

Initiatives to Foster 5G Deployment

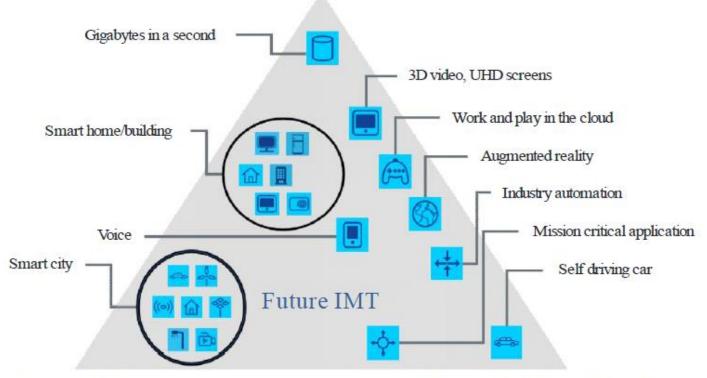
Prof. Konstantinos Masselos

President - Hellenic Telecommunications & Post Commission

ITU Forum "Towards 5G Enabled Gigabit Society" Athens, 11-12 October 2018

5G

Enhanced mobile broadband



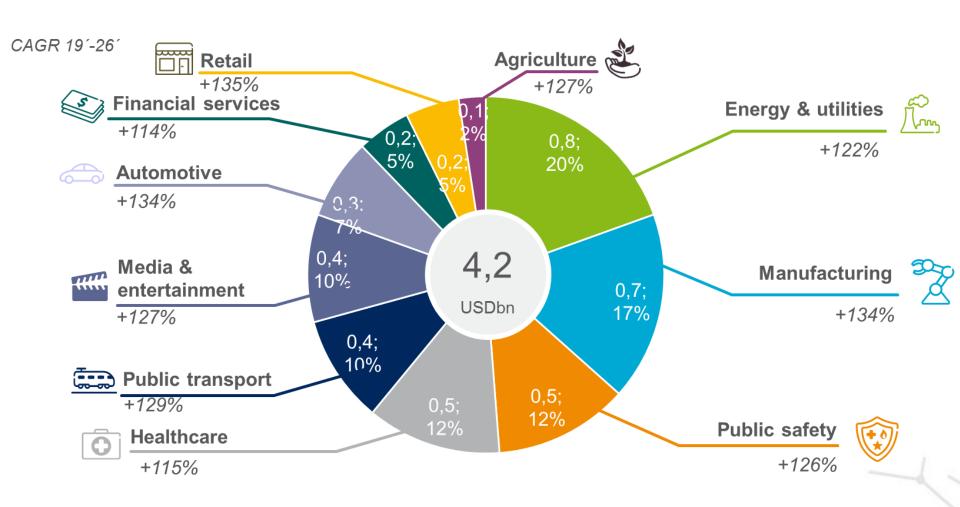
Massive machine type communications

Ultra-reliable and low latency communications

Source: Rec. ITU-R M.2083-0, IMT Vision – Framework and overall objectives of the future development of IMT for 2020 and beyond, 09/2015



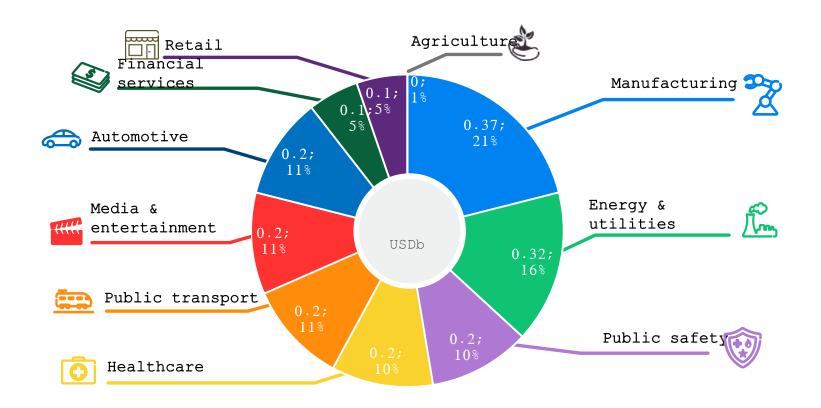
5G Enabled Revenues from Industry Digitalization in Greece Year 2026



Source: Arthur D. Little & Ericsson



Greek Operators 5G Business Potential 2026



Source: Ericsson and Arthur D Little Industry digitalization revenue model

Note: 5G operator addressable revenues as Service Creator operator role



EETT Targeting 2018

"Launch initiatives for the rapid introduction and deployment of fifth-generation networks, develop a relevant regulatory framework and contribute to the relevant national strategy"

"Emphasizing EETT's critical role in the national ecosystem of innovation in the field of information and telecommunications technologies and its participation in the digital transformation of the country"



Trials Objectives

Accelerate the deployment of 5G networks

 Ensure that Greece can take early advantage of the applications 5G networks can enable

 Maximize the productivity and efficiency benefits to Greece from 5G

 Create new opportunities for Greek businesses and encourage investment



Frequency Use Rights for 5G Trials

- EETT grants frequency use rights for trials to:
 - network providers to assess the performance of networks they intend to deploy, and
 - manufacturers of radio equipment to assess the performance of their equipment
- Public consultation for trials in the pioneer bands 3.4-3.8 GHz and 24.25-27.5 GHz:
 - → Allocation of spectrum at a municipality level which will facilitate the rapid deployment of the trial networks
 - → Increased validity period of one year
 - → Reduced spectrum fees (115 euros per month and per municipality)



Spectrum Assignment for 5G

2018-2022

Frequency Bands used for 2G/3G/4G

- 800 MHz (4G)
- 900 MHz (2G/3G)
- 1800 MHz (2G/4G)
- 2100 MHz (3G)
- 2600 MHz (4G)

Frequency Bands under preparation for 5G use (priority)

- 3400-3800 MHz
- 1427-1517 MHz

Frequency Bands under preparation for 5G use

- 700 MHz
- 24.25-27.5 GHz

Rights of use that expire soon

• 2100 MHz (3G/5G)

Frequency Bands for further study and consideration

- 2300-2400 MHz
- mm-wave Bands according to the results of the WRC19 (A.I 1.13)
- Discussions with stakeholders to understand their requirements (2018)
- Suggestion about 1500 MHz consultation process (2018)
- Work on 5G spectrum assignment plan (in progress)



European Electronic Communications Code

 Aim: by 2025 uninterrupted coverage for all urban areas and all major terrestrial transport paths

- Minimum license duration: 15+5 years
- 5G spectrum to be available by end-2020 (3.4-3.8 GHz and 26 GHz)
- Easier rollout of small-cell wireless access points
- Co-investment issues





Thank you for your attention!



About EETT



Established in 1992

EETT regulates, supervises and monitors, as well as acts as a competition authority for the following markets:

Electronic Communications Market

Fixed & mobile telephony

Wireless communications

Internet

Radio & telecommunications terminal equipment

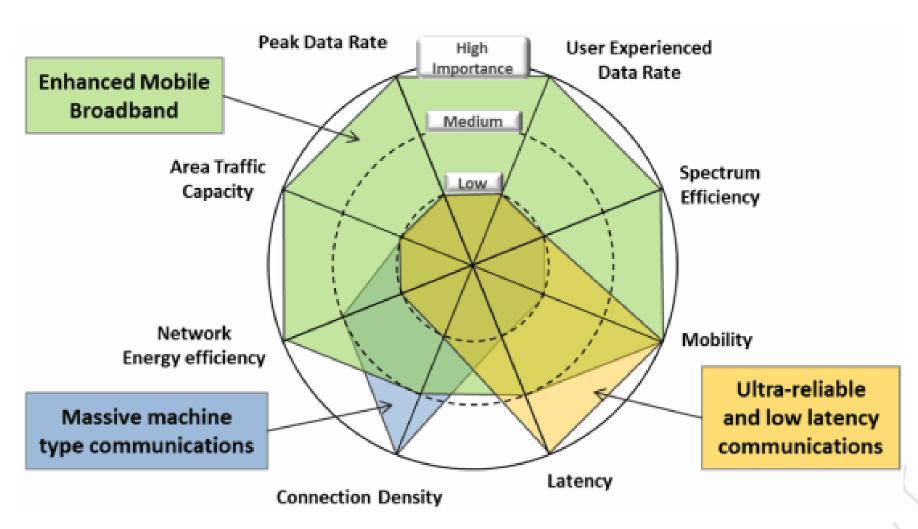
Postal services market

Postal services

Courier services



5G Capabilities



Source: Dr. Heung-Ryeol You, Key Parameters for 5G Mobile Communications ITU-R WP 5D Standardization Status, 2015



5G Capabilities

Peak data rate

→ Maximum achievable data rate under ideal conditions per user/device (in Gbit/s)

User experienced data rate

→ Achievable data rate that is available ubiquitously across the coverage area to a mobile user/device (in Mbit/s or Gbit/s).

Latency

→ The contribution by the radio network to the time from when the source sends a packet to when the destination receives it (in ms).

Mobility

→ Maximum speed at which a defined QoS and seamless transfer between radio nodes which may belong to different layers and/or radio access technologies can be achieved (in km/h).

Connection density

→ Total number of connected and/or accessible devices per unit area (per km²).

Source: Rec. ITU-R M.2083-0, IMT Vision – Framework and overall objectives of the future development of IMT for 2020 and beyond, 09/2015



5G Capabilities

Energy efficiency

- → on the network side: the quantity of information bits transmitted to/ received from users, per unit of energy consumption of the radio access network (RAN) (in bit/Joule);
- → on the device side: the quantity of information bits per unit of energy consumption of the communication module (in bit/Joule).

Spectrum efficiency

→ Average data throughput per unit of spectrum resource and per cell (bit/s/Hz).

Area traffic capacity

→ Total traffic throughput served per geographic area (in Mbps/m²).



5G Regulatory Challenges

- Access and spectrum availability
 - → Spectrum harmonization
 - → Trials
 - → Auction
- Small cells
- Verticals Regulation
- Net Neutrality
- Coverage
- Competition

