

Research on the Key Technology and Industry Development of Connected and Automated Vehicles

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Outline



1. The Concept of Connected and Automated Vehicles

- 2. The Key Technologies of Connected and Automated Vehicles
- 3. The Industry Development of Connected and Automated Vehicles
- 4. The Future View of Connected and Automated Vehicles

The Concept of Connected and Automated Vehicles

the traditional Palater

Connected and Automated Vehicles (CAVs) is a new Industry, which integrate the traditional maintees

of Automobile, ICT, Transportation and Traffic Management. Basing on the new generation of ICT technologies, which could realize the full V2X (Vehicle to Vehicle, Person, Infrastructure and Service Platform) connectivity and data interaction, so to construct a new Auto Society, and to improve traffic efficiency and users' driving experience

Related Items

CITS, Cooperative Intelligent Transportation System

Automatous Driving

Internet of Vehicles

ICV, Intelligent Connected Vehicles

Intelligent Traffic Management



Why we need the Connected and Automated Vehicles

Connected and Automated Vehicles becomes a highly integration and application of the IoT and smart vehicles, is an important field of the integration of informationization and industrialization

To promote industrial transformation and upgrading



Connected and Data

To accelerate the integration of new technologies

Accelerate IoT technologies evolution into a new stage of "Cross integration, integrated innovation and large scale development"

To solve the prominent social problems



traffic safety



Transpiration efficiency



Green development



Networking and intelligence of automobile becomes the global consensus







USA: Autonomous driving regulation, V2X NPRM, CCAT Lab; EU: H2020 Projects, CITS corridor, Autonomous driving regulation ; ETSI、 3GPP Standardization China: CAVs Technology roadmap, Industry Policies, National Projects

5G from mobile internet to IoT, Connected Vehicles is the key scenario

ITU IMT-2020 Vison





URLLC is the key technology for Vehicles, Industry and other related vertical industries



Information service: entertainment, navigation has become an indispensable part; new business models such as Sharing, insurance

Entertainment, navigation service based on 2G/3G/4G public mobile network













Mobile navigation and positioning technologies widely used, and the influence of Sharing economic, **emerging out of the generation of car sharing services, service scale hits 400 million users in China**



Sheer Driving Pleasure





based on information collection + cloud platform + big data analysis technologies, through the analysis of driver's behavior, **innovative services such as personalized experience, online car insurance have appeared**

Safety and efficiency service: V2X technology improve traffic safety



"high reliability and low delay "services like safety warning and traffic efficiency



Cooperative service: complete autonomous driving will completely liberate human hands and feet



In the future, new generation ICT technologies such as 5G, AI will support to build a V2X **based highly cooperative intelligent transportation system**. mobile travel services will be toward collaborative, intelligent, finally realizes the fully automatic driving.

The vehicle platooning

highly coordinated sensing and control



Advanced and fully autonomous driving



Remote controlled driving





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Technical Architecture for CAVs





V2X is the key technology of CAVs



Sensors (Single sensing) :

Limited distance, less reaction time, Inside view and crash warning nearby vehicles

V2X (Cooperative Sensing):

 hundred of meters, out of View, route plan and assist driving

The current stage of 802.11P technology International

USA、EU and Japan mainly support IEEE 802.11p DSRC technology, and the safety applications. From the industry vies, the chip are already developed, about 2017 to enter the market maturity period.

ANN Arbor and other demonstration areas to test the DSRC technologies
 using DSRC technologies to solve the crowd and other traffic problems
 GM 2017 Cadiliac CTS has the DSRC module

 EU C-ITS basing on ETSI ITS-G5 technology, the development of ITS and Intelligent Vehicle

France project Scoop @F C-ITS

Japan has the ITS Connect V2V and V2I system, a important part of C-ITS system

Toyota、Honda、Denso and others, DSRC products research and test





The application and enhancement of LTE-V2X technology

LTE-V2X technology 3GPP SA1 eV2X User Cases :



Safety :

Emergency Brake Lights	s activated	
	TEN	

LTE-V2X Applications :

FCW: Forward Collision Warning

	Overtaking Vehicle Warning
DNPW: Do N	Not Pass Warning



ICW: Intersection Collision Warning

Efficiency :



SLW: Speed Limit Warning



TLOSA: Traffic light optimal speed advisory

Use case	Illustration	Description	Payloads (Bytes)	Latency (ms)	Data rate (Mbps)	Range (meters)	Reliability (%)
Vehicles platooning		Vehicles dynamically form a platoon travelling together. Vehicles in the platoon obtain information from the leading vehicle to manage this platoon.	50 - 6500	10 – 25	0.012 - [65]	80 - 350	90 - 99.99
Advanced driving		Vehicle/RSU shares its own perception data obtained from its local sensors with vehicles in proximity and that allows vehicles to coordinate their trajectories.	300 - 12000	3 – 100	10 - 53 (including UL: 50 DL: 0.5)	[360] - [700]	90 - 99.999
Extended sensors		Exchange of data gathered through local sensors or live video images among vehicles, RSUs, Pedestrian and V2X server.	[1600]	3 - 100	10 - 1000	50 - 1000	90 - 99.999
Remote driving		Enables a remote driver or a V2X application to operate a remote vehicle.		5	UL: 25 DL: 1	-	[99.999]

General Science of Science of

5G-V2X, high level and more complexity applications



5G Stage, vehicle networking evolution to cooperative, final to support Full Automatous

Platooning



Information Sharing



Remote Driving



Video, sensing information exchange



China: Actively Participating in 3GPP Standard Formulation and Synchronizing China's Standards

Datang Telecom, Huawei, ZTE, and China Mobile actively promote the 3GPP standard research and formulation.

The standard-related organizations in China are also actively participating in the C-V2X standard research and formulation and will complete the standard formulation at the end of 2017, the same completion time as the 3GPP organization.

The commercial use of LTE-V2X standards is expected in the industry.





China: Progresses Achieved in V2X Technology Research and Development, Test, and Verification







Dimensions: 185 mm x 124 mm x 23 mm Weight: 1 kg (without antenna)

Dimensions: 212 mm x 204 mm x 53.5 mm Weight: 2.5 kg (without antenna)

Datang Telecom launches prototype devices of LTE-V2X wireless products.



CAICT and CYIT build lab environments for the V2X function, interconnectivity and interworking, as well as interoperability tests.



Spreadtrum Communications focuses on the prototyping and SoC design of LTE-V2X.



Chang'an Automobile, FAW, SAIC MOTOR, and some other automobile groups have designed V2X application scenarios covering various road conditions and working conditions.

China: Commercial Solutions Released Successively

Enterprise cross-industry cooperation provide LTE-V2X demonstration,

promote solution to the ground

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China mobile, saic and others in Shanghai



China unicom, with ford and faw V2P demonstration



The TMRI, faw in wuxi



Beijing nebula Link, test area and demonstration city V2X deployment



RIOH, huawei in Beijing

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CAVs will take new economic growth







LuxResearch, "Set Autopilot for Profits: Capitalizing on the \$87 Billion Self-Driving Car Opportunity", 2014

Gartner, the market scale of hardware of Connected and Automated Vehicles could achieve 48.6 billion US dollar

Trend1: Tradition automobile company using AI and ICT technologies actively



Daimler AG in CES2017 publish "CASE-Connected, Automated, Sharing, Electronic" strategy

Basing on AI and other related new generation ICT technologies, also with the development of ADAS evolution, the Automated Driving technology is develop from **Level 2 to Level 3**, and toward to the development of Level 4 automatous driving Toyota using new AI technology develop a car emotion engine





Trend2: ICT companies expand the layout of automobile field actively

Connectivity



Google, Android Auto, the ecosystme



Apple, Carplay more than 3000 users



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DATANG LTE-V2X car terminal



Automated Driving

UBER Automated driving cars research and test



CAICT

Lyft and NuTonomy, automated driving car sharing

Innovative Car company



Tesla



NEXTEV, high performance electromobile



UISEE

24

Trend3: Cross Industry cooperation



The cross industry cooperation between traditional automobile company and ICT company is more becoming more and more obvious, like BMW, Intel and Mobileye, Lyft and GM, BOSCH and NVIDIA

The same situation in China, **ICT company joint with automobile company to promote the development of CAVs**, like Baidu and Chery, Alibaba and SAIC, like changan and huawei



The integration of Industry Chain





"Sharing, Automated, Connected, Electric", to construct a new ecosystem

An interconnected network for information exchange among people, vehicles, roads, and cloud



Active safety warning application

Entertainment and transportation integrated information service



A data platform with information and things integrated



IoV platform V2X network V2X network Vehicle-securited Vehicle-sec

Traffic guidance and traffic control management

Production and manufacturing such as **personalized customization**



A new ecological system of services and business models



Self-driving applications such as vehicle queuing







Smart transportation system

The market potential of Chinese CAVs

Market Scale of Automobile

Until September 2016, the number of vehicles has reached 285 millions, and the number of cars is approximately 190 millions. The number is estimated to increase 5% in the next 5 years. In 2020, the sale of motor vehicles is expected to reach 30 million per year , and the number of cars will reach 260 millions.

User Scale of Mobile Internet

The number of internet users has breakthrough 650 million, and almost 90% of them are mobile internet users. 4G users has topped 200 million, smartphone users has topped 900 million. Chinese users showed a relatively high acceptance of connected vehicles and automatic drive technology.



7.0

6.0

5.0

4.0

3.0

2.0

1.0

0.0



6.63

6.49

The industrial foundation of Chinese CAVs

The traditional Automobile Company

FAW announced its ZHITU system. SAIC announced IGS autonomous vehicle. ChangAn outlined the development program of the intelligent car "654", and announced the autonomous vehicles. ChangAn autonomous vehicle

ICT enterprise and innovative car company

Huawei and Datang are actively promoting LTE-V2X standardization and R&D on wireless devices and chips prototype; Newly established automobile enterprises cut into the market with there connected vehicles such as NextEV.

BAIDU autonomous vehicle



Universities and Research institutions

Tsinghua University, Tongji University and other research institutions collaboratively promote R&D on Vehicle road coordination and Autonomous vehicle. National research institutions such as CAICT and RIOH can provide complete technical testing and evaluation environment for connected vehicles.





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Improving Integration and Innovation Environments

The collaborative development of intelligent and internet of **automobile** has become a global mediations consensus. As **new-generation information communications technologies**, **such as 5G**, are increasingly integrated into Internet of Things (IoT), cellular vehicle-to-everything (C-V2X) has become an important application scenario.

Strengthen Top-level Design Key technology Research on Trials and Key tasks research and standards and demonstration development spectrum Enhanced Enhanced international department Assurance measures coordination cooperation

Policy Environment: Strengthen Top-level Design and Issue Guidance

Ma Kai, the deputy prime minister, has officially approved to establish **CAV industry development inter-ministry coordination mechanism** under the **great country of manufacturing leadership team**, with the joint effects from 20 departments under the Ministry of Public Security, the Ministry of Transport, and the National Development and Reform Commission, in order to tackle the major challenges of CAV development.



- In May 2015, the state council officially launched *Made in China 2025*.
- To promote R&D and industrialization of intelligent transportation tools
- The technology roadmap for key fields has been worked out, and the following systems will be established : smart vehicle self-development innovative system, and smart vehicle industry chain and smart transportation system.

中华人民共和国中央人民政府 The Central People's Government of the People's Republic of China 国务院关于积极推进"互联网+"行动的指导意见 图发 (2015) 40章

In July 2015, the State Council officially issued *Guidance on Internet+ Action*

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- Internet+ based conevient Transportation helps promote intellectual technology applications, such as Internet of Vehicles (CAV).
- Internet+ based Artificial Intelligence helps quickly accelerate the development and application of intelligent-assisted driving, complex environment awareness, and vehicle-mounted smart devices.



- In June 2016, the China Ministry of Industry and Information Technology strengthened top-level design, assigned overall planning and key tasks for CAV, and launched *Promotion Plan on CAV Innovation and Development*.
- The CAV development has been promoted from the following six key tasks (involving 20 subtasks): key technology research and development, research on standard systems, establishment of platforms and experimental sites, infrastructure development, application and promotion, as well as network and information security protection.



- In April 2017, the China Ministry of Industry and Information Technology, together with NDRC and Ministry of Science and Technology (MOST), issued Medium-and Long-term Automobile Industry Development Plan.
- Green and smart automobiles are taken as breakthrough points to lead the industry transformation and upgrade. The smart automobile promotion project has been proposed, with specified goals at the DA, PA, and CA phases.

National CAV industry integration and innovation guidance and Guidelines for construction of CAV industry standard

Innovation Environment: Government-delivered Special Funds to Support Key Technology Research and Development



Key national science and technology projects support the research and development of key technologies regarding advanced sensors, vehicle-mounted operating systems, and V2X communications.

2016 Key National Science and Technology Project "Core Electronic Components, High-end Universal Chips, and Basic Software Products

Topic 1-1: Research & development and industrialization of CAV-oriented vehicle-mounted operating system platforms

Develop vehicle-mounted operating system platforms to make a breakthrough on key technologies, such as multi-core real-time scheduling

management, data security assurance, and vehicle-mounted application management, vehicle diagnostic services, and vehicle communications.

2016 Key National Science and Technology Project "New-generation Wireless Broadband Mobile Communications Network"

Topic 1-12: Research and demonstration on self-driving-oriented 5G key technologies

Do research on auto-pilot-induced 5G technical requirements, propose a self-driving-supported 5G system architecture and transmission technology solution, and assess performance simulation results. Develop a self-driving-supported 5G system and a high-precision 3D map and self-driving integrated application, and set up a demonstration platform.

Topic 2-10: Standardization of LTE-V wireless transmission technologies, and research & development and verification of sample devices

Complete the research on LTE-V wireless transmission technologies and the network architecture and protocol design, start system performance evaluation, and ensure the compliance with 3GPP standards. Develop LTE-V sample devices and build the test and verification platform to complete technical verification.

Experimental Environment: Opening Test Frequency Bands and Speeding up Spectrum Planning, Research, and Experiment



Officially approving that IMT-2020 5.905 GHz to 5.925 GHz frequency bands (20 MHz bandwidth in total) are used for testing wireless communications applying the LTE-V2X direct communication technology

- Cities: Beijing, Shanghai, Chongqing, and Hangzhou (in Zhejiang province)
- Test on the performance of LTE-V2X vehicle-vehicle and vehicle-road communications
- Test on interoperations among different LTE-V2X equipment suppliers and automobile manufacturers

Japan









工业和信息化部关于同意 IMT-2020 (5G) 推进组开展车联网试验用频的批复

中华人民共和国工业和信息化部

工信部无函 [2016] 449 号

IMT-2020 (5G) 推进组:

试。

你单位《关于申请车联网试验频率的请示》收悉。考虑到国 家科技重大专项"LTE-V无线传输技术标准化及样机研发品 证"项目研发工作需要,经研究,同意你单位使用相关频段开展 LTE-V技术验证试验。具体批复如下: 一、使用频率: 5905-5925MHz 二、试验内容:

(一) LTE-V车一车、车一路通信性能验证。 (二) 不同 LTE-V 设备提供商间及汽车厂商间的互操作测 停止试验,并配合当地无线电管理机构做好干扰查 扰消除后,方可继续试验 基站应按照国家无线电管理有关规定,到试验所在 机构办理临时设置无线电台手续,领取无线电台打

到期后, 需向我部 (无线电管理局) 报告试验情

三、试验地点及规模: 地点为北京市、上海市、重庆市、浙江省杭州市。每个试验 城市的 LTE-V 基站总数不超过 15个。 四、试验期限:自本文批复之日起至2017年12月31日。 五、试验期间,试验系统若对现有其他合法无线电应用造成



抄送:科技部、交通运输部, 北京市无线电管理局、上海市无线中 管理局、重庆市经济和信息化委员会无线电管理局、浙江4 经济和信息化委员会无线电管理局,中国信息通信研究院 国家无线出导测中心: 都内:科技司、装备工业司、电子信息司、信息通信发展司

Europe



@5.9 GHz

Demonstration Environment: Holding the Principle "Try First, Come First", Completing Industrial Concentration and Application Promotion



CAICT 中国信息通信研究院

The "5+2" CAV demonstration pattern has taken initial shape.

Broadband mobile Internet-based smart automobile and smart transportation demonstration

The China Ministry of Industry and Information Technology, together with the Ministry of Public Security and Jiangsu provincial government, seeks cooperation on the establishment of **Wuxi** "National Smart <u>Transportation</u>

The China Ministry of Industry and Information Technology and the local governments jointly carry out demonstration projects in regions, such as **Zhejiang**, **Beijing-Hebei**, **Chongqing**, **Jilin**, **and Hubei**, which provide applications and test and verification environments for technical convergence and collaborative innover:









Intelligent manufacturing demonstration pilot project

The China Ministry of Industry and Information Technology officially approved the establishment of "National Smart Automobile Demonstration Project (**Shanghai**) in the Shanghai International Automobile City.

International Cooperation: Promoting Cooperation in Laws and Regulations, Standards, Technologies, and Applications



Carry out the contents in *China-German Smart Manufacturing and Production Internetization Cooperation DOU*. Initiate the project **China-German Cooperation on CAV and Smart Automobile Standards and Test and Verification**, driven by technologies and standards and focusing on project cooperation. Hold seminars under the framework of **China-US Joint Commission on Commerce and Trade (JCCT)**.



Official Approval of IMT2020 C-V2X Work Groups



On April 23, 2017, the IMT-2020 (5G) Promotion Group agreed to set up a C-V2X work group in the 12th meeting. The C-V2X work group will focus on technical research, conducting related experiments and verification, and promoting industries and applications for LTE-V2X. The C-V2X work group will also study the requirements for 5G V2X.



Challenges and Difficulties: Cross Industry



- Overall Planning and Coordination. Connected and Automated Vehicles involve several industries, automobile, ICT, transportation, traffic management. The coordination between different administrative departments should be strengthen, technical roadmap, national industry policy.
- Technology innovation and standardization. The technology innovation between different industries should be strengthen, like Networking, information fusion, High precision map and other related ICT integration technologies, carry forward the interface specification and standardization.
- Key laws and regulations. For demonstration, some of the laws and regulations need to be revised, example allow the driverless vehicles on the road test, promote V2X module installation. Countries, like USA and German, are walk in the front.
- Security and privacy. While the vehicle connected to the internet and the CAN opened, it could be attacked and remote controlled. Otherwise, basing on the connection, the data could be collected and shared privacy is another serious problem for drivers.



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