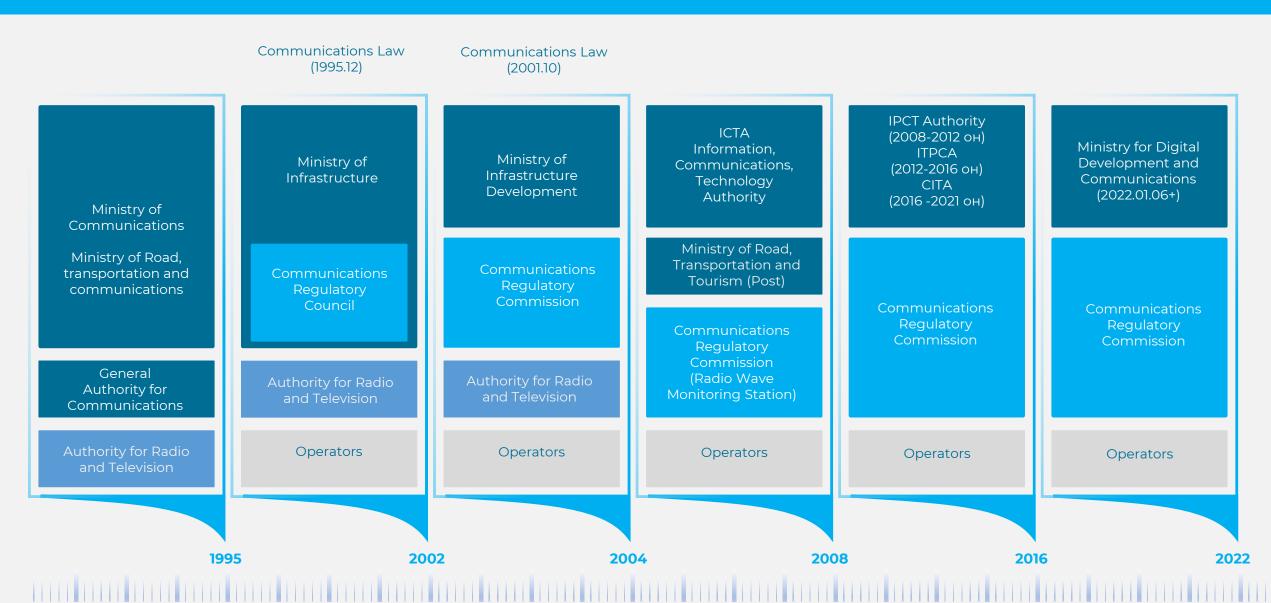




Dr. Chuluunbat TsendsurenHead of Internet Service and Network Division

BRIEF ABOUT INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS SECTOR OF MONGOLIA





COMMUNICATIONS REGULATORY COMMISSION OF MONGOLIA









WORLD TRADE ORGANIZATION



BLIGATION

To establish independent, regulatory organization



OBLIGATION

"Communications Law" /2001/



"Radio Wave Law" /1999/



"Postal Law" /2003 он/



"Licensing Law" /2022 он/



"Digital Signature Law" /2021/



"Broadcasting Law" /2019 он/

CRC functions to create efficient and fair competition in the communications market of all types of private enterprises and citizens, issuing special licenses as stated in law, making professional assessments and decisions.

CRC'S FUNCTIONS



- National development strategy and policy
- Public property management
- · Increase state revenue
- Efficient planning of resources

- Creating fair and competitive condition
- Protect interests of relevant stakeholders
- Ensure network compatibility
- Support technology innovations





STATE





Independent:

- · Transparent and open
- Non-discrimination
- · Financially independent

- New service, application
- Versatile and good quality
- Meet the demand and purchasing power

OTHER LAWS APPLICABLE TO CRC'S ACTIVITIES

Public procurement

Law

Consumer

protection Law



Public radio and TV

Law and other Laws

Transparency of Personal data Cyber security Law Election Law Child protection Law Child rights Law public information protection law Law Competition Law Media Freedom General Advertisement Law Intellectual Glass account Law Administrative Law Law property Law

State inspection

law

Infringement Law

Government

special fund Law

CRC`S STRATEGY 2025



POLICY OBJECTIVE | VISION 2050

The quality of life of Mongolians will be improved by developing the digital economy using the advancement of information technology.

MISSION:

Ensuring accessibility for consumers to high-quality and advanced communication products and services, improving the regulatory system for participants mutual efficient cooperation.

VISION: Supporting the digital transition, becoming a G5 regulatory organization with factual, flexible and collaborative regulation.

Developing an equitable and accessible communication network and infrastructure to meet growing needs.

OBJECTIVES:

Supporting competition and innovation in the communications sector, creating an environment for the development of digital services

Quality and accessible communication and broadcasting services will be delivered to every Mongolian.

FUNDAMENTAL PRINCIPLES: Respecting national interests and laws, adhering to independent, transparent, and autonomous principles and cultivating the following values:

Honesty, Integrity and ethics, Professional, Continuous learner, Accountability

CRC`S OBJECTIVES



OBJECTIVE 1.

EQUITABLE AND ACCESSIBLE COMMUNICATION NETWORK AND INFRASTRUCTURE

Developing an equitable and accessible communication network and infrastructure to meet growing needs.

- Create technical and technological capability that can ensure to enforce legislations (QoS and TV monitoring system)
- Coordinate and allocate of radio frequencies for 5G
- Be approved radio frequency bands for next generation mobile communications in Mongolia by WRC 23
- Increase internet access coverage and ensure open network and shared infrastructure

OBJECTIVE 2.

OPTIMAL CHOICE OF TECHNOLOGY, FAVORABLE MARKET ENVIRONMENT

Supporting competition and innovation in the communications sector, creating an environment for the development of digital services.

- Support the investment in 5G network (working with government to have tax discount on 5G network equipment)
- Introduce LEO satellite services in Mongolia and coordinating and allocating radio frequencies for LEO satellite
- Renew radio frequency utilization fee
- Commence to regulate information network including data centers, content delivery networks, IXP.
- Implement IPv6 transition in internet network

OBJECTIVE 3.

QUALITY SERVICE, SKILLED CUSTOMER

Quality and accessible communication and broadcasting services will be delivered to every Mongolian.

- Enhance cooperation between international platforms (Facebook, YouTube, Instagram)
- Increase stakeholder engagement in regulatory intervention and protecting public interest in the internet medium, especially ISPs
- Within this, organize public awareness activities such as organizing trainings involving relevant parties, publishing manuals and increasing participation of parents. educators
- Implement "National radio frequency monitoring system" and EMC&RF laboratory for type approval of communications equipment
- Obtaining support from state to develop local broadcasting contents – Broadcasting Development Fund

COMMUNICATIONS LICENSED SERVICES





193 thous. M2M subscriptions

3.1 mill. 4G/LTE subscriptions

3.6 mill. 3G subscriptions

4.0 mill. mobile broadband subscriptions

4.8 mill. Mobile- cellular telephone subscriptions



475 thous.

Fixed telephone subscriptions



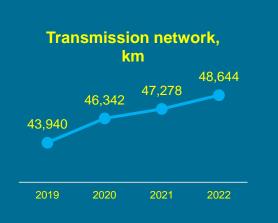
436 thous.

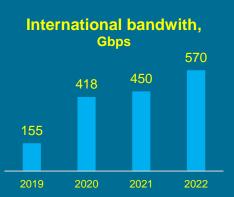
Fixed internet subscriptions

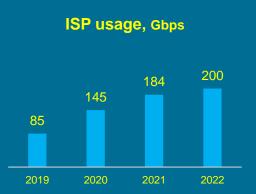


372 thous. IPTV subscriptions

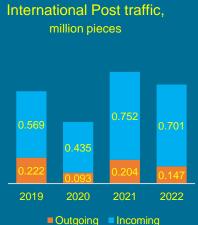
760 thous. Total television multichannel subscriptions (including IPTV)











APPROPRIATE USE OF THE INTERNET AND DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY



According to Section 8.2 of Article 8 of the Child Protection Law, the Communications Regulatory Commission and the National Police Agency function to regularly inform the public of the recommendations and guidelines for protecting children from games, news, information, advertisements, and online networks that may adversely affect children's development, health, upbringing and maturation and monitor their activities.



http://www.ekids.mn/

Removing, preventing and reporting online child sexual abuse images & videos

Tips and recommendations for students, parents and teachers

All types of social networks and their policies

Guidelines and handbooks for teens and parents (225 posters, 100 video contents, & 230 articles)

IWF Child Sexual Abuse Image and Video Reporting System: In 2021, a total of 96 requests were submitted.

APPROPRIATE USE OF THE INTERNET AND DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY



1. "black-list.mn" system

In case of publication of content that violates the Mongolian laws, according to the decision and conclusion of the competent authority, the website that violates the laws is blacklisted and technical measures are taken to restrict access from the territory of Mongolia through DNS system registration.

2. Facebook "Government Case Work Channel"

CRC and Facebook have agreed that it is necessary to work together to create a safe and ethical social network environment in Mongolia. To cooperate with the commission in limiting illegal content. As a result, the "Government-Case-Work-Channel" or green channel for direct communication, which is necessary for the quick resolution of complaints about any illegal content and the implementation of regulations, was officially established in Mongolia for the first time in October 2019.

3. "Youtube trusted partner"

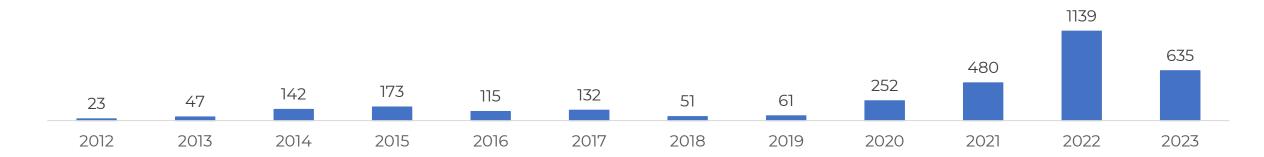
Starting from May 2021, in cooperation with the Youtube platform, CRC has begun reporting illegal contents using the "Trusted partner" mode.

4. "Internet Watch Foundation" Report system

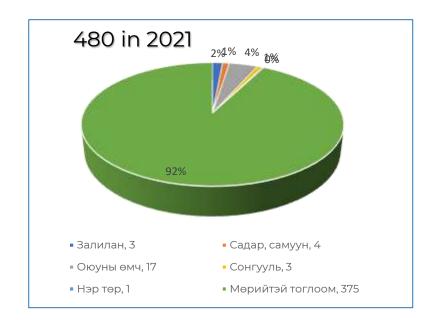
In cooperation with UNICEF, the Internet Watch Foundation (IWF) reporting system was introduced as an additional form of the ekids.mn site, providing the opportunity to report and limit the images and videos of sexual abuse of children by the IWF.

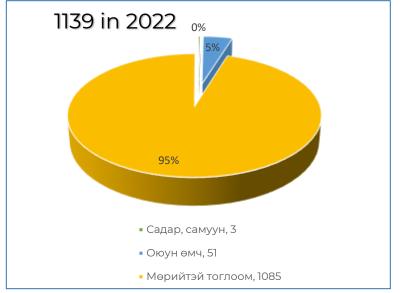


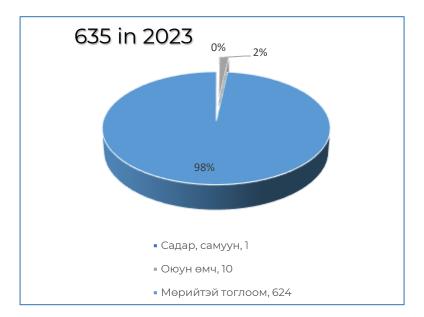
3250 websites were blacklisted between 2012 and 2023



Blacklisted websites by type:

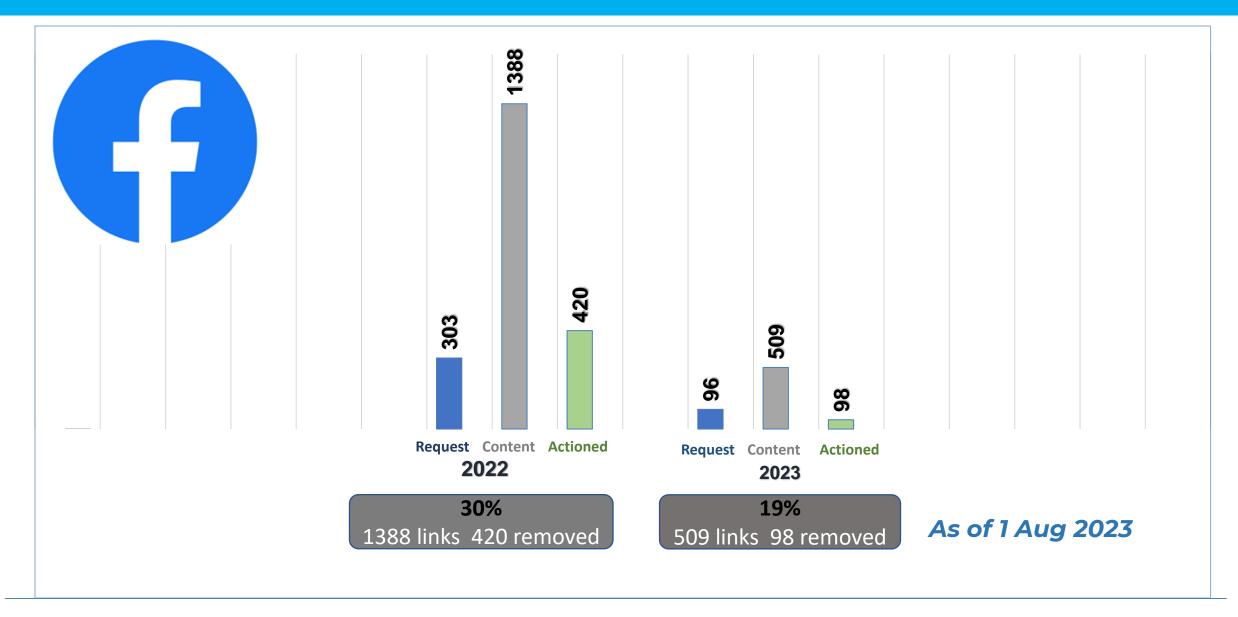






APPROPRIATE USE OF THE INTERNET AND DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY





INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION







ASIA-PACIFIC ECONOMIC COOPERATION



ASIA-PACIFIC TELECOMMUNITY



ASIA-PACIFIC POSTAL UNION





INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTE OF COMMUNICATIONS



INFOCOMM DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF SINGAPORE



NATIONAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION TAIWAN, CHINA



KOREA COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION



OFFICE OF THE COMMUNICATIONS AUTHORITY HONG KONG, CHINA



MALAYSIAN COMMUNICATIONS AND MULTIMEDIA



HATIONAL BROADCASTING AND TELECOMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

ХАРИЛЦАА ХОЛБООНЫ ЗОХИЦУУЛАХ ХОРОО





CULLEN INTERNATIONAL





ALPHABET INC.











KOREA COMMUNICATIONS STANDARDS COMMISSION



NATIONAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION TAIWAN, CHINA



THAILAND NATIONAL BROADCASTING AND TELECOMMUNICATIO NS COMMISSION

FUTURE COOPERATION BETWEEN LLDCs



- Establishing Regional Settings for Illegal Applications:
 - Creation of regional settings for the platforms that will prevent the download and use of illegal applications.
- Building Technical and Technological Capabilities:
 - To ensure compliance with local laws and regulations, LLDCs should collectively invest in building technical and technological capabilities.
- Increasing Participation of Relevant Stakeholders:
 - Collaboration with operators providing internet and mobile communication services is vital.
- Joint Training Seminars and Knowledge Sharing
 - We propose organizing joint training seminars and producing comprehensive guidelines that address the specific challenges and nuances of LLDCs.
- Cooperation in Providing Knowledge and Education to Users:
 - Collaboration with international platforms is essential to disseminate knowledge and education to users.
- Cross Border RF Interference Management
 - We should also collaborate on Cross Border RF Interference Management.



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

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