



## **Utilization of the Digital Dividend (DD)**

**Radiocommunication Bureau** International Telecommunication Union





#### Mobile Broadband (agenda items 1.1, 1.2 of WRC-15)



## Spectrum for mobile broadband



agenda items 1.1 and 1.2



- There is a need to satisfy rapidly growing traffic requirements for IMT (estimated IMT additional spectrum by 2020: from 159 to 1075 MHz depending on Region and user density)
- Bands considered: 470 MHz 6 425 MHz. Harmonized bands were highly desirable to facilitate global roaming and economies of scale
- As for 700 MHz band in R1, WRC-15 had to specify conditions for mobile service in 694-790 MHz already allocated by WRC-12

#### WRC-15 results

- Allocations to mobile service and/or identifications for IMT in: 470-694/698 MHz (Regions 2&3), 694 – 790 MHz (Region 1),1427-1518 MHz, 3300-3400 MHz, 3400-3700 MHz, 4800 – 4990 MHz
- Allocations are subject to various conditions, e.g. non-interference basis, pfd limits, 9.21 -> to secure protection of incumbent services
- Action "Identification for IMT" was for the first time associated with regulatory/technical conditions imposed on this application in MS





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## WRC-15 results for specific bands

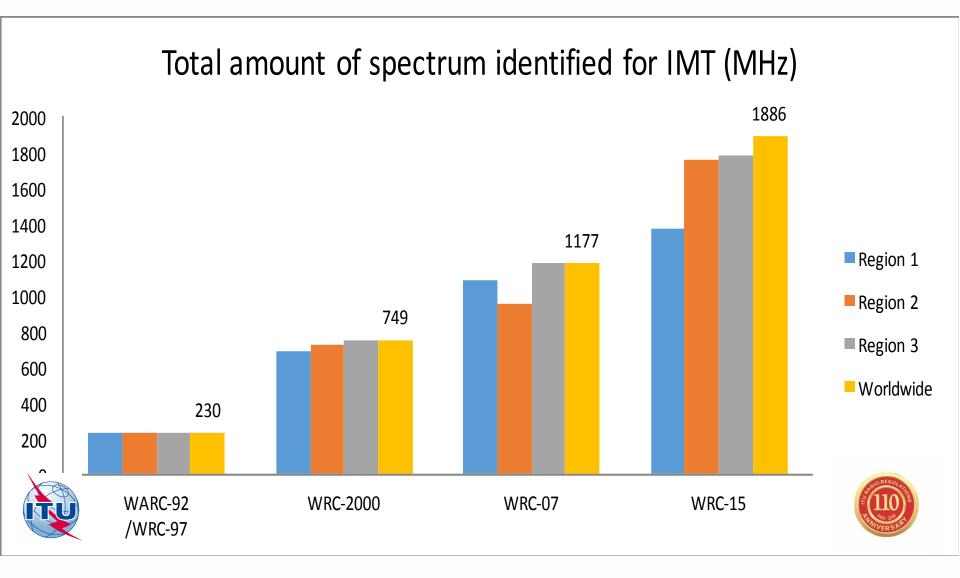


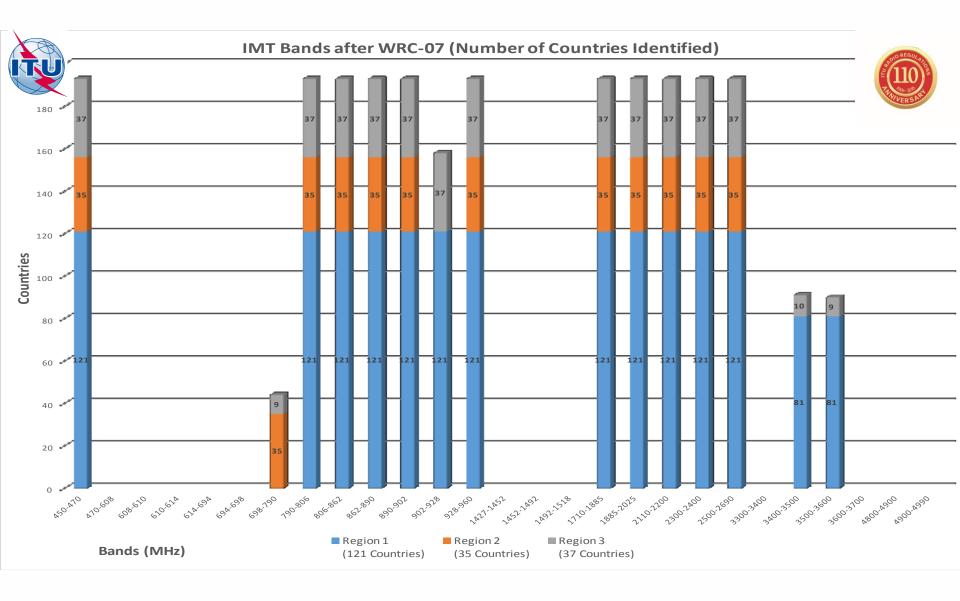
🥑 agenda items 1.1 and 1.2

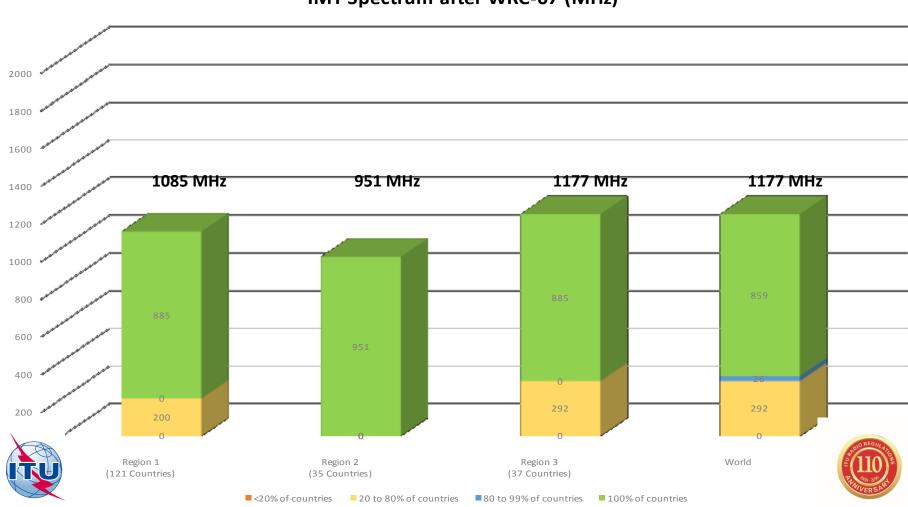
470–698 MHz: IMT identification of parts of this band for 14 Regions 2, 3 countries (9.21, non-interference basis).

## **For R1: consideration at WRC-23**

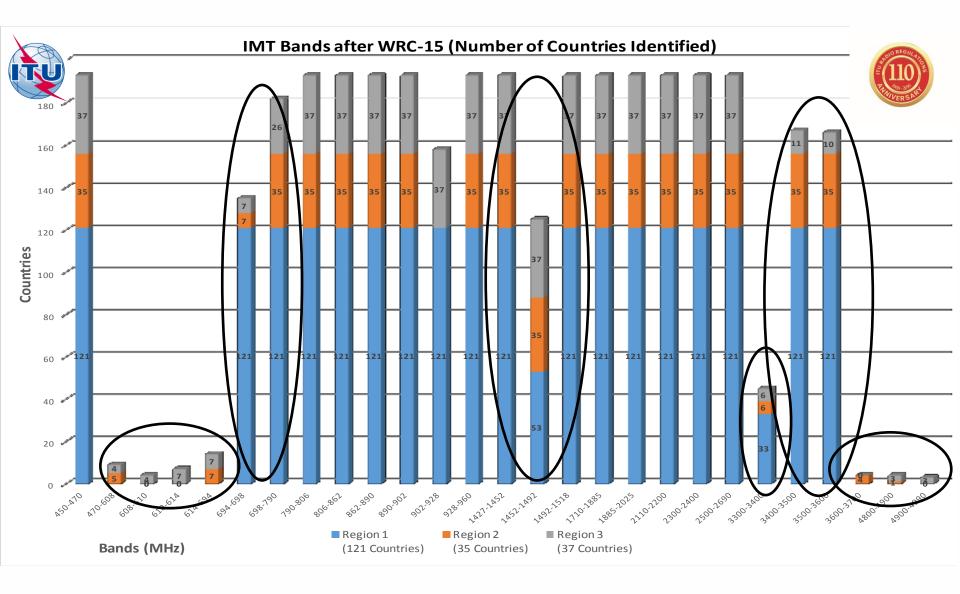
- 694 790 MHz in Region 1: allocation to MS and identification for IMT.
  - In force from 28.11.2015.
  - Provides harmonized worldwide allocation of this band. Ensures compatibility with broadcasting and ARNS (Res. 224, 760).
  - Accommodates applications ancillary to broadcasting in 470 694 MHz

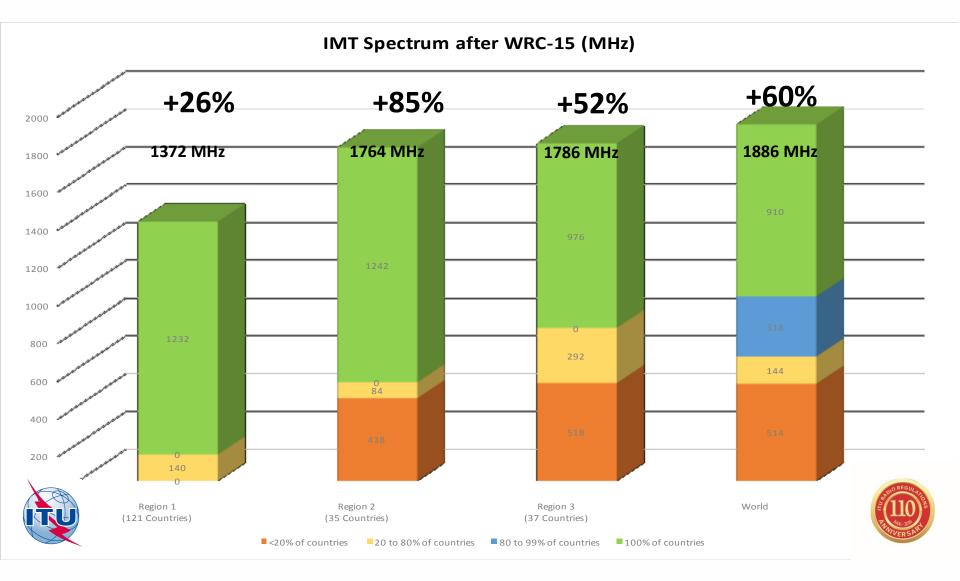


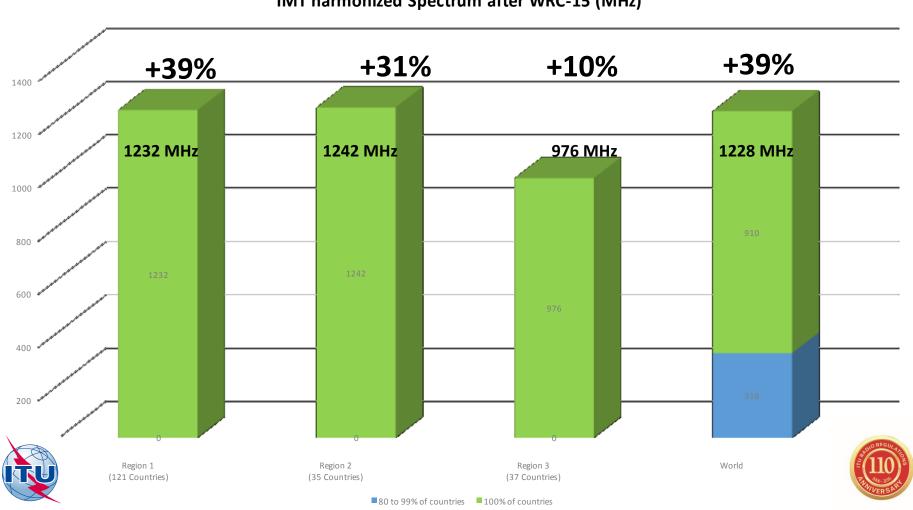




IMT Spectrum after WRC-07 (MHz)







IMT harmonized Spectrum after WRC-15 (MHz)

## Importance of WRC-15 decisions





#### Satisfy growing IMT broadband spectrum requirements:

- 60% increase in IMT bands after WRC-15
- total IMT spectrum of 1886 MHz

#### Provide harmonization of IMT bands:

- 39% increase in globally harmonized spectrum after WRC-15
  318 MHz of harmonized bands in more than 80% of countries:
- Secures future of other services through coordination procedures, technical restrictions, in some cases operation on a non-interference basis





## Mobile service assignments in the ITU

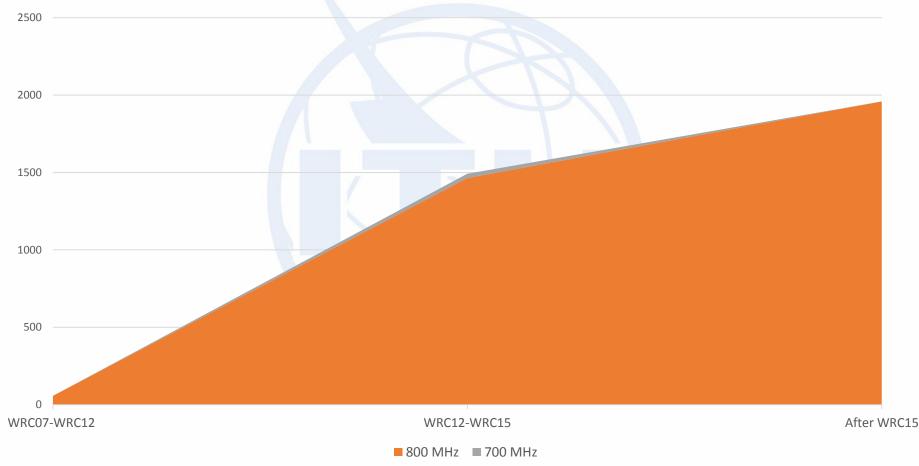
## database

GE06L and MIFR

## Mobile assignments in GE06L



Mobile assignments in GE06L

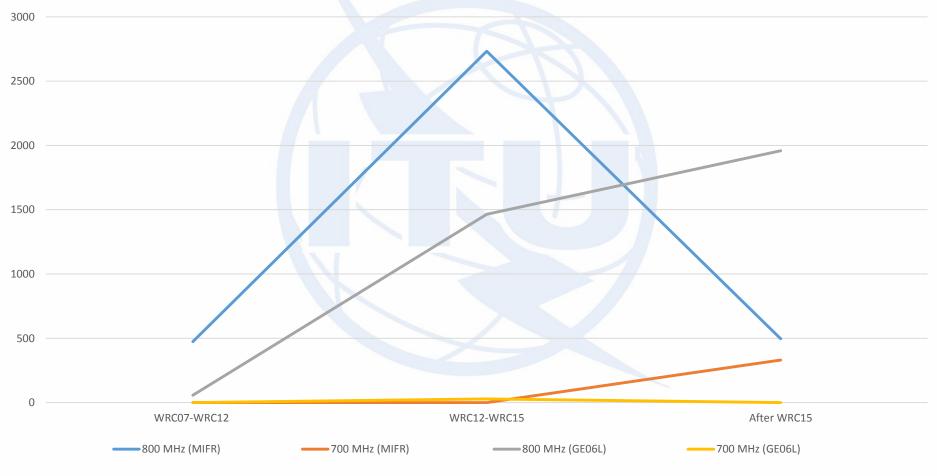


ARS AZE BEL CTI EGY F GEO IRN ISR JOR KAZ KGZ MRC POL PSE RUS TJK UAE UZB

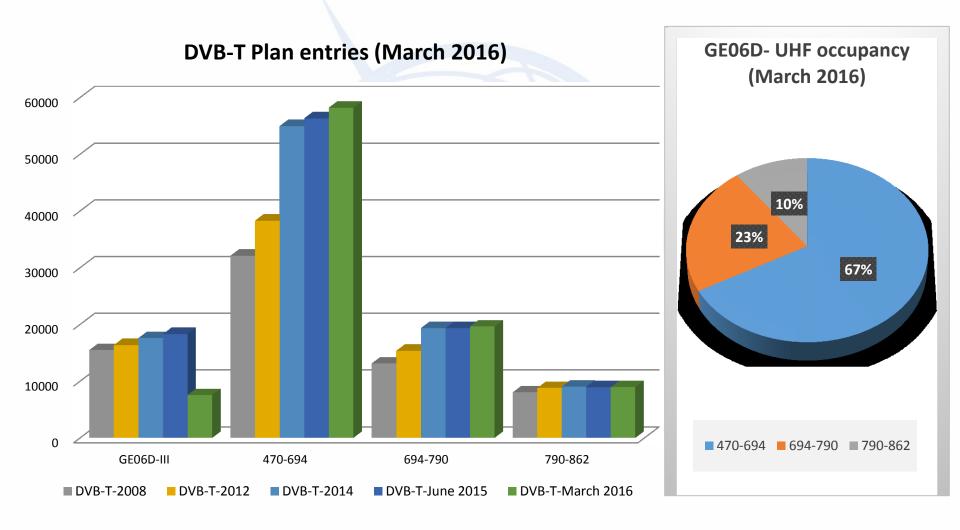
## Mobile assignments evolution

PROVIDER SAL

Mobile frequency assignments in ITU database









470-694

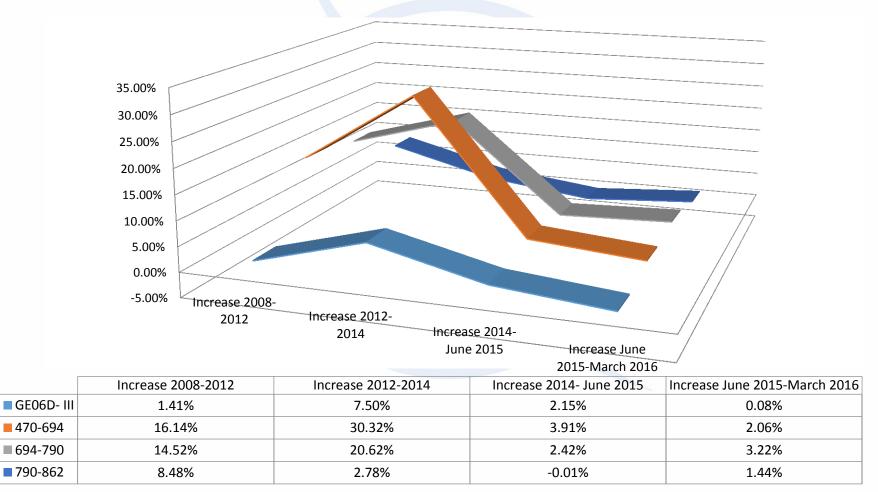
694-790

790-862











## **Notification of Mobile assignment**



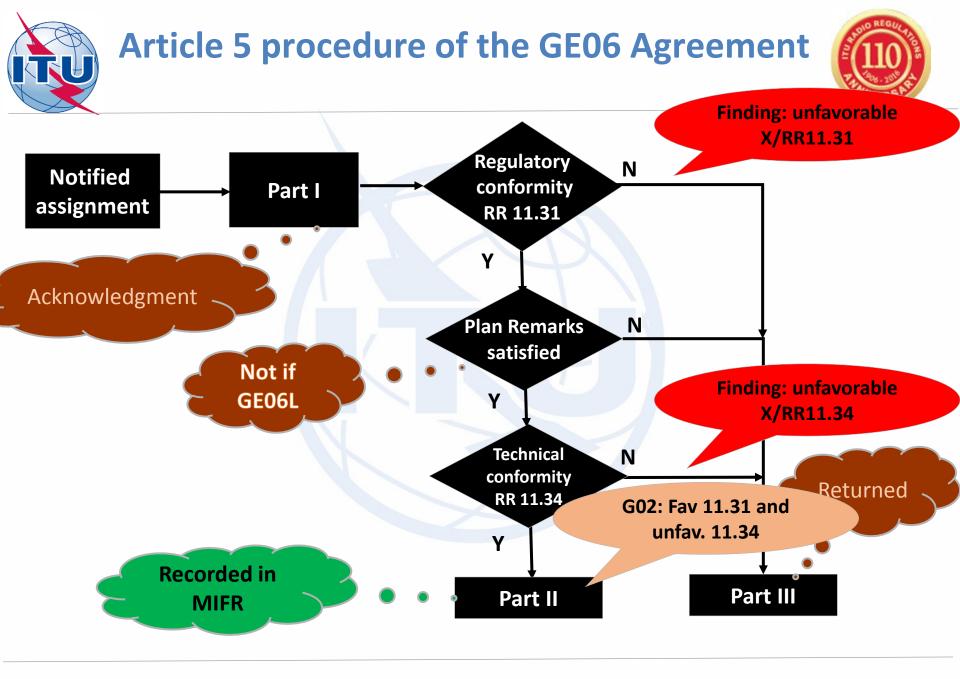
## **Two options:**

## The assignment is notified and has a target in the List:

- Is in conformity, then recorded in the MIFR
- Not in conformity:
  - Notice is returned by the BR
  - Adm. may apply the provision 5.1.7 and resubmit

Notify the Mobile assignment, pointing to a digital Plan entry in the GE06D Plan, i.e. provision 5.1.3 of the GE06 Agreement

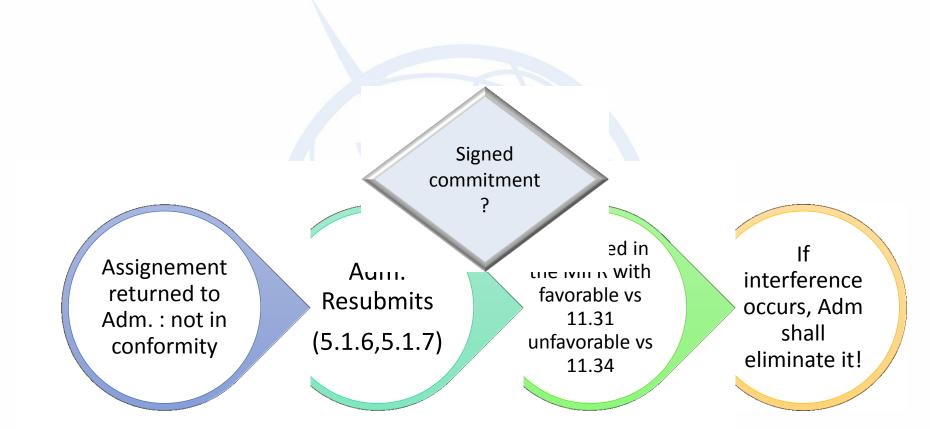
• This assignment shall not excess the interference envelope of the digital Plan entry.





### Procedure of notifying assignements not in conformity-GE06





No protection is provided. The assignment is recorded in the MIFR for information only.

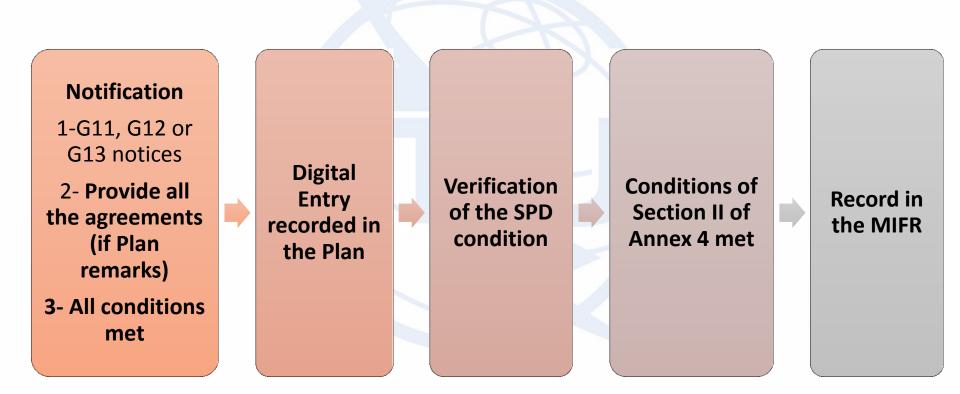




5.1.3: A digital entry in the Plan may also be notified with characteristics different from those appearing in the Plan, for transmissions in the broadcasting service or in other primary terrestrial services operating in conformity with the *Radio Regulations*, *provided* that the peak power density in any 4 kHz of the above-mentioned notified assignments shall not exceed the spectral power density in the same 4 kHz of the digital entry in the Plan. Such use shall not claim more protection than that afforded to the above-mentioned digital entry.











### Thank you

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