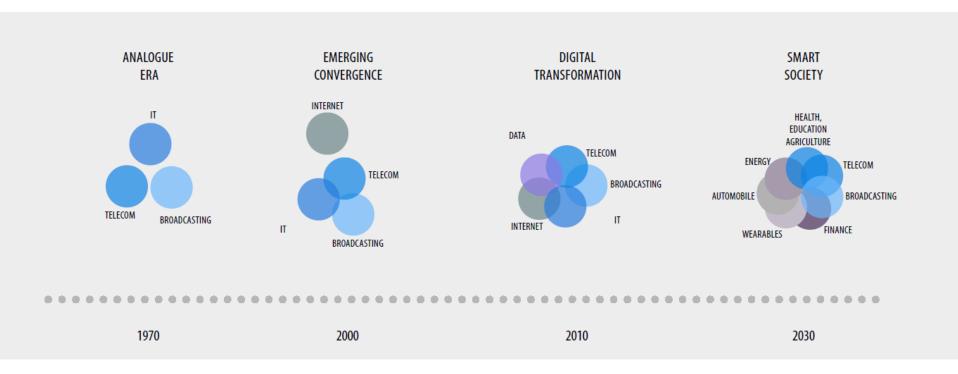


ICT Regulatory and Economics tools to fast-track the promise of the digital economy

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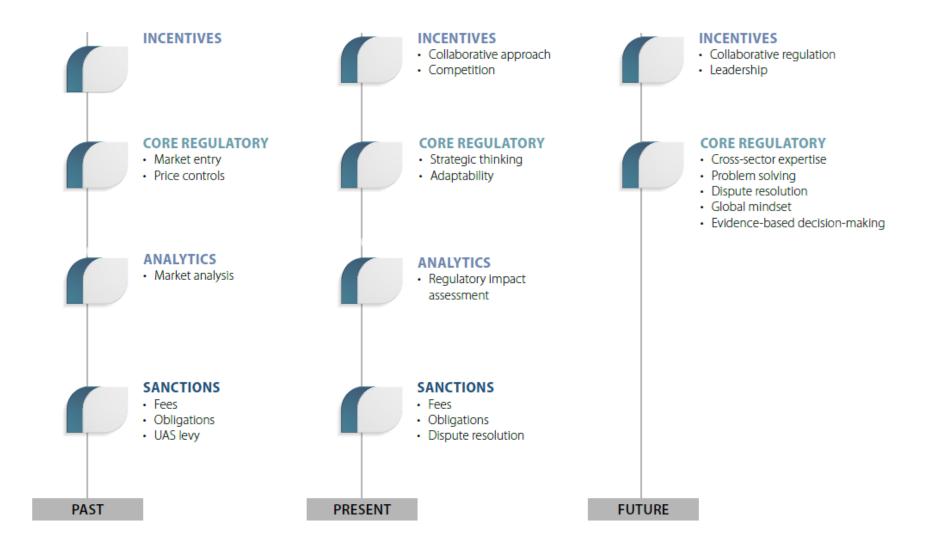
Digital transformation



Over the past couple of decades, digital transformation has been reshaping the ICT sector – and increasingly other sectors too – bringing both challenges and opportunities

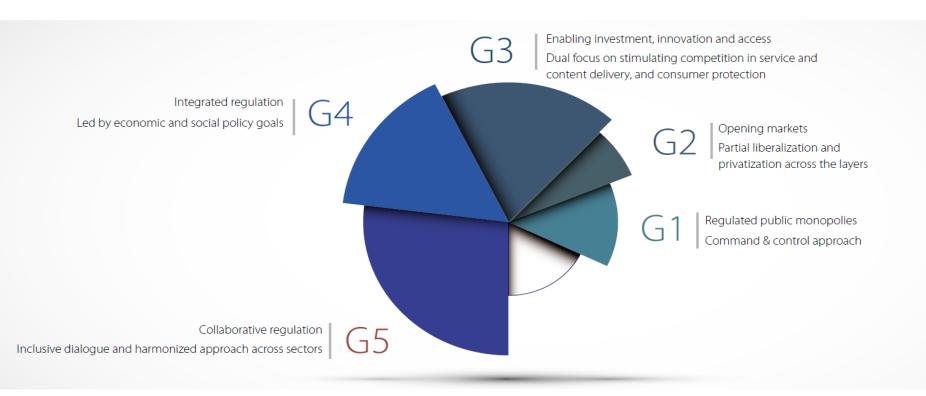
Evolution of regulatory mandates and skills





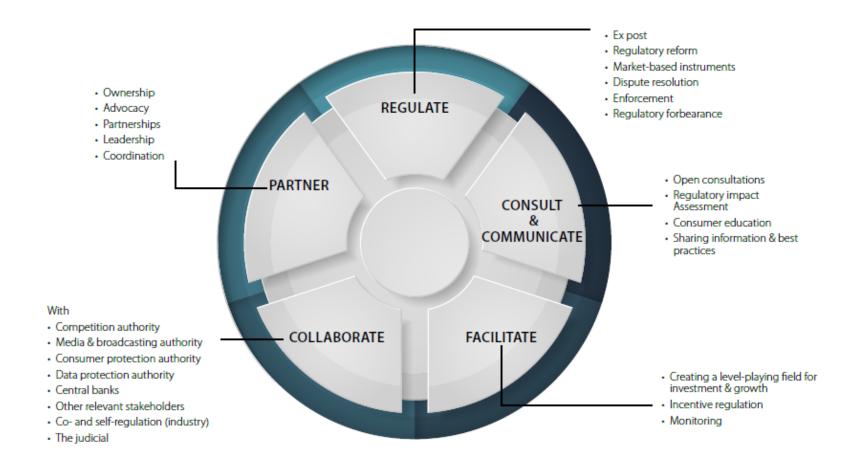


The Five Generations of Regulation





G5 Regulation: the regulatory wheel of fire



Changing paths of the ICT regulator, regulation and markets





One of the ITU tools to fast-tracking the promise of the digital economy



GLOBAL ICT REGULATORY

OUTLOOK

2017

itu.int/go/outlook17



Tracker by Country Country Card Tracker by Region Comparison Map Generations of Regulation

Select an option

ICT Regulatory Tr	acker 2017: Amer	icas (North Ameri	ca + Latin Americ	a & the Caribbean)	
Cluster	C1: Regulatory Authority	C2. Regulatory Mandate	C3. Regulatory Regime	C4. Competition Framework	Overall Score
Max Score:	20	22	30	28	100
Country					
Antigua & Barbuda	8.00	11.50	8.00	15.33	42.83
Argentina	18.00	20.00	24.00	28.00	90.00
Bahamas	19.00	18.50	26.00	25.33	88.83
Barbados	17.00	12.50	18.00	21.00	68.50
Belize	17.00	19.50	20.00	7.33	63.83
Bolivia	9.00	6.00	8.00	3.00	26.00
Brazil	16.00	20.50	27.00	28.00	91.50
Canada	19.00	16.50	30.00	20.00	85.50
Chile	14.00	22.00	26.00	28.00	90.00
Colombia	15.00	12.50	24.00	27.00	78.50
Costa Rica	19.00	15.00	25.00	24.00	83.00
Cuba	2.00	10.00	10.00	6.00	28.00
Dominica	11.00	15.50	20.00	26.00	72.50
Dominican Rep.	19.00	20.00	27.00	26.67	92.67
Ecuador	19.00	20.00	23.00	25.00	87.00
El Salvador	19.00	14.50	14.00	26.00	73.50
Grenada	14.00	17.00	20.00	23.00	74.00

itu.int/go/tracker

What does the ICT Tracker do?

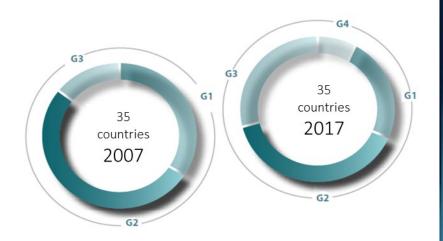


The ICT Tracker:

- > pinpoints the changes taking place in the ICT regulatory environment;
- facilitates benchmarking and the identification of trends in ICT legal and regulatory frameworks;
- helps identify gaps in existing regulatory frameworks, making the case for further regulatory reform towards achieving a vibrant and inclusive ICT sector;
- ➤ enables users/countries to track progress and identify the major regulatory trends driving the ICT sector since 2007;
- It has also led to the definition of five 'generations of ICT regulation'.

The Tracker does not measure the quality or the performance of regulatory frameworks in place, but records their existence and features.

Generation of Regulation in the Americas, 2007 and 2017



AMERICAS TOP 5, ICT REGULATORY TRACKER 2017

Cour	ntry	Score 2015	Score 2017
1.	Dominican Rep.	91.6	92.7
2.	Mexico	90.0	92.0
3.	Brazil	94.5	91.5
4.	Argentina	89.0	90.0
5.	Chile	88.0	90.0
6.	United States	88.5	88.5

Source: ITU

AMERICAS

- There are four Latin America countries in the top 25 (Brazil, Mexico, Dominican Republic and Argentina) while there were none back in 2007. This demonstrates the dynamic pace of evolution both in regulation and the ICT markets across the region.
- A total of ten countries have joined the G4 bandwagon.
- Since 2007, 19 countries from the Americas have moved to G3 or G4 regulation. This shift in the regulatory paradigm explains, at least in part, the strong growth of market penetration of both basic voice services and broadband across the region.
- The Americas count only three G1 countries in 2015.



But... how to move from G3 and G4 to the G5 of Regulation?

Regulatory incentives toolkit for the 5th Generation of ICT regulation



Main areas of intervention	Incentives	Description / Advantages	+/-	Market impact/ Regulatory impact	Country examples
Infrastructure & network expansion	Simplification of licensing regime and procedures, especially ex ante	Ensures flexibility to accommodate future technological and market changes and reduce administrative burdens and fees on market players.	+	Facilitated entry of new market players Enhanced competition	EU Singapore Tanzania Trinidad & Tobago Uganda
	Administrative incentive prices (AIPs)	'Administrative' because prices are set by the regulator reflecting the opportunity cost of spectrum while incorporating potential 'incentive' properties: prices are thereby set at a level to encourage efficient use reflecting spectrum scarcity. There is strong evidence that AIPs, which are intended to be set at a level reflecting spectrum scarcity in particular bands, can encourage efficiency and economy in spectrum use.	+	Improved economic efficiency	Australia New Zealand UK
	Smart subsidies (UAS)	An initial subsidy (usually one-off) that is designed to kick-start service provision in rural or high-cost areas, and low-income population groups that will not be reached by the market alone, even if it is an efficient market, or at least not for a long time to come. Although the number of countries applying it has decreased recently, smart subsidies has its place in the regulatory incentives toolbox.	+	Minimizing network buildout cost Market growth	Mongolia Nepal Uganda
	Reduced regulatory fees (recurring or for licences, etc.)	Levying proportionate, justified fees is considered best regulatory practice, however the amount of fees for licences, spectrum, numbers and other resources should be regularly reviewed and can be reduced, with proper justification.	+	Facilitated entry of new market players Enhanced competition	Argentina Brazil Ecuador Venezuela
	Tax holidays (also include tax credits, accelerated depreciation on assets, and export subsidies and import entitlements)	Tax reduction or elimination that is offered to new markets entrants, especially foreign.	+	Higher FDI Increased GDP in ICTs	Brazil Guatemala

Regulatory Incentives Toolkit 2



Main areas of intervention	Incentives	Description / Advantages	+/-	Market impact/ Regulatory impact	Country examples
	Broadband plan: various regulatory & financial incentives	Examples include measures to unbundle and co-locate services, opening the Universal Services Programme for broadband initiatives, and allowing for broadband service delivery through multiple technologies, including wireless solutions.	+	Increased penetration Connecting the unconnected	Bulgaria Ghana Honduras Malaysia Thailand US
Diversification of services	Infrastructure sharing (permitted or mandated at different layers – MVNOs, bitstream, cable/fibre collocation)	Lowers the cost of deploying broadband networks. Certain sharing options could also pose risks, in particular by reducing competition. Access to non-telecom infrastructure becomes more common.	+/-	Increased coverage Increased affordability of services Enhanced service-based competition	Brazil Dominican Republic Georgia Jordan Pakistan Portugal
	Spectrum sharing (or spectrum commons) and secondary trading	Can be accomplished through licensing and/or commercial arrangements involving spectrum leases and spectrum trading. Spectrum can also be shared in several dimensions; time, space and geography. In the spectrum commons, low-power devices operate on the basis of signal propagation, which takes advantage of power and interference reduction techniques.	+	Improve market efficiency Facilitated access to spectrum by new players	Cape Verde EU (some countries) Guatemala India Turkey US
Affordability	Price caps –access and/or retail pricing	If price caps must be applied, it should be in a justified situation and in a proportionate manner. Caps must be consistent and non-discriminatory based on costing methodologies to promote competition and enhance infrastructure investment. The regulator defines a main price cap formula to calculate maximum prices of services. If the operator achieves greater efficiencies than required by the regulator (allowed Rol), it can retain the difference as increased profits.	-	Increased economic efficiency Price reduction	Australia Barbados EU
	Deregulation of retail pricing caps	After reaching market maturity, retail pricing is generally deregulated.	+	Price reduction	Hong Kong, China UK





Main areas of intervention	Incentives	Description / Advantages	+/-	Market impact/ Regulatory impact	Country examples
Content	Light-touch regulation on OTTs/OSPs	In the case of VoIP, a number of policy and regulations have classified it as a telecom/ICT service or explicitly legalized VoIP services.	+	Usage stimulation	Bangladesh Bahamas EU Indonesia Iran Malawi
Cybersecurity, privacy & data protection	Adoption of basic technical controls & standards for cybersecurity	Incentivize market players to level up their cybersecurity readiness while encouraging manufacturers to deploy more 'privacy-by-design' solutions.	+	Better consumer protection Improved network resilience	UK
Quality of service & experience (QoSE)	Monitoring the implementation of licence conditions/ measurement targets, etc.	Is necessary to ensure consumer rights are met and where they are not, follow up with the available regulatory enforcement tools or remedies.	-	Enhanced consumer information Better user experience	China Colombia Rwanda Switzerland Tunisia Ukraine
	Publishing QoSE measurements	Publishing at least some measurements is central to helping consumers make informed choices. In addition, it is often the main technique for encouraging compliance with QoSE norms and creating a positive competitive dynamic among service providers.	+	Enhanced consumer ability to make informed choices	Australia Canada Chile Colombia Singapore
Transparency	Open consultations	Consultation with ICT sector stakeholders reinforces the perception of a transparent regulatory process. Consultation also allows the regulator to directly receive the views of consumers, existing service providers and prospective players on a proposed regulatory initiative. Receiving feedback from these stakeholders assists the regulator to fine-tune the proposal and come closer to the demands of both service providers and consumers.	+	Market-wise regulation Increased confidence of service providers and investors in regulation Reduced investment risk	Armenia Benin EU India Jamaica Saudi Arabia

Other ITU Regulatory Tools for Evidence Based Decision Making



- ✓ Knowledge Sharing Platforms and Strategic Dialogues, in particular The Global Symposium for Regulators (GSR), our annual flagship event for and with ICT Policy Makers and Regulators and Members to network, exchange, learn and collaborate:
 - The GSR Best Practice Guidelines
 - The GSR Discussion Papers (e.g.: GSR-18: Al for Development Series, 5G Challenges and Opportunities)
- ✓ Cutting-edge data, research and publications for evidence-based decision making, including:
 - Global ICT Regulatory Outlook Report, tracking market, regulatory and policy trends in the ICT sector and their implications across the sectors and the economy
 - ICT Regulatory Tracker a unique tool covering 185+ countries for the period 2007-2016, showcasing regulatory progress within the same country, amongst regions and worldwide
 - Various Thematic Reports and Portals focusing on the evolution of and role of ICTs on digital transformation including on Collaborative Regulatory Frameworks, Affordable Access to Digital Services, the ITU International Mobile Roaming Portal, Digital Ecosystem Portal, Quality of Service Portal, etc.
 - ICT Regulation Toolkit, offering an online resource designed to address complex policy and regulatory challenges
 - ICTeye, a unique one-stop shop for telecommunications/ICT regulatory data collection and dissemination resulting from the annual Telecommunication/ICT Regulatory Survey and the Tariff Policies Survey









Infrastructure Development and Sharing – ITU Portal





BROADBAND MAPS

The Broadband Maps are a cutting-edge ICT-data mapping platform to take stock of national backbone connectivity (optical fibres, microwave links and satellite earth stations) as well as of other key metrics of the ICT sector.

Access to the Broadband Maps

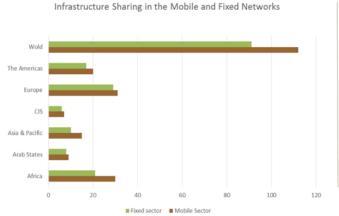


All About Infrastructure Sharing 2018



Is infrastructure sharing practiced in your country?

Infrastructure sharing is more and more applied in all regions for both mobile and fixed networks. The ITU Survey shows that infrastructure sharing occurs more in the mobile (126 out of 140 countries applying) than the fixed sector (91 out of 112 countries applying).

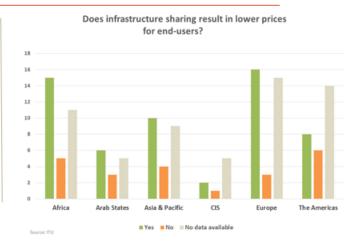


It is interesting to note that in mobile networks, infrastructure sharing is mostly based on commercial agreements rather than on a specific regulatory mandate.

Does infrastructure sharing result in lower ICT service prices for end-users?

In most countries, infrastructure sharing could result in lower prices for end-users, as shown in green in the graph.

However, several countries in all regions reported that data is not available or that NRAs do not monitor prices.



Data from the ITU Tariff Policies

ITU International Mobile Roaming (IMR) Portal

This portal is part of the activities of Mr Brahima Sanou, BDT Director's Initiative

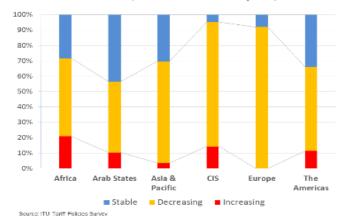
LET'S ROAM THE WORLD

ALL ABOUT IMR 2018



This brochure presents a quantitative analysis of data collected by ITU on International Mobile Roaming (IMR) regulatory and policies strategies, as well as a brief introduction to the future of IMR in particular on roaming for Internet of Things (IoT) and Machine-to-Machine (M2M) communications.

IMR VOICE, SMS & DATA Retail price, 2017



The trend for IMR voice and data retail prices, over the past three years, seems to be decreasing in all regions (yellow), as reported by NRAs. However, in Africa, 6 countries out of 28 have reported that IMR voice prices are still increasing. In Europe, 29 out of 32 countries reported that IMR prices decreased considerably, following the European Union (EU) IMR Directives.

IMR STRATEGIC GUIDELINES



The IMR Strategic Guidelines were developed with inputs from stakeholders during the ITU Consultation Process (held during 2016 and 2017), including from regional regulatory associations (RAs), international organizations, consumer and private sector associations. The aim of this report is to build the foundation for harmonized guidelines around the world to improve the delivery of IMR services for the benefit of consumers, to reduce what are generally perceived as high mobile roaming retail prices, and to enhance efficiency and transparency of retail roaming prices and services.



"I am sure that these IMR Strategic Guidelines will become an important tool that enables all stakeholders to have a common understanding of the complexities of IMR to foster harmonized solutions at national regional and international level. We all need to continue working together to make ICTs even more affordable for all, including when roaming the world."

LET'S ROAM THE WORLD – Portal de recursos de la itinerancia móvil internacional (IMR) de la UIT

#ICT4SDG

Mr Brahima Sanou, Director, ITU Telecommunication Development Bureau (BDT)



Download the ITU IMR Strategic Guidelines

IMR Portal:

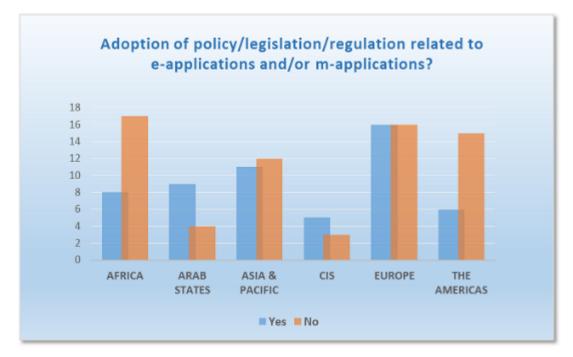
Note: Regional aggregates value

- ✓ ITU International Mobile Roaming (IMR) Strategic Guidelines 2017 NEW!
- ✓ Data collection and analysis on roaming Research and material
- ✓ ITU Study Groups material ITU-T International Mobile Roaming (IMR) Cost Analysis Tool and the ITU-T Guide for NRAs on International Mobile Roaming Cost analysis ITU Recommendations
- ✓ International initiatives from Regulatory Associations, regulators and operators, and much more...

ITU Digital Ecosystem Portal

ADOPTION OF SPECIFIC REGULATION

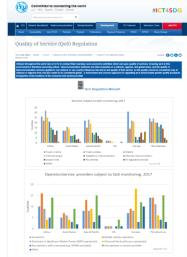
55 over 122 countries reported in 2016 the adoption of policies, regulation/legislation related to e-applications and m-applications and their relationship with and across other sectors of the economy.



Source: ITU Regulatory Survey 2016, ICTEye



ITU Quality of Service(QoS) Regulation Portal



QOS MANUAL

The QoS Regulation Manual serves as a one-stop shop for QoS regulation in ICTs. It refers to different standards and regulatory practices from various regions and countries worldwide.

It is intended to be used as a guiding tool for telecommunication/ICT regulatory agencies or ICT Administration (e.g., ICT Ministry) in charge of Quality of service (QoS) and Quality of Experience (QoE) parameters and measurements, as defined by the ITU-T, as well as enforcement mechanisms.







CONTENT



- 2. Quality of Service (QoS) framework (technical)
- 3. QoS Regulatory Framework Role of NRAs
- 4. Traffic Management
- QoS Parameters and KPIs
- 6. Broadband QoS measurements
- 7. Economic principles of QoS regulation
- 8. Network neutrality and its regulation
- 9. Consumer Protection and Privacy
- QoS enforcement
- 11. Conclusion and guidelines

EVENTS AND TRAINING

Training:

ITU Academy: Quality of service training programme



RESOURCES

- SADC QoS country experiences (2017)
- WATRA QoS country experiences (2017)
- BEREC guidelines, NN regulatory assessment methodology (2017)
- ITU-T Study Group 12 on Performance, QoS and QoE (Work Programme) **Technical Recommendations**

Regulatory and Market Environment

YOU ARE HERE HOME > ITU-D > REGULATORY & MARKET ENVIRONMENT









Głóbalriczinegilatowyrld Outlook 2017

Roaming (IMR) and the ITU IMR Resources Portal A new landmark publication of ITU released!











GSR

Since its launch in 2000, the annual Global Symposium for Regulators (GSR) provides a unique venue for regulators and policy-makers from both developed and developing countries to meet and exchange views and experiences. The meeting fosters an open dialogue between regulators and industry.

- GSR18: New Regulatory Frontiers 9-12 July 2018, Geneva, Switzerland
- · GSR17: Living in a World of Digital Opportunities 11-14 July 2017, Nassau, Bahamas
- GSRs Best Practice Guidelines and documents

PUBLICATIONS & STUDIES

We produce a number of flagship reports including Trends in Telecommunication Reform focusing on best practice regulation to enable ubiquitous broadband markets to thrive. Various thematic studies provide valuable viewpoints and strategies on multiple issues that affect regulation and economics in a converged broadband

- · Trends in Telecommunication Reform Series
- · ITU Thematic Reports Series
- · Publications on Economics & Finance
- . EUIPO-ITU Report: The economic cost of IPR Infringement in the Smartphones Sector
- Global ICT Regulatory Outlook 2017 NEW!

- · Other publications

SURVEYS

In order to build an extensive knowledge base, inform analysis, and facilitate decision making, we conduct annual surveys on the most pressing issues in the area of ICT policy, regulation and finance.

- · ITU Telecommunication/ICT Regulatory Survey
- . ITU Tariff Policies Survey

Quick links

The main purpose of our work is to provide the tools for an effective policy, legal and regulatory environment for the ICT sector.

- · We convene global and regional forums to discuss global trends in regulation for Sector Members and other national and international stakeholders, through organizing the Global Symposium for Regulators (GSR) as well as strategic dialogues on topical policy, legal, regulatory, as well as on economic and financial issues and market developments.
- · We provide data, research and analysis and tools to support our members in defining. elaborating, implementing and reviewing transparent, coherent and forward-looking strategies, policy, legal and regulatory frameworks as well as in moving towards evidence-based decision-making.
- · We provide knowledge exchange tools and platforms to enable inclusive dialogue and enhanced cooperation to help countries achieve a more inclusive information society and to raise national and regional awareness about the importance of an enabling environment.
- · We provide direct assistance to countries and regions on an enabling environment for smart connected societies.

HIGHLIGHTS **ICTEYE**

Links

 ITU Regional Economic Dialogue of Telecommunications/ICTs

Mexico DF. Mexico 4-6 September 2018

 ITU Capacity Building Programme on Quadplay: Costing and Pricing of Infrastructure Access for Arab Region

Rabat, Morocco 9-12 July 2018

ONLINE TOOLS

We have designed and are constantly enhancing a series of resource and collaborative platforms for regulators, policy makers and the broader audience.

- ICT Regulatory Tracker NEW!
- · Digital Ecosystem portal
- QoS Regulation portal
- · International Mobile Roaming Resources
- · ICT Regulation Toolkit
- ICT Eye
- · ITU ICT Regulatory Decisions Clearinghouse, ICTdec
- · G-REX, the Regulators' Exchange

ITU Projects in Figures

OVERALL PROJECT FIGURES

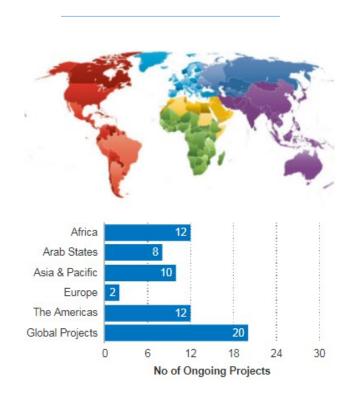
64 ongoing projects as of today

\$59 million total budget

239 projects since 2007

150 beneficiary countries

ITU PROJECTS AROUND THE WORLD



NEW PROJECTS SIGNED IN 2017 & 2018

23 new projects signed in 2017

More than \$10 million increase in total budget in 2017

11 new projects signed in 2018 as of today

Projects in the Americas Region

- More than 40 projects implemented during the last 10 years
- At present 12 projects are being implemented, such as:
 - ✓ Pilot project Electronic Waste Plant with the National University of La Plata, Argentina
 - ✓ Pilot project for the use of ICTs for emergencies and disasters in the Americas -7 countries
 - ✓ Monitoring of the Radioelectric Spectrum in Cuba
 - ✓ Institutional support to the National Telecommunications Commission (CONATEL) for the development of Bottom Up cost models, based on an Efficient Operator for the telecommunications market of Paraguay
 - ✓ Reform of the General Telecommunication Law of the Dominican Republic (INDOTEL)
- About to sign a new project for the use of ICT for emergencies and disasters in the Caribbean





Project Implementation Assessment Reports









The ITU-D Events application



www.itu.int/en/ITU-D/Conferences/TDAG/PublishingImages/ITU-D Events/ITUD Events poster.png

- ✓ All relevant information and documents related to the major upcoming events of the Development Sector of ITU in mobile-friendly format
- ✓ Browsing and searching through list of participants and contacting them without sharing email addresses
- Access to ITU's official social media accounts including integrated photos, videos and Tweets
- ✓ All ITU-D Publications, of which most are available for direct free download
- ✓ The UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)



Thank you!

International Telecommunication Union

Committed to connecting the world